## 1

## Assignment 11.9.5 6Q

## EE23BTECH11028 - Kamale Goutham

## QUESTION

Find the sum of all two digit numbers which when divided by 4, yields 1 as reminder?

**Solution:** Input parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
x (0)	13	First term
d	4	common difference
x(n)	[13+4n]u(n)	General term of the series

TABLE I

INPUT PARAMETER TABLE

$$x(n) = x(0) + nd \tag{1}$$

$$n = \frac{x(n) - x(0)}{d} \tag{2}$$

$$n = \frac{97 - 13}{4} = 21\tag{3}$$

$$X(z) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x(k) \times u(k) \times (z^{-k})$$
 (4)

$$R.O.C \quad |z| > |1| \tag{5}$$

$$X(z) = 13 \times (z)(z-1)^{-1} + 4 \times (z)(z-1)^{-2}$$
 (6)

$$X(z) = \frac{13 - 9z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2}, |z| > 1$$
 (7)

$$y(n) = x(n) * u(n)$$
(8)

$$\implies Y(z) = X(z)U(z) \tag{9}$$

$$Y(z) = \left(\frac{13 - 9z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}}\right) \tag{10}$$

$$Y(z) = \left(\frac{13 - 9z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^3}\right), |z| > 1$$
 (11)

Using contour integration to find the inverse z-transform,

$$y(21) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C Y(z) z^{20} dz \tag{12}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_C \left( \frac{(13 - 9z^{-1})z^{20}}{(1 - z^{-1})^3} \right)$$
 (13)

We can observe that the pole is repeated 3 times and thus m = 3,

$$R = \frac{1}{(m-1)!} \lim_{z \to a} \frac{d^{m-1}}{dz^{m-1}} \left( (z-a)^m f(z) \right)$$
 (14)

$$= \frac{1}{(2)!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \left( (z - 1)^3 \frac{(13 - 9z^{-1})z^{23}}{(z - 1)^3} \right)$$
 (15)

$$= \frac{1}{(2)!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} \left( 13z^{23} - 9z^{22} \right) \tag{16}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2)!} (13 \times 23 \times 22 - 9 \times 22 \times 21) \tag{17}$$

$$= 1210$$
 (18)

Therefore, the sum of all two-digit numbers that, when divided by 4, yield a remainder of 1 is 1210.

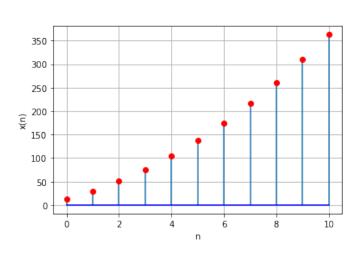


Fig. 1.  $y(n) = 13 + 15n + 2n^2$