

Микропроект №1.
Определение взаимной простоты

Ястребов Игорь Андреевич

НИУ ВШЭ

Факультет Компьютерных наук

Группа БПИ197

Текст задания

Вариант 27

Разработать программу, решающую вопрос – являются ли четыре заданных числа взаимно простыми. (числа задать машинного словами без знака)

Применяемые расчётные методы

В качестве проверки двух чисел на взаимную простоту был использован Алгоритм Евклида.

Используемые источники

Алгоритм Евклида -

https://ru.wikipedia.org/wiki/%D0%90%D0%BB%D0%B3%D0%BE%D1%80%D0%B8%D1%82%D0%BC_%D0%95%D0%B2%D0%BA%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B4%D0%B0

Исходный код

mp1.ASM :

format PE console

entry start

include 'win32a.inc'

include 'macro.inc'

section '.data' data readable writable

strEnterPrompt db 'Enter num #%d: ', 0

positiveResStr db 'The four numbers are coprime', 10, 0

negativeResStr db 'The four numbers are not coprime', 10, 0

badNumStr db 'Numbers have to be greater than 0', 0

digitIn db '%d', 0

firstNum dd ? ; first number

secondNum dd ? ; second number

thirdNum dd ? ; third number

fourthNum dd ? ; fourth number

tmpStack dd ? ; the temporary value of the stack (for procedures)

result dd 0 ; result value (the sum of all calls)
NULL = 0 ; null value (for ExitProcess)

section '.code' code readable executable

start:

enterNum 1, firstNum ; read the first num
enterNum 2, secondNum ; read the second num
enterNum 3, thirdNum ; read the third num
enterNum 4, fourthNum ; read the fourth num

 ; check that all numbers are > 0

cmp [firstNum], 0

jle terminateProg

cmp [secondNum], 0

jle terminateProg

cmp [thirdNum], 0

jle terminateProg

cmp [fourthNum], 0

jle terminateProg

primeCompare firstNum, secondNum ; 1 & 2

add [result], ebx

```
primeCompare firstNum, thirdNum ; 1 & 3
add [result], ebx
primeCompare firstNum, fourthNum ; 1 & 4
add [result], ebx
primeCompare secondNum, thirdNum ; 2 & 3
add [result], ebx
primeCompare secondNum, fourthNum ; 2 & 4
add [result], ebx
primeCompare thirdNum, fourthNum ; 3 & 4
add [result], ebx
```

```
cmp [result], 0
je resultPositive
jmp resultNegative
```

```
resultPositive:
    push positiveResStr
    call [printf]
    jmp endProg
```

```
resultNegative:
    push negativeResStr
    call [printf]
    jmp endProg
```

endProg:

call [getch]

push NULL

call [ExitProcess]

terminateProg:

push badNumStr

call [printf]

call [getch]

push NULL

call [ExitProcess]

;-----

coprimeProc: ; compares two numbers, if they are
coprime sets ebx to 0, else sets ebx to 1

mov [tmpStack], esp

pop ebx ; pop the 2 values from the stack

pop eax

primeLoop:

modLoop1:

```
    cmp eax, ebx        ; compare eax and ebx
    jl endModLoop1      ; if eax < ebx, end first subtraction loop
    sub eax, ebx        ; eax -= ebx
    jmp modLoop1        ; jump back to the start of the
subtraction loop
```

endModLoop1:

```
    cmp eax, 0          ; if eax == 0 then end the loop
    je endPrimeLoop1
```

modLoop2:

```
    cmp ebx, eax        ; compare ebx and eax
    jl endModLoop2      ; if eax > ebx, end second subtraction
loop
    sub ebx, eax        ; ebx -= eax
    jmp modLoop2        ; jump back to the start of the
subtraction loop
```

endModLoop2:

```
    cmp ebx, 0          ; if ebx == 0 then end the loop
    je endPrimeLoop2
```

```
    jmp primeLoop       ; end of the main loop
```

endPrimeLoop1:

```
    cmp ebx, 1          ; if ebx == 1 then return 1, else return 0
    je endPrimeLoopNo
    jmp endPrimeLoopYes
```

```
endPrimeLoop2:          ; if eax == 1 then return 1, else return 0
    cmp eax, 1
    je endPrimeLoopNo
    jmp endPrimeLoopYes
```

```
endPrimeLoopYes:
    mov ebx, 0
    jmp endPrime
endPrimeLoopNo:
    mov ebx, 1
    jmp endPrime
endPrime:
    mov esp, [tmpStack]
    ret
```

```
section 'idata' import data readable
    library kernel, 'kernel32.dll', \
```



```
    msvcrt, 'msvcrt.dll'

import kernel, \
    ExitProcess, 'ExitProcess'

import msvcrt, \
    printf, 'printf', \
    scanf, 'scanf', \
    getch, '_getch'
```

macro.inc:

macro enterNum numberNum, number{

 push numberNum ; print the user prompt

 push strEnterPrompt

 call [printf]

 push number

 push digitIn

 call [scanf]

}

;-----

macro primeCompare num1, num2{

 push [num1] ; push the 2 values to the stack, then figures
out if they are coprime

 push [num2]

 call coprimeProc

}

Тест программы

Тест с не взаимно простыми числами:

test1.txt

Тест с взаимно простыми числами:

test2.txt