#### NAME

Matrix

#### **SYNOPSIS**

use Matrix;

use Matrix qw(:all);

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Matrix class provides the following methods:

new, AddColumnValues, AddRowValues, Copy, GetColumnValues, GetColumnValuesAsColumnMatrix, GetColumnValuesAsRowMatrix, GetColumnValuesAsString, GetColumnValuesAsVector, GetDiagonalValues, GetDiagonalValuesAsColumnMatrix, GetDiagonalValuesAsRowMatrix, GetDiagonalValuesAsString, GetDiagonalValuesAsVector, GetDimension, GetMatrixValuesReference, GetNumOfColumns, GetNumOfRows, GetRowValues, GetRowValuesAsColumnMatrix, GetRowValuesAsRowMatrix, GetRowValuesAsString, GetRowValuesAsVector, GetSize, GetValue, IdentityMatrix, IsAntiSymmetric, IsBiDiagonal, IsDiagonal, IsIdentity, IsLeftTriangular, IsLowerBiDiagonal, IsLowerTriangular, IsLowerUniTriangular, IsMatrix, IsNegative, IsPositive, IsRightTriangular, IsSkewSymmetric, IsSquare, IsStrictlyLowerTriangular, IsStrictlyUpperTriangular, IsSymmetric, IsTriDiagonal, IsUnit, IsUnitLowerTriangular, IsUnitUpperTriangular, IsUpperBiDiagonal, IsUpperTriangular, IsUpperBiDiagonal, NewFromColumns, NewFromDiagonal, NewFromRows, One, SetAllValues, SetColumnValues, SetDiagonalValues, SetMatrixPrintStyle, SetRowValues, SetValue, SetValuePrintFormat, StringifyMatrix, Transpose, UnitMatrix, Zero, ZeroMatrix

The following functions are available:

IsMatrix, IdentityMatrix, NewFromRows, NewFromColumns, NewFromDiagonal, UnitMatrix, ZeroMatrix

The following operators are overloaded:

```
"" bool !
@{}
+ - * / ** %
== != < <= > >=
neg
abs exp log sqrt cos sin
```

The matrix row and column indicies start from zero.

### **FUNCTIONS**

new

```
$NewMatrix = $Matrix->new($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols);
```

Creates a new Matrix of size NumOfRows x NumOfCol and returns NewMatrix object.

# AddColumnValues

```
$Matrix->AddColumnValues(@Values);
$Matrix->AddColumnValues(\@Values);
$Matrix->AddColumnValues($VectorObject);
$Matrix->AddColumnValues("Value1 Value2 Value3 ...");
```

Adds column values to *Matrix* using an array, reference to an array, another vector, or space delimited value string and returns *Matrix*.

# AddRowValues

```
$Matrix->AddRowValues(@Values);
$Matrix->AddRowValues(\@Values);
$Matrix->AddRowValues($VectorObject);
$Matrix->AddRowValues("Value1 Value2 Value3 ...");
```

Adds row values to *Matrix* using an array, reference to an array, another vector, or space delimited value string and returns Matrix.

Copy

```
$NewMatrix = $Matrix->Copy();
```

Creates a copy of *Matrix* and returns NewMatrix.

#### GetColumnValues

```
@Values = $Matrix->GetColumnValues($ColIndex);
$ValueCount = $Matrix->GetColumnValues($ColIndex);
```

Returns an array containing column value specified using *Collndex* with column index starting at 0. In scalar context, number of column values is returned.

#### GetColumnValuesAsColumnMatrix

```
$ColumnMatrix = $Matrix->GetColumnValuesAsColumnMatrix($ColIndex);
```

Returns a new ColumnMatrix containing column values specified using *Collndex* with column index starting at 0.

# GetColumnValuesAsRowMatrix

```
$RowMatrix = $Matrix->GetColumnValuesAsRowMatrix($ColIndex);
```

Returns a new RowMatrix containing column values specified using *Collndex* with column index starting at 0.

#### GetColumnValuesAsString

```
$ColumnValuesString = $Matrix->GetColumnValuesAsString($ColIndex);
```

Returns a space delimited ColumnValuesString column values specified using *Collndex* with column index starting at 0.

#### GetColumnValuesAsVector

```
$ColumnVector = $Matrix->GetColumnValuesAsVector($ColIndex);
```

Returns a new ColumnVector column values specified using Rowlndex with column index starting at 0.

### GetDiagonalValues

```
@Values = $Matrix->GetDiagonalValues();
$ValueCount = $Matrix->GetDiagonalValues();
```

Returns an array containing diagonal values. In scalar context, number of diagonal values is returned.

# GetDiagonalValuesAsColumnMatrix

```
$ColumnMatrix = $Matrix->GetDiagonalValuesAsColumnMatrix();
```

Returns a new ColumnMatrix containing diagonal values corresponding to *Matrix*.

### GetDiagonalValuesAsRowMatrix

```
$RowMatrix = $Matrix->GetDiagonalValuesAsRowMatrix();
```

Returns a new RowMatrix containing diagonal values corresponding to *Matrix*.

### GetDiagonalValuesAsString

```
$DiagonalValuesString = $Matrix->GetDiagonalValuesAsString();
```

Returns a space delimited DiagonalValuesString containing diagonal values corresponding to *Matrix*.

### GetDiagonalValuesAsVector

```
$DiagonalVector = $Matrix->GetDiagonalValuesAsVector();
```

Returns a new Diagonal Vector containing diagonal values corresponding to Matrix.

# GetDimension

```
($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols) = $Matrix->GetDimension();
```

Returns size of Matrix.

# ${\sf GetMatrixValuesReference}$

```
$ValuesRef = $Matrix->GetMatrixValuesReference();
```

Returns a reference to array containing rows and column values corresponding to Matrix.

#### GetNumOfColumns

```
$NumOfCols = $Matrix->GetNumOfColumns();
```

Returns NumOfCols in Matrix.

#### GetNumOfRows

```
$NumOfRows = $Matrix->GetNumOfRows();
```

Returns NumOfRows in Matrix.

# GetRowValues

```
@Values = $Matrix->GetRowValues($RowIndex);
$ValueCount = $Matrix->GetRowValues($RowIndex);
```

Returns an array containing row value specified using *Rowlndex* with row index starting at 0. In scalar context, number of row values is returned.

#### GetRowValuesAsColumnMatrix

```
$ColumnMatrix = $Matrix->GetRowValuesAsColumnMatrix($RowIndex);
```

Returns a new ColumnMatrix containing row values specified using *Rowlndex* with column index starting at 0.

#### GetRowValuesAsRowMatrix

```
$RowMatrix = $Matrix->GetRowValuesAsRowMatrix($RowIndex);
```

Returns a new RowMatrix containing row values specified using RowIndex with row index starting at 0.

#### GetRowValuesAsString

```
$RowValuesString = $Matrix->GetRowValuesAsString($RowIndex);
```

Returns a space delimited RowValuesString row values specified using *RowIndex* with row index starting at 0.

### GetRowValuesAsVector

```
$RowVector = $Matrix->GetColumnValuesAsVector($RowIndex);
```

Returns a new RowVector row values specified using RowIndex with row index starting at 0.

#### GetSize

```
($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols) = $Matrix->GetSize();
```

Returns size of Matrix.

# GetValue

```
$Value = $Matrix->GetValue($RowIndex, $ColIndex, [$SkipIndexCheck]);
```

Returns Value of *Matrix* element specified using *Rowlndex* and *Collndex* with indicies starting at 0 with optional validation of specified index values.

# IdentityMatrix

```
$NewIdentityMatrix = $Matrix->IdentityMatrix($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols);
$NewIdentityMatrix = Matrix::IdentityMatrix($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols);
$NewIdentityMatrix = Matrix::IdentityMatrix();
```

Creates a new I dentityMatrix of specified size  $NumOfRows \times NumOfCol$  or of size 3 x 3 and returns NewI dentityMatrix object.

# IsAntiSymmetric

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsAntiSymmetric();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is an anti symmetric matrix.

A matrix is an anti symmetric matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . Its elements are asymmetric with respect to main diagonal. In other words,

elements below the main diagonal are equal to the negative of elements above the main diagonal.

Transpose of an anti symmetric matrix equals the negative of the matrix.

### IsBiDiagonal

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsBiDiagonal();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is upper or lower bidiagonal matrix.

# IsDiagonal

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsDiagonal();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a diagonal matrix.

A matrix is a diagonal matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its off-diagonal elements are zeros and its diagonal elements may or may not be zeros

#### IsIdentity

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsIdentity();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether Matrix is an identity matrix.

# IsLeftTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsLeftTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a left or lower matrix.

A matrix is a left triangular matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its entries above the main diagonal are zero

# IsLowerBiDiagonal

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsLowerBiDiagonal();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a lower bidiagonal matrix.

A matrix is a lower bidiagonal matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its main diagonal and lower diagonal elements are non-zeros and all its other elements are zeros  $\,$

# IsLowerTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsLowerTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a left or lower triangular matrix.

A matrix is a lower triangular matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its entries above the main diagonal are zero

# IsLowerUniTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsLowerUniTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a lower triangular matrix.

#### IsMatrix

```
$Status = Matrix::IsMatrix($Object);
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Object* is a Matrix object.

#### IsNegative

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsNegative();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a negative matrix containing only values less than or equal to zero

### IsPositive

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsPositive();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a negative matrix containing only values greater than or equal to zero.

# IsRightTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsRightTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a right or upper triangular matrix.

#### **IsSkewSymmetric**

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsSkewSymmetric();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a skew or anti symmetric matrix.

### IsSquare

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsSquare();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a square matrix containing equal number of rows and columns.

#### IsStrictlyLowerTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsStrictlyLowerTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a strictly lower triangular matrix.

A matrix is a strictly lower triangular matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its entries on and above the main diagonal are zero  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$

# IsStrictlyUpperTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsStrictlyUpperTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a strictly upper triangular matrix.

A matrix is a strictly upper triangular matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its entries on and below the main diagonal are zero

# IsSymmetric

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsSymmetric();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a symmetric matrix.

A matrix is a symmetric matrix:

- . Its elements are symmetric with respect to main diagonal. In other words, elements below the main diagonal are equal to the elements above the main diagonal.

Transpose of a symmetric matrix equals the matrix itself.

### IsTriDiagonal

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsTriDiagonal();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a tridiagonal matrix.

A matrix is a tribidiagonal matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its main diagonal, upper diagonal, and lower diagonal elements are non-zeros and all its

other elements are zeros

IsUnit

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsUnit();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether Matrix is a unit matrix.

A matrix is a unit matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its diagonal elements are ones and its off-diagonal elements are zeros

#### IsUnitLowerTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsUnitLowerTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is an unit lower triangular matrix.

A matrix is an unit lower triangular matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its entries main diagonal are one
- . All its entries above the main diagonal are zero

# IsUnitUpperTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsUnitUpperTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is an unit upper triangular matrix.

A matrix is an unit upper triangular matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its entries main diagonal are one
- . All its entries below the main diagonal are zero

# IsUpperBiDiagonal

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsUpperBiDiagonal();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is an upper bidiagonal matrix.

A matrix is an upper bidiagonal matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its main diagonal and upper diagonal elements are non-zeros and all its other elements are zeros

# IsUpperTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsUpperTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a right or upper triangular matrix.

A matrix is an upper triangular matrix:

- . It's a square matrix
- . All its entries below the main diagonal are zero

### IsUpperUniTriangular

```
$Status = $Matrix->IsUpperUniTriangular();
```

Returns 1 or 0 based on whether *Matrix* is a right or upper triangular matrix.

#### NewFromColumns

```
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromColumns($CollVector, $Col2Vector, ...);
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromColumns($CollValuesRef, $Col2ValuesRef, ...);
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromColumns("Vall Val2 ...", "Vall Val2", ...);
$NewMatrix = $Matrix->NewFromColumns($CollVector, $Col2Vector, ...);
$NewMatrix = $Matrix->NewFromColumns($CollValuesRef, $Col2ValuesRef, ...);
$NewMatrix = $Matrix->NewFromColumns("Vall Val2 ...", "Vall Val2", ...);
```

Creates a new Matrix using specified column values and returns NewMatrix object.

The column values can be specified in one of the following formats:

- . List of vector objects
- . References to list of values
- . List of strings containing columns values delimited by space

Each column must contain the same number of values.

### NewFromDiagonal

```
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromDiagonal($DiagonalVector);
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromDiagonal($DiagonalValuesRef);
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromDiagonal("Val1 Val2 ...");

$NewMatrix = Matrix->NewFromDiagonal($DiagonalVector);
$NewMatrix = Matrix->NewFromDiagonal($DiagonalValuesRef);
$NewMatrix = Matrix->NewFromDiagonal("Val1 Val2 ...");
```

Creates a new Matrix using specified diagonal values and returns NewMatrix object.

The column values can be specified in one of the following formats:

- . A vector object
- . Reference to list of values
- . Strings containing diagonal values delimited by space

#### NewFromRows

```
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromRows($RowlVector, $RowVector, ...);
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromRows($RowlValuesRef, $Row2ValuesRef, ...);
$NewMatrix = Matrix::NewFromRows("Vall Val2 ...", "Vall Val2", ...);
$NewMatrix = $Matrix->NewFromRows($RowlVector, $Row2Vector, ...);
$NewMatrix = $Matrix->NewFromRows($RowlValuesRef, $Row2ValuesRef, ...);
$NewMatrix = $Matrix->NewFromRows("Vall Val2 ...", "Vall Val2", ...);
```

Creates a new Matrix using specified row values and returns NewMatrix object.

The row values can be specified in one of the following formats:

- . List of vector objects
- . References to list of values
- . List of strings containing columns values delimited by space

Each row must contain the same number of values.

One

```
$Matrix->One();
```

Sets values of all *Matrix* elements to 1 and returns *Matrix*.

# SetAllValues

```
$Matrix->SetAllValues($Value);
```

Sets values of all Matrix elements to specified Value and returns Matrix.

# SetColumnValues

```
$Matrix->SetColumnValues($ColIndex, @Values);
$Matrix->SetColumnValues($ColIndex, \@Values);
$Matrix->SetColumnValues($ColIndex, $VectorObject);
$Matrix->SetColumnValues($ColIndex, "Value1 Value2 Value3 ...");
```

Sets column values of a specified *Collndex* of *Matrix* using an array, reference to an array, another vector, or space delimited value string and returns *Matrix*.

# SetDiagonalValues

```
$Matrix->SetDiagonalValues(@Values);
$Matrix->SetDiagonalValues(\@Values);
$Matrix->SetDiagonalValues($VectorObject);
$Matrix->SetDiagonalValues("Value1 Value2 Value3 ...");
```

Sets values of the diagonal in square Matrix and returns Matrix.

# SetMatrixPrintStyle

```
$Matrix->SetMatrixPrintStyle($MatrixStyle);
$Matrix::SetMatrixPrintStyle($MatrixStyle);
```

Sets print style for matrix rows for an individual object or the whole class during StringifyMatrix operation. Possible *MatrixStyle* values: *AllRowsInOneLine*, *OneRowPerLine*. Default: *AllRowsInOneLine*.

#### SetRowValues

```
$Matrix->SetRowValues($ColIndex, @Values);
$Matrix->SetRowValues($ColIndex, \@Values);
$Matrix->SetRowValues($ColIndex, $VectorObjext);
$Matrix->SetRowValues($ColIndex, "Value1 Value2 Value3 ...");
```

Sets row values of a specified *Rowlndex* of *Matrix* using an array, reference to an array, another vector, or space delimited value string and returns *Matrix*.

#### SetValue

```
$Matrix->SetValue($RowIndex, $ColIndex, $Value, [$SkipIndexCheck]);
```

Sets Value of *Matrix* element specified using *Rowlndex* and *Collndex* with indicies starting at 0 with optional validation of specified index values and return *Matrix*.

#### SetValuePrintFormat

```
$Matrix->SetValuePrintFormat($ValueFormat);
$Matrix::SetValuePrintFormat($ValueFormat);
```

Sets value print format for an individual object or the whole class during StringifyMatrix operation and returns *Matrix*.

# StringifyMatrix

```
$String = $Matrix->StringifyMatrix();
```

Returns a string containing information about *Matrix* object.

# Transpose

```
$Matrix->Transpose();
```

Transposes Matrix by swaping rows with columns and returns Matrix.

# UnitMatrix

```
$NewUnitMatrix = $Matrix::UnitMatrix($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols);
$NewUnitMatrix = $Matrix::UnitMatrix();
$NewUnitMatrix = $Matrix->UnitMatrix($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols);
```

Creates a new UnitMatrix of specified size  $NumOfRows \times NumOfCol$  or of size 3 x 3 and returns NewUnitMatrix object.

## Zero

```
$Matrix->Zero();
```

Sets values of all Matrix elements to 0 and returns Matrix.

### ZeroMatrix

```
$NewZeroMatrix = $Matrix::ZeroMatrix($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols);
$NewZeroMatrix = $Matrix::ZeroMatrix();
$NewZeroMatrix = $Matrix->ZeroMatrix($NumOfRows, $NumOfCols);
```

Creates a new ZeroMatrix of specified size  $NumOfRows\ x\ NumOfCol$  or of size 3 x 3 and returns NewZeroMatrix object.

# **AUTHOR**

Manish Sud <msud@san.rr.com>

# SEE ALSO

Vector.pm

# COPYRIGHT

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