

LED 显示 开发指南

REV1.0

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1 LED 驱动程序原理

1.1 定时器自动扫描

LED 初始化代码:

```
∮Sub LED init:
         movlw
                 240
                 TM1IN
         movwf
         bsf
                 INTE, TM1IE
         movlw 10110000b
         movwf
                 TM1CON
         bsf
                 inte, gie
                 00111000b
         movlw
                 LEDCON1
         movwf
         movlw 00000000b
                 LEDCON2
         movwf
                 d00000000b
         movlw
         ;movlw 00010111b
                 CHPCON
         movwf
         movlf 26H,7DH
         movlf ffH, PT2EN
         return
```

这里关闭 LED 自动扫描功能,用定时器模拟 IO 口翻转,主程序系统指令周期时钟设置为 1000K,所以定时器扫描频率为 1000K/241/8=500HZ 左右

定时中断代码:

采用了定时中断 1 来自动扫描,每 8 次一个循环

```
□ inter_timer1:
                intf,tm1if
        bcf
                              ;计数器计数
        incf
                R_LED_COUNT,f
        movlw
        subwf R_LED_COUNT,w
        btfsc
                status,c
                R LED COUNT
        clrf
        movlw
               ffh
        movwf
               pt2
        movwf PT2CON
        movwf
               7FH
        movwf R_LED_LIGHT
                R_LED_DUTY
        clrf
```



```
movfw
        R_LED_COUNT
addpcw
        INTERRUPT LED P20
goto
        INTERRUPT LED P21
goto
        INTERRUPT LED P22
goto
        INTERRUPT LED P23
goto
        INTERRUPT LED P24
goto
        INTERRUPT LED P25
goto
        INTERRUPT LED P26
goto
        INTERRUPT_LED_P27
goto
```

每次扫描控制一个 IO 口为低,另外 IO 口的状态根据寄存器 LED1-LED7 的内容控制如下面 PT2.0 输出低的情况:

```
□ INTERRUPT LED P20:
         ;PT2.0
         btfsc
                 LED1,0
                 R_LED_DUTY,f
         incf
         btfsc
                 LED2,1
         incf
                 R LED DUTY, f
         btfsc LED1,6
                 R LED DUTY, f
         incf
         btfsc LED2,2
               R LED DUTY,f
         incf
         btfsc LED4,6
         incf
                R LED DUTY, f
         btfsc LED2,3
         incf
                R LED DUTY, f
         btfsc LED7,0
         incf
                R_LED_DUTY,F
         btfsc
                 LED1, 0
         bcf
                 R LED LIGHT, 1
                 LED2,1
         btfsc
         bcf
                 R LED LIGHT, 2
         btfsc LED1,6
                 R LED LIGHT, 3
         bcf
         btfsc LED2,2
         bcf
               R LED LIGHT, 4
         btfsc LED4,6
         bcf
                 R_LED_LIGHT,5
                 LED2,3
         btfsc
                 R_LED_LIGHT, 6
         bcf
                 LED7,0
         btfsc
         bcf
                 R_LED_LIGHT, 7
```

这里 R_LED_DUTY 用于记录点灯的个数, R_LED_LIGHT 用于记录点灯的 IO 口位



根据 R_LED_LIGHT 控制 IO 口的状态,并跳转到 INTERRUPT_LED_END

```
movlw
     11111111b
xorwf R LED LIGHT, w
btfsc status, z
goto INTERRUPT_LED_END
      R LED LIGHT, 0
bcf
movfw R LED LIGHT
      PT2CON
movwf
movwf 7FH
movlw 11111110b
movwf
       PT2
goto
       INTERRUPT_LED_END
```

在 INTERRUPT_LED_END 根据 R_LED_DUTY 灯的个数调整点灯的电流,让亮度均匀

```
□ INTERRUPT LED END:
        bcf
                status,c
        rlf
                R LED DUTY, f
        ;根据点灯个数做电流调整
        ;111 110 10ma
        ;101
                 15ma
                20ma
        ;100
               25ma
        :011
        ;010
                30ma
        :001
                40ma
        ;000
               50ma
        movfw R_LED_DUTY
        addpcw
        nop
        nop
        movlw 10111000b
        goto INTERRUPT_LED_END1
        movlw 01111000b
        goto INTERRUPT LED END1
        movlw 00111000b
        goto INTERRUPT LED END1
        movlw 00011000b
        goto INTERRUPT LED END1
        movlw 00011000b
        goto INTERRUPT LED END1
        movlw 00011000b
        goto INTERRUPT_LED_END1
              00011000b
        movlw
        goto
               INTERRUPT LED END1
📮 INTERRUPT_LED_END1:
              LEDCON1
        movwf
```



为了使亮度更均匀还要根据点灯的个数,调整灯亮的周期

```
;根据点灯个数做时间调整
        ;1、不做电流调整时候的配置 80 100 120 160 200 240
        movfw
               R LED DUTY
        addpcw
        nop
        nop
        movlw 115
        goto INTERRUPT LED END2
        movlw 139
        goto
              INTERRUPT LED END2
        movlw 124
        goto INTERRUPT LED END2
        movlw 130
        goto INTERRUPT_LED_END2
        movlw 170
              INTERRUPT LED END2
        goto
        movlw 210
               INTERRUPT LED END2
        goto
        movlw
        goto
               INTERRUPT LED END2
□ INTERRUPT LED END2:
        movwf
               TM1IN
               interrupt end
        goto
```

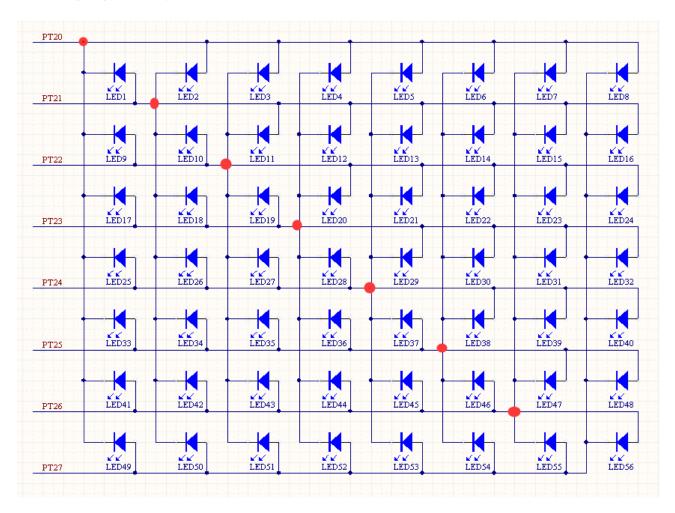
到这里,添加 LED 初始化的代码,并添加中断代码,以及定义 R_LED_COUNT、R_LED_DUTY、R_LED_LIGHT 几个寄存器的定义。LED 自动扫描功能就可以正常工作了。

正常使用的时候只需要对 LED1-LED7 寄存器赋相应的值,就可以点亮对应 IO 口上的 LED。



2 应用层的映射关系

2.1 IO 口接线和 LED 编号



IO 接法如上,并且定义 LED 的编号如上图所示。例如要点亮 LED34,要 PT25 输出高,PT21 输出低其它 IO 口高阻态。对应用户手册 LED3 的 bit[1]。如下图所示。



LED1 寄存器(地址为 3BH)

 \sim

LED7 寄存器 (地址为 41H)

位地址	标识符	功能
7:0	LED1~LED7	LED驱动器控制信号

	LED1[0]	LED1	P2.1高P2.0低		LED4[0]	LED43	P2.6高P2.2低		LED7[0]	LED49	P2.7高P2.0低
	LED1[1]	LED18	P2.3高P2.1低		LED4[1]	LED35	P2.5高 P2.2低		LED7[1]	LED50	P2.7高P2.1低
	LED1[2]	LED44	P2.6高P2.3低]	LED4[2]	LED38	P2.4高P2.5低		LED7[2]	LED51	P2.7高P2.2低
I DD4	LED1[3]	LED7	P2.0高P2.6低	1.004	LED4[3]	LED45	P2.6高P2.4低	LDDE	LED7[3]	LED52	P2.7高P2.3低
LED1	LED1[4]	LED31	P2.3高P2.6低	LED4	LED4[4]	LED37	P2.5高P2.4低	LED7	LED7[4]	LED53	P2.7高P2.4低
	LED1[5]	LED12	P2.1高P2.3低		LED4[5]	LED22	P2.2高P2.5低		LED7[5]	LED54	P2.7高P2.5低
	LED1[6]	LED17	P2.3高P2.0低		LED4[6]	LED33	P2.5高P2.0低		LED7[6]	LED55	P2.7高P2.6低
	LED1[7]	LED30	P2.3高P2.5低		LED4[7]	LED21	P2.2高P2.4低		LED7[7]	LED42	P2.6高P2.1低
	LED2[0]	LED2	P2.0高P2.1低		LED5[0]	LED10	P2.2高P2.1低				
	LED2[1]	LED9	P2.2高P2.0低]	LED5[1]	LED20	P2.2高P2.3低				
	LED2[2]	LED25	P2.4高P2.0低	LED5	LED5[2]	LED29	P2.3高P2.4低				
LEDO	LED2[3]	LED41	P2.6高P2.0低		LED5[3]	LED36	P2.5高P2.3低				
LED2	LED2[4]	LED5	P2.0高P2.4低		LED5[4]	LED28	P2.4高P2.3低				
	LED2[5]	LED3	P2.0高 P2.2低		LED5[5]	LED19	P2.3高 P2.2低				
	LED2[6]	LED4	P2.0高P2.3低		LED5[6]	LED13	P2.1高P2.4低				
	LED2[7]	LED11	P2.1高P2.2低		LED5[7]	LED27	P2.4高P2.2低				
	LED3[0]	LED23	P2.2高 P2.6低		LED6[0]	LED8	P2.0高P2.7低				
	LED3[1]	LED34	P2.5高P2.1低	П	LED6[1]	LED16	P2.1高 P2.7低				
	LED3[2]	LED47	P2.5高P2.6低	Γ	LED6[2]	LED24	P2.2高P2.7低				
LEDO	LED3[3]	LED39	P2.4高P2.6低	LEDE	LED6[3]	LED32	P2.3高P2.7低				
LED3	LED3[4]	LED46	P2.6高P2.5低	LED6	LED6[4]	LED40	P2.4高 P2.7低				
	LED3[5]	LED14	P2.1高P2.5低		LED6[5]	LED48	P2.5高P2.7低				
	LED3[6]	LED6	P2.0高P2.5低		LED6[6]	LED56	P2.6高P2.7低				
	LED3[7]	LED26	P2.4高P2.1低		LED6[7]	LED15	P2.1 高 P2.6 低				

2.2 编程时逻辑对应关系

2.2.1 简化编程的考虑

实际编程的时候,假设显示的数据放到 $R_LED_D1 \sim R_LED_D7$ 这 7 个寄存器里面,我们需要把这些数据映射到 $LED1\sim LED7$ 这 7 个寄存器上面去,即假设 R_LED_D1 存放了第一个数码管的数据,它对应着实际硬件电路的编号为 1、3、5、7、9、11、13、15 这些 LED,我们需要根据这些灯的编号,找到要置起的 $LED1\sim LED7$ 要置起的位分别为:

LED1	bit0	bit3		
LED2	bit5	bit4	bit1	bit7
LED3				
LED4				
LED5	bit6			
LED6	bit7			
LED7				



即完整对应过去,需要依次对这些位进行映射。这个过程时间比较长,可能会影响到显示的效果,为此,定义7个转换缓存寄存器。R_LED_TEMP1~R_LED_TEMP7用于转换的中间过程,等转换完了再把 R_LED_TEMP1~R_LED_TEMP7赋值给LED1~LED7。

这时候可能编写出下面的代码:

```
e LED_YINSHE_TIAOZHENG5:
clrf R_LED_TEMP1
clrf R_LED_TEMP2
clrf R_LED_TEMP3
clrf R_LED_TEMP4
clrf R_LED_TEMP5
clrf R_LED_TEMP5
clrf R_LED_TEMP6
clrf R_LED_TEMP7

;---LED1映射转换
btfsc R_LED_D1,0
bsf R_LED_TEMP3.
```

```
bsf R LED TEMP3,0
     R LED D1,1
btfsc
bsf R_LED_TEMP1,4
btfsc R LED D1,2
     R LED TEMP6,7
bsf
btfsc R LED D1,3
bsf R LED TEMP1,3
btfsc R LED D1,4
bsf
       R_LED_TEMP6,6
       R_LED_D1,5
btfsc
bsf
       R LED TEMP6,0
```

。。。。。。LED2~LED6映射(略) :---LED7映射转换

btfsc R LED D7,7

bsf

```
btfsc R LED D7,0
                   ; KG
bsf R LED TEMP3,2
     R_LED_D7,1
                   - ;小数点
btfsc
bsf R LED TEMP3,3
btfsc R LED D7,2
     R LED TEMP3,4
                   ;BMI
bsf
btfsc R LED D7,3
bsf R LED TEMP6,1 ;.C
btfsc R LED D7,4
bsf R LED TEMP6,2 ;偏瘦
btfsc R LED D7,5
bsf R LED TEMP6,3
                   ;正常
btfsc R LED D7,6
                    ;偏胖
      R LED TEMP6,4
bsf
```

R LED TEMP6,5

;肥胖



movfw R LED TEMP1 LED1 movwf movfw R LED TEMP2 movwf LED2 movfw R LED TEMP3 movwf LED3 movfw R LED TEMP4 LED4 movwf R_LED_TEMP5 movfw LED5 movwf movfw R LED TEMP6 movwf LED6 movfw R_LED_TEMP7 LED7 movwf

return

到这里,逻辑关系已经对应好了。但实际编写这个转换函数,你会发现,你要先看数码管的某一段对应的是哪个编号的 LED,再查用户手册如下表,找到对应的是哪个 LED 寄存器的哪一位,再返回来编写代码,这样来来回回 40~50 次(最多 56 次)才能把这个函数写完。这么繁琐的过程导致很容易出错的同时,PCB 改版,或者灯的位置有变动要修改,都要修改这个函数。重复劳动导致效率低下而且容易出错!!

	LED1[0]	LED1	P2.1高P2.0低		LED4[0]	LED43	P2.6高P2.2低		LED7[0]	LED49	P2.7高P2.0低
	LED1[1]	LED18	P2.3高P2.1低		LED4[1]	LED35	P2.5高P2.2低		LED7[1]	LED50	P2.7高P2.1低
	LED1[2]	LED44	P2.6高P2.3低	İ	LED4[2]	LED38	P2.4高P2.5低		LED7[2]	LED51	P2.7高P2.2低
LDD4	LED1[3]	LED7	P2.0高P2.6低	1.004	LED4[3]	LED45	P2.6高P2.4低	LDDS	LED7[3]	LED52	P2.7高P2.3低
LED1	LED1[4]	LED31	P2.3高P2.6低	LED4	LED4[4]	LED37	P2.5高P2.4低	LED7	LED7[4]	LED53	P2.7高P2.4低
	LED1[5]	LED12	P2.1高P2.3低		LED4[5]	LED22	P2.2高P2.5低		LED7[5]	LED54	P2.7高P2.5低
	LED1[6]	LED17	P2.3高P2.0低		LED4[6]	LED33	P2.5高P2.0低		LED7[6]	LED55	P2.7高P2.6低
	LED1[7]	LED30	P2.3高P2.5低		LED4[7]	LED21	P2.2高P2.4低		LED7[7]	LED42	P2.6高 P2.1 低
	LED2[0]	LED2	P2.0高P2.1低		LED5[0]	LED10	P2.2高P2.1低				
	LED2[1]	LED9	P2.2高P2.0低	LED5	LED5[1]	LED20	P2.2高P2.3低				
	LED2[2]	LED25	P2.4高P2.0低		LED5[2]	LED29	P2.3高P2.4低				
LED2	LED2[3]	LED41	P2.6高P2.0低		LED5[3]	LED36	P2.5高P2.3低				
LED2	LED2[4]	LED5	P2.0高P2.4低		LED5[4]	LED28	P2.4高P2.3低				
	LED2[5]	LED3	P2.0高P2.2低		LED5[5]	LED19	P2.3 高 P2.2 低				
	LED2[6]	LED4	P2.0高 P2.3低		LED5[6]	LED13	P2.1高P2.4低				
	LED2[7]	LED11	P2.1高P2.2低		LED5[7]	LED27	P2.4高 P2.2低				
	LED3[0]	LED23	P2.2高P2.6低		LED6[0]	LED8	P2.0高P2.7低				
	LED3[1]	LED34	P2.5高P2.1低		LED6[1]	LED16	P2.1高P2.7低				
	LED3[2]	LED47	P2.5高P2.6低		LED6[2]	LED24	P2.2高P2.7低				
LED3	LED3[3]	LED39	P2.4高P2.6低	LEDG	LED6[3]	LED32	P2.3高P2.7低				
LEDS	LED3[4]	LED46	P2.6高 P2.5低	LED6	LED6[4]	LED40	P2.4高 P2.7低				
	LED3[5]	LED14	P2.1高P2.5低		LED6[5]	LED48	P2.5高P2.7低				
	LED3[6]	LED6	P2.0高P2.5低		LED6[6]	LED56	P2.6高P2.7低				
	LED3[7]	LED26	P2.4高P2.1低		LED6[7]	LED15	P2.1高P2.6低				



为此整理了下表的定义:

```
DEFINE L_LED1 "R_LED_TEMP1,0"
                                         DEFINE L LED25 "R LED TEMP2,2"
DEFINE L LED2 "R LED TEMP2,0"
                                         DEFINE L LED26 "R LED TEMP3,7"
                                      DEFINE L_LED27 "R_LED_TEMP5,4"

DEFINE L_LED29 "R_LED_TEMP5,2"

TED30 "R_LED_TEMP1,7"
DEFINE L LED3 "R LED TEMP2,5"
DEFINE L LED4 "R LED TEMP2,6"
DEFINE L LED5 "R LED TEMP2,4"
DEFINE L LED6 "R LED TEMP3,6"
DEFINE L LED7 "R LED TEMP1,3"
                                         DEFINE L LED31 "R LED TEMP1,4"
DEFINE L LED8 "R_LED_TEMP6,0"
                                        DEFINE L LED32 "R LED TEMP6,3"
DEFINE L LED9 "R LED TEMP2,1"
                                         DEFINE L LED33 "R LED TEMP4,6"
                                      DEFINE L_LED33 "R_LED_TEMP4,6"

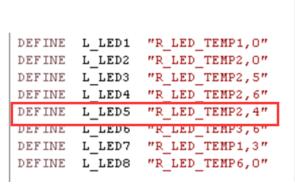
DEFINE L_LED34 "R_LED_TEMP3,1"

DEFINE L_LED35 "R_LED_TEMP4,1"
DEFINE L LED10 "R_LED_TEMP5,0"
DEFINE L LED11 "R LED TEMP2,7"
DEFINE L LED12 "R LED TEMP1,5"
                                         DEFINE L LED36 "R LED TEMP5,3"
DEFINE L LED13 "R LED TEMP5,6"
                                         DEFINE L LED37 "R LED TEMP4,4"
                                      DEFINE L_LED3, "R_LED_TEMP4,2"

DEFINE L_LED39 "R_LED_TEMP3,3"

DEFINE L_LED40 "R_LED_TEMP6.4"
DEFINE L LED14 "R LED TEMP3,5"
DEFINE L LED15 "R LED TEMP6,7"
DEFINE L LED16 "R LED TEMP6,1"
                                         DEFINE L LED40 "R LED TEMP6,4"
DEFINE L LED17 "R LED TEMP1,6"
                                       DEFINE L LED41 "R LED TEMP2,3"
DEFINE L LED18 "R LED TEMP1,1"
                                       DEFINE L LED42 "R LED TEMP7,7"
DEFINE L LED19 "R LED TEMP5,5"
                                         DEFINE L LED43 "R LED TEMP4,0"
                                      DEFINE L_LED44 "R_LED_TEMP1,2"
DEFINE L_LED45 "R_LED_TEMP4,3"
DEFINE L_LED46 "R_LED_TEMP3,4"
DEFINE L_LED47 "R_LED_TEMP3,2"
DEFINE L_LED48 "R_LED_TEMP6,5"
DEFINE L LED20 "R LED TEMP5,1"
DEFINE L LED21 "R LED TEMP4,7"
DEFINE L LED22 "R LED TEMP4,5"
DEFINE L LED23 "R LED TEMP3,0"
DEFINE L LED24 "R LED TEMP6,2"
DEFINE L LED49 "R LED TEMP7,0"
DEFINE L LEDSO "R LED TEMP7,1"
DEFINE L LED51 "R LED TEMP7,2"
DEFINE L LED52 "R LED TEMP7,3"
DEFINE L LED53 "R LED TEMP7,4"
DEFINE L LED54 "R LED TEMP7,5"
DEFINE L LED55 "R LED TEMP7,6"
DEFINE L LED56 "R LED TEMP6,6"
```

可以看到这张表已经把 LED 的编号和对应的 LED 寄存器位置对应起来。如下图所示:



-					
	LED1[6]	LED17	P2.3高P2.0低		ľ
	LED1[7]	LED30	P2.3高P2.5低		
	LED2[0]	LED2	P2.0高P2.1低		
	LED2[1]	LED9	P2.2高P2.0低		
	LED2[2]	LED25	P2.4高P2.0低		
I PDO	LED2[3]	LED41	P2.6高P2.0低	LED5	
LED2	LED2[4]	LED5	P2.0高P2.4低	LEDO	
	LED2[5]	LED3	P2.0高P2.2低		
	LED2[6]	LED4	P2.0高P2.3低		
	LED2[7]	LED11	P2.1高P2.2低		
	LED3[0]	LED23	P2.2高P2.6任		ľ



这时候只需要编写,实际数码管每一段跟 LED 的对应关系这张表:

LED C	haracter tab				
_	A	点 4 : 5-6	DEFINE	LED3_A	"L_LED9
1 1	F B	kg 3	DEFINE	LED3_B	"L_LED1
_	G	斤 2	DEFINE	LED3_C	"L_LED1
1 1	E C	BLE 1	DEFINE	LED3_D	"L_LED1
	D	BAT O	DEFINE	LED3_E	"L_LED1
			DEFINE	LED3_F	"L_LED1
LED1	LED2 LED3	LED4	DEFINE	LED3_G	"L_LED1
EFINE	LED1 1U	"L LED43"	DEFINE	LED4_A	"L_LED1
	LED1_1D	"L LED44"	DEFINE	LED4_B	"L_LED1
	LED1 UU	"L LED41"	DEFINE	LED4_C	"L_LED1
	LED1 DD	"L LED42"	DEFINE	LED4_D	"L_LED2
	LED1 MM	"L LED56"	DEFINE	LED4_E	"L_LED2
	LED1 CM	"L LED49"	DEFINE	LED4_F	"L_LED2
EFINE	LED1_G	"L_LED8"	DEFINE	LED4_G	"L_LED2
EFINE	LED2 A	"L LED1"	DEFINE	LED5 A	"L LED2
EFINE	LED2_B	"L_LED2"	DEFINE	LED5 B	"L LED2
EFINE	LED2_B	"L LED3"	DEFINE	LED5 C	"L LED2
EFINE	LED2_C	"L LED4"	DEFINE	LED5 D	"L LED2
	_	_	DEFINE	LED5 E	"L LED2
EFINE	LED2_E	"L_LED5"	DEFINE	LED5 F	"L LEDS
EFINE	LED2_F	"L_LED6"	DEFINE	LED5 G	"L LEDS
EFINE	LED2_G	"L_LED7"		_	_
EFINE	LED6_A	"L_LED33"			
EFINE	LED6_B	"L_LED34"			
EFINE	LED6_C	"L_LED35"			
EFINE	LED6_D	"L_LED36"			
EFINE	LED6_E	"L_LED37"			
EFINE	LED6_F	"L_LED38"			
EFINE	LED6_G	"L_LED39"			
EFINE	LED7_KG	"L_LED46"			
EFINE	LED7 DOT	"L LED45"			
EFINE	LED7 BMI	"L LED47"			
EFINE	LED7 C	"L LEDSO"			
EFINE	LED7 S	"L LED51"			
EFINE	LED7 N	"L LED52"			
EFINE	LED7 F	"L LED53"			
EFINE	LED7 FAT	"L LED54"			

以及把映射转换关系函数改写成下面这样,即可转换映射关系。这样子不容易出错,后续 PCB 不修改时,LED 的位置变换,只需要修改上面的表格。



```
p LED YINSHE TIAOZHENG:
       ;---LED1映射转换
       btfsc R LED D1,0
            LED1 1U
       bsf
       btfsc R LED D1,1
       bsf LED1 1D
       btfsc R LED D1,2
       bsf LED1 UU
       btfsc R LED D1,3
             LED1 DD
       bsf
       btfsc R LED D1,4
       bsf LED1 MM
       btfsc R LED D1,5
             LED1 CM
       bsf
       btfsc R LED D1,6
       bsf LED1 G
     。。LED2~LED6 映射转换(略)
       ;---LED7映射转换
       btfsc R LED D7,0
            LED7 KG
                         ; KG
       bsf
       btfsc R_LED_D7,1
                        - ;小数点
       bsf LED7 DOT
       btfsc R LED D7,2
       bsf LED7 BMI
                        ;BMI
       btfsc R LED D7,3
       bsf LED7 C
                        ;.C
       btfsc R LED D7,4
                         ;偏痩
       bsf LED7 S
       btfsc R_LED_D7,5
       bsf LED7 N
                         ;正常
       btfsc R LED D7,6
                        ;偏胖
       bsf LED7 F
       btfsc R LED D7,7
             LED7_FAT
                         ;肥胖
       bsf
       return
```

可以看到,转换函数里仅仅描述了,R_LED_D1~R_LED_D7 里面的位跟实际 LED 的对应关系。 这里 LED7_FAT、LED2_A 等都只是自己定义的实际 LED 别名。最终的对应关系是在上面的表里完成的 如下图所示。

```
DEFINE LED7 KG
                  "L LED46"
DEFINE LED7 DOT
                   "L LED45"
DEFINE LED7 BMI
                   "L LED47"
DEFINE LED7 C
                  "L LEDSO"
DEFINE LED7 S
                   "L LED51"
DEFINE LED7 N
                   "L LED52"
       LED7 F
                   "L LED53"
DEFINE
DEFINE LED7_FAT
                   "L_LED54"
```



即现在完成 LED 映射关系要做的工作是:

1、添加下面对应表

```
DEFINE L_LED1 "R_LED_TEMP1,0"
DEFINE L_LED2 "R_LED_TEMP2,0"
DEFINE L_LED3 "R_LED_TEMP2,5"
DEFINE L_LED4 "R_LED_TEMP2,6"
                                                                                DEFINE L_LED25 "R_LED_TEMP2,2"
                                                                                DEFINE L LED26 "R LED TEMP3,7"
DEFINE L LED27 "R LED TEMP5,7"
                                                                                DEFINE L LED28 "R LED TEMPS, 4"
DEFINE L LED29 "R LED TEMPS, 2"
                 L LEDS "R LED TEMP2,4"
L LED6 "R LED TEMP3,6"
L LED7 "R LED TEMP1,3"
L LED8 "R LED TEMP6,0"
 DEFINE
                                                                                DEFINE L LED30 "R LED TEMP1,7"
DEFINE L LED31 "R LED TEMP1,4"
 DEFINE
 DEFINE
                                                                                DEFINE L_LED32 "R_LED_TEMP6,3"
 DEFINE
                  L_LED9 "R_LED_TEMP2,1"
                                                                                DEFINE L_LED33 "R_LED_TEMP4,6"

DEFINE L_LED34 "R_LED_TEMP3,1"

DEFINE L_LED35 "R_LED_TEMP4,1"

DEFINE L_LED36 "R_LED_TEMP4,4"

DEFINE L_LED37 "R_LED_TEMP4,4"

DEFINE L_LED38 "R_LED_TEMP4,2"
                  L LEDIO "R LED TEMPS,O"
L LEDII "R LED TEMP2,7"
L LEDII "R LED TEMP1,5"
 DEFINE
 DEFINE
 DEFINE
DEFINE L_LED12 "R_LED_TEMP1,5"
DEFINE L_LED13 "R_LED_TEMP3,5"
DEFINE L_LED14 "R_LED_TEMP6,7"
DEFINE L_LED16 "R_LED_TEMP6,1"
                                                                                DEFINE L LED39 "R LED TEMP3,3"
DEFINE L LED40 "R LED TEMP6,4"
                L_LED17 "R_LED_TEMP1,6"
L_LED18 "R_LED_TEMP1,1"
L_LED19 "R_LED_TEMP5,5"
                                                                                  DEFINE L_LED41 "R_LED_TEMP2,3"
 DEFINE
                                                                                 DEFINE L_LED42 "R_LED_TEMP7,7"
DEFINE L_LED43 "R_LED_TEMP4,0"
 DEFINE
                  L_LED20 "R_LED_TEMP5,1"
L_LED21 "R_LED_TEMP4,7"
L_LED22 "R_LED_TEMP4,5"
L_LED23 "R_LED_TEMP3,0"
                                                                                 DEFINE L_LED43 "R_LED_TEMP4,0"
DEFINE L_LED44 "R_LED_TEMP1,2"
DEFINE L_LED45 "R_LED_TEMP4,3"
 DEFINE
 DEFINE
                                                                                DEFINE L_LED46 "R_LED_TEMP3,4"
DEFINE L_LED47 "R_LED_TEMP3,2"
DEFINE L_LED48 "R_LED_TEMP6,5"
 DEFINE
 DEFINE
                 L_LED24 "R_LED_TEMP6,2"
                  L_LED49 "R_LED_TEMP7,0"
L_LED50 "R_LED_TEMP7,1"
L_LED51 "R_LED_TEMP7,2"
 DEFINE
                 L LEDS1 "R LED TEMP7,3"
L LEDS2 "R LED TEMP7,4"
L LEDS4 "R LED TEMP7,5"
L LEDS5 "R LED TEMP7,6"
 DEFINE
 DEFINE
 DEFINE L LEDS6 "R LED TEMP6,6"
```

2、 给每颗 LED 命名,并编写映射关系函数,把寄存器的位跟要点的灯对应起来。

```
p LED YINSHE TIAOZHENG:
        ;---LED1映射转换
        btfsc R LED D1,0
                LED1 1U
        bsf
                R LED D1,1
        btfsc
                LED1 1D
        bsf
        btfsc R LED D1,2
        bsf
              LED1 UU
        btfsc R LED D1,3
               LED1 DD
        bsf
        btfsc R LED D1,4
        bsf
               LED1 MM
        btfsc R_LED_D1,5
               LED1 CM
        bsf
```

3、把上面命名的 LED 名字跟实际的 LED 编号对应起来。

```
: LED Character table
           A
                  点 4
                          : 5-6
                   kg 3
 : 1 1
           G
                   斤 2
 : 1 1
         E C
                   BLE 1
           D
                   BAT O
 ; LED1 LED2 LED3 LED4
                   "L_LED43"
 DEFINE LED1_1U
 DEFINE LED1_1D
                   "L LED44"
 DEFINE LED1_UU
                   "L LED41"
 DEFINE LED1 DD
                   "L LED42"
 DEFINE LED1_MM
                   "L_LED56"
                  "L_LED49"
 DEFINE LED1_CM
 DEFINE LED1 G
                   "L_LED8"
```



3 总结

使用 LED 程序的步骤:

- 1、添加 LED 初始化程序
- 2、添加 LED 启用的定时器 1 的代码
- 3、添加 LED 编号和寄存器对应关系的映射表
- 4、添加 LED 映射函数
- 5、添加 LED 段名跟 LED 编号的映射表

参考程序详见附件: