Homework 4

Instructions

- This homework focuses on understanding and applying CoCoOp for CLIP prompt tuning. It consists of **four questions** designed to assess both theoretical understanding and practical application.
- Please organize your answers and results for the questions below and submit this jupyter notebook as a .pdf file.
- Deadline: 11/26 (Sat) 23:59

Preparation

- Run the code below before proceeding with the homework.
- If an error occurs, click 'Run Session Again' and then restart the runtime from the beginning.

```
1 !git clone https://github.com/mlvlab/ProMetaR.git
2 %cd ProMetaR/
3
4 !git clone https://github.com/KaiyangZhou/Dassl.pytorch.git
5 %cd Dassl.pytorch/
6
7 # Install dependencies
8 !pip install -r requirements.txt
9 !cp -r dassl ../
10 # Install this library (no need to re-build if the source code is modified)
11 # !python setup.py develop
12 %cd ..
13
14 !pip install -r requirements.txt
15
16 %mkdir outputs
```

```
17 %mkdir data
18
19 %cd data
20 %mkdir eurosat
21 !wget http://madm.dfki.de/files/sentinel/EuroSAT.zip -O EuroSAT.zip
22
23 !unzip -o EuroSAT.zip -d eurosat/
24 %cd eurosat
25 !gdown 1Ip7yaCWFi0eaOFUGga0lUdVi_DDQth1o
26
27 %cd .../.../
28
29 import os path as osp
30 from collections import OrderedDict
31 import math
32 import torch
33 import torch.nn as nn
34 from torch.nn import functional as F
35 from torch.cuda.amp import GradScaler, autocast
36 from PIL import Image
37 import torchvision.transforms as transforms
38 import torch
39 from clip import clip
40 from clip.simple_tokenizer import SimpleTokenizer as _Tokenizer
41 import time
42 from tqdm import tqdm
43 import datetime
44 import argparse
45 from dassl.utils import setup_logger, set_random_seed, collect_env_info
46 from dassl.config import get_cfg_default
47 from dassl.engine import build_trainer
48 from dassl.engine import TRAINER_REGISTRY, TrainerX
49 from dassl.metrics import compute_accuracy
50 from dassl.utils import load_pretrained_weights, load_checkpoint
51 from dassl.optim import build_optimizer, build_lr_scheduler
52
53 # custom
```

```
54 import datasets oxford pets
55 import datasets oxford flowers
56 import datasets.fgvc aircraft
57 import datasets.dtd
58 import datasets eurosat
59 import datasets stanford cars
60 import datasets.food101
61 import datasets sun397
62 import datasets.caltech101
63 import datasets.ucf101
64 import datasets.imagenet
65 import datasets.imagenet_sketch
66 import datasets.imagenetv2
67 import datasets.imagenet a
68 import datasets.imagenet r
69
70 def print_args(args, cfg):
      print("***********")
71
      print("** Arguments **")
72
      print("************")
73
74
      optkeys = list(args. dict .keys())
75
      optkeys.sort()
      for key in optkeys:
76
          print("{}: {}".format(key, args.__dict__[key]))
77
78
      print("*********")
79
      print("** Config **")
      print("*********")
80
      print(cfg)
81
82
83 def reset_cfg(cfg, args):
84
      if args.root:
85
          cfg.DATASET.ROOT = args.root
86
      if args.output_dir:
          cfg.OUTPUT_DIR = args.output dir
87
88
      if args.seed:
89
          cfg.SEED = args.seed
90
      if args.trainer:
```

```
cfg.TRAINER.NAME = args.trainer
 91
 92
       cfg.DATASET.NUM SHOTS = 16
       cfg.DATASET.SUBSAMPLE CLASSES = args.subsample classes
 93
       cfg.DATALOADER.TRAIN X.BATCH SIZE = args.train batch size
 94
 95
       cfg.OPTIM.MAX EPOCH = args.epoch
 96
 97 def extend_cfg(cfg):
 98
 99
       Add new config variables.
100
101
       from vacs.config import CfgNode as CN
102
       cfg.TRAINER.COOP = CN()
       cfg.TRAINER.COOP.N CTX = 16 # number of context vectors
103
104
       cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CSC = False # class-specific context
       cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CTX INIT = "" # initialization words
105
       cfg.TRAINER.COOP.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
106
       cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CLASS TOKEN POSITION = "end" # 'middle' or 'end' or 'front'
107
       cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP = CN()
108
       cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.N_CTX = 4 # number of context vectors
109
       cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.CTX INIT = "a photo of a" # initialization words
110
       cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
111
112
        cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR = CN()
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.N CTX VISION = 4 # number of context vectors at the vision branch
113
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.N CTX TEXT = 4 # number of context vectors at the language branch
114
115
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.CTX INIT = "a photo of a" # initialization words
116
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
117
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PROMPT DEPTH VISION = 9 # Max 12, minimum 0, for 0 it will be using shallow IVLP prompting
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PROMPT_DEPTH_TEXT = 9 # Max 12, minimum 0, for 0 it will be using shallow IVLP prompting (J:
118
119
       cfg.DATASET.SUBSAMPLE CLASSES = "all" # all, base or new
120
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.ADAPT_LR = 0.0005
121
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.LR_RATIO = 0.0005
122
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.FAST ADAPTATION = False
123
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.MIXUP_ALPHA = 0.5
124
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.MIXUP_BETA = 0.5
125
       cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.DIM RATE=8
126
       cfq.OPTIM VNET = CN()
127
       cfg.OPTIM_VNET.NAME = "adam"
```

```
cfg.OPTIM\ VNET.LR = 0.0003
128
129
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.WEIGHT DECAY = 5e-4
130
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.MOMENTUM = 0.9
131
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.SGD DAMPNING = 0
132
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.SGD NESTEROV = False
133
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.RMSPROP ALPHA = 0.99
134
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.ADAM BETA1 = 0.9
135
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.ADAM BETA2 = 0.999
136
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.STAGED LR = False
137
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.NEW LAYERS = ()
138
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.BASE LR MULT = 0.1
139
       # Learning rate scheduler
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.LR SCHEDULER = "single step"
140
141
       # -1 or 0 means the stepsize is equal to max epoch
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.STEPSIZE = (-1, )
142
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.GAMMA = 0.1
143
144
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.MAX EPOCH = 10
145
       # Set WARMUP EPOCH larger than 0 to activate warmup training
146
       cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_EPOCH = -1
       # Either linear or constant
147
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.WARMUP TYPE = "linear"
148
149
       # Constant learning rate when type=constant
150
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.WARMUP CONS LR = 1e-5
       # Minimum learning rate when type=linear
151
152
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.WARMUP MIN LR = 1e-5
153
       # Recount epoch for the next scheduler (last epoch=-1)
154
       # Otherwise last epoch=warmup epoch
155
       cfg.OPTIM VNET.WARMUP RECOUNT = True
156
157 def setup_cfg(args):
158
       cfg = get_cfg_default()
159
       extend cfg(cfg)
       # 1. From the dataset config file
160
       if args.dataset_config_file:
161
           cfg.merge_from_file(args.dataset_config_file)
162
163
       # 2. From the method config file
164
       if args.config_file:
```

```
cfg.merge from file(args.config file)
165
       # 3. From input arguments
166
       reset_cfg(cfg, args)
167
       cfq.freeze()
168
169
       return cfq
170
171 tokenizer = Tokenizer()
172
173 def load clip to cpu(cfg): # Load CLIP
       backbone name = cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME
174
175
       url = clip. MODELS[backbone name]
       model_path = clip._download(url)
176
177
178
       try:
179
           # loading JIT archive
180
           model = torch.jit.load(model path, map location="cpu").eval()
            state dict = None
181
182
183
       except RuntimeError:
184
            state_dict = torch.load(model_path, map_location="cpu")
185
       if cfg.TRAINER.NAME == "":
186
         design trainer = "CoOp"
187
188
        else:
189
         design trainer = cfg.TRAINER.NAME
190
        design_details = {"trainer": design_trainer,
191
                          "vision depth": 0,
                          "language_depth": 0, "vision_ctx": 0,
192
193
                          "language ctx": 0}
194
       model = clip.build_model(state_dict or model.state_dict(), design_details)
195
196
        return model
197
198 from dassl.config import get_cfg_default
199 cfg = get_cfg_default()
200 cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME = "ViT-B/16" # Set the vision encoder backbone of CLIP to ViT.
201 clip_model = load_clip_to_cpu(cfg)
```

```
202
203
204
205 class TextEncoder(nn.Module):
       def init (self, clip model): # 초기화 하는 함수
206
207
           super(). init ()
           self.transformer = clip model.transformer
208
           self.positional embedding = clip model.positional embedding
209
210
           self.ln final = clip model.ln final
           self.text projection = clip model.text projection
211
212
           self.dtype = clip model.dtype
213
214
       def forward(self, prompts, tokenized prompts): # 모델 호출
           x = prompts + self.positional embedding.type(self.dtype)
215
216
           x = x.permute(1, 0, 2) # NLD -> LND
           x = self.transformer(x)
217
218
           x = x.permute(1, 0, 2) # LND -> NLD
           x = self.ln final(x).type(self.dtype)
219
220
221
           # x.shape = [batch_size, n_ctx, transformer.width]
222
           # take features from the eot embedding (eot token is the highest number in each sequence)
223
           x = x[torch.arange(x.shape[0]), tokenized prompts.argmax(dim=-1)] @ self.text projection
224
225
            return x
226
227
228 @TRAINER REGISTRY register(force=True)
229 class CoCoOp(TrainerX):
       def check cfq(self, cfq):
230
           assert cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC in ["fp16", "fp32", "amp"]
231
232
233
       def build model(self):
234
           cfq = self.cfq
            classnames = self.dm.dataset.classnames
235
           print(f"Loading CLIP (backbone: {cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME})")
236
           clip model = load clip to cpu(cfg)
237
238
```

```
239
           if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "fp32" or cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "amp":
240
                # CLIP's default precision is fp16
                clip model.float()
241
242
243
            print("Building custom CLIP")
244
            self.model = CoCoOpCustomCLIP(cfg, classnames, clip model)
245
            print("Turning off gradients in both the image and the text encoder")
246
247
            name to update = "prompt learner"
248
            for name, param in self.model.named parameters():
249
250
                if name to update not in name:
251
                    param.requires_grad_(False)
252
253
            # Double check
254
            enabled = set()
            for name, param in self.model.named_parameters():
255
                if param.requires_grad:
256
                    enabled.add(name)
257
            print(f"Parameters to be updated: {enabled}")
258
259
260
            if cfg.MODEL.INIT WEIGHTS:
                load_pretrained_weights(self.model.prompt_learner, cfg.MODEL.INIT WEIGHTS)
261
262
            self.model.to(self.device)
263
264
           # NOTE: only give prompt_learner to the optimizer
265
            self.optim = build optimizer(self.model.prompt learner, cfq.OPTIM)
            self.sched = build lr scheduler(self.optim, cfq.OPTIM)
266
267
            self.register model("prompt learner", self.model.prompt learner, self.optim, self.sched)
268
            self.scaler = GradScaler() if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "amp" else None
269
270
271
           # Note that multi-gpu training could be slow because CLIP's size is
272
           # big, which slows down the copy operation in DataParallel
            device_count = torch.cuda.device_count()
273
274
           if device count > 1:
275
                print(f"Multiple GPUs detected (n_gpus={device_count}), use all of them!")
```

```
276
                self.model = nn.DataParallel(self.model)
277
278
       def before train(self):
279
            directory = self.cfg.OUTPUT DIR
            if self.cfg.RESUME:
280
281
                directory = self.cfg.RESUME
            self.start epoch = self.resume_model_if_exist(directory)
282
283
           # Remember the starting time (for computing the elapsed time)
284
285
            self.time start = time.time()
286
287
       def forward backward(self, batch):
288
            image, label = self.parse batch train(batch)
289
290
291
           model = self.model
            optim = self.optim
292
293
           scaler = self.scaler
294
            prec = self.cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC
295
296
            loss = model(image, label) # Input image 모델 통과
297
            optim.zero grad()
            loss.backward() # Backward (역전파)
298
            optim.step() # 모델 parameter update
299
300
301
            loss_summary = {"loss": loss.item()}
302
303
           if (self.batch idx + 1) == self.num batches:
                self_update lr()
304
305
306
            return loss_summary
307
308
       def parse_batch_train(self, batch):
            input = batch["img"]
309
            label = batch["label"]
310
311
            input = input.to(self.device)
312
           label = label.to(self.device)
```

```
return input, label
313
314
315
       def load model(self, directory, epoch=None):
           if not directory:
316
317
                print("Note that load model() is skipped as no pretrained model is given")
318
                return
319
320
           names = self.get model names()
321
322
           # By default, the best model is loaded
323
           model file = "model-best.pth.tar"
324
325
            if epoch is not None:
                model file = "model.pth.tar-" + str(epoch)
326
327
328
            for name in names:
329
                model path = osp.join(directory, name, model file)
330
331
                if not osp.exists(model_path):
                    raise FileNotFoundError('Model not found at "{}"'.format(model path))
332
333
334
                checkpoint = load checkpoint(model path)
335
                state_dict = checkpoint["state_dict"]
                epoch = checkpoint["epoch"]
336
337
338
                # Ignore fixed token vectors
339
               if "token prefix" in state dict:
                    del state_dict["token_prefix"]
340
341
               if "token suffix" in state dict:
342
                    del state_dict["token_suffix"]
343
344
345
                print("Loading weights to {} " 'from "{}" (epoch = {})'.format(name, model_path, epoch))
346
               # set strict=False
                self._models[name].load_state_dict(state_dict, strict=False)
347
348
349
       def after_train(self):
```

```
350
         print("Finish training")
351
352
         do test = not self.cfg.TEST.NO TEST
353
         if do test:
354
             if self.cfg.TEST.FINAL MODEL == "best val":
355
                  print("Deploy the model with the best val performance")
                  self.load model(self.output dir)
356
357
             else:
358
                  print("Deploy the last-epoch model")
             acc = self.test()
359
360
361
         # Show elapsed time
         elapsed = round(time.time() - self.time start)
362
         elapsed = str(datetime.timedelta(seconds=elapsed))
363
         print(f"Elapsed: {elapsed}")
364
365
366
         # Close writer
         self.close writer()
367
368
         return acc
369
370
        def train(self):
            """Generic training loops."""
371
372
           self.before train()
            for self.epoch in range(self.start_epoch, self.max_epoch):
373
                self.before epoch()
374
375
                self.run_epoch()
376
                self.after epoch()
           acc = self.after train()
377
378
            return acc
379
380 parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
381 parser add argument("--root", type=str, default="data/", help="path to dataset")
382 parser.add_argument("--output-dir", type=str, default="outputs/cocoop3", help="output directory")
383 parser add_argument(
       "--seed", type=int, default=1, help="only positive value enables a fixed seed"
384
385)
386 parser add_argument(
```

```
387
       "--config-file", type=str, default="configs/trainers/ProMetaR/vit b16 c2 ep10 batch4 4+4ctx.yaml", help="path to
388)
389 parser add argument(
       "--dataset-config-file",
390
391
       type=str,
392
       default="configs/datasets/eurosat.yaml",
       help="path to config file for dataset setup",
393
394)
395 parser.add argument("--trainer", type=str, default="CoOp", help="name of trainer")
396 parser add argument("--eval-only", action="store true", help="evaluation only")
397 parser add argument(
       "--model-dir",
398
       type=str,
399
       default="",
400
       help="load model from this directory for eval-only mode",
401
402)
403 parser.add argument("--train-batch-size", type=int, default=4)
404 parser add argument("--epoch", type=int, default=10)
405 parser.add argument("--subsample-classes", type=str, default="base")
406 parser add argument(
       "--load-epoch", type=int, default=0, help="load model weights at this epoch for evaluation"
407
408)
409 args = parser parse args([])
410
411 def main(args):
       cfg = setup_cfg(args)
412
413
       if cfq.SEED >= 0:
           set random seed(cfg.SEED)
414
415
416
       if torch.cuda.is_available() and cfg.USE_CUDA:
            torch.backends.cudnn.benchmark = True
417
418
419
       trainer = build_trainer(cfg)
       if args.eval_only:
420
           trainer.load_model(args.model_dir, epoch=args.load_epoch)
421
422
            acc = trainer.test()
423
            return acc
```

```
424
425 acc = trainer.train()
426 return acc
국가 숨겨진 출력 표시
```

→ Q1. Understanding and implementing CoCoOp

- We have learned how to define CoOp in Lab Session 4.
- The main difference between CoOp and CoCoOp is **meta network** to extract image tokens that is added to the text prompt.
- Based on the CoOp code given in Lab Session 4, fill-in-the-blank exercise (4 blanks!!) to test your understanding of critical parts of the CoCoOp.

```
1 import torch.nn as nn
 2
 3 class CoCoOpPromptLearner(nn.Module):
      def __init__(self, cfg, classnames, clip_model):
          super().__init__()
          n cls = len(classnames)
 6
          n ctx = cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.N CTX
 8
           ctx_init = cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.CTX_INIT
           dtype = clip model.dtype
           ctx_dim = clip_model.ln_final.weight.shape[0]
10
           vis_dim = clip_model.visual.output_dim
11
           clip_imsize = clip_model.visual.input_resolution
12
           cfg imsize = cfg.INPUT.SIZE[0]
13
14
           assert cfg_imsize == clip_imsize, f"cfg_imsize ({cfg_imsize}) must equal to clip_imsize ({clip_imsize})"
15
          if ctx init:
16
              # use given words to initialize context vectors
17
               ctx_init = ctx_init.replace("_", " ")
18
              n ctx = len(ctx init.split(" "))
19
               prompt = clip.tokenize(ctx init)
20
```

```
with torch.no grad():
21
22
                 embedding = clip model.token embedding(prompt).type(dtype)
23
              ctx vectors = embedding[0, 1: 1 + n ctx, :]
              prompt prefix = ctx init
24
25
          else:
26
             # random initialization
27
              ctx vectors = torch.empty(n ctx, ctx dim, dtype=dtype)
              nn.init.normal (ctx vectors, std=0.02)
28
              prompt prefix = " ".join(["X"] * n_ctx)
29
30
31
          print(f'Initial context: "{prompt prefix}"')
32
          print(f"Number of context words (tokens): {n ctx}")
33
34
          self.ctx = nn.Parameter(ctx vectors) # Wrap the initialized prompts above as parameters to make them trainab
35
          ### Tokenize ###
36
          classnames = [name.replace("_", " ") for name in classnames] # 예) "Forest"
37
          name lens = [len( tokenizer.encode(name)) for name in classnames]
38
          prompts = [prompt_prefix + " " + name + "." for name in classnames] # 예) "A photo of Forest."
39
40
          tokenized prompts = torch.cat([clip.tokenize(p) for p in prompts]) # 예) [49406, 320, 1125, 539...]
41
42
43
44
45
          46
          ####### 01. Fill in the blank ######
47
          ######## Define Meta Net ########
          self.meta net = nn.Sequential(OrderedDict([
48
              ("linear1", nn.Linear(vis dim, vis dim // 16)),
49
50
              ("relu", nn.ReLU(inplace=True)),
              ("linear2", nn.Linear(vis_dim // 16, ctx_dim))
51
          ]))
52
53
          ## Hint: meta network is composed to linear layer, relu activation, and linear layer.
54
55
56
```

57

```
if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "fp16":
58
               self.meta net.half()
59
60
          with torch.no grad():
61
62
               embedding = clip_model.token_embedding(tokenized_prompts).type(dtype)
63
64
          # These token vectors will be saved when in save model(),
          # but they should be ignored in load model() as we want to use
65
66
          # those computed using the current class names
          self.register buffer("token prefix", embedding[:, :1, :]) # SOS
67
68
          self.register buffer("token suffix", embedding[:, 1 + n ctx:, :]) # CLS, EOS
69
          self_n_cls = n_cls
          self_n ctx = n ctx
70
          self.tokenized prompts = tokenized prompts # torch.Tensor
71
72
          self.name lens = name lens
73
74
      def construct prompts(self, ctx, prefix, suffix, label=None):
75
          # dim0 is either batch size (during training) or n cls (during testing)
          # ctx: context tokens, with shape of (dim0, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
76
          # prefix: the sos token, with shape of (n_cls, 1, ctx_dim)
77
78
          # suffix: remaining tokens, with shape of (n cls, *, ctx dim)
79
          if label is not None:
80
              prefix = prefix[label]
81
82
               suffix = suffix[label]
83
84
          prompts = torch.cat(
85
                  prefix, # (dim0, 1, dim)
86
                  ctx, # (dim0, n_ctx, dim)
87
                  suffix, # (dim0, *, dim)
88
89
              ],
              dim=1,
90
91
92
93
          return prompts
94
```

```
def forward(self, im features):
 95
          prefix = self.token prefix
 96
          suffix = self.token suffix
 97
          ctx = self.ctx # (n ctx, ctx dim)
 98
 99
100
101
102
          103
          ######### 02.3. Fill in the blank ########
          bias = self.meta net(im features) # (batch, ctx dim)
104
          bias = bias.unsqueeze(1) # (batch, 1, ctx dim)
105
106
          ctx = ctx.unsqueeze(0) # (1, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
          ctx shifted = ctx + bias # (batch, n ctx, ctx dim)
107
108
          109
          110
111
112
          # Use instance-conditioned context tokens for all classes
113
114
          prompts = []
115
          for ctx shifted i in ctx shifted:
              ctx_i = ctx_shifted_i.unsqueeze(0).expand(self.n cls, -1, -1)
116
              pts_i = self.construct_prompts(ctx_i, prefix, suffix) # (n_cls, n_tkn, ctx_dim)
117
              prompts.append(pts i)
118
          prompts = torch.stack(prompts)
119
120
121
          return prompts
  1 class CoCoOpCustomCLIP(nn.Module):
  2
       def __init__(self, cfg, classnames, clip_model):
          super(). init ()
  3
  4
          self.prompt_learner = CoCoOpPromptLearner(cfg, classnames, clip_model)
          self.tokenized prompts = self.prompt learner.tokenized prompts
  5
          self.image_encoder = clip_model.visual
  6
          self.text encoder = TextEncoder(clip model)
  8
          self.logit_scale = clip_model.logit_scale
          self.dtype = clip model.dtype
  9
```

```
10
     def forward(self, image, label=None):
11
         tokenized prompts = self.tokenized_prompts
12
         logit scale = self.logit scale.exp()
13
14
15
         image features = self.image encoder(image.type(self.dtype))
16
         image features = image features / image features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
17
18
19
         20
         ######## 04. Fill in the blank #######
21
         prompts = self.prompt_learner(image_features)
22
         23
         24
25
         logits = []
26
         for pts i, imf i in zip(prompts, image features):
27
            text_features = self.text_encoder(pts_i, tokenized_prompts)
28
            text features = text features / text features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
29
30
            l i = logit scale * imf i @ text features.t()
31
            logits.append(l i)
32
         logits = torch.stack(logits)
33
         if self.prompt learner.training:
34
             return F.cross_entropy(logits, label)
35
36
         return logits
37
```

∨ Q2. Training CoCoOp

In this task, you will train CoCoOp on the EuroSAT dataset. If your implementation of CoCoOp in Question 1 is correct, the following code should execute without errors. Please submit the execution file so we can evaluate whether your code runs without any issues.

```
1 # Train on the Base Classes Train split and evaluate accuracy on the Base Classes Test split.
2 args.trainer = "CoCoOp"
3 args.train_batch_size = 4
4 args.epoch = 100
5 args.output_dir = "outputs/cocoop"
6
7 args.subsample_classes = "base"
8 args.eval_only = False
9 cocoop_base_acc = main(args)
```

```
CHOCH [02/100] DUTCH [70/50] TIME A.ARD (A.TD4) MUTO (A.MD0 (A.MD0) FOR A.TD40) FOR T. T.D407G—AA GIG A:AA.
    epoch [86/100] batch [20/20] time 0.106 (0.125) data 0.000 (0.022) loss 0.0459 (0.1491) lr 1.3624e-04 eta 0:00:35
    epoch [87/100] batch [20/20] time 0.123 (0.141) data 0.000 (0.024) loss 0.2108 (0.1862) lr 1.1897e-04 eta 0:00:36
    epoch [88/100] batch [20/20] time 0.138 (0.199) data 0.000 (0.034) loss 0.1178 (0.2581) lr 1.0281e-04 eta 0:00:47
    epoch [89/100] batch [20/20] time 0.094 (0.126) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.0460 (0.2158) lr 8.7779e-05 eta 0:00:27
    epoch [90/100] batch [20/20] time 0.096 (0.127) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.0492 (0.1039) lr 7.3899e-05 eta 0:00:25
    epoch [91/100] batch [20/20] time 0.094 (0.124) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.2791 (0.1459) lr 6.1179e-05 eta 0:00:22
    epoch [92/100] batch [20/20] time 0.128 (0.136) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.0514 (0.1019) lr 4.9633e-05 eta 0:00:21
    epoch [93/100] batch [20/20] time 0.179 (0.199) data 0.000 (0.039) loss 0.1763 (0.2449) lr 3.9271e-05 eta 0:00:27
    epoch [94/100] batch [20/20] time 0.091 (0.125) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.2859 (0.2261) lr 3.0104e-05 eta 0:00:14
    epoch [95/100] batch [20/20] time 0.091 (0.131) data 0.000 (0.023) loss 0.1564 (0.1853) lr 2.2141e-05 eta 0:00:13
    epoch [96/100] batch [20/20] time 0.097 (0.125) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.4089 (0.1330) lr 1.5390e-05 eta 0:00:09
    epoch [97/100] batch [20/20] time 0.118 (0.139) data 0.000 (0.024) loss 0.0698 (0.1542) lr 9.8566e-06 eta 0:00:08
    epoch [98/100] batch [20/20] time 0.144 (0.193) data 0.000 (0.033) loss 0.2188 (0.2041) lr 5.5475e-06 eta 0:00:07
    epoch [99/100] batch [20/20] time 0.095 (0.127) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.0691 (0.1264) lr 2.4666e-06 eta 0:00:02
    epoch [100/100] batch [20/20] time 0.095 (0.128) data 0.000 (0.023) loss 0.0025 (0.1101) lr 6.1680e-07 eta 0:00:00
    Checkpoint saved to outputs/cocoop/prompt learner/model.pth.tar-100
    Finish training
    Deploy the last-epoch model
    Evaluate on the *test* set
               42/42 [01:04<00:00, 1.54s/it]=> result
    * total: 4,200
    * correct: 3,813
    * accuracy: 90.8%
    * error: 9.2%
    * macro f1: 90.9%
    Elapsed: 0:06:14
 1 # Accuracy on the New Classes.
2 args.model dir = "outputs/cocoop"
3 args.output_dir = "outputs/cocoop/new_classes"
4 args.subsample_classes = "new"
5 args.load epoch = 100
6 args.eval only = True
7 coop novel acc = main(args)
→ Loading trainer: CoCoOp
    Loading dataset: EuroSAT
    Reading split from /content/ProMetaR/data/eurosat/split_zhou_EuroSAT.json
```

```
Loading preprocessed few-shot data from /content/ProMetaR/data/eurosat/split fewshot/shot 16-seed 1.pkl
SUBSAMPLE NEW CLASSES!
Building transform train
+ random resized crop (size=(224, 224), scale=(0.08, 1.0))
+ random flip
+ to torch tensor of range [0, 1]
+ normalization (mean=[0.48145466, 0.4578275, 0.40821073], std=[0.26862954, 0.26130258, 0.27577711])
Building transform test
+ resize the smaller edge to 224
+ 224x224 center crop
+ to torch tensor of range [0, 1]
+ normalization (mean=[0.48145466, 0.4578275, 0.40821073], std=[0.26862954, 0.26130258, 0.27577711])
Dataset EuroSAT
# classes 5
# train x 80
# val
                20
# test 3,900
Loading CLIP (backbone: ViT-B/16)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py:617: UserWarning: This DataLoader will create
    warnings.warn(
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/lr scheduler.py:62: UserWarning: The verbose parameter is deprecated by the control of th
    warnings.warn(
/content/ProMetaR/dassl/utils/torchtools.py:102: FutureWarning: You are using `torch.load` with `weights only=False`
     checkpoint = torch.load(fpath, map location=map location)
Building custom CLIP
Initial context: "a photo of a"
Number of context words (tokens): 4
Turning off gradients in both the image and the text encoder
Parameters to be updated: {'prompt_learner.meta_net.linear2.weight', 'prompt_learner.meta_net.linear2.bias', 'prompt_
Loading evaluator: Classification
Loading weights to prompt_learner from "outputs/cocoop/prompt_learner/model.pth.tar-100" (epoch = 100)
Evaluate on the *test* set
100%| 39/39 [00:59<00:00, 1.52s/it]=> result
* total: 3,900
* correct: 1,687
* accuracy: 43.3%
* error: 56.7%
* macro_f1: 39.0%
```

Q3. Analyzing the results of CoCoOp

Compare the results of CoCoOp with those of CoOp that we trained in Lab Session 4. Discuss possible reasons for the performance differences observed between CoCoOp and CoOp.

After we measured the accuracy of base and new classes both the CoOp and the CoCoOp, we could obtain the result below.

_		Base Classes (CoOp)	Base Classes (CoCoOp)	New Classes (CoOp)	New Classes (CoCoOp)
	Accuracy	91.4%	90.8%	51.5%	43.3%

The accuracy of base classes both the CoOp and CoCoOp were analogous. On the other hand, unlike what I have expected, the CoCoOp could not have higher accuracy on both of new classes. That is, the generalization is not appropriately operated to the CoCoOp training.

I assume that the training between the CoCoOp method and the EuroSAT dataset have not been processed sufficiently so that the method could not overcome the overfitting. For example, we would set the hyperparameters, such as learning rate, incorrectly.

Discussions or Takeaway messages

- Can we find the innovative method that the generalization on new classes can be perfectly operated, regardless of the kind of datasets?
- Can we address other network structures to the meta network in the CoCoOp to make the meta network complex?