Learn Physics with Functional Programming

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Chapter 5: Exercises

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5.4 We have the function range with the following definition:

range returns a list containing all the integers between the argument (inclusive) and 0 in increasing order, i.e, range(2) = 0, 1, 2, range(-4) = $-4, -3, \ldots, 0$, and range(0) = 0.

We demonstrate as follows:

```
ghci> range (-4)

[-4,-3,-2,-1,0]

ghci> range 2

[0,1,2]

ghci> range (-4)

[-4,-3,-2,-1,0]

ghci> range 0

[0]
```

5.5 We have the function null' with the following definition:

import Data.Foldable

```
null' :: (Foldable t) => t a -> Bool
null' xs = case toList xs of
  [] -> True
  (_ : _) -> False
```

null' returns True if an argument t of type a is empty, otherwise False. Since we are using the Foldable type, we import Data.Foldable.

We demonstrate as follows:

```
ghci> null' []
True
ghci> null' [1, 2, 3]
False
ghci> null' [1..]
False
```

5.6 We have the function last' with the following definition

```
import GHC.Stack (HasCallStack)
last' :: HasCallStack => [a] -> a
last' x = head (reverse x)
```

last' returns the last item in an argument with type that implements HasCallStack, an error if the argument is empty, or hangs indefinitely if the variable has infinite length.

We demonstrate as follows:

```
ghci> last' [1, 2, 3]
3
ghci> last' ["check", "mate"]
"mate"
ghci> last' []
*** Exception: Prelude.head: empty list
CallStack (from HasCallStack):
  error, called at libraries/base/GHC/List.hs:1646:3
    in base:GHC.List
  errorEmptyList, called at libraries/base/GHC/List.hs:85:11
    in base:GHC.List
  badHead, called at libraries/base/GHC/List.hs:81:28
    in base:GHC.List
  head, called at last.hs:4:11 in main:Main
  last', called at <interactive>:4:1 in interactive:Ghci3
```

5.7 We have the function palindrome with the following definition

```
import Distribution.Simple.Utils

palindrome :: String -> Bool
palindrome s = reverse (lowercase s) == lowercase s
```

palindrome uses the function Distribution.Simple.Utils.lowercase to check if the lowercase version of a string is the same as the lowercase version reversed, i.e., is the string a palindrome.

We demonstrate as follows:

```
ghci> palindrome "Radar"
True
ghci> palindrome "MadamImAdam"
True
ghci> palindrome "racecar"
True
ghci> palindrome "dog"
False
```

5.8 We find the first five elements of the infinite list $[9, 1, \ldots]$ as follows:

Thus we see that the first five elements are given by

$$[9,1,\ldots] = [9,1,-7,-15,-23,\ldots].$$