	Utech
Name :	
Roll No.:	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
Invigilator's Signature :	

# CS/B.TECH/CSE/SEM-8/CS-801B/2013 2013

## **SOFT COMPUTING**

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

- GROUP A

  ( Multiple Choice Type Questions )

  1. Choose the correct answer for the following: 10 × 1 = 10

  i) Perceptron in an example of

  a) Artificial Neural Network

  b) Genetic Algorithm

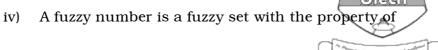
  c) Expert System

  d) Fuzzy Logic.
  - ii) Fuzzy set theory was introduced by
    - a) Zadeh

- b) Rosenblatt
- c) Minsky
- d) Glover.
- iii) The boundary of the fuzzy A set is defined by those elements x of the universe such that
  - a)  $\mu A(x) = 1$
- b)  $\mu A(x) = 0$
- c)  $0 < \mu A(x) < 1$
- d)  $0 \le \mu A(x) \le 1$ .

8203 Turn over

#### CS/B.TECH/CSE/SEM-8/CS-801B/2013



- a) only normal
- only convex b)
- both normal and convex c)
- d) normal but not convex.
- v) Let A and B are two fuzzy sets with membership function  $\mu$ . Then ( x )  $A \cup B$   $\mu$  is equal to
  - a)
- $\mu_A(x) + \mu_B(x)$  b)  $\mu_A(x) \mu_B(x)$ 
  - $MAX \left\{ \mu_A(x), \ \mu_B(x) \right\} \quad d) \qquad MIN \left\{ \mu_A(x), \ \mu_B(x) \right\}.$ c)
- vi) The Back Propagation learning rule is ...... type of learning.
  - Supervised a)
- Competitive b)
- Boltzmann c)
- d) Reinforcement.
- vii) X-OR problem can be solved by
  - single layer perceptron a)
  - Bayes' theorem b)
  - multi-layer peceptron c)
  - d) all of these.



viii) Combination of genes for representing a particular property of an individual is known as

a) gene

b) genome

c) allele

d) chromosome.

ix) Consider two strings A=11011 and B=00110. After one of the steps of Genetic Algorithm, the string has the values A=11010 and B=00111 then the step is

- a) Mutation
- b) Reproduction
- c) Crossover
- d) none of these.
- x) The problem with simulated annealing is
  - a) It is approximate
  - b) It is a low rate convergence
  - c) It does not yield the desired output
  - d) none of these.

#### **GROUP - B**

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.



### 2. If A and B are two fuzzy sets:

(i) 
$$A = \{ (x_1, \ 0 \cdot 2), (x_2, \ 0 \cdot 7), (x_3.1), (x_4, \ 0) \}$$
  
 $B = \{ (x_1, \ 0 \cdot 5), (x_2, \ 0 \cdot 3), (x_3, \ 1), (x_4, \ 0 \cdot 1) \},$ 

find the difference in fuzzy sets.

(ii) 
$$A = \left\{ (x_1, \ 0 \cdot 4), \ (x_2, \ 0 \cdot 8), \ (x_3, \ 1), \ (x_4, \ 0) \right\}$$

$$B = \left\{ (x_1, \ 0 \cdot 4), \ (x_2, \ 0 \cdot 3), \ (x_3, \ 0), \ (x_4, \ 0) \right\},$$
find the distance in fuzzy sets.  $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$ 

## 3. a) What is the composition of fuzzy relation?

b) If *R* and *S* are two fuzzy relations, then find out the composition of the following fuzzy relation :

R	а	В	c	D	S	α	β	γ
1	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.0	a	0.9	0.0	0.3
2	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.2	b	0.2	1.0	0.8
3	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.4	c	0.8	0.0	0.7
					d	0.4	0.2	0.3

2 + 3

4. What are meant by feed forward net, competitive net and sigmoidal function?

8203



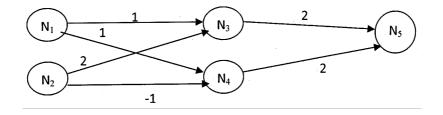
- 5. Explain convex fuzzy set and magnitude fuzzy set with an example.
- 6. Given two fuzzy numbers "Approx 3" =  $\left\{ \frac{0 \cdot 2}{2} + \frac{1 \cdot 0}{3} + \frac{0 \cdot 2}{4} \right\}$  and "Approx 2" =  $\left\{ \frac{0 \cdot 3}{1} + \frac{1 \cdot 0}{2} + \frac{0 \cdot 3}{3} \right\}$ ; find "Approx 6" using "Approx 6" = " Approx 3" × " Approx 2".

#### **GROUP - C**

## (Long Answer Type Questions)

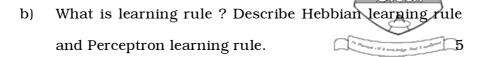
Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

- 7. a) Consider the neural network of McCulloch-Pitts neuron shown in fig. Each neuron (other than the input neuron  $N_1$  and  $N_2$ ) has a threshold 2.
  - (i) Define the response of neuron  $N_5$  at time t in terms of the activations of the input neuron,  $N_1$  and  $N_2$  at the appropriate time.
  - (ii) Show that the activation of each neuron that results from an input signal of  $N_1 = 1$ ,  $N_2 = 0$  at t = 0;



8

#### CS/B.TECH/CSE/SEM-8/CS-801B/2013



c) What is an activation function?

2

8. a) Describe fuzzy homorphism with the following example where R and S are fuzzy relation. 5

R	а	b	C	d	S	α	β	γ
а	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	α	0.6	0.8	0.0
b	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	β	1.0	0.0	0.6
С	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	γ	0.6	0.0	0.0
d	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0				

b) Explain trapezoidal fuzzy number.

If A=(1,5,6,9) and B=(2,2,5,8) are two trapezoidal fuzzy numbers, then find out their multiplication and addition. 2+4

c) Define the following:

4

- (i) Core
- (ii) Support
- (iii) Boundary
- (iv)  $\lambda$ -cut.
- 9. a) What is heteroassociative memory network?
  - b) What is an algorithm of heteroassociative memory net?

4

2

8203



- A heteroassociative net is trained by Hebb outer product rule for input row vectors  $S = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)$  to output row vectors  $t = (t_1, t_2)$ . Find the weigh matrix.
- d) What is cylindrical extension?

3

10. a) What are Ga's? What are its benefits? Explain with the help of a flowchart the working principle of Ga's.

1 + 2 + 3

b) Explain fitness proportionate selection.

3

- c) What are the different types of crossover ? What happens when
  - (i) Crossover rate is decreased
  - (ii) Mutation rate is increased.

 $2 + (2 \times 2)$ 

11. Write short notes on any *three* of the following :

 $3 \times 5$ 

- a) S-norm and T-norm
- b) Fitness function
- c) Boltzman machine
- d) ANN architectures
- e) Simulated annealing.