

Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/B.Tech/NEW/EE/SEM-6/EE-603/2013

2013

POWER ELECTRONICS

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following :

10 × 1 = 10

- i) A three phase controlled rectifier feeds a purely resistive load. The data are $V_s = 240$ V (RMS) and $R = 24 \Omega$. If the firing angle α is 90° , then the average current delivered to load is

- a) 8.5 A b) 9.65 A
c) 3.38 A d) 6.75 A

- ii) A single phase full converter connected with a very high inductive load operates in of V-I plane

- a) 4 quadrants
b) 3 quadrants
c) 2 quadrants
d) 1 quadrant.

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- iii) The advantage of an 180° conduction three phase inverter over an 120° conduction three phase inverter is

- a) it needs less number of switches
b) there is no paralleling of switches
c) devices in series are not simultaneously switched
d) load terminals are not left open during switching.

- iv) The output voltage waveform of a three phase square wave inverter contains

- a) only odd harmonics
b) both add & even harmonics
c) only even harmonics
d) only triplex harmonics

- v) A free wheeling diode across inductive load of a phase controlled converter will provide

- a) quick turn-on of SCR
b) slow turn-off of SCR
c) reduced utilization factor of transformer
d) improved power factor.

- vi) Switching mode power supplies are superior to linear power supplies in respect of
 - a) size and efficiency b) efficiency & regulation
 - c) regulation & noise d) noise & cost.
- vii) HVDC transmission is preferred to EHV-AC transmission because
 - a) HVDC terminal equipment are expensive
 - b) VAR compensation is not required for HVDC systems
 - c) system stability can be improved
 - d) both (b) & (c)
- viii) Presence of drift layer in a power semiconductor device
 - a) increases breakdown voltage rating
 - b) increases on state current rating
 - c) increases switching speed
 - d) decreases on state resistance.
- ix) The switching frequency of a MOSFET will be reduced with
 - a) an increase in the output impedance of the device
 - b) an increase in the discharge rate of the input capacitance.
 - c) an increase in the source resistance
 - d) a decrease in the discharge rate of the input capacitance.

- x) For a two quadrant type-A chopper, regenerative braking is
 - a) possible at low speeds
 - b) possible at high speeds
 - c) possible at both high & low speeds
 - d) not possible at all.
- xi) The range of firing angle for RC firing circuit is
 - a) $0^\circ - 90^\circ$ b) $90^\circ - 180^\circ$
 - c) $0^\circ - 180^\circ$ d) $45^\circ - 90^\circ$.
- xii) RC snubber circuit is used to limit rate of
 - a) rise of current in SCR
 - b) rise of voltage across SCR
 - c) rise of capacitance of depletion layer
 - d) all of these.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. Discuss briefly with relevant waveforms, the voltage commutation technique used for the commutation of SCRs.
3. Compare the features of an IGBT with a power transistor.

4. Explain briefly the working of class C chopper with relevant diagrams.
5. Describe the effect of source inductance on the dc output voltage of a single phase full controlled bridge converter.
6. Explain with relevant circuit diagrams & waveforms, the principle of operation of single phase to single phase step-up cycloconverter.

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) With the help of associated waveforms & circuit diagrams, explain the principle of operation & derive the expression of average output voltage of a 3 phase full converter supplying a very high inductive load.
- b) A three phase fully controlled SCR bridge converter is supplied with 230 V (RMS) per phase. The source inductance per phase is 0.005 H. The load is highly inductive with constant load current of 20A. Compute -
 - i) firing angle for an output voltage of 436 V
 - ii) overlap angle. 7 + 8

8. a) Discuss with appropriate circuit diagram the principle of operation of a three phase bridge inverter connected with star connected resistive load. The period of conduction of each SCR is 180° . Draw phase & line voltage waveforms of the load. The sequence of firing of various SCRs should also be indicated in the diagram.
- b) Explain the working of a resonant pulse inverter. 9 + 6
9. a) What is the principle of operation of boost regulator? Deduce the expression of output voltage.
- b) The step-down chopper has a resistive load of 10 ohm & the input voltage is 200V. When the chopper is turned on, the voltage drop across the switch is 1V, the chopping frequency is 1 kHz. If the duty cycle is 40%, determine the average output voltage, rms output voltage, efficiency of the chopper & effective input resistance of the chopper. 7 + 8
10. a) Explain with appropriate circuit diagram & waveforms, techniques to improve power factor of phase controlled converters.
- b) How are control of output voltage & harmonic reduction in the output voltage achieved in the inverter? 8 + 7

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11. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : 3×5

- a) Speed control of AC motor with power electronic devices.
- b) Multi-phase choppers
- c) Three phase AC controllers
- d) Parallel operation of SCRs
- e) GTO.
