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## 2013

### **MATHEMATICS - II**

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

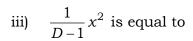
## GROUP - A

#### (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following: 1.

$$10 \times 1 = 10$$

- The general solution of  $y = px \log p$  is i)
  - a)  $y = cx \log c$  b)  $y = 1 + \log x$
  - c)  $y = 1 + \log x + c$  d) none of these.
- The particular integral of  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \cos x$  is ii)
  - a)  $\frac{1}{2}\sin x$
- b)  $\frac{1}{2}\cos x$
- c)  $\frac{1}{2}x\sin x$
- d)  $\frac{1}{2}x\cos x$ .





a) 
$$x^2 + 2x + 2$$

b) 
$$-(x^2+2x+2)$$

c) 
$$2x - x^2$$

d) 
$$-(2x-x^2)$$
.

iv) The general solution of  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$  is

a) 
$$Ae^x + Be^{-x}$$

b) 
$$(A + Bx)e^x$$

c) 
$$(A + Bx)\cos x$$

d) 
$$A\cos x + B\sin x$$
.

v) A simple graph can have

a) no pendant vertex

b) no isolated vertex

c) no circuit

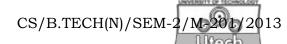
d) none of these.

vi) A simple graph with 20 vertices and 5 components has at least

- a) 15 edges
- b) 10 edges
- c) 190 edges
- d) 120 edges.

vii) Which of the following is incorrect about a tree T with n vertices?

- a) There exist multiple paths between every pair of vertices in T
- b) *T* is minimally connected
- c) *T* is connected and circuitless
- d) T has (n-1) edges.



- viii) If the incidence matrix of a graph has five identical columns, the G has
  - a) five loops
- b) five isolated vertices
- c) five parallel edges
- d) five edges in series.

ix) 
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{s^2-a^2}\right)=$$

a)  $\sin at$ 

b) sinhat

c) cosat

- d)  $\cos hat$ .
- x)  $L\{H(t-a)\}$ , H being Heavyside unit step function, is
  - a)  $e^{-as}$

b)  $se^{-as}$ 

c)  $\frac{e^{-as}}{s}$ 

- d) none of these.
- xi) Laplace transform of  $\frac{\sin 2t}{t}$  is
  - a)  $\cot^{-1} \frac{s}{2}$
- b)  $\cot^{-1} \frac{2}{s}$

c)  $\frac{2}{s^2 + 4}$ 

d)  $\frac{s}{s^2-4}$ .

xii) 
$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$
 equals to



a)  $\frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

b)  $\frac{3\pi}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

c)  $\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

d)  $\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}$ .

xiii) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x e^{-x^2} dx =$$

a) -1

b) 0

c) 1

d) none of these.

#### **GROUP - B**

# (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following

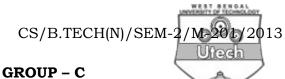
 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

- 2. Solve:  $(x^2y 2xy^2)dx + (3x^2y x^3)dy = 0$ .
- 3. Solve the following simultaneous ODE:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} - 7x + y = 0, \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}t} - 2x + 5y = 0$$

- 4. Prove that the number of edges in a simple graph cannot exceed  $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ .
- 5. Prove that a graph is a tree if and only if it is minimally connected.
- 6. Define Gamma function. Show that  $\Gamma(n+1) = n\Gamma(n)$ . 2 + 3

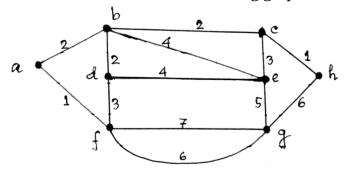
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## (Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

7. Apply Dijkstra's algorithm to find shortest path between a) the vertices a and h in the following graph:



b) Solve: 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = xe^x$$
 5

Construct a diagraph from the following incidence c) matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

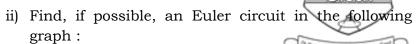
- 8. a) Prove that a tree with n vertices has (n-1) edges. 6
  - Solve the following by the method of variation of b) parameters:

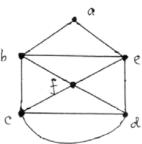
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2} + y = \tan x \tag{5}$$

Solve the following differential equation by Laplace c) Transform:

$$(D^2 + 6D + 9)y = 0, y(0) = y'(0) = 1$$

9. i) Define Euler circuit. Write the necessary and a) sufficient condition for a graph to contain an Euler circuit.





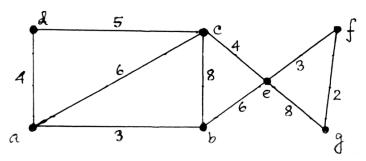
(2+1)+3

b) Using convolution theorem prove that

$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right) = \frac{t\sin t}{2a}$$

c) Prove that : 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$$

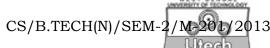
10. a) By Kruskal's algorithm find a minimal spanning tree in the following graph: 5

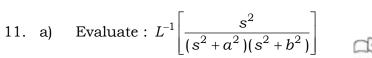


b) Find the Laplace Transform of f(t) defined as:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{t}{k}, & \text{when } 0 < t < k \\ 1, & \text{when } t > k \end{cases}$$

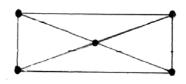
c) Solve: 
$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 3x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 2x^2$$

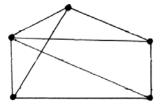






b) Examine whether the following graphs are isomorphic or not:





c) Solve:  $y = px + \sqrt{a^2p^2 + b^2}$ 

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