

WEST BENGAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

EE-604B

DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The questions are of equal value.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

GROUP A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

		(Multiple Ch	oice Type Questions)					
1.		Answer all questions.		$10\times1=10$				
	(i)	i) Which is not a component of a relation database?						
		(A) Entity (B) Attribute	(C) Table (D) Hierarchy					
	(ii)	normal forms ar	e associated with multi-valued					
		dependency.						
		(A) First (B) Second	(C) Third (D) Fourth					
	(iii)	Serializability of concurrent to	ransaction is ensured by					
		(A) locking	(B) time stamping					
		(C) both (A) and (B)	(D) none of these					
	(iv)	Cardinality ratio means						
		(A) number of attributes associated	ciated with an entity					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(B) number of entity related v relationship	vith other entity via a					
		(C) both (A) and (B)						
	,	(D) none of these						
	(v)	Data integrity refers to						
	-	(A) non-duplication of data	(B) accuracy of data					
		(C) security of data	(D) centralized data					

Turn Over

(vi)) Check-pointing is associated with						
	(A) log based recovery (B) non-log based recovery						
	(C) both (A) and (B) (D) none of these						
(vii)	A is set of attributes in a relation that serves	as					
	primary key of another relation in the same.						
	(A) composite key (B) foreign key						
	(C) identifier (D) primary key						
(viii)	2PL protocol suffers from						
	(A) deadlock (B) cascading rollback						
	(C) both (A) and (B) (D) none of these						
(ix)	Dirty read refers to the state in which data has been upda	ted					
	by a transaction and						
	(A) the transaction has been committed						
	(B) the transaction has been aborted						
	(C) the transaction has been restarted						
	(D) the transaction has not yet been committed	•					
(x)							
•	rows of a table based on the values of one or more columns	•					
	(A) Views (B) Index						
	(C) Sequence (D) None of these						
	ODOUD D						
	GROUP B (Short Answer Type Questions)						
		$3 \times 5 = 15$					
	Answer any three questions.						
2.	Describe the concept of specialization and generalization	in 5					
	context of E-R data model.						
3.	Discuss the ACID properties of transactions.	5					
	Discuss the ACID properties of transactions.	.					
4.	Explain Natural join, Left outer join, Right outer join and I	full 5					
	outer join with the help of examples.						
		.•					
5.	Discuss five main advantages of database managem	ent 5					
	systems over file management system.						
		e de la companya de l					

- 2.5+2.5 6. Consider the following relations for a database that keeps track of business trips of salesperson in a sales office: SALESPERSON (SSN, Name, Start Year, Dept No) TRIP (SSN, From_City, To_City, Departure_Date, Return_Date, Trip ID) EXPENSE (Trip ID, Account#, Amount) Specify the following queries in either relational algebra or in SQL:
 - (i) Give the details (all attributes of TRIP relation) for trip that exceeded Rs. 2,000 in expenses.
 - (ii) Print SSN of salesman who took trips to 'Andaman'.

GROUP C

		(Lon	g Answ	er Typ	e Quest	ions)			
		Answer any three of	uestions	S.				$3\times15=4$	5
7.	(a)	What is physical different levels of d	_			pendence?	Explain		5
•	(b)	Why is it beneficia in computers?	to store	data i	n a datab	ase, than a	text file	•	5
	(c)	Draw the E-R diagram (i) Company has a (ii) Each department (iii) An employee n	set of De at has se	epartme t of Em	nts ployees	and Projec			5
8.	(a)	What do you mean states.	by trai	nsaction	ns? Exp	lain the tra	nsaction	5+5+	5.
	(b)	Consider the sched (i) Show that it is n (ii) Is it view Serial	ot confli	ct Seri	alizable.	.c.v. o.*			
		(II) IS IT VIEW SELIAI				iswei.			
			T1	T2	T3				
		•	R(X)		Dan				
			7		R(X)	-			
			W(X)						

T1	T2	T3
R(X)		
,		R(X)
W(X)		
	R(X)	
		W(X)

9. Consider the following employee database, primary keys are 2+3+3+3+4 underlined.

Employee (employee-name, street, city)

Works (employee-name, company-name, salary)

Company (company-name, city)

Managers (employee-name, manager-name)

Write SQL's for the queries for the given below:

- (i) Find the names of all employees who work for XYZ.
- (ii) Find all employees in the database who live in the same cities as the companies for which they work.
- (iii) Find all employees in the database who live in the same cities and on the same streets as do their managers.
- (iv) Find all employees who earn more than the average salary of all employees of their company.
- (v) Find the company that has the smallest payroll.
- 10. (a) Consider the following two sets of functional dependencies

 $X = \{A \rightarrow C, AC \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow AD, E \rightarrow H\}$ and $Y = \{A \rightarrow CD, E \rightarrow AH\}$.

Check whether or not they are equivalent.

(b) What is a trigger?

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- (c) Write the fundamental operations in Relational Algebra.
- 3

(d) Discuss about difficult joined operation.

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11. Write short notes on any three of the following:

3×5

- (a) Join dependency and 5NF
- (b) Hashing
- (c) Database models
- (d) File indexing
- (e) Transitive Dependency.