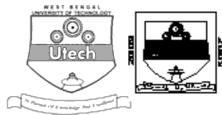
COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA (SEMESTER - 6)

CS/B.TECH (CSE)/SEM-6/CS-603/09



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1.	Signature of Invigilator								-	Y di samu dad	۱۳ د ر		Ĵ			
2.	Signature of the Officer-in-Charge	No.														
	Roll No. of the Candidate															
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COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA (SEMESTER - 6)

Time: 3 Hours 1 [Full Marks: 70

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES:

- This Booklet is a Question-cum-Answer Booklet. The Booklet consists of 32 pages. The questions of this concerned subject commence from Page No. 3.
- 2. In Group - A, Questions are of Multiple Choice type. You have to write the correct choice in the box provided against each question.
 - For Groups B & C you have to answer the questions in the space provided marked 'Answer h) Sheet'. Questions of Group - B are Short answer type. Questions of Group - C are Long answer type. Write on both sides of the paper.
- Fill in your Roll No. in the box provided as in your Admit Card before answering the questions. 3
- Read the instructions given inside carefully before answering. 4.
- You should not forget to write the corresponding question numbers while answering. 5.
- 6. Do not write your name or put any special mark in the booklet that may disclose your identity, which will render you liable to disqualification. Any candidate found copying will be subject to Disciplinary Action under the relevant rules.
- 7. Use of Mobile Phone and Programmable Calculator is totally prohibited in the examination hall.
- You should return the booklet to the invigilator at the end of the examination and should not take any 8. page of this booklet with you outside the examination hall, which will lead to disqualification.
- Rough work, if necessary is to be done in this booklet only and cross it through. 9.

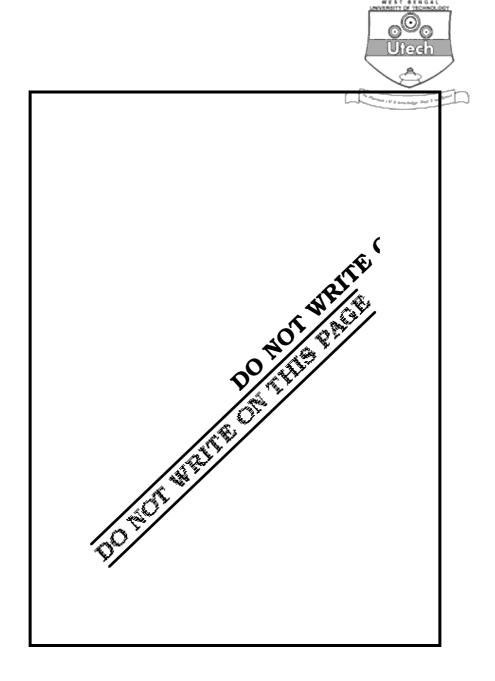
No additional sheets are to be used and no loose paper will be provided

FOR OFFICE USE / EVALUATION ONLY Marks Obtained Group - A Group - B Group - C Examiner's Question Total Signature Number Marks Marks Obtained

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Head-Examiner	/Co-Ordinator	/Scrutineer

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ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT EXAMINATIONS, JUNE 2009 COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA SEMESTER - 6

Time: 3 Hours [Full Marks: 70

GROUP - A

			(Multiple Choice '	Туре С	uestions)	
1.	Choo	ose th	e correct alternatives for any <i>te</i>	n of the	e following :	10 × 1 = 10
	i)		best hidden surface removal n n a few thousand surfaces is/are		s) used for complex scenes	s with more
		a)	Depth sorting method	b)	Scan line algorithm	
		b)	Depth buffer algorithm	d)	Octree method.	
	ii)		en the angle between the project then the projection is	ors and	d the plane of projection is	not equal to
		a)	Orthographic	b)	Isometric	
		c)	Perspective	d)	Oblique.	
	iii)		er a parallel projection the point		, – 1) has been viewed at	t (3, 3, 0),
		a)	(1, 1, 0)	b)	(1,0,-1)	
		c)	(0, 1, 1)	d)	(0, -1, 1).	
	iv)	The	reflection matrix of a point P (x	c, y) al	bout the straight line $y = -x$	x is
		a)	$\left[\begin{array}{cc} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{array}\right]$	b)	$\left[\begin{array}{cc}0&-1\\-1&0\end{array}\right]$	
		c)	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	d)	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}.$	



v)	The	DDA algorithm is a faster meth	od for	calculating pixel positions th	an direct			
	use	of line equation using $y = mx + mx$	c, beca	use Oo Utech				
	a)	it eliminates floating point addi	ition					
	b)	it eliminates floating point mul	tiplicati	on				
	c)	it eliminates rounding operation	n that	drift away from true line path				
	d)	none of these.						
vi)	In B	Bresenham's circle algorithm, if	points	s are generated from 90° to	45° and			
	(x, y)	(x, y) are the coordinate of last scan converted pixel then the next pixel						
	coor	dinate is						
	a)	(x + 1, y + 1) or $(x - 1, y - 1)$	1)					
	b)	(x + 1, y) or $(x, y + 1)$						
	c)	(x, y + 1) or $(x + 1, y - 1)$						
	d)	(x + 1, y) or $(x + 1, y - 1)$.						
vii)	Alias	sing means						
	a)	Rendering effect	b)	Shading effect				
	c)	Staircase effect	d)	Cueng effect.				
viii)	Sutherland-Hodgeman algorithm is used for							
	a)	line clipping	b)	point clipping				
	c)	polygon clipping	d)	hybrid clipping.				
ix)	The technique of using a minimum number of intensity levels to obtain increased							
	visua	al resolution is						
	a)	Dithering	b)	Half toning				
	c)	Depth-Cueing	d)	Rendering.				

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X)



Z-buffer algorithm is used for

a)	frame	buffer	removal

b) hidden line re

d) animation.

xi) The format for storing digital audio in multimedia applications is

5

b) TIFF

d) BMP.

xii) The people of the planet Mars designed a scale for measuring the temperature in which water freezes at 100 units and boils at 250 units. The people of Jupiter designed a scale in which water freezes at 75 units and boils at 300 units. A temperature of 200 units in Mars will measure units in Jupiter.

b) 225

d) 175.

xiii) The Model Human Processor is comprised of three components, which are

- a) Cognitive system, perceptual system, and affective system
- b) Cognitive system, proprioceptive system and affective system
- c) Perceptual system, motor system and cognitive system
- d) Perceptual system, locomotion system and cognitive system.

xiv) A raster colour display processor supports a resolution of 1024×800 with up to 16 million colours simultaneously displayable. What will be the approximate size (in bytes) of the frame buffer used in the display processor?

a)
$$1.2 \times 10^{6}$$

b)
$$2.4 \times 10^{6}$$

c)
$$16 \times 10^{6}$$

d)
$$10^{5}$$
.

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6

xv) A Bezier cubic curve with control points P_0 , P_1 , P_2 and P_3 is defined by the equation

$$f(u) = \sum_{i=0}^{3} P_i B_i^3(u).$$

 B_2^3 is

a) $(1-u)^3$

b) u^{3}

c) $3u (1-u)^2$

d) $3u^2(1-u)$.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following questions.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. Explain antialiasing. A cubic Bezier Curve Segment is described by the control points P1 (20, 20), P2 (40, 80), P3 (80, 80), P4 (90, 50). Another curve segment is described by Q1 (a, b), Q2 (c, 20), Q3 (150, 20), Q4 (180, 20). Determine the values a, b, c so that the two curve segments join smoothly. 2+3
- 3. Perform a 30° rotation of a triangle A (2, 2), B (3, 3), C (6, 5) about
 - a) the origin

b) a point P(-8, -5).

2 + 3

- 4. Define projection and mention its importance. Derive the transformation matrix for a perspective projection.
- 5. Write the steps of the *Z*-buffer algorithm. Discuss its advantages and disadvantages.
- 6. What do you mean by staircase effect? How does this staircase effect affect the generation of graphic primitives? What was the proposed solution to this effect?
- 7. Distinguish between window and viewport. Describe how window to viewport mapping is done.



GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following questions

 $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 8. a) Why are homogeneous coordinates used for transformation computations in Computer Graphics?
 - b) Show how reflections in the line y = x and in the line y = -x can be performed by a scaling operation followed by a rotation.
 - c) Describe how a 3D object is presented on the screen using perspective projection. Take a simple object for illustration.
 - d) An object "ABCD rectangle" is defined with respect to a coordinate system whose units are measured in inches. If a local coordinate system which uses mm as the basic unit is used to describe the object details "abcd rectangle" as shown in the figure below, then indicate the necessary transformation matrix for describing the object in the local coordinate system:

dia

2 + 4 + 4 + 5

- 9. a) Differentiate between Flood Fill & Boundary Fill algorithms.
 - b) A Bezier curve is to be drawn by the given control points as P1 (40, 40), P2 (10, 40), P3 (60, 60) & P4 (60, 0). Calculate the coordinates of the points on the curve corresponding to the parameter $t=0.2,\ 0.4,\ 0.6$. Show the rough sketch of the curve with the coordinates of various points on it.
 - c) Using mid-point circle drawing algorithm, draw a circle with radius of 8 units.

i)



- 10. a) What are meant by Key framing and Tweening?
 - b) What are Hypertext and Hypermedia?
 - c) What is the difference between the following?
 - Video and Motion picture
 - ii) Video and animation.
 - d) What are meant by luminance and chrominance ? Discuss about their quantitative expressions. 3+2+5+5
- 11. a) Write the mid-point ellipse drawing algorithm (only the algorithm).
 - b) Derive the mid-point circle drawing algorithm.
 - c) Using mid-point circle drawing algorithm, draw a circle with radius 10 units.

6 + 6 + 3

- 12. a) What do you mean by B-Spline curve? Discuss the properties of B-Spline curves.
 - b) Write down the basic steps of MPEG video compression.
 - c) What are the major components of a multimedia document? How can they be compiled together? (2+4)+6+3
- 13. Write short notes on any three of the following:

 3×5

- a) Virtual Reality
- b) Sampling & Quantization
- c) MPEG & JPEG
- d) Sutherland-Hodgeman Polygon Clipping Algorithm
- e) Phong's Shading Model
- f) Cubic B-Spline.

END