## Solving Differential Equations representing Simple Harmonic Motion

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July 18, 2015

Consider m is the mass of object, k is spring constant, x is a displacement from equilibrium state of a spring and t is time.

Therefore, the given differential equation of Simple Harmonic Motion is

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{\mathrm{d}t^2}x + \frac{kx}{m} = 0.$$

Solving the above differential equation, we get,

$$K_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{k}t}{\sqrt{m}}\right) + K_1 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{k}t}{\sqrt{m}}\right)$$

When m = 1, k = 1, a = 1 and b = 1 then the graph is

