1

ASSIGNMENT-5

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/behappy0604/Summer— Internship—IITH/tree/main/Assignment—5

and latex-tikz codes from

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1 Question No. 2.70 (b)

Find the equation of the Parabola that satisfy the following condition: Focus $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$, Directrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 3$

2 Solution

Lemma 2.1. Parabola is a conic whose eccentricity, e=1

Lemma 2.2. The distance of a point **P** from a line $\mathbf{n}^T\mathbf{x} = c$ is given by:

$$\frac{|c - \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{n}|}{\|\mathbf{n}\|} \tag{2.0.1}$$

Lemma 2.3. The equation for parabola assuming $\lambda = ||\mathbf{n}||^2$ will be:

$$\mathbf{x}^{T}(\lambda \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{n}\mathbf{n}^{T})\mathbf{x} + 2(c\mathbf{n} - \lambda \mathbf{F})^{T}\mathbf{x} + \lambda ||\mathbf{F}||^{2} - c^{2} = 0$$
(2.0.2)

Given information:

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, c = 3, \lambda = 1 \qquad (2.0.3)$$

Substituting values of \mathbf{F} , \mathbf{n} , \mathbf{c} , λ from(2.0.3):

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + 0 = 0 \qquad (2.0.4)$$

Replacing **y** by $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ in (2.0.4) gives:

$$x^2 = -12y (2.0.5)$$

The general equation of parabola we got in (2.0.2) is of form:

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{V} = \lambda \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{n} \mathbf{n}^T \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$\mathbf{u} = c\mathbf{n} - \lambda \mathbf{F} \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$f = \lambda ||\mathbf{F}||^2 - c^2 \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}, \lambda = ||\mathbf{n}||^2 = x^2 + y^2; \ \mathbf{I} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$
 Now,

$$\left|\mathbf{V}\right| = \begin{vmatrix} \lambda - x^2 & -xy \\ -xy & \lambda - y^2 \end{vmatrix} \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} y^2 & -xy \\ -xy & x^2 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.11)

$$=0$$
 (2.0.12)

Also characteristic equation of V is given by:

$$|\alpha \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{V}| = 0 \tag{2.0.13}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \alpha - +x^2 & xy \\ xy & \alpha - \lambda + y^2 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
 (2.0.14)

$$\begin{vmatrix} \alpha - y^2 & xy \\ xy & \alpha - x^2 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \tag{2.0.15}$$

$$\alpha^2 - \alpha(x^2 + y^2) = 0 (2.0.16)$$

$$\alpha(\alpha - \lambda) = 0 \tag{2.0.17}$$

$$\alpha_1 = 0 \tag{2.0.18}$$

$$\alpha_2 = \lambda = x^2 + y^2 = ||\mathbf{n}||^2$$
 (2.0.19)

So, (2.0.12) and (2.0.18) shows that (2.0.2) is an equation of parabola.

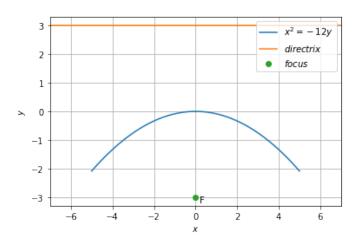


Fig. 2.1: Parabola