

Solving Differential Equations representing Simple Harmonic Motion

Amritpal Singh

July 27, 2015

Consider m be the mass of object, k be spring constant, x be a displacement from equilibrium state of a spring and t is time.

Therefore, the given differential equation of Simple Harmonic Motion is

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{kx(t)}{m} = 0.$$

Solving the above differential equation, we get,

$$x = K_2 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{k}t}{\sqrt{m}}\right) + K_1 \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{k}t}{\sqrt{m}}\right)$$

When $m = 1$, $k = 1$, then the graph is

