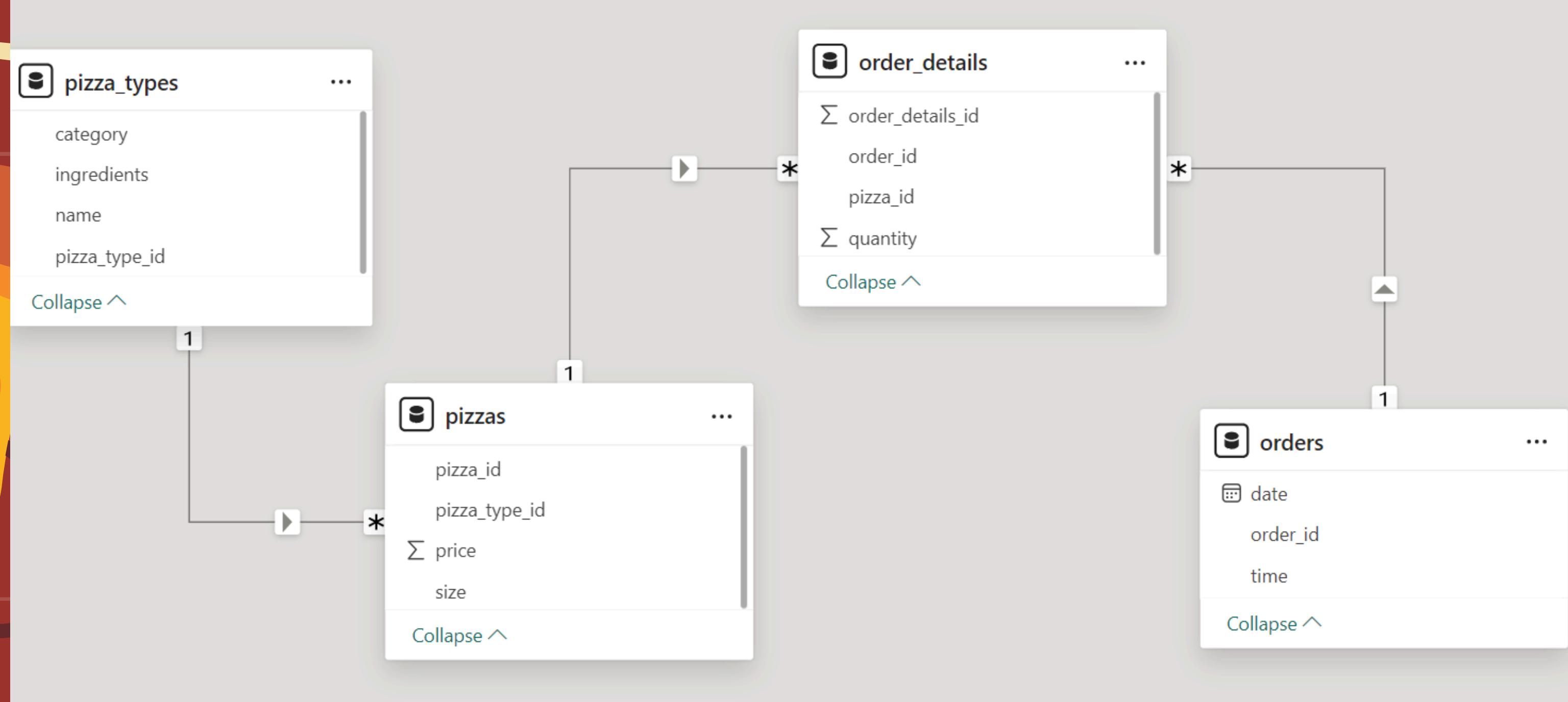


# SQL PROJECTION PIZZA SALES



-GOPESH KAPOOR

# SCHEMA



# QUESTIONS TO ANALYZE

## Basic:

1. Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
2. Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
3. Identify the highest-priced pizza.
4. Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
5. List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

## Intermediate:

1. Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
2. Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
3. Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

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4. Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
  5. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

### Advanced:

1. Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
2. Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
3. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

# RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.

**SELECT**

**COUNT(order\_id) AS total\_orders**

**FROM**

**orders;**

| Result Grid |                     |
|-------------|---------------------|
|             |                     |
|             | <b>total_orders</b> |
| →           | 21350               |

# CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

```
SELECT  
    *  
FROM  
    pizzahut.order_details;  
  
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
        2) AS Total_sales  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id;
```

| Result Grid |             |
|-------------|-------------|
|             | Total_sales |
| ▶           | 817860.05   |

# IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

**SELECT**

**pizza\_types.name, pizzas.price**

**FROM**

**pizza\_types**

**JOIN**

**pizzas ON pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id = pizzas.pizza\_type\_id**

**ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC**

**LIMIT 1;**

Result Grid | Filter Row

|   | <b>name</b>     | <b>price</b> |
|---|-----------------|--------------|
| ▶ | The Greek Pizza | 35.95        |

# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

```
SELECT  
    pizzas.size,  
    COUNT(order_details.quantity) AS Total_Size_Ordered  
FROM  
    pizzas  
        JOIN  
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizzas.size  
ORDER BY Total_Size_Ordered DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

|   | size | Total_Size_Ordered |
|---|------|--------------------|
| ▶ | L    | 18526              |

# LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

SELECT

```
 pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Quantity  
FROM  
pizza_types  
JOIN  
pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
JOIN  
order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.name  
ORDER BY Quantity DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

|   | name                       | Quantity |
|---|----------------------------|----------|
| ▶ | The Classic Deluxe Pizza   | 2453     |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 2432     |
|   | The Hawaiian Pizza         | 2422     |
|   | The Pepperoni Pizza        | 2418     |
|   | The Thai Chicken Pizza     | 2371     |

# JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

SELECT

```
    pizza_types.category,  
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Quantity  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
        JOIN  
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
ORDER BY Quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid | Filter

|   | category | Quantity |
|---|----------|----------|
| ▶ | Classic  | 14888    |
|   | Supreme  | 11987    |
|   | Veggie   | 11649    |
|   | Chicken  | 11050    |

# DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
SELECT  
    HOUR(order_time) AS Hour, COUNT(order_id) AS Order_Count  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

| Hour | Order_Count |
|------|-------------|
| 11   | 1231        |
| 12   | 2520        |
| 13   | 2455        |
| 14   | 1472        |
| 15   | 1468        |
| 16   | 1920        |
| 17   | 2336        |
| 18   | 2399        |
| 19   | 2009        |
| 20   | 1642        |
| 21   | 1198        |
| 22   | 663         |
| 23   | 28          |
| 10   | 8           |
| 9    | 1           |

# JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows

|   | category | COUNT(name) |
|---|----------|-------------|
| ▶ | Chicken  | 6           |
|   | Classic  | 8           |
|   | Supreme  | 9           |
|   | Veggie   | 9           |

# GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as Average_Pizza_ordered_Perday  
FROM  
    (SELECT  
        orders.order_date AS Date_,  
        COUNT(orders.order_id) AS Total_Orders,  
        SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity  
    FROM  
        orders  
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

|   | Result Grid                  |  |  | Filter Rows: | <input type="text"/> |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|--------------|----------------------|
|   | Average_Pizza_ordered_Perday |  |  |              |                      |
| ▶ | 138                          |  |  |              |                      |

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.name AS Name,  
    SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) AS Revenue  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
        JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
        JOIN  
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
GROUP BY Name  
ORDER BY Revenue DESC  
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

|   | Name                         | Revenue  |
|---|------------------------------|----------|
| ▶ | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25 |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768    |
|   | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5  |

# CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
SELECT  
    pizza_types.category AS Category,  
    ROUND((SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) / (SELECT  
        SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) AS Total_Sales  
    FROM  
        order_details  
        JOIN  
        pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id)) * 100,  
    2) AS Revenue  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
    JOIN  
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
GROUP BY Category  
ORDER BY Revenue DESC;
```

|   | Category | Revenue |
|---|----------|---------|
| ▶ | Classic  | 26.91   |
|   | Supreme  | 25.46   |
|   | Chicken  | 23.96   |
|   | Veggie   | 23.68   |

# ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
select order_date, sum(Revenue) over(order by order_date) as Cum_Revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date,  
sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as Revenue  
from order_details join pizzas  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders  
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date) as Sales;
```

|   | order_date | Cum_Revenue        |
|---|------------|--------------------|
| ▶ | 2015-01-01 | 2713.8500000000004 |
|   | 2015-01-02 | 5445.75            |
|   | 2015-01-03 | 8108.15            |
|   | 2015-01-04 | 9863.6             |
|   | 2015-01-05 | 11929.55           |
|   | 2015-01-06 | 14358.5            |
|   | 2015-01-07 | 16560.7            |
|   | 2015-01-08 | 19399.05           |
|   | 2015-01-09 | 21526.4            |
|   | 2015-01-10 | 23990.350000000002 |
|   | 2015-01-11 | 26829.55           |

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
select category, name, revenue from
(select category, name, Revenue,
rank() over( partition by category order by Revenue desc) as RN
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as Revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where RN<=3;
```

|   | category | name                         | revenue           |
|---|----------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| ▶ | Chicken  | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25          |
|   | Chicken  | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768             |
|   | Chicken  | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5           |
|   | Classic  | The Classic Deluxe Pizza     | 38180.5           |
|   | Classic  | The Hawaiian Pizza           | 32273.25          |
|   | Classic  | The Pepperoni Pizza          | 30161.75          |
|   | Supreme  | The Spicy Italian Pizza      | 34831.25          |
|   | Supreme  | The Italian Supreme Pizza    | 33476.75          |
|   | Supreme  | The Sicilian Pizza           | 30940.5           |
|   | Veggie   | The Four Cheese Pizza        | 32265.70000000065 |
|   | Veggie   | The Mexicana Pizza           | 26780.75          |
|   | Veggie   | The Five Cheese Pizza        | 26066.5           |

A festive illustration set against a red background with a white grid. In the center, the words "THANK YOU" are written in large, bold, white capital letters. To the left, a person with dark curly hair, wearing a green sweater, holds a slice of pizza with three holes. To the right, another person with glasses and dark hair, also in a green sweater, holds a piece of pie. Above them, a reindeer with a yellow antler decorated with gold coins and a bell hangs from a string. The reindeer has large, expressive eyes. The scene is adorned with yellow starburst shapes and small yellow stars.

THANK YOU