The Haryana Rural Development Act, 1986

HARYANA India

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Act 6 of 1986

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The Haryana Rural Development Act, 1986Haryana Act No. 6 of 1986Last Updated 23rd January, 2020Received the assent of the Governor of Haryana on the 13th March, 1986, and was published in the Haryana Gazette (Extraordinary), Legislative Supplement, Part I, dated March 27, 198(sic)An Act to provide for the establishment of the Haryana Rural Development Fund Administration Board for augmenting agricultural production and improving its marketing and sale.Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Haryana in the Thirty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. Short title and commencement.

(1) This Act may be called the Haryana Rural Development Act, 1986.(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from the 30th September, 1983.

2. Definitions.

- In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant to the context,-(a)"agricultural produce" means all produce whether processed or not, of agricultural, horticulture, animal husbandry or forest as may be prescribed;(b)"Board" means the Haryana Rural Development Funds Administration Board constituted under Section 3 of the Act;(c)"dealer" means any person who within the notified market area sets up, establishes or continues or allows to be continued any place for the purchase, sale, storage or processing of agricultural produce, or in the notified market area purchases, sells, stores or processes such agricultural produce;(d)"Fund" means the Haryana Rural Development Fund;(e)"rural area" means area other than the area of a municipality administered under the Haryana Municipal Act, 1973;(f)"prescribed" means prescribed by rule made under this Act;(g)"processing" means giving a treatment or a series of treatment to an agricultural produce in order to make it fit for use or consumption and includes manufacturing out of agricultural produce; and(h)words and expressions not defined in this Act shall have the meaning assigned to them in the Punjab Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1961.

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3. Establishment of Board, its constitution, powers and duties.

(1) The State Government shall, for exercising powers conferred on and performing the functions and duties assigned to the Board by or under this Act, establish and constitute the Haryana Rural Development Fund Administration Board.(2)The Board constituted and established by the State Government in terms of sub-section (1) shall consist of a Chairman and such other official and non-official members as the Government may determine and appoint.(3) The Board so constituted shall be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal with power, subject to the provisions of this Act, to acquire and hold property and shall by the said name sue and be sued.(4)The term of office of the non-official members of the Board shall be three years.(4A)[The non-official members shall hold office during the pleasure of the State Government.] [Added by Harvana Act No. 10 of 1988. [(5)No person shall be eligible to become a member of the Board who -(a)does not ordinarily reside within the State of Haryana;(b)is below twenty-five years of age.(c)is of unsound mind; or(d)has been declared as insolvent or sentenced by a criminal court, whether within or outside the State of Haryana for an offence involving moral turpitude: Provided that the disqualification incurred under clause (d) on the ground of a sentence by a criminal court, shall not apply after the expiry of four years from the date on which the sentence has expired.(6)A member of the Board may resign from membership by tendering his resignation to the State Government and the seat of such member shall become vacant on the date of acceptance of his resignation. (6A) [The State Government may appoint a member against a vacancy caused by the death or resignation of a member: Provided that the term of the member so appointed shall expire on the same date as the term of office of vacating member would have expired.] [Added by Haryana Act No. 12 of 1991.](7)The State Government may remove the Chairman or any member of the Board who has become subject to any of the disqualifications specified in sub-section (5) or who is in its opinion, remiss in the discharge of his duties and may appoint another member in his place: Provided that before removing any member the reason for the proposed action shall be conveyed to him and his reply invited within specified period and duly considered : Provided further that the term of the member so appointed shall expire on the same date as the term of office of the vacating member would have expired.(8)The State Government shall exercise superintendence and control over the Board and its officers and may call for such information as it may deem necessary and, in the event of its being satisfied that the Board is not functioning properly or is abusing its powers or is guilty of corruption or mismanagement, it may suspend the Board and, till such time as a new Board is constituted, make such arrangements for the exercise of the functions of the Board as it may think fit: Provided that the Board shall be constituted within six months from the date of its suspension.(9)Subject to rules, made under this Act, an estimate of the annual income and expenditure of the Board for the ensuing year shall be prepared and passed by the Board and submitted every year for sanction of the State Government not later than the prescribed date. The State Government shall sanction and return the budget within two months from the date of the receipt thereof. If it is not received within two months it shall be presumed to have been sanctioned.(10)Subject to rules, made under this Act, the Board may, with the approval of the State Government, frame bye-laws for -(a)regulating the transaction of business at its meetings; and(b)such other matters as may be specified.

4. Officers and servants of Board.

(1)The Board may with the prior approval of the State Government create such posts and appoint officers and servants thereto as it may consider necessary for the efficient discharge its duties.(2)The conditions of service, functions and duties of the officers and servants of the Board shall be such as may be prescribed.

5. Imposition and collection of fee.

(1) With effect from such date, as the State Government may, by notification appoint in its behalf, there shall be levied on the dealers for the purpose of this Act, a fee on ad valorem basis, at the rate of [two] [Substituted for 'one' by Haryana Act No. 15 of 1999.] per centum of the sale-proceeds of agricultural produce bought or sold or brought for processing in the notified market area: Provided that except in case of agricultural produce brought for processing-(a)no fee shall be leviable in respect of any transaction in which delivery of the agricultural produce bought or sold is not actually made; and(b)the fee shall be leviable on the dealer only in respect of a transaction in which delivery is actually made: [Provided further that rate of fee on cotton with effect from 1st November, 2011 shall be 0.8 per centum:- Provided further that rate of fee on potato during the period from 22nd December, 2011 to 31st March, 2012 shall be 1 per centum.] [Added by Haryana Act No. 7 of 2012, dated 4.4.2012.](2)The fee as hereinbefore, provided shall be paid by the dealer, in such manner as may be prescribed, to such officer or person, as may be appointed or designated by the Board in this behalf.(3)Since the burden of fee imposed by sub-section (1) is not intended to be put to the dealer, the dealer shall be under a statutory obligation to add the amount of fee in the purchase price recoverable by him from the next purchaser of agricultural produce or the goods processed or manufactured out of it.(4)The arrears of fee shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.

6. Constitution of fund.

(1) There shall be constituted a fund called the Haryana Rural Development Fund which shall vest in the Board.(2)It shall be administered by such officer or officers of the Board as may be appointed by it in this behalf.(3) The amount of fee paid to the officer or the person shall be credited to the Haryana Rural Development Fund within such period as may be prescribed. (4) To the credit of the Fund shall be placed -(a)all collection of fees under Section 5;(b)grants from the State Government and local authorities;(c)[contributions made by corporations, institutions, other agencies or individuals [Added by Haryana Act No. 19 of 1998.](5) The fund shall be applied by the Board to meet the expenditure incurred in the rural areas in connection with the development of roads, establishment of dispensaries, making arrangements for water supply, sanitation and other public facilities, welfare of agricultural labour, conversion of the notified market areas falling in rural area as defined under this Act, into model market areas by utilising technical know-how thereto and bringing about other necessary improvements therein, construction of godowns and other places of storage, for the agricultural produce brought in the market area for sale/purchase and the construction of rest houses, equipped with all modern amenities, to make the stay of visitors (both sellers and purchasers) in the market area, comfortable and for any other purpose which may be considered by the Board to be in the interest of and for the benefit of the person paying the fee. The

Fund may also be utilised by the Board to meet the cost of administering it.(6)The Board shall publish annually a report of the activities financed from the Fund, together with an estimate of receipts and expenditure of the Fund and a statement of accounts.

7. Penalty.

- Any person who contravenes the provisions of this Act, or the rules framed thereunder shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or upto the amount of fee which, the dealer is liable to pay, whichever is more.

8. Power to make rules.

(1)The State Government may make rules to carry into effect the purposes of this Act.(2)Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for -(a)the preparation and submission for sanction of an annual budget under sub-section (9) of Section 3;(b)the making of refunds and recoveries of the fee imposed under Section 5;(c)period within which the amount is to be deposited under sub-section (3) of Section 6; and(d)any other matter which has to be or may be prescribed.

9. Protection of action taken in good faith.

- No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the State Government or any officer of the State Government or Board or local authority in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or of any rules or orders made thereunder.

10. Power to remove difficulties.

- If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the State Government may by order do anything not inconsistent with such provisions which appears to it to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

11. Retention of cess.

(1)The cess/fee levied and collected under the provisions of the Haryana Rural Development Fund Act, 1983 for the period commencing from the 30th September, 1983 to the date of notification issued under sub-section (1) of Section 5 of this Act, shall be deemed to have been levied and collected under this Act and notwithstanding anything contained in any judgment, decree or order of any Court, it shall be lawful for the State Government to retain the cess so levied and collected from the dealer if the burden of such cess was passed on by the dealer to the next purchaser of the agricultural produce or the goods processed or manufactured out of it in respect whereof such cess was levied or collected.(2)No suit or other proceedings shall be instituted, maintained or continued in any court for the refund of whole or any part of the cess retained by the Government under sub-section (1) and no Court shall enforce any decree or order directing the refund of whole or any

part of such cess.(3)If any dispute arises as to the refund of any cess retained by the Government by virtue of sub-section (1) and the question is whether the burden of such cess was passed on by the dealer to the next purchaser, it shall be presumed that such burden was passed on by the dealer.(4)If the amount of cess retainable by the Government under sub-section (1), has not been paid by, or has been refunded to, any dealer the same shall be recoverable by the Government as arrear of land revenue.