Assignment 5

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Machine Learning Lab

Task 1

Download and install TensorFlow from https://www.tensorflow.org/install/install_sources or using command sudo pip install tensorflow alternatively the Keras library can be used.

▼ Task 2

Download MNIST dataset (contains class labels for digits 0-9). using the command:

```
import tensorflow as tf
data = tf.contrib.learn.datasets.mnist.load_mnist()

or

from keras.datasets import mnist
  (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()

import tensorflow as tf
mnist_data = tf.keras.datasets.mnist.load_data()
```

mnist_data

```
((array([[[0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           ...,
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0]],
          [[0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0]],
          [[0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           . . . ,
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0]],
          . . . ,
          [[0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           . . . ,
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
           [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0]],
          [[0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
```

```
[0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
         [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
         [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
         [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0]],
        [[0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
         [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0]]], dtype=uint8),
 array([5, 0, 4, ..., 5, 6, 8], dtype=uint8)),
(array([[[0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
         [0, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0]],
```

mnist_data is a Tuple of NumPy arrays: (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test).

x_train: uint8 NumPy array of grayscale image data with shapes (60000, 28, 28), containing the training data. Pixel values range from 0 to 255.

y_train: uint8 NumPy array of digit labels (integers in range 0-9) with shape (60000,) for the training data.

x_test: uint8 NumPy array of grayscale image data with shapes (10000, 28, 28), containing the test data. Pixel values range from 0 to 255.

y_test: uint8 NumPy array of digit labels (integers in range 0-9) with shape (10000,) for the test data.

```
import numpy as np
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist_data
```

```
# mapping 0-255 to 0-1
x_train = np.array([img/255 for img in x_train])
x_test = np.array([img/255 for img in x_test])

assert x_train.shape == (60000, 28, 28)
assert x_test.shape == (10000, 28, 28)
assert y_train.shape == (60000,)
assert y_test.shape == (10000,)
```

Task 3

Reduce the training size by 1/10 if computation resources are limited.

Define radial basis function (RBF) as

```
def RBF(x, c, s):
    return np.exp(-np.sum((x-c)**2, axis=1)/(2*s**2))
```

where, x is the actual value, c is centre (assumed as mean) and s is the standard deviation.

Converted 28*28 image into 32*32 using rbf and store the new dataset with the labels. Split the dataset as 80% training and 10% validation and 10% test.

```
import numpy as np

def RBF(x, c, s):
    return np.exp(-np.sum((x-c)**2, axis=1)/(2*s**2))

# TODO: used simple scaling to upscale the image,
# use rbf to do this in future
```

```
# from tensorflow.image import resize
# reshape to convert 28x28 image (assumed greyscale)
# to 28x28x1 (1 denoting only one value per pixel
# [rgb will have three numbers for eg])
# x_train = np.reshape(x_train, (-1, 28, 28, 1))
# x_train = np.array([resize(img, [32, 32]) for img in x_train])
# print(f"x train shape: {x train.shape}")
# x_test = np.reshape(x_test, (-1, 28, 28, 1))
# x_test = np.array([resize(img, [32, 32]) for img in x_test])
# print(f"x test shape: {x test.shape}")
import pandas as pd
# convert y to categorical
y train = pd.get dummies(y train).to numpy()
y test = pd.get dummies(y test).to numpy()
y_train[0:9]
     array([[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0],
            [1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],
            [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]], dtype=uint8)
input shape = x train[0].shape
num classes = len(y train[0])
```

Task 4

Now run the fully connected network after flattening the data by changing the number the hyper-parameters use adam optimizer(learning rate = 0.001) and categorical cross-entropy loss

	Hidden Layers	Activation Function	Hidden Neurons
	1	Sigmoid	[16]
	2	Sigmoid	[16,32]
	3	Sigmoid	[16,32,64]
fi fi fi	rom tensorfl rom tensorfl rom tensorfl rom tensorfl	ow.keras.layers ow.keras.losses ow.keras.callba	Sequential, Input import Dense, Flatten, Dropout import CategoricalCrossentropy cks import EarlyStopping zers import Adam plt
d	hidde dropo adam_	ation_function: n_neurons: 'lis	t[int]', None' = None,
	model.add	equential() (Input(shape=(i (Flatten())	nput_shape)))
	model if dr	opout_rate is n	<pre>, activation=activation_function))</pre>
	# ca£+max	os it sivos no	obobilistis valua

```
# SOLUMAX 92 IL BIA62 bi.OngnIIISCIC AGING
    # (sum of all the last nodes will be 1)
    model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
    if verbose:
        model.summary()
    model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=adam_learn_rate),
                  loss=CategoricalCrossentropy(),
                  metrics=['accuracy'])
    history = model.fit(x=x_train,
                        y=y_train,
                        validation_split=0.1,
                        epochs=100,
                        callbacks=[
                            EarlyStopping(
                                monitor='val_loss',
                                patience=5,
                                restore_best_weights= True
                        ],
                        verbose='auto' if verbose else 0
    return model, history
def plot_history(
        history: "tf.keras.callbacks.History",
        activation_function: 'str',
        hidden_neurons: 'list[int]',
        dropout_rate: 'float | None' = None):
    plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training')
    plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation')
    plt.ylabel('Training Loss')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
```

```
pit.iegena()
    if dropout_rate is None:
        plt.title(
            f'Loss vs epoch for {activation_function} {hidden_neurons}')
    else:
        plt.title(
            f'Loss vs epoch for {activation_function} {hidden_neurons} dropout {dropout_rate}')
    plt.show()
    plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training')
    plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    if dropout_rate is None:
        plt.title(
            f'Accuracy vs epoch for {activation_function} {hidden_neurons}')
    else:
        plt.title(
            f'Accuracy vs epoch for {activation_function} {hidden_neurons} dropout {dropout_rate}')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
result = pd.DataFrame(
    columns=[
        'Hidden Layers',
        'Activation Function',
        'Hidden Neurons',
        'Test Loss',
        'Test Acccuracy'],
```

```
hidden_neurons = [16]
activation_function = 'sigmoid'

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    test_loss,
    test_loss,
    test_acc]

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons)
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 16)	12560
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170

Total params: 12,730 Trainable params: 12,730 Non-trainable params: 0

2022-10-12 16:13:31.184527: E tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_driver.cc:271] failed call to cuInit: UNKNOWN ERR 2022-10-12 16:13:31.184671: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_diagnostics.cc:156] kernel driver does not appear 2022-10-12 16:13:31.186869: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:151] This TensorFlow binary is optimized To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.

Epoch 1/100

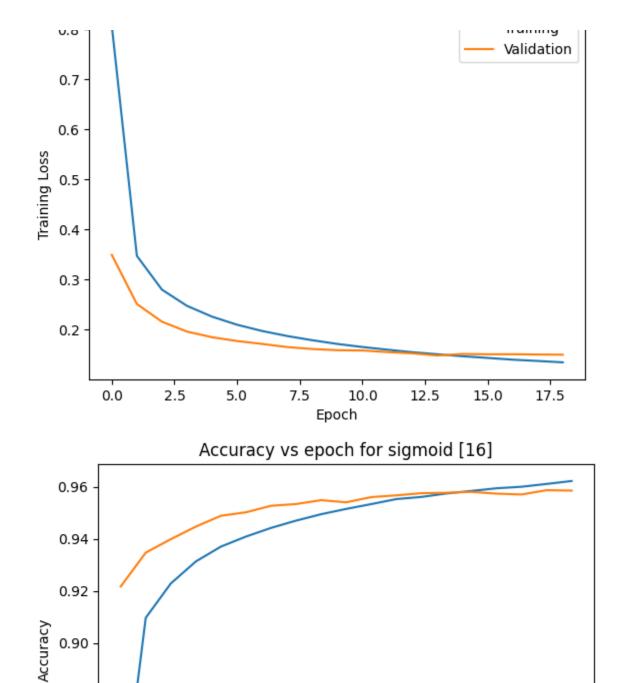
```
Epoch 2/100
Epoch 3/100
Epoch 4/100
Epoch 5/100
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 7/100
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 9/100
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 15/100
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 18/100
Epoch 19/100
test_loss = 0.17512023448944092 test_acc = 0.9491000175476074
```

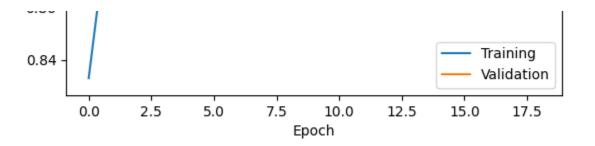
Loss vs epoch for sigmoid [16]

Training

0.88

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```
activation_function = 'sigmoid'
hidden_neurons = [16, 32]

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    test_loss,
    test_acc]

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons)
```

Model: "sequential_1"

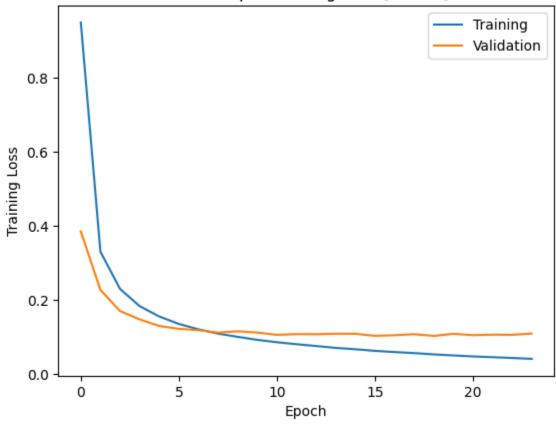
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 32)	25120
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170

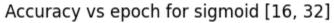
Total params: 25,818 Trainable params: 25,818 Non-trainable params: 0

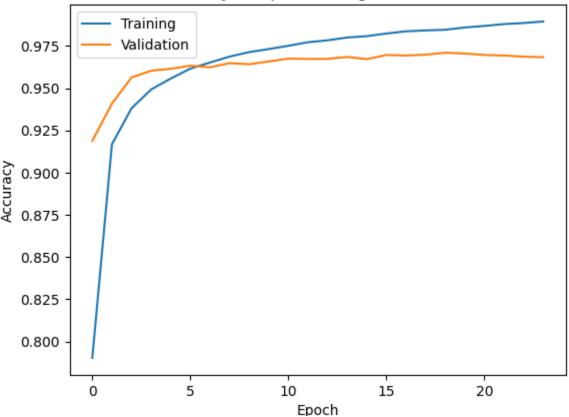
Epoch 1/100 Epoch 2/100 Epoch 3/100 Epoch 4/100 Epoch 5/100 Epoch 6/100 Epoch 7/100 Epoch 8/100 Epoch 9/100 Epoch 10/100 Epoch 11/100 Epoch 12/100 Epoch 13/100 Epoch 14/100 Epoch 15/100 Epoch 16/100 Epoch 17/100 Epoch 18/100 1600/1600 [______ 1000 A AECT 300003000 A 0042 Val lacce A 1076

```
| 1000/1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 10
```

Loss vs epoch for sigmoid [16, 32]







```
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
activation_function = 'sigmoid'

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    test_loss,
    test_acc]
```

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons)

Model: "sequential 2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 64)	50240
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170

Total params: 53,018 Trainable params: 53,018 Non-trainable params: 0

Epoch 1/100 Epoch 2/100

Epoch 3/100

Epoch 4/100

Epoch 5/100

Epoch 6/100

Epoch 7/100

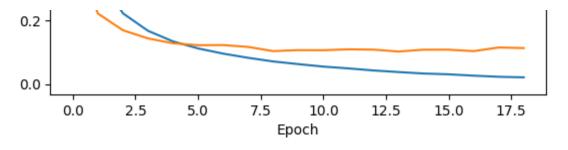
Epoch 8/100

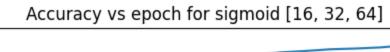
Epoch 9/100

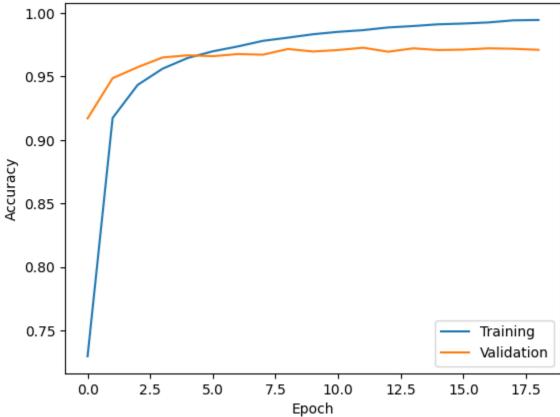
```
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 15/100
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 18/100
Epoch 19/100
313/313 [================== ] - 1s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1262 - accuracy: 0.9677
test_loss = 0.12620392441749573 test_acc = 0.9677000045776367
```

Loss vs epoch for sigmoid [16, 32, 64]









result

	Hidden Layers	Activation Function	Hidden Neurons	Test Loss	Test Acccuracy
0	1	sigmoid	[16]	0.175120	0.9491

1	2	sigmoid	[16, 32]	0.117774	0.9660
2	3	sigmoid	[16, 32, 64]	0.126204	0.9677

Task 5

Now run the network by changing the number the Activation Function hyper-parameters:

Hidden Layers	Activation Function	Hidden Neurons			
3	Sigmoid	[16,32,64]			
3	Tanh	[16,32,64]			
3	Relu	[16,32,64]			
<pre>result = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Hidden Layers', 'Activation Function', 'Hidden Neurons', 'Test Loss', 'Test Acccuracy'],)</pre>					
_	ns = [16, 32, 64 unction = 'sigmo	_			
<u>-</u>	-	l(activation_function, hidden_neurons) .evaluate(x_test, y_test)			
print(f"test	_loss = {test_lo	oss} test_acc = {test_acc}")			
len(hidd	en(result.index) en_neurons), on_function,)] = [

```
str(hidden_neurons),
test_loss,
test_acc]
```

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons)

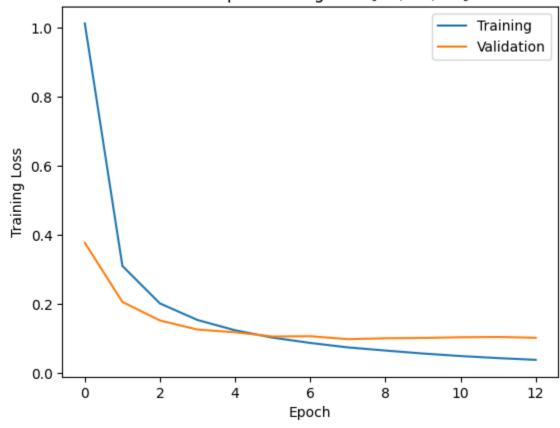
Model: "sequential 3"

Param #
0
50240
2080
528
170

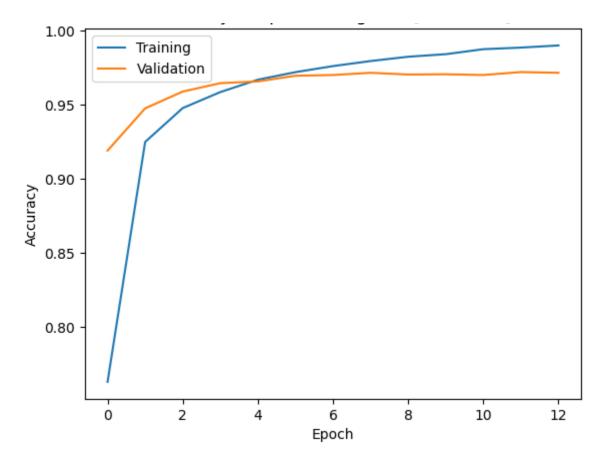
Total params: 53,018
Trainable params: 53,018
Non-trainable params: 0

Non-trainable params: 0

Loss vs epoch for sigmoid [16, 32, 64]



Accuracy vs epoch for sigmoid [16, 32, 64]



```
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
activation_function = 'tanh'

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    test_loss,
    test_acc]
```

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons)

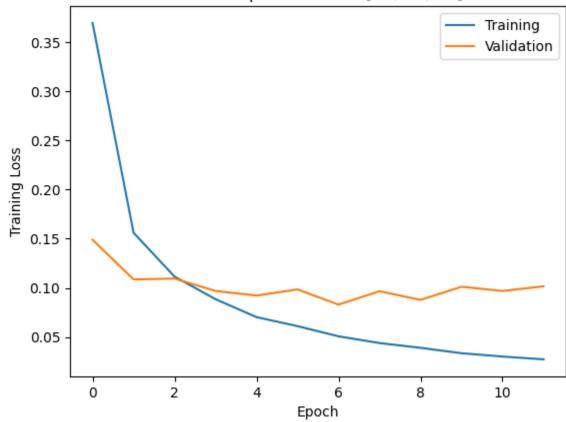
Model: "sequential_4"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_13 (Dense)	(None, 64)	50240
dense_14 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dense_16 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170

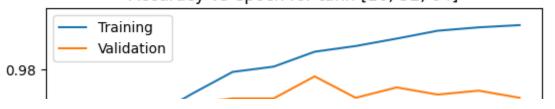
Total params: 53,018
Trainable params: 53,018
Non-trainable params: 0

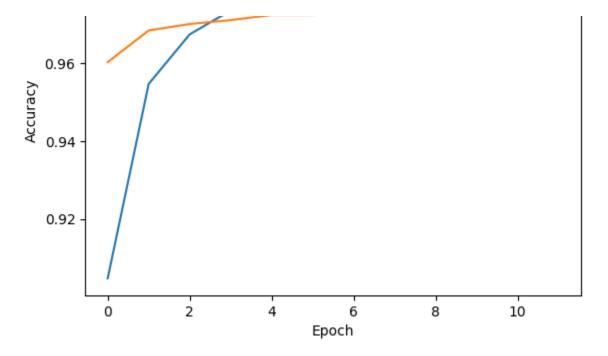
```
Epoch 1/100
Epoch 2/100
Epoch 3/100
Epoch 4/100
Epoch 5/100
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 7/100
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 9/100
```

Loss vs epoch for tanh [16, 32, 64]



Accuracy vs epoch for tanh [16, 32, 64]





```
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
activation_function = 'relu'

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    test_loss,
    test_loss,
    test_acc]

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons)

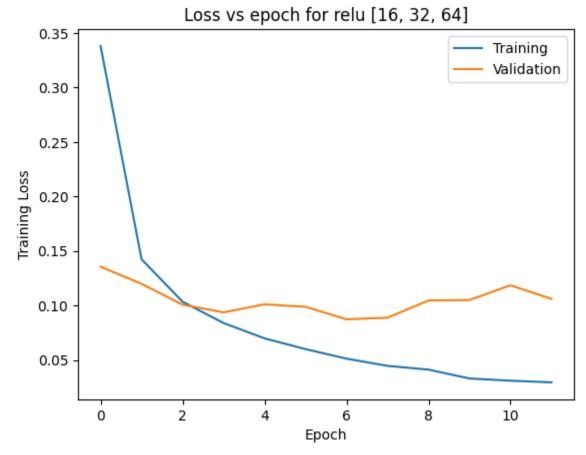
Model: "sequential_5"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_17 (Dense)	(None, 64)	50240
dense_18 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dense_19 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dense_20 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170
	=======================================	=========
Total params: 53,018		

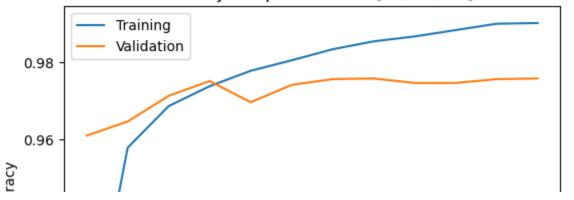
Total params: 53,018 Trainable params: 53,018 Non-trainable params: 0

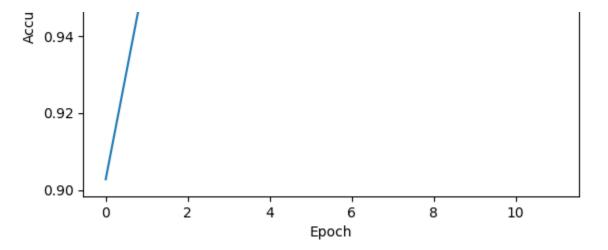
Epoch 1/100

```
Epoch 2/100
Epoch 3/100
Epoch 4/100
Epoch 5/100
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 7/100
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 9/100
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 12/100
```



Accuracy vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64]





result

	Hidden Layers	Activation Function	Hidden Neurons	Test Loss	Test Acccuracy
0	3	sigmoid	[16, 32, 64]	0.110031	0.9694
1	3	tanh	[16, 32, 64]	0.095483	0.9726
2	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.094903	0.9740

```
best_activation_fn = result.sort_values(
    by=['Test Acccuracy', 'Test Loss'],
    ascending=[False, True]
    )['Activation Function'].iloc[0]

best_activation_fn
    'relu'
```

Task 6

Now run the network by changing the number the Dropout hyper-parameters:

. . . .

```
Hidden Layers Activation Function Hidden Neurons Dropout
                               [16,32,64]
  3
               Relu
                                             0.9
  3
                               [16,32,64]
               Relu
                                             0.75
  3
               Relu
                               [16,32,64]
                                             0.5
                               [16,32,64]
                                             0.25
  3
               Relu
                               [16,32,64]
  3
                                             0.10
               Relu
result = pd.DataFrame(
    columns=[
         'Hidden Layers',
         'Activation Function',
         'Hidden Neurons',
         'Dropout',
         'Test Loss',
         'Test Acccuracy'],
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
activation_function = 'relu'
dropout_val = 0.9
model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons,dropout_val)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")
result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    dropout_val,
    test_loss,
    test_acc]
```

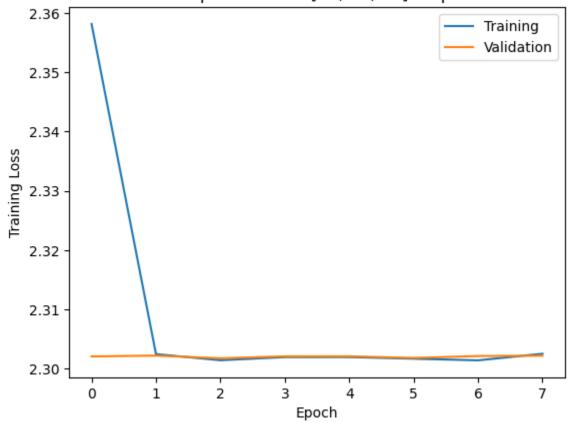
plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)

Model: "sequential_6"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_6 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_21 (Dense)	(None, 64)	50240
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_22 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0
dense_23 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 16)	0
dense_24 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170

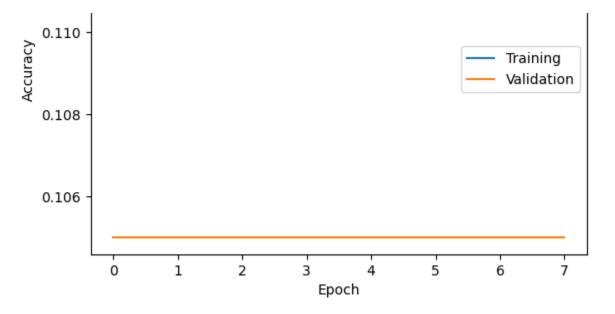
Total params: 53,018
Trainable params: 53,018
Non-trainable params: 0

Loss vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64] dropout 0.9



Accuracy vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64] dropout 0.9





```
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
activation_function = 'relu'
dropout_val = 0.75

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    dropout_val,
    test_loss,
    test_acc]

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)

Model: "sequential_7"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_7 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_25 (Dense)	(None, 64)	50240
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_26 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0
dense_27 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None, 16)	0
dense_28 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170
<pre>dense_27 (Dense) dropout_5 (Dropout)</pre>	(None, 16) (None, 16)	528

Total params: 53,018 Trainable params: 53,018 Non-trainable params: 0

Epoch 5/100

Epoch 6/100

Epoch 7/100

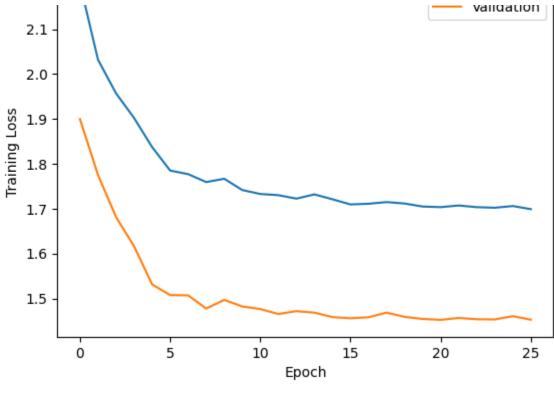
Epoch 8/100

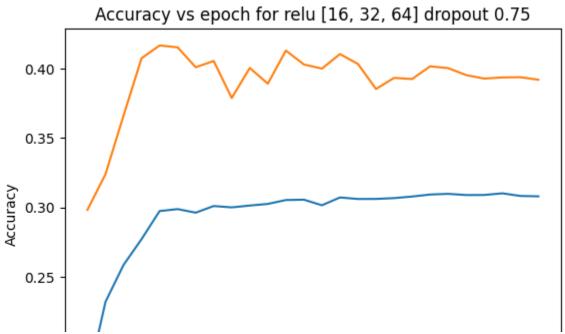
Epoch 9/100

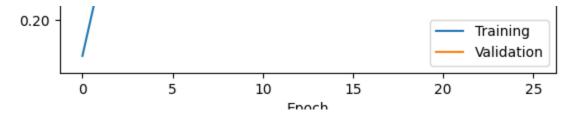
```
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 15/100
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 18/100
Epoch 19/100
Epoch 20/100
Epoch 21/100
Epoch 22/100
Epoch 23/100
Epoch 24/100
Epoch 25/100
Epoch 26/100
313/313 [================== ] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 1.5254 - accuracy: 0.3913
test loss = 1.5254249572753906 test acc = 0.3912999927997589
```

Loss vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64] dropout 0.75









```
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
activation_function = 'relu'
dropout_val = 0.5

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    dropout_val,
    test_loss,
    test_acc]

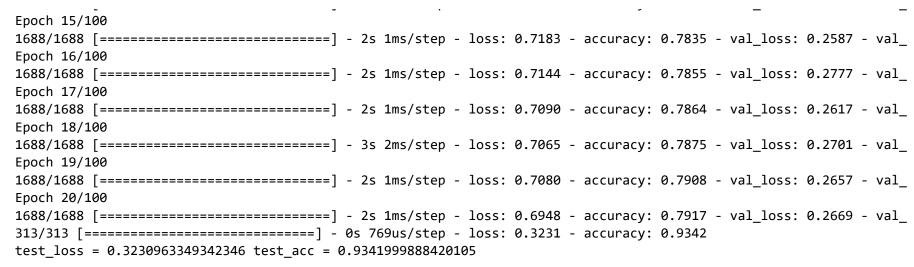
plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)
```

Model: "sequential_8"

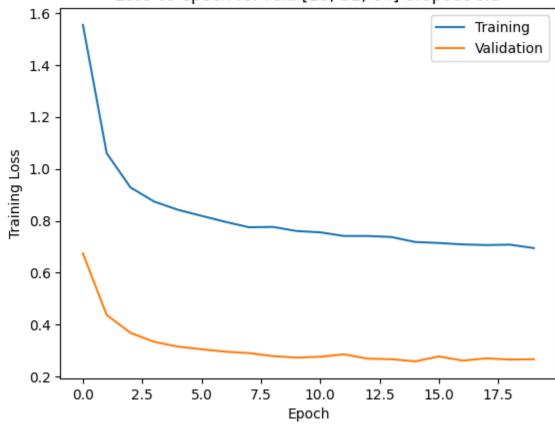
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_8 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_29 (Dense)	(None, 64)	50240
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_30 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080

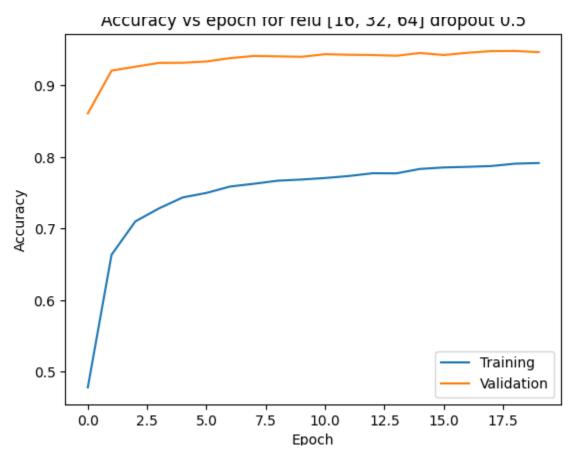
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0
dense_31 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None, 16)	0
dense_32 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170
Total params: 53,018 Trainable params: 53,018 Non-trainable params: 0		
Epoch 1/100 1688/1688 [===================================		5s 3ms/step - loss: 1.5
· •	-	• •

5541 - accuracy: 0.4782 - val_loss: 0.6742 - val_ Epoch 2/100 Epoch 3/100 Epoch 4/100 Epoch 5/100 Epoch 6/100 Epoch 7/100 Epoch 8/100 Epoch 9/100 Epoch 10/100 Epoch 11/100 Epoch 12/100 Epoch 13/100 Epoch 14/100



Loss vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64] dropout 0.5





```
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
activation_function = 'relu'
dropout_val = 0.25

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    dropout_val,
```

```
test_loss,
test_acc]
```

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)

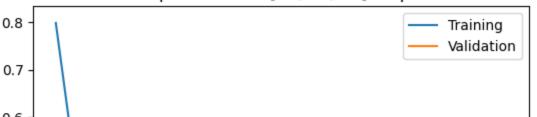
Model: "sequential_9"

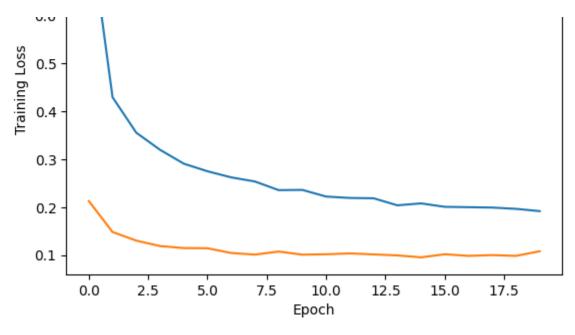
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
flatten_9 (Flatten)	(None,	784)	0
dense_33 (Dense)	(None,	64)	50240
dropout_9 (Dropout)	(None,	64)	0
dense_34 (Dense)	(None,	32)	2080
dropout_10 (Dropout)	(None,	32)	0
dense_35 (Dense)	(None,	16)	528
dropout_11 (Dropout)	(None,	16)	0
dense_36 (Dense)	(None,	10)	170

Total params: 53,018 Trainable params: 53,018 Non-trainable params: 0

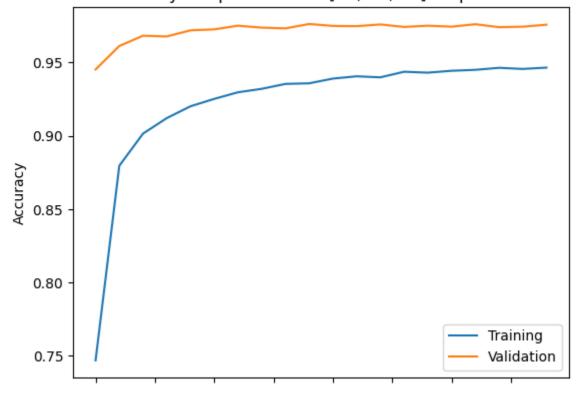
```
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 7/100
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 9/100
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 15/100
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 18/100
Epoch 19/100
Epoch 20/100
test loss = 0.12848332524299622 test acc = 0.9675999879837036
```

Loss vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64] dropout 0.25





Accuracy vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64] dropout 0.25



0.0

2.5

5.0

```
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
activation_function = 'relu'
dropout_val = 0.1

model, history = train_model(activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)

print(f"test_loss = {test_loss} test_acc = {test_acc}")

result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    activation_function,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    dropout_val,
    test_loss,
    test_acc]

plot_history(history, activation_function, hidden_neurons, dropout_val)
```

7.5

10.0

Epoch

12.5

15.0

17.5

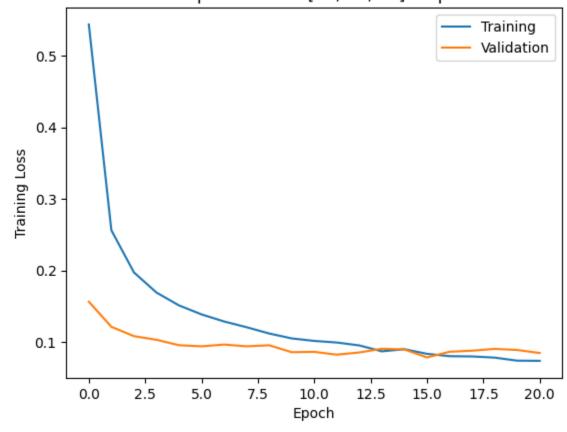
Model: "sequential_10"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_10 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_37 (Dense)	(None, 64)	50240
dropout_12 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_38 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dropout_13 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0
dense_39 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528

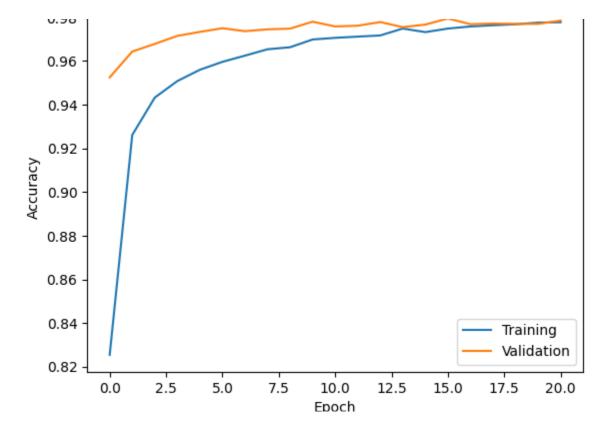
Epoch 1/100 Epoch 2/100 Epoch 3/100 Epoch 4/100 Epoch 5/100 Epoch 6/100 Epoch 7/100 Epoch 8/100 Epoch 9/100 Epoch 10/100 Epoch 11/100 Epoch 12/100 Epoch 13/100 Epoch 14/100 Epoch 15/100 Epoch 16/100

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Loss vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64] dropout 0.1



Accuracy vs epoch for relu [16, 32, 64] dropout 0.1



result

	Hidden Layers	Activation Function	Hidden Neurons	Dropout	Test Loss	Test Acccuracy
0	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.90	2.301097	0.1135
1	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.75	1.525425	0.3913
2	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.50	0.323096	0.9342
3	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.25	0.128483	0.9676
4	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.10	0.102085	0.9734

```
by=[ lest Accouracy , lest Loss ],
ascending=[False, True]
)['Dropout'].iloc[0]
best_dropout
0.1
```

Task 7

Plot the graph for loss vs epoch and accuracy(train, validation, accuracy) vs epoch for all the above cases. Point out the logic in the report.

Task 8

With the best set hyperparameter from above run vary the Adam Optimizer learning rate [0.01, 0.001, 0.005, 0.0001, 0.0005]. Print the time to achieve the best validation accuracy (as reported before from all run) for all these five run.

```
print(f"best activation function: {best_activation_fn}")
print(f"best dropout value: {best_dropout}")

best activation function: relu
best dropout value: 0.1

import time

result = pd.DataFrame(
    columns=[
        'Hidden Layers',
        'Activation Function',
        'Hidden Neurons',
        'Dropout',
        'Adam Learn Rate',
        'Time Telear!
```

```
ııme ıaken,
        'Test Loss',
        'Test Acccuracy'],
hidden_neurons = [16, 32, 64]
adam_learn_rates = [0.01, 0.001, 0.005, 0.0001, 0.0005]
for learn_rate in adam_learn_rates:
    start_time = time.time()
    model, _ = train_model(
        activation_function=best_activation_fn,
        hidden_neurons=hidden_neurons,
        adam_learn_rate=learn_rate,
        dropout rate=best dropout,
        verbose=False
    end_time = time.time()
    time_taken = end_time - start_time
    test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
    result.loc[len(result.index)] = [
    len(hidden_neurons),
    best_activation_fn,
    str(hidden_neurons),
    best_dropout,
    learn_rate,
    time_taken,
    test_loss,
    test_acc]
```

result

Hidden Activation Hidden Adam Learn Time Test Test

	Layers	Function	Neurons	Dropout	Rate	Taken	Loss	Acccuracy
0	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.1	0.0100	28.731697	0.180212	0.9548
1	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.1	0.0010	24.480594	0.100439	0.9731
2	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.1	0.0050	24.704880	0.129875	0.9664
3	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.1	0.0001	66.947391	0.103917	0.9708
4	3	relu	[16, 32, 64]	0.1	0.0005	38.584798	0.095270	0.9725

```
best_adam_learn_rate = result.sort_values(
    by=['Test Acccuracy', 'Test Loss'],
    ascending=[False, True]
    )['Adam Learn Rate'].iloc[0]

best_adam_learn_rate
    0.001
```

Task 9

Create five image(size 28*28) containing a digit of your won handwriting and test whether your trained classifier is able to predict it or not.

```
model, _ = train_model(
    activation_function=best_activation_fn,
    hidden_neurons=hidden_neurons,
    adam_learn_rate=best_adam_learn_rate,
    dropout_rate=best_dropout,
    verbose=True
)

Model: "sequential_16"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_16 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_61 (Dense)	(None, 64)	50240
dropout_30 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_62 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dropout_31 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0
dense_63 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dropout_32 (Dropout)	(None, 16)	0
dense_64 (Dense)	(None, 10)	170

Total params: 53,018 Trainable params: 53,018 Non-trainable params: 0

Epoch 1/100 Epoch 2/100 Epoch 3/100 Epoch 4/100 Epoch 5/100 Epoch 6/100 Epoch 7/100 Epoch 8/100 Epoch 9/100

import random

```
random_idx = random.sample(range(0, len(x_test)), 10)

img_to_predict = np.array([x_test[idx] for idx in random_idx])

categorical_predictions = model.predict(img_to_predict)

for img, cat_pred in zip(img_to_predict, categorical_predictions):
    plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    plt.show()
    pred = np.argmax(cat_pred)
    print(f"predict = {pred}")
```

