

Problem List < > 🔍

Description Editorial Solutions (12.6K) **Submissions**

Accepted

Runtime

1 ms

Beats 82.04% of users with Java

Memory

40.96 mb

Beats 25.47% of users with Java

Next question

- 209. Minimum Size Subarray Sum

More challenges

- 544. Output Contest Matches
- 2068. Check Whether Two Strings are Almost Equivalent
- 44. Wildcard Matching

Status	Language	Time	Notes
Accepted	Java	a few seconds ago	

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i Java • Auto

```
1 class Solution {
2     public String longestCommonPrefix(String[] strs) {
3         Arrays.sort(strs);
4         String s1 = strs[0];
5         String s2 = strs[strs.length-1];
6         int idx = 0;
7         while(idx < s1.length() && idx < s2.length()){
8             if(s1.charAt(idx) == s2.charAt(idx)){
9                 idx++;
10            } else {
11                break;
12            }
13        }
14        return s1.substring(0, idx);
15    }
16 }
```

Console ^

Run Submit

Accepted

Editorial + Solution

Runtime

2 ms

Beats 100.00% of users with Java

Memory

43.58 mb

Beats 89.28% of users with Java

Next question

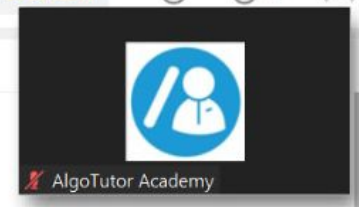
- 98. Validate Binary Search Tree

More challenges

- 12. Integer to Roman

Status	Language	Time	Notes
Accepted	Java	a few seconds ago	
Accepted	Java	2 minutes ago	
Accepted	C	Nov 07, 2022	
Accepted	C	Nov 07, 2022	

```
i Java | Auto
1 class Solution {
2     public int romanToInt(String s) {
3         int ans = 0, num = 0;
4         for (int i = s.length()-1; i >= 0; i--) {
5             switch(s.charAt(i)) {
6                 case 'I':
7                     num = 1;
8                     break;
9                 case 'V':
10                    num = 5;
11                    break;
12                 case 'X':
13                    num = 10;
14                    break;
15                 case 'L':
16                    num = 50;
17                    break;
18                 case 'C':
19                    num = 100;
20                    break;
21                 case 'D':
22                    num = 500;
23                    break;
24                 case 'M':
25                    num = 1000;
26                    break;
27             }
28             if (4 * num < ans)
29                 ans -= num;
30             else
31                 ans += num;
32         }
33     }
34 }
```



Description Editorial Solutions (5.8K) **Submissions**

Accepted Editorial + Solution

Runtime

5 ms

Beats 61.37% of users with Java

Memory

43.21 mb

Beats 40.71% of users with Java

Next question

- 1. Two Sum

More challenges

- 271. Encode and Decode Strings

Status	Language	Time	Notes
Accepted	Java	a few seconds ago	

i Java • Auto

```
1 class Solution {
2     public String countAndSay(int n) {
3         if(n==1) {
4             return "1";
5         }
6         String str = countAndSay(n-1);
7
8         int i=0;
9         StringBuilder output = new StringBuilder();
10        while(i<str.length()) {
11            int curr = str.charAt(i)-'0';
12            int count = 1;
13            while(i+1<str.length() && curr==str.charAt(i+1)-'0') {
14                count++;
15                i++;
16            }
17
18            output.append(String.valueOf(count) + String.valueOf(curr));
19            i++;
20        }
21        return output.toString();
22    }
23 }
24
```

Console Run Submit

Accepted Editorial + Solution

Runtime

3 ms

Beats 75.46% of users with Java

Memory

42.11 mb

Beats 50.58% of users with Java

Next question

- 1. Two Sum

More challenges

- 2138. Divide a String Into Groups of Size k
- 247. Strobogrammatic Number II
- 1804. Implement Trie II (Prefix Tree)

Status	Language	Time	Notes
Accepted	Java	a few seconds ago	

```
1 class Solution {
2     public int longestValidParentheses(String s) {
3         Stack<Integer> st=new Stack<>();
4         int ans=0;
5         st.push(-1);
6         for(int i=0;i<s.length();i++){
7             if(s.charAt(i)=='(')
8                 st.push(i);
9             else{
10                 if(!st.isEmpty())
11                     st.pop();
12                 if(!st.isEmpty())
13                     ans=Math.max(i-st.peek(),ans);
14                 else
15                     st.push(i);
16             }
17         }
18         return ans;
19     }
20 }
```

Testcase Result </> Source

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3 +

s =

Console Run Submit