The United Provinces Agriculturists Relief Rules, 1935

UTTAR PRADESH India

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Rule

THE-UNITED-PROVINCES-AGRICULTURISTS-RELIEF-RULES-1935 of 1935

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1.

If in any proceeding under this Act the creditor alleges that the debtor is not art agriculturist within the meaning of the Act, because the debtor is assessed to more income-tax than that laid down in the second proviso to Section 2 (2) of the Act, than -(a)[If the debtor admits that he was assessed to income-tax either for the last financial year for which assessments have been made by the Income-tax Department or for the year in which the suit was filed or for any of the years in which the loan or loans in suit were advanced, the onus of proving that he was not assessed to more income-tax than that laid down in the second proviso of Section 2 (2) of the Act, in any such year shall be upon the debtor, who can discharge that onus by the production of the challans or receipts for the income-tax to which he was assessed [Substituted by Noti. No. 48 Rev., dated 18/19th May, 1936].(b)[If the debtor asserts that he was not assessed to income-tax either for the last financial year for which assessments have been made by the Income-tax Department or for the year in which the suit was filed or for any year or years in which the loan or loans in suit were granted, the court shall inquire from the Income-tax Officer of the circle concerned, whether the debtor was assessed to any income-tax at all in the financial year for which the debtor asserts that he was not so assessed. If the reply is to the effect that some income-tax was assessed in any of those years, then the onus of proving that the amount was not in excess of that laid down in the second proviso to Section 2 (2) of the Act in that year lies on the debtor who can discharge that onus by the production of the challans

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or receipts for the income-tax to which he was assessed] [Substituted by Notification No. 48 Rev., dated 18/19th May, 1936].

2.

A application for redemption presented under Section 12 of the Act shall be in the following form and shall contain the particulars specified [therein] [Please See Appendix I];

3. [

The powers of a Collector under Chapter III of the Act are under sub-section (1) of Section 22, hereby conferred on every Assistant Collector of the first class who may, by any general or special order in writing of the Collector, be entrusted with the disposal of applications under that chapter] [Substituted by Notification No. 639-(9)/(1), dated April 9, 1942].

4.

(1)Every creditor shall regularly record and maintain a correct account for each agriculturist debtor of all transactions relating to each loan advanced to that debtor in one or other of the following forms A, B or [C] [Please See Appendices II, III and IV]; Provided that where there is a current account is shall be sufficient for the creditor to keep one account of all transactions relating thereto. In the term "current account" in this proviso, will be included in the case of banks all accounts, such as overdrafts, cash credits, pronote accounts, etc. which are maintained in the form of current accounts. (2) As soon as possible after the date on which the Act comes into force the creditor shall open an account in one or other of the prescribed forms A, B or C for each existing loan, whether taken before or after the Act came into force with a statement showing the balance or amount of principal and interest outstanding against the debtor at the date on which the account is opened.

5.

The creditor shall not calculate or enter a rate of interest in excess of that admissible under the Agriculturists' Relief Act.

6.

Interest on an advance should be worked out up to the date of each repayment towards liquidation of such advance; and, where an advance or any part of it is outstanding at the close of the year, interest should be calculated on the balance of the principal from the date of the last instalment of repayment, if any, to the end of the year:Provided that in the case of the banks the requirements of this rule will be met by their present practice of the entry of decimals in the account on each day that a transaction takes place, and the calculation of interest at periodic intervals on the basis of those decimals.

7.

With reference to Section 29 of the Act, where a part-payment is made on an unsecured loan taken after the dale on which the Act came into force, the account should be adjusted and interest re-calculated at the secured rate if final payment is made within the specified time.

8.

(1)The account of every loan maintained under Rule 4 shall be made up annually and the balance shall be struck on one or other of the following dates:(i)the Dasehra festival;(ii)the Diwali festival;(iii)September 30;(iv)December 31; or(v)March 31.(2)The creditor shall record in each account the date selected by him for the purpose of sub-rule (1), and on the first occurrence of that date after the Act comes into force, or after the loan is taken, as the case may be, and thereafter annually on that date the account shall be made up and a balance struck.

9.

Within one month after the making up of the account under rule 8 the creditor shall supply each agriculturist debtor every year with a full and correct statement of account of any balance or amount outstanding on each separate loan in the following form D, which must include all transactions entered into during the year to which the statement relates: Provided that where there is a current account it shall be sufficient for the creditor to furnish particulars of the balance due on the whole amount. In the case of banks, the requirements of this rule will be met if a full statement of the account has been supplied by means of a passbook or otherwise from time to time throughout the year, and intimation is given, within one month from the date selected for making up accounts, of the amount of the balance remaining due on that date.

10.

The statement of account shall be furnished to the debtor by registered post, acknowledgment due. The postal registration and acknowledgment charges shall be recoverable by the creditor as though they were a loan advanced in cash to the debtor, and shall be duly entered in the loan account.

11.

Where a debtor has agreed in writing to accept the statement of account by personal delivery, it shall not be incumbent on the creditor to send such statement in the manner prescribed by rule 10. In such cases the debtor shall give a written receipt for each statement of account delivered personally to him.>

12.

(i)When a schedule bank makes advances against current accounts, as defined in the proviso to sub-rule (1) to rule 4, the following documents will be deemed to satisfy the requirements of section 39 of the Act:(1)A letter from the bank to the borrower giving full details of the limit of the accommodation made available to the borrower and the other particulars required by the Act.(2)The bank's ledgers.(ii)for the purposes of sub-section (3) of section 39, a copy of the bank's letter to the debtor mentioned in (i) above will suffice.Note. - A schedule bank included in the second schedule of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

13.

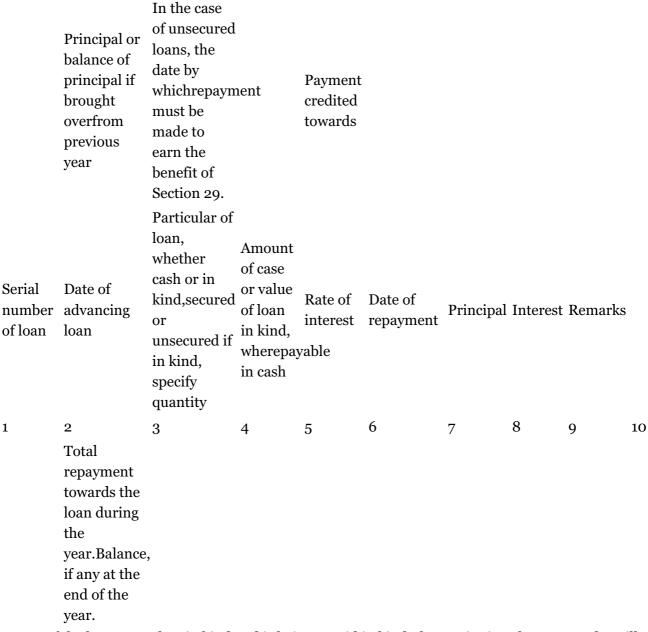
- 1. That the applicant is the representative of the mortgagor of the property sought to be redeemed.
- 2. That the following are the particulars of the mortgage:

(a)Date	(b)Name of the mortgagor	Name
of the mortgagee	(c)Sum secured Rs	(d)Rate of
interest	(e)Property subject of the	
mortgage	(f)Condition of redemption	(g)Amount now due
under the mortgage,	(i)by way of principal Rs.(ii)interest	Rs.Total Rs.(h)Date on
which the principal money	y became due	

- 3. (If the applicant is the mortgagor's successor-in-title, state, facts showing derivation of title.)
- 4. (If the opposite party is the mortgaee's successor-in-title, state facts showing derivation of title.)
- 5. That the applicant is an agriculturist as (state facts showing how the applicant comes within the definition of "Agriculturist").

6. That the mortgagor was at the time of mortgage an agriculturist as (state facts showing how the mortgagor came withing definition of "Agriculturist").

7. That the applicant deposits the said sum of Rupees.....to the credit of the opposite party.



Note. - If the loan was taken in kind and is being repaid in kind, the entries in columns 8 and 9 will be in kind. If (he loan was taken in cash and is being repaid in part or altogether in kind, the entries

paym	umns 8 and 9 will be the cents in kind will be shown	n in column							
	, so caste			residence			Dat	te as a	t which
	ınt is made up	••••••	•••••••	residence	······································	•••••	Da	ic as a	t willeli
Cr.	ı	Dr.							
15		20							
	nent made by Ram Adhin	Ram Adhin Pandey is given a loan on							
Princ	ripal	Interest I	Rate of Int	erest, if re	epaid	by	7		
After		_							
Balaı year.	nce if any, at the end of the	е							
Princ	ripal	l. F	Ram Adhi oan on Rate of Int	erest, if re	epaid		7		
debto	ndix IVFORM C(Rule 4) (orResident of District	Suitable for			•••••	int is			
Date	To or By	Particulars	Rate of interest	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount	Dr. or Cr.	Balance	No. of days	Decimals
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rs.	P.	Rs.	Р.	Rs.	P.				
1935	Amount advanced on the mortgage-deed datedfor Rsatpercent, to be repaid onor beforeby equal half-yearly installmentsof Rson								

fromi	nterest					
is to be paid in ad	dition					
to theinstallments	son					
and						
in (each					
years						
Form D(Rule 9)Stateme	ent of Annual AccountLo	oan accoun	t of,	son of	, caste	,
residencefor the	year ending on	.Rate of in	terest of sec	ured		
loanRa	ate of interest of unsecu	red loan (a) if paid by s	specified o	late	(b)if
paid after specified date	2					
Payment						
credited	Balance outstanding					
during the	at the end of the year					
year toward	S					
Serial number of Date of loan loan	Principal amount of loan or balance of	,	est, if	ipal Inter	est Princip	oal interest
Touri	year	forward				
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Total for all loans outsta	anding against the debto	r.Signatur	e of credito	r or agent	.Form of	
BondISon of	by casteand resi	ding				
	sildistrict		_			
Rupees	(half of which is Rupe	ees	(or, being	liable for	•	
Rupees(half o	f which is Rupees	on acc	ount of	fron	ı/to	son
	and residing atpar	rgana	tahsil	district	he	reby agree
as follows:						
assigns the principle theday of shall remain outst	y to the said h pal sum of Rupees and so lo anding I shall pay s or, compound inter	ng as ar simple ir	on on one of the second s	demand the said the rate	or, on designed to the designe	pal sum per
with yearly rests)	•			•	•	
with yourly roots,						
or, that I shall repay to	the said [1	Name of t	he
creditor] his heirs, repr	esentatives, successors o per cent. per annum i	or assigns t	he said sum	of Rupee	s	with

2. That if I repay the said sum of Rupeeson or before theday
ofthe interest stipulated in clause I shall be reduced toper cent. per
annum.

Dated the......day of.....19.(Signed)Witnessed by(1)......(2).....Written by