BIG DATA HADOOP AND SPARK DEVLOPMENT ASSIGNMENT 15

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BIG DATA HADOOPAND SPARK DEVELOPMENT

1. Introduction

In this assignment, the given tasks are performed and Output of the tasks are recorded in the form of Screenshots.

2. Objective

This Assignment consolidates the deeper understanding of the Session – 15 SCALA BASICS 2

3. Problem Statement

• Task 1

Create a Scala application to find the GCD of two numbers

• Task 2

- Fibonacci series (starting from 1) written in order without any spaces in between, thus producing a sequence of digits. Write a Scala application to find the Nth digit in the sequence.
- Write the function using standard for loop
- Write the function using recursion

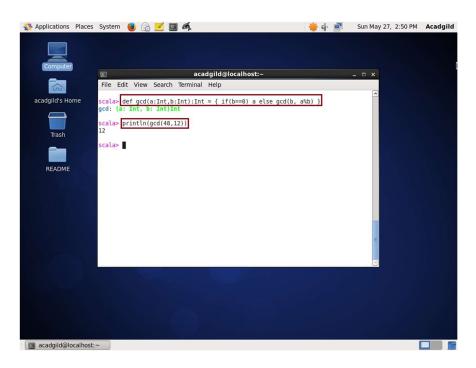
Task 3

- Find square root of number using Babylonian method.
 - Start with an arbitrary positive start value x (the closer to the root, the better).
 - Initialize y = 1.
 - Do following until desired approximation is achieved.
 - a) Get the next approximation for root using average of x and y
 - b) Set y = n/x

- 4. Expected Output
- Task 1

Create a Scala application to find the GCD of two numbers

scala> def gcd(a:Int,b:Int):Int = { if(b==0) a else gcd(b,a%b) }
scala> println(gcd(48,12))



• Task 2

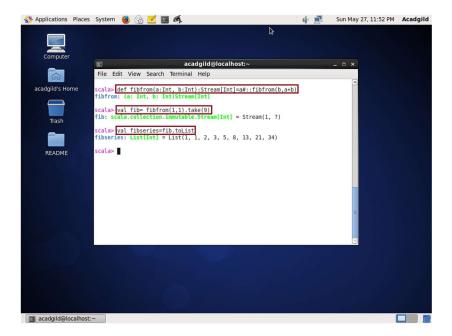
Fibonacci series (starting from 1) written in order without any spaces in between, thus producing a sequence of digits. Write a Scala application to find the Nth digit in the sequence.

• Write the function using standard for loop

scala>def fibfrom(a:Int,b:Int): Stream[Int]= a #:: fibfrom(b, a+b)

scala> val fib =fibfrom(1,1). take(9)

scala> val fibseries=fib.toList

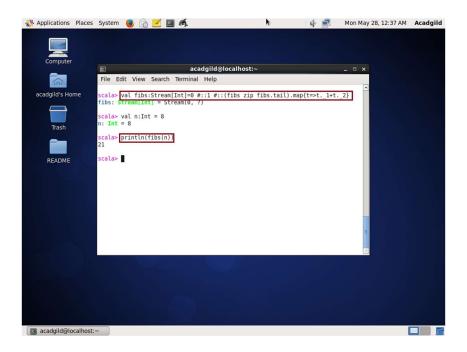


• Write the function using recursion

scala> val fibs: Stream[Int]=0 #:: 1 #:: (fibs zip fibs.tail).map{t=>t._1+t._2}

scala> val n: Int =8

scala> println(fibs(n))



Task 3

Find square root of number using Babylonian method.

- Start with an arbitrary positive start value x (the closer to the root, the better).
- Initialize y = 1.
- Do following until desired approximation is achieved.
 - a) Get the next approximation for root using average of x and y

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b) Set y = n/x
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