



Name : .....

Roll No. : .....

Invigilator's Signature : .....

**CS/B.Tech(EE)/SEM-5/EE-503/2009-10**

**2009**

**CONTROL SYSTEM – I**

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

*Graph sheet(s) & semi-log paper(s) will be provided by  
the institution.*

**GROUP – A**

**( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following :

10 × 1 = 10

- i) Human system is
  - a) a multivariable feedback control system
  - b) an open loop control system
  - c) a single variable control system
  - d) a complex control system.



- ii) The transfer function of the network given below is

- a)  $\frac{1}{1 + sRC}$                       b)  $\frac{sRC}{1 + sRC}$   
c)  $\frac{RC}{1 + sRC}$                       d)  $\frac{1 + sRC}{1 - sRC}$  .

- iii) Single flow graph is

- a) topological representation of a set of differential equations  
b) Bode plot  
c) polar plot  
d) locus of roots.

- iv) The unit impulse response of a linear time invariant second order system is

$$g(t) = 100 e^{-8t} \sin 6t \quad (t \geq 0)$$

The natural frequency and damping fraction of the system are respectively

- a) 10 rad/sec & 0.6                      b) 10 rad/sec & 0.8  
c) 6 rad/sec & 0.6                      d) 6 rad/sec & 0.8



- v) The characteristic equation of a unity feedback system is given by  $s^3 + s^2 + 4s + 4 = 0$ . The system
- has one pole in the RH s plane
  - has no poles in the RH s plane
  - exhibits oscillatory nature
  - both (b) and (c).
- vi) If the gain (  $k$  ) of a system becomes zero, the roots will
- move away from zero
  - move away from poles
  - coincide with the zero
  - coincide with poles.
- vii) For  $\zeta = 0$ ,  $w_r$  is equal to
- 0
  - $w_n$
  - $\frac{w_n}{\sqrt{1 - 2\zeta^2}}$
  - $w_n \sqrt{1 - 3\zeta^2}$ .
- viii) For a type-3 system, the asymptote at a lower frequency will have a slope of
- 6 dB / octave
  - 12 dB / octave
  - 24 dB / octave
  - 40 dB / octave.
- ix) Gain margin is the reciprocal of the gain at the frequency at which the phase angle is
- $90^\circ$
  - $180^\circ$
  - $180^\circ$
  - $0^\circ$ .

$$G_C(s) = \frac{1 + 0.12s}{1 + 0.04s}.$$

a)  $60^\circ$                                       b)  $45^\circ$   
c)  $30^\circ$                                       d)  $15^\circ$ .

- a) the calculations are time consuming for exact plot
- b) it is very difficult to calculate gain & phase margin
- c) plot is cramped at high frequencies
- d) all of these.

- a) first order equation
- b) second order equation
- c) zero order equation
- d) third order equation.

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3 × 5 =

Answer any *three* of the following.

- [ Turn over

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5. A unity feedback system has

$$G(S) = \frac{180}{s(s+6)} \quad \& \quad r(t) = 4t$$



Determine :

- a) the steady state error
  - b) the value of  $k$  to reduce the error by 6%.
6. Determine time response specification for a unit step input to a unit feedback system having  $G(S) = \frac{144}{s(s+12)}$ .

**GROUP – C**

( Long Answer Type Questions )

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) What do you mean by root locus ?
- b) Draw the root locus diagram for the control system shown below and calculate gain at break-away points. Comment on the stability of the system.  $2 + 13$



8. a) Define (i) Bode plot (ii) minimum phase function (iii) all pass function.
- b) Sketch the Bode plot for the system having open loop transfer function.

$$G(S) = \frac{16(1 + 0.1s)}{s^2(s + 1)(s + 0.5s)}$$

From the plot determine (i) phase margin (ii) gain margin (iii) stability of the system. 3 + 12

9. a) What do you mean by Nyquist criterion ?
- b) For the system with open loop transfer function

$$G(S)H(S) = \frac{40}{(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + 1)}$$

obtain gain margin, phase margin and stability of the system using Nyquist plot. 3 + 12

10. a) Obtain mathematical model of armature controlled DC motor and then determine the transfer function of the system.
- b) What are (i) synchros (ii) position encoder (iii) resolvers ?

9 + 6

11. Write notes on any *three* of the following : 3 × 5

- a) PID controller
- b) Lead-lag compensator
- c) Polar plots
- d) AC tacho generator.

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