



Name : .....  
Roll No. : .....  
Invigilator's Signature : .....

**CS/B.TECH (ECE)/SEM-7/EC-704D/2011-12**

**2011**

**PROCESS CONTROL ENGINEERING**

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

**GROUP – A**

**( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following :

10 × 1 = 10

- i) The function of reset action in a process controller is to
  - a) reduce rise time
  - b) reduce steady state error
  - c) reduce oscillation in the response
  - d) increase overall gain.
- ii) The basic limitation of *P* action controller only is
  - a) Very slow error correction
  - b) High overshoot
  - c) Non-zero offset
  - d) Instability of process.



- iii) For 100% error to the proportional controller, its o/p is 50%. The PB is
- a) 200%                                      b) 100%
- c) 50%                                        d) 150%.
- iv) C-C controller tuning technique is used for
- a) Open loop system                      b) Closed loop system
- c) Both of these                            d) None of these.
- v) If  $K_p$  and  $T_d$  denote the proportional gain and the derivative time constant respectively of a PD controller then the rate time  $\tau_d$  is denoted by
- a)  $K_p/T_d$                                       b)  $T_d/K_p$
- c)  $K_p T_d$                                         d)  $1/K_p T$ .
- vi) The type of isolator generally used in I/O module of PLC is
- a) electrical                                      b) electronics
- c) magnetic                                        d) optical.
- vii) The proportional sensitivity is maximum in
- a) P controller                                      b) I controller
- c) PD controller                                      d) PID controller.
- viii) PLC supports
- a) C programming                                      b) Java programming
- c) Ladder programming                                      d) VB programming.

- GROUP – B**

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 7337



**GROUP – C**

**( Long Answer Type Questions )**

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. What is process resistance and process capacitance ? Discuss pneumatic P-I and P-D controller with a schematic diagram. Explain an electronic PD controller and derive its control equation from its circuit diagram.  $2 + 8 + 5$
8. What do you mean by tuning of controller ? What are the basic criteria of tuning of controller ? Explain the open loop tuning technique of Cohen-Coon. What are the basic criteria of Ziegler-Nichols tuning method ? What is  $1/4$  decay ratio ?  $2 + 3 + 5 + 2 + 3$
9. What is PLC ? What are the advantages of PLC control system ? What are different data files available in PLC ? What is the function of I/O module in a PLC ? Describe the basic functional blocks of a PLC with suitable diagram.  $2 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 5$
10. What is the necessity of control valve sizing ? What are the factors that should be known for selecting a valve ? A control valve regulates the liquid flow of a tank. The water level is controlled in the tank at a 50 feet by regulating the outflow. The measured inflow varies from 0 to 140 gallons per minute. Calculate  $C_v$  for the valve. What is valve cavitation ? What are the conditions to avoid cavitation ?  $2 + 3 + 5 + 2 + 3$
11. Write short notes on any *three* of the following :  $3 \times 5$ 
  - a) Pneumatic actuator.
  - b) DDC.
  - c) PID controller.
  - d) DCS.
  - e) Boiler drum level control.