

MAT 2 cr 9

Pr 1) Najdite lokální extrémy pro $f(x,y) = xy$ na množině $x+y=1$

$$F = f(x, 1-x) = x \cdot (1-x) = x - x^2$$

$$F' = 1 - 2x$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \\ y = \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right\} S \left[\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

$$F'' = -2 \Rightarrow F'' < 0 \rightarrow F \text{ je lokální } \rightarrow \text{ je MAX/MIN}$$

Pr 2) $L = xy + \lambda(x+y-1) = xy + \lambda x + \lambda y - \lambda$

$$\frac{dL}{dx} = 0$$

$$y + \lambda = 0 \rightarrow \lambda = -y$$

$$\Rightarrow y = x$$

$$\frac{dL}{dy} = 0$$

$$x + \lambda = 0 \rightarrow \lambda = -x$$

$$x + y - 1 = 0$$

$$x + y - 1 = 0$$

$$2y - 1 = 0$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x - 1 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lambda = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y = \frac{1}{2} \\ x = \frac{1}{2} \\ \lambda = -\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right\} S \left[\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} \frac{dL}{dx^2} & \frac{d^2L}{dx dy} \\ \frac{dL}{dx dy} & \frac{d^2L}{dy^2} \end{array} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \frac{dL}{dx} = y - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{dL}{dy} = x - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(x, y) = x + 2y - 1 \quad \text{maximize } x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$L = x + 2y - 1 + \lambda(x^2 + y^2 - 1) = x + 2y - 1 + \lambda x^2 + \lambda y^2 - \lambda$$

$$\frac{dL}{dx} = 2\lambda x + 1 \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{2\lambda} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = -\frac{1}{5} \\ x_2 = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = -\frac{1}{5} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{dL}{dy} = 2\lambda y + 2 \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2\lambda}\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^2 = 1 \quad \lambda^2 = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{4\lambda^2} + \frac{1}{\lambda^2} = 1 \quad \lambda = \pm \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$S_1 \left[\frac{-\sqrt{5}}{5}, \frac{-2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right]$$

$$S_2 \left[\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}, \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \right]$$

absolutní
(globální)
extrém

$$f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

na množině $x^2 + y^2 \leq 9$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} = 0 \rightarrow x = 0$$

$\S [0; 0] \rightarrow$ stac. bod

$$\frac{df}{dy} = \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} = 0 \rightarrow y = 0$$