







Cloudflare Outage 2025

How One File Took Down 16% of the Internet

Geeks Club

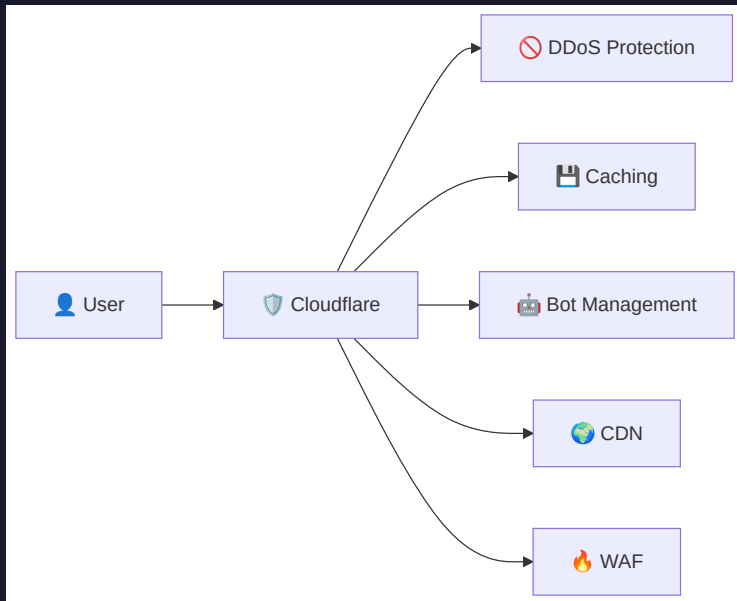
 December 10, 2025

Agenda

1.  **Why is Cloudflare important?**
2.  **What happened? - Outage Timeline**
3.  **Technical Analysis - ClickHouse, Rust, unwrap()**
4.  **Confusing Factors - Why they thought it was a DDoS attack**
5.  **Conclusions and Remedial Actions**
6.  **Comment - What do we learn from this?**

What is Cloudflare?

Middleware between the client and your application








Cloudflare Scale

~16% of all internet traffic 🌐

| Every sixth request on the internet goes through Cloudflare

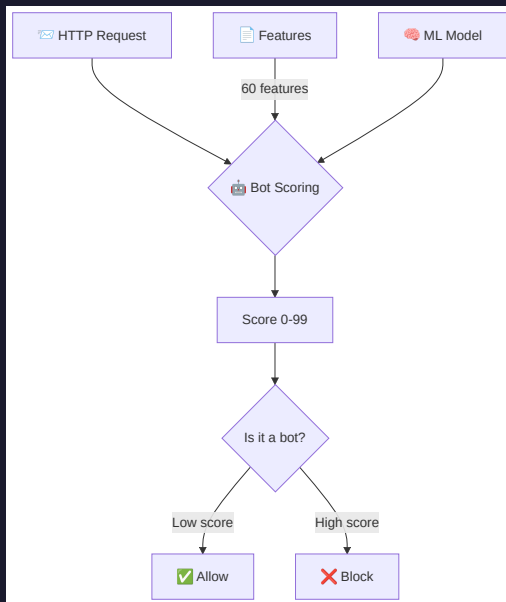
Known users:

Category	Companies
 Technology	Mozilla, Microsoft Azure, Office 365, IBM
 E-commerce	Nike, H&M, Shopify
 Social	Reddit, Twitter



Bot Management - Source of the Problem

How does bot scoring work?

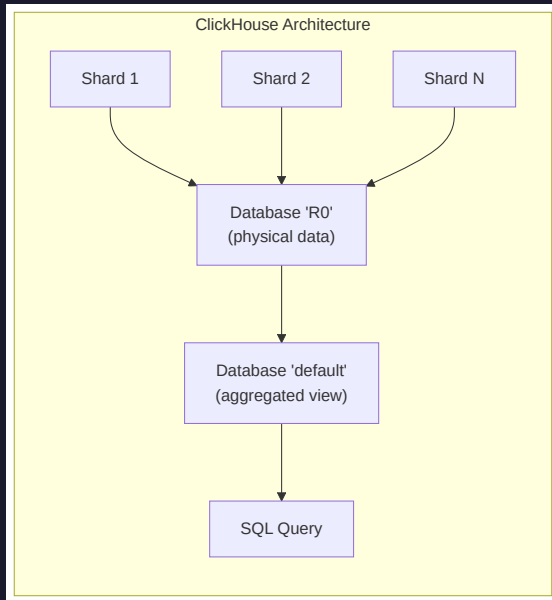


Bot Score: 0-99 (higher = greater bot probability)



ClickHouse Architecture

Databases and shards



Query without database discriminator

```
SELECT
  name,
  type
FROM system.columns
WHERE
  table = 'http_requests_features'
ORDER BY name;
```

Problem:

- No `WHERE database = 'default'`
- After permission change → both databases visible
- **60 features × 2 = 120+ features**



Rust and fatal `unwrap()`

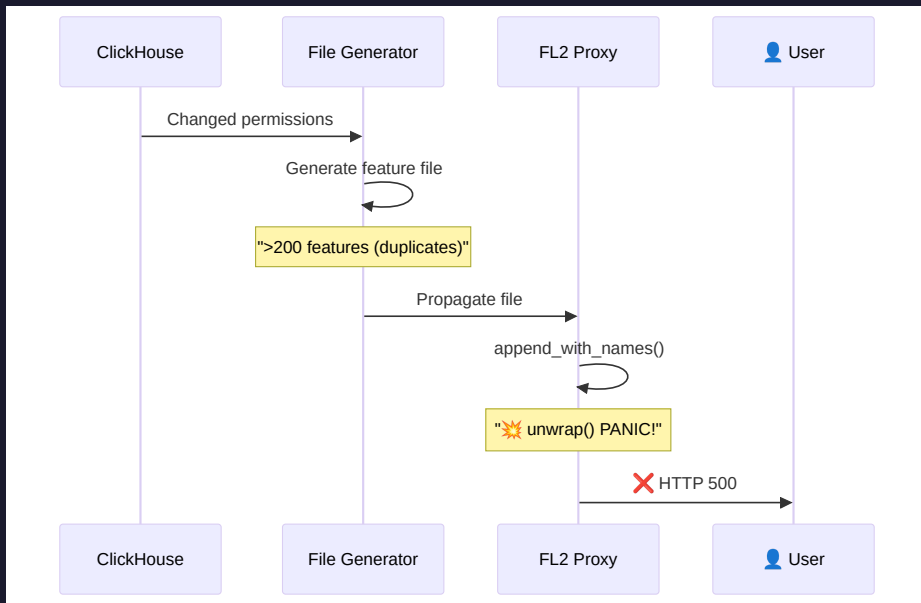
```
// Simplified code that caused panic
fn load_features(config: &Config) -> Features {
    let features = append_with_names(&config)
        .unwrap(); // 💣 BOOM!

    features
}
```

Memory preallocation problem:

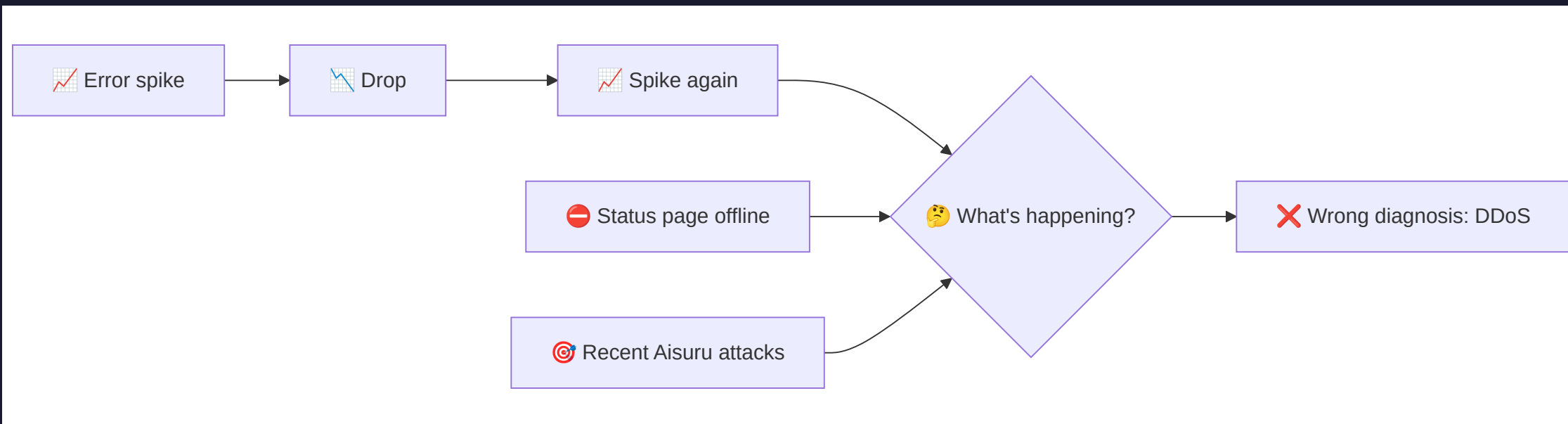
- **Limit:** 200 features (safety buffer)
- **Expected:** ~60 features
- **Received:** >200 features (duplicates)
- **Result:** `Result::unwrap()` on `Err` → **PANIC** 💀

🌟 Outage Mechanism



Confusing Factors

Why did they think it was a DDoS attack?



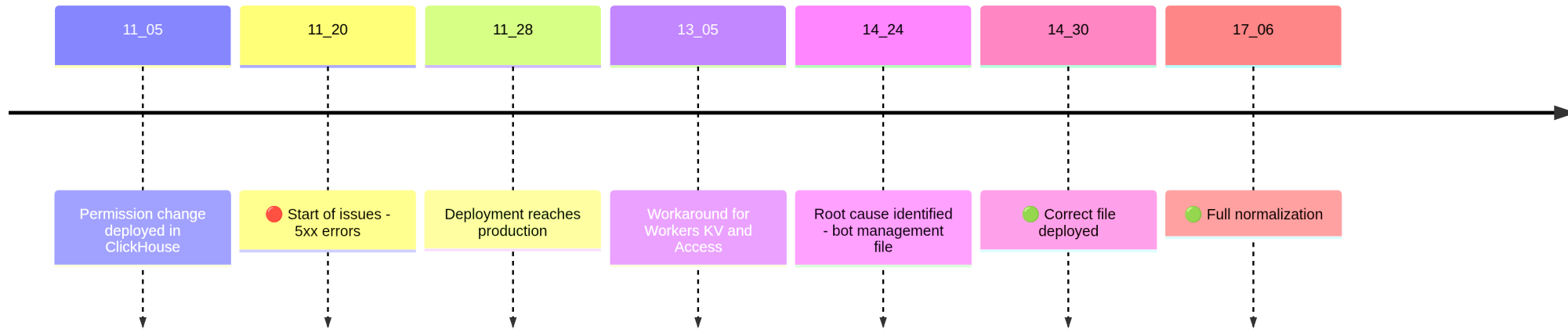
Unusual behavior:

- Fluctuations: old nodes had correct cache
- Status page (independent infra) also offline → **coincidence!**



Outage Timeline





November 18, 2025 Cloudflare Outage (UTC)





Cloudflare Remedial Actions

Official list:


1.  **Hardening** of internal configuration (like user data)
2.  **Kill-switches** - global function switches
3.  **Core dumps** - cannot overload the system
4.  **Review failure modes** of all proxy modules

"Today's outage was the most serious incident since 2019"

— Matthew Prince, CEO

Our Technical Conclusions

What could have been done better?

```
let features = append_with_names(&config).unwrap_or_default();
if features.len() > 200 {
    log::warn!("Retrieved {} features, exceeded limit 200. Taking first 200.", features.len());
    features.truncate(200);
}
//  Continue with features
```

Instead of:

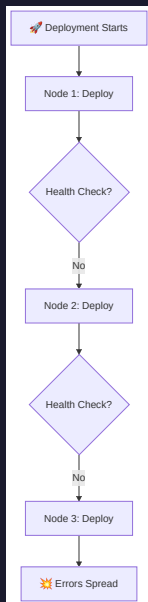
```
.unwrap() // ❌ PANIC!
```

Should be:

```
.unwrap_or_else(|e| { log::error!("{}", e); defaults() })
```

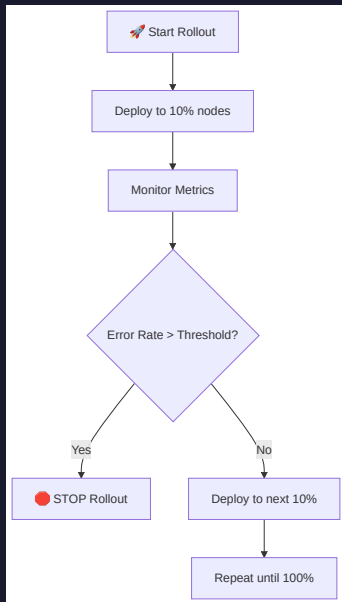
Preventing Deployment Spread: Circuit Breakers and Rollout Strategies

Why did the update keep spreading?







Automated rollouts without real-time monitoring → Errors propagate unchecked

Circuit Breaker Pattern for Deployments



Stop propagation if errors exceed safe limits

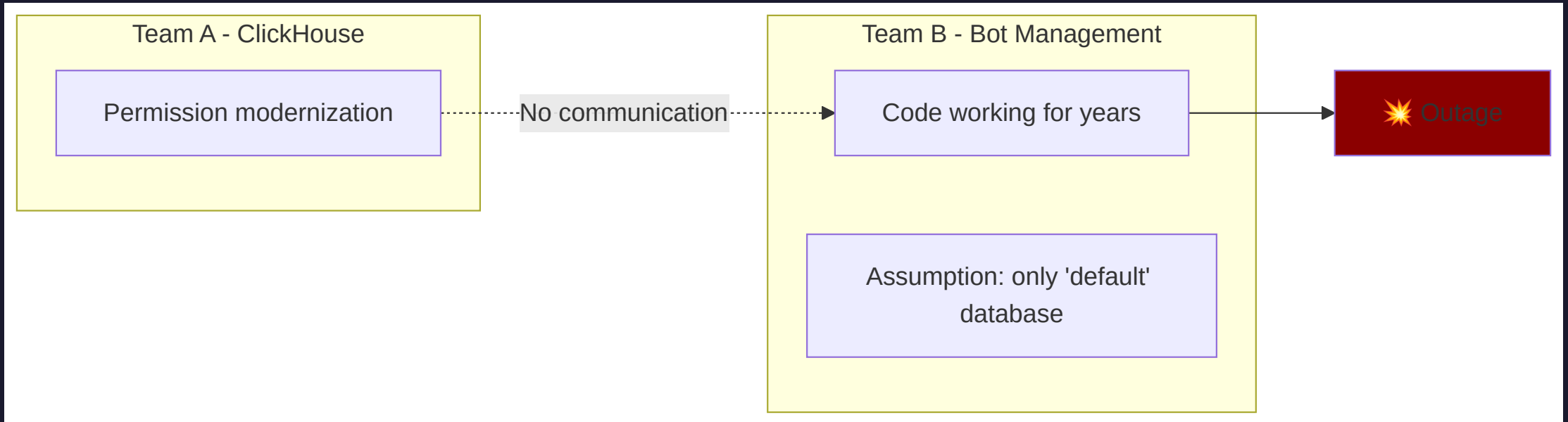
Different Strategies for Different Changes

Change Type	Strategy	Speed vs Safety
 Security Patches	Fast rollout	 Speed (counter attacks)
 Infrastructure Changes	Canary / Blue-Green	 Safety (rollback ready)

Balance speed for security with caution for infra



Organizational Problem

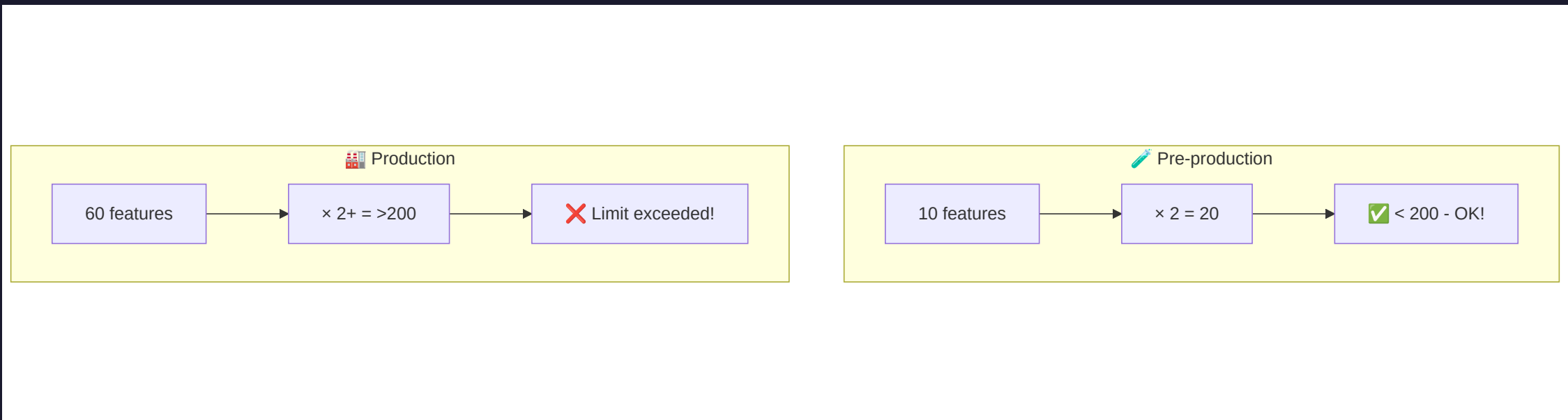


🎯 Key problem:

Change in one place → explosion in another

What about the test environment?

Possible explanation:



Production scale \neq Test scale

Key Lessons

1 Defensive Programming

| Never trust that inputs will be correct

2 Graceful Degradation

| System should work limited, not crash

3 Inter-team Communication

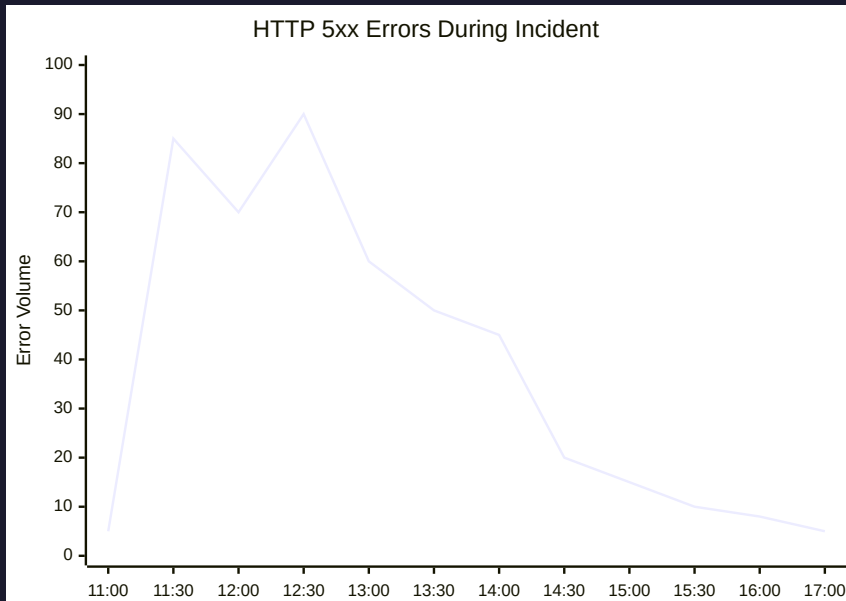
| Changes in one system can affect others

4 Production-scale Testing

| Pre-prod must reflect reality








Outage Visualization



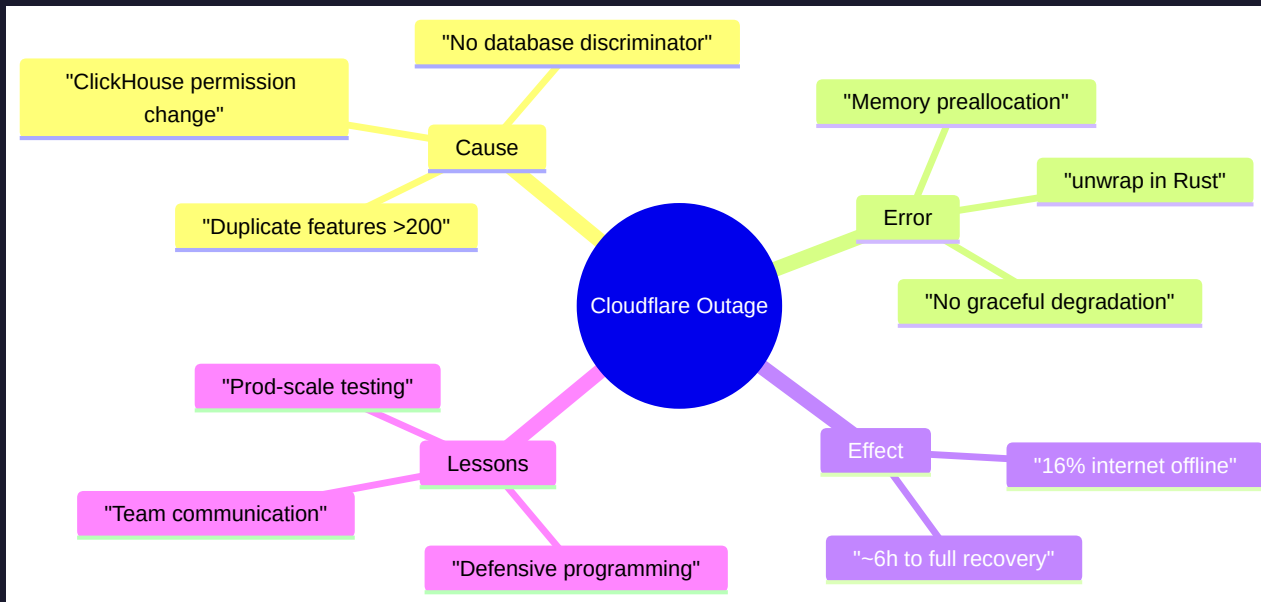
Fluctuations = different nodes with different feature file versions

For Discussion

Questions for the team:

1.  Do we have similar "hidden dependencies" in our systems?
2.  How do we handle errors in critical code paths?
3.  Do our test environments reflect production scale?
4.  How quickly will we detect an outage before users?
5.  Do we do post-mortems and are they public?

Summary



Sources

Official Post-Mortem:

 blog.cloudflare.com/18-november-2025-outage

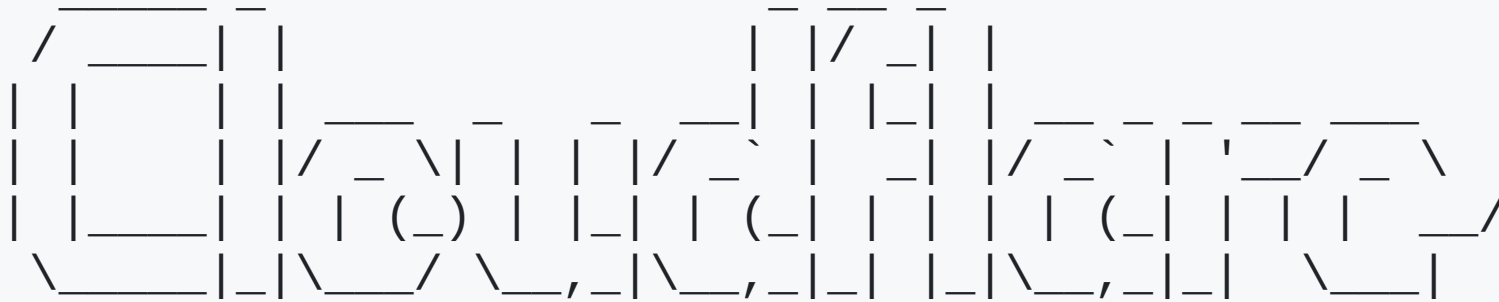
Video:

 [IT News #25 - DevMentors](#)



Thank You!

Questions?



🛡️ Post-Mortem 18.11.2025 🛡️

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