```
In [1]:
          print("hello word!")
         hello word!
 In [2]:
          #2
          print(4+5)
         9
 In [3]:
          #3
          import math
          a=25
          print(math.sqrt(25))
         5.0
 In [4]:
          #4
          print("area of triangle")
          a=5
          b=6
          print((5*6)//2)
          area of triangle
 In [5]:
          #5
          a=3
          b=4
          a,b=b,a
          print(a,b)
         4 3
In [21]:
          import math
          print("enter the coefficent of quadratic equation")
          a=int(input())
          b=int(input())
          c=int(input())
          if ((b*b)-(4*a*c))>0:
              print("real and distinct roots exist")
              r1=(-b + math.sqrt(((b*b)-(4*a*c)))))//(2*a)
              r2=(-b - math.sqrt(((b*b)-(4*a*c)))))//(2*a)
              print("r1= ",r1 /n,"r2= ",r2)
          elif ((b*b)-(4*a*c))==0:
              print("real and same roots are exist")
              r=(-b + math.sqrt((b*b)-(4*a*c)))
              print(r)
              print("roots are imaginary")
              r1=((-b)//(2*a))
              r2=(math.sqrt(abs((b*b)-(4*a*c))))//(2*a)
              print(r1,"+ i",r2)
              print(r1,"- i",r2)
         enter the coefficent of quadratic equation
         2
         4
```

```
roots are imaginary
         -1 + i 1.0
         -1 - i 1.0
In [26]:
          #7
          import random
          x=random.randint(1,10)
          print(x)
         6
In [32]:
          x=int(input("enter the temp in celcius"))
          f=(9/5)*x+32
          print(f)
         enter the temp in celcius-40
         -40.0
In [42]:
          x=int(input("enter a year"))
          if x%100==0:
              if x%400==0:
                   print("leap year")
              else:
                  print("not leap year")
          elif x%4==0:
                print("leap year")
          else:
              print("not leap year")
         enter a year2020
         leap year
 In [3]:
          #10
          print("enter three numbers")
          x=int(input())
          y=int(input())
          z=int(input())
          if x>y:
              if x>z:
                  print("1st number is greater")
              else:
                  print("3rd number is greater")
          else:
              if y>z:
                   print("2nd number is greater")
              else:
                  print("3rd number is greater")
         enter three numbers
         2
         3
         3rd number is greater
 In [8]:
          #11
          #odd or even
          x=int(input("enter a number"))
          if x>0:
              print("number is positive")
```

```
elif x<0:</pre>
               print("number is negative")
               print("number is equal to 0")
          enter a number0
          number is equal to 0
In [10]:
          #12
          x=int(input("enter a number"))
          if x%2==0:
               print("number is even")
          else:
               print("number is odd")
          enter a number5
          number is odd
In [14]:
          #13
          x=int(input("enter a number"))
          flag=0
          for i in range(2,x):
               if x%i==0:
                   flag=1
                   break
          if flag==1:
               print("numeber is not prime")
               print("number is prime")
          enter a number6
          numeber is not prime
In [19]:
          #14
          print("enter the lower and upper bound")
          l=int(input())
          u=int(input())
          for i in range(l,u+1):
               flag=0
               for j in range(2,i):
                   if i%j==0:
                       flag=1
                       break
               if flag==0:
                   print(i)
               else:
                   continue
          enter the lower and upper bound
          30
          2
          3
          5
          7
          11
          13
          17
          19
          23
          29
In [22]:
          #15
```

```
def facto(n):
               if n==1 or n==0:
                    return 1
               else:
                    x=n*facto(n-1)
                    return x
           y=int(input("enter a number"))
           print(facto(y))
          enter a number4
In [31]:
          y=int(input("enter a number"))
           x=[print(y,"x",i,"=",y*i) for i in range(1,11) ]
          enter a number5
          5 \times 1 = 5
          5 \times 2 = 10
          5 \times 3 = 15
          5 \times 4 = 20
          5 \times 5 = 25
          5 \times 6 = 30
          5 \times 7 = 35
          5 \times 8 = 40
          5 \times 9 = 45
          5 \times 10 = 50
In [39]:
           #16
           def fibb(n):
               a,b=0,1
               if n==1:
                    return a
               elif n==2:
                    return b
               else:
                    return fibb(n-2)+fibb(n-1)
           x=int(input("nth term of fibonacci series"))
           print(fibb(x))
          enter a number till printing a series8
In [12]:
           #17
           # print series of fibonacci series
           #31
           def fibb(n,a=0,b=1):
               if n<2 and n>0:
                    if n==1:
                        print(a)
                    else:
                        print(a)
                        print(b)
               elif n>2:
                    c=a+b
                    print(c)
                    a=b
                    b=c
                    fibb(n-1,a,b)
           x=int(input("enter a number"))
           fibb(x)
          enter a number8
```

```
3
         5
         8
         13
In [11]:
          #18
          y=int(input("enter a number"))
          x=y
          s=0
          while x>0:
              r=x%10
               s=s+(r*r*r)
              x=x//10
          if s==y:
               print("armstrong")
          else:
              print("not armstrong")
         enter a number153
         armstrong
In [14]:
          #19
          print("enter the range of number")
          a=int(input())
          y=int(input())
          for i in range(a,y+1):
              x=i
               s=0
               while x>0:
                   r=x%10
                   s=s+(r*r*r)
                   x=x//10
               if s==i:
                   print(i)
               else:
                   continue
         enter the range of number
         1
         1000
         1
         153
         370
         371
         407
In [17]:
          #20
          #sum of n natural number
          n=int(input("enter a number"))
          s=n*(n+1)//2
          print(s)
         enter a number4
In [19]:
          #21
          #power of two
          def powe(n):
               p=1
               for i in range(n):
                   p=p*2
              print(p)
```

```
print("enter the degree of power")
          n=int(input())
          powe(n)
         enter the degree of power
         8
In [26]:
          print("enter two numbers")
          x=int(input())
          y=int(input())
          if x\%y == 0 and y\%x == 0:
              print("both number divides each other")
          elif x%y==0:
               print("1st number is divisible by 2nd")
          else:
               print("2nd number is divisible by 1st")
         enter two numbers
         8
         2nd number is divisible by 1st
In [27]:
          #23
          print("enter a number")
          x=int(input())
          print(bin(x))
          print(oct(x))
          print(hex(x))
         enter a number
         344
         0b101011000
         00530
         0x158
In [32]:
          #24
          x=input("enter a charecter")
          y=ord(x)#ord()returns unicode
          print(y)
         enter a charecterA
 In [2]:
          #25
          def hcf(x,y):
               a=[]
               if x>y:
                   g=x
              else:
                   g=y
               for i in range(1,g):
                   if( x\%i==0 and y\%i==0):
                       a.append(i)
               print(a[-1])
          x=int(input())
          y=int(input())
          hcf(x,y)
          #print(z)
```

```
25
         35
         5
In [41]:
          #26
          def lcm(x,y):
               if x>y:
                  g=x
               else:
                   g=y
               for i in range(g,x*y):
                   if( i\%x==0 and i\%y==0):
                       print(i)
                       break
                   g+=1
          x=int(input())
          y=int(input())
          lcm(x,y)
         10
         14
         70
 In [4]:
          #27
          x=int(input("enter a number"))
          for i in range(1,x+1):
               if x%i==0:
                   print(i)
         enter a number100
         2
         4
         5
         10
         20
         25
         50
         100
In [12]:
          print("enter two number")
          x=int(input())
          y=int(input())
          print("enter your choice")
          print("1: addition\n2: substraction\n3: multipication \n4: division")
          z=int(input())
          if z==1: print(x+y)
          elif z==2: print(x-y)
          elif z==3: print(x*y)
          elif z==4:
                       print(x/y)
                  except:
                       print("zero division error")
          else: print("you have entered wrong choice")
         enter two number
         10
         5
         enter your choice
         1: addition
         2: substraction
```

```
3: multipication
                            4: division
                             1
                             15
In [21]:
                               #29 shuffle a deck of card
                               import itertools, random
                               deck=list(itertools.product(range(1,14),["Spade","Heart","Diamond","Club"]))
                               random.shuffle(deck)
                               print(deck)
                               for i in range(5):
                                            print(deck[i][0], "of", deck[i][1])
                            [(3, 'Diamond'), (6, 'Spade'), (12, 'Diamond'), (6, 'Diamond'), (2, 'Heart'), (10, 'Spade'), (10, 'Diamond'), (10, 'Heart'), (3, 'Heart'), (5, 'Spade'), (9, 'Heart'), (6, 'Club'), (12, 'Club'), (8, 'Club'), (8, 'Spade'), (9, 'Club'), (4, 'Club'), (13, 'Club'), (5, 'Diamond'), (11, 'Spade'), (9, 'Spade'), (11, 'Diamond'), (8, 'Heart'), (5, 'Club'), (5, 'Heart'), (3, 'Spade'), (13, 'Heart'), (11, 'Heart'), (13, 'Brand'), (13
                             (7, 'Spade'), (9, 'Diamond'), (12, 'Heart'), (13, 'Diamond'), (1, 'Club'), (12, 'Spa
                             de'), (13, 'Spade'), (1, 'Diamond'), (8, 'Diamond'), (2, 'Spade'), (7, 'Club'), (10,
                             'Club'), (4, 'Diamond'), (2, 'Diamond'), (4, 'Spade'), (6, 'Heart'), (7, 'Heart'), (7, 'Diamond'), (3, 'Club'), (2, 'Club'), (1, 'Spade'), (11, 'Club'), (4, 'Heart')]
                             3 of Diamond
                             6 of Spade
                             12 of Diamond
                             6 of Diamond
                             2 of Heart
In [30]:
                               #30
                               import calendar
                               print(calendar.month(2022,1))
                                         January 2022
                            Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su
                                                                                    2
                               3 4 5 6 7
                                                                           8 9
                             10 11 12 13 14 15 16
                             17 18 19 20 21 22 23
                             24 25 26 27 28 29 30
In [10]:
                               #31
                               def fibb(n,a=0,b=1):
                                            if n<2 and n>0:
                                                        if n==1:
                                                                   print(a)
                                                        else:
                                                                    print(a)
                                                                   print(b)
                                            elif n>2:
                                                        c=a+b
                                                        print(c)
                                                        a=b
                                                        b=c
                                                        fibb(n-1,a,b)
                               x=int(input("enter a number"))
                               fibb(x)
                             enter a number8
                             1
                             2
                             3
```

5

```
13
In [27]:
          #32
          # sum of natural number using recursion
          def s_f_n(n):
              if n==1:
                  return 1
              else:
                  s=n+s_f_n(n-1)
              return s
          x= int(input("enter a number"))
          y=s_f_n(x)
          print(y)
         enter a number10
In [29]:
          #33
          #factorial using recursion
          def facto(n):
              if n==0 or n==1:
                  return 1
              else:
                  return n*facto(n-1)
          x=int(input("enter a number"))
          y=facto(x)
          print(y)
         enter a number5
         120
In [13]:
          #34
          #decimal to binary
          def bina(n):
              k=n
              s=[]
              if n>0:
                  bina(n//2)
                  r=n%2
                  s.append(r)
              for i in s:
                  print(i,end="")
          x=int(input("enrer a number"))
          if x==0:
              print(x)
          else:
              bina(x)
              #----OR-----
          #findBinary(decimal)
            if (decimal == 0)
          #
                binary = 0
          #
                 binary = decimal % 2 + 10 * (findBinary(decimal / 2)
          #
         enrer a number106
         1101010
```

```
#35
 In [5]:
          #adding two matrices
          x=[[1,2,3],
             [4,5,6]
          y=[[7,8,9],
             [11, 12, 13]
          c=[[0,0,0],
             [0,0,0]
          for i in range(len(x)):
              for j in range(len(x[i])):
                  c[i][j]=x[i][j]+y[i][j]
          print(c)
          [[8, 10, 12], [15, 17, 19]]
 In [7]:
          #36
          #transpose a matrix
          x=[[1,2,3,4],
             [5,6,7,8]]
          c=[[0,0],[0,0],
             [0,0],[0,0]]
          for i in range(len(x)):
              for j in range(len(x[i])):
                   c[j][i]=x[i][j]
          print(c)
          [[1, 5], [2, 6], [3, 7], [4, 8]]
In [15]:
          #37
          #multipy two matrices
          x = [[12, 7, 3],
              [4, 5, 6],
              [7, 8, 9]]
          # take a 3x4 matrix
          y = [[5, 8, 1, 2],
              [6, 7, 3, 0],
              [4, 5, 9, 1]]
          c=[[0,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0]]
          for i in range(len(x)):
              for j in range(len(y[0])):
                   c[i][j]=0
                   for k in range(len(y)):
                       c[i][j]=c[i][j]+x[i][k]*y[k][j]
          print(c)
          [[114, 160, 60, 27], [74, 97, 73, 14], [119, 157, 112, 23]]
 In [8]:
          #38
          #string is palimdron or not
          x=list(input("enter a string"))
          y=[]
          for i in range(1,len(x)+1):
              y.append(x[-i])
          if y==x:
              print("palindrome")
          else:
              print("not palindrome")
```

```
enter a stringhari
not palindrome
```

```
In [35]:
          #39
          #remove punctuation from a string
          x=list(input("enter a sentence"))
          for i in x:
              if i== "," or i==".":
                  x.remove(i)
          for i in x:
              print(i,end="")
         enter a sentencehi, how are. you
         hi how are you
 In [1]:
          #40
          #sort words in alphabetic form
          x=list(map(str,input("enter a string").split(" ")))
          x.sort()
          for i in x:
              print(i,end=" ")
         enter a stringhi are you there
         are hi there you
In [27]:
          #41
          #illustrate the different operation of set
          x=\{1,2,3,9,4,8,5,24,32,29\}
          y = \{14, 24, 32, 56, 11, 29, 1, 2, 3\}
          print(x-y)#A-B
          print(y-x)#B-A
          z=x.union(y)
          print(z)
          a=x.intersection(y)
          print(a)
          b=x.symmetric_difference(y)
          print(b)
          \{8, 9, 4, 5\}
          {56, 11, 14}
          {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 14, 24, 29, 32, 56}
          {32, 1, 2, 3, 24, 29}
          {4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 14, 56}
In [30]:
          #42
          #count the number of each vowels
          x=input("enter a sentence : ")
          if "a" in x:
              print("count of a =",x.count("a"))
          if "i" in x:
              print("count of i =",x.count("i"))
          if "o" in x:
              print("count of o =",x.count("o"))
          if "u" in x:
              print("count of u =",x.count("u"))
          if "e" in x:
               print("count of e =",x.count("e"))
         enter a sentence : hi there how can i help you in this task management
          count of a = 4
          count of i = 4
         count of o = 2
```

```
count of u = 1
         count of e = 5
In [32]:
          #43
          #flatten a nested list means multi dimension array or list into a 1D list or array
          x=[[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]]
          y=[]
          for i in x:
              for j in i:
                  y.append(j)
          print(y)
          #you can use numpy or itertools module
         [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
In [55]:
          #44
          #merge two dictionaries
              "fruits":{1:"apple",2:"orange",3:"guava"},
          }
          y={
              "cars":{1:"audi",2:"honda",3:"huindai"},
              "vegetable":{1:"chilly",2:"onion",3:"pumpkin"}
          for i in x.values():#accessing values in nested dictionary
              for j in i:
                  print(i[j])
          y.add(x)
          print(y)
         apple
         orange
         guava
         AttributeError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-55-74e4101b9c0a> in <module>
                     for j in i:
              12
                          print(i[j])
         ---> 13 y.add(x)
              14 print(y)
         AttributeError: 'dict' object has no attribute 'add'
In [51]:
          #45
          #accesing index from list using for loop
          x=[6,2,5,63,65,1,]
          for i in range(len(x)):
              print("index of",x[i],"=",i)
         index of 6 = 0
         index of 2 = 1
         index of 5 = 2
         index of 63 = 3
         index of 65 = 4
         index of 1 = 5
In [85]:
          #46 file handling
          f= open("abc.txt","w")
          f.write("hi this is govind prajapati")
          f.close()
          f=open("abc.txt","r")
          f.close()
          f= open("abc.txt","w")
```

7/17/22, 12:06 AM python programs

```
f.write("Govind \nMahavir \nDivyanshu")
f.close()
f=open("abc.txt","r")
f.read()
f.close()
g=open("body.txt","w")
g.write("how are you.This is your college please keep it clean. \nDo not litter here
g.close()
g=open("body.txt","r")
g.read()
```

Out[85]: 'how are you.This is your college please keep it clean. \nDo not litter here and the re'

mail mearging

```
#47
#mail mergin
#create file by name abc.txt and write the name each in new line as in abc.txt
#create a file by name body.txt for body content of the mail
#file name could be your choice
with open("abc.txt","r") as name_file:
    with open("body.txt","r") as body_file:
    body=body_file.read()
    for name in name_file:
        mail= f" Hello {name.split()},\n{body} \n \n"
        with open(name.strip()+".txt","a") as mail_file:
        mail_file.write(mail)
```

```
In [ ]:
```