|                           | <u>Unean</u> |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| Name:                     | \A/          |
| Roll No. :                |              |
| Invigilator's Signature : |              |

### CS/B.TECH (EE) (Separate Supple)/SEM-7/EE-704A/2011

# 2011 POWER ELECTRONICS

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

# GROUP - A ( Multiple Choice Type Questions )

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$ 

- i) Why do we use chopper?
  - a) To obtain variable dc voltage from a source of constant dc voltage
  - b) To obtain variable dc voltage from a source of constant ac voltage
  - c) To obtain variable ac voltage from a source of constant dc voltage
  - d) To obtain variable ac voltage from a source of constant ac voltage

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- ii) Meaning of RCT.
  - a) Reverse Conducting thyristor
  - b) Random collection of thyristor
  - c) Repeated Conduction thyristor
  - d) Reverse Conducting Transistor
- iii) What is the function of inverter?
  - a) To get variable ac voltage from dc voltage
  - b) To get ac voltage from dc voltage
  - c) To get variable dc voltage from ac voltage
  - d) To get variable ac voltage from ac voltage
- iv) What do you mean by the element SUS?
  - a) Silicon Unilateral Switch
  - b) Silicon Unicorn Switch
  - c) Silicon Uni Switch
  - d) Silicon Unifateral Switch.
- v) The no of p-n junctions in a thyristor is
  - a) 1

b) · 2

c) · 3

d) ·4.

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When anode is positive with respect to cathode in an vi) SCR the no of blocked p-n junction is.

a) 1

.2 b)

.3 c)

d) .4.

vii) In a thyristor the ratio of latching current to holding is

a) 0.4 b)  $1 \cdot 0$ 

c)  $2 \cdot 5$  d)  $6 \cdot 0$ .

viii) Static V-I characteristics of an SCR with different gate drives applied to the gate are indicated by

- a) Ig2 > Ig1 > Igo b) Vg2 > Vg1 > Vgo
- Pg2 > Pg1 > Pg o d) Either (a) or (b).

For an SCR dv/dt protection is achieved through the use of

- RL in series with SCR a)
- RC across SCR b)
- L in series with SCR c)
- L across SCR. d)

A thyristor can be termed as x)

- DC switch a)
- AC switch b)
- c) Either (a) or (b)
- d) Square wave switch.

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### (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

- 2. Explain the two transistor analogy of thyristor.
- 3. How are the choppers classified? Give diagrams.
- 4. Write the advantages and disadvantages of TRIAC.
- 5. Describe the V-I characteristics of SCR
- 6. How is dv/dt protection done of SCR?

#### GROUP - C

### (Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

- 7. Design the Snubber circuit parameters dv/dt protection of an SCR. Briefly describe the turn-on methods of SCR. What are the problems of parallel connected SCRs & what are the remedies?
- 8. Describe the R-C firing circuits with necessary waveforms for turn on of a thyristors. What do you mean by commutation of thyristors? How many types of commutations are there in use? Briefly describe the Class-D commutations with necessary waveforms.
- 9. Write down the differences between SCR, BJT & MOSFET. What is thermal turn on?
- 10. How are the inverters classified? Explain the single phase full-bridge inverter with the operation of Resistive Load along with the circuit analysis.

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