The West Bengal Jute Goods Act, 1950

WEST BENGAL India

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Act 5 of 1950

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The West Bengal Jute Goods Act, 1950West Bengal Act 5 of 1950[15th March, 1950.]An Act to provide for the prevention of certain dealings in jute goods.Whereas it is expedient to provide for the prevention of certain dealings in jute goods;It is hereby enacted as follows:-

1. Short title, extent and commencement.

(1) This Act may be called the West Bengal Jute Goods Act, 1950.(2) It extends to the whole of West Bengal.(3) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. Definitions.

- In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, -(1)"contract relating to jute goods" means a contract relating to the sale or purchase of jute goods made on a forward basis-(a)providing for the payment or receipt, as the case may be, of margin in such manner and on such dates as may be specified in the contract, or(b)by or with any person not being a person who-(i)habitually deals in the sale or purchase of jute goods involving the actual delivery of possession thereof, or(ii)possesses, or has control over, a godown and other means and equipments necessary for the storage and supply of jute goods; [Explanation. - Actual delivery of possession shall be deemed to include the transfer of any delivery order or railway receipt or dock receipt or mate's receipt or godown warrant.] ['Explanation' inserted by W.B. Act 3 of 1953.](2)"jute" includes the fibre commonly known as mesta;(3)"jute goods" means -(a)hessian cloth made of jute or bags made of such hessian cloth; and(b)gunny cloth made of jute or bags made of such gunny cloth; and includes such other goods made of jute as the State Government may specify by notification in the Official Gazette;(4)"margin" means the difference between the rate specified in a contract relating to the sale or purchase of jute goods made on a forward basis and the rate prevailing on such date subsequent to the date of the contract as may be specified in the contract.

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3. Power of State Government to prohibit contracts relating to jute goods.

(1) The State Government may, from time to time, if it so thinks fit, by notification in the Official Gazette, prohibit the making of contracts relating to jute goods and may, by like notification, withdraw such prohibition: Provided that the withdrawal of any such prohibition shall not affect the operation of the provisions of sub-section (2) in respect of any contract relating to jute goods made prior to the date on which the prohibition is withdrawn. (2) When the making of contracts relating to jute goods is prohibited by a notification under sub-section (1), -(a)no person shall make any such contract or payor receive any margin except, in the case of any such contract made prior to the date of the notification, to the extent to which the payment or receipt, as the case may be, of margin is allowable on the basis of the last closing rate in a notified market; (b) no owner or occupier of any premises shall knowingly permit such premises to be used for the making of any such contract or for the payment or receipt of margin in contravention of the provisions of clause (a); and(c)notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force,-(i)every such contract made, and every claim in respect of margin, in contravention of the provisions of clause (a) shall be void and unenforceable, and(ii)every such contract made prior to the date of publication of the notification shall be varied and settled on the basis of the last closing rate in a notified market.Explanation. - In this sub-section,-(a)"last closing rate" means the rate fixed by the directors of a notified market to be the closing rate of such market immediately preceding the date of publication of the notification under subsection (1) prohibiting the making of contracts relating to jute goods; and(b)"notified market" means a jute goods market recognised by the State Government by notification in the Official Gazette.

4. Penalty.

- Whoever in contravention of the provisions of section 3,-(a)makes a contract relating to jute goods, or pays or receives, as the case may be, margin, or(b)being the owner or occupier of any premises, knowingly permits such premises to be used for the making of a contract relating to jute goods or for the payment or receipt of margin,shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

5. Special procedure.

- Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, an offence punishable under this Act shall be cognisable and non-bailable and shall not be triable by any Magistrate other than a Presidency Magistrate or Magistrate of the First Class.