先乘除後加減

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作法:

照著講義內架構來製造優先順序,如下圖。

```
<expression> → <factor> {<add op><factor>}
<factor> → <primary> {<mult op><primary>}
<primary> → (< expression>)
<primary> → ID
<primary> → INTLITERAL
```

用左結合的方式先處理為加號或負號,再分支 出乘號或除號,最後再處理複數和括號。

程式碼:

Flex:

Yacc:

```
#include<stdlib.h> // Required for atof
     void yyerror(char *msg);
%token Plus Minus Mult Div Left Right
     | expression '\n' statement
     | expression statement
    expression Plus factor
        { $$ = $1 + $3; printf("%d add %d is %d\n", $1, $3, $$); }
     | expression Minus factor
{ $$ = $1 - $3; printf("%d cut %d is %d\n", $1, $3, $$); }
    | factor Div primary
| fs = $1 / $3; printf("%d div %d is %d\n", $1, $3, $$); }
    Realnumber
    | Minus primary %prec UMINUS

{ $$ = -$2; printf("neg %d is %d\n", $2, $$); }

| Left expression Right
void yyerror(char *msg) {
    printf("Error: %s\n", msg);
```

C++:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
int numC=0,symC=0;
int nextMinus=0;
int numArray[100];
char symArray[100];
           if(symbol=='+'||symbol=='-') return 1;
if(symbol=='*'||symbol=='/') return 2;
  void readNeg(string num)
           if(nextMinus==1) {number*=-1;nextMinus=0;}
numArray[numC++] = number;
 void doCalculate()
{
    int a = numArray[numC-2];
    int b = numArray[numC-1];
    int c = symArray[symC-1];
    if(c=='+') {cout << a << "+" << b << "=" << a+b << endl;numArray[numC-2]=a+bf{}=='-') {cout << a << "-" << b << "=" << a-b << endl;numArray[numC-2]=a-b;} if(c=='*') {cout << a << "*" << b << "=" << a*b << endl;numArray[numC-2]=a-b;} if(c=='*') {cout << a << "*" << b << "=" << a*b << endl;numArray[numC-2]=a+byn$--;
    numC--;
           string numTemp;
if(input[0]=='('||input[0]=='-') last=0;
                               readNeg(input);
if(numTemp!="") {dostringToInt(numTemp);numTemp="";}
symArray[symC++]=c;
last=0;
                                dealBracket();
last=0;
```

執行結果:

Input:

```
15-23
3+3
12+32+35
12+32+35+21-20
32-2
3*3
4/2
3*2/1-3
6-2*2
112-(2+32)*3
36/(30+3*2)
12+(12-(12+12))
89+77/(8-1)
3+-2
3*-2
2-(3*2)
2--3*2
2-3*2
-2+2
-2*2
3*2-2
```

Output:

Yacc:

15 cut 23 is -8 3 add 3 is 6 12 add 32 is 44 44 add 35 is 79 12 add 32 is 44 44 add 35 is 79 79 add 21 is 100 100 cut 20 is 80 32 cut 2 is 30 3 mult 3 is 9 4 div 2 is 2 3 mult 2 is 6 2 mult 2 is 4 6 cut 4 is 2 2 add 32 is 34 34 mult 3 is 102 112 cut 102 is 10 3 mult 2 is 6 30 add 6 is 36 36 div 36 is 1 12 add 12 is 24 12 cut 24 is -12 12 add -12 is 0 77 div 7 is 11 89 add 11 is 100 neg 2 is -2 3 add -2 is 1 neg 2 is -2 3 mult -2 is -6 3 mult 2 is 6 2 cut 6 is -4 neg 3 is -3 -3 mult 2 is -6 3 mult 2 is 6 2 cut 6 is -4 neg 2 is -2 -2 add 2 is 0 neg 2 is -2 -2 mult 2 is -4 3 mult 2 is 6 6 cut 2 is 4

C++:

```
3+3=6
ans:6
12+32=44
44+35=79
ans:79
12+32=44
44+35=79
79+21=100
100-20=80
ans:80
32-2=30
ans:30
3*2=6
6/1=6
6-3=3
ans:3
-----
2*2=4
6-4=2
ans:2
-----
-2+32=30
30*-3=-90
112--90=202
ans:202
3*2=6
30+6=36
36/36=1
ans:1
-12+12=0
12-0=12
12+12=24
ans:24
8-1=7
77/7=11
89+11=100
ans:100
3+-2=1
ans:1
3*-2=-6
ans:-6
-----
3*2=6
2-6=-4
ans:-4
-3*2=-6
2--6=8
ans:8
3*2=6
2-6=-4
ans:-4
-----
-2+2=0
ans:0
3*2=6
6-2=4
ans:4
```

討論:

輸入結尾如果沒有換行的話會 syntax error,在 statement 加入沒有換行的規則就可以解決。

心得:

這個作業有點麻煩但不會很困難。

(註:有多做 c++版本)