The Rajasthan Municipalities (Land and Buildings Tax) Rules, 1961

RAJASTHAN

India

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Rule

THE-RAJASTHAN-MUNICIPALITIES-LAND-AND-BUILDINGS-TAX-RUL of 1961

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The Rajasthan Municipalities (Land and Buildings Tax) Rules, 1961Published vide Notification No. F. 8(89) LSG/60, dated 1-6-1961, published in Rajasthan Gazette, Part 4-C, dated 27-7-1961In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 (297) read with section 104 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959 (Rajasthan Act 38 of 1959), the State Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

1. Short title.

(1)These rules may be called the Rajasthan Municipalities (Land and Buildings Tax) Rules, 1961.(2)These rules shall come into force after one month from the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. Definitions.

- In these rules, unless the subject or context otherwise requires:-(1)"Act" means the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959 (Rajasthan Act 38 of 1959);(2)"Agent" means any person, who acts under proper authority for an owner or any occupier of building or land;(3)"Assessor" means an assessor appointed under section 114;(4)"Form" means a form appended to these rules;(5)"Revising Authority" means any authority or Officer referred to in sub-section (2) of section 117 to whom objections under sub-section (1) of that section may be made;(6)"Section" means a section of the Act, and(7)"Tax" means the tax mentioned in clause (1) of section 104.

1

3. Imposition of tax.

(1) Subject to the provisions of sections 104 and 107 and of any orders made or notifications issued by the State Government under either of those sections, the tax shall be leviable in a Municipality at the rate and from the date specified in the notification issued under section 104 by the State Government in respect of such Municipality.(2) The date so specified shall be the first day of January, April, July, or October of a year. (3) A copy of the notification referred to in sub-rule (1) shall, as soon as may be, after the issue of the said notification, be affixed on the notice board of the Municipal office, and the contents thereof shall be proclaimed in the Municipality by beat of drum.(4) The tax shall, subject to the provision contained in sub-rule (5) shall be leviable by the Board in four installments payable at the close of each quarter: [Substituted by Notification No. F. (89) LSG/60, dated 14-2-1965.](5) The latest Notification prescribing exemption is as under:-Notification dated July 20, 2000 published in Rajasthan Government Gazette Extraordinary Part 6(ka), dated July 27, 2000, page 133, prescribes that the State Government has granted the following exemptions:-[English translation] Payment of house-tax for the current year by every house-tax payer: -(a)15% if the tax is deposited upto 30th September 2000;(b)10% if the tax is deposited from 1st October to 31 December, 2000 and(c)5% if the tax is deposited from 1st January 2001 to 31st March 2001, exemption will be granted. Also if any house-tax payer deposits arrears of tax due for previous years in lump sum, he will be granted exemption as above. (5) If the notification under section 104 specifies for the commencement of the levy of the tax and date other than the first day April in a year the tax shall, till the first day April next following, be leviable by the quarter.

4. Preparation of assessment list.

(1)An assessment list for the purpose of leying the tax shall be prepared wardwise in form 1.(2)In assessing the amount of the tax payable in respect of any land or building, a sum equal to ten percent of its annual letting value shall be deducted from such value by way of allowance for repairs and maintenance, insurance, sinking fund etc. [Provided that in case the annual letting values comes to Rs. 180/- or less by result of allowing the said deduction, no such deduction shall be allowed.] [Added by Notification No. Tax/F. 10(5) DLB/63, dated 9-8-1963, published in Rajasthan Gazette, Part IV-C, dated 5-12-1963.](3)For the purpose of determining the annual letting value of any land or building and assessing the amount of tax thereof, the assessor may-(a)enter upon or into, inspect and measure any building or land, and(b)if necessary, make enquiries from the people living in neighbourhood and examine the previous record of the Municipality or other local authority in relation to such building or land.(4)When the name of the person primarily liable for the payment of tax cannot be ascertained, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the assessment list and in any notice which it may be necessary to serve upon him as the holder of the building or land, without any further description. (5) Where any building or land liable as a whole to payment of the tax is composed of separate tenements the assessor may, upon the request of the owner of any such tenement, determine the annual letting value of each such tenement separately and assess the amount of tax payable in respect thereof: Provided that the valuation of the entire building or land shall be the guiding factor in determining the liability to the payment of the tax.

5. Statement of new building etc.

- Every tax inspector, or where there is no tax inspector, every sanitary inspector, or any other officer authorised by the Board shall submit to the assessor half yearly statements showing building with in his circle which have been newly constructed or reconstructed or enlarged and the assess or shall upon receipt of such statement or upon receipt of notice under section 120 proceed to asses or reassess the annual letting value of the building and the amount of tax payable in respect thereof.

6. Revision of assessment.

(1)The public notice required to be given under section 1 16 shall be in form 11.(2)The book to be kept by the assessor under sub-section (3) of section 117 shall be in form 111.(3)The public notice required to be published under sub-section (6) of section 117 shall be in form IV.(4)A public notice under sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (3) shall be served in the manner laid down in or under sub-section (3) of section 250.

7. Form of notice under section 126.

- The notice required to be given to the Board under the proviso to sub-section 91) of section 126 shall be in form V.Form I[See Rule 4 (1)]Assessment List

.....Municipal Board/Council District..... Year..... S. Ward Name of the street or Mohalla in Designation of the property either by name ornumber sufficient for identification No. No. which theproperty is situated 1 2 3 Name and Name and Name of tenant and amount of rent paid per Annual letting address of the address of the annum(or if there is more than one tenant, value of the occupier amount of rent paid byeach per annum) building owner 6 8 5 7 Decision of the revising Result of appeal, Amount of tax Remarks assessed Authority if any Amount of tax Annual letting Amount of tax Annual letting value assessed value assessed 12 9 11 10

[Form II] [Substituted by Notification No. F. 8 *89) LSG/60, dated 27-8-1962, Rajasthan Gazette, Part IV-(C), dated 4-10-1962.][See Rule 6(1)]Office of the Municipal Board/CouncilPublic NoticeNotice is hereby given that the assessment list of the tax on annual letting value of buildings and lands situated within the Municipal limits of......have been prepared and are open for

inspection at the Munauthority will proceed Rule 6(2)]Register of	d to revise the				_	•	See
Municipal Board/Council District							
Objections	,						
S.No. Receipt No. D	ate of receipt	Name of ov	vner & Hou	ıse No.	Amount	of tax assessed	
1 2 3	-	4			5		
Date Decision of the	Revising Auth	nority Sign	ature		Remark	79	
Annual letting	· ·	•	ount of tax	neeneend			
	value		unt or tax a	assesseu			
6 7		8			9	10	
Municipal Board/Council District Notice is hereby given that the assessment list of the tax on the annual letting value of buildings and lands situated within the Municipal limits of. has been authenticated by the Revising Authority and deposited in the Municipal Office and is open for inspection by the owners and occupiers of the properties or their agents at the Municipal Office during office hours on all working days. This day of19Signature of the Chairman. Form V[See Rule 7]Notice under the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 126 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959.							
1. Date							
2. Number of Ho	use/Land						
3. Mohalla							
4. Name and address of owner/occupier							
5. Amount of tax assessed for the years Ps p							
6. The above mentioned House/Land shall remain/remained vacant and is/was unproductive of rent during (date month and year) to (date month & year).							
7. The following portion of the aforesaid House/Land shall remain/remained vacant and is/was/are/were unproductive of rent. From(date month & year) to (date month and year).							

Storey	Rent
Number of rooms	Lengthyd.
Name and particulars oftenant/owner who vacated.	Breadthyd.Areasq. yds.
	Rank

PORTION

8. The following portion/whole of the House/Land have been wholly or substantially demolished or destroyed otherwise deprived of value.

HOUSE	LAND
Storey	Rent
	Lengthyd.
	Breadthyd.
Number of rooms	Areasq. yds.
	Rank

Dated......Signature of applicant Address.Clarifications Regarding Assessment and Recovery House Tax by the Municipalities[Circular No. F 8(89) LSG/60, dated 8-6-1962]Subject- Recovery of tax on annual letting value of Building and Lands.The State Government had directed to levy of tax on Building and Lands within the meaning of section 104 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959 in respect of most of the Municipalities in this State. Some points have been referred to Government for clarification. These have been examined and the following clarifications are made:-

1. Kham Houses. - Under section 104 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959 'Kham Houses' have been exempted from levy of this tax but the term Kham Houses has not been defined and difficulty is being experienced as to which type of houses should be taken as Kham Houses.

In common parlance a Kham House is a house made of kachha bricks with mud and sirki or Khaprel or thatched roofing. Partly kachha and partly pakka house should not be treated as Kham House. It will however, be noticed that under the provision of the Act, Building of which the annual letting value is less than Rs. 120/- (in the case of city Municipality) or Rs. 60/- (in the case of Municipal Board) are exempted from the payment of this tax. Ordinary the annual letting value of Kham Houses is not likely to exceed this exemption limit. Absence f a definition of the term Kham House should not therefore, present any difficulty in practice.

2. Statutory deduction. - Annual letting value has been defined under clause (1) of section 3 of the aforesaid Act as annual rent of Building or Land exclusively of any furniture of machinery contained or situated therein. Doubts have been expressed as to whether the statutory deduction of 10% for repairs admissible under sub-rule (2) of rule 4 of the Rajasthan Municipalities (Land and Building Tax) Rules, 1961 should be allowed for

calculating the rateable value of a property.

The words actual rent used in clause 91) of section 3 of the Act do not include the expenses on account of maintenance and repairs of a property and as such the statutory deduction of 10% should be allowed to be arrived at the rateable value.

- 3. Calculation of rateable value of Buildings where the Lands belong to the Municipality. Some cases are reported in which the Building has been constructed on Municipal had taken either on lease or rent. In such cases the ownership of the land vests in the Municipality concerned while the structure made thereon is owned by the rent payer. Doubts have been expressed as to whether the rent of land paid by the owners of the Building to the Municipality may be deducted from the annual letting value or not. The definition of the annual letting value contained in clause (1) of section 3 of the Act is very clear and does not contemplate to any deduction on this account. The reason appears to be that the rent paid may be equated with the loss of interest of capital in vested in the case of outright purchase. No deduction for rent of land should therefore be made.
- 4. Procedure for assessment of annual letting values. A clarification has been sought as to how Cinema Buildings, Theatres, Restaurants, Hotels, Mills, Factories etc. should be assessed.

5. Whether the payment of tax confer any right of ownership. - It has also been suggested that a provision should be made in the rules that recovery of this tax from a particular person shall not confer any right in respect of such

Building and Lands.

It is not necessary to provide this in the rules since the recovery of tax on Buildings and Land from a particular person does not confer any such right.

6. Building and Lands assessed by Income Tax Department. - Doubts have been expressed as to whether the assessment of rent by the Income Tax Department for the purpose of Income Tax may be adopted for the recovery of house tax.

The assessment by the Income Tax Department has nothing to do with the assessment of tax on land and buildings and can, therefore, be ignored. The Municipality should make assessment in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder.

- 7. Publication of assessment list in parts. A quarry has been made whether assessment list can be published in part, it is clarified that the assessment list should be published in full and not in parts.
- 8. Date of levy of tax. The notification directing the levy of tax on annual letting value was issued on the 30th June, 1960 and published in Official Gazette dated the 9th July, 1960. A doubt has been expressed as to whether the tax be recovered with effect from 1st July, 1960 or from the next quarter. It is clarified that the tax in question may be recovered with effect from the 1st October, 1960 and not from 1st July, 1960.

Instructions to Facilitate and Expedite Assessment of Tax on Land and Building[Circular No. Tax/F. 75 (Gen.)/1671/DLB./63, dated 25-1-1962.]Subject:- Assessment and recovery of tax on Land and Building.The Government had, under No. F. 8(89) LSG/60, dated the 8th June, 1962 issued certain clarifications regarding assessment and recovery of House Tax by the Municipalities but even now clarifications and quarries are being sought by number of Municipalities regarding the same.In order to facilitate and expedite assessment of Tax on Land and Building the following further instructions are issued for the guidance of all concerned:-

1. The first step, which the Board has to take under Rule 4(3), is to give wide publicity that tax on lands and buildings has been imposed in the Municipal area indicating the date and rate at which the tax is to be levied. Publicity should be given by beat of drum and a copy of the notice should be pasted on the notice board at the Municipal Office. It would be better if some copies of the notice may be pasted on conspicuous places in the town.

- 2. Then the Board should take necessary steps regarding numbering of all the buildings and lands situated within the Municipal limits. It may be done either by affixing the number plates or by painting on the front walls on a conspicuous spot. While allotting the number to the buildings and lands, the number of the building may be kept as numberator while the number of ward as denominator.
- 3. After taking the above action, the assessor appointed for the purpose shall issue a notice under section 115 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, calling for the requisite information as required for the preparation of the assessment list. The requisition form, of course has not been prescribed but the information as is necessary of the completion of the assessment list should be called through a proforma (The Rajasthan Local Self Government Institute, Film Colony, Jaipur, have this proforma in their stock, which can easily be obtained and utilised for the purpose) from the owners or occupiers of lands and buildings. This proforma should be sent to the house owners and the requisite information should be obtained from the occupiers or owners of the houses within 15 days. In case any owner or occupier fails to give the information needed for the assessment purposes within the prescribed time limit the assessor should proceed to assess the lands or buildings to the best of his judgement as provided under section 115 (2) of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959. The particulars of accommodation in the house should invariably be given by the landlord in the proforma with measurements and if any portion of the houses is let out, the rent-deed executed between the parties should invariably be seen and a note to that effect be given in the respective files. In the absence of any rent-deed the original receipt of the rent paid by the tenant should be, obtained and placed in the file. As far as possible the annual rental value of the buildings should be calculated on the above basis. In case of doubt comparative method should be adopted. This will be applicable mainly in case of residential buildings.
- 4. As for commercial buildings, such as shops, warehouses etc., the above method can be adopted but as these places are fetching a considerable amount of rent, special care should be taken to find out the actual rent that is being paid by the tenant. For further verification the assessor should also see the account books of the parties to verify the correctness of the rent

paid.

- 5. As regards Cinema Houses, Hotels, Restaurants, Mills, Factories etc., instructions have already been issued in the aforesaid Circular and should be followed. There is of course, a typing mistake in the said circular with regard to the assessment of cost price of the building according to the population of the town. The word 'Monthly' used in this respect for arriving at the rateable value should be read as annually.
- 6. As soon as all information required for the preparation of assessment list is available, entries in the register (Form 1) will be completed and the assessor will then issue a notice under section 116 and 117 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act informing the public that the list can be inspected at the time and place mentioned in the notice and shall also mention the time not less than one months fixed for revising by the assessment list.
- 7. All objections received by the assessor shall then be put up before the revising authority for their consideration and orders as provided under section 117(4). After the disposal of the objections by the revising authority, a notice shall be issued as provided under section 117(6) intimating to the public that the list is open for inspection in the Municipal Office during office hours.
- 8. As soon as the list is finalised and authenticated, bills shall be prepared for the amount of the tax due and sent to the owner or occupier of the land or building. In this respect a procedure has been laid down in Chapter VIII of the Act from sections 147 to 160 and should be followed for the recovery of the tax.

It bears the concurrence of Secretary, Local Self Government Department, Rajasthan, Jaipur.Clarification Regarding Exemption limit of Land and Building Tax[Circular No. F. 1(5) DLB/62/10000-10142, dated 16-3-1964]fo"k; %&Hkou o Hkwfe dj dh eqfDr lhek ds laca/k esa Li"Vhdj.kbl foHkkx esa fofHk+++= uxjikfydkvksa }kjk bl vk'k; dh 'kadk;sa Hksth gSa fd Hkou o Hkwfe dj dh eqfDr lhek (Exemption Limit) tks jktLFkku uxjikfydk (f}rh; la'kks/ku) vf/kfu;e] 1962 }kjk uxjikfydk ifj"knksa dh voLFkk esa 120) :i;s o vU; uxjikfydk ds fy;s 180) :i;s dh xbZ gS] og dc ls izHkkfor gksxh-vr% bl ifji= }kjk Li"Vhdj.k fd;k tkrk gS fd mDr la'kksf/kr eqfDr lhek fnukad 15&11&1962 ls izHkko'khy gksxh-Rates of Land and Buildings Tax[Order No. F. (34)/LSG/59, dated 30-9-1962, published in Rajasthan Gazette, Extraordinary, Part IV-C, dated 30-9-1962.]

- 1. No. F. 4(34) LSG/57 dated 30-6-60
- 2. No. F. 4(34) LSG/57 dated 28-3-62
- 3. No. F. 8(105) LSG/61 dated 6-4-62
- 4. No. F. 4(34) LSG/59 dated 6-7-62

In supersession of the Notifications noted above and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 104 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959 (Act no. 38 of 1959), the State Government hereby directs that all the Municipal Boards and Municipal Council (Except Jaipur, Ajmer, Beawar and Abu Road) shall within their respective limits, levy a tax n the annual letting value of the buildings and lands excluding agricultural lands at the following rates with effect from 1st October, 1962:-

Annual letting value	Rates of tax
Above the exemption limit and upto Rs. 300/- per annum	4%
Above Rs. 300/- and upto Rs. 600/-	5%
Above Rs. 600/- and upto Rs. 1,200/-	6 1/4%
Above Rs. 1,200	7 1/2%

[Order No. F. 4(34) LSG/59, dated 12-12-1962.]Sub:- Recovery of House TaxIn continuation of this Department order No. F. 4(34) LSG/59 dated 30-9-1962 the following schedule is fixed for the guidance of the Municipalities by which time the recovery of the house tax should begin:-

1.	Completing of house Numbering & issue of notices undersection 115 of the R. M. Act, 1959.	31-12-1962.
2.	Publication of notices under section 116.	[28-2-1963] [Amended by Order No. F. 4(34) LSG/59, dated 4-2-1963.]
3.	Decision by the Revising authority.	[30-4-1963] [Amended by Order No. F. 4(34) LSG/59, dated 4-2-1963.]

In case may Board fails to stick to the Schedule, Government may have to take action against it under section 295 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959.[Notification No. F. 8(69) LSG/60, dated 10-11-1960, published in Rajasthan Gazette, Part VI-A, dated 15-12-1960.]In exercise of the powers conferred by section 104 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959 (Act No. 31 of 1959) and sub-section (1) and clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 297 thereof, the State Government hereby directs with effect from the 1st April, 1960;(1)the rate of the tax levied on the annual letting value of buildings and lands situated within the Jaipur Municipality shall be 6 ¼% of such value, and(2)the following amendments shall be made in "the rules relating to levy of tax on buildings or lands or both situated within the limits of the Municipality framed under section 62(h) read with section 77(1) of the City of Jaipur Municipal Act, 1943" namely:-AmendmentIn the 1 of the said rules for the words and figure "at the rate of 5 percent" the words and figure "at the rate of 6 ¼%" shall be substituted.[Notification No. Tax/F. 20(7) DLB/62, dated 4-4-1968, published in Rajasthan Gazette Part IV-C, dated 20-6-1068.]jktLFkku uxjikfydk vf/kfu;e] 1959 (jktLFkku vf/kfu;e la[;k 38 lu~1959) dh /kkjk 104 }kjk iznRr 'kfDr;ksa dk iz;ksx djrs gq, jkT; ljdkj-,rn~ }kjk funsZ'k nsrh gS fd

uxjikfydk eaMy- fd'kux<+- mldh lhekUrxZr fLFkr Hkou ,ao Hkwfe;ksa (vykok d`f''k Hkwfe;ksa) ds okf''kZd fdjk;s ds ewY; ij fnukad 1 tqykbZ- 1968 ls fuEu njksa ds vuqlkj Hkou dj yxk;sxh %&

okf''kZd fdjk;s dk ewY; dj dh nj 300)#- okf''kZd rd 4 izfr'kr 300)#- vf/kd vkSj600)#- rd) 5 izfr'kr 600)#- vf/kd vkSj1200)#- rd) 6 1@4 izfr'kr 1200)#- ls vf/kd 7 1@2 izfr'kr

[Order No. Tax/F. 3(5) (8) LSG.70, dated 30-3-1971 (G.S.R. 122), Published in Rajasthan Gazette, Extraordinary, Part IV-C (I), dated 30-3-1971.]jktLFkku uxjikfydk vf/kfu;e] 1959 (jktLFkku vf/kfu;e la[;k 38 lu~ 1959) dh /kkjk 104 }kjk iznRr 'kfDr;ksa dk iz;ksx djrs gq, jkT; ljdkj- ,rn~ }kjk funsZ'k nsrh gS fd uxjikfydk Lknwy'kgj ftyk xaxk uxj mldh lhekUrxZr fLFkr Hkou ,ao Hkwfe;ksa (vykok d`f"k Hkwfe;ksa) ds okf"kZd fdjk;s ds ewY; ij fnukad 1 tqykbZ- 1971 ls fuEu njksa ds vuqlkj Hkou dj yxk;sxh %&

okf''kZd fdjk;s dk ewY; dj dh nj 300)#- okf''kZd rd 4 izfr'kr 300)#- vf/kd vkSj600)#- rd) 5 izfr'kr 600)#- vf/kd vkSj1200)#- rd) 6 1@4 izfr'kr 1200)#- ls vf/kd 7 1@2 izfr'kr

[Notification No. Tax/F. 3(5) (14) LSG/72, dated 28-8-72 (G.S.R. 135), Published in Rajasthan Gazette, Part IV-C (I); dated 31-8-1972.]jktLFkku uxjikfydk vf/kfu;e] 1959 (jktLFkku vf/kfu;e la[;k 38 lu~ 1959) dh /kkjk 104 }kjk iznRr 'kfDr;ksa dk iz;ksx djrs gq, jkT; ljdkj- ,rn~ }kjk funsZ'k nsrh gS fd uxjikfydk- tgktiqj mldh lhekUrxZr fLFkr Hkou ,ao Hkwfe;ksa (vykok d`f''k Hkwfe;ksa) ds okf''kZd fdjk;s ds ewY; ij fnukad 1 tqykbZ- 1972 ls fuEu njksa ds vuqlkj Hkou dj yxk;sxh %&

okf''kZd fdjk;s dk ewY; dj dh nj 300)#- okf''kZd rd 4 izfr'kr 300)#- vf/kd vkSj600)#- rd) 5 izfr'kr 600)#- vf/kd vkSj1200)#- rd) 6 1@4 izfr'kr 1200)#- ls vf/kd 7 1@2 izfr'kr

Exemptions[Notification No. 38290-38440/F. 8 (60) LSG/62, dated 14-7-1964, Published in Rajasthan Gazette, Part IV-C, dated 19-11-1964.]In exercise of the powers conferred under sub-section (5) of section 107 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959, (Act No. 38 of 1959), the State Government, being of the opinion that reasonable grounds exist for doing so, hereby grants exemption, as a special case, to the soldiers' rest houses constructed from the Post-war reconstruction Fund from payment of tax on the annual letting value of buildings and lands [subject to the condition that these are not being rented out.] [Added vide Corrigendum No. F. 8(60) LSG/62/30115-30259, dated 29-9-1965.][Notification No. Tax/F. 5(116) LSG/735, dated 3-3-1967, published in Rajasthan Gazette, Part IV-C, dated 11-5-1967.]In exercise of the powers conferred under sub-section (5) of section 107 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959 (Rajasthan Act No. 38 of 1959), the State Government, being of the opinion that reasonable grounds exist for doing so, hereby directs that with regard houses constructed under the Subsidised Industrial Housing Scheme, the element of subsidy given by the State Government shall be excluded while calculating

tax on annual letting value of buildings and assessment shall be on the basis of subsidised rent.[Notification No. Tax/F. 8(60) LSG/62, dated 19-10-1967, Published in Rajasthan Gazette, Part IV-C, dated 23-11-1967.]In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (5) of section 107 of the Rajasthan Municipalities Act, 1959 (Rajasthan Act No. 38 of 1959), the State Government are hereby pleased to withdraw this Department Notification No. F. 8(60) LSG/62/2390-23327, dated 1-12-1965 granting exemption to the Army personel in active service residing in any Municipal area from payment of tax on the letting value of buildings or lands or both as published in Part IV-C of Rajasthan Rajpatra dated the 3rd August, 1967.