



DNS: The Internet's Phonebook

I – Communication practice

With your partners, prepare a short presentation (one or two slides) of one of the following topics. The given links are only a starting point of the research that you will have to make to complete your knowledge on the topic.

1. **The format of an IPv4 address**
 - a) What is the main format, distinguishing the (sub)net id and the host id? [\[W7\]](#)
 - b) What are the classful networking [\[W7\]](#) and the classless inter-domain routing? [\[W7\]](#)
 - c) What are the special-use addresses (private, loopback, multicast, etc.)? [\[W7\]](#)
2. **The format of an IPv6 address**
 - a) What is the main motivation for a new format? [\[W7\]](#)
 - b) What is the address representation? [\[W7\]](#)
 - c) What are the unicast and anycast addresses format? [\[W7\]](#)
3. **The history of ARPANET**
 - a) What was ARPANET and what were the goals of its design? [\[W7\]](#)
 - b) What are the key dates of its creation and developments? [\[W7\]](#)
 - c) How did the transition toward the Internet went? [\[W7\]](#)
4. **The root name servers in the world**
 - a) What is the root of the domain name space and what is a root name server? [\[W7\]](#)
 - b) Where are the root name servers and who owns them? [\[W7\]](#)
 - c) What does a root name servers do [\[W7\]](#) and what happens if the address doesn't exist? [\[W7\]](#)
5. **The format of a domain name and its place in a URL**
 - a) What is the format of a domain name? [\[W7\]](#)
 - b) What is the format of a protocol that is coded to the left of the domain name? [\[W7\]](#)
 - c) What is the format of a path and a query that is coded to the right of the domain name? [\[W7\]](#)
6. **The top-level domains**
 - a) What are generic top-level domains? [\[W7\]](#)
 - b) What are sponsored top-level domains? [\[W7\]](#)
 - c) What are country-code top-level domains? [\[W7\]](#)



7. **The recursive resolver**

- a) What is recursion in general and in computer science? [\[W↗\]](#)
- b) What is a recursive resolver and how does it work? [\[W↗\]](#)
- c) What is an iterative name resolving algorithm and when does it take place? [\[↗\]](#)

8. **The cache memory**

- a) What is a cache memory in general? [\[W↗\]](#)
- b) What is the use of cache memory in DNS resolvers? [\[↗\]](#)
- c) What is the cache memory DNS in the operating system of a host machine? [\[↗\]](#)

9. **The time-to-live parameter**

- a) What is the time-to-live parameter in general? [\[W↗\]](#)
- b) What is the time-to-live parameter of a DNS resource record? [\[W↗\]](#)
- c) How is the time-to-live value chosen for a given resource record? [\[↗\]](#)

10. **The Pi-Hole system**

- a) What is a Pi-Hole system and how does it work? [\[W↗\]](#)
- b) What are the equipment and software needed to implement a Pi-Hole system? [\[↗\]](#)
- c) What are the main steps to implement a Pi-Hole system? [\[↗\]](#)