

## Computational Finance: T-Exercise 23 solution

a) We are looking for the CDF of  $X$

$$X_1, \dots, X_m$$

$Z$  is a r.v.

$$X = X_Z = \sum X_{i\{Z=i\}}$$

By Law of total probability:  $P(x \leq t) = \sum_{i=1}^m P(x \leq t | Z = i)P(Z = i)$  and  $P(Z = i) = \omega_i$ , therefore:

$$\begin{aligned} F_X(t) &= P(x \leq t) = \sum_{i=1}^m P(x \leq t | Z = i)P(Z = i) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^m \omega_i P(x \leq t) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^m \omega_i F_i(x) \end{aligned}$$

b) First note:  $F_i(t) = \sum_{i=1}^m f_i(t) = \sum_{i=1}^m \omega_i f_i(x)$ , so then:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[(X - \mu)^j] &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (x - \mu)^j \sum_{i=1}^m \omega_i f_i(x) dx \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^m \omega_i \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (x - \mu)^j f_i(x) dx \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^m \omega_i \mathbb{E}[(x_i - \mu)^j] \end{aligned}$$

Now we expand the given equation by  $(-\mu_i + \mu_i)$ :

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m \omega_i \mathbb{E}[(X_i - \mu_i + \mu_i - \mu)^j]$$

By Binomial Formula:  $(a + b)^j = \sum_{k=0}^j \binom{j}{k} a^{j-k} b^k$  we get:

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m \omega_i \mathbb{E} \left[ \sum_{k=0}^j \binom{j}{k} (\mu_i - \mu)^{j-k} (X_i - \mu_i)^k \right]$$

Finally we take  $\sum_{k=0}^j \binom{j}{k} (\mu_i - \mu)^{j-k}$  out of the expectation:

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{k=0}^j \binom{j}{k} \omega_i (\mu_i - \mu)^{j-k} \mathbb{E}[(X_i - \mu_i)^k]$$