AE 2780

Aircraft Design

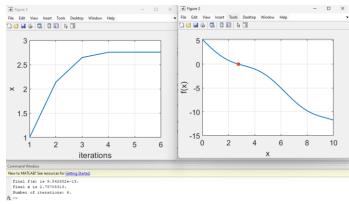
Dr. Meeks

HW #01

Gabriel Porter

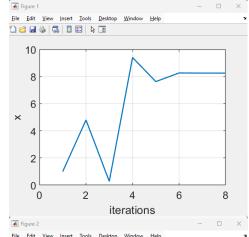
FS 2024

Missouri University of Science and Technology

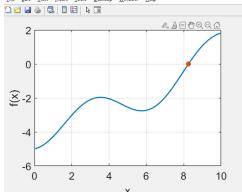


1.

- a. The convergence tolerence is basically how close to zero the function must be before the program stops iterating. At default settings the program will stop iterating once the function is less than 10^{-8} . (tol)
- **b.** The program currently allows up to 1000 iterations before exiting without finding a root (maxiter).
- c. The boolean operator used to determine when the iterative root solver ends is "while abs(Fx(n1))>tol && n1<maxiter"
- 2. For $2e^{x/8} = 6 + \cos(x)$, $f(x) = 2e^{x/8} 6 \cos(x)$
 - **a.** $f'(x) = \frac{1}{4}e^{x/8} + \sin(x)$
 - **b.** The root is x = 8.25315002 which occurs at $f(x) = -2.911837 \times 10^{-11}$

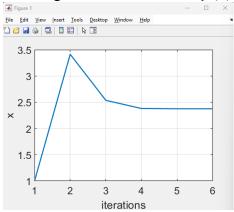


c.

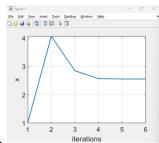


d.

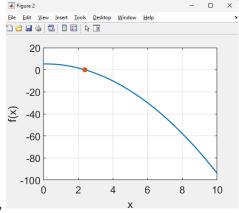
- 3. For $log(x+2) = x^2 5$, $f(x) = log(x+2) x^2 5$
 - a. $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\ln(10)(x+2)} 2x$ ***ASSUMING log is intended to be log base 10.
 - i. OR $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x+2} 2x$ ***ASSUMING log is intended to be natural log.
 - b. For log base 10, x = 2.37507591 at $f(x) = -3.679101 \times 10^{-11}$
 - i. OR for natural log, x = 2.55258603 at $f(x) = -2.697037 \times 10^{-9}$



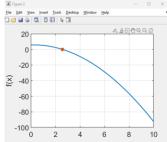
c. For log base 10,



i. OR for natural log,

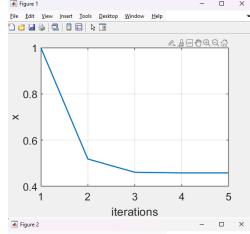


d. For log base 10,



i. OR for natural log,

- 4. For $sin^2(x) = \frac{1}{5}cos(x^2)$, $f(x) = sin^2(x) \frac{1}{5}cos(x^2)$
 - a. $f'(x) = 2\sin(x)\cos(x) + \frac{2}{5}x\sin(x^2)$
 - b. The root is x = 0.45813816, which occurs at $f(x) = 3.112166 \times 10^{-11}$



c.

d.

