Lecture #9 Animations

Mobile Applications Fall 2024

Overview

- Add visual cues about what is going on.
- Useful when the UI changes states.
- Adding a polished look, gives a higher quality look and feel.
- Add motions to the UI.



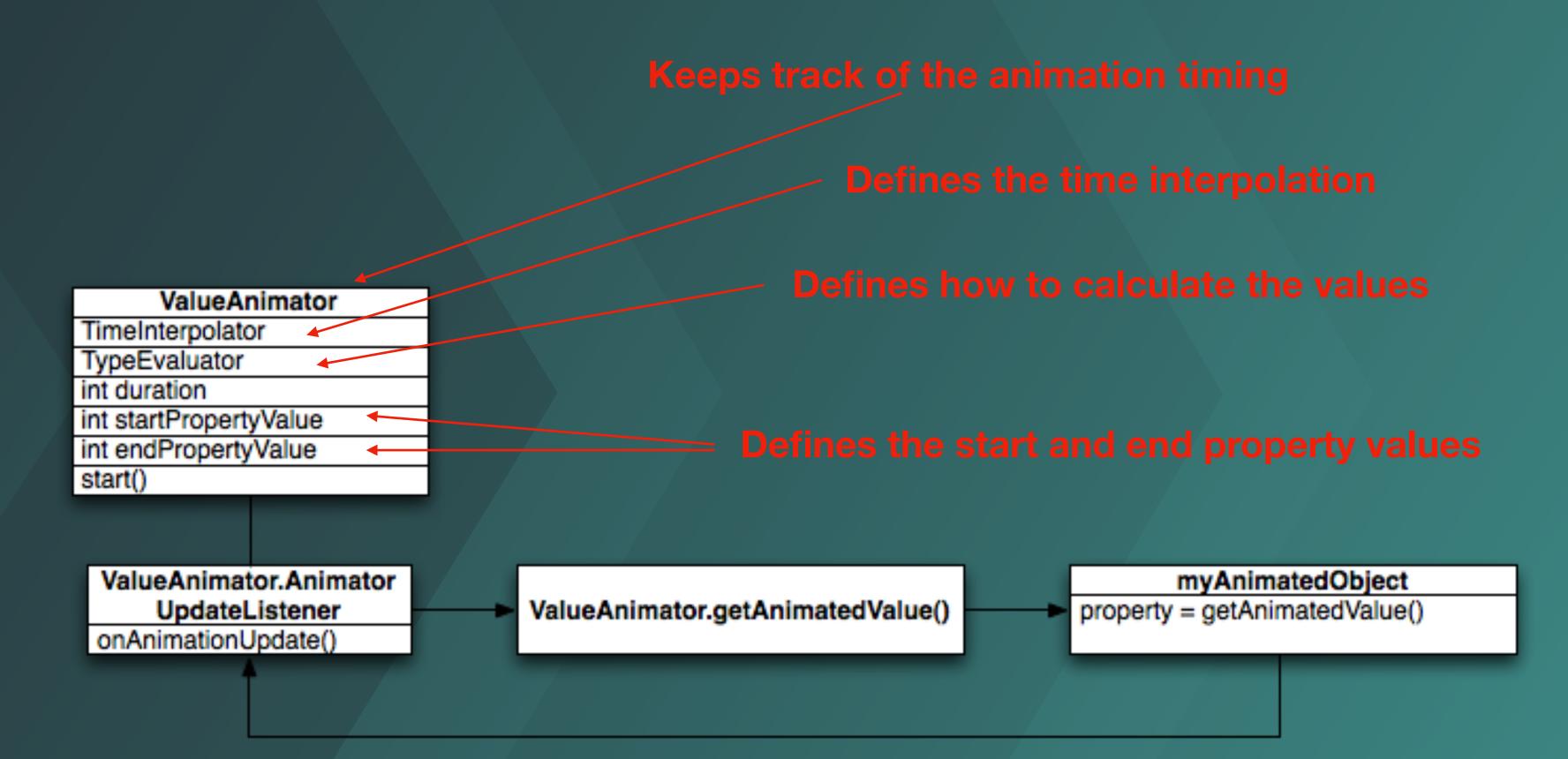
Property Animation

- Robust framework that allows to animate almost anything.
- Defines animation to change any object property over time.
- Characteristics of an animation:
 - Duration. Default length: 300ms.
 - Time interpolation. Defines how the values for the property are calculated.
 - Repeat count and behavior.
 - Animation sets.
 - Frame refresh delay. Default value: 10ms.

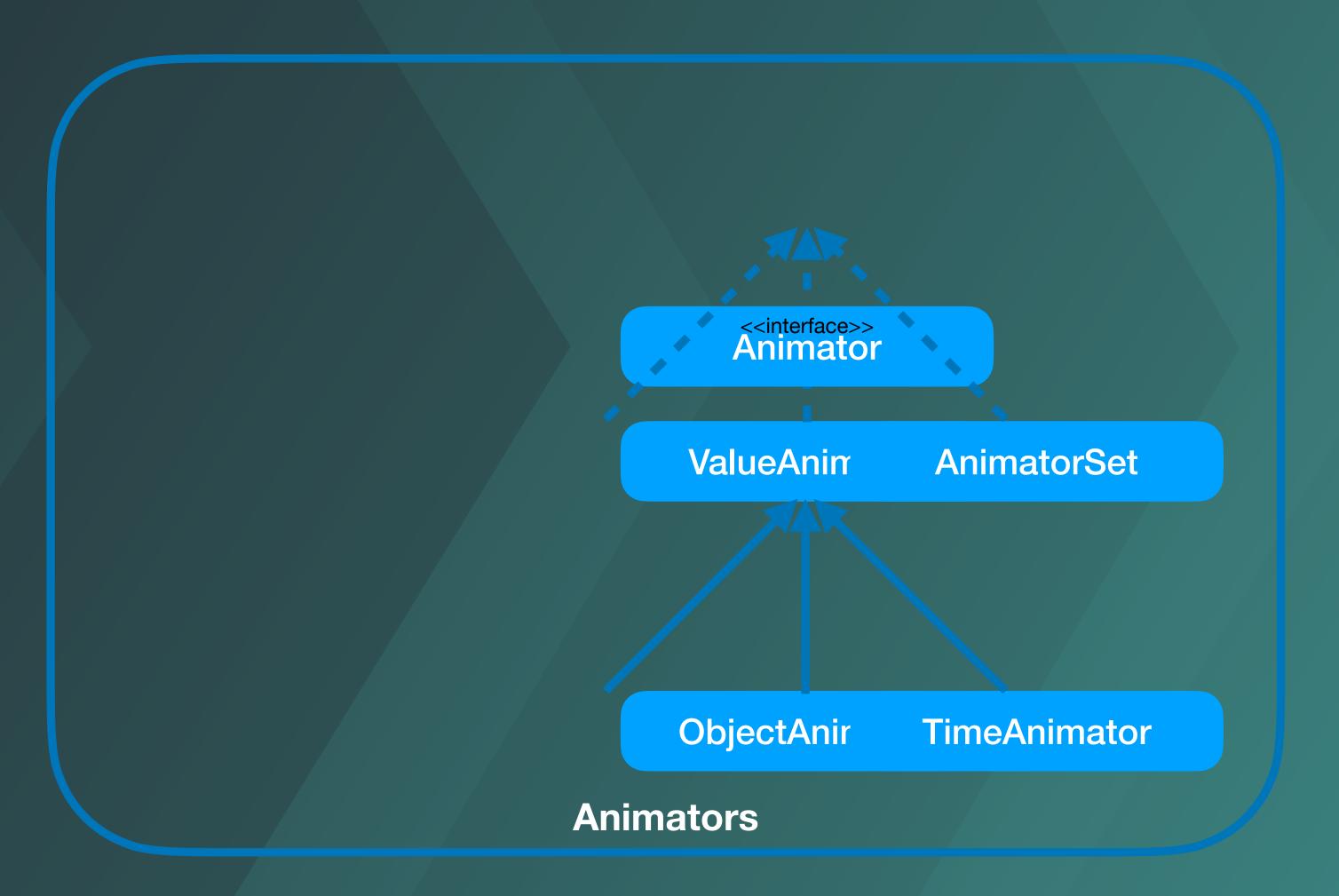
How property animation works

Linear animation x = 40x = 20x = 30t = 10ms t = 20ms t = 30 mst = 40ms duration = 40 ms **Non-linear animation** x = 20x = 34x = 40t = 20ms t = 10ms t = 30 mst = 40 msduration = 40 ms Same time and distance

Model

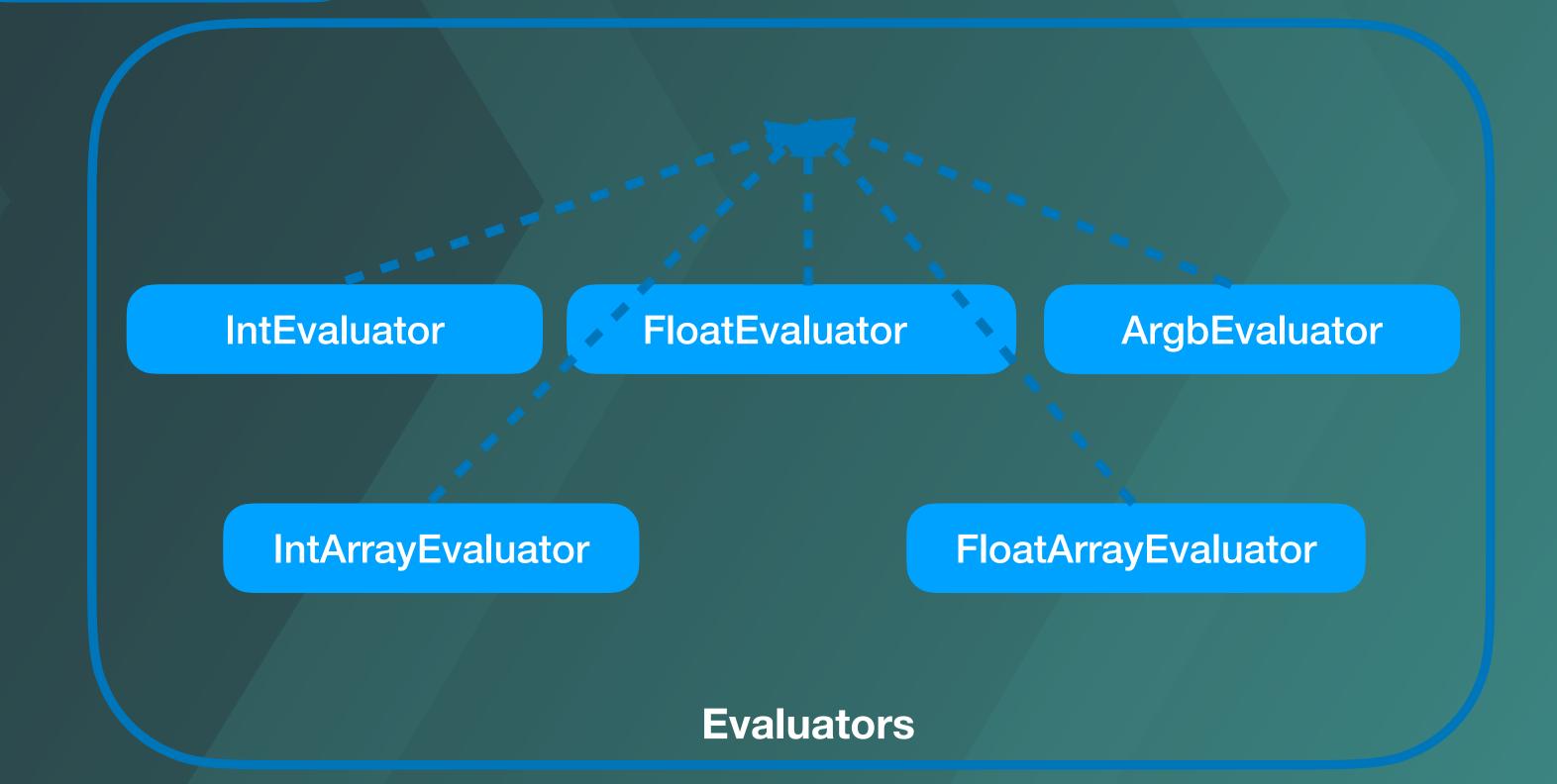


https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/graphics/prop-animation



https://developer.android.com/reference/android/animation/Animator

Animators



https://developer.android.com/reference/android/animation/TypeEvaluator

Animators

Evaluators

AccelerateDecelerateInterpolator

<<interface>>
Interpolator

AnticipateOvershootInterpolator

AccelerateInterpolator

BaseInterpolator

DecelerateInterpolator

AnticipateInterpolator

OvershootInterpolator

CycleInterpolator

LinearInterpolator

PathInterpolator

Interpolators

https://developer.android.com/reference/android/view/animation/Interpolator

Animators

Evaluators

Interpolators

```
ValueAnimator.ofObject(...).apply {
 Value Animatorie feloatip dated Anamalison ->
   duration use the animated value in a property that uses the
   statime type as the animation. In this case, you can use the
ValuelAntimaltor of Objectan Mhyi Bype Fpvaheartyr (),
   textaviewopeartylatibueXendipudqtectaMailuatioappalyimatedValue as Float
  duration = 1000
  /start()
ObjectAnimator.ofFloat(textView, "translationX", 100f).apply {
  duration = 1000
  start()
```

Choreograph using an AnimatorSet

```
val bouncer = AnimatorSet().apply {
 play(bounceAnim).before(squashAnim1)
 play(squashAnim1).with(squashAnim2)
 play(squashAnim1).with(stretchAnim1)
 play(squashAnim1).with(stretchAnim2)
 play(bounceBackAnim).after(stretchAnim2)
val fadeAnim = ObjectAnimator.ofFloat(newBall, "alpha", 1f, 0f).apply {
duration = 250
AnimatorSet().apply {
 play(bouncer).before(fadeAnim)
start()
```

Animation Listeners

```
ObjectAnimator.ofFloat(newBall, "alpha", 1f, 0f).apply {
   duration = 250
   addListener(object : AnimatorListenerAdapter() {
     override fun onAnimationEnd(animation: Animator) {
      balls.remove((animation as ObjectAnimator).target)
     }
   })
}
```

Animate Layout Changes

```
<LinearLayout
android:orientation="vertical"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:id="@+id/verticalContainer"/>
android:animateLayoutChanges="true"/>
```

Animate View State Changes

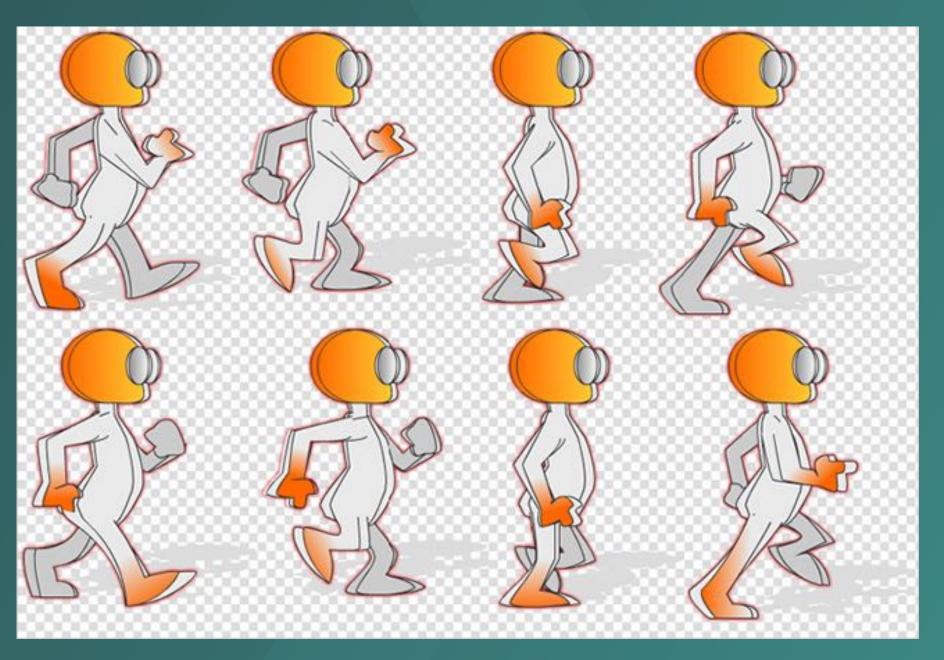


Define: res/xml/animate_scale.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<selector xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
<!-- the pressed state; increase x and y size to 150% -->
<item android:state_pressed="true">
  <set>
   <objectAnimator android:propertyName="scaleX"</pre>
    android:duration="@android:integer/config_shortAnimTime"
    android:valueTo="1.5"
    android:valueType="floatType"/>
   <objectAnimator android:propertyName="scaleY"</pre>
    android:duration="@android:integer/config_shortAnimTime"
    android:valueTo="1.5"
    android:valueType="floatType"/>
  </set>
</item>
<item.a/pdroid:state_pressed="false">
```

Animate bitmaps

- Used to animate a graphic such as:
 - An icon.
 - Illustration.
- Drawable animation API.
- Defined statically with a drawable resource or at runtime.



Using an AnimationDrawable



https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/graphics/drawable-animation

Reveal or hide a view using animation

Create a crossfade animation

```
<FrameLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent">
 <ScrollView xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:id="@+id/content"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent">
   <TextView style="?android:textAppearanceMedium"</pre>
    android:lineSpacingMultiplier="1.2"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="@string/lorem_ipsum"
    android:padding="16dp" />
 </ScrollView>
 <ProgressBar android:id="@+id/loading_spinner"</pre>
  style="?android:progressBarStyleLarge"
  android:layout_width="wrap_content"
  android:layout_height="wrap_content
  android:layout_gravity="center" />
</FrameLayout>
```

https://developer.android.com/training/animation/reveal-or-hide-view

Reveal or hide a view using animation

Set up the crossfade animation

```
class CrossfadeActivity : Activity() {
  private lateinit var mContentView: View
  private lateinit var mLoadingView: View
  private var mShortAnimationDuration: Int = 0
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_crossfade)
    mContentView = findViewById(R.id.content)
    mLoadingView = findViewById(R.id.loading_spinner)
    // Initially hide the content view.
    mContentView.visibility = View.GONE
    // Retrieve and cache the system's default "short" animation time.
    mShortAnimationDuration =
       resources.getInteger(android.R.integer.config_shortAnimTime)
```

https://developer.android.com/training/animation/reveal-or-hide-view

Reveal or hide a view using animation

Crossfade the views private fun crossfade() { mContentView.apply { // Set the content view to 0% opacity but visible, so that it is visible // (but fully transparent) during the animation. alpha = 0fvisibility = View.VISIBLE // Animate the content view to 100% opacity, and clear any animation // listener set on the view. animate() .alpha(1f).setDuration(mShortAnimationDuration.toLong()) .setListener(null) // Animate the loading view to 0% opacity. After the animation ends, // set its visibility to GONE as an optimization step (it won't // participate in layout passes, etc.) https://developer.android.com/training/animation/reveal-or-hide-view alpha (0f)

Move a View with Animation



Add curved motion

https://developer.android.com/training/animation/reposition-view

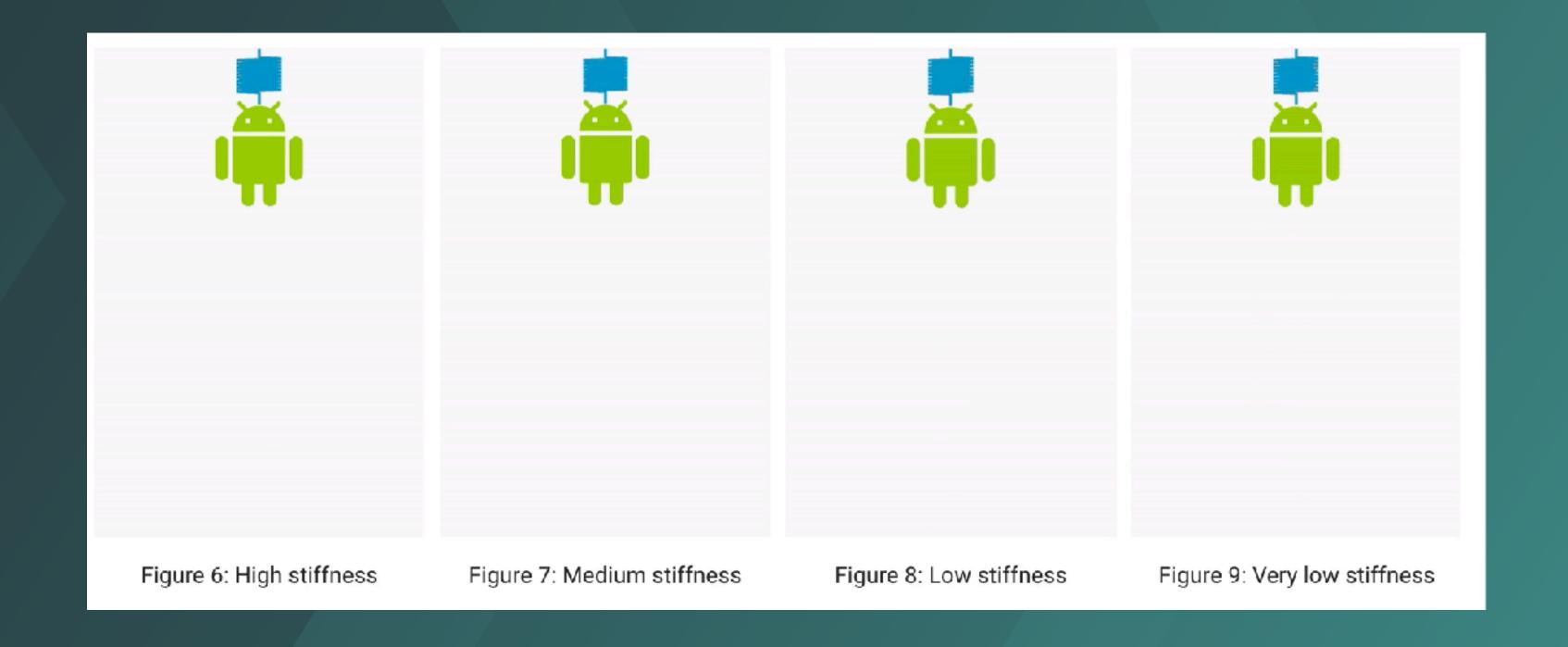
Animate Movement using Spring Physics

```
SpringAnimaticon(ingg DynamicAnimaticonTRANSSIATTON YY apply) {

....

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```

Stiffness



Auto Animate Layout Updates



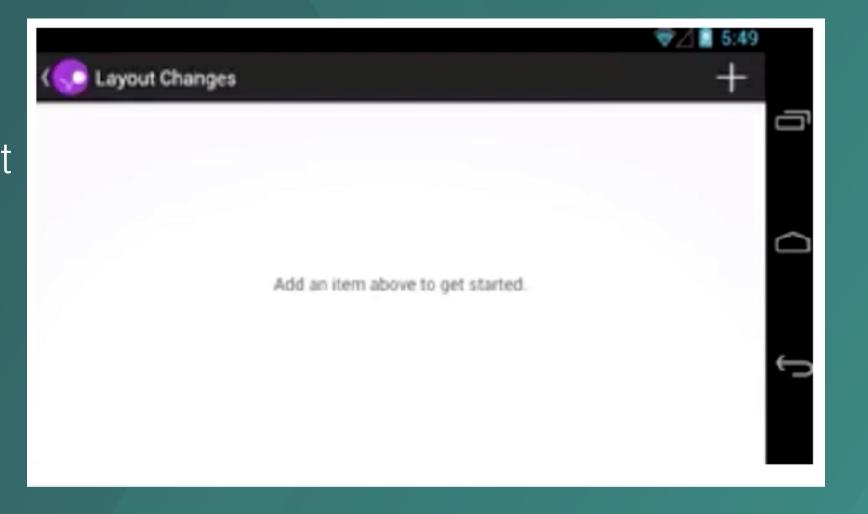
```
Create the layout

<LinearLayout android:id="@+id/container"
    android:animateLayoutChanges="true"
    ...

/>

Add, update, or remove items from the layout
lateinit var mContainerView: ViewGroup
...

private fun addItem() {
    val newView: View = ...
    mContainerView.addView(newView, 0)
}
```



Animate Layout Changes Using Transitions

Define layouts for scenes

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
                                     android:id="@+id/master_layout">
                                       <TextView
                                                             android:id="@+id/title"
                                                             android:text="Title"/>
                                        < Frame Layout
                                                              android:id="@+id/scene_root">
                                                              <include layout="@layout/a_scene" />
                                          </FrameLayout>
                  </LinearLayout>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       res/layout/another scene.xml
 < Relative Layout xmlns: and roid yout pa/schemeas and roid.com/apk/res/and roid...
              < Redreid id out and in and old com/apk/res/android - < Redreid id out and old com/apk/res/android - < Redreid id out and old out and out and old out and out 
                       android ilayout i width = "matabe" parent'
                       android llayoutwhelight="that the normal arent" >
                          <ared:continued to the interest of the in
                                 TextView id="@+id/text_view2 android id="@+id/text_view1 android text="Text_Line 2" /> android text="Text_Line 1" /> "Text_Line 1" /> "Text_Li
                          < Text View
                                              androidid @@diextexit_wiew1
                                                androidteext=extneine/1"/>
</PredlativeLayoutit>
```

Create the Scene



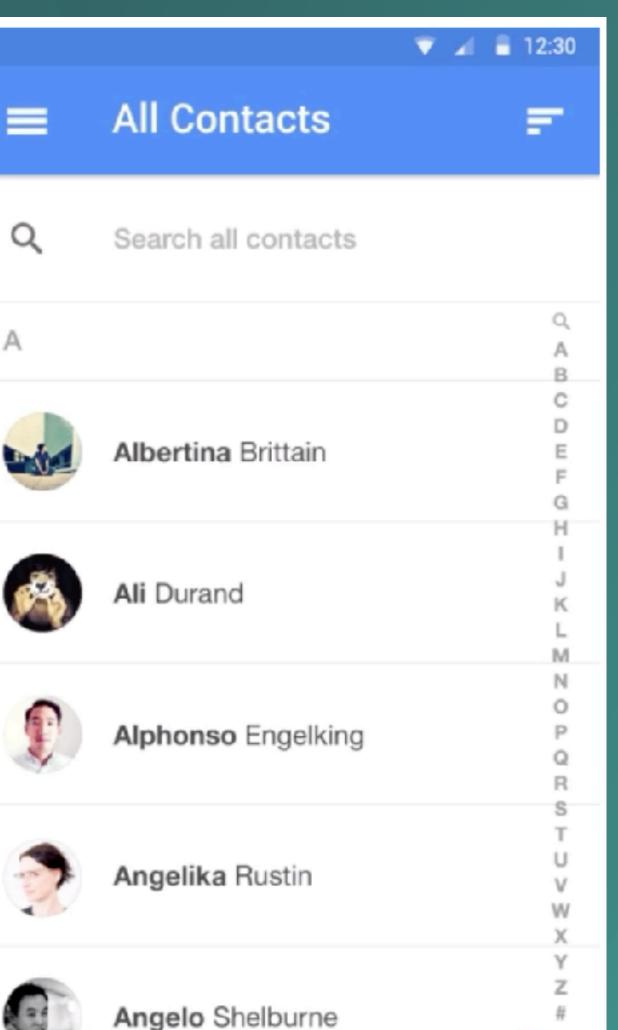
```
Generate scenes from layouts
val mSceneRoot: ViewGroup = findViewById(R.id.scene_root)
val mAScene: Scene = Scene.getSceneForLayout(mSceneRoot, R.layout.a_scene, this)
val mAnotherScene: Scene = Scene.getSceneForLayout(mSceneRoot,
                  R.layout.another_scene, this)
       Create a scene in your code
val mSceneRoot = mSomeLayoutElement as ViewGroup
val mViewHierarchy = someOtherLayoutElement as ViewGroup
val mScene: Scene = Scene(mSceneRoot, mViewHierarchy)
      Apply a transition
var mFadeTransition: Transition =
  TransitionInflater.from(this)
             .inflateTransition(R.transition.fade_transition)
var mFadeTransition: Transition = Fade()
```

TransitionManager.go(mEndingScene, mFadeTransition)

Start an Activity using an

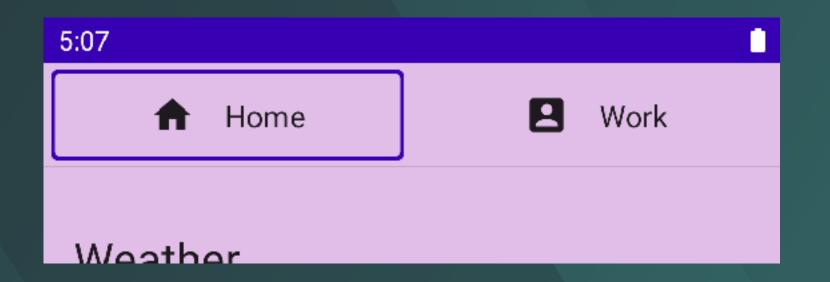
Animation

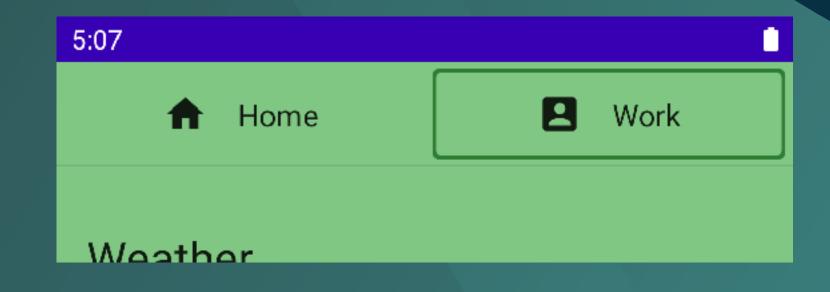
```
// get the element that receives the click event
val imgContainerView =
    findViewById<View>(R.id.img_container)
// get the common element for the
///trentine the pair that since the
valandroid Robot Viewk to avoid a name clash
impfind View Rudil View Rudil page small)
   efine a click listener
options =
Teate the transition animation UtilPair.create(view1, "agreedName1"),
  // UtilPair create(view2, "agreedName2")
  // with android:transitionName="robot"
  val options = ActivityOptions
       .makeSceneTransitionAnimation(
         this, androidRobotView, "robot")
  // start the new activity
  startActivity(intent, options.toBundle())
```





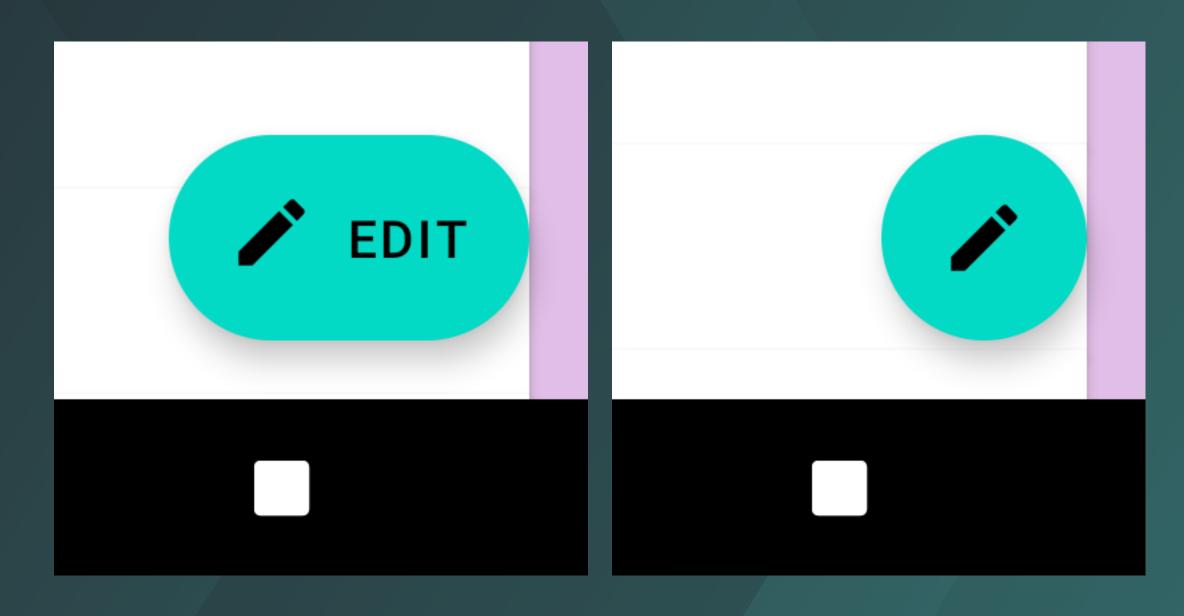
Animating a simple value change





val backgrbank@wolomd@cdnimate@abbrageStateTabRabPageome) PahphgeOHome) Cheeple000 else Green300)

Animating visibility



```
AniextetedeAisibility(extended) {
   Text(
     text = stringResource(R.string.edit),
     modifier = Modifier
     .padding(start = 8.dp, top = 3.dp)
}
```

Animating visibility

Topics

- 2 new packages arrived
- DIY project recommendation
- Festival next month
- New flower seeds available

Topics

- 2 new packages arrived
- DIY project recommendation

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```
Column(
modifier = Modifier
ifillMaxWidth()
ipadding(16.dp)
animateContentSize()

// ... the title and the body
// ... the title and the body
}
```

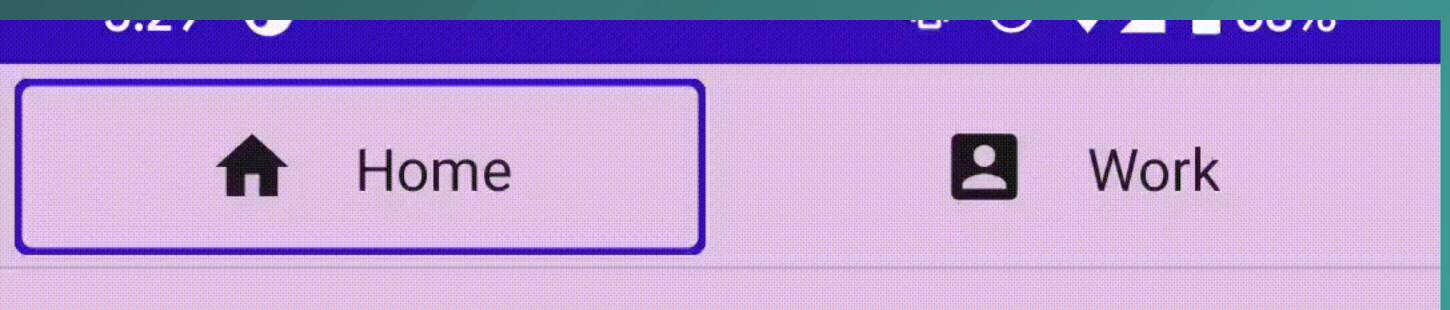
Multiple value animation



```
val transition = updateTransition(
    tabPage,
    label = "Tab indicator"
)
val indicatorLeft by transition.animateDp { page -> tabPositions[page.ordinal].left }
val indicatorRight by transition.animateDp { page -> tabPositions[page.ordinal].right}
val color by transition.animateColor { page ->
    if (page == TabPage.Home) Purple700 else Green800
}
```

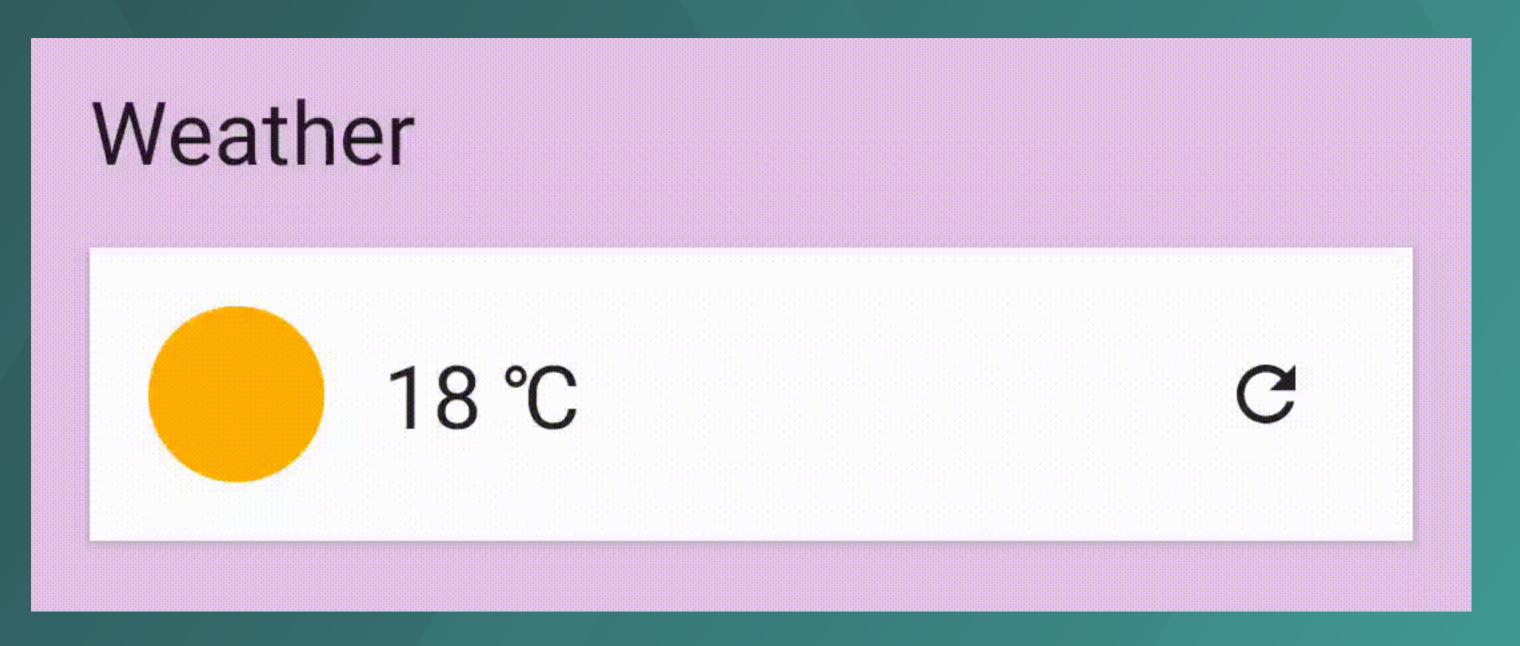
Multiple value animation

```
val indicatorLeft by transition.animateDp(
  transitionSpec = {
    if (TabPage.Home isTransitioningTo TabPage.Work) {
       // Indicator moves to the right.
       // The left edge moves slower than the right edge.
       spring(stiffness = Spring.StiffnessVeryLow)
     } else {
       // Indicator moves to the left.
       // The left edge moves faster than the right edge.
       spring(stiffness = Spring.StiffnessMedium)
  label = "Indicator left'
  page -> tabPositions[page.ordinal].left}
```



Repeated animation

```
val infiniteTransition = rememberInfiniteTransition()
val alpha by infiniteTransition.animateFloat(
   initialValue = 0f,
   targetValue = 1f,
   animationSpec = infiniteRepeatable(
      animation = keyframes {
        durationMillis = 1000
        0.7f at 500
    },
    repeatMode = RepeatMode.Reverse
)
```

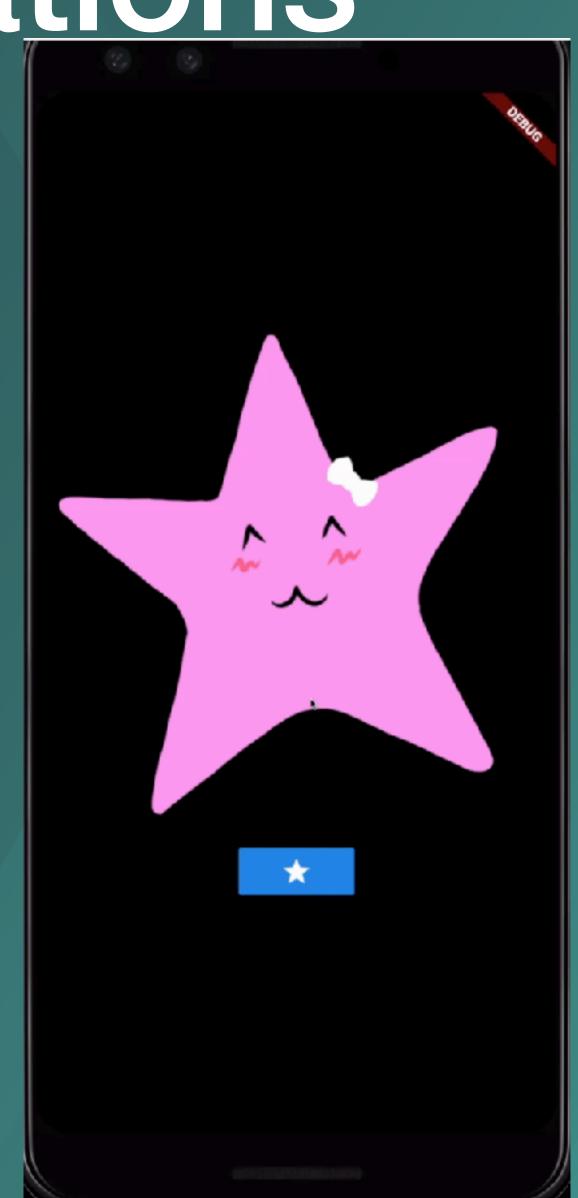


Implicitly animated widgets

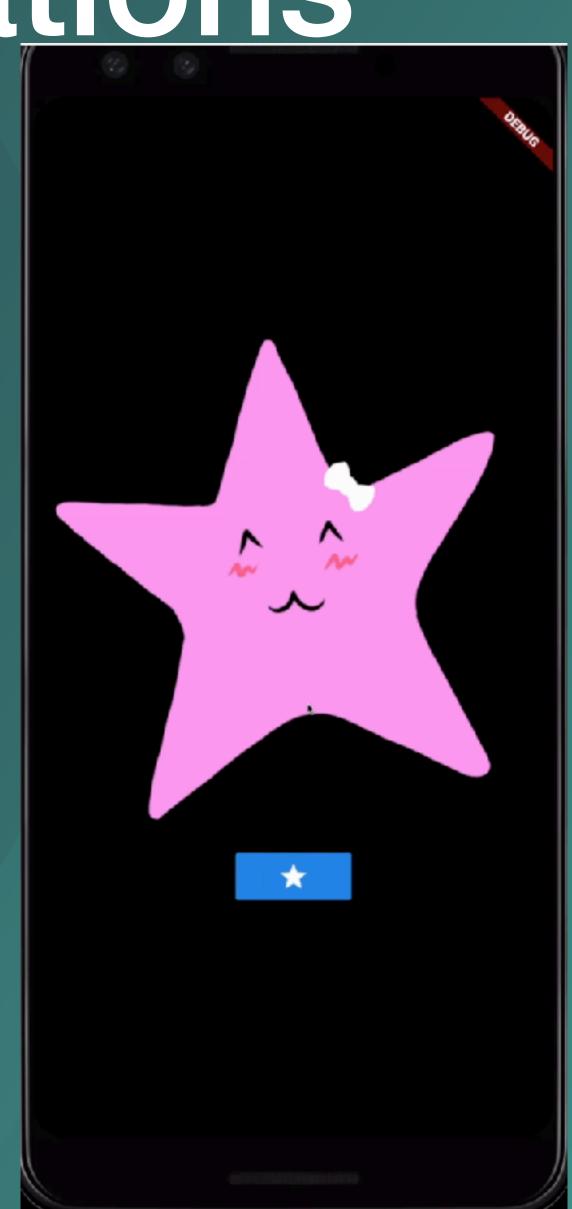
- AnimatedContainer <-> Container
- AnimatedPositioned <-> Positioned
- •/...
- AnimatedGrid <-> Grid
- AnimatedList <-> List

```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
 return Column(
  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
  children: <Widget>[
   Container(
    width: _bigger ? 100 : 500,
    child: Image.asset('assets/star.png'),
   RaisedButton(
    onPressed: () => setState(() {
     _bigger = !_bigger;
    child: Icon(Icons.star),
```

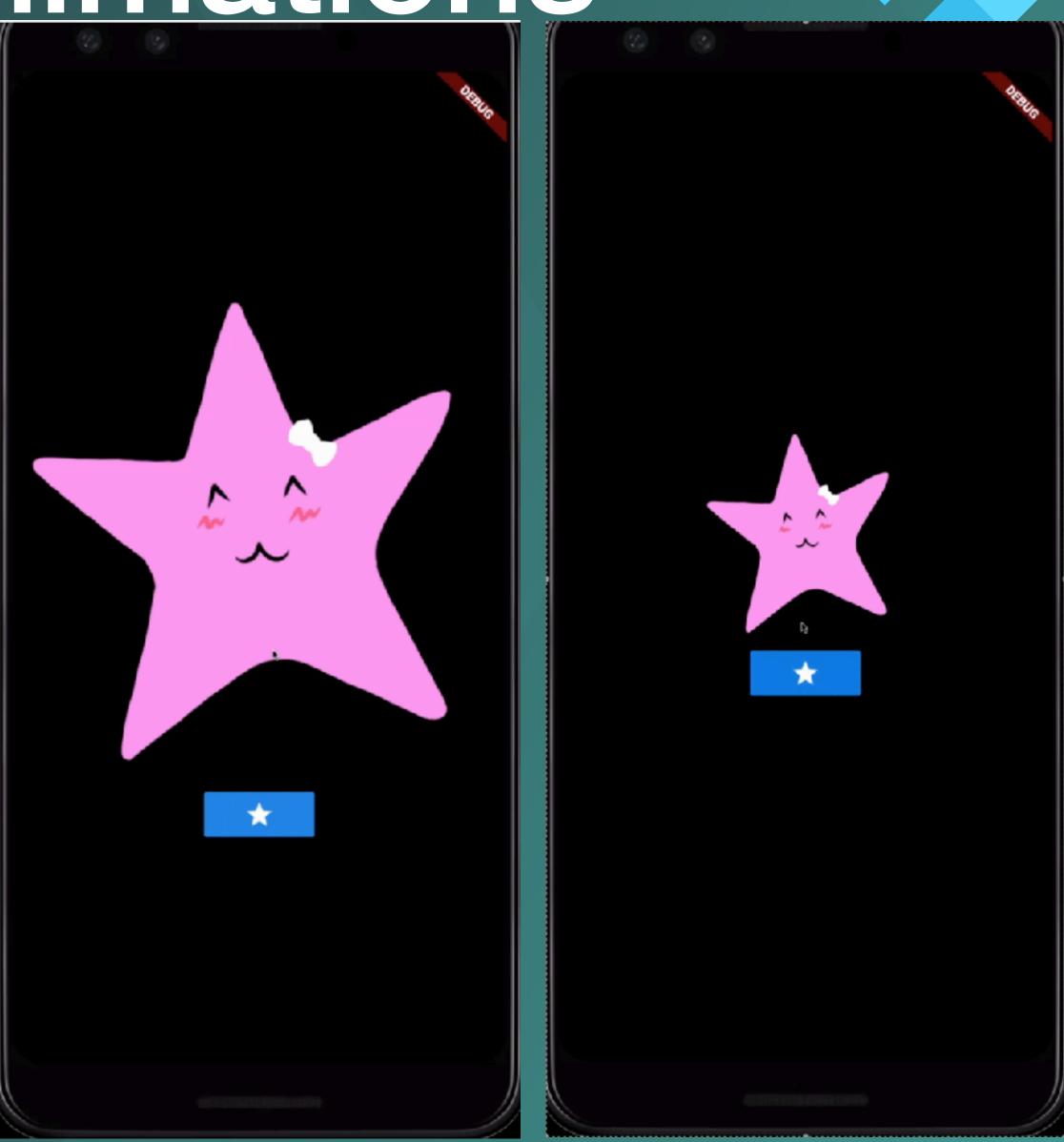
```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
 return Column(
  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
  children: <Widget>[
   Container(
    width: _bigger ? 100 : 500,
    child: Image.asset('assets/star.png'),
   RaisedButton(
    onPressed: () => setState(() {
      _bigger = !_bigger;
    }),
    child: Icon(Icons.star),
```



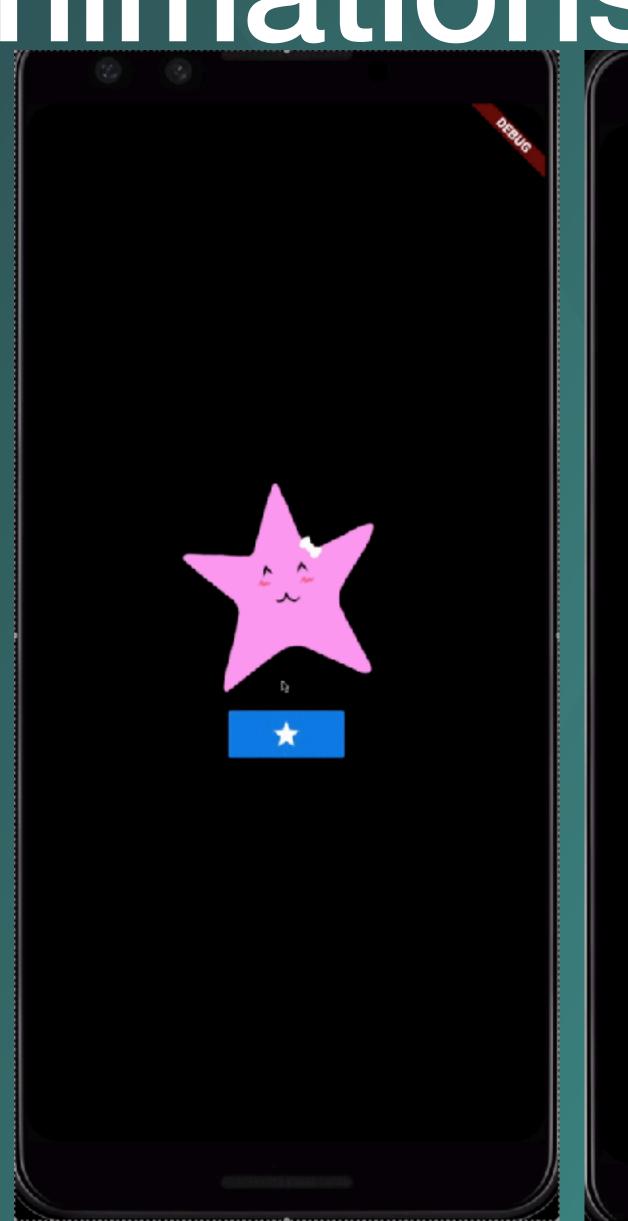
```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Column(
 mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
 children: <Widget>[
   AnimatedContainer(
     width: _bigger ? 100 : 500,
     child: Image.asset('assets/star.png'),
     duration: Duration(seconds: 1),
   RaisedButton(
    onPressed: () => setState(() {
     _bigger = !_bigger;
    child: Icon(Icons.star),
```

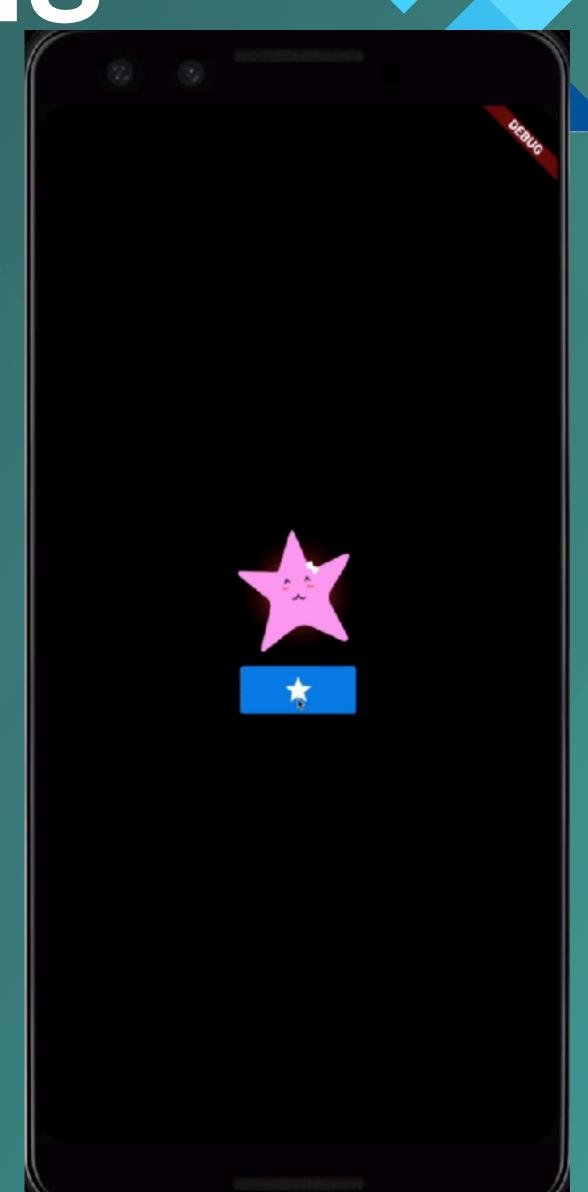


```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Column(
 mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
 children: <Widget>[
   AnimatedContainer(
     width: _bigger ? 100 : 500,
     child: Image.asset('assets/star.png'),
     duration: Duration(seconds: 1),
   RaisedButton(
    onPressed: () => setState(() {
     _bigger = !_bigger;
    child: Icon(Icons.star),
```



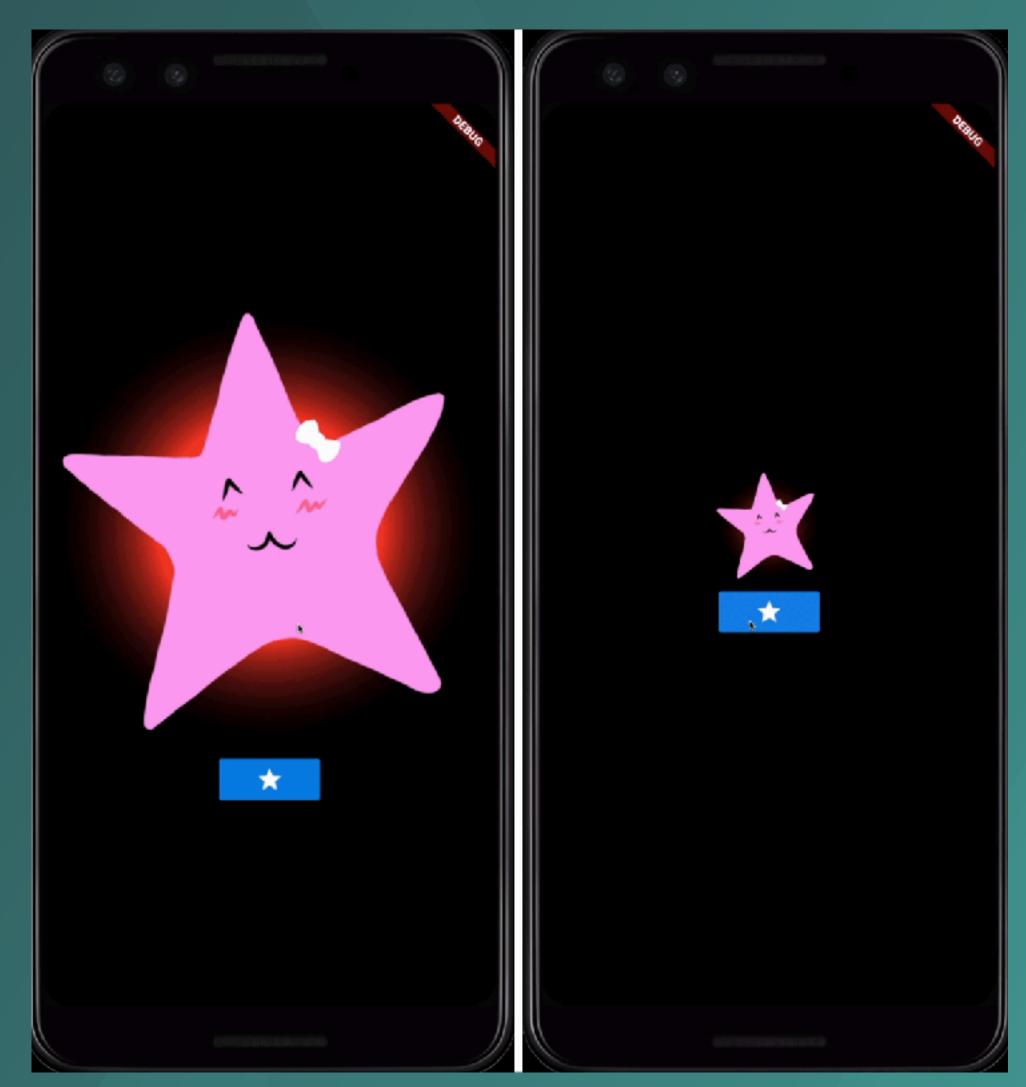
```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
 return Column(
  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
  children: <Widget>[
   AnimatedContainer(
    decoration: BoxDecoration(
    gradient: RadialGradient(
     colors: [Colors.purple, Colors.transparent],
      stops: [_bigger ? 0.2 : 0.5, 1.0])
   RaisedButton(
    onPressed: () \Rightarrow setState(() \{
      _bigger = !_bigger;
    child: Icon(Icons.star),
```





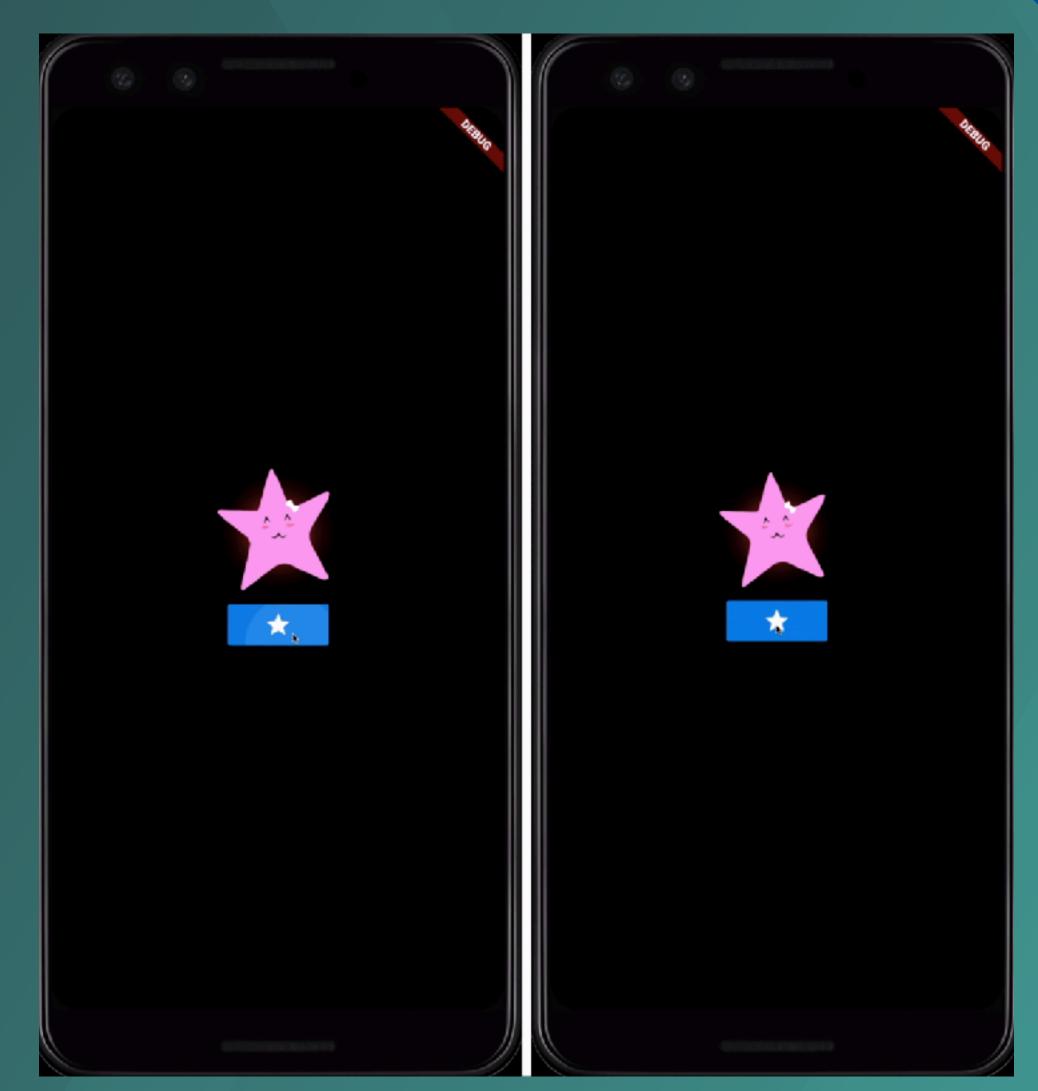
Controlling the animation with duration and curves

```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Column(
  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
  children: <Widget>[
   AnimatedContainer(
    width: _bigger ? 100 : 500,
    child: Image.asset('assets/star.png'),
    duration: Duration(seconds: 5),
   RaisedButton(
    onPressed: () => setState(() {
      _bigger = !_bigger;
    child: Icon(Icons.star),
```



Controlling the animation with duration and curves

```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
return Column(
  mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
 children: <Widget>[
   AnimatedContainer(
    width: _bigger ? 100 : 500,
    child: Image.asset('assets/star.png'),
    duration: Duration(seconds: 1),
    curve: Curves.easeInOutQuint,
   RaisedButton(
    onPressed: () => setState(() {
     _bigger = !_bigger;
    child: Icon(Icons.star),
```

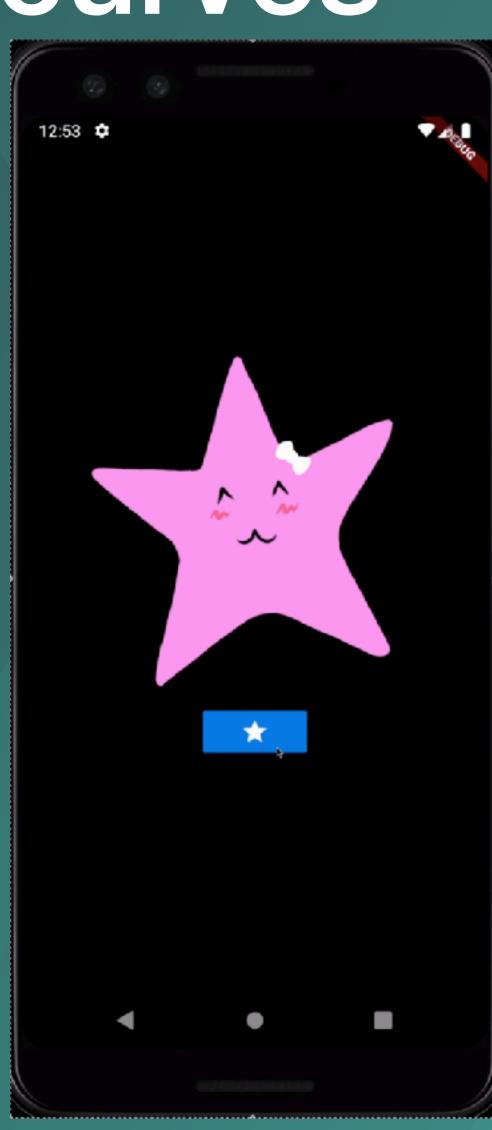


Controlling the animation with duration and curves

```
class SineCurve extends Curve {
  final double count;

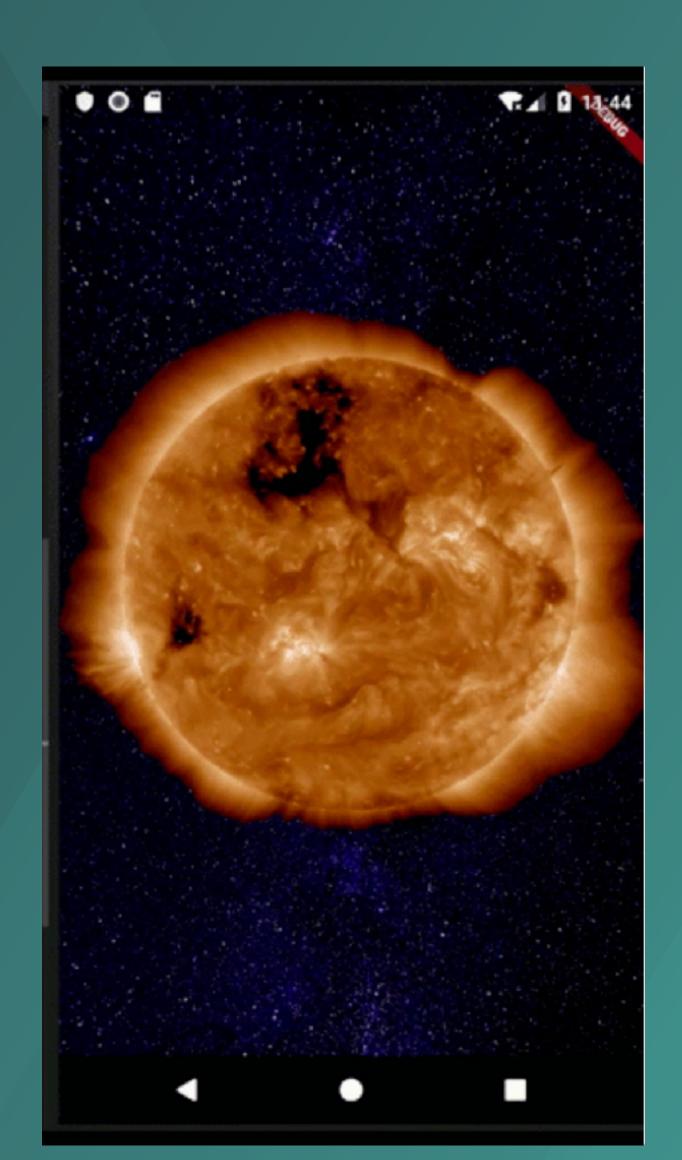
SineCurve({this.count = 1});

@override
  double transformInternal(double t) {
    return sin(count * 2 * pi * t) * 0.5 + 0.5;
  }
}
```



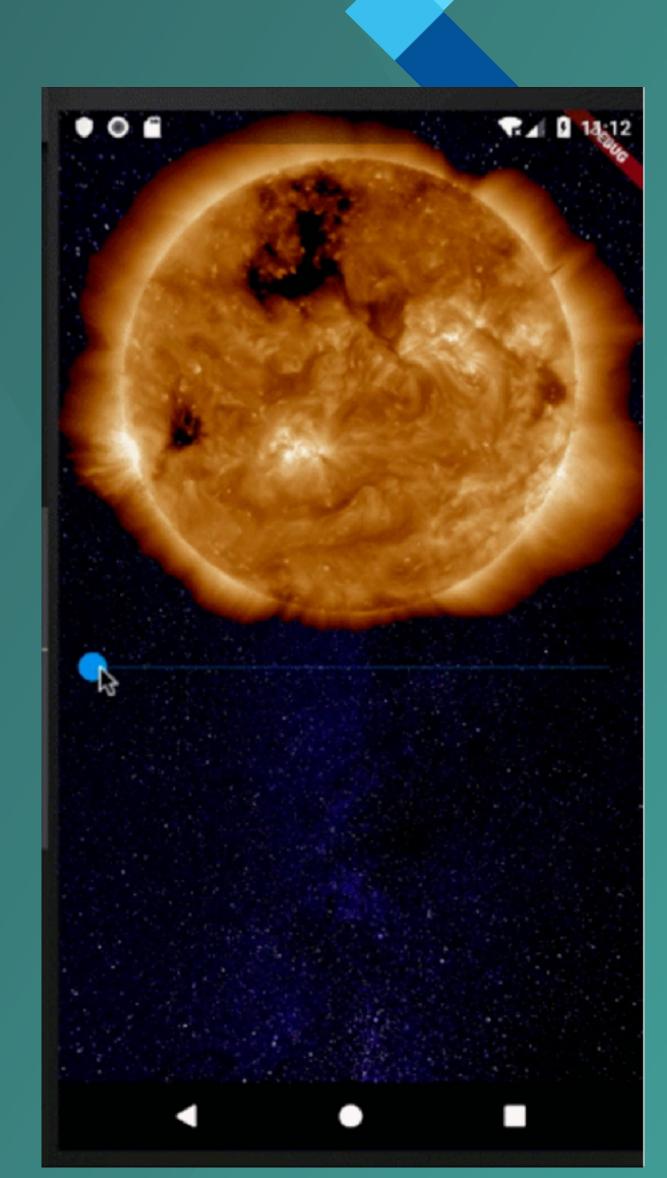
TweenAnimationBuilder

```
TweenAnimationBuilder(
  tween: ColorTween(begin: Colors.white, end: Colors.red),
  duration: Duration(seconds: 2),
  builder: (_, Color color, __) {
    return ColorFiltered(
      child: Image.asset('assets/sun.png'),
      colorFilter: ColorFilter.mode(color, BlendMode.modulate),
    );
  },
)
```

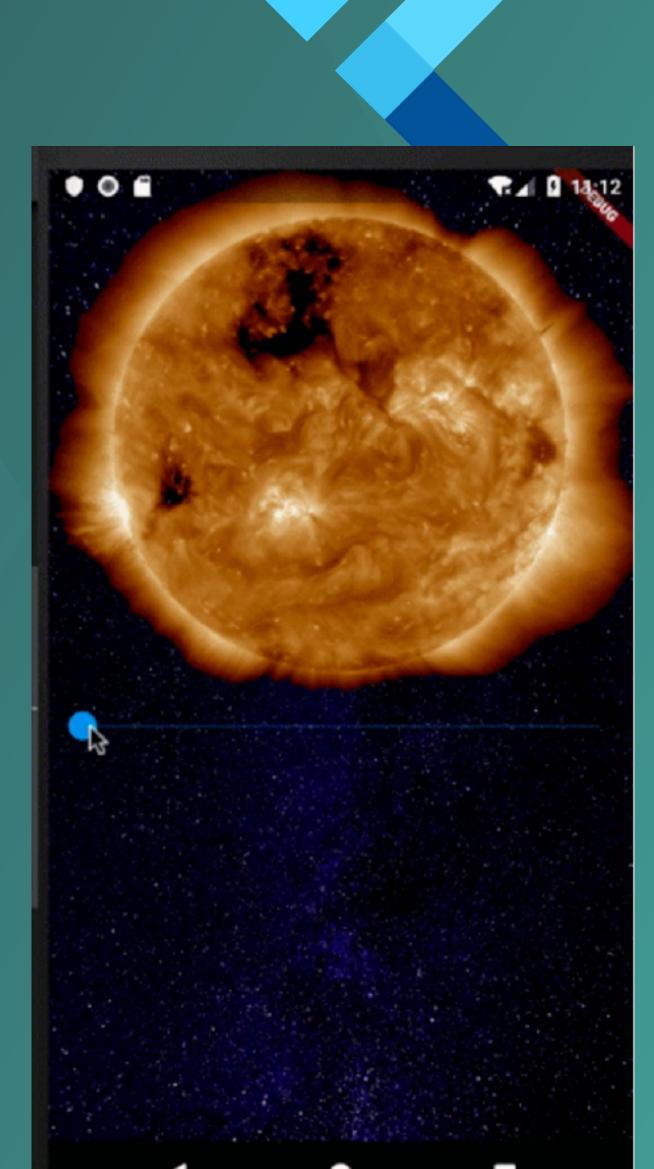


TweenAnimationBuilder

```
class OngoingAnimationByModifyingEndTweenValue extends StatefulWidget {
 @override
 _OngoingAnimationState createState() => _OngoingAnimationState();
class Ongoing Animation State extends State Ongoing Animation By Modifying End Tween Value > {
 double _newValue = .4;
 Color _newColor = Colors.white;
 @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return Stack(
   children: <Widget>[
    starsBackground,
    Column(
      children: <Widget>[
       Center(
        child: TweenAnimationBuilder(
         tween: ColorTween(begin: Colors.white, end: _newColor),
         duration: Duration(seconds: 2),
         builder: (_, Color color, __) {
          return ColorFiltered(
```



```
double _newValue = .4;
Color _newColor = Colors.white;
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
 return Stack(
  children: <Widget>[
   starsBackground,
   Column(
    children: <Widget>[
      Center(
       child: TweenAnimationBuilder(
        tween: ColorTween(begin: Colors.white, end: _newColor),
        duration: Duration(seconds: 2),
        builder: (_, Color color, __) {
         return ColorFiltered(
           child: Image.asset('assets/sun.png'),
           colorFilter: ColorFilter.mode(color, BlendMode.modulate),
      Slider.adaptive(
       value: _newValue,
       onChanged: (double value) {
        setState(() {
          _newValue = value;
         _newColor = Color.lerp(Colors.white, Colors.red, value);
```



Lecture outcomes

- Animate bitmaps.
- Animate UI visibility and motion.
- Physics-based motion.
- Animate layout changes.
- Animate between activities.

