18MAB102T - Surprise Test 1 - May 1

* Required

Answer ALL Questions

Each question carries ONE mark.

1*

$$\int_{1}^{a} \int_{1}^{b} \frac{dx \, dy}{x \, y} =$$

- (A) $\log a + \log b$
- (B) loga
- (C) log b
- (D) $\log a \log b$

- \bigcirc A
- () B
- \bigcirc

 $dr d\theta =$

- (A) 1
- (B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$

- $(C)\frac{\pi}{3}$
- $(D)\frac{\pi}{4}$

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 $e^{x+y} dx dy =$

- (A) $(e-1)^2$ (B) $(e^2-1)^2$ (C) 1
- (D) 0

 $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{x} dy \, dx =$

- (A) 1
- (B) -1
- $(C)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- $(D)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

- (A
- O B
- O

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Area of the region R in polar coordinates is

(A) $\iint_R dr d\theta$

(B) $\iint_R r^2 dr d\theta$

(C) $\iint_R r \, dr \, d\theta$

(D) $\iint_{R} \left(r+1\right) \, dr \; d\theta$

- () E
- O

The region of integration of the integral $\int_0^1 \int_0^x f(x,y) dy dx$ is

- (A) square
- (B) rectangle
- (C) triangle
- (D) circle

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Change the order of integration in $\int_0^a \int_x^a f(x,y) dy dx$.

(A)
$$\int_{0}^{a} \int_{0}^{y} f(x,y) dx dy$$

(B)
$$\int_{0}^{a} \int_{0}^{x} f(x, y) dy dx$$
(D)
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{x} f(x, y) dx dy$$

(C)
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{1}^{x^2} f(x, y) dx dy$$

$$(D) \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{x} f(x, y) \ dx \ dy$$

To change Cartesian into Polar coordinates in double integration, the transformation used is

- (A) $x = r \cos \theta, y = r \sin \theta$
- (C) $x = r \sin \theta, y = r \cos \theta$
- (B) $x = a \cos \theta, y = b \sin \theta$ (D) $x = a \sec \theta, y = b \tan \theta$



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$$\int_{0}^{2} \int_{1}^{2} \int_{1}^{2} dz \, dy \, dx =$$

- (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C)3

(D) 4

Volume of a region R is given by

(A) $\iiint_R dv$ (B) $2 \iint_R dx dy$ (C) $\iint_R dy dx$ (D) $\iint_R dx dy$

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