

# CodeQuiz

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## 1 Descrierea temei

Aplicatia **CodeQuiz** este o platforma web interactiva destinata testarii cunostintelor de programare si concepte tehnice IT. Scopul principal este de a oferi utilizatorilor un mediu structurat pentru a raspunde la chestionare (quiz-uri) urmarind imbunatatirea cunostintelor, a-si urmari progresul si a contribui cu continut nou.

Utilizatorii pot parcurge teste pe diverse topicuri tehnice precum Sisteme de Operare, Arhitectura Software, Baze de Date, Algoritmi si Dezvoltare Web. Platforma ofera feedback imediat dupa finalizarea fiecarui quiz, afisand scorul obtinut si permitand review-ul raspunsurilor date.

Functionalitatile principale includ:

- Autentificare si inregistrare utilizatori
- Parcurgerea quiz-urilor cu intrebari cu raspuns multiplu
- Vizualizarea istoricului si progresului personal
- Contribuirea cu intrebari noi (supuse aprobarii administratorului)
- Oferirea de review-uri pentru intrebari
- Panou de administrare cu rapoarte grafice si statistici

## 2 Descrierea bazei de date

### 2.1 Diagrama bazei de date

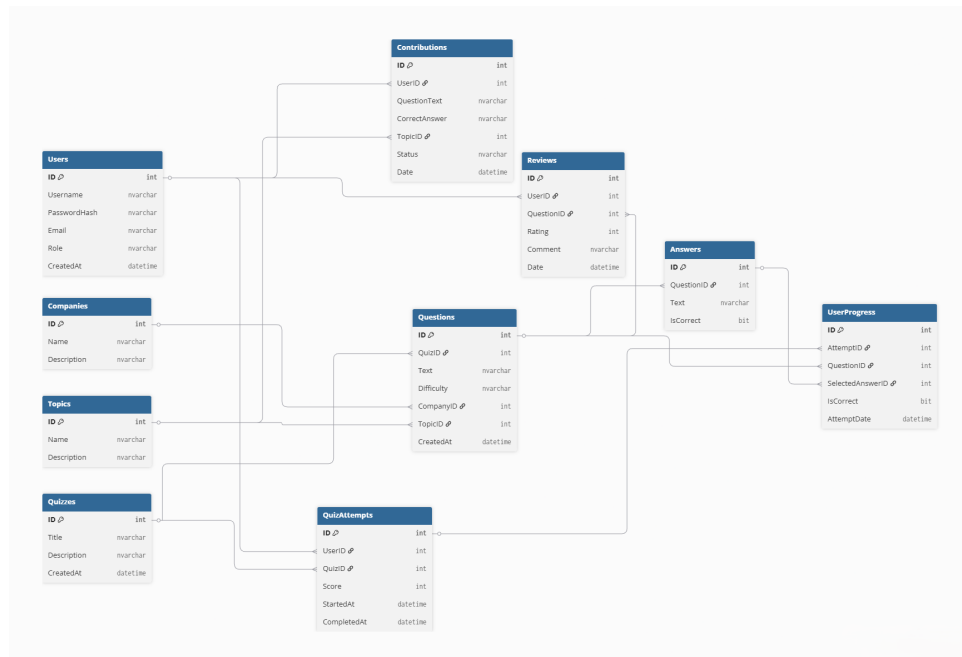


Figure 1: Diagrama Bazei de Date

## 2.2 Structura tabelelor

Baza de date este compusa din **10 tabele** principale:

Tabel	Descriere	Coloane principale
Users	Utilizatorii platformei	ID, Username, PasswordHash, Email, Role, CreatedAt
Companies	Companiile asociate intrebarilor	ID, Name, Description
Topics	Subiectele testelor	ID, Name, Description
Quizzes	Quiz-urile disponibile	ID, Title, Description, CreatedAt
Questions	Intrebarile din quiz-uri	ID, QuizID, Text, Difficulty, CompanyID, TopicID
Answers	Variantele de raspuns	ID, QuestionID, Text, IsCorrect
QuizAttempts	Sesiunile de testare	ID, UserID, QuizID, Score, StartedAt, CompletedAt
UserProgress	Raspunsurile date	ID, AttemptID, QuestionID, SelectedAnswerID, IsCorrect
Reviews	Feedback utilizatori	ID, UserID, QuestionID, Rating, Comment, Date
Contributions	Intrebari propuse	ID, UserID, QuestionText, CorrectAnswer, Status

Table 1: Structura tabelelor din baza de date

## 2.3 Descrierea constrangerilor de integritate

**Chei Primare (PK):** Fiecare tabel are coloana ID de tip INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY.

**Chei Externe (FK):**

- Questions.QuizID → Quizzes.ID
- Questions.CompanyID → Companies.ID
- Questions.TopicID → Topics.ID
- Answers.QuestionID → Questions.ID (ON DELETE CASCADE)
- QuizAttempts.UserID → Users.ID
- QuizAttempts.QuizID → Quizzes.ID
- UserProgress.AttemptID → QuizAttempts.ID (ON DELETE CASCADE)
- Reviews.UserID → Users.ID
- Contributions.UserID → Users.ID

**Constrangeri CHECK:**

- Users.Role IN ('User', 'Admin')
- Questions.Difficulty IN ('Easy', 'Medium', 'Hard')
- Reviews.Rating >= 1 AND Rating <= 5
- Contributions.Status IN ('Pending', 'Approved', 'Rejected')

**Unicitate:** Users.Username si Users.Email sunt UNIQUE.

## 2.4 Descrierea procedurilor si functiilor

Aplicatia utilizeaza exclusiv **proceduri stocate** pentru toate operatiunile cu baza de date:

**Gestionare Utilizatori:** RegisterUser, LoginUser, GetUserByID

**Flux Quiz:** GetQuizzes, GetQuestionsByQuiz, GetAnswersByQuestion, StartQuizAttempt, RecordAttempt, CompleteQuizAttempt, GetQuizHistory, GetPendingQuizzes, GetQuizAttemptDetails

**Rapoarte Admin (Complexitate 4-7):**

- GetCompanyStats (Complexitate 4) - Top companii dupa rata de esec
- GetTopicStats (Complexitate 6) - Rata de succes pe topicuri
- GetUserLeaderboard (Complexitate 7) - Clasament utilizatori dupa engagement
- GetTopicDifficultyAnalysis (Complexitate 7) - Analiza succes pe dificultate

**Contributii si Review-uri:** AddContribution, GetPendingContributions, ApproveContribution (foloseste TRANSACTION), RejectContribution, AddReview, GetAllReviews

## 3 Descrierea aplicatiei

### 3.1 Structura claselor

Aplicatia este dezvoltata in **Python** cu **Flask**. Clasa principala **MSSQLConnection** gestioneaza conexiunea la baza de date prin metodele `openConnection()`, `closeConnection()` si `execute_query()`. Modulul `app.py` defineste decoratorii `@login_required` si `@admin_required`, functia `create_plot()` pentru grafice, si 19 route-uri Flask pentru functionalitatile aplicatiei.

### 3.2 Diagrama de clase

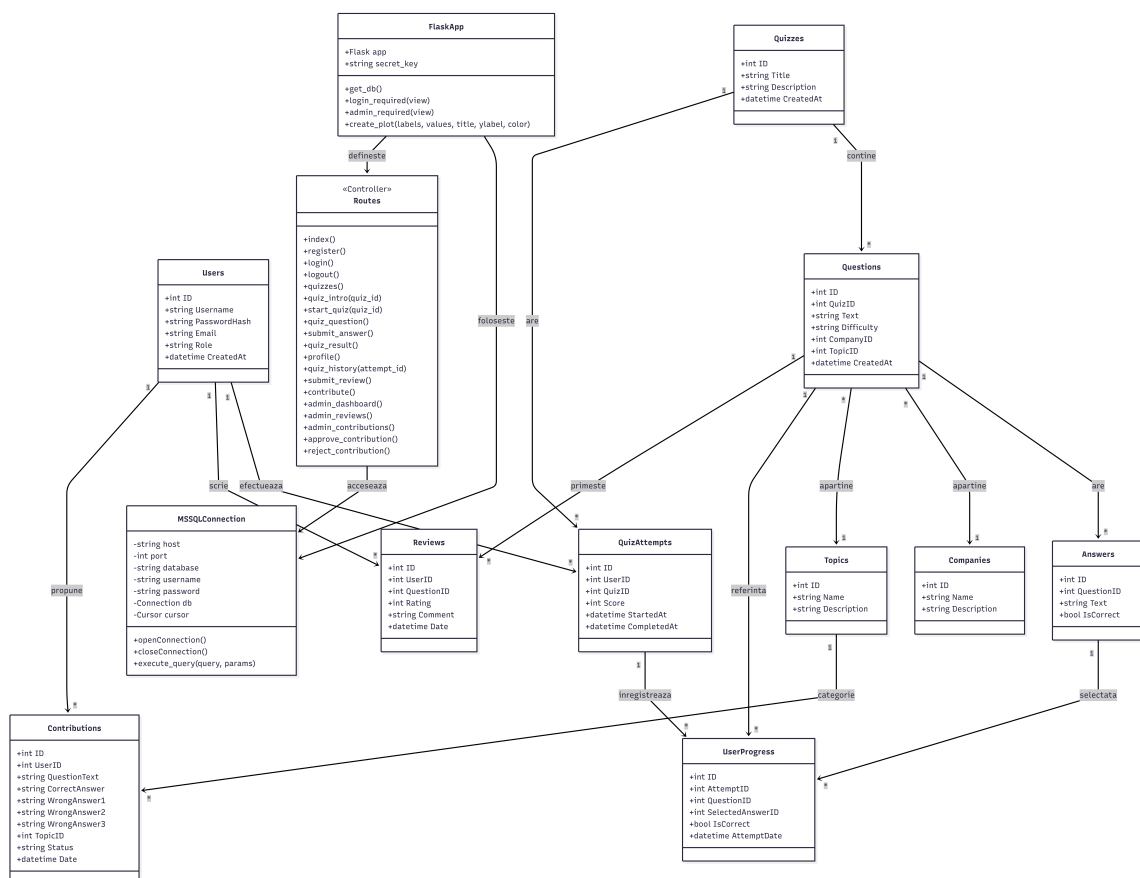


Figure 2: Diagrama de Clase

### 3.3 Diagrama de stari si fluxul de lucru

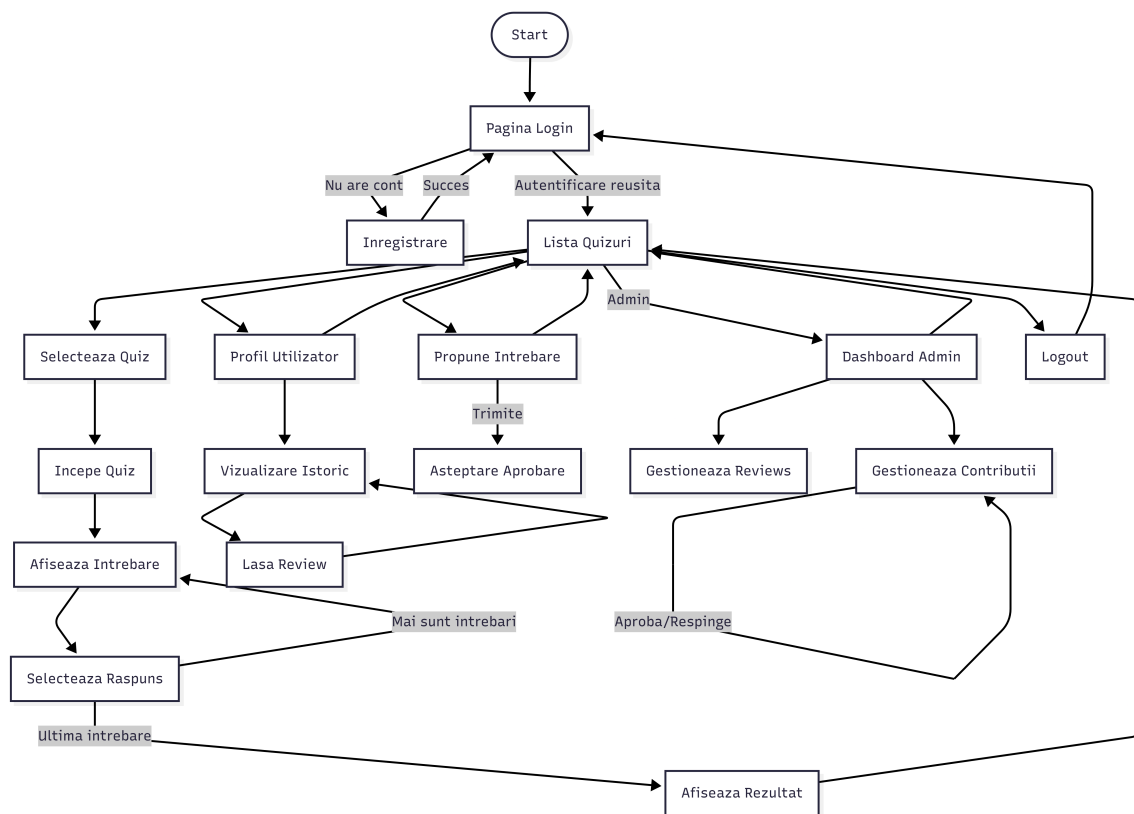
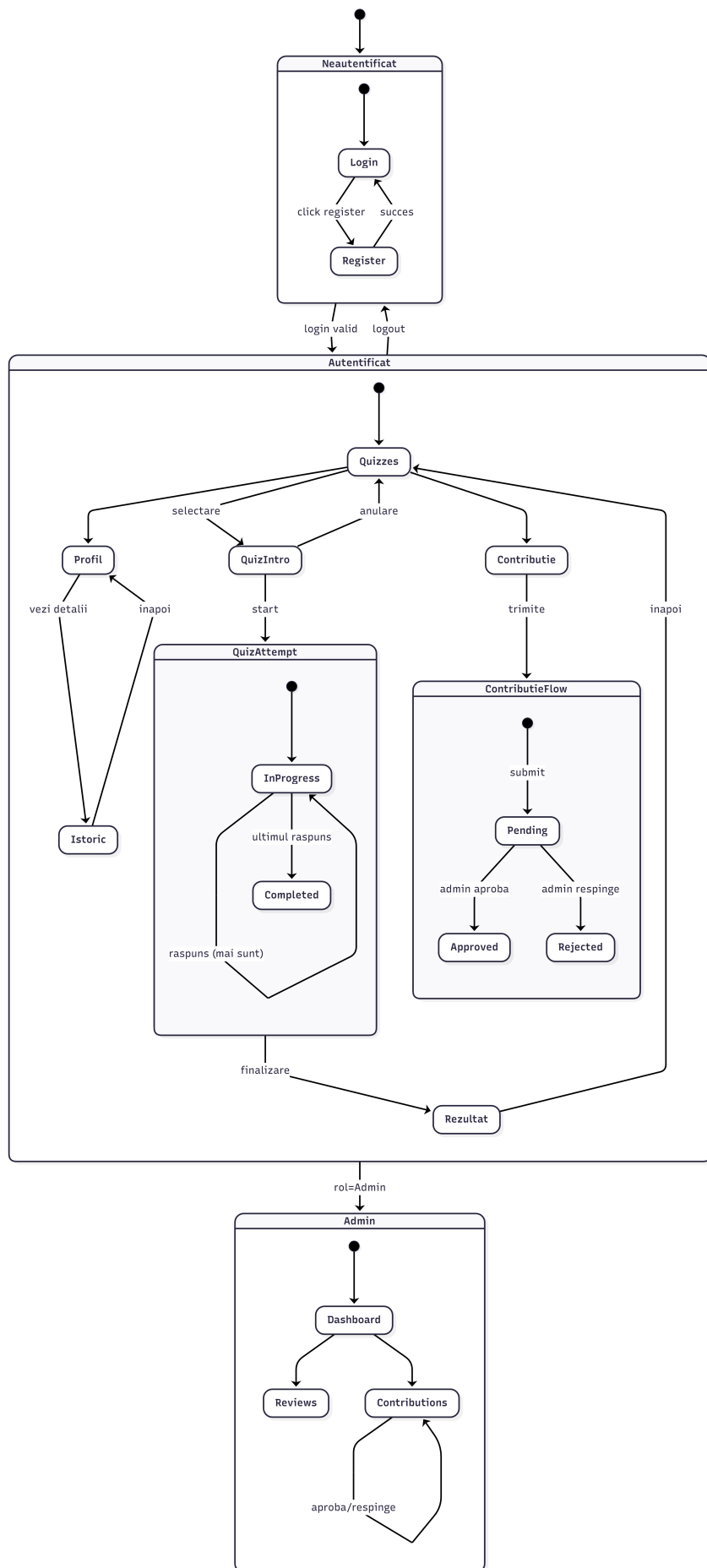


Figure 3: Fluxul de Lucru General



### 3.4 Prezentarea modului in care se face conexiunea cu baza de date

Conexiunea se realizeaza folosind driver-ul **ODBC pentru SQL Server** prin biblioteca pyodbc.  
**String de conexiune:**

```
conn_str = (  
    "DRIVER={SQL Server};"  
    "SERVER=localhost,1433;"  
    "DATABASE=master;"  
    "UID=SA;"  
    "PWD=password;"  
    "TrustServerCertificate=yes;"  
)
```

**Modelul de utilizare (Open-Execute-Close):**

```
db = get_db()  
db.execute_query("EXEC NumeProcedura ?", (param1,))  
result = db.cursor.fetchall()  
db.closeConnection()
```

### 3.5 Capturi de ecran pentru interfete si rapoarte

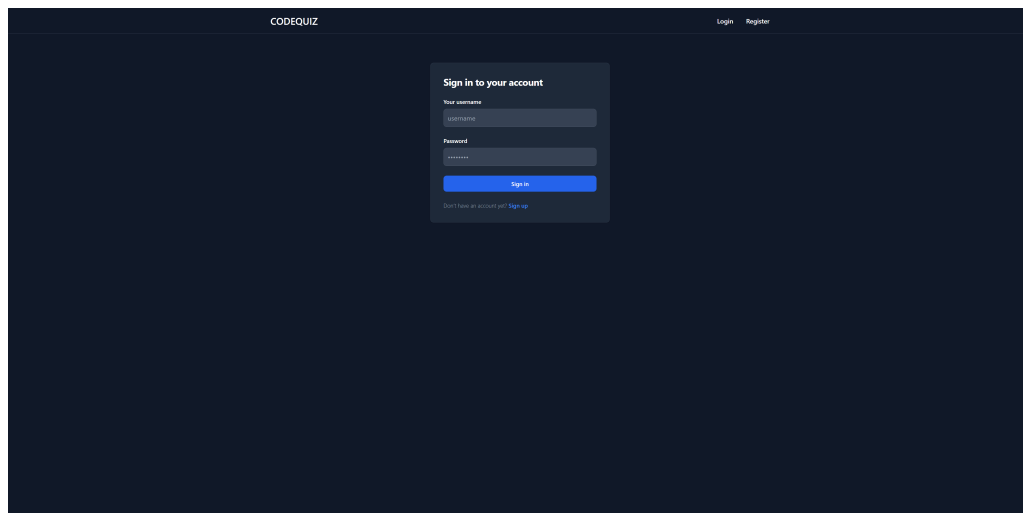


Figure 4: Login Screen

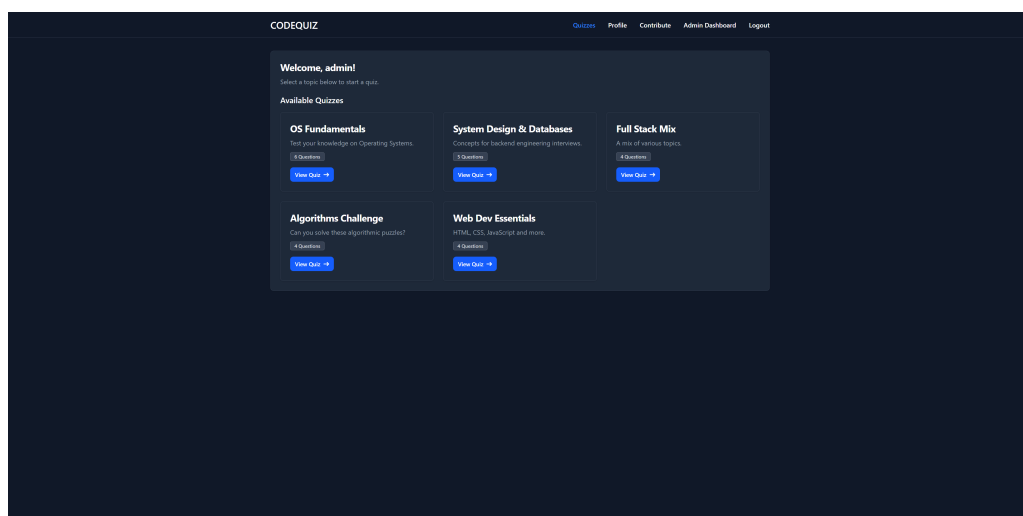


Figure 5: Dashboard Quizzes

The screenshot displays the CODEQUIZ web application. At the top, a dark blue header contains the site name 'CODEQUIZ' on the left and a navigation menu on the right with links for 'Quizzes', 'Profile', 'Contribute', 'Admin Dashboard', and 'Logout'. The main content area has a light gray background. A dark gray modal box is centered on the screen, titled 'Question 1 of 6' with a 'Skip' button. The question text is 'What is the difference between a Process and a Thread?'. Below the question are four radio button options: 'Threads share the same memory space, processes do not.', 'Processes share the same memory space, threads do not.', 'There is no difference.', and 'Threads are faster than processes.'. The second option is selected. At the bottom of the modal is a blue button labeled 'Submit Answer'.

CODEQUIZ

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Attempt Details

[Back to Profile](#)

1. What is the difference between a Process and a Thread?

Your Answer: Processes share the same memory space, threads do not.  
(We will display the current answer in a future update)

[Write a Review](#)

2. Explain the concept of Virtual Memory.

Your Answer: A technique that maps memory addresses used by a program into physical addresses.  
(We will display the current answer in a future update)

[Write a Review](#)

3. What is a Deadlock?

Your Answer: A security mechanism in SQL Server  
(We will display the current answer in a future update)

[Write a Review](#)

4. What is a semaphore?

Your Answer: A synchronization primitive used to control access to a common resource  
(We will display the current answer in a future update)

[Write a Review](#)

5. What is TCP/IP?

Your Answer: A programming language.  
(We will display the current answer in a future update)

[Write a Review](#)

6. gl

Your Answer: gl  
(We will display the current answer in a future update)

[Write a Review](#)

CODEQUIZ

[Outlets](#)[Profile](#)[Contribute](#)[Admin Dashboard](#)[Logout](#)

Contribute a Question

Topic

Systems Programming

Question Text

What is a pointer?

Correct Answer

a1

Wrong Answer 1

a2

Wrong Answer 2

a3

Wrong Answer 3

a4

Submit Contribution

My Contributions

QUESTION	TOPIC	DATE	STATUS
q1	Systems Programming	2024-01-18 09:54	Approved

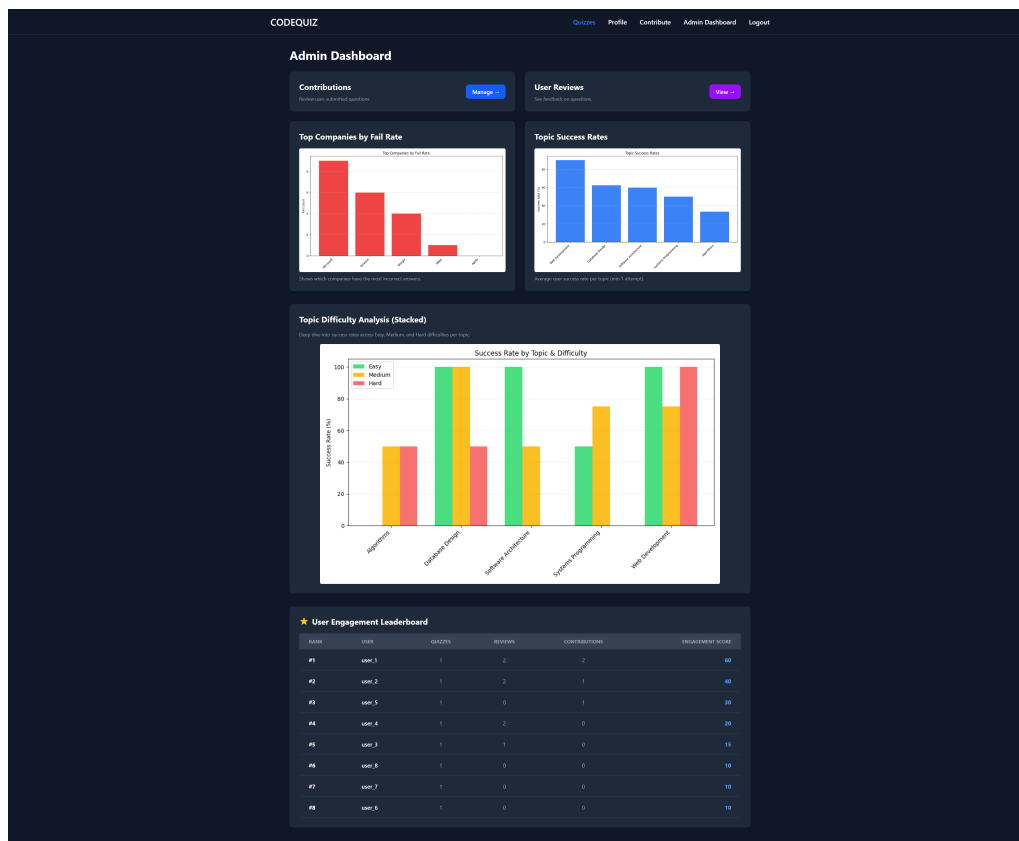


Figure 9: Admin Dashboard

## 4 Concluzii

Proiectul CodeQuiz a permis consolidarea cunostintelor de baze de date relationale si dezvoltare web. Principalele realizari:

- Implementarea unei baze de date normalizate cu 10 tabele si relatii complexe
- Utilizarea exclusiva a procedurilor stocate pentru acces la date
- Generarea de grafice server-side folosind matplotlib
- Implementarea unui sistem de contributii cu flux de aprobare
- Securizarea aplicatiei prin hash-uri de parole si decoratori de autorizare

## 5 Bibliografie

1. Documentatie Flask: <https://flask.palletsprojects.com/en/stable/>
2. Laboratorul 07 - SQL Server : Interogari, Variabile si XML: Laboratorul07-SQLServer:Interogari, Variabile si XML
3. Laboratorul 08 - SQLServer: DML, Cursori si Programabilitate: <https://ocw.cs.pub.ro/courses/bdd/laboratoare/08>
4. Laboratorul 09 - Conectare la o Baza de Date: <https://ocw.cs.pub.ro/courses/bdd/laboratoare/09>
5. Matplotlib User Guide: <https://matplotlib.org/stable/users/index.html>
6. Tailwind CSS Documentation: <https://tailwindcss.com/docs>
7. Flowbite - Tailwind CSS component library: <https://flowbite.com/docs/getting-started/introduction/>