VORG build guide



Thank you very much for acquiring the Vorg DIY kit. This guide will walk you through the whole assembly process.

Before you start we recommend you to read the guide, specially the Notes that some of the steps have.

Since this is an SMD kit, you need to be very careful when you solder the components. Specially some of the small IC components since you can create bridges and not seen them with the naked eye. Using a magnifying glass or a microscope is highly recommended.



Disclaimer

Remember that by purchasing a DIY kit you are responsible if your build fails. We cannot provide repair services for failed builds. The main reason is that, depending on the extent of the damage, the total cost you'll end up paying would be higher than buying the assembled module in the first place.

We want you to succeed. For that reason we tried to make this guide as detailed as possible. We also provide you the components organized to minimize the risk of mixing them up.



How to use this guide

This guide contains one page for each different component you are gonna place. The components are placed starting from the lower values. For example, $1k\Omega$ resistors are placed before the $2k\Omega$ resistors.

At every step we have highlighted with RED the locations where you need to place the components. The locations marked with GREY are the places where you should have already placed a component in a previous step.



Place a component here



You should have placed a component here in a previous step



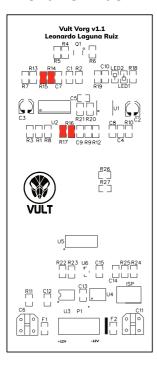
We hope you enjoy building your own Vorg and if you like it share your results in social media.

Leonardo, Radost and Andrey



ASSEMBLING THE MAIN BOARD



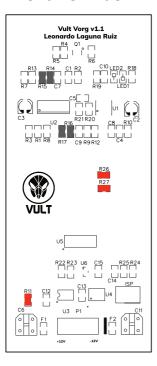


Component: Resistor

Value: **220Ω** Quantity: **4**

Designators: R15, R14, R17, R16



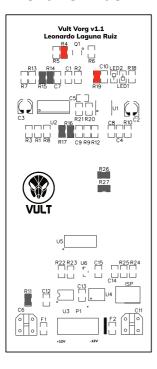


Component: Resistor

Value: 1kΩ Quantity: 3

Designators: R11, R26, R27



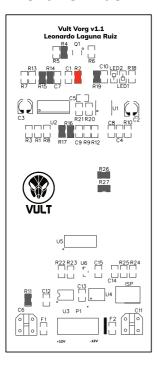


Component: Resistor

Value: 1.8kΩ Quantity: 2

Designators: R19, R4



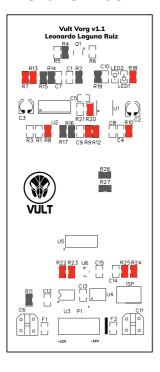


Component: Resistor

Value: $4.7k\Omega$ Quantity: 1

Designators: R2



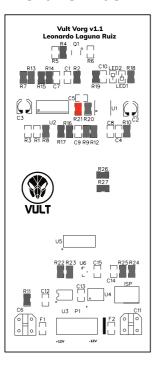


Component: Resistor

Value: 10kΩ Quantity: 12

Designators: R9, R12, R10, R18, R13, R7, R8, R20, R22, R23, R24, R25,



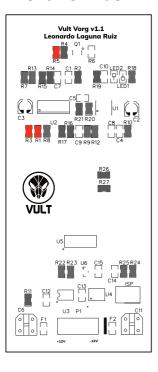


Component: Resistor

Value: $22k\Omega$ Quantity: 1

Designators: R21





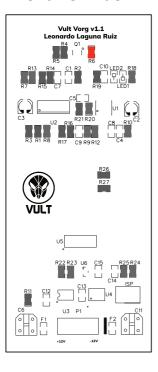
Component: Resistor

Value: $100k\Omega$

Quantity: 3

Designators: R1, R3, R5





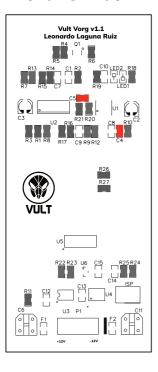
Component: Resistor

Value: $470k\Omega$

Quantity: 1

Designators: R6



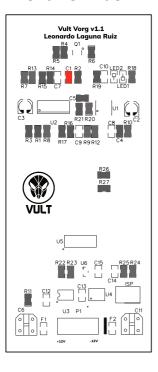


Component: Capacitor

Value: 1nF Quantity: 2

Designators: C4, C5



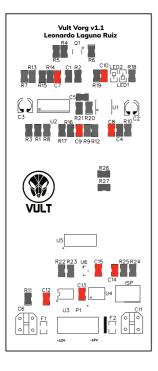


Component: Capacitor

Value: **4.7nF** Quantity: **1**

Designators: C1



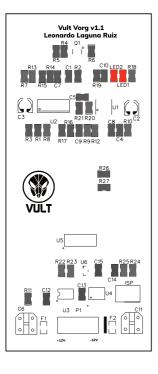


Component: Capacitor

Value: 100nF Quantity: 8

Designators: **C7**, **C8**, **C9**, **C10**, **C12**, **C13**, **C14**, **C15**





Component: **LED**

Value: -

Quantity: 2

Designators: LED1, LED2

Notes: The LEDs must be placed inversely. The actual placement does not matter as long the marks are in the opposite side.

Look for the mark in the bottom of the LED.







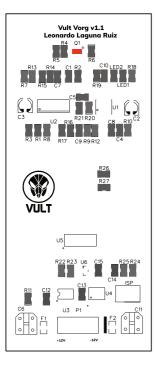


OK OK









Component: Transistor pair

Value: BCM857

Quantity: 1

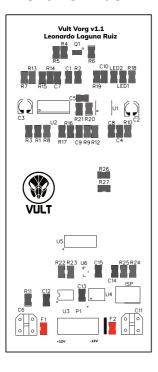
Designators: Q1

Notes: Look for the mark in one of the corners of the package. Make sure it matches the orientation. The mark is tiny, you have to use a magnifying glass.









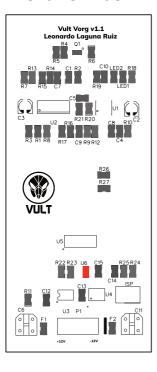
Component: Ferrite

Value: -

Quantity: 2

Designators: F1, F2





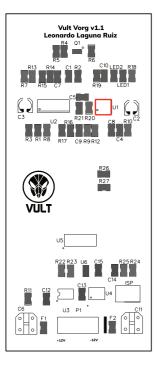
Component: Regulator

Value: **TLV7605**

Quantity: 1

Designators: **U6**

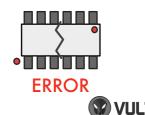


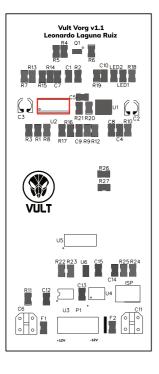


Component: IC Value: TL074
Quantity: 1

Designators: U1





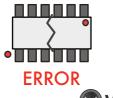


Component: IC Value: LM13700

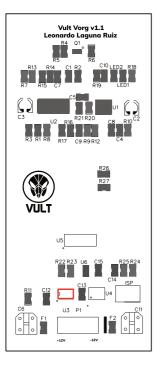
Quantity: 1

Designators: **U2**





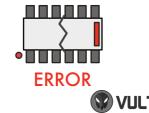


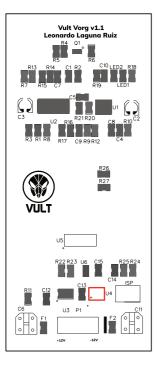


Component: IC Value: TL072
Quantity: 1

Designators: **U3**







Component: IC Value: ATTINY85

Quantity: 1

Designators: **U4**

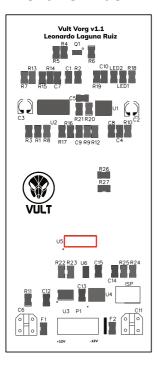
Notes: Double check the orientation. Look

for the mark in the IC package







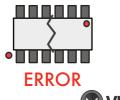


Component: IC Value: DG403

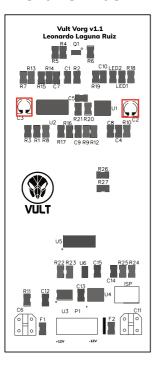
Quantity: 1

Designators: **U4**









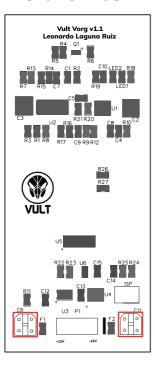
Component: Capacitor (Polarized)

Value: 10uF Quantity: 2

Designators: C2, C3

Notes: These capacitors are polarized make sure they point in the direction marked in the silkscreen.





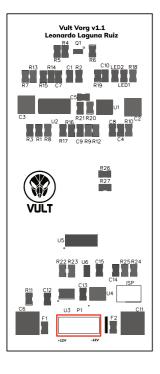
Component: Capacitor (Polarized)

Value: 47uF Quantity: 2

Designators: C6, C11

Notes: These capacitors are polarized make sure they point in the direction marked in the silkscreen.





Component: Power connector

Value: -Quantity: 1

Designators: P1

Notes: The connector has a slow, make sure It matches the picture show below.



This is a good moment to check your board. Use a magnifying glass or microscope to check that all the IC terminals are soldered and there are no bridges between the pins.

Use a multimeter to measure the resistance between +12V and ground and also from ground to -12V. The readings should be over the hundreds of kilo ohms. If you have a low resistance, you may have a short circuit.

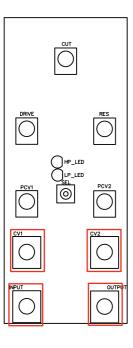


ASSEMBLING THE FRONT SIDE



To assemble the front side, we recommend you to first place all components then place the panel. Once you have everything in place solder the components.



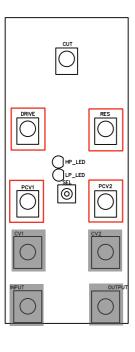


Component: Jacks

Value: -Quantity: 4

Notes: Make sure the jacks are correctly Placed before soldering.





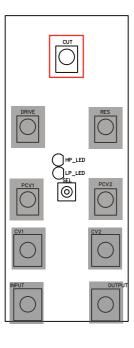
Component: Potentiometers

Value: **B100kΩ**

Quantity: 4

Notes: Make sure the potentiometers have gone completely through the holes and are aligned. Before soldering, check that the potentiometers can be turned without friction with the panel in place.



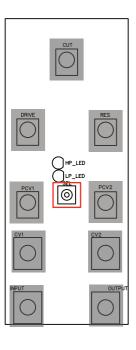


Component: Potentiometers

Value: **B50kΩ** Quantity: **1**

Notes: Make sure the potentiometers have gone completely through the holes and are aligned. Before soldering, check that the potentiometers can be turned without friction with the panel in place.



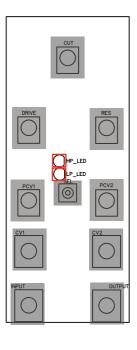


Component: Push Button + Cap

Value: -Quantity: 1

Notes: Place the switch cap before the putting the panel for the last time.





Component: Red LEDS

Value: -Quantity: 2

Notes: The LEDs have a direction. Make sure the flat side of the LED points in the correct direction.

Before soldering, make the LEDs go through the panel.





Final Steps

One more time, check that you don't have any bridges between the component pins. Look carefully. All ICs are critical.

Make sure that you don't connect the cable backwards. Connecting it backwards will break the module. Make sure the red stripe of your cable has -12 volts.

If you think that everything is correct, then power your module.

