

The Orissa Survey and Settlement Act, 1958

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Act 3 of 1959

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The Orissa Survey and Settlement Act, 1958 Orissa Act No. 3 of 1959 Published vide Orissa Gazette Extraordinary No. 32/27.1.1959, Notification No. 692-Legislative/ 24.1.1959. An Act to Consolidate and Amend the Laws Relating to Survey, Record-of-Rights and Settlement Operations in the State of Orissa. Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the laws relating to survey, record-of-rights and settlement operations in the State of Orissa. It is hereby enacted by the Legislature of the State of Orissa in the Ninth Year of Republic of India as follows : Chapter-I Preliminary

1. Short title, extent and commencement.

(1) This Act may be called the Orissa Survey and Settlement Act, 1958. (2) It extends to the whole of the State of Orissa. (3) This section shall come into force at once. The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that all or any of the remaining provisions of this Act shall come into force in such area and on such date as may be specified in the notification.

2. Definitions.

- In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context- (1) "Agricultural year" means the year as specified in the Tenancy Laws in force or in the absence of any such laws, as may be prescribed by the Government in respect of different districts or localities according to local customs or usage; (2) ["Assistant Settlement Officer" means any officer appointed as such by the Board of Revenue; [Substituted vide Orissa Act No. 7 of 1962.]] (3) "Chief Survey Officer" means any officer appointed as such by Government and includes an Additional Chief Survey Officer appointed by Government; (4) "Government" means the State Government of Orissa; (5) "Landlord" means a persons immediately under whom [a tenant holds land] [Substituted vide Orissa Act No. 7 of 1962.] and includes the Government; (6) "Prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act; (7) ["Record-of-Rights" means the record-of-rights prepared under this Act;] [Substituted vide Orissa Act No. 7 of 1962.]] (8) "Rent" means whatever is lawfully payable or deliverable in cash or in kind or

partly in cash and partly in kind by a tenant to his landlord on account of the use or occupation of the land held by him. It shall also include money recoverable under any enactment for the time being in force as if it were rent;(9)"Revenue Court" means any Court (other than Civil Court) having jurisdiction under this act to entertain suits or other proceedings;(10)["Settlement Officer" means any Officer appointed as such by Government and includes an Additional Settlement Officer appointed by Government;] [Substituted vide Orissa Act No. 7 of 1962.](11)"Survey" includes all or any of the operations incidental to the determination, measurement and record of a boundary or boundaries or any part of a boundary and includes a re-survey;(12)"Survey mark" means any mark or object erected, made, employed or specified by a Survey Officer to indicate or determine or assist in determining the position or level of any point or points;(13)"Survey Officer" means any person appointed to be a Survey Officer under Section 4;[(13-a) "Tenant" means a person who holds land under another person and is or, but for a special contract would be liable to pay rent for that land to that person; [Substituted vide Orissa Act No. 7 of 1962.](14)"Village" means any tract of land which has been recognised as a village in the revenue records or which the Board of Revenue may, from time to time, declare to be a village;](15)Words and expressions used in this Act but not defined shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Tenancy Act or laws, Rules, Regulations, custom or usage in force in any part of the State of Orissa.

3. Power to order a survey.

- [(1) The Government or subject to their control any Officer or Authority empowered by Government may, at any time, by notification, order a survey to be made of any land in the State or the boundary thereof.] [Substituted vide Orissa Act No. 7 of 1962.](2)The Government shall be competent at any time during the continuance of the proceedings of any survey to issue an order to stop such survey and, if subsequently so ordered, such proceeding shall be proceeded with from such stage as may be directed.(3)The Government may also issue a notification ordering a survey:(a)on the request of -(i)any local authority; or(ii)other persons;who agree to pay such amount as may be directed by the Government towards the cost of survey; or(b)Where in any local area not less than one-half of the total number of raiyats apply for the survey, depositing or giving security for such amount towards the payment of expenses as the Government may direct.

4. Appointment of Survey Officer, delegation of powers and manner of survey.

(1)The [Board of Revenue,] [Substituted vide Act No. 7 of 1962.] may, by notification appoint any [* *] [Omitted vide Act No. 7 of 1962.] officer or person either by name or by virtue of his office to be a Survey Officer for all or any of the purposes of this Act.(2)Subject to the control of the [Board of Revenue] [Substituted vide Act No. 7 of 1962.] [* *] [Omitted vide Act No. 7 of 1962.] every officer or person so appointed shall exercise and perform the powers and duties of a Survey Officer within such local limits as the [Board of Revenue] [Substituted vide Act No. 7 of 1962.] may direct.(3)[* *] [Omitted vide Act No. 7 of 1962.](4)The survey shall be conducted in such manner as may be prescribed by the Government.

5. Proclamation to be published by Survey Officers.

(1)When any survey is ordered under Section 3, the Survey Officer shall publish a proclamation in the prescribed manner inviting all persons having interest in the land or in the boundaries of which the survey has been ordered, to attend either in person or by agent at a specified place and from time to time thereafter, when called upon for the purpose of pointing out boundaries and supplying information in connection therewith.(2)Such proclamation to be valid notice to persons interested. - A proclamation published under Sub-section (1) shall be held to be a valid notice to every person having any interest in the land or in the boundaries of which the survey has been ordered.

6. Survey Officer may enter upon land, offer compensation for damages and may settle boundary disputes.

(1)After the issue of the proclamation under Sub-section (1) of Section 5, the Survey Officer or his subordinates or any other officer acting under the authority of the Survey Officer shall have power to enter upon the land under survey, examine and measure such land and clear by cutting down or removing any trees, jungle, fences, standing crops or other material obstructions to the boundaries or other lines, the clearance of which may be necessary for the purposes of the survey.(2)Compensation. - The Survey Officer shall, after assessing the loss occasioned by may clearance as is mentioned in Sub-section (1), offer reasonable compensation to the owners of the materials so, cleared.(3)[Powers of Survey Officer to determine and record disputed boundary. - Any person aggrieved by a decision under Sub-section (2) may, within thirty days from the date of such decision, prefer an appeal to the prescribed authority.] [Substituted vide Act No. 7 of 1962.]

6A. [Preparation and preliminary publication of draft survey record. [Inserted vide Act No. 7 of 1962.]

(1)The Survey Officer shall prepare a draft survey record which shall comprise-(a)the map drawn to such scale as may be convenient in the opinion of the Survey Officer; and(b)such other records as the Board of Revenue may, by order specify in that behalf.(2)When a draft survey record has been prepared, the Survey Officer shall publish the same in the prescribed manner and for the prescribed period and shall receive and consider any objections which may be made to any entry therein or to any omission therefrom during the period of publication.

6B. Appeal.

- An appeal, if, presented within thirty days from the date of the order appealed against, shall lie to the Chief Survey Officer from every order passed by the Survey Officer on any objection made under Section 6-A.

6C. Final publication of survey records.

(1)When all such objections and appeals, if any, have been disposed of, the Survey Officer shall finally frame the survey records incorporating all such alterations as may be necessary to give effect to the orders on such objections and appeals and shall cause it to be finally published in the prescribed manner, and the publication shall be conclusive evidence that the record has been duly made under this Chapter.(2)Separate drafts and final records may be published for different local areas or parts thereof.

6D. Revision by Board of Revenue.

- The Board of Revenue may, in any case-(a)of its own motion, at any time after the date of final publication under Section 6-C; or(b)[on application made within one year from the said date, direct the revision of any survey record or any portion thereof but not so as to affect any order passed by a Civil Court under Section 42;] [Substituted by Act No. 6 of 1981.]Provided that no such direction shall be made until reasonable opportunity has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.]

7. [Final publication of survey record to be notified. [Substituted by Act No. 6 of 1981.]

- After a survey record has been finally published, the Board of Revenue shall, by notification, declare that such record has been finally published, and such notification shall be conclusive proof of such publication.]

8. Persons responsible for the maintenance of survey marks.

(1)Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed in this behalf, every person interested in the land shall be bound to maintain, renew and repair the survey marks on or within the boundaries of his holding and in default of his doing so, the Collector may, at the cost of the Government maintain, renew and repair such survey marks, determine and apportion the cost of so doing, and recover such costs as a public demand or arrear of land revenue, as the case may be.(2)Before the Collector renews or repairs any survey marks, he shall serve a notice in writing on the cultivator or other person interested in the prescribed manner intimating him the action proposed to be taken by him specifying the time fixed for such action.

9. Recovery of cost of survey.

(1)The whole or such portion of the costs as may be ordered in respect of survey made on the application of parties under Sub-section (3) of Section 3 shall be borne by them :Provided that where the application is made under Clause (b) of the said sub-section, the amount recoverable under this section shall be recovered from all the raiyats of the local area including the applicants.(2)The Government may prescribed the manner in which such costs shall be assessed.

The costs so assessed shall be [recoverable as arrears of land revenue] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.].

10.

[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]Chapter-III Record-of-Rights

11. Power of Government to order preparations of record-of-rights.

- [(1) The Government may, in any case, if they think fit, make an order directing that a record-of-rights be prepared in respect of lands in any local area in the State.] [Re-numbered by Act No. 7 of 1962.](2)The Government may also make an order under the preceding sub-section-(a)on the request of -(i)any local authority, or(ii)other persons,who agree to pay such amount as may be directed by the Government forwards the cost of preparation of the record-of-rights; or(b)on the request of not less than one half of the total number of raiyats having land in the village and on their depositing such amount for payment of expenses as the Government may direct.(3)A notification in the Gazette of an order under this section shall be conclusive evidence that the order has been duly made, [* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.].(4)[When an order is made under Sub-section (1) the Assistant Settlement Officer shall proceed to prepare the record-of-rights in the prescribed manner.(5)The record-of-rights shall be comprised of-(a)the khewat which shall show the character and extent of proprietary interests and may also show the particulars of other rent receiving interests; and(b)the khatian which shall show such details as may be prescribed.](6)[For the purpose of preparation of record-of-rights in respect of any local area, there shall be prepared in the prescribed manner a map showing, as far as may be, all such particulars may be considered necessary for the purpose and the record-of-rights so prepared shall be in conformity with the map :Provided that in the event of any conflict between prepared and the survey map previously prepared under the provisions of Chapter II, the former shall prevail.] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

12. [Preliminary publication of draft record-of-rights and hearing of objections. [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

- When a draft record-of-rights has been prepared, the Assistant Settlement Officer shall publish the same in the prescribed manner and for the prescribed period and shall receive and consider any objections which may be made to any entry therein or any omission therefrom during the period of publication.] [Re-numbered by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

12A. [Appeal. [Inserted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

- An appeal, if presented within thirty days from the date of the order appealed against, shall lie from every order passed by the Assistant Settlement Officer under Section 12 to the Settlement Officer or to any other officer especially empowered by the Government in this behalf.

12B. Final publication of record-of-rights.

(1)When all such objections and appeals are disposed of, the Assistant Settlement Officer shall finally frame the record-of-rights incorporating all such alterations as may be necessary to give effect to the orders passed on such objections and appeals and shall cause it to be finally published in the prescribed manner and such publication shall be conclusive evidence that the record has been duly made under this Chapter.(2)Separate drafts and final records may be published for different local areas or parts thereof.]

13. Presumption as to final publication and correction of record-of-rights.

- [(1) Any record-of-rights prepared and finally published under this Chapter or a certified copy thereof or extract therefrom shall be conclusive evidence of such publication.(2)The Government may by notification declare with regard to land in any local area or village that record-of-rights has been finally published and such notification shall be conclusive evidence of such publication.] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.](3)Every entry in a record-of-rights so published shall be evidence of the matter referred to in such entry and shall be presumed to be correct until it is provided by evidence to be incorrect :Provided that, if any entry in a record-of-rights is altered in a subsequent record-of-rights, the later entry shall be presumed to be correct until it is proved by evidence to be correct, but the previous entry shall be admissible as evidence of the facts existing at the time such entry was made.

14.

[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

15. Revision by Board of Revenue.

- The Board of Revenue may in any case direct-(a)of its own motion the revision of any record-of-rights, or any portion of a record-of-rights, at any time after the date of final publication under [Section 12-B] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] but not so to affect any order passed by a Civil Court under Section [42] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.];(b)[on application made within one year from the date of final publication under Section 12-B the revision of record-of-rights or any portion thereof whether within the said period of one year or thereafter but not so as to affect any order passed by a Civil Court under Section 42 :] [Substituted by Act No. 6 of 1981.]Provided that no such direction shall be made until reasonable opportunity has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.

16. [Maintenance of records. [Substituted by Act No. 9 of 1965.]

- In order to keep the map and the record-of-rights up-to-date same shall be maintained in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed in that behalf.]

17. Recovery of cost of preparation of record-of-rights.

(1)The cost of operation of record-of-rights on an application made under Sub-section (2) of Section 11 or such portion thereof may be ordered shall be borne by the applicant:Provided that where the application is made under Clause (b) of the said sub-section, the amount recoverable under this section shall be covered from all the raiyats of the village including the applicants.(2)The Government may prescribe the manner in which such cost shall be assessed. The cost assessed shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.Chapter-IV Settlement of Rent

18. Settlement of rent.

(1)The Government may at any time direct [the settlement of] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] rent in respect of land situate in any village or local area for which a record-of-rights has already been finally published.(2)The Government may also issue a direction under the preceding sub-section -(a)on the request of-(i)any local authority; or(ii)other persons;who agree to pay such amount as may be directed by the Government towards the cost of the settlement of rent; or(b)on the request of not less than one-half of the total number of raiyats having land in any local area on their depositing such amount for payment of expenses as the Government may direct.(3)All amounts payable under Clause (a) of Sub-section (2) shall be [recoverable as arrears of land revenue.] [Substituted by Act No. 51 of 1975.]

19. Principles for fixing rent.

- [(1) The Government may prescribe the principles for fixing fair and equitable rent for any land used for agriculture having regard to-(a)the average price of crops, during the preceding ten years other than the years which the Government may notify to be or to have been either famine years or abnormal years in respect of any local area;(b)the crop or crops normally grown on such land;(c)the situation of the land and the nature of the soil; and(d)the maximum rent assessed on land of similar quality and productivity elsewhere in the State.]Explanation. - For the purpose of this sub-section -(a)agriculture includes raising of crops/grass or garden produce, horticulture or use of land as pasture or forest or for any other purpose ancillary to agriculture other than residential purpose;(b)the cultivable waste land of a tenant shall be deemed to be land used for agriculture; and(c)the crop or crops, which could have been grown in any land referred to in the preceding clause or in an land which is used for any purpose ancillary to agriculture shall be deemed to be the crop or crops normally grown on such land.(2)The Government may prescribe the principles for fixing fair and equitable rent for lands used for any purpose other than agriculture including all kinds of homestead lands in urban and rural areas of the State, having regard to-(a)the situation of the land;(b)purpose for which it is used;(c)communication and marketing facilities; and(d)market value of the land.(3)The rent so fixed shall be deemed to be the rent payable, for the land :Provided that Government may subject to such conditions as they may impose, direct remission or deduction of the fair and equitable rent so fixed in respect of any land which is owned by any religious or charitable institution of a public nature and is utilised for the promotion of education, health, culture, fine arts, sports or games for social welfare.(4)The provisions of this section shall have effect, notwithstanding anything contained in any law, custom or contract for the time being in

force.

20. [Manner of fixation of rent. [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

- When an order is made under Section 18, the Assistant Settlement Officer shall fix the fair and equitable rent in the prescribed manner.] [Substituted by Act No. 51 of 1975.]

21. Preliminary publication and amendment of Settlement Rent Roll.

- [(1) When rent has been fixed, the Assistant Settlement Officer shall prepare a Settlement Rent Roll containing such particulars as may be prescribed and shall cause the same to be published in the prescribed manner and for the prescribed period and shall receive and consider any objections which may be made to any entry therein or omission therefrom during the period of publication.(2)The Assistant Settlement Officer may, of his own motion or on the application of any party aggrieved, at any time before a Settlement Rent Roll is submitted to the Settlement Officer under Section 22, revise the rent entered therein :Provided that no such revision shall be made until reasonable opportunity has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

22. [Sanction of settled rent and modification of orders passed on objection. [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

(1)When all such objections have been disposed of, the Assistant Settlement Officer shall submit the Settlement Rent Roll to the Settlement Officer with a full statement of the grounds of his proposals and a summary of the objections, if any, received by him.(2)The Settlement Officer shall -(a)of his own motion; or(b)on application without thirty days from the order passed on an objection preferred under Sub-section (1) of Section 21, have power to modify any such order.(3)The Settlement Officer may sanction the said Roll with or without amendment or may return the same for revision by the Assistant Settlement Officer.(4)No modification or amendment or revision shall be made under Sub-section (2) or, as the case may be, Sub-section (3) until reasonable opportunity has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.]

23. [Incorporation of settled rent in the record-of-rights and final publication thereof. [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

(1)After sanction of the Settlement Rent Roll, the Assistant Settlement Officer shall incorporate the settled rent in the record-of-rights, make such amendments or alterations in the said record and the map, if any, and shall cause a fresh copy of the record-of-rights to be finally published in the prescribed manner.(2)Such publication shall be conclusive evidence that the rent has been duly settled under this Chapter and the record-of-rights so published shall be deemed to be the record-of-rights published under Section 12-B.]

24.

[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

25. Revision by the Board of Revenue.

- The Board of Revenue may, in any case -(a)of its own motion, at any time after the date of final publication under [Section 23] [Inserted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]; or(b)[on application made within one year from the said date] [Substituted by Act No.6 of 1981.] direct the revision of the rent so settled, but not so as to affect any order passed by a Civil Court under Section 42 :Provided that no such direction shall be made until reasonable opportunity has been given to the parties concerned to appear and be heard in the matter.

26.

[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

27. Presumption as to correctness of rent settled.

- Subject to the provisions of Sections [25 and 42] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]; all rents settled under Section [20, 21 and 22] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] and incorporated in a record-of-rights finally [published under Section 23] [Inserted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] shall be deemed to have been correctly settled and to be fair and equitable rent within the meaning of this Act.

28. Date from which settled rent takes effect.

- When any rent is settled [* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] under this Chapter, it shall take effect from the beginning of the agricultural year next after the date of sanction [* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] under [Sub-section (3)] [Substituted by Act No. 6 of 1981.] of Section 22:Provided that the Government may prescribe an earlier date from which such settlement shall take effect and that such date shall not be earlier than the date of notification under Section 18.Chapter-V Jurisdiction and Procedure

29. [Jurisdiction of Courts. [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

(1)All authorities hearing an application, appeal or revision under any of the provisions of this Act shall do so as Revenue Courts.(2)Save as otherwise provided in this Act when an order has been made under Sections 3, 11, 18 or 36 no Court shall entertain any application or suit in respect of any matter for determining or deciding which provisions made in the Act and all proceedings in respect of any such matter pending on the date, such order is made shall be stayed till the final publication of records under Section 6-C, 12-B or 23 as the case may be.](3)[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

30. Application of Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 to proceedings under this Act.

- The Government may from time to time make rules consistent with this Act declaring that any provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, shall not apply to applications, appeals or other proceedings under this Act in any Revenue Court or to any specified classes of such applications, appeals or shall apply to them subject to modification and additions specified in the rules.

31. Power of Collector and Board of Revenue to dispute work.

(1)The [Settlement Officer] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] may by written order, dispute in such manner as appears to him fit any business cognizable under this Act by any [Assistant Settlement Officer] [Substituted by Act No. 6 of 1981.] and by like order he may withdraw any case pending before such [Officer] [Substituted by Act No. 6 of 1981.] and either dispose of the same himself or by written order refer it for disposal to any other [Assistant Settlement Officer] [Substituted by Act No. 6 of 1981.],(2)[The aforesaid powers shall, in relation to all business cognizable under this Act, be exercisable by -(a)the District Collector and the Chief Survey Officer in respect of officers subordinate to them; and(b)the Board of Revenue in respect of Settlement Officers, Chief Survey Officers and District Collectors.]

32. Power to call for and revise proceedings of Revenue Officers.

- The Board of Revenue may call for the record of any Proceeding [any Officer] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] from whose decision no appeal lies if such Officer appears to have exercised a jurisdiction not vested in him by law or to have failed to exercise a jurisdiction so vested or while acting in the exercise of his jurisdiction to have contravened some express provision of law affecting the decision on the merits where such contravention has produced a serious miscarriage of justice and the Board of Revenue after hearing the parties if they attend, shall pass such order as it deems fit.

33. Delegation of powers.

- The Government may by notification, delegate the powers of the Board of Revenue to [any Officer above the rank of a Settlement Officer] [Substituted by O.A. No. 5 of 1994.].

34. Limitation of applications.

- Subject to the provisions of the next following section, every appeal presented and application made after the period of limitation specified therefor shall be dismissed although limitation has not been set up as a defence.

35. Application of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908.

- Subject to the provisions of this Act, the provisions of the Indian Limitation Act 9 of 1908, except Sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 19 and 20 shall apply to all appeals and applications mentioned in Section 34. Chapter-VI Miscellaneous

36. Simultaneous Proceeding.

- [(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in Chapter II, III and IV the Government may take an order directing that proceedings relating to -(a)survey and preparation of record-of-right;(b)preparation of record-of-rights and settlement of rent; or(c)survey, preparation of record-of-rights and settlement of rent, shall with respect to any local area, be carried on simultaneously and upon such order being made, the provisions of this Act shall apply to such proceeding with such modifications, as may be prescribed.(2)Where simultaneous proceedings have been ordered under Clause (a) or (c) of the preceding sub-section, the Assistant Settlement Officer and the Settlement Officer shall respectively exercise all the powers of Survey Officer and Chief Survey Officer.] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

37. Demarcation of village boundaries.

- [(1) In the demarcation of village boundaries for the purpose of making a survey and preparing a record-of-rights under this Act, the area contained within the exterior boundaries of the village shall, as far as possible, be preserved as the unit of survey any record and no other area shall be adopted as such unit without the sanction of the Board of Revenue.(2)In respect of any area which is not a village, the unit aforesaid shall be as may be directed by the Chief Survey Officer or the Settlement Officer.(3)The procedure to be followed in declaring any tract of land to constitute a village shall be as may be prescribed.] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

38. [Validation of past records and settlement of rent. [Substituted by Act No. 9 of 1966.]

(1)All records published in the course of proceedings relating to survey, preparation of record-of-rights or settlement of rent and all records maintained, before the date of commencement of this Act under the provisions of any law for the time being in force or any custom having the force of law or under orders of Government, shall be deemed to have been finally published or maintained under Sections 6-C, 12-B, 23 or 16, as the case may be, and all rents settled prior to the said date under any such law, custom or order, as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be settled under this Act.(2)The other provisions of the Act shall, mutatis mutandis apply to all such records and rents so settled.Explanation. - For the purpose of the application of Sections 6D, 15, 25 and 42 of the date of final publication shall be taken to be the date of commencement of the Orissa Survey and Settlement (Amendment) Act, 1965.(3)Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing sub-sections no proceedings shall be maintainable -(a)under Section 6-D, 15 or 25 if the record or any entry therein or the settlement of rent had, prior to the date of commencement of the Orissa Survey and Settlement

(Amendment) Act, 1965, been-(i)subject to the revision by the Board of Revenue; or(ii)after being made, further considered by any authority in accordance with any law or under orders of Government; or(iii)subject to any decision by a Civil Court; or(b)under Section 42 if the matter had been in issue in a previously instituted suit in a Civil Court.]

39.

[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 9 of 1965.]

40. Protection of action taken under this Act.

- No suit or other legal proceedings shall lie against any person for anything in good faith done or purporting to be done under this Act or any Rule of Order made thereunder.

41. Correction of arithmetical mistake.

- [Any Settlement Officer or Chief Survey Officer or any other Officer specially empowered by the Board of Revenue] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] in this behalf may on application or on his own motion, correct any clerical or arithmetical mistake in any map, plan or in any record-of-rights or any error arising therein from any accidental slip or in omission :Provided that no such correction shall be made unless reasonable notice has been given to the parties concerned.

42. Limitation of jurisdiction of Civil Court.

- [(1) No suit shall be brought in any Civil Court in respect of any order directing survey, preparation of record-of-rights or settlement of rent under this Act or in respect of publication, signing or attestation of any record thereunder or any part thereof :Provided that any person aggrieved by any entry in or omission from any record finally published under Sections 6-C, 12-B or 23 in pursuance of Section 36 may, within three years from the date of such publication, institute a suit for relief in a Civil Court having jurisdiction.(2)When such Court has passed final orders it shall notify the same to the Collector of the district and all such alterations as may be necessary to give effect to the orders of the said Court shall be made in the records published as aforesaid.] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

43. Power to make Rules.

(1)The Government may, after previous publications, make rules for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.(2)In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Government may make rules-(i)to regulate the procedure to be followed by [different officers and authorities] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] in the discharge of any duty imposed or the exercise of any power conferred upon them by or under the Act and may by such rules confer upon any such Officer-(a)any power exercised by a Civil Court in the trial of suits;(b)power to enter upon any land and to survey, demarcate and make a map of the same [* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of

1962.]; and(c)power to cut and thrash the crops on any land and weigh the produce within a view to estimating the capabilities of the soil;(ii)to prescribe the forms to be used and the mode of service of notices issued under this Act, where no form or mode is prescribed by this or any other Act;(iii)as to the procedure to be followed [in hearing applications and appeals] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.] under this Act;(iv)as to the fees, costs and charges to be paid for the purposes of this Act [notwithstanding anything in the Court-fees Act 7 of 1870.] [Added by Act No. 7 of 1962.](v)[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.](vi)[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.](vii)[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.](viii)[* * *] [Omitted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

44. Rules to be laid before Assembly.

- [All rules made under Section 43 shall, as soon as may be after they are made, be laid before the State Legislature for a total period of fourteen days which may be comprised in one or more sessions, and if during the said period the State Legislature makes any modifications therein, the rules shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form, so, however, that such modification shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under the rules.] [Substituted vide O.A.No. 13 of 1998-O.G.E. No. 1327 dated 16.10.1998 (w.e.f. 24.3.1976).]

45. Repeal.

- With effect from the date, this Act comes into force in any area, the laws mentioned hereunder shall, with respect to the said area, be repealed, namely:(a)any law in force in any of the merged territories to be extent it is repugnant to the provisions of this Act; and(b)the enactments specified in Column 2 of the Schedule to the extent specified in Column 3 thereof.

46. Effect of repeal.

(1)Nothing contained in this Act shall, in any way affect any proceedings on pending the date this Act comes into force under any of the enactments or laws referred to in Section 45 and [all such proceedings shall be continued up to the stage of final publication of records under the said enactments or laws] [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.].(2)For removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the right of the Government to realise the costs of all proceedings relating to survey, record-of-rights and settlement of rent whether continued or completed under the enactments specified in the Schedule shall remain unaffected notwithstanding anything contained in this Act.

46A. [Power of Settlement Officer under the Central Provinces Acts to be exercised by officers appointed under this Act. [Inserted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]

- Notwithstanding anything contained in the Central Provinces Acts mentioned below, the Settlement officers and Assistant Settlement Officers appointed under this Act shall respectively exercised the powers and perform the functions of -(a)Chief Settlement Officers and Settlement Officers under the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act 18 of 1981, and the Central provinces

Tenancy Act 11 of 1898, and; (b) Settlement Officers and Assistant Settlement Officers under the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act 2 of 1917, and the Central Provinces Tenancy Act 1 of 1920.]

47. Power to remove difficulties.

- If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may, as occasion may require, do anything which appears to them necessary for purpose of removing the difficulty.

Schedule

Enactment Repealed[See Section 45]

Number and year	Short title	Extent of repeal
1	2	3
V of 1875...	The Bengal Survey Act	The whole
VIII of 1923...	The Madras Survey and Boundaries Act	The whole
I of 1908...	The Madras Estate Land Act.	Chapters XI and XII. The provisions of other Chapters insofar as they are repugnant to the provisions of this Act.
II of 1913...	The Orissa Tenancy Act	Chapters XI and XII. The provisions of other chapters insofar as they are repugnant to the provisions of this Act.
VI of 1929...	The C.P. Settlement Act	So far as its provisions are repugnant to this Act.
XI of 1898...	The C.P. Tenancy Act	So far as its provisions are repugnant to this Act.
I of 1920...	The C.P. Tenancy Act	So far as its provisions are repugnant to this Act.
XVIII of 1881...	The C.P. Land Revenue Act	So far as its provisions are repugnant to this Act.
II of 1917...	The C.P. Land Revenue Act	So far as its provisions are repugnant to this Act.
[I of 1920... [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]	Bihar and Orissa Municipal Survey Act	The whole]
The Orissa Survey and Settlement (Amendment) Act, 1962 Orissa Act 7 of 1962		

38. Savings. - (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Principal Act all appeals filed in respect of records finally published or republished prior to the coming into force of the said Act in pursuance of proceeding relating to preparation of record-of-rights or settlement of rent and pending on the date

of coming into force of this Act shall stand transferred to the Settlement Officer having jurisdiction who shall dispose of the same in accordance with the provisions of the Principal Act and thereupon the Assistant Settlement Officer shall make such alterations in the aforesaid records as may be necessary to give effect to the orders passed in appeal.

(2) All proceedings relating to survey carried on along with the simultaneous proceedings relating to preparation of record-of-rights and settlement of rent ordered under Section 36 of the Principal Act shall be deemed to be proceedings carried on in accordance with the provisions of the said Act as fully and effectively as if an order had then been made under that Act as amended by this Act for carrying on survey, preparation of record-of-rights and settlement of rent proceeding simultaneously. The Orissa Survey and Settlement (Amendment) Act, 1965 Orissa Act 9 of 1965

5. Transitory provisions and validation. - (1) Any proceedings of the revision of any record or any entry therein or any rent as specified in Section 38 of the Principal Act, as amended by this Act pending before the Board of Revenue shall be deemed to be proceedings under the Principal Act.

(2) Any order made by the Board of Revenue prior to the date of commencement of this Act directing revision in proceedings of the nature specified in Subsection (1) shall be deemed to have been validly made and shall have effect as fully and effectively as if the Board of Revenue had at all material dates been vested with the powers to make such order under the principal Act. The Orissa Survey and Settlement (Amendment) Act, 1975 Orissa Act 21 of 1975

5. Savings. - Notwithstanding anything contained in the Principal Act as amended by this Act, the period of limitation for presentation of an application for revision before the Board of Revenue under the Principal Act shall, where the relevant date of final publication has occurred prior to the commencement of this Act, be two years from the said date.

The Orissa Survey and Settlement (Amendment and Validation) Act, 1975 Orissa Act 51 of 1975

3. Validation. - Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgement, decree or order of any Court, any rent settled prior to the commencement of this Act, under the Principal Act in respect of any land used for any non-agricultural purpose shall be deemed to have been validly settled under the Principal Act as amended by this Act no such settlement or rent shall be liable to be called in question in any Court merely, on the ground that the principles followed in settling such rent were not provided by or under the Principal Act.

The Orissa Survey and Settlement (Amendment and Validation) Act, 1998 Orissa Act 13 of 1998

3. Validation. - Notwithstanding to the contrary the Principal Act, or any judgement, decree or order of any Court, the Orissa Survey and Settlement (Amendment) Rules, 1976 (hereinafter referred to as the Amendment Rules) made under Section 43 of the Principal Act and published under the notification of the Government of Orissa in Revenue Department No. 21474-R., dated the 23rd March, 1976 as S.R.O. No. 344/76, shall be deemed to be effective on and with effect from the date of such publication as if Section 44 of the Principal Act as amended by Section 2 of this Act had been in force at all material points of time when the rules were so made and published and were laid before the Orissa Legislative Assembly in pursuance of Section 44 of the Principal Act, accordingly :

(a) all actions taken or things done or purported to be taken or done including the fixation, assessment and realisation of rents pursuant to the amendments made by the Amendment Rules shall be deemed to have been validly done or taken; and (b) no suit or other proceeding shall be instituted, maintained or continued in any Court merely on the ground that the Amendment Rules were not effective prior to laying of the same before the Assembly for a total period of fifteen days as required by Section 44 of the Principal Act as it stood prior to the commencement of Section 2 of this Act. [Substituted by Act No. 7 of 1962.]