

## **Prereqs**

Install vagrant & virtualbox

```
# sudo apt-get install vagrant
```

```
# sudo apt-get install virtualbox
```

Create directories on your local machine

```
# mkdir learn_proj
```

```
# mkdir learn_proj/Vms
```

```
# mkdir learn_proj/control_repo
```

Spin vagrant environment

```
# cd learn_proj/Vms
```

Change IP address of the vm's from vagrant file

```
# vi Vagrantfile
```

```
# vagrant up
```

## **Assumptions**

Control machine:- Linux

ansible doc reference for ansible server(control server)

All the commands will be executing from the control machine.

Control machine ssh access, can use ssh key exchange.

Super user access on control machine.

## **Ansible installation**

Refer ansible doc

[http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/intro\\_installation.html#latest-releases-via-apt-ubuntu](http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/intro_installation.html#latest-releases-via-apt-ubuntu)

Verify installation

```
#ansible --help
```

```
# ansible-playbook --help
```

```
# ansible-galaxy --help
```

## **Inventory PT 1**

Static inventory

Can specify extra detail like non-standard ssh port

Inventory can use groups of host

can use variable information

```
# ansible --list-hosts all
```

```
# sudo vi /etc/ansible/hosts
```

delete all the hosts

```
# ansible --list-hosts all
```

## **Inventory PT 2**

Creating our own inventory file

```
# mkdir repo/ansible && cd repo/ansible
```

```
# vi dev (inventory)
```

```
# ansible -i dev --list-hosts all
```

Imran Teli

```
Set inventory path in ansible.cfg  
Benefit of tracking it in version control system  
# vi ansible.cfg  
  
# ansible --list-hosts all
```

### Host selection

Can use pattern syntax that allow you to select subset from the inventory.

```
# ansible --list-hosts all  
# ansible --list-hosts '*'  
# ansible --list-hosts loadbalancer  
# ansible --list-hosts webserver  
# ansible --list-hosts db01  
# ansible --list-hosts database:control  
# ansible --list-hosts webserver[0]  
# ansible --list-hosts \!control
```

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/intro\\_patterns.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/intro_patterns.html)

### Tasks

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/intro\\_getting\\_started.html#your-first-commands](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/intro_getting_started.html#your-first-commands)  
[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/ping\\_module.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/ping_module.html)  
[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/command\\_module.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/command_module.html)

```
# ansible -m ping all  
# ansible -m command -a "hostname" all  
Default module is command  
# ansible -a "hostname" all
```

All tasks are gonna have return status

Return exit code non zero  
# ansible -a "/bin/false" all

[http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/modules\\_by\\_category.html](http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/modules_by_category.html)

### Plays

```
# mkdir -p ansible/playbooks  
# vi hostname.yml  
---  
- hosts: all  
  tasks:  
  - command: hostname
```

Imran Teli

## Playbook Execution

```
# ansible-playbook hostname.yml
```

```
#vi hostname.yml
```

```
---
```

```
- hosts: all
```

```
  tasks:
```

```
    - name : get server info
```

```
      command: hostname
```

```
# ansible-playbook hostname.yml
```

Quiz

## Four pillar of linux application | Principles to setup app on linux

1. Packages: From repositories(apt or yum) or any other resources
2. Services: init.d or system.d or your own start script
3. System configurations: Files, directories, users, permission, fire wall rules etc
4. Config files for the app itself

## Playbook intro

[http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/modules\\_by\\_category.html](http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/modules_by_category.html)

### Packages

```
# vi loadbalancer.yml
```

```
---
```

```
- hosts: loadbalancer
```

```
become: true
```

```
  tasks:
```

```
    - name: Install nginx
```

```
      apt: name=nginx state=present update_cache=yes
```

```
# vi database.yml
```

```
---
```

```
- hosts: database
```

```
become: true
```

```
  tasks:
```

```
    - name: Install mysql-server
```

```
      apt: name=mysql-server state=present update_cache=yes
```

Execute loadbalancer playbook

```
# ansible-playbook loadbalancer.yml
```

Execute it again

```
# ansible-playbook loadbalancer.yml
```

Execute Database playbook

```
# ansible-playbook database.yml
```

Write webserver playbook, which covers loops and jinja

Imran Teli

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks\\_loops.html#standard-loops](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks_loops.html#standard-loops)  
<http://jinja.pocoo.org/>

```
# vi webserver.yml

---

- hosts: webserver
  become: true
  tasks:
    - name: Install apache2
      apt: name={{item}} state=present update_cache=yes
      with_items:
        - apache2
        - libapache2-mod-wsgi
        - python-pip
        - python-virtualenv
```

### Services modules

```
# vi loadbalancer.yml

+ - name: Ensure nginx started
+   service: name=nginx state=started enabled=yes
```

Test the nginx service

```
# wget -qO- http://lb01 | less
```

Easier to do with curl, so install curl on the control server with playbook

```
# vi control.yml

---

- hosts: control
  become: true
  tasks:
    - name: install tools
      apt: name={{item}} state=present update_cache=yes
      with_items:
        - curl
```

```
# ansible-playbook control.yml
# curl lb01
```

Add service module to webserver and database playbooks

```
# vi webserver.yml

+ - name: Ensure Apache started
+   service: name=apache2 state=started enabled=yes

# vi database.yml
```

Imran Teli

```
>>

- name: Ensure Mysql started
  service: name=mysql state=started enabled=yes

# ansible-playbook webserver.yml

# ansible-playbook database.yml
```

### Operational playbook | Support playbook | Stack Restart

We will need a playbook to manage services of the entire stack or manage cluster services.

```
# vi stackrestart.yml
```

```
---

# Bring stack down
- hosts: loadbalancer
  become: true
  tasks:
    - service: name=nginx state=stopped

- hosts: webserver
  become: true
  tasks:
    - service: name=apache2 state=stopped

# Restart mysql
- hosts: database
  become: true
  tasks:
    - service: name=mysql state=restarted

# Bring stack up
- hosts: webserver
  become: true
  tasks:
    - service: name=apache2 state=started

- hosts: loadbalancer
  become: true
  tasks:
    - service: name=nginx state=started
```

### apache2\_module, handlers, notify

We need to setup the apache receiving python application. Python app gonna use mod-wsgi to serve the request. Make sure mod-wsgi is enabled with apache\_module.

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/apache2\\_module.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/apache2_module.html)

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks\\_intro.html#handlers-running-operations-on-change](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks_intro.html#handlers-running-operations-on-change)

```
# ansible-playbook webserver.yml

+ - name: Ensure mod_wsgi enables
```

```
+ apache2_module: state=present name=wsgi
+ notify: Restart apache2
+ handlers:
+ - name: Restart apache2
+ service: name=apache2 state=restarted

# ansible-playbook webserver.yml
```

## Files: Copy

Copy the demo directory in the ansible directory which contains the python app written in flask.

```
# vi webserver.yml
```

```
>>
```

```
- name: copy demo app source
  copy: src=demo/app/ dest=/var/www/demo mode=0755
  notify: Restart apache

- name: copy apache virtual host config
  copy: src=demo/demo.conf dest=/etc/apache2/sites-available mode=0755
  notify: Restart apache
```

```
# ansible-playbook webserver.yml
```

```
# curl app01
```

Still shows the default apache site for python app working we need to configure PIP and Virtualenv

## Application Modules

```
# vi webserver.yml
```

```
>>
```

```
- name: setup python virtualenv
  pip: requirements=/var/www/demo/requirements.txt virtualenv=/var/www/demo/.venv
  notify: Restart apache2
```

```
# ansible-playbook webserver.yml
```

## Files:File | Activating python site and deactivating apache default site

```
# vi webserver.yml
```

```
>>
```

```
- name: de-activate default apache site
  file: path=/etc/apache2/sites-enabled/000-default.conf state=absent
  notify: Restart apache2

- name: activate demo apache site
  file: src=/etc/apache2/sites-available/demo.conf dest=/etc/apache2/sites-enabled/demo.conf
  state=link
  notify: Restart apache2
```

```
# ansible-playbook webserver.yml
# curl app01
# curl app02
# curl lb01, will show the default page from nginx, we need to configure it to point to the App
servers
```

### Templates | Configure lb01 to point to app01 & app02

```
# curl lb01
# mkdir templates
# vi templates/nginx.conf.j2
upstream demo {
    {% for server in groups.webserver %}
        server {{ server }};
    {% endfor %}
}

server {
    listen 80;

    location / {
        proxy_pass http://demo;
    }
}

# vi loadbalancer.yml
>>
- name: configure nginx site
  template: src=templates/nginx.conf.j2 dest=/etc/nginx/sites-available/demo mode=0644
  notify: restart nginx

- name: de-activate default nginx site
  file: path=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/default state=absent
  notify: restart nginx

- name: activate demo nginx site
  file: src=/etc/nginx/sites-available/demo dest=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/demo state=link
  notify: restart nginx

handlers:
- name: restart nginx
  service: name=nginx state=restarted

# ansible-playbook loadbalancer.yml
```

Test if its working.  
# curl lb01

Imran Teli

## Lineinfile | Make db server to listen to on all interface 0.0.0.0.

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/lineinfile\\_module.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/lineinfile_module.html)

Test the connection first

```
# curl app01/db
```

- Check demo.wsgi which has db connection info.
  - Check demo.py which establishes connection from app to db server
  - Login to db server and see mysql listening only on local interface
    - # netstat -an
    - Open /etc/mysql/my.cnf
- With ansible lineinfile module replace "bind-address 127.0.0.1" to bind-address to "bind-address 0.0.0.0"

Login to control server

```
# vi database.yml
```

>>

```
- name: ensure mysql listening on all ports
  lineinfile: dest=/etc/mysql/my.cnf regexp=/^bind-address
              line="bind-address = 0.0.0.0"

  notify: restart mysql

handlers:
  - name: restart mysql
    service: name=mysql state=restarted
```

```
# ansible-playbook database.yml
```

Verify

```
# curl app01
```

## Application Modules: mydql\_db, mysql\_user | Install python-mysqldb in app and db server; create demo db and demo user.

Install mysql module in apache server

```
# vi webserver.yml
```

```
- name: Install apache2
  apt: name={{item}} state=present update_cache=yes
  with_items:
    - apache2
    - libapache2-mod-wsgi
    - python-pip
    - python-virtualenv
  + - python-mysqldb
```

```
# ansible-playbook webserver.yml
```

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/mysql\\_db\\_module.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/mysql_db_module.html)

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/mysql\\_user\\_module.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/mysql_user_module.html)

Imran Teli

```
# vi database.yml

- hosts: database
  become: true
  tasks:
+   - name: install tools
+     apt: name={{item}} state=present update_cache=yes
+     with_items:
+       - python-mysqldb
+
- name: install mysql-server
  apt: name=mysql-server state=present update_cache=yes

lineinfile: dest=/etc/mysql/my.cnf regexp=^bind-address line="bind-address = 0.0.0.0"
notify: restart mysql

+   - name: create demo database
+     mysql_db: name=demo state=present
+
+   - name: create demo user
+     mysql_user: name=demo password=demo priv=demo.*:ALL host='%' state=present
+
handlers:
- name: restart mysql
  service: name=mysql state=restarted
```

Execute db playbook  
# ansible-playbook database.yml

Test the connection

```
# curl app01/db
# curl app02/db
# curl lb01/db
# curl lb01/db
# curl lb01/db
# curl lb01/db
```

**Support Playbook 2 – Stack Status: wait\_for | Playbook to check the current status of all the services in stack. Also modifying stackrestart playbook with wait\_for module.**

Create stack\_status.yml

```
# vi stack_status.yml
+---
+- hosts: loadbalancer
+ become: true
+ tasks:
+   - name: verify nginx service
+     command: service nginx status
```

Imran Teli

```
+  
+   - name: verify nginx is listening on 80  
+     wait_for: port=80 timeout=1  
+  
+- hosts: webserver  
+ become: true  
+ tasks:  
+   - name: verify apache2 service  
+     command: service apache2 status  
+  
+   - name: verify apache2 is listening on 80  
+     wait_for: port=80 timeout=1  
+  
+- hosts: database  
+ become: true  
+ tasks:  
+   - name: verify mysql service  
+     command: service mysql status  
+  
+   - name: verify mysql is listening on 3306  
+     wait_for: port=3306 timeout=1
```

```
# ansible-playbook stack_status.yml
```

```
Modify stackrestart.yml
```

```
# vi stackrestart.yml
```

```
become: true  
tasks:  
  - service: name=nginx state=stopped  
+  - wait_for: port=80 state=drained  
  
- hosts: webserver  
become: true  
tasks:  
  - service: name=apache2 state=stopped  
+  - wait_for: port=80 state=stopped
```

```
# Restart mysql  
- hosts: database  
become: true  
tasks:  
  - service: name=mysql state=restarted  
+  - wait_for: port=3306 state=started
```

```
# Bring stack up  
- hosts: webserver  
become: true  
tasks:  
  - service: name=apache2 state=started  
+  - wait_for: port=80
```

Imran Teli

```
- hosts: loadbalancer
become: true
tasks:
- service: name=nginx state=started
+ - wait_for: port=80
```

## Support Playbook 2 – Stack Status: uri,register,fail,when |

Install python-httplib2 package on loadbalancer(nginx) which is requirement to do the test. We will install python-httplib2 package on loadbalancer because we are going to do test from the loadbalancer to the app servers.

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/uri\\_module.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/uri_module.html)

```
# vi loadbalancer.yml
```

```
- hosts: loadbalancer
become: true
tasks:
+ - name: install tools
+   apt: name={{item}} state=present update_cache=yes
+   with_items:
+     - python-httplib2
+
- name: install nginx
  apt: name=nginx state=present update_cache=yes
```

We will be also doing test from control server so we will install python-httplib2 on control server also.

```
# vi control.yml
  apt: name={{item}} state=present update_cache=yes
  with_items:
    - curl
+   - python-httplib2
```

Edit content of stack\_status.yml to test the connection from control and loadbalancer(backend). Connection will be tested by checking the content returned by hitting <http://lb01>, <http://app01>, <http://app02>, <http://lb01/db>, <http://app01/db>, <http://app02/db>

```
# vi stack_status.yml
```

```
- name: verify mysql is listening on 3306
  wait_for: port=3306 timeout=1
+
```

Imran Teli

```
+ hosts: control
+ tasks:
+   - name: verify end-to-end index response
+     uri: url=http://{{item}} return_content=yes
+     with_items: groups.loadbalancer
+     register: lb_index
+
+   - fail: msg="index failed to return content"
+     when: "Hello, from sunny not in item.content"
+     with_items: "{{lb_index.results}}"
+
+   - name: verify end-to-end db response
+     uri: url=http://{{item}}/db return_content=yes
+     with_items: groups.loadbalancer
+     register: lb_db
+
+   - fail: msg="db failed to return content"
+     when: "Database Connected from' not in item.content"
+     with_items: "{{lb_db.results}}"
+
+ hosts: loadbalancer
+ tasks:
+   - name: verify backend index response
+     uri: url=http://{{item}} return_content=yes
+     with_items: groups.webserver
+     register: app_index
+
+   - fail: msg="index failed to return content"
+     when: "Hello, from sunny {{item.item}}! not in item.content"
+     with_items: "{{app_index.results}}"
+
+   - name: verify backend db response
+     uri: url=http://{{item}}/db return_content=yes
+     with_items: groups.webserver
+     register: app_db
+
+   - fail: msg="db failed to return content"
+     when: "Database Connected from {{item.item}}! not in item.content"
+     with_items: "{{app_db.results}}"

# ansible-playbook stack_status.yml
```

### **Roles:**

We have three tier in our app  
How much of code is reusable?

Benefits

Code reuse

Encapsulation: we don't keep everything in one place, will help with scaling our app config's

```
# mkdir repo/ansible-roles
# cp -r repo/ansible/* repo/ansible-roles/
```

Imran Teli

```
# cd repo/ansible-roles
```

Create skeleton of roles with ansible-galaxy

```
# ansible-galaxy init control
# ansible-galaxy init mysql
# ansible-galaxy init nginx
# ansible-galaxy init apache2
# ansible-galaxy init demo_app
```

Need to move content of all the playbooks to their respective roles

1. control.yml:

Move lists of tasks to control role's tasks/main.yml  
Replace tasks section from the playbook with roles content.  
Execute control.yml to test.

```
# ansible-playbook control.yml
```

```
---
- hosts: control
  become: true
  roles:
    - control
```

2. database.yml:

Move lists of tasks to mysql role's tasks/main.yml.  
Move mysql start task after my.cnf file change section.  
Move lists of handlers to mysql role's handlers/main.yml.  
Replace tasks & handlers section from the playbook with roles content.

```
---
- hosts: database
  become: true
  roles:
    - mysql
```

3. loadbalancer.yml

Move lists of tasks to nginx role's tasks/main.yml.  
Move lists of handlers to nginx role's handlers/main.yml.  
Move nginx.conf.j2 template to nginx role's templates directory  
Open tasks/main.yml of the nginx role, change templates src path  
from src=templates/nginx.conf.j2 to src=nginx.conf.j2  
Replace tasks & handlers section from the playbook with roles content.

```
---
- hosts: loadbalancer
  become: true
  roles:
    - nginx
```

Imran Teli

#### 4. webserver.yml

```
Move lists of apache tasks to apache role's tasks/main.yml.  
Move apache2 start task to the end of the.  
Move lists of apache handlers to apache role's handlers/main.yml.  
Move lists of app tasks to demo_app role's tasks/main.yml.  
Move lists of app handlers to demo_app role's handlers/main.yml.  
Copy demo app directory to demo_app role's files/
```

Replace tasks & handlers section from the playbook with roles content.

```
---  
- hosts: webserver  
become: true  
roles:  
- apache2  
- demo_app
```

#### Site.yml: include | include all the playbook into site.yml

Create site.yml at the same place where all the playbooks are located

```
# vi site.yml
```

```
---  
- include: control.yml  
- include: database.yml  
- include: webserver.yml  
- include: loadbalancer.yml
```

```
# ansible-playbook site.yml
```

#### Variables: facts | Will use fact variable to make mysql listen only on its own ip address and not on 0.0.0.0

Get the list of all the fact variable with setup module

```
# ansible -m setup database
```

Edit database role's tasks

```
# vi roles/mysql/tasks/main.yml
```

```
- name: ensure mysql listening on all ports  
- lineinfile: dest=/etc/mysql/my.cnf regexp='^bind-address' line="bind-address = 0.0.0.0"  
+ lineinfile: dest=/etc/mysql/my.cnf regexp='^bind-address'  
+     line="bind-address = {{ ansible_eth0.ipv4.address }}"  
    notify: restart mysql  
  
- name: ensure mysql started
```

```
Execute stack_status.yml  
# ansible-playbook stack_status.yml
```

```
Update stack_status.yml  
# vi playbooks/stack_status.yml
```

Imran Teli

```
- name: verify mysql is listening on 3306
- wait_for: port=3306 timeout=1
+ wait_for: host={{ ansible_eth1.ipv4.address }} port=3306 timeout=1
```

Update stack\_restart.yml  
# vi playbooks/stack\_restart.yml

```
become: true
tasks:
- service: name=mysql state=restarted
- - wait_for: port=3306 state=started
+ - wait_for: host={{ ansible_eth1.ipv4.address }} port=3306 state=started
```

### Variab les:defaults | Using variable in mysql\_db & mysql\_user module

Lowest priorities is for default vars, refer the doc.

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks\\_variables.html#variable-precedence-where-should-i-put-a-variable](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks_variables.html#variable-precedence-where-should-i-put-a-variable)

roles/mysql/defaults/main.yml

```
---
-# defaults file for mysql
+db_name: myapp
+db_user_name: dbuser
+db_user_pass: dbpass
+db_user_host: localhost
```

roles/mysql/tasks/main.yml

```
- name: ensure mysql started
  service: name=mysql state=started enabled=yes

-- name: create demo database
- mysql_db: name=demo state=present
+- name: create database
+ mysql_db: name={{ db_name }} state=present

-- name: create demo user
- mysql_user: name=demo password=demo priv=demo.*:ALL host='%' state=present
+- name: create user
+ mysql_user: name={{ db_user_name }} password={{ db_user_pass }}
  priv={{ db_name }}.*:ALL
+     host='{{ db_user_host }}' state=present
```

### Variab les: Vars | Multiple ways/places to define vars, refer the doc.

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks\\_variables.html#variable-precedence-where-should-i-put-a-variable](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks_variables.html#variable-precedence-where-should-i-put-a-variable)

Already defines vars in mysql role's defaults/main.yml which has the last precedence and would be used if vars are nowhere defined.

We will define vars in database.yml playbook with a hash.

```
# vi database.yml
- hosts: database
  become: true
  roles:
    - - mysql
+   - { role: mysql, db_name: demo, db_user_name: demo, db_user_pass: demo, db_user_host: '%'} }
```

#### Variables: with\_dict | Use of with\_dict module in nginx.yml playbook.

Will provide lists of variables in nginx role's defaults/main.yml. As specified below for reference. Name of the list is "sites".

```
---
# defaults file for nginx
sites:
  myapp:
    frontend: 80
    backend: 80
```

Will refer to those variables with the module with\_dict in nginx.yml playbook. As specified below for reference.

with\_dict: sites

with\_dict will supply variable name in hash/dictionary format, variable names are {{ item.key }} & {{ item.value.frontend }} & {{ item.value.backend }}

```
(item={ 'value': {u'frontend': 80, u'backend': 80}, 'key': u'myapp'})
```

Update nginx role's defaults/main.yml

```
+sites:
+ myapp:
+   frontend: 80
+   backend: 80
```

Update nginx role's tasks/main.yml

```
- name: install nginx
  apt: name=nginx state=present update_cache=yes

-- name: configure nginx site
- template: src=nginx.conf.j2 dest=/etc/nginx/sites-available/demo mode=0644
+- name: configure nginx sites
+ template: src=nginx.conf.j2 dest=/etc/nginx/sites-available/{{ item.key }} mode=0644
+ with_dict: sites
  notify: restart nginx

- name: de-activate default nginx site
  file: path=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/default state=absent
  notify: restart nginx

-- name: activate demo nginx site
```

Imran Teli

```
- file: src=/etc/nginx/sites-available/demo dest=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/demo state=link
+- name: activate nginx sites
+ file: src=/etc/nginx/sites-available/{{ item.key }} dest=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/{{ item.key }}
state=link
+ with_dict: sites
  notify: restart nginx
```

Update nginx role's templates/nginx.conf.j2

```
-upstream demo {
+upstream {{ item.key }} {
  {% for server in groups.webserver %}
-   server {{ server }};
+   server {{ server }}:{{ item.value.backend }};
  {% endfor %}
}

server {
-   listen 80;
+   listen {{ item.value.frontend }};

  location / {
-     proxy_pass http://demo;
+     proxy_pass http://{{ item.key }};
  }
}
```

### Selective Removal: shell, register, with\_items, when |

From nginx role's tasks/main.yml we will find all the nginx enabled sites (soft link in /etc/nginx/sites-enabled) and unlink those which we do not want now (demo -> /etc/nginx/sites-available/myapp )

```
# vi roles/nginx/tasks/main.yml
-- name: de-activate default nginx site
- file: path=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/default state=absent
+- name: get active sites
+ shell: ls -1 /etc/nginx/sites-enabled
+ register: active
+
+- name: de-activate sites
+ file: path=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/{{ item }} state=absent
+ with_items: active.stdout_lines
+ when: item not in sites
  notify: restart nginx

- name: activate nginx sites
```

**Variables continued | will push demo.wsgi as a template from demo\_app role**  
Move demo.wsgi to demo\_app role's templates directory

```
# mv roles/demo_app/files/demo/app/demo.wsgi roles/demo_app/templates/demo.wsgi.j2
```

Update the demo.wsgi.j2 with db variables names.

```
activate_this = '/var/www/demo/.venv/bin/activate_this.py'
execfile(activate_this, dict(__file__=activate_this))

import os
+os.environ['DATABASE_URI'] = 'mysql://{{ db_user }}:
{{ db_pass }}@{{ groups.database[0] }}/{{ db_name }}'

import sys
sys.path.insert(0, '/var/www/demo')

from demo import app as application
```

Refer the template demo.wsgi.j2 in demo\_app role's tasks/main.yml

```
# vi roles/demo_app/tasks/main.yml

copy: src=demo/app/ dest=/var/www/demo mode=0755
notify: restart apache2

+- name: copy demo.wsgi
+ template: src=demo.wsgi.j2 dest=/var/www/demo/demo.wsgi mode=0755
+ notify: restart apache2
+
- name: copy apache virtual host config
  copy: src=demo/demo.conf dest=/etc/apache2/sites-available mode=0755
  notify: restart apache2
```

Put the variables name in webserver.yml playbook where we refer the nginx role

```
# vi webserver.yml
become: true
roles:
  - apache2
  - demo_app
+  - { role: demo_app, db_user: demo, db_pass: demo, db_name: demo }

# ansible-playbook webserver.yml
```

**Variables: vars\_files, group\_vars | Use group\_vars/all file to specify variables for database.**

Database variables are referred in two places

demo.wsgi.j2 template from demo\_app role &  
tasks/main.yml from mysql role.

We will use group\_vars/all file to specify below variables

```
db_name: demo
db_user: demo
db_pass: demo
```

Imran Teli

```
# mkdir group_vars  
# vi group_vars/all  
  
+---  
+db_name: demo  
+db_user: demo  
+db_pass: demo
```

Remove db variables from webserver.yml playbook

```
# vi webserver.yml
```

```
become: true  
roles:  
  - apache2  
-  - { role: demo_app, db_user: demo, db_pass: demo, db_name: demo }  
+  - demo_app
```

Refer db variables from group\_vars/all file inside database.yml playbook also called as variable routing.

Variable routing can be defined as one variable pointing to another variable.

E.g db\_user\_name: "{{ db\_user }}"

```
# vi database.yml
```

```
- hosts: database  
become: true  
roles:  
-  - { role: mysql, db_name: demo, db_user_name: demo, db_user_pass: demo, db_user_host: '%' }  
+  - role: mysql  
+  db_user_name: "{{ db_user }}"  
+  db_user_pass: "{{ db_pass }}"  
+  db_user_host: '%'
```

## Variables: vault | encrypting db\_pass variables value with vault

[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks\\_vault.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks_vault.html)

Instead of having all file for variables, we will create all directory and move our variables in all directory.

```
# cd group_vars  
# mv all vars  
# mkdir all  
# mv vars all  
# export EDITOR=vim
```

Change directory to all directory and create vault. Vault file should be present in all directory for our scenario.

```
# cd all  
# ansible-vault create vault  
Give a vault password and put below mentioned content.
```

```
+ ___  
+ vault_db_pass : admin123
```

Refer to vault\_db\_pass in all/vars file

```
# vi vars  
+___  
+db_name: demo  
+db_user: demo  
+db_pass: "{{ vault_db_pass }}"
```

Execute database.yml playbook, you should get some error like below

```
# ansible-playbook database.yml
```

```
ERROR! Decryption failed  
ERROR! A vault password must be specified
```

Either you can give --ask-vault-pass option and execute the playbook which will ask you the vaultpassword or you can use a file where you specify vault password.

"vaultpass" is our vault password.

```
# echo "vaultpass" > ~/.vault_pass.txt  
# chmod 0600 ~/.vault_pass.txt  
# vi ansible.cfg  
[defaults]  
inventory = /dev  
+vault_password_file = ~/.vault_pass.txt
```

Execute database playbook to test it

```
# ansible-playbook database.yml
```

Login to db01 instance and login to mysql database to verify.

```
# ssh db01  
# mysql -h localhost -u demo -p
```

## Advanced Execution

**Advanced Execution: gather\_facts | By disabling gather\_facts we can save the execution time.**

Time the execution with time command for site.yml, stack\_status and stack\_restart.yml

```
# time ansible-playbook site.yml  
# time ansible-playbook stack_status.yml  
# time ansible-playbook stack_restart.yml
```

Disable gather\_facts for all the plays except dbserver because we use fact variable for db servers play. ansible\_eth1.ipv4.address

Imran Heli

```
control.yml

---
- hosts: control
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  roles:
    - control

loadbalancer.yml

---
- hosts: loadbalancer
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  roles:
    - nginx
hostname.yml

---
- hosts: all
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - name: get server hostname
      command: hostname

stack_restart.yml

# Bring stack down
- hosts: loadbalancer
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - service: name=nginx state=stopped
    - wait_for: port=80 state=drained

- hosts: webserver
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - service: name=apache2 state=stopped
    - wait_for: port=80 state=stopped

# Bring stack up
- hosts: webserver
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - service: name=apache2 state=started
    - wait_for: port=80
```

Imran Teli

```
- hosts: loadbalancer
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - service: name=nginx state=started
    - wait_for: port=80
```

#### stack\_status.yml

```
---
- hosts: loadbalancer
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - name: verify nginx service
      command: service nginx status

- hosts: webserver
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - name: verify apache2 service
      command: service apache2 status

      wait_for: host={{ ansible_eth0.ipv4.address }} port=3306 timeout=1

- hosts: control
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - name: verify end-to-end index response
      uri: url=http://{{item}} return_content=yes
      with_items: "{{lb_db.results}}"

- hosts: loadbalancer
+ gather_facts: false
  tasks:
    - name: verify backend index response
      uri: url=http://{{item}} return_content=yes
```

#### webserver.yml

```
---
- hosts: webserver
  become: true
+ gather_facts: false
  roles:
    - apache2
```

Imran Teli

Time the execution again with time command to verify.

### Extracting Repetitive Tasks: cache\_valid\_time |

Open site.yml and add below mentioned play

```
---
+ hosts: all
+ become: true
+ gather_facts: false
+ tasks:
+   - name: update apt cache
+     apt: update_cache=yes cache_valid_time=86400
+
- include: control.yml
- include: database.yml
- include: webserver.yml
```

Remove update\_cache=yes parameter from all the tasks/main.yml of all the roles.

```
# vi roles/mysql/tasks/main.yml
```

E:g

```
- apt: name=mysql-server state=present update_cache=yes
+ apt: name=mysql-server state=present
```

### Limiting Execution by Hosts : limit

```
# ansible-playbook site.yml --limit app01
```

### Limiting Execution by Tasks : tags

We can also select particular task or tasks by tagging them and then using tag name while executing playbooks or site.yml.

```
# vi roles/control/tasks/main.yml
with_items:
  - apache2
  - libapache2-mod-wsgi
+ tags: ['packages']
```

List the available tags.

```
# ansible-playbook site.yml --list-tags
```

Execute it to verify

```
# ansible-playbook site.yml --tags "packages"
```

We can also skip the specific tags and execute the rest.

```
# ansible-playbook site.yml --skip-tags "packages"
```

Tag all the tasks as per our 4 principles of app deployment on Linux systems

```
['packages']
['service']
['system']
['configure']
```

Imran Teli

```
# vi roles/apache2/tasks/main.yml

with_items:
  - apache2
  - libapache2-mod-wsgi
+ tags: [ 'packages' ]

- name: ensure mod_wsgi enabled
  apache2_module: state=present name=wsgi
  notify: restart apache2
+ tags: [ 'system' ]

- name: de-activate default apache site
  file: path=/etc/apache2/sites-enabled/000-default.conf state=absent
  notify: restart apache2
+ tags: [ 'system' ]

- name: ensure apache2 started
  service: name=apache2 state=started enabled=yes
+ tags: [ 'service' ]

# vi roles/control/tasks/main.yml

with_items:
  - curl
  - python-httplib2
+ tags: [ 'packages' ]

# vi roles/demo_app/tasks/main.yml

- python-pip
- python-virtualenv
- python-mysqldb
+ tags: [ 'packages' ]

- name: copy demo app source
  copy: src=demo/app/ dest=/var/www/demo mode=0755
  notify: restart apache2
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: copy demo.wsgi
  template: src=demo.wsgi.j2 dest=/var/www/demo/demo.wsgi mode=0755
  notify: restart apache2
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: copy apache virtual host config
  copy: src=demo/demo.conf dest=/etc/apache2/sites-available mode=0755
  notify: restart apache2
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: setup python virtualenv
```

Imran Teli

```
pip: requirements=/var/www/demo/requirements.txt virtualenv=/var/www/demo/.venv
  notify: restart apache2
+ tags: [ 'system' ]

- name: activate demo apache site
  file: src=/etc/apache2/sites-available/demo.conf dest=/etc/apache2/sites-enabled/demo.conf
    state=link
  notify: restart apache2
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

# vi roles/mysql/tasks/main.yml

apt: name={{item}} state=present
with_items:
  - python-mysqldb
+ tags: [ 'packages' ]

- name: install mysql-server
  apt: name=mysql-server state=present
+ tags: [ 'packages' ]

- name: ensure mysql listening on all ports
  lineinfile: dest=/etc/mysql/my.cnf regexp=/bind-address
    line="bind-address = {{ ansible_eth0.ipv4.address }}"
  notify: restart mysql
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: ensure mysql started
  service: name=mysql state=started enabled=yes
+ tags: [ 'service' ]

- name: create database
  mysql_db: name={{ db_name }} state=present
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: create user
  mysql_user: name={{ db_user_name }} password={{ db_user_pass }}
  priv={{ db_name }}.*:ALL
    host='{{ db_user_host }}' state=present
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

# vi roles/nginx/tasks/main.yml

apt: name={{item}} state=present
with_items:
  - python-httplib2
+ tags: [ 'packages' ]

- name: install nginx
  apt: name=nginx state=present
+ tags: [ 'packages' ]
```

Imran Teli

```

- name: configure nginx sites
  template: src=nginx.conf.j2 dest=/etc/nginx/sites-available/{{ item.key }} mode=0644
  with_dict: sites
  notify: restart nginx
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: get active sites
  shell: ls -1 /etc/nginx/sites-enabled
  register: active
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: de-activate sites
  file: path=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/{{ item }} state=absent
  with_items: active.stdout_lines
  when: item not in sites
  notify: restart nginx
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: activate nginx sites
  file: src=/etc/nginx/sites-available/{{ item.key }} dest=/etc/nginx/sites-enabled/{{ item.key }} state=link
  with_dict: sites
  notify: restart nginx
+ tags: [ 'configure' ]

- name: ensure nginx started
  service: name=nginx state=started enabled=yes
+ tags: [ 'service' ]

# vi site.yml

tasks:
  - name: update apt cache
    apt: update_cache=yes cache_valid_time=86400
+ tags: [ 'packages' ]

  - include: control.yml
  - include: database.yml.

```

Save execution time by skipping packages tags  
`# time ansible-playbook site.yml --skip-tags "packages"`

## Troubleshooting, Testing & Validation Ordering problem

Make sure to have mysql service start task after you changed the mysql configuration.  
If there is some typo or bad config in my.cnf, notify mysql restart is going to stop mysql and while starting it will fail. If you run the playbook again first it will hit mysql start task which will fail to start the mysql service and your play is not going to reach to the task where it pushes new my.cnf file to fix the issue. Ordering is very important in such scenario.

```
- name: Install mysql-server
  apt: name=mysql-server state=present

- name: ensure mysql listening on all ports
  lineinfile: dest=/etc/mysql/my.cnf regexp=/^bind-address
    line="bind-address = {{ ansible_eth1.ipv4.address }}"
  notify: restart mysql

- name: Ensure Mysql started
  service: name=mysql state=started enabled=yes
```

**Jumping to Specific tasks: list-tasks, step, start-at-task**  
[https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks\\_startnstep.html](https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/playbooks_startnstep.html)

```
# ansible-playbook site.yml --step
```

Select y for yes, n for no and c to continue with the execution without asking the prompt.

List all the tasks from the playbook and select the task from where you want to start the execution.  
# ansible-playbook site.yml --list-tasks

```
# ansible-playbook site.yml --start-at-task "copy demo app source"
```

**Retrying failed hosts**

```
# ansible-playbook site.yml --limit @/home/ansible/site.retry
```

Syntax-Check & Dry-Run: syntax-check, check

```
# ansible-playbook --syntax-check site.yml
# ansible-playbook --check site.yml
```

Imran Teli