

EXPERIMENT - 8

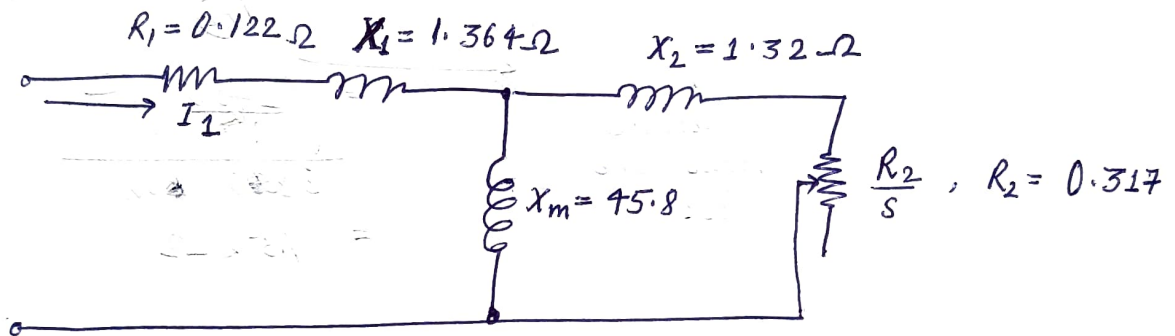
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Title - Analysis of equivalent circuit of Induction motor

Given quantities: 500 kW, 2400 V, 4 poles, 60 Hz Induction machine

Equivalent circuit:



It is given that at slip of 3.35% the rated output shaft is achieved with an efficiency of 94.0%.

Question(1) From the given data calculate the total rotational and core losses at rated load.

Total impedance  $Z_{in} = (R_1 + jX_1) + (jX_m) \parallel (jX_2 + \frac{R_2}{s})$

$s = 0.0335$

$$Z_{in} = (0.122 + j1.364) + \frac{(j45.8)(j1.32 + \frac{0.317}{0.0335})}{j45.8 + j1.32 + \frac{0.317}{0.0335}}$$

$$Z_{in} = (0.122 + j1.364) + (8.59 + j3.01)$$

$$Z_{in} = (8.72 + j4.37) \text{ ohms}$$

$$= 9.754 \angle 26.617^\circ$$

$$Z_f = (8.59 + j3.01) \text{ ohms}$$

We know,  $P_{\text{air-gap}} = n_{ph} I_1^2 R_f$

Page-2

$$I_1 = \frac{V_1}{Z_{fn}} = \frac{\left(\frac{2400}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{9.754 \angle 26.617^\circ} \rightarrow \text{per phase voltage.}$$

$$I_1 = 142.058 \angle -26.617^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{\text{air-gap}} = 3 \times (142.1)^2 (8.59) \\ = 520.358 \text{ kW}$$

For rotational losses:  $P_{\text{rot}} = P_{\text{mech}} - P_{\text{shaft}}$

$$= (1-s) P_{\text{air-gap}} - P_{\text{shaft}}$$

$$= (1-0.0335)(520.358) - 500$$

$$P_{\text{rot}} = 2.926 \text{ kWatt}$$

For core losses:  $P_{\text{core}} = P_{\text{in, no-core}} - P_{\text{in, core}}$

(input power without core-loss)      (input power with core loss)

$$P_{\text{in, no-core}} = \frac{P_{\text{out}}}{\eta} \\ = \frac{500 \text{ kW}}{0.94} \\ = 531.91 \text{ kW}$$

$$P_{\text{in, core}} = n_{ph} \operatorname{Re}[V_1 I_1^*] \\ = 3 \left(\frac{2400}{\sqrt{3}}\right) (142.1) \\ \times \cos 26.62^\circ \\ = 528.08 \text{ kW}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{\text{core}} = 3.83 \text{ kW}$$

Question (3) With wind turbine driving the induction machine at  $s = -3.2\%$ .

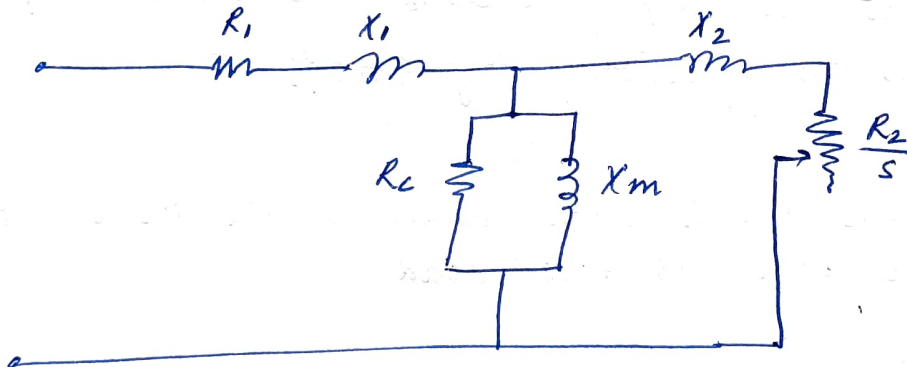
- (i) The electric power output in kW
- (ii)  $\eta$  (efficiency)
- (iii) Power factor at the machine terminals.

To add the core power loss  $R_c = \frac{V_1^2}{P_{Rc}}$

To include total core loss

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{2400}{3850}\right)^2}{W} = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

Equivalent circuit:



At  $s = -3.2\%$

$$Z_f = (jX_m || R_c) || (jX_2 + \frac{R_2}{s})$$

$$= \left( \frac{(1500)(j45.8)}{1500 + j45.8} \right) \left( j1.32 - \frac{0.317}{0.032} \right) = -74.22 - j451.08$$

$$1.397 + j45.75 \cdot \frac{(1500)(j45.8)}{1500 + j45.8} + j1.32 - \frac{0.317}{0.032} = -8.50 + j47.07$$

$$\boxed{Z_f = (-9 + j3.2) \Omega}$$

$$Z_{in} = Z_f + R_1 + jX_1$$

$$= (-9 + j3.2) + (0.122 + j1.364)$$

$$Z_{in} = (-8.88 + j4.57) \Omega$$

Here, stator current  $I_1 = \left( \frac{2400}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$

$$\frac{-8.88 + j4.57}{9.98 \angle 152.77^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{1385.64}{9.98 \angle 152.77^\circ}$$

$$I_1 = 138.84 \angle -152.77^\circ A$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{air-gap}} &= \eta_{ph} I_1^2 R_f \\ &= -3 (138.84)^2 (9) \\ &= -518.15 \text{ kW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{in} &= -P_{\text{mech}} + P_{\text{rot}} \\ &= -(1-s) P_{\text{gap}} + P_{\text{rot}} \\ &= + (1+0.032) 518.15 + 3.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_{in} = 538.22 \text{ kW}$$

$$P_{\text{out}} = -\eta_{ph} \operatorname{Re}[V_1 I_1^*]$$

$$= -3 \times \frac{2400}{\sqrt{3}} \times 138.53 \cos 157.78^\circ$$

$$P_{\text{out}} = 512 \text{ kW}$$

$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{P_{\text{out}}}{P_{in}} \times 100 = \frac{512}{538} \times 100$$

$$= 95.2\%$$



(1) Impedance of actual distribution system -  $(0.18 + j0.41) \Omega/\text{phase}$

$$S = -3.2\%$$

$$Z_n = (-8.88 + j4.57) \Omega/\text{phase}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Now stator current } I_1 &= \frac{\left(\frac{2400}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{(0.18 + j0.41) + (-8.88 + j4.57)} \\ &= 1385.64 \\ &= \frac{-8.70 + j4.98}{10.02 \angle 150.21^\circ} \\ &= 138.28 \angle -150.21^\circ \text{ A}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}P_{\text{out}} &= -n_{\text{ph}} \operatorname{Re}[\bar{V}_1 \bar{I}_1^*] \\ (\text{At infinite bus}) &= -3 \left(\frac{2400}{\sqrt{3}}\right) (138.28) \cos(-150.21^\circ)\end{aligned}$$

$$P_{\text{out}} = 498.5 \text{ kW}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total power } P_{\text{machine}} &= P_{\text{out}} + n_{\text{ph}} I_1^2 R_{\text{feeder}} \\ &= (498.5 \text{ kW}) + 3 (138.28)^2 (0.18)\end{aligned}$$

$$P_{\text{machine}} = 509 \text{ kW}$$