2024 Spring CS504 Principles of Data Management and Mining Project Report

Public Library Management System

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OVERVIEW:

The library management system developed for the Principles of Data Management and Mining project is a solution tailored for the dynamic needs of a public library set. Through database design and implementation, the system efficiently organizes and maintains a vast library resources, ranging from traditional books and magazines to e-books etc. By seamlessly integrating features for membership management, borrowing processes, and analytical insights, the system enhances the overall experience for both library staff and members. Members can easily access and borrow materials while staff can effectively manage circulation and make data-driven decisions regarding resource acquisition and management. With its user-friendly interface and functionality, the library management system represents a significant step forward in optimizing library operations and enriching the experience of library members.

SCOPE:

The project for Principles of Data Management and Mining revolves around designing and implementing a database management system tailored for a public library setting. This project includes concepts ranging from the fundamentals of database design to SQL querying and manipulation techniques. The main goal is to create a practical database system that effectively handles different aspects of running a library, such as organizing materials, managing memberships, handling borrowing activities, and generating reports. The focus is on maintaining data integrity, minimizing redundancy, and optimizing accessibility for both library staff and members. The fundamental entities of the system comprise Material, Catalog, Genre, Borrow, Author, Authorship, Member, and Staff, each equipped with specific attributes and relationships for smooth functioning of library activities.

The system has several key functionalities such as:

Materials Management: Comprehensive information about all library materials, including books, magazines, e-books, and audiobooks, is stored, and maintained. This includes details such as titles, authors, publication dates, and genres.

Membership Management: The system efficiently manages information related to library members, encompassing their names, contact details, membership numbers, and borrowing history.

Borrowing: The system facilitates the borrowing process, enabling members to check out items seamlessly. It equips library staff with the necessary information to manage the circulation of library materials. When a material is checked out, the system records it's borrow date and anticipated due date. Upon return, the system updates the return date accordingly.

Reporting and Analytics: The system generates reports on various aspects of library usage, including popular materials and other relevant statistics. These insights empower library staff to make informed, data-driven decisions regarding resource acquisition and management.

Entities and Relationships

1. Material

Represents individual items available in the library, such as books, magazines, e-books, and audiobooks.

Attributes:

- Material_ID: A unique identifier for each material.
- Title: The title of the material.
- Publication Date: The date of publication of the material.
- Catalog ID: A reference to the catalog entry for the material.
- Genre ID: A reference to the genre of the material.

2. Catalog

Represents a record of library materials with information on their availability and location.

Attributes:

- Catalog ID: A unique identifier for each catalog entry.
- Name: The name of the catalog.
- Location: The location of the material within the library.

3. Genre

Represents the various genres or categories of library materials.

Attributes:

- Genre ID: A unique identifier for each genre.
- Name: The name of the genre.
- Description: The brief introduction of the genre.

4. Borrow

Represents the borrowing activity of library materials by members.

Attributes:

- Borrow ID: A unique identifier for each borrowing transaction.
- Material ID: A reference to the borrowed material.
- Member ID: A reference to the member who borrowed the material.
- Staff ID: A reference to the staff who processed the transaction.
- Borrow Date: The date the material was borrowed.

- Due Date: The date the material is due.
- Return Date: The date the material is returned.

5. Author

Represents authors who have created library materials.

Attributes:

- Author ID: A unique identifier for each author.
- Name: The name of the author.
- Birth Date: The birth date of the author.
- Nationality: The nationality of the author.

6. Authorship

Represents the relationship between authors and the materials they have created.

Attributes:

- Authorship ID: A unique identifier for each authorship record.
- Author ID: A reference to the author.
- Material_ID: A reference to the material authored.

7. Member

Represents library members who can borrow and reserve materials.

Attributes:

- Member ID: A unique identifier for each member.
- Name: The name of the member.
- Contact Info: Email address (or phone number) of the member.
- Join_Date: The date the member joined the library.

8. Staff

Represents library staff who manage library resources and assist members.

Attributes:

- Staff ID: A unique identifier for each staff member.
- Name: The name of the staff member.
- Contact Info: Email address (or phone number) of the member.
- Job Title: The job title of the staff member (e.g., librarian, assistant librarian).
- Hire Date: The date the staff member was hired by the library.

RELATIONSHIPS:

MATERIAL BELONGS TO CATALOG:

It shows the Many to One relationship. Each catalog has many material entries, but each material is linked to one catalog entry.

Constraints:

- Material exhibits total participation, meaning every material within the library must belong to a catalog.
- Catalog demonstrates partial participation, indicating that not every catalog entry needs to have associated materials.

MATERIAL ASSOCIATED WITH GENRE:

It shows the Many to One relationship. Each genre is linked to many material entries, but each material is linked to one genre entry.

Constraints:

- Material demonstrates total participation, ensuring that every material in the library is associated with a genre.
- Catalog displays partial participation, signifying that not every genre needs to be associated with a material entry.

MATERIAL AUTHORSHIP OF AUTHOR:

It displays Many to One relationship. Where each authorship is linked to many material entries, but each material is linked to one authorship entry.

Constraints:

• Both Material and Authorship exhibit total participation, indicating that every material in the library must belong to an authorship, and conversely, every authorship must be associated with a material.

MATERIAL BORROWED OUT BORROW:

It shows one to many relationship. Every material is linked to one borrow entry, whereas each borrow is linked to many material entries.

Constraints:

- Borrow demonstrates total participation, ensuring that every borrowing activity within the library is associated with a material.
- Material displays partial participation, indicating that not every material entry needs to be associated with a borrowing activity.

BORROW ISSUED BY STAFF:

It shows many to one relationship. Every borrow is linked to one staff entry, whereas each staff is linked to many borrow entry.

Constraints:

- Borrow exhibits total participation, ensuring that every borrowing activity within the library is associated with a staff member.
- Staff demonstrates partial participation, indicating that not every staff member needs to be associated with a borrowing activity.

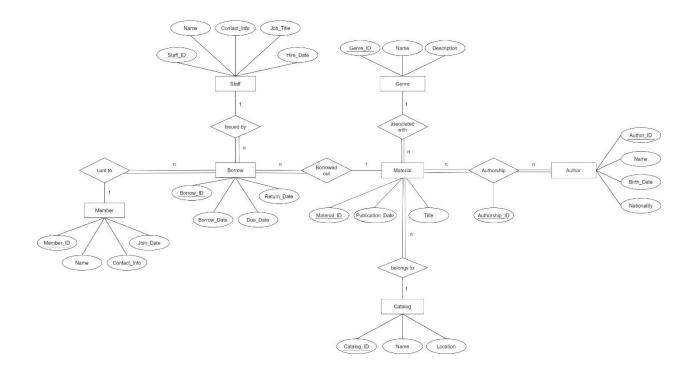
BORROW LENT TO MEMBER:

It shows many to one relationship. Every borrow is linked to one member entry, whereas each borrow is linked to many member entries.

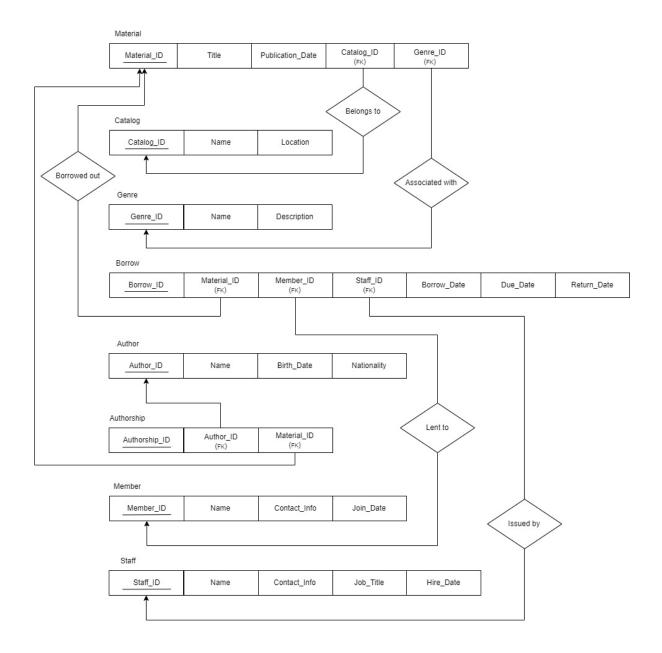
Constraints:

- Borrow demonstrates total participation, ensuring that every borrowing activity within the library is associated with a member.
- Member displays partial participation, indicating that not every member needs to be associated with a borrowing activity.

ENTITY – RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM:



RELATIONAL SCHEMA:



DATABASE IMPLEMENTATION:

PostgreSQL was selected as the primary database management system (DBMS) for the library management system implementation. This powerful open-source object-relational database offers

a combination of features, high dependability, and good performance, making it an ideal solution for meeting the requirements of the project. PostgreSQL emerges as a practical choice for the project, providing the necessary foundation for building a scalable, reliable, and efficient library management system.

SCHEMA CREATION:

```
Catalog:
-- Create Catalog table
CREATE TABLE Catalog (
  Catalog_ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
 Location VARCHAR(255)
);
Genre:
-- Create Genre table
CREATE TABLE Genre (
  Genre ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  Description TEXT
);
Author:
-- Create Author table
CREATE TABLE Author (
 Author ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  Birth_Date DATE,
  Nationality VARCHAR(100)
```

```
Anusha Goulla
G01452111
);
Member:
-- Create Member table
CREATE TABLE Member (
  Member ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  Contact Info VARCHAR(255),
  Join Date DATE
);
Staff:
-- Create Staff table
CREATE TABLE Staff (
  Staff ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  Contact_Info VARCHAR(255),
  Job Title VARCHAR(100),
  Hire Date DATE
);
Material:
-- Create Material table
CREATE TABLE Material (
  Material ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Title VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  Publication Date DATE,
  Catalog ID INT REFERENCES Catalog(Catalog ID),
  Genre_ID INT REFERENCES Genre(Genre_ID)
);
```

```
Borrow:
-- Create Borrow table
CREATE TABLE Borrow (
  Borrow ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Material ID INT REFERENCES Material (Material ID),
  Member ID INT REFERENCES Member ID),
  Staff ID INT REFERENCES Staff(Staff ID),
  Borrow Date DATE,
  Due Date DATE,
  Return Date DATE
);
Authorship:
-- Create Authorship table
CREATE TABLE Authorship (
  Authorship ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  Author ID INT REFERENCES Author(Author ID),
  Material ID INT REFERENCES Material (Material ID)
);
DATABASE POPULATION:
Catalog:
INSERT INTO Catalog (Catalog ID, Name, Location)
VALUES
  (1, 'Books', 'A1.1'),
  (2, 'Magazines', 'B2.1'),
  (3, 'E-Books', 'C3.1'),
  (4, 'Audiobooks', 'D4.1'),
```

(5, 'Journals', 'E5.1'),

```
(6, 'Newspaper', 'F6.1'),
(7, 'Maps', 'G7.1'),
(8, 'Novels', 'H8.1'),
(9, 'Sheet Music', 'I9.1'),
(10, 'Educational', 'J10.1');
```

Genre:

INSERT INTO Genre (Genre_ID, Name, Description)

VALUES

- (1, 'General Fiction', 'Literary works with a focus on character and plot development, exploring various themes and human experiences.'),
- (2, 'Mystery & Thriller', 'Suspenseful stories centered around crime, investigation, or espionage with an emphasis on tension and excitement.'),
- (3, 'Science Fiction & Fantasy', 'Imaginative works that explore alternate realities, futuristic concepts, and magical or supernatural elements.'),
- (4, 'Horror & Suspense', 'Stories designed to evoke fear, unease, or dread, often featuring supernatural or psychological elements.'),
- (5, 'Dystopian & Apocalyptic', 'Depictions of societies in decline or collapse, often exploring themes of political and social oppression or environmental disaster.'),
- (6, 'Classics', 'Enduring works of literature that have stood the test of time, often featuring rich language and complex themes.'),
- (7, 'Historical Fiction', 'Fictional stories set in the past, often based on real historical events or figures, and exploring the customs and experiences of that time.'),
- (8, 'Epic Poetry & Mythology', 'Ancient or traditional stories and poems, often featuring heroes, gods, and mythical creatures, and exploring cultural values and beliefs.');

Author:

INSERT INTO Author (Author_ID, Name, Birth_Date, Nationality)

VALUES

- (1, 'Jane Austen', '1775-12-16', 'British'),
- (2, 'Ernest Hemingway', '1899-07-21', 'American'),

- (3, 'George Orwell', '1903-06-25', 'British'),
- (4, 'Scott Fitzgerald', '1896-09-24', 'American'),
- (5, 'J.K. Rowling', '1965-07-31', 'British'),
- (6, 'Mark Twain', '1835-11-30', 'American'),
- (7, 'Leo Tolstoy', '1828-09-09', 'Russian'),
- (8, 'Virginia Woolf', '1882-01-25', 'British'),
- (9, 'Gabriel Márquez', '1927-03-06', 'Colombian'),
- (10, 'Charles Dickens', '1812-02-07', 'British'),
- (11, 'Harper Lee', '1926-04-28', 'American'),
- (12, 'Oscar Wilde', '1854-10-16', 'Irish'),
- (13, 'William Shakespeare', '1564-04-26', 'British'),
- (14, 'Franz Kafka', '1883-07-03', 'Czech'),
- (15, 'James Joyce', '1882-02-02', 'Irish'),
- (16, 'J.R.R. Tolkien', '1892-01-03', 'British'),
- (17, 'Emily Brontë', '1818-07-30', 'British'),
- (18, 'Toni Morrison', '1931-02-18', 'American'),
- (19, 'Fyodor Dostoevsky', '1821-11-11', 'Russian'),
- (20, 'Lucas Piki', '1847-10-16', 'British');

Member:

INSERT INTO Member (Member_ID, Name, Contact_Info, Join_Date)

VALUES

- (1, 'Alice Johnson', 'alice.johnson@email.com', '2018-01-10'),
- (2, 'Bob Smith', 'bob.smith@email.com', '2018-03-15'),
- (3, 'Carol Brown', 'carol.brown@email.com', '2018-06-20'),
- (4, 'David Williams', 'david.williams@email.com', '2018-09-18'),
- (5, 'Emily Miller', 'emily.miller@email.com', '2019-02-12'),
- (6, 'Frank Davis', 'frank.davis@email.com', '2019-05-25'),

- (7, 'Grace Wilson', 'grace.wilson@email.com', '2019-08-15'),
- (8, 'Harry Garcia', 'harry.garcia@email.com', '2019-11-27'),
- (9, 'Isla Thomas', 'isla.thomas@email.com', '2020-03-04'),
- (10, 'Jack Martinez', 'jack.martinez@email.com', '2020-07-01'),
- (11, 'Kate Anderson', 'kate.anderson@email.com', '2020-09-30'),
- (12, 'Luke Jackson', 'luke.jackson@email.com', '2021-01-18'),
- (13, 'Mia White', 'mia.white@email.com', '2021-04-27'),
- (14, 'Noah Harris', 'noah.harris@email.com', '2021-07-13'),
- (15, 'Olivia Clark', 'olivia.clark@email.com', '2021-10-05'),
- (16, 'Peter Lewis', 'peter.lewis@email.com', '2021-12-01'),
- (17, 'Quinn Hall', 'quinn.hall@email.com', '2022-02-28'),
- (18, 'Rachel Young', 'rachel.young@email.com', '2022-06-17'),
- (19, 'Sam Walker', 'sam.walker@email.com', '2022-09-25'),
- (20, 'Tiffany Allen', 'tiffany.allen@email.com', '2022-12-10');

Staff:

INSERT INTO Staff (Staff_ID, Name, Contact_Info, Job_Title, Hire_Date)
VALUES

- (1, 'Amy Green', 'amy.green@email.com', 'Librarian', '2017-06-01'),
- (2, 'Brian Taylor', 'brian.taylor@email.com', 'Library Assistant', '2018-11-15'),
- (3, 'Christine King', 'chris.king@email.com', 'Library Assistant', '2019-05-20'),
- (4, 'Daniel Wright', 'dan.wright@email.com', 'Library Technician', '2020-02-01');

Material:

INSERT INTO Material (Material_ID, Title, Publication_Date, Catalog_ID, Genre_ID) VALUES

- (1, 'The Catcher in the Rye', '1951-07-16', 1, 1),
- (2, 'To Kill a Mockingbird', '1960-07-11', 2, 1),
- (3, 'The Da Vinci Code', '2003-04-01', 3, 2),

(4, 'The Hobbit', '1937-09-21', 4, 3), (5, 'The Shining', '1977-01-28', 5, 4), (6, 'Pride and Prejudice', '1813-01-28', 1, 1), (7, 'The Great Gatsby', '1925-04-10', 2, 1), (8, 'Moby Dick', '1851-10-18', 3, 1), (9, 'Crime and Punishment', '1866-01-01', 4, 1), (10, 'The Hitchhiker''s Guide to the Galaxy', '1979-10-12', 5, 3), (11, '1984', '1949-06-08', 1, 5), (12, 'Animal Farm', '1945-08-17', 2, 5), (13, 'The Haunting of Hill House', '1959-10-17', 3, 4), (14, 'Brave New World', '1932-08-01', 4, 5), (15, 'The Chronicles of Narnia: The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe', '1950-10-16', 5, 3), (16, 'The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn', '1884-12-10', 6, 1), (17, 'Catch-22', '1961-10-11', 7, 1), (18, 'The Picture of Dorian Gray', '1890-07-01', 8, 1), (19, 'The Call of Cthulhu', '1928-02-01', 9, 4), (20, 'Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone', '1997-06-26', 10, 3), (21, 'Frankenstein', '1818-01-01', 6, 4), (22, 'A Tale of Two Cities', '1859-04-30', 7, 1), (23, 'The Iliad', '1750-01-01', 8, 6), (24, 'The Odyssey', '1725-01-01', 9, 6), (25, 'The Brothers Karamazov', '1880-01-01', 10, 1), (26, 'The Divine Comedy', '1320-01-01', 6, 6), (27, 'The Grapes of Wrath', '1939-04-14', 7, 1), (28, 'The Old Man and the Sea', '1952-09-01', 8, 1), (29, 'The Count of Monte Cristo', '1844-01-01', 9, 1),

(30, 'A Midsummer Night's Dream', '1596-01-01', 10, 7),

(31, 'The Tricky Book', '1888-01-01', 10, 7);

Borrow:

INSERT INTO Borrow (Borrow_ID, Material_ID, Member_ID, Staff_ID, Borrow_Date, Due_Date, Return_Date)

VALUES

- (1, 1, 1, 1, '2018-09-12', '2018-10-03', '2018-09-30'),
- (2, 2, 2, 1, '2018-10-15', '2018-11-05', '2018-10-29'),
- (3, 3, 3, 1, '2018-12-20', '2019-01-10', '2019-01-08'),
- (4, 4, 4, 1, '2019-03-11', '2019-04-01', '2019-03-27'),
- (5, 5, 5, 1, '2019-04-20', '2019-05-11', '2019-05-05'),
- (6, 6, 6, 1, '2019-07-05', '2019-07-26', '2019-07-21'),
- (7, 7, 7, 1, '2019-09-10', '2019-10-01', '2019-09-25'),
- (8, 8, 8, 1, '2019-11-08', '2019-11-29', '2019-11-20'),
- (9, 9, 9, 1, '2020-01-15', '2020-02-05', '2020-02-03'),
- (10, 10, 10, 1, '2020-03-12', '2020-04-02', '2020-03-28'),
- (11, 1, 11, 2, '2020-05-14', '2020-06-04', '2020-05-28'),
- (12, 2, 12, 2, '2020-07-21', '2020-08-11', '2020-08-02'),
- (13, 3, 13, 2, '2020-09-25', '2020-10-16', '2020-10-15'),
- (14, 4, 1, 2, '2020-11-08', '2020-11-29', '2020-11-24'),
- (15, 5, 2, 2, '2021-01-03', '2021-01-24', '2021-01-19'),
- (16, 6, 3, 2, '2021-02-18', '2021-03-11', '2021-03-12'),
- (17, 17, 4, 2, '2021-04-27', '2021-05-18', '2021-05-20'),
- (18, 18, 5, 2, '2021-06-13', '2021-07-04', '2021-06-28'),
- (19, 19, 6, 2, '2021-08-15', '2021-09-05', '2021-09-03'),
- (20, 20, 7, 2, '2021-10-21', '2021-11-11', NULL),
- (21, 21, 1, 3, '2021-11-29', '2021-12-20', NULL),
- (22, 22, 2, 3, '2022-01-10', '2022-01-31', '2022-01-25'),

```
(23, 23, 3, 3, '2022-02-07', '2022-02-28', '2022-02-23'),
```

Authorship:

INSERT INTO Authorship (Authorship ID, Author ID, Material ID)

VALUES

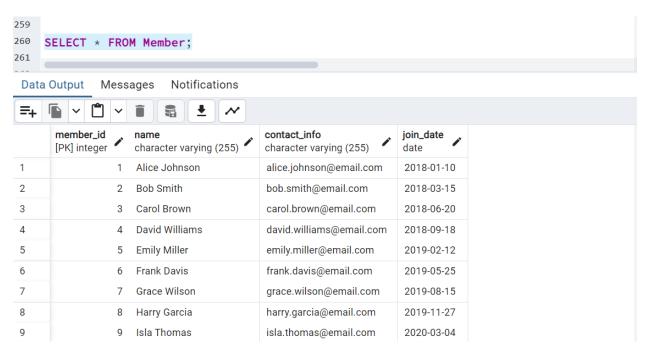
- (1, 1, 1),
- (2, 2, 2),
- (3, 3, 3),
- (4, 4, 4),
- (5, 5, 5),
- (6, 6, 6),

- (7, 7, 7),
- (8, 8, 8),
- (9, 9, 9),
- (10, 10, 10),
- (11, 11, 11),
- (12, 12, 12),
- (13, 13, 13),
- (14, 14, 14),
- (15, 15, 15),
- (16, 16, 16),
- (17, 17, 17),
- (18, 18, 18),
- (19, 19, 19),
- (20, 20, 20),
- (21, 1, 21),
- (22, 2, 22),
- (23, 3, 22),
- (24, 3, 23),
- (25, 4, 24),
- (26, 5, 25),
- (27, 6, 26),
- (28, 7, 27),
- (29, 8, 28),
- (30, 19, 28),
- (31, 9, 29),
- (32, 10, 30),
- (33, 8, 30),

(34, 2, 29);

QUERYING AND MANIPULATION:

Fetch:



Insert:

```
261
     --Insert
     INSERT INTO Author (Author_ID, Name, Birth_Date, Nationality)
263
264
          (21, 'Anusha Goulla', '2001-02-20', 'Indian');
     SELECT * FROM Author WHERE Name like '%Anusha%';
266
267
268
 Data Output
              Messages
                          Notifications
 =+ |
       author_id
                                                       nationality
                                          birth_date
                                                       character varying (100)
       [PK] integer
                    character varying (255)
                                          date
 1
                    Anusha Goulla
                                           2001-02-20
```

Update:



Delete:

```
272 -- Delete
    Delete from Author where author id = 21;
274
    select * from Author where author_id =21;
275
276 -- Query1
Data Output Messages
                       Notifications
=+ □ ∨ □ ∨
      author_id
                   name
                                        birth_date
                                                   nationality
      [PK] integer
                                                    character varying (100)
                   character varying (255)
                                        date
```

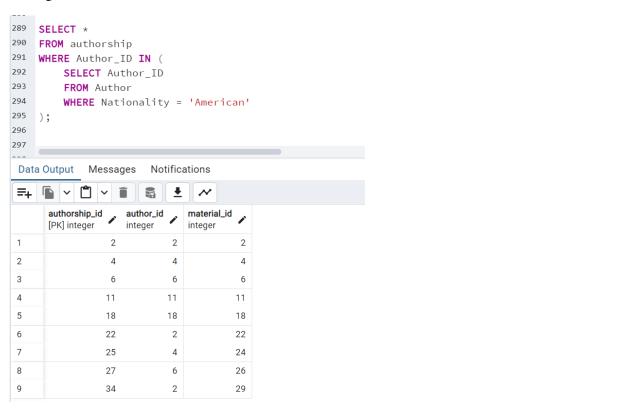
Joins:

```
276
      --Joins
277
278
    Select m.title, g.name from material m inner join genre g
     on m.genre_id = g.genre_id ;
280
281
 Data Output Messages Notifications
      character varying (255)
       character varying (255)
        The Catcher in the Rye
                                                               General Fiction
 2
        To Kill a Mockingbird
                                                               General Fiction
 3
        The Da Vinci Code
                                                               Mystery & Thriller
 4
        The Hobbit
                                                               Science Fiction & Fantasy
        The Shining
 5
                                                              Horror & Suspense
        Pride and Prejudice
                                                               General Fiction
 6
 7
        The Great Gatsby
                                                               General Fiction
 8
        Moby Dick
                                                               General Fiction
        Crime and Punishment
                                                               General Fiction
```

Aggregation:

```
200
    -- Aggregation
282
    SELECT Genre.name, COUNT(Material.Material_ID) AS Total_Materials
283
    LEFT JOIN Material ON Genre.Genre_ID = Material.Genre_ID
285
     GROUP BY Genre.Name;
286
287
 Data Output
                          Notifications
              Messages
                               <u>+</u>
      total_materials
       character varying (255)
                             bigint
       General Fiction
                                          14
 1
 2
       Classics
                                           3
 3
       Horror & Suspense
                                           4
 4
       Dystopian & Apocalyptic
                                           3
 5
       Historical Fiction
                                           2
 6
       Mystery & Thriller
                                           1
 7
       Epic Poetry & Mythology
                                           0
       Science Fiction & Fantasy
                                           4
```

Sub Queries:



Queries/Updates:

1. Which materials are currently available in the library? If a material is borrowed and not returned, it's not considered available.

Query:

SELECT * FROM Material WHERE Material_ID NOT IN (SELECT Material_ID FROM Borrow WHERE Return_Date IS NULL);

SELECT * FROM Material WHERE Material_ID NOT IN (SELECT Material_ID FROM Borrow
WHERE Return_Date IS NULL);

	material_id [PK] integer	title character varying (255)	publication_date date	catalog_id integer	genre_id integer
1	3	The Da Vinci Code	2003-04-01	3	2
2	11	1984	1949-06-08	1	5
3	12	Animal Farm	1945-08-17	2	5
4	13	The Haunting of Hill House	1959-10-17	3	4
5	14	Brave New World	1932-08-01	4	5
6	15	The Chronicles of Narnia: The Lion, the Witch and the Wardro	1950-10-16	5	3
7	16	The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn	1884-12-10	6	1
8	17	Catch-22	1961-10-11	7	1
9	18	The Picture of Dorian Gray	1890-07-01	8	1
10	19	The Call of Cthulhu	1928-02-01	9	4
11	22	A Tale of Two Cities	1859-04-30	7	1
12	23	The Iliad	1750-01-01	8	6
13	24	The Odyssey	1725-01-01	9	6
14	25	The Brothers Karamazov	1880-01-01	10	1
15	26	The Divine Comedy	1320-01-01	6	6
16	27	The Grapes of Wrath	1939-04-14	7	1
17	28	The Old Man and the Sea	1952-09-01	8	1
18	29	The Count of Monte Cristo	1844-01-01	9	1
19	30	A Midsummer Night's Dream	1596-01-01	10	7
20	31	The Tricky Book	1888-01-01	10	7

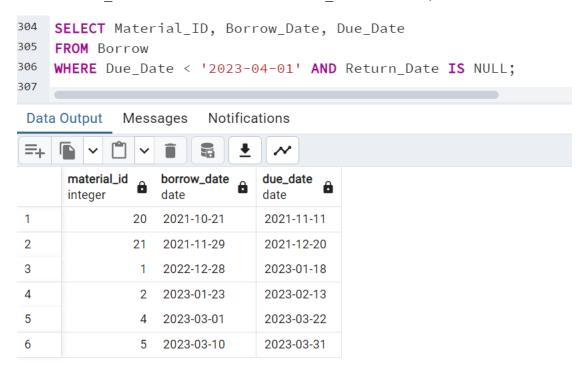
2. Which materials are currently overdue? Suppose today is 04/01/2023 and show the borrow date and due date of each material.

Query:

 $SELECT\ Material_ID,\ Borrow_Date,\ Due_Date$

FROM Borrow

WHERE Due Date < '2023-04-01' AND Return Date IS NULL;



3. What are the top 10 most borrowed materials in the library? Show the title of each material and order them based on their available counts.

Query:

SELECT Material. Title, COUNT(Borrow.Material ID) AS Borrow Count

FROM Material

INNER JOIN Borrow ON Material. Material ID = Borrow. Material ID

GROUP BY Material. Material ID

ORDER BY Borrow Count DESC

LIMIT 10;

```
309
     SELECT Material.Title, COUNT(Borrow.Material_ID) AS Borrow_Count
310
     FROM Material
311
     INNER JOIN Borrow ON Material.Material_ID = Borrow.Material_ID
312
     GROUP BY Material.Material_ID
313
     ORDER BY Borrow_Count DESC
314
     LIMIT 10;
315
 Data Output
               Messages
                            Notifications
                                <u>*</u>
=+
       title
                                       borrow_count
                                       bigint
       character varying (255)
       The Hobbit
                                                    3
1
2
       To Kill a Mockingbird
                                                    3
       The Shining
3
                                                    3
       Pride and Prejudice
4
                                                    3
5
       The Catcher in the Rye
                                                    3
6
       The Da Vinci Code
                                                    3
7
       The Great Gatsby
                                                    2
8
       Crime and Punishment
                                                    2
9
       The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy
                                                    2
10
       Moby Dick
                                                    2
```

4. How many materials has the author Lucas Piki written?

Query:

SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total Materials

FROM Authorship

WHERE Author ID = (SELECT Author ID FROM Author WHERE Name = 'Lucas Piki');

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total_Materials

FROM Authorship
WHERE Author_ID = (SELECT Author_ID FROM Author WHERE Name = 'Lucas Piki');

Data Output Messages Notifications

Total_materials bigint

1 1
```

5. How many materials were written by two or more authors?

Query:

SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total Materials

FROM (SELECT Material_ID FROM Authorship GROUP BY Material_ID HAVING COUNT(*) >= 2) AS Multi_Authored_Materials;



6. What are the most popular genres in the library ranked by the total number of borrowed times of each genre?

Query:

SELECT Genre.Name, COUNT(Borrow.Material ID) AS Borrow Count

FROM Genre

INNER JOIN Material ON Genre.Genre ID = Material.Genre ID

INNER JOIN Borrow ON Material. Material ID = Borrow. Material ID

GROUP BY Genre. Genre ID

ORDER BY Borrow Count DESC;

```
326 -- Query6 --
327
     SELECT Genre.Name, COUNT(Borrow.Material_ID) AS Borrow_Count
328
     FROM Genre
329
     INNER JOIN Material ON Genre.Genre ID = Material.Genre ID
330
     INNER JOIN Borrow ON Material.Material_ID = Borrow.Material_ID
331
    GROUP BY Genre Genre ID
332
    ORDER BY Borrow Count DESC;
333
 Data Output
              Messages
                          Notifications
 =+
       name
                             borrow_count
                                        ۵
       character varying (255)
                             bigint
 1
       General Fiction
                                        22
 2
       Science Fiction & Fantasy
                                         6
 3
       Horror & Suspense
                                         5
 4
       Classics
                                         3
 5
       Mystery & Thriller
                                         3
 6
       Historical Fiction
                                         1
```

7. How many materials had been borrowed from 09/2020-10/2020?

Query:

SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total Borrowed Materials

FROM Borrow

WHERE Borrow_Date BETWEEN '2020-09-01' AND '2020-10-31';

```
334 -- Query7 --
335
    SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total_Borrowed_Materials
336
    FROM Borrow
337
    WHERE Borrow_Date BETWEEN '2020-09-01' AND '2020-10-31';
338
 Data Output
             Messages
                       Notifications
                            . •
=+
      total_borrowed_materials
      bigint
1
                         1
```

8. How do you update the "Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone" when it is returned on 04/01/2023?

Query:

UPDATE Borrow

SET Return Date = '2023-04-01'

WHERE Material_ID = (SELECT Material_ID FROM Material WHERE Title = 'Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone') AND Return Date IS NULL;

SELECT * from Borrow WHERE Material ID = '20'

```
339
    -- Query8 --
340
    UPDATE Borrow
341
    SET Return_Date = '2023-04-01'
342
    WHERE Material ID = (SELECT Material ID FROM Material
343
                             WHERE Title = 'Harry Potter and the Philosopher''s Stone')
344
                             AND Return Date IS NULL;
345
    SELECT * from Borrow WHERE Material_ID = '20'
346
 Data Output
              Messages
                         Notifications
=+
                                                        borrow_date
      borrow_id
                    material_id
                                member_id
                                             staff_id
                                                                      due_date
                                                                                  return_date
      [PK] integer
                    integer
                                integer
                                             integer
                                                                                  date
                                                        date
                                                                      date
1
                20
                             20
                                                         2021-10-21
                                                                       2021-11-11
                                                                                  2023-04-01
```

9. How do you delete the member Emily Miller and all her related records from the database?

Query:

DELETE FROM Borrow WHERE Member ID = 5;

DELETE FROM Member WHERE Name = 'Emily Miller';

SELECT * FROM Member WHERE Name = 'Emily Miller';

```
347
    -- Query9 --
348
    DELETE FROM Borrow WHERE Member_ID = 5;
349
    DELETE FROM Member WHERE Name = 'Emily Miller';
350
    SELECT * FROM Member WHERE Name = 'Emily Miller';
351
 Data Output
              Messages
                          Notifications
=+
      member_id
                                          contact_info
                                                                join_date
      [PK] integer
                    character varying (255)
                                          character varying (255)
                                                                date
```

10. How do you add the following material to the database?

Title: New book

Date: 2020-08-01

Catalog: E-Books

Genre: Mystery & Thriller Author: Lucas Luke

Query:

-- Insert new author

INSERT INTO Author (author id, Name)

VALUES (21,'Lucas Luke');

select * from author where author id = 21;

--Insert new material

INSERT INTO Material (material id, Title, Publication Date, Catalog ID,

Genre ID)

VALUES (32,'New Book', '2020-08-01',

(SELECT Catalog ID FROM Catalog WHERE Name = 'E-Books'),

(SELECT Genre ID FROM Genre WHERE Name = 'Mystery & Thriller'));

select * from material where material id = 32;

-- Insert authorship record

INSERT INTO Authorship (Authorship ID, Author ID, Material ID) VALUES(35,(SELECT Author ID FROM Author WHERE Name = 'Lucas Luke'),32); select * from authorship where authorship id = 35; -- Insert new author 354 INSERT INTO Author (author id, Name) 355 VALUES (21, 'Lucas Luke'); 356 select * from author where author_id = 21; 357 **Data Output** Messages Notifications =+ nationality author_id birth_date [PK] integer character varying (255) character varying (100) date 1 21 Lucas Luke 358 --Insert new material 359 INSERT INTO Material (material_id, Title, Publication_Date, Catalog_ID, 360 Genre ID) 361 VALUES (32, 'New Book', '2020-08-01', 362 (SELECT Catalog_ID FROM Catalog WHERE Name = 'E-Books'), 363 (SELECT Genre_ID FROM Genre WHERE Name = 'Mystery & Thriller')); 364 select * from material where material_id = 32; 365 **Data Output** Messages Notifications =+ publication_date material_id catalog_id genre_id [PK] integer character varying (255) integer integer 1 New Book 2020-08-01 3 2 32



Design of Extended Features:

1. Alert staff about overdue materials on a daily basis?

Identifying Overdue Materials: Writing an SQL query to select materials that are overdue based on the current date and the due date recorded in the database.

Query:

SELECT Material ID, Title, Due Date

FROM Borrow

WHERE Return Date IS NULL AND Due Date < CURRENT DATE;

We can implement a notification system using email, SMS, or an in-app notification feature, and schedule a daily task using Task Scheduler to execute a script that queries overdue materials and sends notifications to staff.

2. Automatically deactivate the membership based on the member's overdue occurrence (>=three times). And reactivate the membership once the member pays the overdue fee.

To automatically deactivate memberships based on members' overdue occurrences (three times or more), and reactivate memberships upon payment of overdue fees, we can implement a monitoring system to track overdue occurrences, suspend memberships programmatically upon reaching the limit, and provide a mechanism for members to reactivate their memberships upon fee payment.

Track Overdue Occurrences: Creating a table to track overdue occurrences for each member. This table stores Member_ID and a count of overdue occurrences.

```
CREATE TABLE OverdueOccurrences (

Member_ID INT,

OverdueCount INT,

PRIMARY KEY (Member_ID)
);
```

Deactivate Memberships: Use a trigger or stored procedure to monitor overdue occurrences and automatically deactivate memberships when the count exceeds the limit (three times).

```
CREATE TRIGGER UpdateOverdueCount AFTER UPDATE ON Borrow
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN

IF NEW.Return_Date > NEW.Due_Date THEN

UPDATE OverdueOccurrences

SET OverdueCount = OverdueCount + 1

WHERE Member_ID = NEW.Member_ID;

END IF;

END;

UPDATE Members
SET MembershipStatus = 'Inactive'
WHERE Member_ID IN (
SELECT Member_ID
```

FROM OverdueOccurrences

```
WHERE OverdueCount >= 3 );
```

Reactivate Memberships: Provide a mechanism for members to reactivate their memberships upon payment of overdue fees. This might involve updating the membership status in the database once the fee is paid.

```
UPDATE Members

SET MembershipStatus = 'Active'

WHERE Member ID = :member id;
```

Conclusion:

In summary, the development of the library management system represents an effort to design and implement a functional and efficient database solution for the needs of a public library. Through meticulous database design, implementation, and querying, we have constructed a system capable of managing various library resources, facilitating membership management, streamlining borrowing processes, and providing insightful reporting and analytics.