# **Your Report Insights**

#### **Personal Information**

Name: MR GOUTAM

Age: 19

Gender: Male

## **Test: Haematology**

### Haemoglobin

Actual Value: 6.6 gms%

Normal Range: 13.5-17.5 g/dL (for men aged 19)

Category: Medical Attention

 Reason: Haemoglobin is below the normal range. Low hemoglobin can indicate anemia. Potential causes include iron deficiency, vitamin deficiency, blood loss, or underlying medical conditions.

#### **Platelet Count**

Actual Value: 98,000

Normal Range: 150,000-400,000/cumm (for men aged 19)

Category: Medical Attention

 Reason: Platelet count is below the normal range. Low platelet count can indicate thrombocytopenia, which can increase the risk of bleeding. Potential causes include certain medications, infections, autoimmune disorders, or bone marrow problems.

## **Test: Biochemistry**

#### Serum Bilirubin - Total

Actual Value: 1.8 mg%

Normal Range: 0.2-1.0 mg/dL (for men aged 19)

Category: Medical Attention

 Reason: Serum Bilirubin is above the normal range. High bilirubin can indicate liver problems. Potential causes include hepatitis, cirrhosis, or gallstones.

#### Serum Bilirubin - Direct

Actual Value: 0.4 mg%

Normal Range: 0.2-0.4 mg/dL (for men aged 19)

Category: Healthy

#### S.G.O.T

Actual Value: 40.7 Units/L

Normal Range: 5-40 Units/L (for men aged 19)

Category: Medical Attention

 Reason: S.G.O.T is above the normal range. Elevated S.G.O.T can indicate liver damage. Potential causes include hepatitis, cirrhosis, or drug toxicity.

#### S.G.P.T

Actual Value: 38.9 Units/L

Normal Range: 4-35 Units/L (for men aged 19)

Category: Medical Attention

Reason: S.G.P.T is above the normal range. Elevated S.G.P.T can indicate liver damage. Potential causes include hepatitis, cirrhosis, or drug toxicity.

## **Summary**

This report shows several concerning findings, particularly low hemoglobin, low platelet count, and elevated liver enzymes. It is highly recommended to consult a healthcare professional to discuss these results further. Further investigation and testing may be required to determine the underlying cause of these abnormalities and develop an appropriate treatment plan.