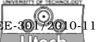
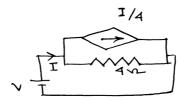
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			2010-1		PAULODIKO
m.	A 11		RCUIT THEORY	X NI	
Time Allotted: 3 Hours					Full Marks : 70
		Th	e figures in the margin i	ndica	te full marks.
Ca	ndid	ates d	are required to give their as far as pr		wers in their own words able.
			GROUP -	A	
		(Multiple Choice Ty	pe Q	uestions)
1.	Cho	ose t	he correct alternatives i	for an	by ten of the following: $10 \times 1 = 10$
	i)	The	Laplace transform	of	a shifted unit step
		f(t)	=U(t-a) is		
		a)	e^{-as}	b)	$e^{-as/s}$
		c)	se^{-as}	d)	$s(1-e^{-as}).$
	ii)		ie-set matrix has 3 nber of twigs is	rows	and 7 branches. The
		a)	3	b)	5
		c)	2	d)	4.
	iii) Unit step function is fist derivative of				
		a)	Ramp function	b)	Impulse function
		c)	Gate function	d)	Parabolic function.

[Turn over



- iv) A circuit having neither an e.m.f. source nor any energy source is
 - a) active circuit
- b) passive circuit
- c) unilateral circuit
- d) bilateral circuit.
- v) In the network shown in the figure, the effective resistance faced by the voltage source is

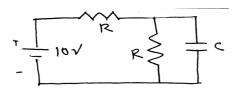


a) 4Ω

b) 3Ω

c) 2Ω

- d) 1Ω .
- vi) The time constant of the network show in the figure is

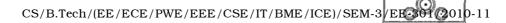


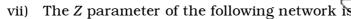
a) 2 RC

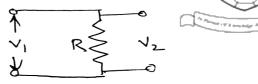
b) 3 RC

c) $\frac{RC}{2}$

d) $\frac{2RC}{3}$

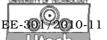






- a) $\begin{bmatrix} R & R \\ R & R \end{bmatrix}$
- b) $\begin{bmatrix} R & 0 \\ 0 & R \end{bmatrix}$
- c) $\begin{bmatrix} R & -R \\ -R & R \end{bmatrix}$
- d) Cannot be determined.
- viii) Two equal impedances $10\angle60^\circ$ are connected in parallel. The equivalent impedance will be
 - a) 20∠60°
- b) 10∠120°
- c) 15∠120°
- d) 5∠60°.
- ix) A series resonant circuit at resonance is called
 - a) an acceptor circuit
- b) a rejector circuit
- c) an oscillator circuit
- d) a damped circuit.
- x) The average power delivered to a reactive load is
 - a) zero

- b) VI sin φ
- c) v(t) + i(t)
- $\mathrm{d)} \quad \ 1\frac{1}{2}V_{\mathrm{m}}\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{m}}\,\sin\,\phi.$



- xi) The output Y and input X of a system are related by the equation Y = mX + c, where m, c are constants. The system is
 - a) linear

- b) non-linear
- c) bilateral
- d) unilateral.
- xii) The Fourier transform can be used to represent
 - a) any signal
 - b) all periodic signals
 - c) all non-periodic signals
 - d) all periodic signals that obey Dirichlet's condition.

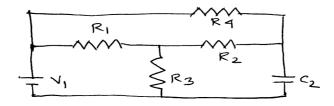
GROUP - B

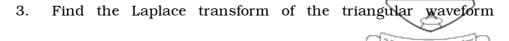
(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.

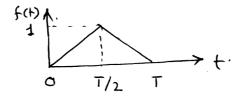
 $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. Draw the oriented graph of the figure shown and find the incidence matrix.

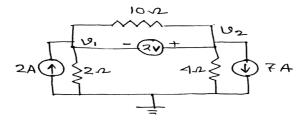




shown.



4. For the circuit shown below, find the mode voltages.

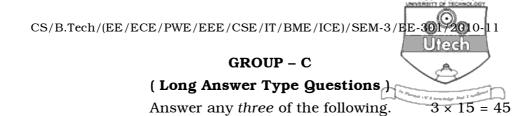


5. Compute V_x in the circuit shown below using the method of

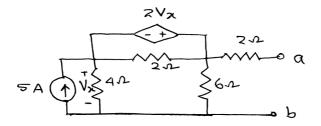
source transformation.

6. Find the rms value of the periodic current :

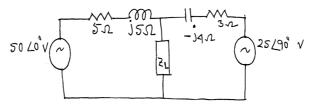
$$i(t) = 8 + 30 \cos 2t - 20 \sin 2t + 15 \cos 4t - 10 \sin 4t$$
 A.



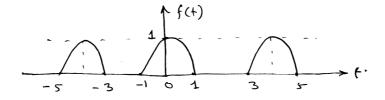
7. a) Find the Thevenin equivalent of circuit shown below :



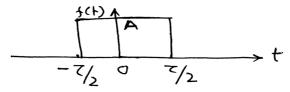
b) Find the load impedance Z_L to transfer maximum power in the circuit shown. Find also the value of power consumed by the load. 7+8



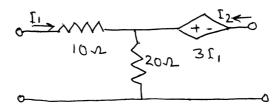
8. a) Determine the Fourier series for the half wave rectified consine function shown.



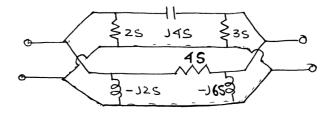
b) Derive the Fourier transform of a single rectangular pulse of width τ and height A shown below: 10 + 5



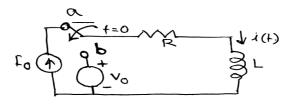
9. a) Find the transmission parameters for the two-part network shown below :

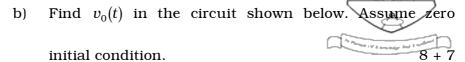


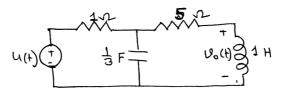
b) Find the Y parameters of the two-part network shown below: 8+7



10. a) In the circuit shown below, the switch moves from position a to position b at t = 0. Find i(t) for t > 0.







- 11. a) Draw the circuit diagram of a first order highpass filter& find out the expression of the cut-off frequency.
 - b) What do you mean by wide bandpass and narrow bandpass filters? Draw the circuit diagram for the two types of filters.
 - c) Find the cut-off frequency of the following lowpass second order active filter shown below. 5+5+5

