

## **11. Illustrate the concept of multithreading using a C program.**

### **Aim:**

To illustrate the concept of multithreading in C, where multiple threads are executed concurrently.

### **Algorithm:**

1. Initialize the main thread.
2. Create additional threads using `pthread_create()`.
3. Each thread executes a function.
4. The main thread waits for all threads to finish using `pthread_join()`.
5. The threads perform a task, and the main thread handles the synchronization.

### **Procedure:**

1. Include the necessary header for pthreads: `<pthread.h>`.
2. Define a function that will be executed by each thread.
3. Use `pthread_create()` to create new threads.
4. Use `pthread_join()` to ensure the main thread waits for the other threads to finish.
5. Display a message from each thread and the main thread to show parallel execution.

### **Code:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <pthread.h>
```

```
void* print_message(void* thread_id) {  
    long tid = (long)thread_id;  
    printf("Hello from thread %ld\n", tid);  
}
```

```
    return NULL;
}


int main() {
    pthread_t threads[3];
    long t;

    for (t = 0; t < 3; t++) {
        pthread_create(&threads[t], NULL, print_message, (void*)t);
    }

    for (t = 0; t < 3; t++) {
        pthread_join(threads[t], NULL);
    }

    printf("Hello from main thread\n");
    return 0;
}
```

**Output:**



```
Hello from thread 0
Hello from thread 2
Hello from thread 1
Hello from main thread

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```