

Illustration

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Re-state the question:

Climate researchers are interested in modeling the hurricane trajectories to forecast the windspeed. Let t be time (in hours) since a hurricane began, and For each hurricane i , we denote $Y_i(t)$ be the wind speed of the i th hurricane at time t . The following Bayesian model was suggested.

$$Y_i(t+6) = \beta_{0,i} + x_{i,1}\beta_{1,i} + x_{i,2}\beta_{2,i} + x_{i,3}\beta_{3,i} + \beta_{4,i,j}Y_{i,j}(t) + \beta_{5,i,j}\Delta_{i,1}(t) + \beta_{6,i,j}\Delta_{i,2}(t) + \beta_{7,i}\Delta_{i,3} + \epsilon_i(t)$$

where $x_{i,1}$ is the month of year when the hurricane started, $x_{i,2}$ is the calendar year of the hurricane, and $x_{i,3}$ is the type of hurricane, $\Delta_{i,1}(t)$, $\Delta_{i,2}(t)$ and $\Delta_{i,3}(t)$ is the change of latitude longitude, and wind speed between $t-6$ and t , and $\epsilon_{i,t}$ follows a normal distributions with mean zero and variance σ^2 , independent across t .

In the model, $\beta_i = (\beta_{0,i}, \beta_{1,i}, \dots, \beta_{7,i})$ are the random coefficients associated the i th hurricane, we assume that

$$\beta_i \sim N(\beta, \Sigma)$$

follows a multivariate normal distributions with mean β and covariance matrix Σ .

Prior distributions We assume the following non-informative or weak prior distributions for σ^2 , β and Σ .

$$P(\sigma^2) \propto \frac{1}{\sigma^2}; \quad P(\beta) \propto 1; \quad P(\Sigma^{-1}) \propto |\Sigma|^{-(d+1)} \exp(-\frac{1}{2}\Sigma^{-1})$$

d is dimension of β .

Find out the posterial distribution:

It is easy to see that:

$$f(Y_i(t+6)|\beta, \sigma) \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

Where μ is the linear combination of all coefficients.

Our objective is to derive $f(\beta, \sigma|Y_i(t+6))$

$$f(\beta, \beta_i, \Sigma^{-1}, \sigma^2 | Y_i(t+6)) \propto f(Y_i(t+6) | \beta_i, \sigma^2) f(\beta_i | \beta, \Sigma^{-1}) f(\beta) f(\Sigma^{-1}) f(\sigma^2)$$

$$f(Y_i(t+6) | \beta_i, \sigma) \propto \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{\sigma} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x_i - \mu_i)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right\}, \text{ where } \mu_i = X_i^T \beta_i$$

$$f(\beta_i | \beta, \Sigma^{-1}) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{|\Sigma^{-1}|}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(\beta_i - \beta)^T \Sigma (\beta_i - \beta)\right\}$$

$$f(\sigma^2) \propto \frac{1}{\sigma^2}$$

$$f(\beta) \propto 1$$

$$f(\Sigma^{-1}) \propto |\Sigma|^{-8} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\Sigma^{-1}\right)$$