

The Rajasthan Brewery Rules, 1972

RAJASTHAN

India

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Rule THE-RAJASTHAN-BREWERY-RULES-1972 of 1972

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The Rajasthan Brewery Rules, 1972Published vide Notification No. G.S.R. 56/F. 32(e)/63/Ex/L/71/33, dated 9-1-1973; Published in Rajasthan Gazette Part 4-C(1), Extraordinary dated 12-1-1973Last Updated 27th September, 2019In exercise of the powers conferred by section 42 read with section 17 of the Rajasthan Excise Act, 1950 (Rajasthan Act II of 1950), the Excise Commissioner, with the previous sanction of the State Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:

1. Short title and commencement.

- These rules may be called the Rajasthan Brewery Rules, 1972 and shall come into force with effect from the date of their publication in the Gazette.

2. Definitions.

- In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,-(a)'Act' means the Rajasthan Excise Act, 1950 (Rajasthan Act II of 1950);(b)'Beer' means any liquor prepared from malt or grain, with or without addition of sugar and hops and include sale port and stout;(c)['Brewer' means a person holding a licence in Form R.B. 1(B)] [Substituted by GSR 158 [28-8-75].];(d)'Brewery' means a building where beer is brewed and includes every place therein where beer is stored or wherefrom it is issued;(e)'Copper' means any vessel in which either worts or water is boiled or heated in the course of brewing;(f)'Excise year' means the period commencing from 1st day of April and ending on 31st day of March following;(g)'Fermenting Vessel' means any vessel in which worts are fermented by the action of yeast;(h)'Form' means form appended to these rules;(i)'Gravity' means the proportion which the weight of a liquid beers to that of an equal bulk of distilled water the gravity of distilled water at 60 degree F being taken to be 1000 degree;(j)'Hops' means the ripe female flowers of the hop plant or its other parts used in brewing for giving bitter taste to beer and for preserving and clarifying it;(k)'Hop back' means any vessel into which worts are run after boiling for removal of the spent hops;(l)'Licence' means a licence granted for a brewery under section 16 of the

Act;(m)'Licensee' means a holder of such licence;(n)'Malt' means the basic germinated grain used for brewing obtained as result of diastatic fermentation or subjecting grain to the process of sleeping and couching;(o)'Malt substitutes' means sugars or starches mixed In proper proportion for being used as a substitute for malt for brewing purposes;(p)'Mashtun' means any vessel in which malt or grain is exhausted of its fermentable contents in the course of brewing;(q)'Officer-in-charge' means the Excise Inspector or any other officer of the Excise Department not below the rank of Excise Inspector appointed by the Excise Commissioner to hold charge of a brewery;(r)'Racking' or 'Settling back' means any vessel into which worts are passed from a fermenting vessel and run off into store vats or casks;(s)'Under back' means any vessel into which worts are run either from the Mashtun or hop back;(t)'Works' means the liquor obtained by the exhaustion of malt or grain or by the solution of saccharine in the process of brewing.A. Establishment of Breweries

3. [Grant of 'No Objection Certificate. [Substituted by Notification No. G.S.R. 86, dated 28.1.2006 (w.e.f. 12.1.1973).]

- Any person desiring to construct and work a brewery shall first apply for grant of no objection certificate to the Excise Commissioner through the District Excise Officer concerned after having deposited the fee prescribed for this/ purpose. Excise Commissioner, subject to general or specific instructions of the State Government, may issue 'no objection certificate.

4. Grant of permission for construction.

- The holder of no objection certificate' shall seek the permission of Excise Commissioner for construction of brewery after having completed the formalities prescribed by Excise Commissioner in this behalf and depositing the fee prescribed for this purpose. Along with the application, the applicant shall file a plan and full description of his premises and vessels, clearly specifying the purpose of, and distinguishing mark on each room and vessel. Excise Commissioner, if he is satisfied that there is no objection to doing so, may grant permission for construction by way of licence in form RB 1 (A).

5. Grant of licence for working of brewery.

- On receipt of intimation of completion of construction from the person holding licence in form R.B. 1 (A) and after satisfying that fee prescribed for this purpose has In c deposited and there is no objection to doing so, Excise Commissioner may grant licence m Form R.B. 1 (B) for manufacture of beer.]

6. Power to refuse or grant licence.

- The Excise commissioner shall have power to grant or refuse any application for licence or for renewal of a licence having regard to actual requirements in the State.

7. [Permission for addition alteration. [Substituted by Notification No. G.S.R. 86, dated 28.1.2006 (w.e.f. 12.1.1973).]

- Any addition to or alteration of brewery plant or building shall be made with the prior permission of Excise Commissioner and no such permission shall be given unless the fee prescribed for this purpose has been deposited.]

8. Forfeiture of and deduction from the security deposit.

- In the event of any breach of the Excise laws for the time being in force being proved against the brewer or any person in his employ or acting on his behalf, the Excise Commissioner may forfeit the whole or part of the security deposit and may also cancel the brewery licence. The Excise Commissioner may also direct deduction therefrom all sums which may become due to the State Government by way of duty, licence fee, penalty of fine.

9. Renewal of licence.

(1) Application for renewal of licence for the following excise year shall be made to the Excise Commissioner through the District Excise Officer on or before February 28 each year. If there has been alteration in either plant or building, fresh application must be submitted. If there has been no alteration, a certificate to this effect from the officer in charge should be attached with the application for renewal of the licence. (2) The renewal of licence shall not be made as a matter of course. (3) In renewing licences the Excise Commissioner shall keep due regard to the following:-(a) any direction issued by the State Government on matter of excise or prohibition policy; (b) any alteration of plant or building made by the brewer without the proper consent of the State Government; and (c) contravention of any provision of the Act or the rules made thereunder.

10. Unrenewed licences to be void.

- Unrenewed licences shall be null and void and the beer produced in the brewery after the expiry of the licence shall be liable to seizure and confiscation and the parties working the brewery to the penalties provided by law for illicit brewing: Provided that in the event of renewal of licence being refused, permission may be granted for continuing operations temporarily for a reasonable time, pending an appeal or revision, as the case may be, before appropriate authority.

11. Transfer of licence.

- Every licence shall be deemed to have been granted or renewed personally to the licensee and no licence shall be sold or transferred without obtaining the previous permission in writing of the licensing authority.

12. Removal of beer etc. after expiry of licence.

- On the expiry of his licence unless a fresh licence is granted to him or if his licence is cancelled or suspended the brewer shall be bound forthwith to pay duty on and to remove all Beer remaining within the brewery in accordance with the rules in force. Failure to do so within 10 days of receipt of written notice from the District Excise Officer shall entail on the brewer the liability of meeting the cost of any establishment which it may be necessary to employ at the brewery. In the event of the failure continuing for more than three weeks, the beer shall be liable to be forfeited at the discretion of the Excise Commissioner.

13. Office for officer-in-charge to be provided by the brewer.

- The brewer shall provide, within the brewery enclosure an office for the officer-in-charge duly equipped with office furniture and no rent shall be chargeable therefor.

14. Residential quarters for Excise Supervisory Staff to be provided by the Brewer.

- The brewer shall also provide rent free residential quarters to the satisfaction of the Excise Commissioner for the Government Excise Establishment posted to the brewery.

15. Government not liable for loss, etc., of beer in a brewery.

- The State Government shall not be liable for the destruction, loss or damage of any beer stored in a brewery by fire or theft, or by gauging or by any other accident, cause whatsoever. In case of fire or other accident the officer-in-charge shall immediately attend to open the premises at any hour of the day or night.

16. Distinguishing mark to be painted on each room, place and vessel.

- On the outside of the door of every room and place in which business is carried on, and on some conspicuous part of each vessel, there shall be legibly painted in oil colour the name of vessel, utensil, room or place according to the purpose for which it is intended to be used. If more than one room or vessel is used for the same purpose each shall be distinguished by a progressive number.

17. Manner of fixing of vessels.

- Mash-tuns under backs wort receivers, coppers and collecting and fermenting vessels shall be so placed and fixed that contents of each can be accurately gauged or measured.

18. All mashtuns and other vessels to be gauged.

- All mashtuns and fermenting vessels shall be gauged jointly by the officer-in-charge and the licensee. Tables in Form R.B. 2 shall be prepared by the officer-in-charge showing the total capacity of each vessel in litres (or in case of mashtuns, in imperial bushels) and the capacity of each tenth of centimetre in depth.

19. Placement of mashtuns, etc., to admit of gauging and alterations to be intimated to the officer-in-charge.

- All mashtuns, underbacks, coolers fermenting vessels and settling backs shall be so placed and fixed as to admit of their contents being accurately ascertained by gauge or measure and shall not be altered in shape, position or capacity without two days notice in writing to the officer-in-charge.

20. Re-gauging necessary after alteration in placement of mashtuns, etc.

- No vessel which has been altered in shape, position or capacity shall again be taken into use unless it has been re-gauged by the officer-in-charge and new tables worked out by him, if necessary.

21. Brewers to provide weights, scales and other appliances.

- The brewer must provide and maintain adequate number of scales in good working order and weight of correct specification and other necessary and reasonable appliances to enable the officer-in-charge and other officers to take account of or check by weight gauge or measure, all materials and liquor produced in brewing and provide sufficient lights, ladders and facilities to enable the excise staff to perform their duties. C. Control of Breweries

22. Excise Commissioner to appoint officer-in-charge of brewery.

- Every brewery shall be placed by the Excise Commissioner under the charge of an Excise Inspector to be designated as officer-in-charge of the brewery. The Excise Commissioner will, further, appoint such other officers of the Excise Department as he may deem fit to the charge of breweries. The pay of all such officers shall be met by the Government.

23. Control.

- The officer-in-charge will, unless otherwise directed work under the supervision of, and correspond with the District Excise Officer in whose jurisdiction the brewery lies. In all ordinary matters regarding the working of the breweries, the brewers should, in the first instance, apply to the officer-in-charge who will, if necessary, secure orders.

24. Control of officer-in-charge over admittance and behaviour of persons to brewery premises.

- Rules governing admittance and behaviour of persons within distillery premises, shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to admittance within brewery premises of persons and their behaviour within the premises.

25. Hours of attendance and holidays to excise officials.

- Rules governing the hours of attendance of excise officials posted to distilleries, holidays allowed to them and over-time work by them shall govern excise officials posted to breweries also.

26. Special duties of officer-in-charge posted to brewery.

- It shall be the special duty of the officer-in-charge to see that-(i)the brewer's licence in the prescribed Form [R.B. 1(B)] [Substituted by GSR 158 [28-8-75].] is renewed in time;(ii)the brewer makes entry of his premises and utensils in Form R.B. 3;(iii)the vessels and rooms in the brewery are properly numbered and marked;(iv)the entries made by the brewer in the brewing book in Form R.B. 4, promptly and correctly made;(v)no materials other than those entered by the brewer in the brewing book are used;(vi)no worts are removed from the brewery until an account of them has been taken; and(vii)the rules prescribed for the management of breweries are strictly followed.

27. Instruments to be supplied.

- The officer-in-charge shall place indent on the Excise Commissioner through the District Excise Officer for instruments, such as Saccharometers and thermometers, as are necessary and will maintain an account thereof in Form R.B. 5. He will be responsible for their safe custody, and if any instrument is broken or lost for want of proper care, he may be required to make good such loss or damage.

28. Brewery open to inspection by officers.

- The brewer shall, at any time permit the Commissioner, Excise, District Excise Officer or any Officer of the Excise Department not below the rank of Excise Inspector, in whose jurisdiction the brewery lies, to inspect and examine his brewery, the premises, warehouses, utensils connected therewith, any room, place or utensils and the beer made or stored therein and shall render the inspecting officer all proper assistance in making such inspection and examination.

29. Notice before brewing.

- The Excise Commissioner may require any brewer to send to the officer-in-charge forty eight (48) hours before brewing, a written notice of his intention to brew.

30. Use of deleterious matter prohibited.

- The Excise Commissioner, may prohibit the use of any material in the manufacture of beer, which in his opinion, is of deleterious nature.

31. Analysis of sample.

- The Officer-in-charge or any inspecting officer may take without payment for the purpose of analysis, samples of any beer or material used in the manufacture thereof and all expenses in connection with packing, despatching, chemical analysis etc. shall be borne by the brewer.

32. Sampling.

- All samples taken will be recorded by the officer-in-charge in the register in Form R.B. 6 and will be forwarded by him direct to the Chief Public Analyst, Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur along with an advice note, stating the nature of the examination or analysis required.D. Mode of Working

33. Brewer's Book.

- The brewer shall keep a book in Form R.B. 4 and shall observe the following rules in relation to it and to the entries to be made therein.(1)He shall keep the book in some part of his licensed premises ready at all times, for the inspection of the Excise Commissioner, the officer-in-charge or any other officer of the Excise Department, and shall permit any such officer who is authorised to inspect the brewery, at any time to inspect the same and take extracts therefrom.(2)He shall enter separately in the book the quantity of malt, corn, sugar, hops and hops substitutes which he intends to use in his next brewing and also the day and hour when such next brewing is intended to take place.(3)He shall make such entry, so far as respects the day and hour of brewing, at least twenty four hours before he begins to mash any malt or corn or dissolve any sugar, and so far as respects the quantity of malt corn, sugar, hops and hops substitutes at least two hours before the hour entered for brewing.(4)He shall, at least two hours before the hour entered for brewing, enter the time when all the worts will be drawn off the grains in the mashtun.(5)He shall, within one hour of the worts being collected in the fermenting vessels or, if the worts be not collected before six in the afternoon, before eight in the forenoon on the following day, enter the dip and gravity of worts produced from each brewing, and also the description and number of the vessels into which the worts have been conveyed.(6)He shall, at the time of making any entry, insert the date when the entry is made.(7)He shall not cancel, obliterate or alter any entry in the book or make therein any entry which is untrue in any respect, should it be necessary to correct any entry a line shall be drawn through the incorrect entry in such a manner as to leave it distinctly visible, and the amended entry shall be inserted above it; every correction shall be initialed by the person making it at the time.

34. Produce of any brewing not to be fixed with that of another unless accounted for.

- The brewer shall keep the produce of any brewing separate from the produce of any other brewing unless an account (regarding bulk and gravity) of each has been taken by the officer-in-charge.

34A. [Beer yield efficiency. [Inserted by Notification No. G.S.R 88, dated 11.10.2017 (w.e.f. 12.1.1973).]

(1) Every brewer shall be responsible for maintaining Minimum yield of 650 liters of mild beer or 490 liters of strong beer for every 100 Kilogram of Malt and other raw material used. Such beer to be further processed as per Rule 49-A. (2) The Excise Commissioner may impose penalty of rupees ten per liter in case of short yield from minimum scale of yield of beer as specified in sub-rule (1) unless it is proved by the brewer that failure was not deliberate and due precautions were taken by him to maintain the specified scale of yield for beer. Provided that if the Excise Commissioner is satisfied that failure of the brewer to achieve the minimum scale of yield for beer is due to circumstances, which are beyond its, control, the Excise Commissioner may waive whole or part of the penalty, so imposed. (3) If brewer repeatedly fails to maintain minimum scale of yield for beer as specified in sub-rule (1) the Excise Commissioner may, after giving an opportunity of being heard, cancel or suspend the licence of such brewer.]

35. Notice be given when mixing to take place.

- The brewer shall not mix the produce of one brewing with that of another except in store vats or casks, unless he shall have given previous notice in writing to the officer-in-charge. When mixed the brewer shall specify the quantity and gravity of the resultant mixture.

36. Time prescribed for grain to remove in mashtuns after the worts are drawn off.

- All grain in a mashtun must be kept untouched for one hour after the time entered in the book as the time for the worts to be drawn off, unless the officer-in-charge has attended and taken account of such grain.

37. Worts to be drawn off in the order of production.

- All worts shall be removed successively, and in the customary order of brewing, to the under back, copper coolers and fermenting vessels and shall not be removed from the last named vessel until an account has been taken by the officer-in-charge or until after the expiry of twenty four hours from the time at which the worts are collected in these vessels.

38. Time fixed for collection of the product of brewing.

- When worts shall have commenced running into a fermenting vessel, the whole of the produce of the brewing shall be collected within eighteen hours.

39. Extraction of spirit from refuse prohibited.

- No liquor except beer shall be manufactured within the brewery premises. No attempt shall be made to extract spirit from grain or the refuse of the brewery.

40. Addition to beer of material other than fining prohibited.

- The brewer shall not dilute, adulterate or add anything to beer except finings or other matters sanctioned by the Excise Commissioner.[Provided that Excise Commissioner grant permission for conversion of high gravity beer to low gravity beer by addition of [De-Aerated] [Added by Notification No. G.S.R. 27, dated 20.4.2018 (w.e.f. 12.1.1973).].]E. Issue of Beer

41. Beer not to be issued until duty paid or bond executed.

- No beer shall be removed from a brewery until the duty imposed under section 28 of the Act has been paid or until a bond under section 18 of the Act in Form R.B. 11 or R.B. 12 has been executed by the brewer for export of beer outside the State, direct from the brewery.

42. Modes of realising duty.

- Duty shall be realised in either of the two ways, viz.,-(i)by payment in cash either in the sub-treasury or in the treasury of the district if there is no sub-treasury in the station;(ii)by book credit from any advance account kept for the purpose.

43. Mode of tendering duty in cash.

- If the brewer wishes to pay duty in cash he shall present an application in Form R.B. 7 in triplicate at the treasury or sub-treasury, as the case may be. Correctness where of shall be duly verified by the officer-in-charge. The accountant of the treasury or sub-treasury shall, after verifying that the amount tendered has been deposited with the treasurer, fill up the figure in the endorsement in all the copies of the application. He shall then present them to the officer-in-charge of the treasury or sub-treasury who shall sign them in token of receipt of the amount tendered and stamp them. One copy of the application shall then be given to the applicant and the second copy forwarded to the officer-in-charge of the brewery and the third copy retained for record.

44. Payment of duty from brewer's advance deposit.

- Brewers are permitted to make advance payments on account of excise duty on beer to be removed from time to time from the brewery. Such removals shall be permitted up to the limit of advance, without separate payment of duty on account of each consignment of beer removed. No original advance deposit shall be of less than Rs. 3,000/-, and if each time an advance is replenished, it must be of a sum which brings it up to not less than that amount.

45. Form of application for removal of beer against advance deposit.

(a) Applications for the removal of beer on which the duty will be debited against the advance will be in Form R.B. 8. (b) The register of advance deposit will be in Form R.B. 9.

46. Removal of beer from brewery not permitted save under a pass.

- No beer shall be removed except under a pass in Form R.B. 10 granted by the officer-in-charge empowered in this behalf. The pass shall be issued either on proof of full payment of duty or proof of execution of bond. It shall be in triplicate, one copy shall be made over to cover the transport or export, the second forwarded to the District Excise Officer of the District of import or transport and the third retained for record.

47. Mode of issue of beer from brewery.

- Issues may be made from the brewery as under:- (i) On pre-payment of duty for transport to the wholesale premises of the brewers. (ii) For export under bond to other States in India.

48. Pass required for export under bond.

- Any person may export under bond beer manufactured at a brewery in Rajasthan to any place in India under a pass in Form R.B. 10 granted by the officer-in-charge of the brewery empowered in this behalf and in accordance with the rules relating to export of foreign spirit under bond. The general bond to be executed shall be in Form R.B. 11 and the special bond in Form R.B. 12.F.
Allowable Wastage and Refund of Duty

49. Destruction by accident.

- When any malt liquor on which duty has been charged or paid is destroyed by accidental fire or other unavoidable causes while the same is on the specified premises of a brewer, as given in his entry, the State Government may on proof of such loss to their satisfaction, remit or order to be repaid the duty so charged or paid.

50. Refund of duty.

(1)When beer on which duty has been charged and paid becomes unfit for consumption as such, the Excise Commissioner may, on receipt of formal claim from the brewer through the District Excise Officer order return of duty: provided such claim is preferred within six months of payment of duty.(2)If the beer has been returned, the fact must be reported to the officer-in-charge as soon as the invoice is received. The consignment shall on receipt be got checked by the officer-in-charge and claim preferred shall be got attested by him.(3)The claim must contain-(a)a declaration that the beer which is the subject of claim was brewed by the brewer;(b)a statement of the circumstances to which the claim is due;(c)a statement of date or dates on which the beer was brewed, and the quantity and the original gravity of each lot of beer referred to in the claim; and(d)a statement that it is proposed to dispose of the beer either (i) by destroying, or (ii) by converting it into vinegar.(4)When required to do so the brewer must give satisfactory proof of any fact mentioned in the claim.(5)The Excise Commissioner shall make the refund as soon as the District Excise Officer of the charge furnishes certificate in Form R.B. 14 that the beer has been (i) destroyed in his presence, or (ii) turned into vinegar.

51. Beer on which refund of duty is claimed may be examined.

- In the case of refunds on beer returned to the brewery of issue, the District Excise Officer may require the applicant to produce, in whole or part, the beer on which refund of duty is claimed, and may have any portion of the beer on which refund is claimed, tested or analysed in any way he thinks fit; and may depute any officer to make any inquiry or examination concerning the said beer which the District Excise Officer may consider necessary.

52. Quarterly account.

- On the 7th of the first month after the close of each quarter of the excise year, an account in Form R.B. 15, shall be forwarded by every brewer to the District Excise Officer of the charge, in which shall be shown the total quantity of the beer returned unsold to brewery and the amount claimed or received as refund of duty. The District Excise Officer shall, after testing the correctness of the entries forward a copy to the Excise Commissioner for record in his office on the 15th of the month succeeding the close of the quarter.

53. Quarterly examination of stock.

- The accounts of a brewery and the stock of beer in hand in the brewery shall be examined by the District Excise Officer once a quarter. If the quantity of the beer in stock in the brewery on such examination be found to exceed the quantity shown as in hand in the stock account, the brewer shall be liable to pay duty on such excess at double the rate prescribed for ordinary issue. If the quantity be found less than that shown in the stock account, the cause of the deficiency shall be inquired into and the result reported to the Excise Commissioner, who may direct the levy of a fine not exceeding double the amount represented by the duty on such defect. Provided that any deficiency not

exceeding 10 percent, shall be disregarded, allowance to the extent being made to cover loss in bulk due to evaporation, sillage and other contingencies within the brewery. This allowance shall be calculated upon the amount represented by the actual ascertained balances in hand at the date of the last stock taking, together with the total quantity since manufactured or received, as shown in columns 2 and 3 of the register of manufacture and issue (Form R.B. 16).G. Supervision

54. Inspection by District Excise Officer.

- The District Excise Officer-in-charge will inspect the brewery at least once in every two months.

55. Trade secrets.

- The officer-in-charge is strictly enjoined to abstain from divulging to any person the nature or extent of the brewer's operations.

56. Gauging of mashtun.

- Mashtuns should be gauged by the dry method, the measurements being taken above the false bottom, but the tables should be worked out by the wet method, that is from the top of the false bottom, and no drip need be taken into account.

57. Intermediate gauges and gravities in breweries to be checked only.

- All gauges and gravities taken during the course of a brewing are to be deemed checks only, and should not form the basis of any charge for duty or calculation of out-turn.

58. Officer-in-charge not to ascertain dips and gravities for licensees.

- The officer-in-charge may not ascertain for the licensee the quantity or gravity of any worts collected.H. General

59. Registers to be maintained by the officer-in-charge and the brewer.

- The following registers shall be maintained in a brewery-(a)by the officer-in-charge:-(i)Register in Form R.B. 6 of samples of malts and wort taken for analysis.(ii)Register of gauge tables in Form R.B. 2.(iii)Register in Form R.B. 9 of issues of beer against deposit of duty.(iv)Register of manufacture and issue of beer in Form R.B. 16.(v)Register in Form R.B. 17 of beer returned unsold to the brewery.(b)by the brewer:-(i)Register in Form R.B. 3 showing details entry regarding premises and utensils.(ii)Brewing book in Form R.B. 4.

60. Submission of Annual Statement of Brewery.

- Every brewer shall submit to the District Excise Officer through the officer-in-charge a statement in duplicate, in Form R.B. 18 relating to his brewery in respect of the excise year by 1st July. The District Excise Officer after satisfying himself that the entries made are correct, shall forward one copy of the Statement to the Excise Commissioner, by July 15. The Excise Commissioner shall submit to the State Government by August 15, a consolidated statement in Form R.B. 18.

61.

The brewer shall be bound to report to the officer-in-charge any case in which any person employed by him has been found to have committed any breach of the excise laws or of the terms and conditions of service regulating his employment.[Form R.B. 1(A) [Substituted by GSR 158 [28-8-75].][Rule 4 and 5(a)]Licence to Construct and to Establish a BreweryName of the licence holder(s).....Licence is hereby granted to..... resident(s) of.....to construct and to establish a Brewery at..... Subject to Rajasthan Brewery Rules, 1972, and to such other rules as may from time to time be made by the Excise Commissioner.The licence shall be valid for excise year.....the licensee shall apply to the Excise Commissioner on or before February 28, in each year, the renewal of their licence for the Excise year following till the construction and establishment is complete and licence in form R.B. 1(B) is obtained by the licensee.Dated:Excise Commissioner,Rajasthan, Udaipur.Form R.B. 1(B)[Rule 2(c), 5(b), 7(1) and 26(i)]Licence to work a Brewery in PrivateName of the licence holder(s).....Licence is hereby granted to.....resident(s) of.....to manufacture beer in brewery situated at.....subject to Rajasthan Brewery Rules, 1972 and to such other rules as may from time to time be made by the Excise Commissioner for the security of excise revenue and for regulating the manufacture, sale, supply and prices of beer. The infraction of any of the rules, hereinbefore enumerated shall involve forfeiture of the licence in addition to such other penalties as may be prescribed under the Rajasthan Excise Act, 1950.The licence shall be valid for the Excise year.....The brewery shall apply to the Excise Commissioner through the Districts Excise Officer on or before February 28, in each year for the renewal of their licence for the excise year following.Any modification or expansion of the plant, vessels and other apparatus may be made only with the prior permission of the Excise Commissioner.Dated.....]Form R.B. 2[Rules 18, 59(a)(ii)]Register of Gauging Tables

Depth Diameters

1	2	3	4	Mean
1	2	3	4	5
				6

Encumbrances Area

Depth	Areas	Gross	Net
7	8	9	10

Tabulation

Contents in litres	Dry Centimeters	Litres	Area of a tenth of a Centimeters	Dry Centimeters	Litres	Area of a tenth of a Centimeters
11	12	13	14	15	16	17

Form R.B. 3[Rule 26(11), 59(b)(i)]Brewer's entry in respect of premises and utensils licensed, I/we licensed brewer, do hereby withdraw all former entries and do now make entry of the following rooms, places and vessels in my/our brewery situated at.....in the district of.....Name.....Residence.....Date.....

Here enter full particulars of each room or place or vessel.

A plan as required by rule 3(2) of the Rajasthan Brewery Rules, 1972 is attached hereto.

Name.....

Date.....

Received by me this.....day of19... Entry examined and checked with the places, rooms and vessels shown herein and found correct (with the following exceptions): If incorrect the correct.....details should be here specified.....If correct, strike out the.....words in brackets.....Date.....Officer-in-charge.....Exar and passed Date.....District Excise Officer.....Charge. Form R.B. 4[Rules 26(iv), 33, 59(b)(ii)]Brewing Book

When entry made Number of brewing Notice to

Date	Hour	Mash malt or corn	Dissolve sugar
Date	Hour	Date	Hour
1	2	3	4
			5 6 7

Quantity to be used of

Malt	Un-malted Corn Sugar	Hops	Hop substitute
Decalitres	Decalitres Kilograms	Kilograms	Kilograms
8	9	10	11
			12

Time when wort will be drawn off grants in themashtun

Worts collected

Date	Hour	When collected	Vessels
Date	Hour	Number	Name
13	14	15	16
			17 18

Dip Initials

Gravity Brewer's Inspector's Remarks

19	20	21	22	23
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Form R.B. 5[Rule 27]Accounts of InstrumentsStock book of Government property for the office of the.....Name and description of article.....e.g., chairs, almirahs, Etc.

Date of receipt	Number of pieces	Initial cost (purchase price)	Initial of Officer Incharge	Date of inspection	Remarks about the condition of the article, etc.as found at time of inspection. Orders regarding condemnation,etc.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Details of article/property number of piecesdisposed of	Date of disposal	Value realised	Number & date of Treasury challan	Initials of Officer Incharge	Remarks regarding reference to papers, etc.
7	8	9	10	11	12

Instructions

- 1. This form should be ruled on ordinary foolscap papers. The same stock book may be used for a number of years.**
- 2. A separate page (or more pages than one where a large number of receipts of the article are expected) should be assigned to each class of article.**
- 3. Every article must be entered in the proper stock book immediately on receipt.**
- 4. Every entry should be initialled by the official concerned.**
- 5. Whenever an article is condemned, a note about the condemnation should be recorded in column 6.**
- 6. The number of articles should be totalled at the end of each page and also on the expiry of the financial year.**

Form R.B. 6[Rules 32, 59(a)(i)]Register of Samples of malt worts etc. taken for analysis

Serial No.	Description of sample	Purpose for which taken	Date when	If worts or beer, initial	Date of receipt of report from the Chemical Examiner	Result of analysis
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Form R.B. 7[Rule 43]Application for tendering duty on BeerToThe Officer-in-charge of the Sub-Treasury or Treasury at.....Please receive Rs.....being the duty on.....litres of beer as specified below, to be removed from the.....brewery in the.....district, and to be consigned to.....in the district of.....

Quantity in bulk-litres	Contained in barrels, quarts, pints, half pintsetc. (give description number etc. of each)	Rate of duty per bulk litre	Total amount of duty to be realised
1	2	3	4

Dated.....19.(Signed)Checked by.....Officer-in-charge, BreweryNumber of
challan.....Received Rs.....Dated.....19.....Treasury or
Sub-TreasuryOfficerNote. - This application must be presented in triplicate; one copy will be
returned to the tenderer, the second forwarded to the officer-in-charge, Brewery and third retained
for record.Form R.B. 8[Rule 45]Application for issue of Beer against advance
depositNo.....Dated.....19.ToThe Officer-in-charge,.....Brewery.Sir,Kindly grant
us passes for the issue of beer as detailed below, the duty on which is to be debited against our
advance deposit.Yours faithfully,(SD).....(Brewers).....

Name and address of consignee	Description of beer with the name and number ofcontainers	Quantity	Amount of duty to be debited against advanceddeposit
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Form R.B. 9[Rules 45, 59(a)(iii)]Register of issues of beer against advance deposit of duty for the
month.....19...

Rs. P.

Balance of advance outstanding to the credit of the brewer.

Amount paid in advances as per challan No.....

Ditto.	Dated.....	Ditto.	No.	Date
			Total	

Deduct duty on issues shown hereunder.

Balance carried forward

Issues

Pass No.	Duty	Progressive total	Pass No.	Duty	Progressive total
Rs. P.	Rs. P.		Rs. P.	Rs. P.	

Form R.B. 10[Rules 46, 48](In triplicate)

Pass for removal of beer from brewery

Pass for the removal of beer

From Sarvashri.....

Brewery

No.....

Date.....19

Current up to:

1. Name of consignor
2. Name of consignee
3. Name of place to which issued
4. Description of the container with number of and quantity in each
5. No. & date of permit (if any)
6. Amount of duty realised
7. Under bond

Officer-in-charge, Brewery.

*Strike out whichever is not applicable. Form R.B. 11[Rules 41, 48](General Bond for export of beer)Form of general bond to be executed for removal of beer from a brewery for export States in India without prepayment of dutyThis indemnity bond made the.....day of.....19.....between.....son of.....resident of.....(and.....son of.....resident of.....)(hereinafter called *the brewer/the brewers which expression shall include his/their heirs, representatives, successors and assigns) of the one part and the Governor of Rajasthan (hereinafter called "the Governor" which expression shall include his successors and assigns) of the other part. Whereas under the rules of the Government of Rajasthan in the Excise Department the *the brewer/the brewers permitted from time to time to export beer from *his/their brewery at.....to any State in India without previous payment of duty on the *brewer/brewers executing an indemnity bond on the terms and conditions hereafter mentioned.*Cancel which ever entry is inappropriate. Form R.B. 12[Rules 41, 48](Form of Special Bond, for Export of Beer)Form of special bond to be executed for removal of beer from a brewery for export to other States in India without prepayment of dutyThis indemnity bond made the.....day of.....19... between.....son of.....resident of.....(and.....son of.....resident of.....)(hereinafter called *the brewer/the brewers which expression shall include *his/their heirs, representatives, successors and assigns) of the one part and the Governor of Rajasthan (hereinafter called "the Governor" which expression shall include his successors and assigns) of the other part. Whereas the *brewer has/brewers have been permitted to remove beer.....from *his/their brewery at.....to any State in India, without previous payment of duty thereon on the *brewer/brewers executing an indemnity bond on the terms and conditions hereinafter appearing;And Whereas the duty on the said quantity of beer at the present rate of Rs.....per bulk litre amount to Rs.....Now this Bond Witnesses and the *brewer/brewers hereby *covenants/covenant with the Governor as follows:-(1)That the *brewer/brewers shall on or before the expiration of.....days from the date whereof or within such further time as may be granted by way of extension by the District Excise Officer of....District, deliver or cause to be delivered the above-mentioned.....litres of beer into the custody of the consignee mentioned in the pass in Form R.B 10.(2)That if the above mentioned...litres of beer, shall not have been delivered at the destination is hereinbefore agreed, the *brewer/brewers shall indemnify the Governor for any loss of duty which the Governor may suffer by reason of such non-delivery or short delivery by paying on

demand the duty at the rate of Rs.....per bulk litre of beer not so delivered. In Witnesses Whereof the *brewer has/brewers have hereunto set his hand/their hands the day and the year first above written. Signed by.....*brewer/brewers in the presence of.....and of.....*Cancel whichever entry is inappropriate. Form R.B. 13[Rule 50(5)] Destruction Certificate I hereby certify thatlitres of beer, brewed by Shri/Sarvashri licensed brewer(s) at.....on which duty has been recovered, were this day taken account of by me under Excise Commissioner's order No.....dated.....and destroyed in my presence. Dated this.....day of.....19. District Excise Officer. To The Excise Commissioner, Udaipur. Form R.B. 14[Rule 50(5)] Certificate as to spoilt beer used for conversion into vinegar I hereby certify that...litres of beer, brewed by..... licensed brewer at.....on which duty has been recovered, were taken into account of by me, under Excise Commissioner's order No.dated..... on..... and I further certify that the beer in question has been turned into vinegar. Dated this.....day of.....19. District Excise Officer. To The Excise Commissioner, Udaipur. Form R.B. 15[Rule 52] Statement of Quarterly Accounts Statement of account of the licensed brewery at.....for the quarter.....

Month	Issue from Brewery	Returned Unsold Issued As			
Duty prepaid	Under bond for payment	Duty prepaid	Under bond for payment	Total returned unsold columns 5 & 6	
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Litres	Litres	Litres	Litres	Litres

Total for quarter

Payments	Remarks				
In advance in col. 2	At close of quarter on issues in col. 2	Total payments	Refunds claimed and admitted each quantity in column	Amounts secured by bond	
7	8	9	10	11	12
Litres	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	

Total for quarter

*Here explain any difference between the issues in columns 2 and 3 and the duty realized during the quarter in columns 8 & 9. Dated: Certified that the accounts of the brewery and the stock of beer in hand has been examined as required by..... rule 52 and have been found to be correct. District Excise Officer. Form R.B. 16[Rules 53, 59(a)(iv)] Register of beer manufactured, issued and balance remaining in store in the brewery

Date	Balance at beginning of day	Quantity manufactured	Issues	
Quantity issued	Person to whom consigned	Place to which consigned	Balance at close of day	
1	2	3	4	5 6 7

Notes. - (1) The closing balance should be entered on any day on which either manufacture or issue takes place. (2) When stock taking takes place, a note of the actual balance ascertained should be

made, and this balance carried from the beginning of the next day. Form R.B. 17[Rule 59(a)(v)]Register for Beer Returned Unsold to the Brewery

Quantity returned unsold Original gravity Date of issue Date of return

1	2	3	4	
Person by whom returned	Place from which returned	Cause of return	How dispose of	Date of disposal
5	6	7	8	9

Form R.B. 18[Rule 60]Annual StatementStatement of Breweries on operation in.....during the year.....

Serial No.	Name of town or station at which located	Year in which established	Average Daily number of persons employed duringthe year	Estimated out-turn in litres of malt liquorduring the year	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6

Notes. - (1) The figures in column 4 should either be taken from the statement prepared under the Factories Act. or, in the case of breweries for which returns under the Factory Act are not retired, worked out by dividing the aggregate number of daily attendances of both permanent and temporary employees by the number of days in each year during which the factory or business was working.(2)The same form is used in submitting the statement to the Excise Commissioner.This Bond Witnesses and the *brewer/brewers hereby *covenant/covenants with the Governor as follows: -

1. That the *brewer/brewers shall not at any one time so export any quantity of beer the duty on which at the rate prescribed therefor at the time or the aggregate of such duty and the duty as the aforesaid rate on any quantity previously exported and not yet delivered at destination shall exceed the sum of Rs... provided that any quantity not delivered at destination for which duty has been paid under clause () hereinafter following shall not be included in the calculation of the quantity not delivered at destination.

2. That the *brewer/brewers shall within the time mentioned in *his/their pass in Form R.B. 10 issued by the Officer-in-charge of the brewery on each occasion of the export of beer or within such further time as may be granted by way of extension by the District Excise Officer of the exporting district, deliver or cause to be delivered the beer so exported on that occasion into the custody of the consignee mentioned in the pass.

3. That if the whole of or any quantity of beer exported on any occasion shall not have been delivered at the destination as hereinafter agreed, the *brewer/brewers shall indemnify the Governor of any loss of duty which the Governor may suffer by reason of such non-delivery or short delivery by paying to him on demand the duty at the rate then in force on any quantity of beer not so delivered. In Witnesses Thereof the *brewer has/brewers have hereunto set *his hand/their hands hereunder on the day and year first above written.

Signed by.....*Brewer/Brewers in the presence ofand
of.....*Cancel whichever entry is inappropriate.