



Name :
Roll No. :
Invigilator's Signature :

CS/B.Tech (OLD)/SEM-1/ME-101/2012-13

2012

MECHANICAL SCIENCES

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following : $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - i) According to principle of transmissibility of forces, the effect of a force on a body is
 - a) maximum when it acts at the centre of gravity of a body
 - b) minimum when it acts at the centre of gravity of a body
 - c) same at every point in its line of action
 - d) none of these.
 - ii) Moment of inertia of a circular area whose diameter is d about an axis perpendicular to the area passing through its centre is given by
 - a) $\frac{\pi d^4}{64}$
 - b) $\frac{\pi d^4}{32}$
 - c) $\frac{\pi d^4}{16}$
 - d) $\frac{\pi d^4}{4}$.



- iii) If rain is falling in the opposite direction of the movement of a pedestrian, he has to hold his umbrella
- more inclined when moving
 - less inclined when moving
 - more inclined when standing
 - none of these.
- iv) The ratio between tensile stress and tensile strain or compressive stress and compressive strain is termed as
- Modulus of elasticity
 - Modulus of rigidity
 - Bulk modulus of elasticity
 - None of these.
- v) Temperature stress develop in a bar depends upon
- Co-efficient of linear expansion
 - Change of temperature
 - Young's modulus
 - All of these..
- vi) Equation of motion of a particle is $s = 2t^3 - t^2 - 2$ where s is the displacement in metres and t is time in seconds. Acceleration of the particle after 1 second will be
- 8 m/sec^2
 - 9 m/sec^2
 - 10 m/sec^2
 - 5 m/sec^2 .
- vii) If the velocity of projection is $u \text{ m/sec}$ and the angle of projection is α° , the time of flight of the projectile is
- $\frac{u^2 \cos^2 \alpha}{2g}$
 - $\frac{2u \sin \alpha}{g}$
 - $\frac{2u \cos \alpha}{g}$
 - $\frac{u^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{2g}$.



- viii) Frictional force encountered after commencement of motion is known as
- a) sliding friction b) kinematic friction
 - c) dynamic friction d) frictional resistance.
- ix) D' Alembert's Principle is used for
- a) reducing the problem of kinetics to equivalent static problem
 - b) stability of floating bodies
 - c) solving kinematic problems
 - d) none of these.
- x) If two bodies, one light and the other heavy have equal kinetic energy, which one has a greater linear momentum ?
- a) The lighter body
 - b) The heavy body
 - c) Both have equal momentum
 - d) None of these.

GROUP – B

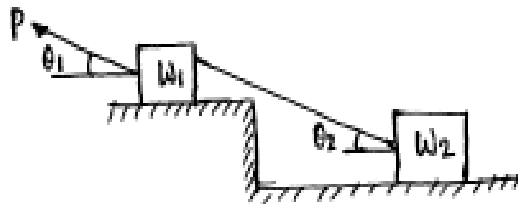
(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. A bar of length l cross-sectional area A is rigidly fixed at one end. Find the elongation of the bar due its self weight if density of the bar material is $\rho \text{ kg/m}^3$.



3. a) What is FBD ?
b) Draw the FBD of the given figure considering rough surface.



4. Prove that area moment of inertia of any area is minimum about its centroidal axis. 1 + 4

Again prove that for an axisymmetric area centroid lies on axis of symmetry. 2 + 3

5. A particle moves along a curvilinear path defined by $y = ax^2$ where x and y are in metres. The velocity and acceleration of the particle at a point (5 m, 2.5 m) are respectively 5 m/sec and 2 m/sec². Determine that total acceleration of the particle at the point.

6. A force $P = P_x i + P_y j$ acts at a point of co-ordinates x and y . Derive an expression for the perpendicular distance d from the line of action of P to the origin O of the system of co-ordinates.

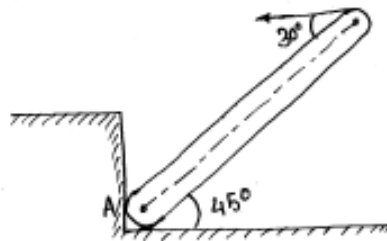


GROUP – C

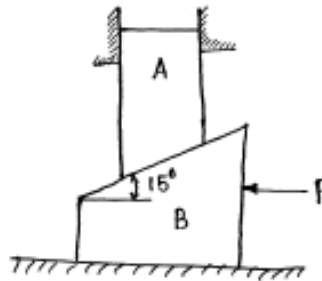
(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) A joint of length 4 m and weighing 300 N is raised by pulling a rope as shown. Determine the tension in the rope and reaction at A of joint.

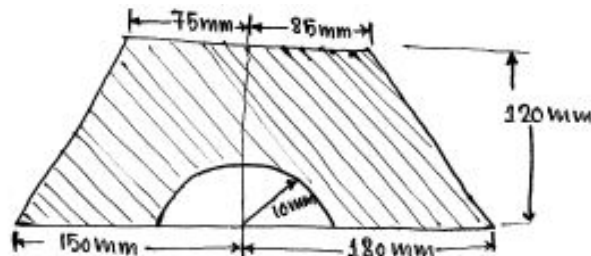


- b) A block weighing 2000 N is to be raised by forcing the wedge under it. Determine the required force P to lift the block A. Assume the weight of block-B as 1000N and the angle of friction of all connected system to be 10° .



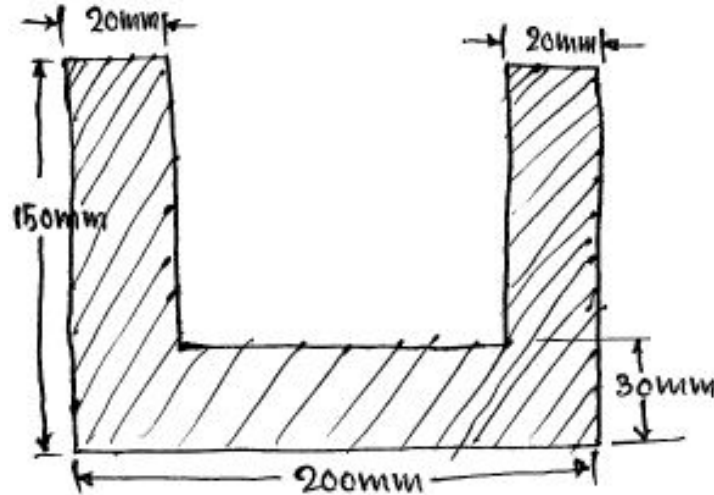
7 + 8

8. a) Find the centroid of the shaded area as shown below.



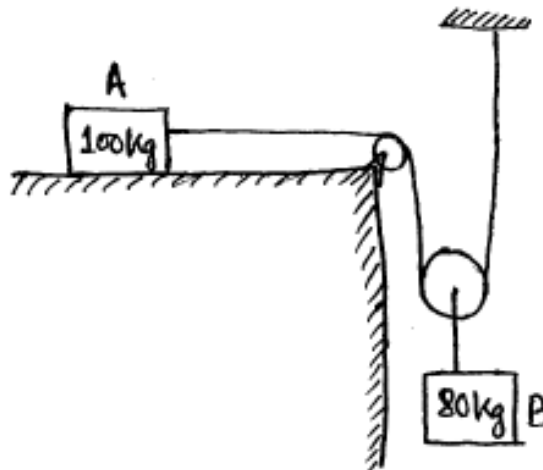


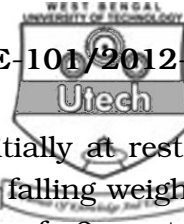
- b) Find the moment of inertia of shaded area about the centroidal axis parallel to X .



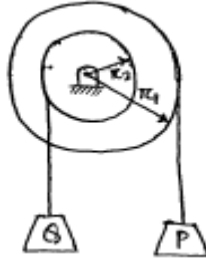
8 + 7

9. a) Two blocks of mass 100 kg and 80 kg are connected by a light inextensible string as shown in figure. Using the D' Alembert's principle find the acceleration of the blocks and tension in the string. Assume co-efficient of friction $\mu = 0.3$.





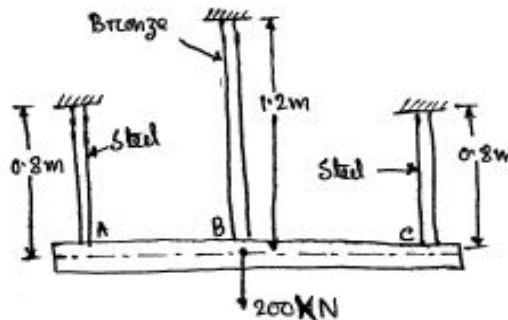
- b) Two weights P and Q are hung and initially at rest as shown in figure. Find the velocity of the falling weight P when it covers a vertical distance of 3 metres. Given $P = Q = 10\text{N}$, $r_2 = 100\text{ mm}$ and $r_1 = 50\text{ mm}$. 8 + 7



10. a) Find the volumetric strain for a triaxial stress system.
b) A rigid bar ABC weighing 180 kN is supported by three rods placed symmetrically as shown in figure. Assuming the bar to remain horizontal, determine the stress in each rod after a temperature rise of 25°C . The lower ends of the rods are assumed to be at the same level before the bar is attached and the change in temperature.

Given : Area of steel rod = 800 mm^2 ; Area of bronze rod = 1400 mm^2 ; $E_{st} = 2 \times 10^5\text{ N/mm}^2$; $E_{br} = 0.8 \times 10^5\text{ N/mm}^2$; $\alpha_{st} = 12 \times 10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$; $\alpha_{br} = 20 \times 10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$

What will be the stress in each rod if the weight of the bar is 120 kN only ?





11. a) Explain the principle of transmissibility and parallelogram law.
- b) A bus is starting to move with an acceleration of 0.5 m/sec^2 . A man standing 21 m behind the bus runs at constant speed of 5 m/sec. Find the time at which the man will overtake the bus.
- c) During a free kick, a football player kicks a football of 250 g mass, which is at rest and it leaves his foot with a velocity of 25 m/sec at an angle of 25° with respect to the ground level. Determine the force exerted by the player if the duration of the strike is $1/60$ th of a second.

5 + 5 + 5

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