

ITMO UNIVERSITY

COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS

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# 1D FDFD

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September 16, 2016



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# 1 Aims of the work

Study PEC-PMC cavity modes with methods of finite difference frequency domain

## 2 Results

### 2.1 Eigenmodes

Eigenwavelengths theoretically are defined with  $\lambda = \frac{4a}{2n+1}$ , where  $n$  is the mode number and  $a$  - cavity size. (further, every mode value is normalized by cavity size(discretization factor)).

Here are shown values of eigenmodes for different discretizations of cavity:

| mode | theory | 5    | 10   | 20   | 50   | 100  |
|------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0    | 4      | 4.41 | 4.20 | 4.10 | 4.04 | 4.02 |
| 1    | 1.33   | 1.51 | 1.41 | 1.37 | 1.35 | 1.34 |
| 2    | 0.8    | 0.96 | 0.86 | 0.82 | 0.81 | 0.80 |
| 3    | 0.57   | 0.75 | 0.63 | 0.59 | 0.58 | 0.57 |
| 4    | 0.44   | 0.65 | 0.50 | 0.46 | 0.45 | 0.45 |

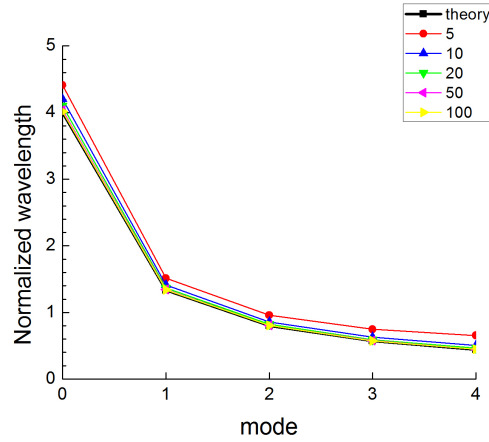


Figure 1: eigenmodes with different discretization

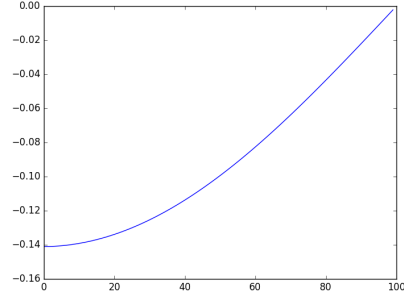


Figure 2: Mode 0

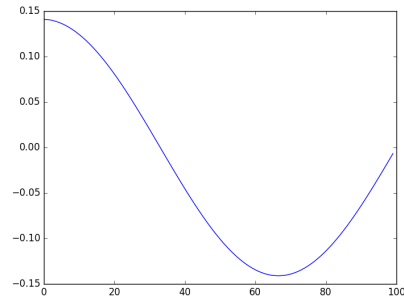


Figure 3: Mode 1

## 2.2 Field distributions

For 100 units discretization here are shown E-field distributions for modes 0 to 4, respectively.

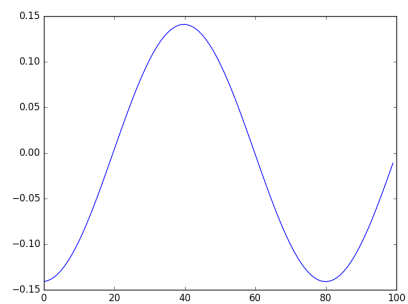


Figure 4: Mode 2

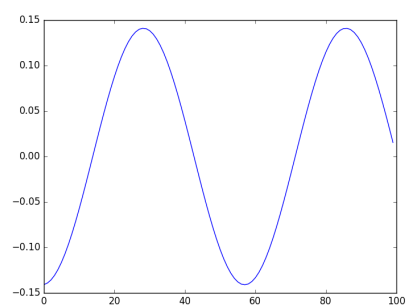


Figure 5: Mode 3

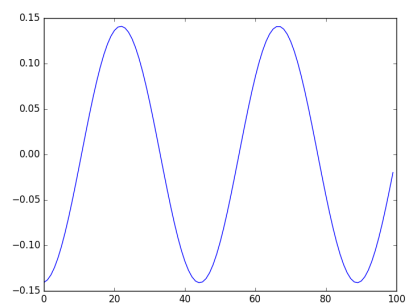


Figure 6: Mode 4