

Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Tenancy and Agricultural Land Rules, 1950.

ANDHRA PRADESH

India

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Rule

ANDHRA-PRADESH-TELANGANA-AREA-TENANCY-AND-AGRICULTURE of 1950

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Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Tenancy and Agricultural Land Rules, 1950. Published vide Notification, (Revenue) No. 41, dated the 17.8.1950. Published in Hyderabad Gazette No. 48, Part-1-C, 73, dated 28.8.1950. (Under Sections 35 & 37) In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2)(i) of Section 97 read with Sections 35 and 37 of the Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1950 (No. 21 of 1950) H.E.H. The Nizam is pleased to make the following rules:

1. Short title and commencement:.

- These Rules may be called the Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Tenancy and Agricultural Land Rules, 1950 and shall come into force from the date of publication of the same in the Official Gazette.

2. Preparation of Preliminary Record of Tenancies of Agricultural Land:.

- As soon as may be but not later than a month from the date of publication of these rules in the Jarida, a Preliminary Record of Tenancies of Agricultural Lands shall be prepared in duplicate for every village by the Patwari thereof in Form No. I appended herewith based on his own knowledge and inspection, when necessary, and on such information as may be available from the village records or is furnished by the Mali Patel of the village, as well as upon information furnished by persons in possession of, or holders of rights in agricultural lands as to the nature and extent of the interest which they have in such lands.

3. Announcement:.

- (i) On completion of the Preliminary Record of Tenancies under Rule 2 the patwari shall announce in the village by beat of drum daily for a period of 3 days therefrom that Preliminary Record of Tenancies is ready and shall also publish a notice to the same effect in the chavadi or other conspicuous place specified by the Tahsildar as the case may be. The Patwari shall show the said record and explain the entries thereof to any person of the village who goes to him for the purpose. (ii) The Patwari shall make the Preliminary Record of Tenancies available for reference and inspection by the villagers in the manner prescribed in sub-rule (i) for a period of 15 days from the date of the first announcement under sub-rule (i). (iii) At the end of the period of 15 days fixed in sub-rule (ii), the patwari and the Mali Patel of the village shall certify at the foot of the Preliminary Record of Tenancies that the requirements of sub-rules (i) and (ii) have been duly complied with.

4. Objections by villagers:.

- Any person adversely affected by any entry in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies prepared under Rule 2 may apply to the Patwari orally or in writing not later than 3 days from the expiry of 15 days allowed for reference and inspection under Rule 3(ii) for rectification of such entry and the Patwari shall at once give him an acknowledgement receipt of such an application in Form II appended.

5. Disposal of the objections by the Patwari:.

- On receipt of an application under Rule 4 and after making such enquiry as he deems necessary, the Patwari may, if he considers that the said entry was wrongly made, rectify the same; if he considers that the original entry was correctly made, he shall enter the particulars of the application for rectification in the Register of Disputed Cases in Form No.111 appended hereto.

6. Record to be forwarded to the Tahsil Office through the Revenue Inspector:.

- As soon as it may be, but not later than 7 days after the expiry of 15 days prescribed in sub-rule (ii) of Rule 3; the Patwari shall forward a copy of the Preliminary Record of Tenancies and the Register of Disputed Cases to the Office of the Tahsil in which the village is situate through the Girdawar of the area.

7. Enquiry and check by the Revenue Inspector:.

- (i) On a day to be fixed in advance, of which previous intimation shall be given to the villages not less than 3 days and not more than 7 days before the day fixed, the Girdawar shall read out and check every entry in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies and the Register of Disputed Cases and certify the accuracy of the said entries in the presence of the villagers assembled in the Chavadi or in any conspicuous place in the village. (ii) If any person who is adversely affected by an entry in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies or the Register of Disputed Cases, is present and consents to such

an entry being corrected during such check, the Girdawar shall note the fact in Register of Disputed Cases and make the necessary corrections in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies under his signature and delete the former entry from the Register of Disputed Cases under his signature.(iii)If any person present who is adversely affected, disputes the correctness of an entry, whether he has filed an application regarding the same before the Patwari under Rule 4 or not, the Girdawar shall correct such error if admitted by all parties, under his signature. If the error is not admitted by all parties, he shall enter the dispute with all particulars in the Register of Disputed Cases, if, such an entry has not already been made by the Patwari.(iv)On completion of the check of the Preliminary Record of Tenancies and the Register of Disputed Cases under sub-rules (i), (ii) and the Girdawar shall certify at the foot of the Preliminary Record of Tenancies and the Register of Disputed Cases that the entries have been read out to the assembly of the villagers and that the prescribed action has been taken on the objection and shall sign the same on the spot.

8. Revenue Inspector to forward the Records to the Tahsildar:.

- As soon as may be, but not later than a week after the completion of the enquiry under the provisions of Rule 7, the Girdawar shall forward the Preliminary Record of Tenancies and Register of Disputed Cases to the Tahsildar.

9. Enquiry of disputed cases by Tahsildar:.

- (i) As soon as may be but not later than a month after the receipt of the Preliminary Record of Tenancies and Register of Disputed Cases in the Tahsil Office, the Tahsildar or the officer authorised by Government in this behalf, shall, enquire into and decide every case entered in the Register of the Disputed Cases on an appointed day of which due notice in advance shall be given to the parties to the disputes.(ii)The Tahsildar or the said officer, shall record in the Register of Disputed Cases a brief summary of the evidence at the enquiry and his orders thereon with the grounds for his decision.(iii)The Tahsildar or the said officer shall communicate his decision orally to the parties, if they are present at the time of his decision and shall make a note to that effect in the Register of Disputed Cases.6 If the parties are not present, he shall send written intimation of the decision by post to the last known address or addresses of the party or parties, as the case may be, and note in the Register of Disputed Cases, the date of despatch of such intimation.(iv)The Tahsildar or the said officer shall under his signature amend the entries in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies in accordance with his orders under sub-rule (ii). He shall send a copy of every amended entry to the Patwari who shall carry out the amendments in his copy of the Preliminary Record of Tenancies under his signature.

10. Preliminary Record to be declared as Provisional Record of Tenancies:.

- (i) After passing orders in all disputed cases and incorporating the changes referred to in sub-rule (iv) of Rule 9 the Tahsildar shall declare the Preliminary Record of Tenancies as the Provisional Record of Tenancies and append a certificate in such record that it shall be declared to be Provisional Record of Tenancies with effect from the date of such certification.(ii)The Tahsildar shall announce that the Preliminary Record of Tenancies has been declared as a Provisional Record of

Tenancies under sub-rule (i) by affixing copies of notice to that effect on the notice board in his office and in the Chavadi of the village to which such record relates or if in such village there is no Chavadi, in such place as he may specify.(iii)During his next visit to such village after such publication the Girdawar of the area shall check whether all the amendments to entries in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies communicated by the Tahsildar to the Patwari under the provisions of sub-rule (iv) of Rule 9 have been duly incorporated by the Patwari and if all the amendments have been so incorporated or after getting such amendments incorporated in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies, the Girdawar shall append a certificate in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies that all such amendments of entries have been incorporated therein and that the Preliminary Record of Tenancies has been declared by the Tahsildar as Provisional Record of Tenancies. He shall note in his certificate the date of such declaration by the Tahsildar.

11. Appeal:.

- An appeal against an order passed by the Tahsildar or by the officer authorised by Government in this behalf under the provisions of Rule 9 shall lie to the Second Taluqdar within one month from the date of the order.

12. Revision:.

- The Second Taluqdar, the Taluqdar, the Board of Revenue, or the Government may of their own accord at any time or within 3 months from the date of an order in appeal under Rule 11, on the application of any party, call for and examine the Provisional Record of Tenancies relating to any entry and pass orders thereon as they deem fit and proper.

13. Amendment of entries in Provisional Record of Tenancies:.

- The Tahsildar shall amend the entries in the Provisional Record of Tenancies in accordance with the orders passed in appeal or revision under his signature and shall communicate copies of the entries so amended to the Patwari who shall thereupon alter the relevant entries in his copy of the Provisional Record of Tenancies accordingly.

14. Acquisition of rights to be reported:.

- (i) Any person who after the preparation of the Preliminary or Provisional Record of Tenancies acquires any interest or right in land as a holder or a tenant in any village by succession, survivorship, inheritance, partition, purchase, gift or otherwise, shall report his acquisition of such an interest or right, orally or in writing to the Patwari of the village in which such land is situated or in writing to the Tahsildar of the area within one month from the date of such acquisition. Provided that if the person acquiring such interest or right in land is a minor or otherwise disqualified, his guardian having charge of his property shall make the report to the Patwari or the Tahsildar.(ii)The Patwari shall at once give a written acknowledgement of the report made to him under sub-rule (i) in Form II appended herewith to the person making it.(iii)The Patwari shall immediately forward

every report made to him under sub-rule (i) to the Tahsildar of the area.(iv)If the Patwari has reason to believe that an acquisition of any interest or right in land of description referred to in sub-rule (i) has taken place, of which a report has not been made to him under that sub-rule, he shall immediately report such an acquisition to the Tahsildar of the area.

15. Register of Mutations:.

- (i) The Tahsildar shall enter in a Register of Mutation maintained in Form IV appended herewith every report made or forwarded to him under Rule 14.(ii)The Tahsildar or the officer authorised by Government in this behalf shall inquire into every acquisition of interest or right in land entered in the Register of Mutations within 30 days of its entry in such register after giving prior notice of the time, date and place of enquiry to all persons who are believed to be interested in the mutation.(iii)The Tahsildar or the said officer shall record a brief summary of the evidence at his enquiry and of the ground for his decision in the Register of Mutations.(iv)The Tahsildar shall amend the entry made in the Provisional Record of Tenancies in accordance with the orders under sub-rule (iii) under his signature and shall communicate copy of the entry so made to the Patwari who shall thereupon alter the relevant entry in his copy of the Provisional Record of Tenancies accordingly.

16. Appeal and Revision:.

- (i) On an order passed by the Tahsildar or the officer authorised by Government in this behalf under the provision of Rule 15, an appeal shall lie to the Second Taluqdar of the area within one month from the date of such order.(ii)The Second Taluqdar, Board of Revenue or the Government may of their own accord at any time, or within 3 months from the date of an order in appeal under sub-rule (i) of the application of any party, call for and examine the records relating to such appeal and may pass such orders thereon as they deem fit and proper.(iii)The Tahsildar shall amend the entries in the Provisional Record of Tenancies in accordance with the orders in appeal under sub-rule (i) under his signature or revision under sub-rule (ii) and shall communicate copies of the entries so amended to the Patwari who shall thereupon alter the relevant entry in his copy of the Provisional Record of Tenancies accordingly.

17. Obligation to furnish information:.

- (i) Any person whose rights, interest or liabilities are required to be or have been entered in any record or register under these rules, shall be bound, on the requisition of the Tahsildar or the officer authorised by Government in this behalf to enquire under Rule 9 or Rule 15 to furnish or produce for his inspection within one week from the date of such requisition, all such information or documents needed for the correct compilation or revision thereof as may be within his knowledge or in his possession or power.(ii)The Tahsildar or the said officer shall at once give a written acknowledgement thereof to the person furnishing any information or producing any document under sub-rule (i) and shall note under his signature the date of such production.

18. Penalty for failing to furnish information:.

- Whoever fails to make a report required by Rule 14 or to furnish any information or to produce any document required under Rule 17 within the time fixed in Rule 14 or Rule 17, as the case may be, shall be liable at the discretion of the Tahsildar or the said officer, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 which shall be collected as an arrear of land revenue.

19. Refusal of assistance under Section 72 of the Land Revenue Act and Section 32 of the Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act:.

- The Tahsildar shall refuse assistance to any landholder to recover possession of land from a tenant either under Section 72 of the Land Revenue Act or Section 32 of the Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act or any other orders for the time being in force, if his claim to such assistance is not supported by a certified copy of an entry or entries in Provisional Record of Tenancies relating to such land.

20. Presumption of correctness of entries in the Records of Tenancies and Registers of Mutations:.

- Every entry in the Provisional Record of Tenancies shall be presumed to be true until the contrary is proved or a new entry is duly substituted therefor.

21. Inspection of copies:.

- (i) The Provisional Record of Tenancies shall during office hours on all working days be open for inspection by the public in the Tahsil Office and with the village Patwari. Certified copies thereof shall be given to all persons applying for the same to the Tahsildar. (ii) For every certified copy of entries in Provisional Register of Tenancies a fee at the rate of 8 annas for each survey number shall be charged.

22. Certified copy of record to be annexed to a plaint or an application:.

- (i) Every application under the Andhra Pradesh (T.A.) Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1950 and every plaint or application in a Civil Court relating to any land to which the said Act applied shall be accompanied by a certified copy of an entry in the Provisional Record of Tenancies relevant to such lands. (ii) If the plaintiff or applicant fails to comply with sub-rule (i) for any use which the Court, Tribunal or Officer, before whom the plaint or application, as the case may be, has been filed, deems sufficient, he shall produce such certified copy within such reasonable time as may be fixed by the Court, Tribunal or Officer, as the case may be, and if such certified copy is not so annexed or produced, the plaint or application shall be rejected. But such rejection shall not by itself, preclude the presentation of a fresh plaint in respect of the same cause of action, or a fresh application in respect of the same matter, with a certified copy annexed. (iii) After the disposal of any case in which a certified copy of any such entry has been filed, the Court, Tribunal or Officer, as the case may be,

shall communicate to the Tahsildar any error appearing in such entry or any alteration therein that may be required by reason of a decree or order of the said Court, Tribunal or Officer and a copy of such communication shall be kept with the record of the proceedings. The provisions of this sub-rule shall apply also to an appellate or revisional decree or order, provided that in the case of an appellate or revisional decree or order passed by the High Court, the communication to the Tahsildar shall be sent by the Court in which the original proceedings were instituted.(iv)The Tahsildar shall on receipt of such communication cause the relevant entry in the Provisional Record of Tenancies to be amended in accordance with the decree or the decision of the Court, Tribunal or Officer, as the case may be, so far as it adjudicates upon any right required to be entered in the Record of Tenancies, and shall forward copy of the entry so amended to the Patwari who shall thereupon amend such entry in his copy of the Provisional Record of Tenancies accordingly.

23. Court Fees:.

- Every memorandum of appeal under Rule 11 or sub-rule (i) of Rule 16 and every application for revision under Rule 12 or sub-rule (ii) of Rule 16 shall bear the court fees prescribed under the Court Fees Act.

24. Final Record of Tenancies:.

(1)For every village an abstract of tenancy shall be prepared in Form No.5 appended herewith based on the Provisional Record of Tenancies relating thereto and such an abstract of tenancies shall, with effect from 10th June, 1951, be deemed to be the final record of tenancies if the said village subject to the final orders on applications, if any, filed under Sections 5, 35 and 37 of the said Act relating to any land therein.(2)The final record of tenancies of a village shall be amended by the Tahsildar in accordance with the final orders passed on applications filed under Sections 5, 35 and 37 of the said Act.(3)If on a representation made to him, the Tahsildar is of opinion that any entry in the final record of Tenancies of a village is not correct or the name of any person which should have been entered in the said records has not been so entered, the Tahsildar may at any time before 10-6-1952 amend the said record suitably under his signature.

24A. (i) A Taluq Commission consisting of the Tahsildar of a Tahsil as Chairman and two other non-official members nominated by the Government for such period as they may deem fit not exceeding one year, shall examine the final records of all the villages within the jurisdiction of the said Tahsildar.

Provided that the Chairman of the Taluq Commission shall have the option, if he is satisfied that any one of or both the non-official members are in any way interested in the cases before the Commission to replace one or both of them when hearing such cases in any specified area, subject to the prior approval of the Collector, for such panel of names as may be notified by the Government.Provided further that no representation in respect of wrong entry in or omission from the final record of tenancies shall be entertained after the 31st January, 1955.(2)Whenever any

wrong entry in or omission from the final records of the Tenancies of any village comes to the notice of the Commission either on a representation made by any person in that behalf or otherwise, the Commission shall issue a notice to all the persons interested in the land, either as landholders, or as tenants specifying the time, date and place at which it proposes to enquire into the matters: Provided that such enquiry shall not be held before the expiry of 7 days from the date of issue of such notice. (3) On the dates specified or on such later date as may, from time to time, be fixed by the Commission, it shall hold a summary enquiry by taking such oral or documentary evidence, relating thereto as may be produced by all or any of the parties and such other evidence as it may consider necessary and expedient and pass such orders as it may deem fit in the matter. (4) The decision of the majority of its members shall be decision of the Commission: Provided that a decision given by a Chairman and any one of the non-official member shall be deemed to be a decision of the Commission when the other non-official member is absent or cannot for any reason take part in the proceedings: Provided further that when there is difference of opinion between the Chairman and the non-official member the case shall be referred to the other non-official member and any decision given by him shall be deemed to be the decision of the Commission. (5) An appeal shall lie from every order passed by the Commission to the Collector whose order thereon shall be final. (6) Every appeal under sub-rule (5) shall be filed within 15 days from the date of the order of the Commission.

24B.

(1) The Tahsildar can amend final records of tenancies of the concerned village in accordance with the order passed by the Commission or on appeal by the Collector and issue certificate in Form 6 to the tenant. (2) The Tahsildar shall forward a copy of every amendment made by him in the final records of tenancies under the provisions of sub-rule (i) to the Patwari of the concerned village, who shall thereupon amend his copy of final record of tenancies accordingly.

24C. After the expiry of the period for which a Taluq Commission was constituted under sub-rule (i) of Rule 24-A, cases relating to wrong entry in or omission from the final records of tenancies referred to in sub-rule (ii) of Rule 24-A pending before the said Commission shall be transferred for disposal to the Deputy Collector concerned.

Provided that the provisions contained in sub-rules (2), (3), (5) and (6) of Rule 24-A shall apply mutatis mutandis to the hearing and disposal of cases transferred to the Deputy Collector.

25. Certificates to be issued to Protected Tenants:.

- On and after 10th June, 1951, the Tahsildar shall issue to every tenant registered in the final record of tenancies as a protected tenant and to every person under whom such person holds any land as a protected tenant, a Certificate in Form No.6, appended herewith, on payment of annas two, by the person registered as protected tenant and annas eight by the person under whom he holds as a protected tenant respectively.

26. Applicability of provisions of other rules:-

- Unless there is anything repugnant therein, the provisions of Rules 14 to 23 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the final record of tenancies prepared under Rule 24.

27. Revision:-

(1) The Deputy Collector, the Collector, the Board of Revenue or the Government may at any time of their own accord or on the application of any person, call for and examine the final record of tenancies prepared under Rule 24 relating to any village and pass such orders as they may deem fit and proper for alteration, deletion, substitution or addition of any entry therein. (2) Every order passed in revision under the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall be communicated to the Tahsildar who shall thereupon amend the final records of tenancies in accordance with fresh orders under his signature. The Tahsildar shall communicate copies of the entries so amended to the Patwari of the Village. The Patwari shall make the necessary correction in his copy of the record. Rule 27 of this said rules shall be deleted, but the provisions thereof shall continue to apply in respect of proceedings instituted or action taken thereunder, in revision by the Deputy Collector, Collector, Board of Revenue or the Government, as the case may be. Form No. I

Part I – Record of Agricultural Tenancies

Name of :	1. Village	Preliminary
	2. Taluk	Provisional
	3. District	Final

										Name and father's	Extent
										name of	held
										the tenant	by the
										in	tenant
										possession	out of
										of the land	the
										on the date	extent
										the Act	shown
										came into	in Col.
										force, i.e.,	4
										10.6.1950	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		

Period or periods of possession of the land	The date on which lease is subsisting	The basis of the tenancy (Whether it is by virtue of a	Mode of payment or rent (whether	The quantum of rent (details)	Other feature or terms of any of	The name of the person	Whether the tenant is Protected	Remarks

by the tenants	due to expire	registered lease deed, unregistered lease deed or an oral agreement)	payable in cash or as a fixed quantity of particular grain or as a share of a crop or in the shape or service or labour.		the tenancy	to whom the rent is paid	Tenant	
(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)

N.B.:- If a tenant occupies more than one Survey No. and pays a consolidated rent for all the lands in his occupation the amount need not be split up. The total rent should be entered in Col. 15 against the Survey No. in his occupation and a note made in the remarks column that the amount shown in Col. 15 relates to other Survey Nos. also (to be specified) of the tenant. Form No. I

Part II – Abstract of Tenancies

Details of occupation

S. No.	Name of the Tenant	Father's name	S. No.	Pote No.	Name of the field, if any	Extent occupied	Classification of the land, if wet, whether single crop or double crop.	Rent payable	Remarks	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Form No. II Record of tenancies (To be retained) Receipt S.No..... son of..... has filed today an oral/written application for rectification of the entry against Survey No./Sub-Division No. in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies of..... Village..... Taluka..... of..... Tahsil as per details overleaf. Dated : Patwari Original entry sought to be corrected. Particular of the Representation.							Form No. II Record of tenancies (To be given to the party) Receipt S.No..... son of..... has filed today an oral/written application for rectification of the entry against Survey No./Sub-Division No..... in the Preliminary Record of Tenancies of..... Village..... Taluka..... of..... tehsil as per details overleaf. Dated: Patwari Original entry sought to be corrected. Particular of the Representation.			
Form No. III Register of Dispute Cases										

28th. August, 1950

Sl. No.	Reference to the number of the entry in the Preliminary/Provisional Record of Tenancies or Register of Mutations		Survey No. and Substituted Dn. No.	Name of the Area person seeking rectification	Particulars of the representation	
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Date of the receipt of the representation	Orders of the Tahsildar with a summary of the evidence at his enquiry and grounds of the decision	Date and mode of communication of the order to the party and the exact terms of the entry to be made in the Preliminary or Provisional Record of Tenancies	Orders of the appellate or revising authority in case there is an appeal or revision	Date when the orders in Col. 9 and 10 are incorporated in the Provisional Record of Tenancies and the designation of the officer making the incorporation	Remarks
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	

Form No. IV Mutation Register

Sl. No.	Reference to the number of the entry in the Preliminary/Provisional Record of Tenancies	Survey No. and Pote No.	Name of the person acquiring the right	Details of the rights acquired	Date and Place of enquiry
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Brief summary of the evidence at the enquiry and the decision thereon with reasons	Date of amendment of entries in the Preliminary/Provisional record of Tenancies in accordance with the orders in Col. 7 and the date of communication of the decision in col. 7 to the Patwari	Orders of the Appellate or revising authority, if any	The date of amendment of the entries in the Preliminary/Provisional Record of tenancies in accordance with the orders in Col. 9 and the date of communication of such orders to the Patwari	Remarks
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)

Form No. V Final Record of Agricultural Tenancies

7th. June, 1951

Part I – Abstract of Protected Tenancies

Name of : 1. Village

2. Taluk

3. District

Survey No.	Pote No.	Name of the field if any	Extent, Acres, Guntas	Classification of the land if wet, whether singlecrop or double crop.	Assessment	The name and father's name of the land holder	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Whether he is a pattadar, inamdar, shikmidar registered or unregistered, or a hissedar		Name and father's name of the tenant	Extent held by the tenants out of the extent shown in Col. 4	Mode of payment (whether payable In cash or as a fixed quantity of particular grain or as a share of the crop.)	Quantum of the rent (details)	Name of the person to whom rent is payable (only in case rent is payable to a person other than the one shown in Col. 7)	Remarks
(8)		(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)

Part - II Abstract of Tenancies of other than Protected Tenancies

Survey No.	Pote No.	Name of the field if any	Extent, Acres, Guntas	Classification of the land if wet, whether single crop or double crop.	Assessment	The name and father's name of the landholder	Whether he is a pattadar, inamdar, shikmidar registered or unregistered or hisseadar	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Name and father's name of the tenants		Extent held by the tenant out of the extent shown in Col. 4	The date on which the subsisting lease was given	Rent payable	Other features or terms if any of the tenancy	Name of the person to whom rent is payable (only in case rent is payable to a person other than the one shown in Col. 7)	Remarks	

Mode of payment

(whether payable

In cash or as a Quantum of

fixed quantity of the rent

particular grain (details)

or as a share of

the crop)

(9)

(10)

(11)

(12)

(13)

(14)

(15)

(16)

Form - VI

7th. June, 1951

Certificate issued under Sections 35 and 37 of the Andhra Pradesh (T.A.) Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1950Sl. No.Village.....Taluk.....

1. Name of the protected tenant

2. Father's name

3. Details of the lands held by the protected tenant

(a)Survey No.(b)Pote No.(c)Name of the field, if any(d)Extent Acres Guntas

4. Rent payable

(a) Mode of payment in cash/kind/Crop share/

(b) Quantum

Rs.

As. P.

Quantity in Standard measure

Fraction of Crop share

5. Name of the person under whom the land is held by the protected tenant and the name of his father.

6. Such person's title to the land (whether as a pattadar, shikmidar, hissedar, etc.).

Date :.....Tahsildar.