

# NOTICE:

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for the sake of the privacy of your datasets, I deleted from repo. Please copy it to “datasets” dir.

# Highlight:

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- ALBERT works really good. Especially after good fine-tuning.
- Using Numpy mask array is a good and fast way to analyse cross-section data.

# Env requirement:

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- Python3
- Tesorflow 1.13+
- Keras 2.3+

# 1. ModelTraining(overallSentiment.py):

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**Main methods: DNN-ALBERT\_tiny\_zh\_google + FineTune twice.**

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- FineTune 1st
  - source: <https://github.com/bojone/bert4keras.git>  
(<https://github.com/bojone/bert4keras.git>)
  - ACC: 0.86 (for the test dataset)
- FineTune 2nd:
  - Datasets: based on the predicted result by fineTune1 model, manually adjusted 1000 reviews's annotations.
  - ACC: 0.92 (for the test dataset)

# 2. Analysis(analyze.py):

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**Main mathods:**

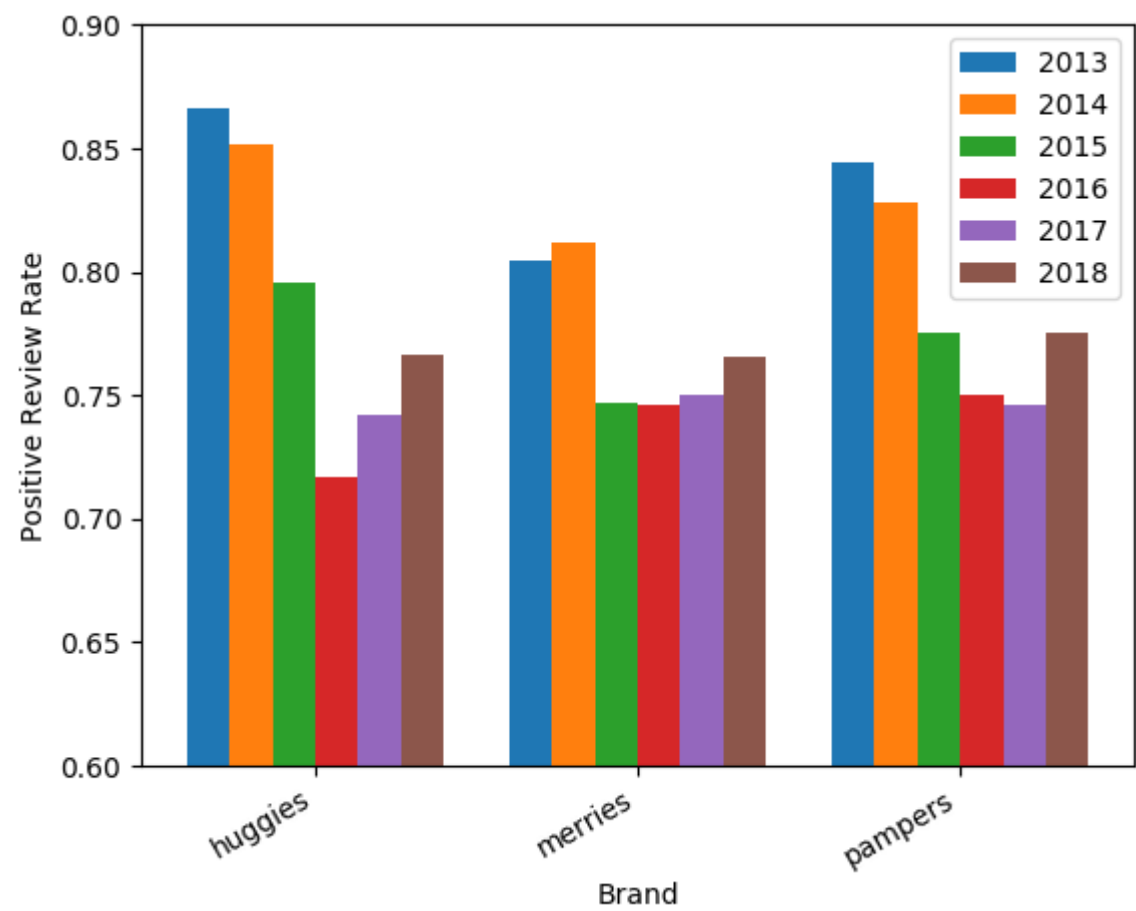
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- use mask array to select data and plot.
- use “jieba” package to analyze keywords of negtive reviews, and plot word cloud.
- deeper analyze: focus on “fake product” negtive reviews.

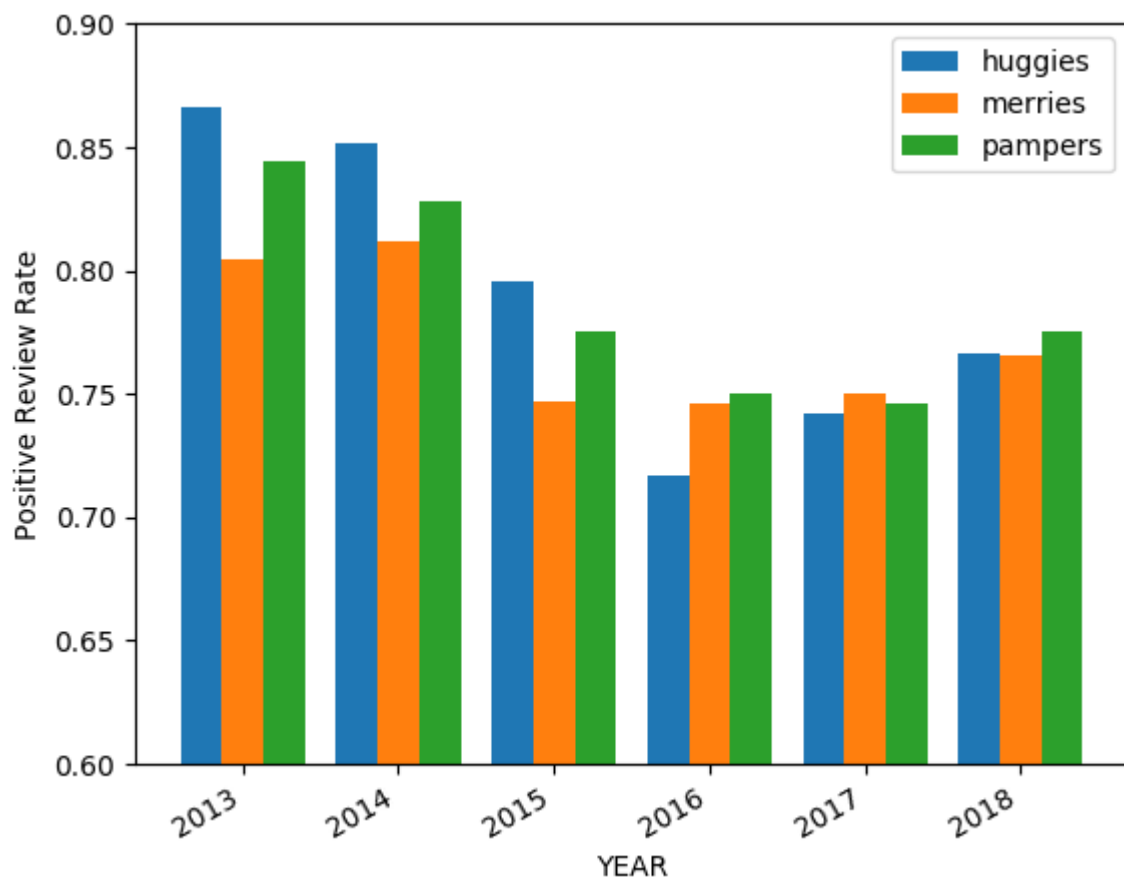
# Results:

## Brand\_Year-Positive\_Review\_Rate:

shows that all the brands' positive review decline from 2013 to 2016, and then increase again till now.

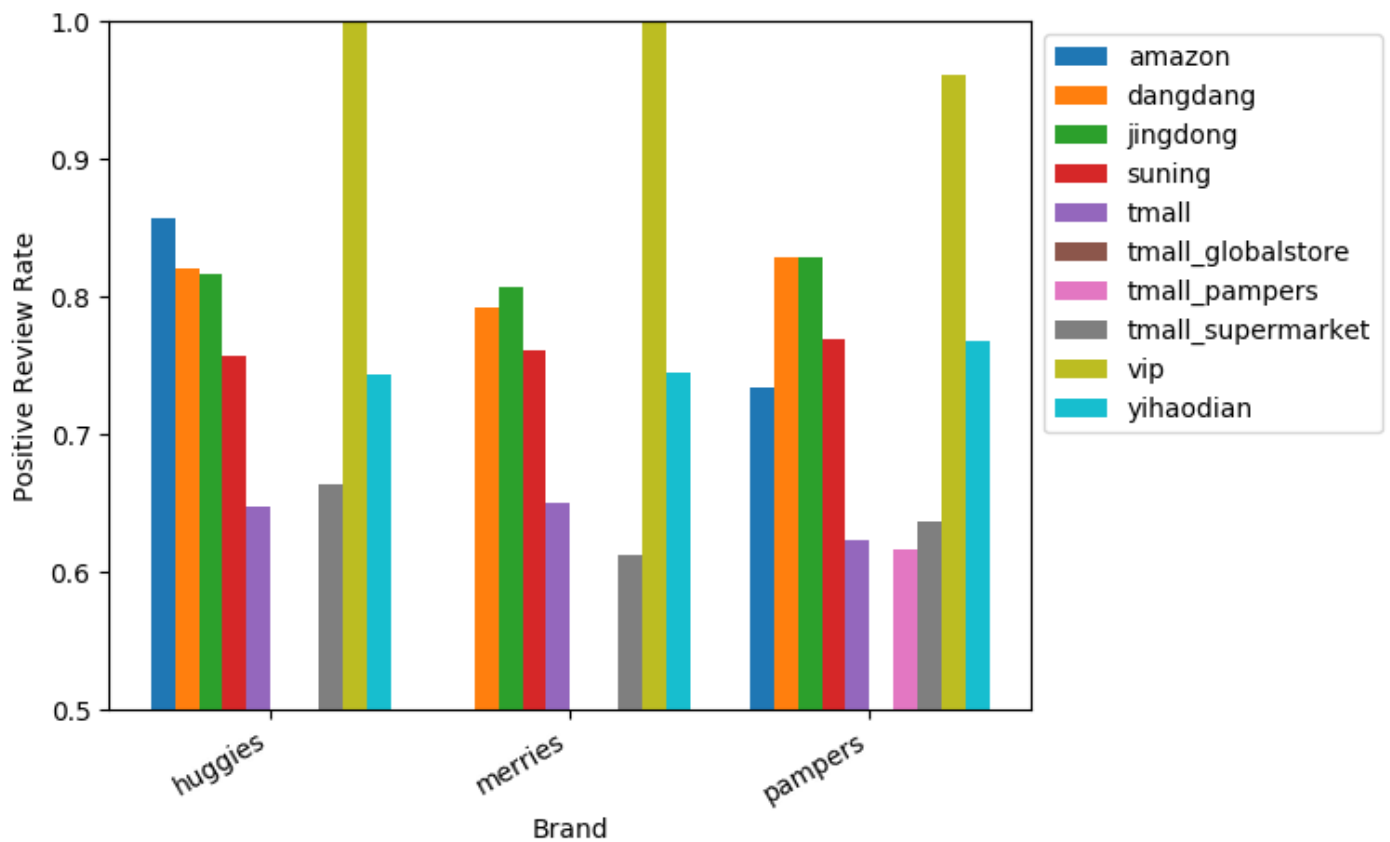


## Year-Brand\_Positive-Review-Rate:



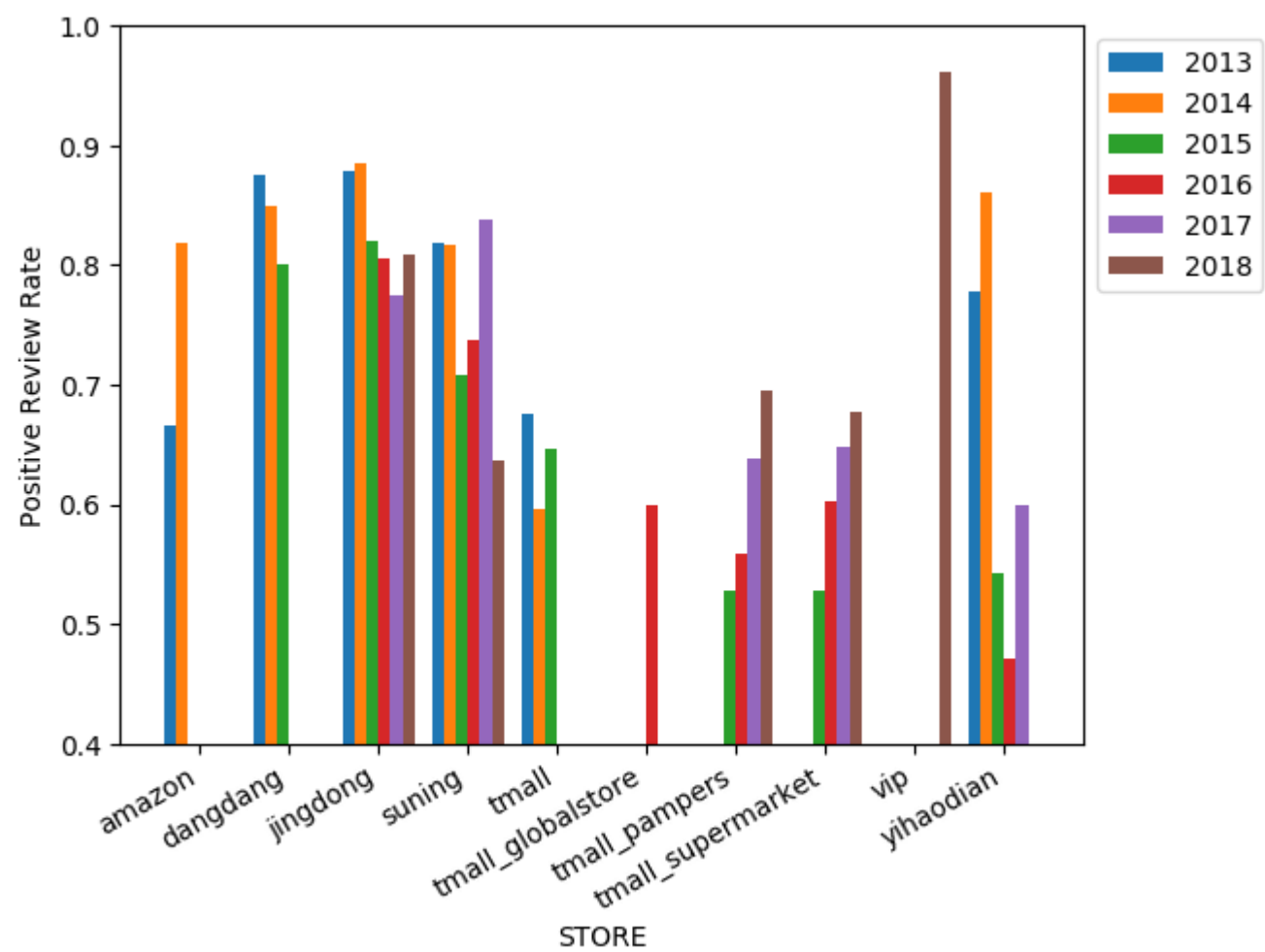
### Brand\_Store-Positive\_Review\_Rate:

shows that store “vip” has the best positive reviews, and tmall the worst.



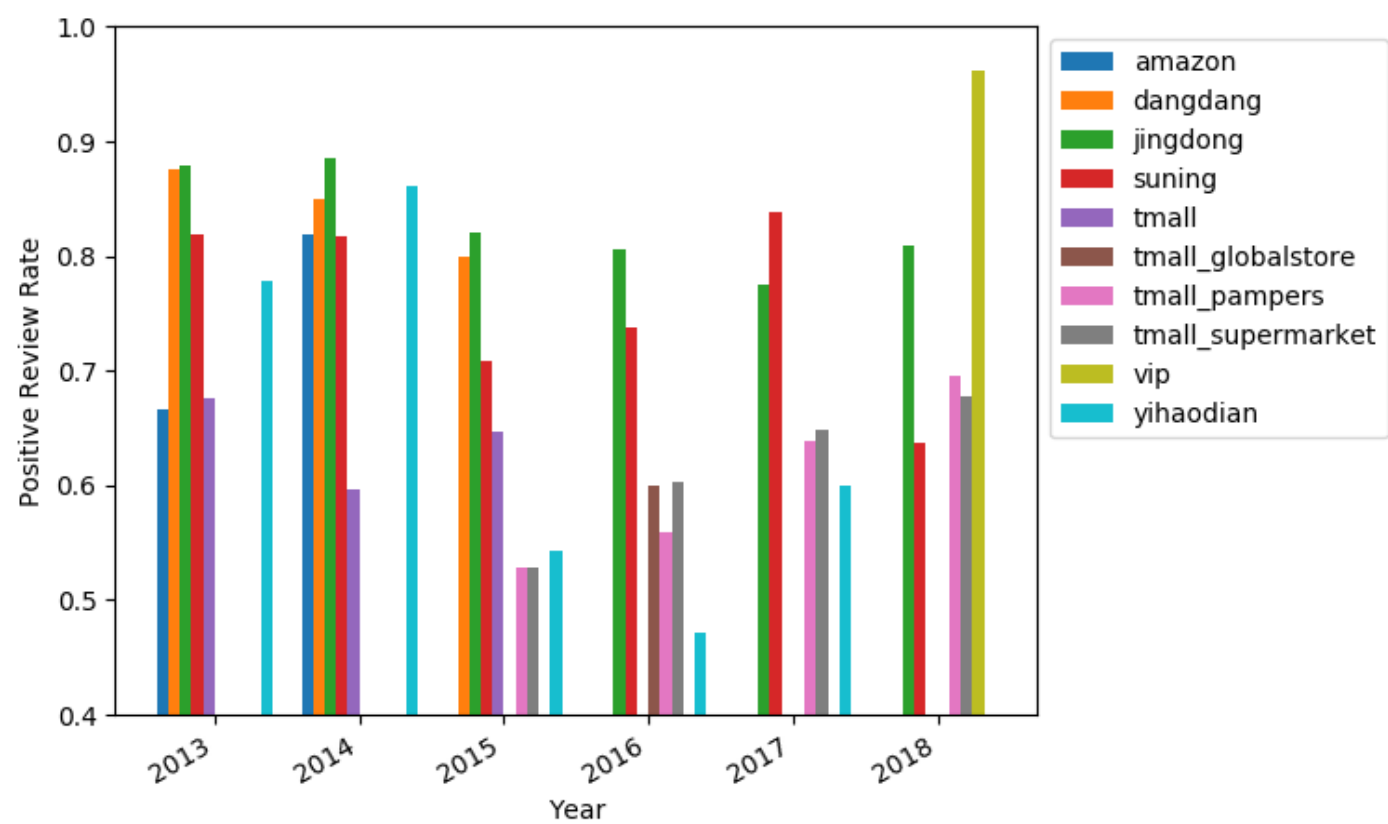
### pampers\_Store\_Year-Positive\_Review\_Rate:

detail of pampers:



**pampers\_Year\_Store-Positive\_Review\_Rate:**

detail of pampers:



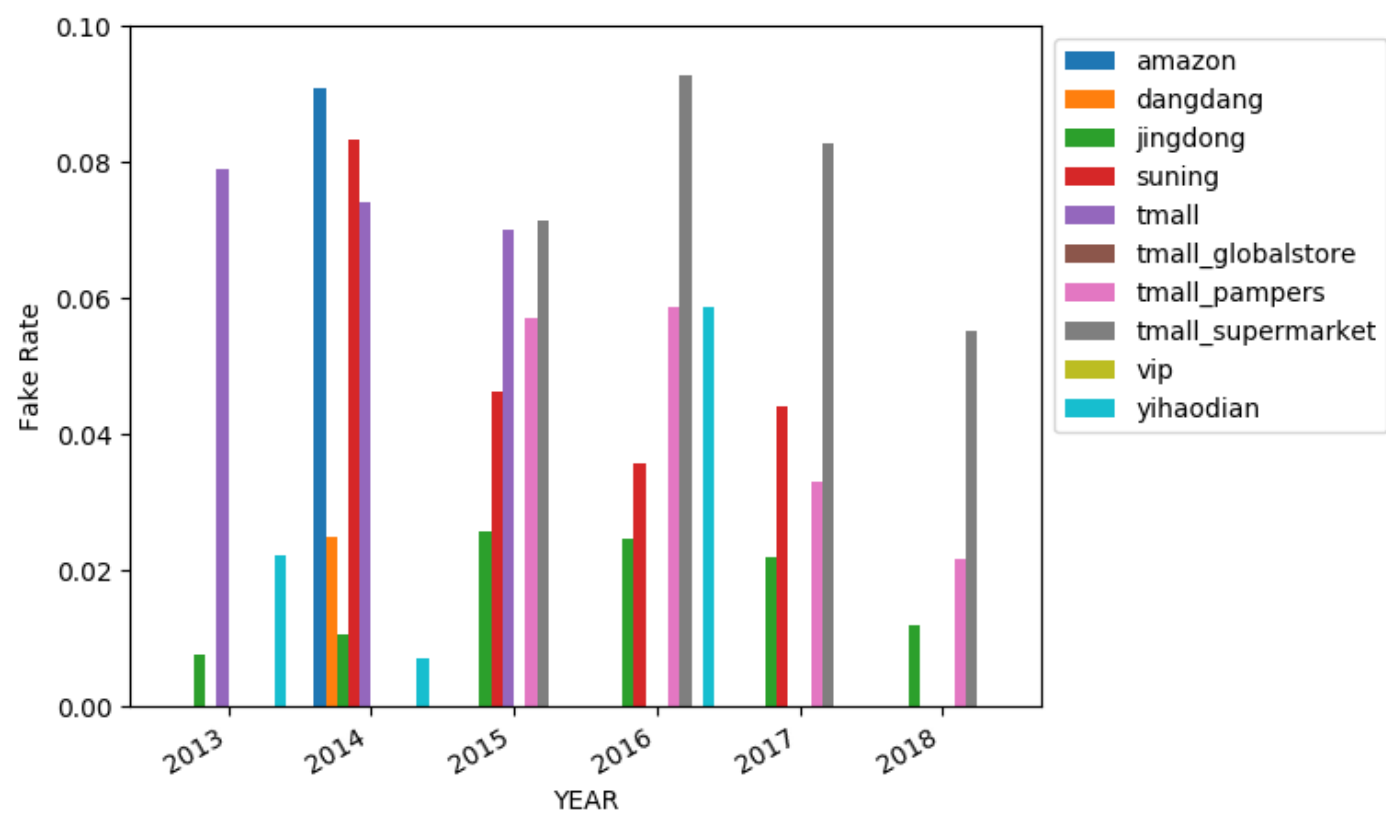
Check the details of negative reviews(keywords analysis):

不好 快递 东西 正 品 差 评 尿 不 湿 京 东 花 王 纸 尿 裤 不是 正 品 假 货 没有 质 量 味 道 宝 宝 红 屁 股 漏 尿 包 装 感 觉 里 面 知 道

shows that the “fake product” issue has a peak at 2016, and is decreasing after that. Brand “merries” has the biggest problem with it.

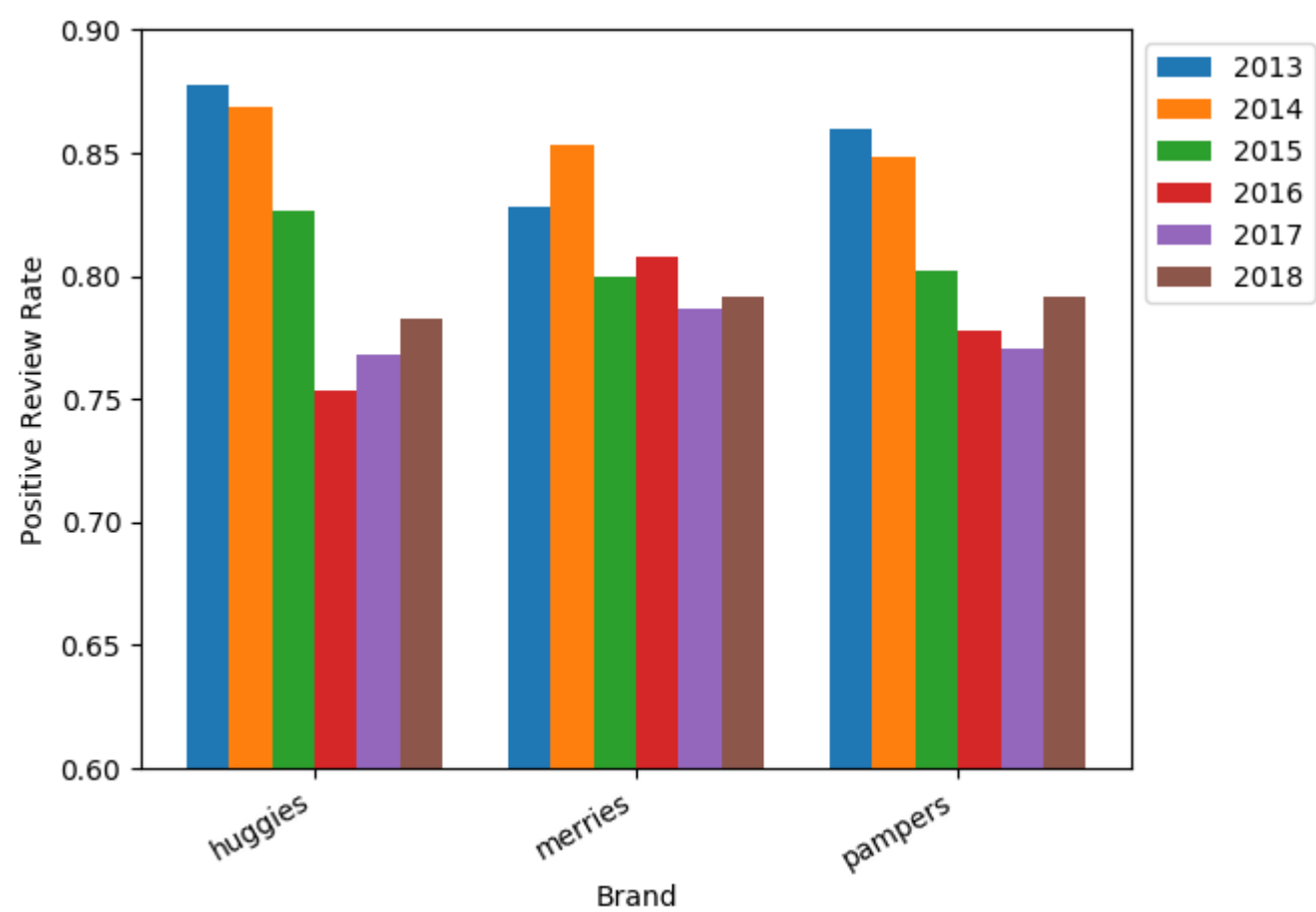


detail of pampers:

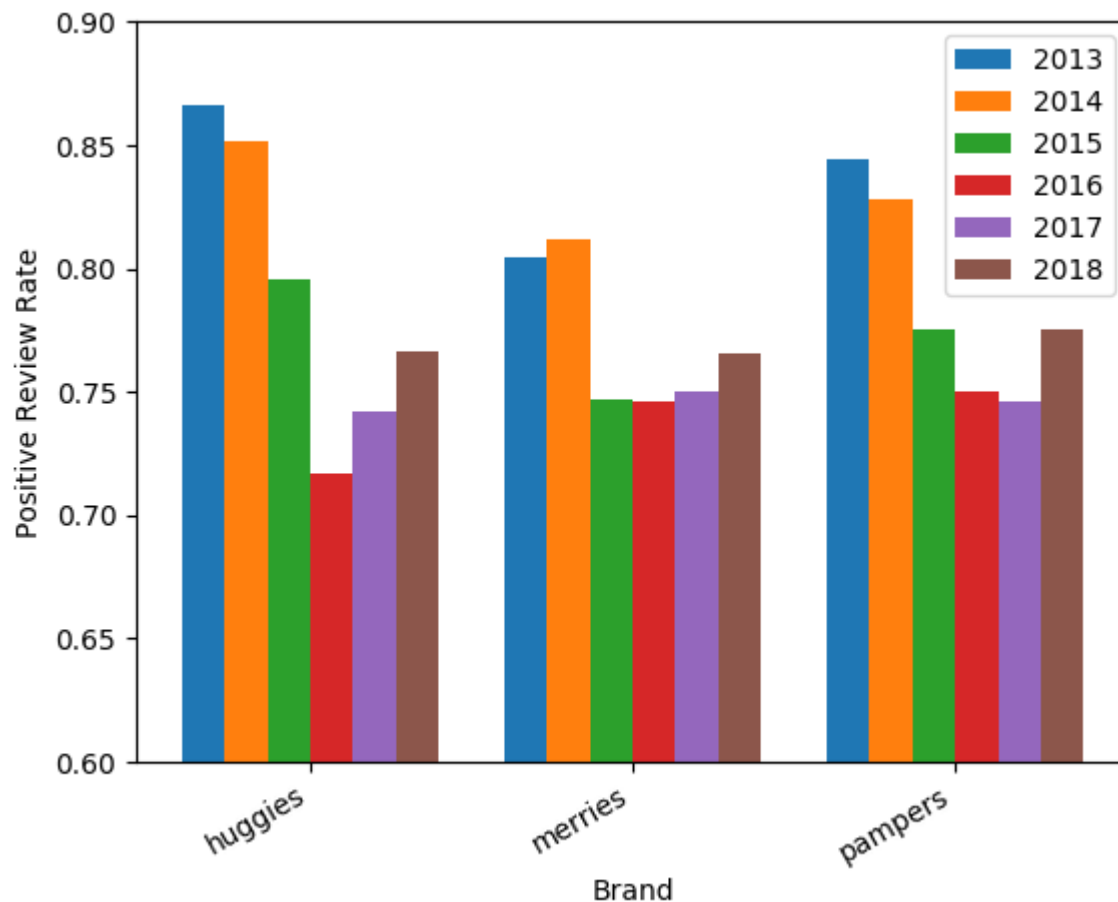


**Fake\_issue\_excluded\_Brand\_Year-Positive\_Review\_Rate:**

Comparing with the fake issue included one(first fig), the difference of positive reviews between brands, decreased:



comparing with the fake issue included one:



## Conclusions:

1. Bert/Albert is powerful!
2. "Fake product" should not be neglected when analyzing reviews.

## More words and Next:

For the 1st time of doing a NLP project, I've paid too much time in Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis tech review which leads to no time for further analysis of processed data.

More things to be done: conduct a thorough Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis.