ANOVASimulator.R

Administrator

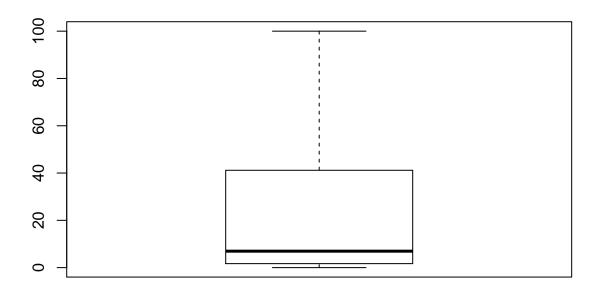
Thu Mar 31 14:24:57 2016

```
# ANOVA data simulator
# 31 March 2016
# NJG
# Data from Rizzari et al. Oikos 123:829-836
# Figure 2b for 6 treatments
# treatment labels
treatLab <- LETTERS[1:6]</pre>
# treatment means estimated from figure 2
treatMeans <- c(61,60,23,5,6,4)
# treatment sd estimated from figure 2
\# se = sd/sqrt(n)
\# sd = se*sqrt(n)
\# n = 10
# for first 3 groups se =10, so sd = 31
# for second 3 groups se = 2, so sd = 6
treatSD <- c(31,31,31,6,6,6)
n <- 10 # sample size per treatment
# create vector of treatment labels
Treatments <- rep(treatLab,each=10)</pre>
Treatments <- factor(Treatments)</pre>
# simulate data set with parameters from paper
AlgalMass <- rnorm(n=60,mean=rep(treatMeans,each=10),sd=rep(treatSD,each=10))
summary(AlgalMass)
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                               Max.
           1.689 6.955 23.480 41.010 116.200
## -24.450
#fudging the zeroes
AlgalMass[AlgalMass<0] <- 0
# fudging the upper end
AlgalMass[AlgalMass>100] <- 100
summary(AlgalMass)
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
```

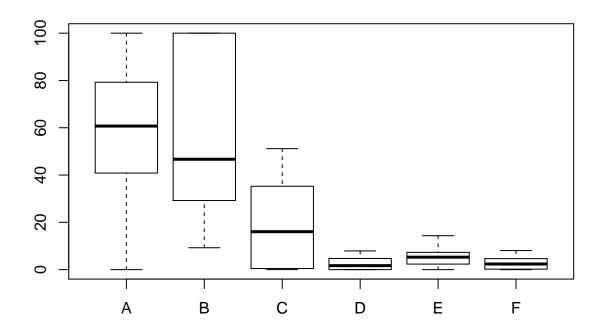
0.000 1.689 6.955 24.360 41.010 100.000

##

```
# show data as a boxplot
SimData <- data.frame(Treatments,AlgalMass)
boxplot(AlgalMass)</pre>
```



boxplot(AlgalMass~Treatments,data=SimData)



```
# get group summaries; from Cookbook for R
library(plyr)
summaryData <- ddply(SimData, "Treatments", summarise,</pre>
                     N = length(AlgalMass),
                     mean = mean(AlgalMass),
                     median = median(AlgalMass),
                     sd = sd(AlgalMass),
                     se = sd /sqrt(N))
summaryData
     Treatments N
##
                         mean
                                 median
                                               sd
## 1
              A 10 55.878109 60.712897 30.882316 9.7658457
## 2
              B 10 59.342935 46.681897 36.090242 11.4127365
## 3
              C 10 20.147751 16.046307 19.145457
## 4
              D 10 2.656255 1.681450
                                         2.809019
                                                   0.8882898
## 5
              E 10 5.405507 5.266479
                                         4.335479
                                                   1.3709988
## 6
              F 10 2.700652 2.366321 2.643684 0.8360061
# analyze data as an ANOVA
MyModel <- aov(AlgalMass~Treatments,data=SimData)</pre>
z <- summary(MyModel)</pre>
# creating a function and repeating the work
treatLab <- LETTERS[1:6]</pre>
```

```
treatMeans <- c(61,60,23,5,6,4)
treatSD \leftarrow c(31,31,31,6,6,6)
sampleSize <- 10 # sample size per treatment</pre>
ANOVASimulator <- function(ss=sampleSize,l=treatLab,m=treatMeans,sd=treatSD){
# create random data set
RandomData <- rnorm(n=ss*length(1),mean=rep(m,each=ss),sd=rep(sd,each=ss))</pre>
# set up treatments as a factor
Treatments <- rep(1,each=ss)</pre>
Treatments <- factor(Treatments)</pre>
# combine elements in a data frame
SimData <- data.frame(Treatments, RandomData)</pre>
# run analysis of variance
MyModel <- aov(RandomData~Treatments,data=SimData)</pre>
# extract p value of test; answer from Stack Overflow!
output <- summary(MyModel)[[1]][["Pr(>F)"]][[1]]
# return the p value as the single output
return(output)
}
ANOVASimulator()
## [1] 1.89661e-06
# run the function multiple times to create a vector of p values
PVec <- replicate(100,ANOVASimulator())</pre>
# calculation proportion of tests that reject with p < 0.05
mean(PVec<0.05)
## [1] 1
# visualize with a histogram of p values
hist(PVec,breaks=seq(0,1.0,by=0.05),col=c("tomato",rep("goldenrod",19)))
```

Histogram of PVec

