

1 Kinematics

1.1 Scalar Product

$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = AB \cos \theta$$

$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z$$

1.2 Cross Product

$$\vec{A} \times \vec{B} = -\vec{B} \times \vec{A} = AB \sin \theta$$

$$\vec{A} \times \vec{B} = (A_y B_z - A_z B_y) \hat{i} + (A_z B_x - A_x B_z) \hat{j} + (A_x B_y - A_y B_x) \hat{k}$$

Use right hand rule (point fingers along the first vector, curl hand in towards next vector).

1.3 1D/2D Kinematics

$$v_i = v_o + at$$

$$\Delta x = v_o t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$v_f^2 = v_o^2 + 2a\Delta x$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2} t (v_o + v_i)$$

1.3.1 Projectile Motion

$$t = \frac{2v_o \sin \theta}{-g}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{v_o^2 \sin(2\theta)}{-g} = \frac{2v_o^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta}{-g}$$

1.4 Relative Motion

$$v_{pw} = v_{pg} + v_{gw}$$

DRAW VECTOR DIAGRAMS

2	Newton's Laws of Motion
3	Work Power Energy
3.1	Energy
3.2	Work
3.3	Power
4	Linear Momentum/Collisions
4.1	Momentum
4.2	Impulse
4.3	Centre of Mass
5	Rotational Motion
5.1	Rotational Kinematics
5.2	Rotational Work Power Energy
5.3	Inertia
6	Angular Momentum
6.1	Centre of Mass
A	Terms/Definitions
B	Constants
C	Conversions
D	Orders of Magnitude
E	Trigonometry
F	Calculus