9/27/24, 10:59 AM

FLASO

28/2

38

AND THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA



STUDENT REPORT

# NE ST

# DETAILS

#### Name

K govardhan reddy

#### **Roll Number**

22BI24ME438-T

# EXPERIMENT

# Title

**ELECTIONS** 

### Description

You are the head of the election committee in your village. Each Political party is associated with a unique number and the votes are represented as an integer array A. where each element contains the party number voted for by the villagers. For a party to win, they must have a majority of votes. our task is to find and return an integer value denoting the winning party's number. Return -1 if there is no party with a majority.

Note: If only one vote is there he is the winner.

### **Input Format:**

**input1:** An integer value representing the number the number of voters

**input2:** An integer array A representing the votes of the voters.

# output Format:

Return an integer value denoting the winning party's number.Return -1 there is no party with a majority

# Example 1:

#### **Input:**

6

112223

# **Output:**

2

# **Explanation:**

As 2 got the most number of votes i.e 3.

### Example 2:

# Input:

6

121122

#### **Output:**

-1

# **Explanation:**

9/27/24, 10:59 AM 22BI24ME438-T-Elections

As both the contestants got same votes there is no majority.

```
from collections import Counter

N = int(input())

A = list(map(int, input().split()))

counter = Counter(A)

max_count = max(counter.values())

most_common = [num for num,count in counter.items() if count ==max_count]

if len(most_common) > 1:

    print(-1)

else:

    print(most_common[0])

RESULT

6/6 Test Cases Passed | 100 %
```