The Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991

MIZORAM India

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Rule THE-CENTRAL-SALES-TAX-MIZORAM-RULES-1991 of 1991

- Published on 18 February 1991
- Commenced on 18 February 1991
- [This is the version of this document from 18 February 1991.]
- [Note: The original publication document is not available and this content could not be verified.]

The Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991Published vide Notification No. 4/90/80, dated 18.2.1991, published in the Mizoram Gazette, Extraordinary, No. 53, dated 20.3.1991Last Updated 19th February, 2020In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (3), (4) and (5) of Section 13 of the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, the State Government of Mizoram is pleased to make the following rules, namely:

1. Short title, extent and commencement.

- These rules may be called the Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules 1991.(2)They shall extend to the whole of Mizoram;(3)They shall come into force with effect from the date of issue in the Official Gazette.

2. Definitions.

- In these rules unless the context otherwise requires,-(a)"Act" means the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956;(b)"Appellate Authority" in relation to any person appealing under sub-section (3-H) of Section 7 against an order passed by any officer, means the authority to whom an appeal against any order of such officer under the Act lies;(c)"Assessing Authority" in relation to a dealer, means the authority for the time being competent to assess the tax payable by the dealer under the Act;(d)"Central Rules" means the Central Sales Tax (Registration and Turnover) Rules, 1957;(e)"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Taxes appointed under sub-section (1) of Section 8 of the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989;(f)"Form" means a form appended to these rules;(g)"General Sales Tax Act, means the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989.(h)"Notified Authority" means the authority specified under sub-section (1) of Section 7;(i)"Registered dealer" means the dealer registered under the Act;(j)"Section" means a section of the Act;(k)"Taxing Authority" means the officer of officers appointed under Section 8 of the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989;

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3. Security.

(1) Security or additional security under sub-section (2-A) or sub-section (2-C) of Section 7 may be furnished by a dealer under the Act before or after the commencement of these rules in any of the following manners, namely:(a)by paying the entire amount of such security or additional security direct into the Government Treasury by means of challans; or(b)by depositing with the authority who has required the furnishing of security or additional security Government securities for the amount fixed by the said authority; or(c)by depositing with such authority National Savings Certificates issued by the Government of India the face value of which is not less than the amount of security or additional security required, duly endorsed in favour of such authority; or(d)by furnishing to such authority a guarantee from a Bank, approved in this behalf by the said authority, agreeing to pay to the State Government, on demand, the amount of security fixed by the said authority; or(e)by depositing such amount in the Post Office Savings Bank and pleading the Pass Book to and depositing it with the said authority; or(f)by furnishing a surety acceptable to the said authority, by executing a surety bond.(2)A surety bond under sub-rule (1) shall be in Form No. XI and shall be submitted within such time as may be specified in the order requiring the furnishing of security or additional security.(3)The deficiency referred to in sub-section (3-E) of Section 7 shall be made up by the dealer by furnishing security to the extent of the deficiency in the manner stated in sub-rule (1) and within such time as may be specified in the order passed in this behalf by the authority ordering forfeiture under sub-section (3-D) of Section 7.

4. Accounts.

(1) Every dealer registered under Section 7 and every dealer liable to pay tax under the Act shall keep and maintain a true and correct account (in any one of the languages mentioned in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India or in English) in Form No. 1 of the value of goods sold by him in the course of inter-State trade or commerce. He shall also maintain a correct and true account showing the day to day purchases, sales deliveries and stocks of each kind of goods.(2) Every such dealer shall in respect of each transaction under the Act prepare in duplicate a voucher showing the date of transaction the name of the seller and purchaser, the sale price, quantity and description of goods, and issue the original thereof to the buyer. The voucher shall also specify the mode of despatch and delivery of goods with appropriate details.(3) The vouchers of each kind shall be serially numberd, separately.(4) Every principal, who claims exemption on the sales of goods on consignment account through agents outside the State, shall maintain the following records, namely:(a)a register showing the name and full address of the agent to whom goods were consigned together with description of the goods so despatched for sale on each occasion and their quantity and value; (b) the originals of authorisation sent to the agent for the sale of the goods; Note. - Copies of these authorisations and description of goods despatched for sale on each occasion with particulars of their quantity and value should be simultaneously furnished to the assessing authority; (c) the originals of the written contract, if any entered into between the principal and the agent;(d)copies of bills issued by the agents to the purchasers;(e)accounts rendered by the agents to the principals from time to time showing the gross amount of the bill and deduction on account of commission and incidental charges; (f) extract of the ledger account of the principal maintained in the books of the agent duly signed by such agents;(g)copies of railway receipts or lorry receipts

under which the goods were so despatched; and(h)register showing the date and mode of remittance of the amount to the principal.(5)Every dealer shall maintain all vouchers relating to stocks, purchases, sales and deliveries relating to all transactions under the Act for a period of eight years after the close of the year to which they relate.(6)Every registered dealer shall keep at the place of business specified in the certificate or registration books of account for the current year. If more than one place of business in the State is specific din the certificate of registration, the books of account relating to each place of business for the current year shall be kept at the place of business concerned. He shall also keep the books of accounts for the previous eight years at such place or places as he may notify to the assessing authority.

5. Furnishing of information to the Taxing Authority.

(1) The taxing authority may require any dealer to produce before him any accounts, register and documents and to furnish any information relating to the stock of goods, or purchases sales, or deliveries of goods, by the dealer or relating to any other matter, as he may deem necessary for the purposes of the Act.(2)All accounts, registers and documents kept under the Act relating to the stock of goods of, or purchases, sales and deliveries of goods by the dealer, and all goods covered under the certificate of registration kept at any place by the dealer shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by the taxing authority.(3)(i) If the taxing authority has reason to suspect that any dealer is attempting to evade payment of any tax under the Act, he may, for reason to be recorded in writing, seize such accounts, books, registers or documents of the dealer as may be necessary and shall retain the same only for so long as may be necessary for examination thereof, or for using them in the course of a prosecution, if any.(ii)Whenever the taxing authority seizes any material under the above sub-rule, he shall give receipt thereof to the person from whose custody it is seized. (iii) If an Inspector or a Deputy Superintendent of Taxes seizes any books of accounts, registers or documents, he shall not retain them beyond fourteen days without the written sanction of the assistant Commissioner.(4)The taxing authority may for the purpose of sub-rule (2) of (3) enter into and search any place where he has reason to believe that the dealer keeps or is for the time being keeping any accounts, registers or documents referred to in sub-rule (2), on the authority of a search warrant issued by a Magistrate. (5) The provisions of sub-sections (1) to (8) of Section 100 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, (Act 2 of 1974) shall, so far as may be, apply to searches under sub-rule (4).

6. Authority from whom declaration forms may be obtained, use, custody and maintenance of records of such forms and matters incidental thereto.

(1)A registered dealer, who wishes to purchase goods from other such dealer on payment of tax at the rate applicable under the Act to sales of goods by one registered dealer to another, for the purpose specified in the purchasing dealer's certificate of registration, shall obtain from the Superintendent of Taxes of his area a blank declaration Form C prescribed under Rule 12 of the Central Sales Tax (Registration and Turnover), Rules 1957 which the dealer requires for furnishing to the selling dealer. Before furnishing it to the selling dealer the purchasing dealer, or any responsible person authorised by him in this behalf shall fill in all particulars required to be filled in the Form and shall also affix his usual signature in the space provided in the Form for this purpose.

Thereafter, the counterfoil of the Form shall be retained by the purchasing dealer and the other two portions marked "Original" and Duplicate" shall be made over by him to the selling dealer.(2)A registered dealer who claims to have made a sale to another registered dealer may, in respect of such claims, attach to his return the portion marked "Original" of the declaration received by him from the purchasing dealer. The assessing authority may in its discretion also direct the selling dealer to produce for inspection the portion of the declaration marked "Duplicate".(3)No purchasing dealer shall give nor shall a selling dealer accept any declaration except in a Form which has been obtained by the purchasing dealer on payment of the price from the Superintendent of Taxes of his area and has not been declared obsolete and invalid by the Commissioner under the provisions of sub-rule (10) of this Rule.(4) Every declaration form obtained form the Superintendent of Taxes by a registered dealer shall be kept by him in safe custody and he shall be personally responsible for the loss destruction or theft of any such Form or the loss of Government Revenue, if any, resulting directly or indirectly from such theft or loss.(5)(a) Every registered dealer to whom any declaration Form is issued by s Superintendent of Taxes shall maintain, in a register in Form II, a true and complete account of every such Form received from the Superintendent of Taxes. If any such Form is lost, destroyed or stolen the dealer shall report the fact to the Superintendent of Taxes of his area immediately, shall make appropriate entries in the remarks column of the register in Form II and take such steps to issue public notice of the loss, destruction or theft as the Commissioner may direct.(b)Where a duplicate declaration form or a duplicate certificate is furnished under sub-rule (3) of Rule 12 of the Central Sales Tax (Registration and Turnover) Rules, 1957 by a dealer or a Government Department, as the case may be, the particulars of the original declaration form or certificate shall be immediately reported to the Superintendent of Taxes of the area concerned.(6)Any unused declaration form remaining in stock with a registered dealer on the cancellation of his registration certificate shall be surrendered to the authority from whom the form was obtained within fifteen days of such cancellation. (7) No registered dealer to whom a declaration form is issued by the Superintendent of Taxes, shall either directly or through any other person, transfer the same to other person except for the lawful purposes of sub-rule (1).(8)A declaration form in respect of which a report has been received by Superintendent of Taxes under sub-rule (5) shall not be valid for the purpose of sub-rule (1).(9)The Commissioner shall, from time to time publish in the Official Gazette the particulars of the declaration form in respect of which a report is received under sub-rule (5).(10)The Commissioner may, by notification in the Official Gazette and in the Official Gazette of all other States, declare that declaration forms of a particular series design or colour shall be deemed obsolete and invalid with effect from such date as may be specified in the notification.(11)When a notification declaring forms of a particular series design or colour obsolete and invalid is published under sub-rule (10), all registered dealers shall, on or before the date with effect from which the forms are so declared obsolete and invalid, surrender to the Superintendent of Taxes of his area all unused form of that series, design or colours which may be in their possession and obtain in exchange such new forms as may be substituted for the forms declared obsolete and invalid: provided that new forms shall not be issued to dealer until he has rendered account of old forms lying with him and returned the balance, if any, in his hand to the Superintendent of Taxes of his area.

7. Use, custody and maintenance etc. of record of certificate in Form D.

(1) The Government Department which are not registered as dealers under the Act but wish to buy goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce at the rate applicable under sub-section (1) of Section 8 of the Act from a registered dealer of another State shall furnish a certificate in Form D prescribed under the Central Sales Tax (Registration and Turnover) Rules, 1957 to the selling dealer of that State. Before furnishing the certificate to the selling dealer, the authorised officer of the Department shall fill in all particulars required to be filled in the form, and shall also affix his usual signature and seal in the spaces provided in the form for the purpose. Thereafter, the counterfoil of the form shall be retained by the purchasing Government Department and the other two portions marked "Original" and "Duplicate" shall be made over by him to the selling dealer: Provided that the provisions of sub-rule (1) of Rule 12 of the Central Sales Tax (Registration and Turnover) Rules, 1957 shall apply mutatis mutandis in the matter of transaction of sale and the amount to be covered by a single certificate.(2)A registered dealer who claims to have made a sale to a Government Department may, in respect of such claim, attach to his return the portion marked "Original" of the certificate received by him from the purchasing Government Department. The prescribed authority may, in its discretion also direct the selling dealer to produce for inspection the portion of the certificate marked "Duplicate".(3) Every Government Department, who purchases goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce by giving certificate as per sub-rule (1), shall maintain the portion of the certificate marked "Counterfoil" at least for three years for the purpose of verification by the prescribed authority if and when necessary. (4) The authorised officer of a Government Department shall keep the portion of the certificate marked "Counterfoil" in safe custody and he shall be personally responsible for the loss, destruction or theft of any such certificate. He shall also produce before the prescribed authority all such certificates whenever he receives such direction.

8. Use, custody, maintenance, etc. of records of certificate in Forms E-I and E-II.

(1) In the case of a first sale referred to in Section 6 (2)(a) of the Act or a first sale effected by transfer of documents of title to the goods under Section 6 (2) (b) of the Act, a certificate in Form E-I prescribed under the Central Sales Tax (Registration and Turnover) Rules, 1957 shall be issued by the selling dealer to the purchasing dealer. Before furnishing the certificate to the purchasing dealer, the selling dealer or any person authorised by him in this behalf, shall fill in all particulars required to be filled in the form and shall also affix his signature in the space provided in the form for this purpose. Thereafter, the selling dealer shall retain the counterfoil of the form and furnish the other two portions marked "Original" and "Duplicate" to the purchasing dealer.(2)In the case referred to in sub-rule (1), the selling dealer shall pay the tax to the State from which the movement of his goods commenced.(3)A purchasing dealer who affects a subsequent sale to another registered dealer by transfer of documents of title to the goods and claims exemption from tax of his subsequent sale under sub-section (2) of Section 6 of the Act, shall furnish to the prescribed authority at the time of making assessment, the portion marked "Original" of the form E-I received by him from the dealer from whom he purchased the goods and the "Original" of the declaration Form C received from the dealer to whom he sold the goods.(4)In the case of a first or subsequent sale effected by transfer of documents of title to the goods in a series of sale referred to in Section 6 (2) (a) of the act or the

second or subsequent sale effected by transfer of documents of title to the goods in a series of sale referred to in Section 6 (2) (b) of the Act, a certificate in Form E-II prescribed under the Central Sales Tax (Registration and Turnover) Rules 1957 shall be issued by the selling dealer to the purchasing dealer. Before furnishing the Certificate to the purchasing dealer the selling dealer or any person authorised by him in this behalf, shall fill in all particulars required to be filled in the form and shall also affix his signature in the space provided in the form for this purpose. Thereafter the selling dealer shall retain the counterfoil of the form and furnish the other two portions marked "Original" and "Duplicate" to the registered dealer to whom he affects such a subsequent sale. (5)A purchasing dealer who effects a further subsequent sale to another registered dealer by transfer of title to the goods and claims exemption from tax of his subsequent sale under sub-section (2) of Section 6 of the Act, shall furnish to the prescribed authority at the time of making assessment the portion marked "Original" of the Form E-II received by him from whom he purchased the goods and the portion marked "Original" of the Declaration Form C received from the registered dealer to whom he sold the goods. (6) No selling dealer shall give nor shall a purchasing dealer accept any certificate in Form E-I or E-II except on a from which has been obtained by the selling dealer on application from the Superintendent of Taxes of his area and has not been declared obsolete and invalid by the Commissioner under the provisions of sub-rule (12).(7) Every Certificate in Form E-I or E-II obtained from the Superintendent of Taxes by a registered dealer shall be kept by him in safe custody and he shall be personally responsible for the loss, destruction or theft of any such form or the loss of Government revenue, if any resulting directly or indirectly from such theft or loss.(8)Every registered dealer to whom any certificate in Form E-I or E-II is issued by a Superintendent of Taxes shall maintain, in register in Form X, a true and complete account of every such form. If any such form is lost, destroyed or stolen, the dealer shall report the fact to the Superintendent of Taxes of his area immediately; shall make appropriate entries in the remarks column of the register in Form X and take such steps to issue public notice of the loss, destruction or theft as the Commissioner may direct.(9) Any unused Certificate Form E-I or E-II remaining in stock with a registered dealer on the cancellation of his registration certificate shall be surrendered to the Superintendent of Taxes of his area within fifteen days of such cancellation.(10)No registered dealer to whom a Certificate Form E-I or E-II is issued by the Superintendent of Taxes, shall, either directly or through any other person transfer the same to another person except for the purposes referred to in Rule 8.(11)A certificate form in respect of which a report has been received by, the Superintendent of Taxes under sub-rule (8) shall not be valid for the purpose of Rule 8.(12)The Commissioner may from time to time publish in the Official Gazette the particulars of the certificate form in respect of which a report has been received under sub-rule (8).

9. Use, custody, maintenance etc. of records of declaration in Form F.

(1)A registered dealer (hereinafter in this rule referred to as the transferee), who wishes to receive from his head office/branch/agent/principal outside Mizoram (hereinafter in this rule referred to as the transferor) goods the movement of which to him by the transferor is occasioned by reason of transfer and not by reason to sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, shall obtain from the Superintendent of Taxes of his area a blank declaration in Form F prescribed under Rule 12 of the Central Rules for furnishing the same to the transferor by whom the goods have been transferred. Before furnishing any declaration in Form F as aforesaid transferee or, on his behalf,

any person authorised by Rule 12 of the Central Rules shall fill in all the required particulars in the form and shall also affix his usual signature in the space provided in the form for this purpose. Thereafter, the counterfoil of the form shall be retained by the transferee and the other two portions marked as Original and Duplicate shall be made over by him to the transferor by whom the goods were transferred: Provided that price of rupees two and five paise only shall be payable per book of twenty five such forms and the price shall be paid into a Government treasury before such form in supplied by a Superintendent of Taxes to any registered dealer.(2)Any transferor who claims that he is not liable to pay tax under the Act, in respect of any goods on the ground that the movement of such goods outside Mizoram was occasioned by reason of transfer to another place of his business agent or principal and not by reason of sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, shall, in respect of such claim, furnish to the assessing authority, within the time specified in Rule 12 of the Central Rules, the portion marked Original of the declaration received by him in Form F from the transferee. The assessing authority may in its discretion direct the transferor to produce for inspection the portion of the declaration marked Duplicate.(3)No transferee shall give any declaration under this rule except in a form which has been obtained by him in the manner specified in sub-rule (1) and has not been declared obsolete and invalid by the Commissioner of Taxes under the provisions of sub-rule (2).(4)No transferor shall accept any declaration for the purpose of this rule except in a form obtained by the transferee from the appropriate authority in his State and not declared obsolete or invalid by the appropriate authority in such State. (5) Every declaration form obtained form the Superintendent of Taxes by a registered dealer shall be kept by him in save custody and he shall be personally responsible for the loss, destruction or theft of any such form or the loss of Government revenue, if any, resulting directly or indirectly from such theft or loss.(6) Every registered dealer to whom any declaration form is issued by a Superintendent of Taxes shall maintain, in a register in Form No. Ill, a 'true and complete account' of every such Form received from the Superintendent of Taxes. If any such form is lost, destroyed or stolen, the dealer shall report the fact to the Superintendent of Taxes immediately and shall make appropriate entries in the remarks column of the register in Form No. Ill and take such other steps to issue public notice of the loss, destruction or theft as the Commissioner may direct. (7) Where a duplicate declaration is furnished under sub-rule (3) of Rule 12 of the Central Rules, the particulars of the original declaration form shall be immediately reported to the Superintendent of Taxes from whom the declaration form had been obtained.(8) Any unused declaration form remaining in stock with a registered dealer shall be surrendered to the Superintendent of Taxes within 15 days of the closure of the dealer's business or cancellation of his certificate of registration under the Act.(9)No registered dealer to whom a declaration form is issued by the Superintendent of Taxes, shall either directly or through any other person transfer the same to any person except for the lawful purpose of sub-rule (1).(10)A declaration form in respect of which a report has been received by the Superintendent of Taxes under sub-rule (6) shall not be valid for the purpose of sub-rule (1).(11)The Commissioner shall, from time to time, published in the official Gazette the particulars of the declaration form in respect of which report is received under sub-rule (6).(12)The Commissioner may, by notification in the Official Gazette and in the official Gazettes of all other States, declare that declaration form in a particular series, design or colour shall be deemed to be obsolete and invalid with effect from such date as may be specified in the notification. (13) When a notification declaring forms of a particular series, design or colour obsolete and invalid is published under sub-rule (12), all registered dealers shall, on or before the date with effect from which the from are so declared

obsolete and invalid, surrender to the Superintendent of Taxes all unused forms of that series, design or colour which may be in their possession and obtain in exchange such new forms as may be substituted for the forms declared obsolete and invalid: Provided that new forms shall not be issued to a dealer until he his rendered account of the old forms lying with him and returned the balance, if any, in his hand to the Superintendent of Taxes.

10.

(1)If any dealer-(a)sells or otherwise transfers or disposes of his business or any part thereof; or(b)discontinues his business or changes his place of business or opens a new place of business; or(c)changes the name or nature of his business; he shall, within fourteen days from the date of such occurrence, furnish the information to the Superintendent of Taxes of the area.(2)Where any dealer as aforesaid dies, his successor or legal representative shall furnish the information in like manner.

11. Returns.

- Every registered dealer shall furnish returns of turnover for such period and within such period as prescribed under Rule 20 of Mizoram Sales Tax Rules, 1989 to the Superintendent of Taxes of his area in Form IV.

12. Assessment order.

- Assessment order passed under the provisions of the Act, shall be made in Form V-A and V-B.

13. Matters relating to appeal.

(1)A memorandum of appeal, not being an appeal under sub-section (3-H) of Section 7, shall be in Form No. VI.(2)An appeal under sub-section (3-H) of Section 7 shall-(a)be in Form No. VI-A; (b)be filed in triplicate; (c)be presented to the appellate authority by the appellant or by his agent or legal practitioner or be sent by registered post to the said authority; (d)contain a clear statement of the relevant facts and state precisely the relief prayed for; (e)be accompanied by-(i)a certified copy of the orders appealed against; (ii)a fee of rupees ten only paid by means of court-fee stamps; (f)be signed and verified, in the manner provided in Form No. VI-A.(3)If a memorandum of appeal under sub-section (3-H) of Section 7 does not comply with all the requirements of sub-rule (2), the appellate authority may reject it summarily: Provided that no such appeal shall be summarily rejected under this rule, unless the appellant has been given a reasonable opportunity to amend the memorandum so as to bring it into conformity with all the requirements of sub-rule (2).(4)Where an appeal under sub-section (3-H) of Section 7 is admitted for hearing on merit the appellate authority shall after giving the appellant concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard, fix a date for passing the final order on the appeal, if the order is not passed on the date of hearing.

14. Notice of demand.

- The notice of demand shall be in Form VIII.

15. Challan.

- Challans for making payment shall be in Form VIII.

16. Register of assessment, demand and collection.

- The register of assessment, demand and collection shall be in Form IX.

17. Cost of forms and the authority from whom forms may be obtained.

- The forms referred to in Rules 6, 8 and 9 shall be obtained by a dealer from the Superintendent of Taxes of his area on payment of the price in the form of Court fee stamp at the rate fixed by the Commissioner who, on demand, shall make the forms available to the Superintendent of Taxes.

18. Application of the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989 and the Rules made thereunder.

- The provisions of the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989 and the Rules made thereunder including the use of forms shall apply mutatis mutandis to all proceedings or other matters incidental to the carrying out of the purposes of the Act and for which no provision is made in these Rules or in the Central Sales Tax (Registration and Turnover) Rules, 1957.

19. Offences and penalties.

- When a dealer acts in contravention of, or fails to comply with the requirements of any of these rules, he shall be punishable with a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and if the offence is a continuing one, with a daily fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which the offence continues. Form No. IThe Central ales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 4(1)]Dealer's Account

Date Name and Name of Destination Description of Quantity Consignor's Railway Remarks address of address of Railway consignments and invoice No. receipt and date or Bill the the Station, weight consignor consignee Steamer of Ghat. lading PostOffice, of Air Airport note from

where delivery

will be
taken

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

Form No. IIThe Central ales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 6(5)(a)]Register of Declaration Forms

Receipts	Issues						
Date of	Authority from	Book	Sl.	Date of	Book	Sl.	Name and address of
Receipt	whom received	No.	No.	issue	No.	No.	seller to whom issued
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Issues No. and No. and date of date of Description of Seller's cash railway receipt Surrendered to Value order in goods in memo/challan No. or (Sales Tax of Remarks respect of respect of in referenceto which other carrier's goods authority) issued which which issued challan for the issued goods

13

14

15

Form No. IIIThe Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 9(6)]Register of 'F' Forms Receipts Issues

Receipt	whom received			of issue	No.	No. 7	the transferor to whom issued 8	respect ofwhich issued	respect of which issued
Date of	Authority from	Book	s Sl.	Date	Book	Sl.	Name and address of	challan/invoice in	Description of

Issues

9

10

11

12

Quantity of goods	Value of goods	Name of Railway, steamer or Ferry station or AirPort or Road Transport Office from where the goods weredespatched	No. and date of railway receipt or goods receiptwith trip-sheet of Lorry or any other documents indicating themeans of transport	Date on which transferee took delivery of goods	Surrendered to the Sales Tax authority	Remarks
11	12	13	14	15	16	17

Form No. IVThe Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 11]Return of Turnover

Name of dealer..... Return period......

Address...... Registration Certificate No.....

	Goods		Goods		Goods
	taxable	Goods	taxable	Goods	taxable
Sale prices and	at the	taxable at	at the	taxable at	at the
deductions	rate of	the rate of	rate of	taxable at the rate of	rate of 1
deductions	7 n.p.	4 n.p. in	3 n.p.	2 n.p. in	n.p. in
	in the	the rupee	in the the rupee		the
	rupee		rupee		rupee

Sold to registered registered registered registered registered others others others others others dealers dealers dealers dealers dealers

A. Aggregate of the sale prices in respect of goods sold incourse of inter-State trade or

commerce-

B. Less:(1) Sale

prices of

exempted

goods(2) Sale

prices of goods

returnedon

which tax has

already been

paid [Rule

12(1) of the

CentralSales

Tax

(Registration

and Turnover)

Rules, 1957](3)

Amount of any

debt written

off[Rule 12(2)

of the Central

Sales Tax

(Registration

and

Turnover)Rules, 1957]Total of B						
С.						
Turnover:(after						
deducting the						
total of B from						
A)						
Tax payable on turnover:Total Rs. dues:						
Tax paid into the Reserve Bank of India/Governm above statements are true to the best of my knowle signing the returnNote The return should be sig 3(1) of the Central Sales Tax (Registrations and Tu Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 12]Asse	edge and beliefSignature and status of the person ned and verified in the manner prescribed in Rule urnover) Rules, 1957.Form No. V-AThe Central					
1. Name of dealer (with complete addre	ess)					
2. Circle						
3. Registration Certificate No						
4. Period ending						
5. Additional places of business :						
(a)in the State of Registration(b)in other State	(s)					
6. Record No						
7. Share-						
(a)Partner : Their names with shares(b)Member :	Their names with shares					
8. Turnover returned :						
(a) Goods taxable at the rate of 7 p. in the rupee	Sold to registered dealers Sold to others					
(b) Goods taxable at the rate of 4 p. in the rupee	Sold to registered dealers Sold to others					
(c) Goods taxable at the rate of 3 p. in the rupee	Sold to registered dealers Sold to others					
(d) Goods taxable at the rate of 2 p. in the rupee	Sold to registered dealers Sold to others					
(e) Goods taxable at the rate of 1 p. in the rupee Sold to registered dealers Sold to others						

9. Books produced......

10. Section and sub-section under which assessment made......

Date......Assessment OrderForm No. V-BThe Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 12]

Circle..... Name of the dealer..... Address..... Registration No..... Record No..... Period ending..... Goods Goods Goods taxable Goods taxable Goods taxable Turnover at the taxable at at the taxable at at the and rate of the rate of rate of the rate of rate of 1 deductions 4 p. in the 3 p. in 2 p. in the p. in 7 p. in the the rupee the rupee rupee rupee rupee Sold to registered registered registered registered registered others others others others dealers dealers dealers dealers dealers 1. Turnover returned 2. Turnover determined 3. Aggregate of the sale prices in respect of goods sold inthe course of inter-State trade and commerce Less-(1) Sale price of exempted goods(2) Sale pricesof

goods

Sold to

others

The Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991
returned on which tax has already been paid.(3)Amount of any debt written off
Turnover
Tax payable on turnover 4. Total dues
5. Amount already paid.
6. Net balance due Assessed under section
4. Under the Control Color Toy Act 4050 years notitioner has been accessed

1. Under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, your petitioner has been assessed on a turnover of Rs for sales of* for the period from......to.....

(*Here enter the names of commodities)

2. Under sub-section (1) of Section 22/sub-section (2) of Section 41 of the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989, a penalty of Rs has been imposed on your petitioner.

- 3. The notice of demand which your petitioner received on is attached.
- 4. A certified copy of the order appealed against is attached.
- 5. Your petitioner's turnover, according to the provisions of the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, for the period from to were as under:

Turnover of goods taxable at the rate of paise in the rupee-(a)Sold to registered dealers(b)Sold to othersTurnover of goods taxable at the rate of paise in the rupee-(a)Sold to registered dealers(b)Sold to othersTurnover of goods taxable at the rate of paise in the rupee-(a)Sold to registered dealers(b)Sold to othersTurnover of goods taxable at the rate of paise in the rupee-(a)Sold to registered dealers(b)Sold to othersTurnover of goods taxable at the rate of paise in the rupee-(a)Sold to registered dealers(b)Sold to others

- 6. Such turnover was the whole turnover of your petitioner during the period. Your petitioner had no other turnover taxable under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, during the said period.
- 7. Your petitioner had made a return of his turnover to the office of the Superintendent under Section 15 of the Mizoram ales Tax Act, 1989 and has complied with all the terms of the notice served on him by the Superintendent under Section 16 of the said Act.
- 8. Your petitioner was prevented by sufficient cause for making the return required by Section 15 of the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989 or did not received the notice issued under sub-section (2) Section 16 or had not a reasonable opportunity to comply or was prevented by sufficient cause from complying with the terms of the notice or from producing the evidence required under subsection (3) of Section 16, as more particularly specified in the statement hereto annexed.
- 9. (Enter here the grounds on which you rely for the purpose of this appeal).
- 10. Your petitioner, therefore, prays that he may be assessed accordingly or that he may be declared not to be chargeable under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 or that assessment be seaside and/or remanded to.... for assessment or that the order of the imposing a penalty of Rs upon petitioner may be annulled.

I, the petitioner, named above, do hereby declare that what is stated herein is true to the best of my information and belief and that all tax admitted by me to be due in respect of the order of assessment appealed against has been paid, under Treasury Challan No.......Date.....Signature of the petitionerForm No. VI-AThe Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 13(2)(a)]Form of AppealToThe......The day of...... 19Date of order appealed against.......Name and designation of the officer who passed the order.......The petitioner of P.O of District showeth as follows:

1. Your petitioner had applied to the Superintendent of Taxes.... on for registration under Section 7 of the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 and the said authority under sub-section (2-A) of Section 7 of the said Act, by means of an order dated demanded from the petitioner, security to the extent of Rs...... before issue of a certificate of registration.

2. Your petitioner's turnover according to the provisions of the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 for the year were as under :

Turnover of goods taxable at the rate of.......

Paise in the Paise in the Rupee Rupee Rupee

Sold to registered dealers or Government Departments Sold to others

3. Such turnover was the whole turnover of your petitioner during the period
Your petitioner had no other turnover taxable under the Central Sales Tax
Act, 1956 during the said period.

- 4. The amount of tax payable by your petitioner under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, on the basis of the information furnished in paragraphs 3 and 4 above, in respect of the year.....was Rs/is estimated at Rs.......
- 5. The order dated......passed by the Superintendent of Taxes..... under sub-section (3-A) of Section 7 is not justified for reasons stated below :

(Enter here the grounds of the appeal)

- 6. Your petitioner, therefore, prays that the said order may be set aside/annulled/remanded and that no security/additional security be demanded from the petitioner/the security paid may not be forfeited/refund of the security paid may be allowed to the extent of Rs.....
- 8. A certified copy of the order appealed against is attached hereto.

I, the petitioner named above, do hereby declare	that what is stated herein is true to the best of my
information and belief.DateSignature of the petit	ionerForm No. VIIThe Central Sales Tax
(Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 14]Notice of	
DemandTo	You are hereby informed that for
the return period ending on the sum of Rs a	s specified overleaf has been determined as
payable by you on account of tax and penalty.	

- 2. You are required to pay the amount on or before the to the Treasury Officer/Sub-Treasury Officer/State Bank of India/Reserve Bank of India at...... when you will be granted a receipt.
- 3. You are further informed that unless the total of amount due, including the penalty is paid by the above date, a further penalty will be imposed on you and a certificate will be forwarded to the Collector for recovery of the whole amount as an arrear of land revenue.

Dated......19....... Superintendent of Taxes

Seal Address.....

Form No. VIIIThe Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 15]XII-A Sales Tax-Taxes under the Central Sales Tax Act(To be printed in quadruplicate)Challan of tax/penalty/composition money paid to....... Treasury/Sub-Treasury/Branch of the State Bank of India/Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta for the return period ending......

By whom Name address and Registration No. of the dealeron Payment on tendered whose behalf money is paid account of

Tax.....

Penalty.....

Composition money.....

Security

Miscellaneous......

Rupees......(in words).....Date......Signature of the Dealer or Agent(For Use in the

Treasury)Challan No......Received payment of Rs...... Rupees (in words)

Treasurer Accountant Treasury/Sub-Treasury Officer

Sl. No.	Registration No.	Index No.	Name of dealer.	Turnover determined			
Goods taxable at the rate of 7 p.	Goods taxable at the rate of 4 p.	Goods taxable at the rate of 3 p.	Goods taxable at the rate of 2 p.	Goods taxable at the rate of 1 p.			
Sold to	Sold to	Sold to	Sold to	Sold to	Sold to	Sold to	Sold to

Sold to registered dealers	Sold to others)								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Demand	Collection							
Demand (before deduction of	Advance	Net demand (15-16)	Penalty	Composition money	Total (17, 18, and 19)	Amount	Challan No. and date	Remarks
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Rs. p.	Rs. p.	Rs. p.	Rs. p.	Rs. p.	Rs. p.	Rs. p.	Rs. p.	Rs. p.

Form No. XThe Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 8(8)]Register of Certificate Form E-I and E-II

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Receipt	s Issues						
Date of receipt	•					Sl. No.	Name and address of the purchasing dealer to whomissued.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Issues

				No. and date		
Registration	Description of	Volue	Seller's cash	of railway	Surrendered to	
No. of the	goods in	of goods	memo/challan No.	receipt or	the	Remarks
purchasing	respect of		in reference	othercarrier's	Superintendent of	
dealer	which issued		towhich issued	challan for	Taxes	
				the goods		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15

Form No. XIThe Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991[See Rule 3(2)]Surety BondKnow all men by these presents that I, (full name) (full address), am held and firmly bound unto the Government of Mizoram, exercising the executive power of the Government of the State of Mizoram (hereinafter referred to as 'the Government' of which expression shall, unless excluded by or repugnant to the context, include his successors-in-office and assigns including any authority appointed under Section 8 of the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989) in the sum of Rupees (amount in figures and followed by amount in words) (hereinafter referred to as 'the said sum') to be paid to the Government on demand, for which payment well and truly be made, I bind myself, my heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives by these presents; Whereas the above bounden has made an application under Section 7 of the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 (here after referred to as 'the Act') for registration under the Act; Whereas the above bounden has been registered under Section 7 of the Act, with the Superintendent of Taxes, and holds a certificate of registration bearing the No...... under the Act, the said certificate being still in force; Whereas the above bounden is required by Section 6/6-A and 8 of the Act to obtain from the Superintendent of Taxes certain forms (hereinafter referred to as 'the said forms') for use for the purpose of certain concession with regard to tax payable under the Act; And whereas the above bounden has been required by the Superintendent of Taxes to furnish security for the said sum for the purpose of security the proper realisation of the tax payable under the Act, the proper custody and use of the said forms, and indemnifying the Government against all loss, costs or expenses, which the Government may, in any way, suffer, sustain or pay by reason of the omission, default or failure of the above bounden or any person or persons acting under or for him to pay such in the manner and by the time provided by or prescribed under the Act to keep in proper custody and make proper use of the said forms; Now the condition of the above written bond is such that if the above bounden, his heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives or any person acting under or for him pays the full amount of tax payable by him under the Act in the manner and by the time provided by or prescribed under the Act on demand by any authority prescribed in or under the Act, such demand to be in writing and to be served upon the above bounden, his heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives or any person acting under or for him in the manner provided by or prescribed

under the Act and shall also at all times indemnify and save harmless the Government from all and every loss, cost or expenses which has been or shall or may at any time or times hereafter during the period in which the above bounden is held liable to pay tax under the Act/until such time as the above bounden renders to the Superintendent of Taxes...... a satisfactory account of the use or, as the case may be, of the surrender, of the said forms in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, be caused by reasons of any act, omission, default, failure or insolvency of the above bounden or of any person or persons acting under or for him them this obligation shall be void and of no effect, otherwise the same shall be and remain in full force; And it is hereby further agreed that in the event of the death/partition/disruption/dissolution/winding-up or the final cessation of the liability under the Act or the rules prescribed thereunder, the establishment of the intended business to which the said forms relate and registration of the business so established under the said Act of the above bounden, this bond shall remain with the Superintendent of Taxes...... or any officer duly authorised by him in this behalf for twelve years from the occurring of any of the events aforesaid for recovering any tax that may be payable by the above bounden or any loss, cost or expenses that may have sustained, incurred or paid by the Government owing to the act, omission, default, failure or insolvency of the above bounden or any person or persons acting under or for him or the above bounden's heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives and which may not have been discovered until after the above bounden's death/partition/disruption/dissolution/winding-up or final cessation of his liability under the Act or the Rules prescribed thereunder, the establishment of the intended business and registration thereof under the said Act: Provided always that without prejudice to any other right or remedy for recovering the tax, loss or damage as aforesaid it shall be open to the Government to recover the amount payable under this bond as an arrear of land revenue. In witness whereof the said (full name) has hereunto set his hand this day ofSigned and delivered by the above named in the presence of-

1.

.....Signature

2.

......StatusI, hereby declare myself surety for the above bounden and guarantee that he shall do and perform all that he has above undertaken to do and perform, and in case of his omission, default or failure therein, I hereby bind myself to forfeit to the Governor of Mizoram exercising the executive power of the Government of the State of Mizoram (hereinafter referred to as "the Government" which expression shall, unless excluded by or repugnant to the context, include his successors-in-office and assigns including any authority appointed under Section 8 of the Mizoram Sales Tax Act, 1989) the sum of Rupees (amount in figures followed by amount in words) (hereinafter referred to as "the said sum") in which the above bounden has bound himself or such other lesser sum as shall be deemed to be sufficient by the Superintendent of Taxes to recover any amount of tax payable by the above bounden and remaining unpaid and also to recover any loss, damage, cost or expenses which the Government may sustain, incur or pay by reason of such omission, default or failure; And I agree that the Government may, without prejudice to any other

The Central Sales Tax (Mizoram) Rules, 1991

rights or remedies of the Government, recover the said sum from me as an arrear of land revenue ;And I also agree that I shall not be at liberty to terminate this suretyship except upon giving to the Superintendent of Taxes six calendar months' notice in writing of my intention so to do, and my liability under this bond shall continue in respect of all acts, omissions, defaults, failure and insolvencies on the part of the above bounden unit the expiration of the said period of six months. Signature of Surety

In the presence of-	
1	SignatureDate
2	Permanent address:Date