

Sphinx Documentation

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Georg Brandl

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Indice

1	Using	g Sphinx 1
	1.1	Getting Started
		Setting up the documentation sources
		Defining document structure
		Adding content
		Running the build
		Documenting objects
		Basic configuration
		Autodoc
		Intersphinx
		More topics to be covered
	1.2	Installing Sphinx
		Overview
		Linux
		Debian/Ubuntu
		RHEL, CentOS
		Other distributions
		macOS
		Homebrew
		MacPorts
		Anaconda
		Windows
		Chocolatey
		Other Methods
		Installation from PyPI
		Docker
		Installation from source
	1.3	reStructuredText
		reStructuredText Primer
		Paragraphs
		Inline markup
		Lists and Quote-like blocks
		Literal blocks
		Doctest blocks
		Tables
		Hyperlinks
		11/perimine

Sections	 14
Field Lists	 14
Roles	 15
Explicit Markup	 15
Directives	
Images	
Footnotes	
Citations	
Substitutions	
Comments	
HTML Metadata	
Source encoding	
Gotchas	
Roles	
Cross-referencing syntax	
Math	
Other semantic markup	
Substitutions	
Directives	
Table of contents	
Paragraph-level markup	
Showing code examples	
Glossary	 37
Meta-information markup	 38
Index-generating markup	 38
Including content based on tags	 39
Tables	
Math	 42
Grammar production displays	
Field Lists	
File-wide metadata	
Special metadata fields	
Domains	
Basic Markup	
The Python Domain	
The C Domain	
The C++ Domain	
The Standard Domain	
The JavaScript Domain	
The reStructuredText domain	
The Math Domain	
More domains	
Markdown	
Configuration	
Configuration	
Project information	
General configuration	
Options for internationalization	
Options for Math	 85
Options for HTML output	
Options for Single HTML output	
Options for HTML help output	
Options for Apple Help output	
Options for epub output	

1.4

1.5

	Options for LaTeX output	
	Options for text output	
	Options for manual page output	
	Options for Texinfo output	
	Options for QtHelp output	
	Options for the linkcheck builder	
	Options for the XML builder	
	Options for the C domain	
	Options for the C++ domain	
	Options for the Python domain	
	Example of configuration file	
1.6	Builders	
	Serialization builder details	
1.7	Extensions	
	Built-in extensions	
	sphinx.ext.autodoc – Include documentation from docstrings	
	sphinx.ext.autosectionlabel – Allow reference sections using its title	
	sphinx.ext.autosummary — Generate autodoc summaries	
	sphinx.ext.coverage - Collect doc coverage stats	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.doctest - Test snippets in the documentation</pre>	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.duration - Measure durations of Sphinx processing</pre>	
	sphinx.ext.extlinks — Markup to shorten external links	
	sphinx.ext.githubpages — Publish HTML docs in GitHub Pages	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.graphviz - Add Graphviz graphs</pre>	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.ifconfig - Include content based on configuration</pre>	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.imgconverter - A reference image converter using Imagemagick</pre>	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram - Include inheritance diagrams</pre>	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.intersphinx - Link to other projects" documentation</pre>	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.linkcode - Add external links to source code</pre>	
	Math support for HTML outputs in Sphinx	
	sphinx.ext.napoleon – Support for NumPy and Google style docstrings	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.todo - Support for todo items</pre>	
	<pre>sphinx.ext.viewcode - Add links to highlighted source code</pre>	168
	Third-party extensions	
	Where to put your own extensions?	170
1.8	HTML Theming	170
	Builders	
	Themes	170
	Using a theme	171
	Builtin themes	172
	Third Party Themes	176
1.9	Internationalization	176
	Sphinx internationalization details	177
	Translating with sphinx-intl	178
	Quick guide	178
	Translating	179
	Update your po files by new pot files	179
	Using Transifex service for team translation	179
	Contributing to Sphinx reference translation	181
1.10		181
		181
		182
1.11		184
	Web Support Quick Start	184

		Building Documentation Data	
		Performing Searches	
		Comments & Proposals	
		Comment Moderation	
	-		
		Methods	
		Search Adapters	
		Methods	
	,	Storage Backends	
		Methods) 3
2	Extend	ling Sphinx 19	95
	2.1 I	Developing extensions overview	95
		Make an extension depend on another extension	95
	2.2	Extension tutorials	96
		Developing a «Hello world» extension	96
		Overview	96
		Prerequisites	96
		Writing the extension	
		Using the extension	
		Further reading	
	1	Developing a «TODO» extension	
		Overview	
		Prerequisites	
		Writing the extension	
		Using the extension	
			07 09
	1		09 09
	J		
		Overview	
		Prerequisites	
		Writing the extension	
		Using the extension	
		Further reading	
]	Developing autodoc extension for IntEnum	
		Overview	
		Prerequisites	
		Writing the extension	18
		Using the extension	
	2.3	Configuring builders	20
]	Discover builders by entry point	20
	2.4	HTML theme development	21
	(Creating themes	21
]	Distribute your theme as a Python package	22
			23
			23
		1	 23
			 23
			24
		Inject JavaScript based on user configuration	
3	Man P		27
		Core Applications	
	5	sphinx-quickstart	27

		Synopsis	27
		Description	
		Options	27
		See also	
		sphinx-build	
		Synopsis	
		Description	
		Options	
		Environment Variables	
		Deprecation Warnings	
	2.2	See also	
	3.2	Additional Applications	
		sphinx-apidoc	
		Synopsis	
		Description	
		Options	
		Environment	36
		See also	36
		sphinx-autogen	36
		Synopsis	36
		Description	
		Options	
		Example	
		See also	
		500 diso	•
1	Temp	plating 23	39
	4.1	Do I need to use Sphinx's templates to produce HTML?	
	4.2	Jinja/Sphinx Templating Primer	
	4.3	Working with the builtin templates	
	т.Э	Blocks	
		Configuration Variables	
		Helper Functions	
		Global Variables	12
-	Т оТо	V austamization	4 6
•		X customization 24	
	5.1	The latex_elements configuration setting	
	5.2	The sphinxsetup configuration setting	
	5.3	LaTeX macros and environments	
		Macros	
		Environments	
		Miscellany	58
			_,
6		loping extensions for Sphinx 25	
	6.1	Important objects	
	6.2	Build Phases	5(
	6.3	Extension metadata	51
	6.4	Extension metadata	
		APIs used for writing extensions)
		APIs used for writing extensions	51
		APIs used for writing extensions	51 52
		APIs used for writing extensions	51 52 73
		APIs used for writing extensions	61 62 73
		APIs used for writing extensions	51 52 73 74
		APIs used for writing extensions	51 52 72 74 78

		The template bridge	278
		Exceptions	279
		Project API	279
		Build environment API	
		Builder API	
			283
			283
		1	283
			283
			286
			290
			290
			291
		7 1	291
		1 3 1	291
			292
			292
		1	293
		66 6	294
			295
		() (296
			297
		I	297
		the state of the s	
		Deprecated APIs	301
_	G 1.		-
7	_	nx internals	315
	7.1	Contributing to Sphinx	
		Getting help	
		Bug Reports and Feature Requests	
		Writing code	
		Getting started	
		Coding style	
		Unit tests	
		Writing documentation	
		Translations	
		Debugging tips	319
	7.2	Sphinx's release process	320
		Branch Model	320
		Deprecating a feature	320
		Deprecation policy	321
		Deprecation warnings	321
		Release procedures	321
	7.3	Organization of the Sphinx project	321
			321
		*	322
			322
		Other contributors	322
	7.4		322
	7.5	1	323
	1.5	opinin maioro	223
8			
J	Sphir	nx FAQ	327
J	Sphir 8.1		327 327
3	_		327

	8.3	Sphinx vs. Docutils	
	8.4	Epub info	
	8.5	Texinfo info	
		Displaying Links	
		Notes	332
9	Gloss	sary	333
10	Chan	gelog	335
		Release 4.0.0 (in development)	
		Release 3.5.4 (in development)	
		Release 3.5.3 (released Mar 20, 2021)	
		Release 3.5.2 (released Mar 06, 2021)	
		Release 3.5.1 (released Feb 16, 2021)	
		Release 3.5.0 (released Feb 14, 2021)	
		Release 3.4.3 (released Jan 08, 2021)	
		Release 3.4.2 (released Jan 04, 2021)	
		Release 3.4.1 (released Dec 25, 2020)	
		Release 3.4.0 (released Dec 20, 2020)	
		Release 3.3.1 (released Nov 12, 2020)	
		Release 3.3.0 (released Nov 02, 2020)	
		Release 3.2.1 (released Aug 14, 2020)	
		Release 3.2.0 (released Aug 08, 2020)	
		Release 3.1.2 (released Jul 05, 2020)	
		Release 3.1.1 (released Jun 14, 2020)	
		Release 3.1.0 (released Jun 08, 2020)	
		Release 3.0.4 (released May 27, 2020)	
		Release 3.0.3 (released Apr 26, 2020)	
		Release 3.0.2 (released Apr 19, 2020)	
		Release 3.0.1 (released Apr 11, 2020)	
		Release 3.0.0 (released Apr 06, 2020)	
		Release 2.4.4 (released Mar 05, 2020)	
		Release 2.4.3 (released Feb 22, 2020)	
		Release 2.4.2 (released Feb 19, 2020)	
		Release 2.4.1 (released Feb 11, 2020)	
		Release 2.4.0 (released Feb 09, 2020)	
		Release 2.3.1 (released Dec 22, 2019)	
		Release 2.3.0 (released Dec 15, 2019)	
			364
			365
			365
			367
			367
			367
		Release 2.0.1 (released Apr 08, 2019)	370
			371
			377
	10.39	Release 1.8.4 (released Feb 03, 2019)	377
	10.40	Release 1.8.3 (released Dec 26, 2018)	378
	10.41	Release 1.8.2 (released Nov 11, 2018)	379
	10.42	Release 1.8.1 (released Sep 22, 2018)	379
		Release 1.8.0 (released Sep 13, 2018)	
		Release 1.7.9 (released Sep 05, 2018)	
		Release 1.7.8 (released Aug 29, 2018)	

10.46	Release 1.7.7 (released Aug 19, 2018)		 			387						
10.47	Release 1.7.6 (released Jul 17, 2018)		 	 	 	 	 	 				387
10.48	Release 1.7.5 (released May 29, 2018)		 	 	 	 	 	 				388
10.49	Release 1.7.4 (released Apr 25, 2018)		 			389						
10.50	Release 1.7.3 (released Apr 23, 2018)		 	 	 	 	 	 				389
	Release 1.7.2 (released Mar 21, 2018)											
	Release 1.7.1 (released Feb 23, 2018)											
	Release 1.7.0 (released Feb 12, 2018)											
	Release 1.6.7 (released Feb 04, 2018)											
	Release 1.6.6 (released Jan 08, 2018)											
	Release 1.6.5 (released Oct 23, 2017)											
	Release 1.6.4 (released Sep 26, 2017)											
	Release 1.6.3 (released Jul 02, 2017)											
	Release 1.6.2 (released May 28, 2017)											
	Release 1.6.1 (released May 16, 2017) Release 1.6 (unreleased)											
	Release 1.5.6 (released May 15, 2017)											
	Release 1.5.5 (released Apr 03, 2017)											
	Release 1.5.4 (released Apr 02, 2017)											
	Release 1.5.3 (released Feb 26, 2017)											
	Release 1.5.2 (released Jan 22, 2017)											
	Release 1.5.1 (released Dec 13, 2016)											
	Release 1.5 (released Dec 5, 2016)											
	Release 1.4.9 (released Nov 23, 2016)											
10.70	Release 1.4.8 (released Oct 1, 2016) .		 	 	 	 	 	 				414
10.71	Release 1.4.7 (released Oct 1, 2016).		 			414						
10.72	Release 1.4.6 (released Aug 20, 2016)		 	 	 	 	 	 				415
10.73	Release 1.4.5 (released Jul 13, 2016)		 	 	 	 	 	 				416
10.74	Release 1.4.4 (released Jun 12, 2016)		 			417						
10.75	Release 1.4.3 (released Jun 5, 2016).		 	 	 	 	 	 				417
	Release 1.4.2 (released May 29, 2016)											
	Release 1.4.1 (released Apr 12, 2016)											
	Release 1.4 (released Mar 28, 2016).											
	Release 1.3.6 (released Feb 29, 2016)											
	Release 1.3.5 (released Jan 24, 2016)											
	Release 1.3.4 (released Jan 12, 2016)											
	Release 1.3.3 (released Dec 2, 2015).											
	Release 1.3.2 (released Nov 29, 2015)								 •	• •	•	426
	Release 1.3.2 (released Nov 29, 2013) Release 1.3.1 (released Mar 17, 2015)								 •	•	•	
	Release 1.3 (released Mar 10, 2015) .											
	Release 1.3b3 (released Feb 24, 2015)											429
	Release 1.3b2 (released Dec 5, 2014)											431
	Release 1.3b1 (released Oct 10, 2014)											431
	Release 1.2.3 (released Sep 1, 2014).											435
	Release 1.2.2 (released Mar 2, 2014)											
	Release 1.2.1 (released Jan 19, 2014)											436
	Release 1.2 (released Dec 10, 2013) .											438
	Release 1.2 beta3 (released Oct 3, 2013											438
10.94	Release 1.2 beta2 (released Sep 17, 201	3)	 	 	 	 	 	 				439
10.95	Release 1.2 beta1 (released Mar 31, 20	13)	 	 	 	 	 	 				440
	Release 1.1.3 (Mar 10, 2012)											444
	Release 1.1.2 (Nov 1, 2011) – 1.1.1 is a											445
	Release 1.1.1 (Nov 1, 2011)											445
	Release 1.1 (Oct 9, 2011)											

	10.100Release 1.0.8 (Sep 23, 2011)	. 447
	10.101Release 1.0.7 (Jan 15, 2011)	. 448
	10.102Release 1.0.6 (Jan 04, 2011)	. 449
	10.103Release 1.0.5 (Nov 12, 2010)	. 449
	10.104Release 1.0.4 (Sep 17, 2010)	450
	10.105Release 1.0.3 (Aug 23, 2010)	450
	10.106Release 1.0.2 (Aug 14, 2010)	450
	10.107Release 1.0.1 (Jul 27, 2010)	451
	10.108Release 1.0 (Jul 23, 2010)	451
	10.109Previous versions	454
11	Projects using Sphinx	455
	11.1 Documentation using the alabaster theme	
	11.2 Documentation using the classic theme	
	11.3 Documentation using the sphinxdoc theme	
	11.4 Documentation using the nature theme	
	11.5 Documentation using another builtin theme	
	11.6 Documentation using sphinx_rtd_theme	
	11.7 Documentation using sphinx_bootstrap_theme	
	11.8 Documentation using a custom theme or integrated in a website	
	11.9 Homepages and other non-documentation sites	
	11.10 Books produced using Sphinx	471
	11.11 Theses produced using Sphinx	472
	11.12 Projects integrating Sphinx functionality	472
Inc	dice del modulo Python	473
[n4	dice	475

CAPITOLO 1

Using Sphinx

This guide serves to demonstrate how one can get started with Sphinx and covers everything from installing Sphinx and configuring your first Sphinx project to using some of the advanced features Sphinx provides out-of-the-box. If you are looking for guidance on extending Sphinx, refer to *Extending Sphinx*.

1.1 Getting Started

Sphinx is a *documentation generator* or a tool that translates a set of plain text source files into various output formats, automatically producing cross-references, indices, etc. That is, if you have a directory containing a bunch of *reStructuredText* or *Markdown* documents, Sphinx can generate a series of HTML files, a PDF file (via LaTeX), man pages and much more.

Sphinx focuses on documentation, in particular handwritten documentation, however, Sphinx can also be used to generate blogs, homepages and even books. Much of Sphinx's power comes from the richness of its default plain-text markup format, *reStructuredText*, along with its *significant extensibility capabilities*.

The goal of this document is to give you a quick taste of what Sphinx is and how you might use it. When you're done here, you can check out the *installation guide* followed by the intro to the default markup format used by Sphinx, reStucturedText.

For a great «introduction» to writing docs in general – the whys and hows, see also Write the docs³, written by Eric Holscher.

³ http://www.writethedocs.org/guide/writing/beginners-guide-to-docs/

Setting up the documentation sources

The root directory of a Sphinx collection of plain-text document sources is called the *source directory*. This directory also contains the Sphinx configuration file conf.py, where you can configure all aspects of how Sphinx reads your sources and builds your documentation.⁷

Sphinx comes with a script called **sphinx-quickstart** that sets up a source directory and creates a default **conf.py** with the most useful configuration values from a few questions it asks you. To use this, run:

```
$ sphinx-quickstart
```

Defining document structure

Let's assume you've run **sphinx-quickstart**. It created a source directory with **conf.py** and a master document, index.rst. The main function of the *master document* is to serve as a welcome page, and to contain the root of the «table of contents tree» (or *toctree*). This is one of the main things that Sphinx adds to reStructuredText, a way to connect multiple files to a single hierarchy of documents.

reStructuredText directives

toctree is a reStructuredText *directive*, a very versatile piece of markup. Directives can have arguments, options and content.

Arguments are given directly after the double colon following the directive's name. Each directive decides whether it can have arguments, and how many.

Options are given after the arguments, in form of a «field list». The maxdepth is such an option for the toctree directive.

Content follows the options or arguments after a blank line. Each directive decides whether to allow content, and what to do with it.

A common gotcha with directives is that the first line of the content must be indented to the same level as the options are.

The toctree directive initially is empty, and looks like so:

```
.. toctree::
:maxdepth: 2
```

You add documents listing them in the *content* of the directive:

```
.. toctree::
    :maxdepth: 2

usage/installation
usage/quickstart
...
```

This is exactly how the toctree for this documentation looks. The documents to include are given as *document names*, which in short means that you leave off the file name extension and use forward slashes (/) as directory separators.



Read more about the toctree directive.

⁷ This is the usual layout. However, conf.py can also live in another directory, the *configuration directory*. Refer to the *sphinx-build man page* for more information.

You can now create the files you listed in the toctree and add content, and their section titles will be inserted (up to the maxdepth level) at the place where the toctree directive is placed. Also, Sphinx now knows about the order and hierarchy of your documents. (They may contain toctree directives themselves, which means you can create deeply nested hierarchies if necessary.)

Adding content

In Sphinx source files, you can use most features of standard *reStructuredText*. There are also several features added by Sphinx. For example, you can add cross-file references in a portable way (which works for all output types) using the *ref* role.

For an example, if you are viewing the HTML version, you can look at the source for this document – use the «Show Source» link in the sidebar.

Da fare: Update the below link when we add new guides on these.



See reStructuredText for a more in-depth introduction to reStructuredText, including markup added by Sphinx.

Running the build

Now that you have added some files and content, let's make a first build of the docs. A build is started with the **sphinx-build** program:

\$ sphinx-build -b html sourcedir builddir

where *sourcedir* is the *source directory*, and *builddir* is the directory in which you want to place the built documentation. The -b option selects a builder; in this example Sphinx will build HTML files.



Refer to the *sphinx-build man page* for all options that **sphinx-build** supports.

However, **sphinx-quickstart** script creates a Makefile and a make.bat which make life even easier for you. These can be executed by running **make** with the name of the builder. For example.

\$ make html

This will build HTML docs in the build directory you chose. Execute **make** without an argument to see which targets are available.

How do I generate PDF documents?

make latexpdf runs the LaTeX builder and readily invokes the pdfTeX toolchain for you.

Da fare: Move this whole section into a guide on rST or directives

Documenting objects

One of Sphinx's main objectives is easy documentation of *objects* (in a very general sense) in any *domain*. A domain is a collection of object types that belong together, complete with markup to create and reference descriptions of these objects.

The most prominent domain is the Python domain. For example, to document Python's built-in function enumerate(), you would add this to one of your source files.

```
.. py:function:: enumerate(sequence[, start=0])

Return an iterator that yields tuples of an index and an item of the
 *sequence*. (And so on.)
```

This is rendered like this:

```
enumerate(sequence[, start=0])
```

Return an iterator that yields tuples of an index and an item of the *sequence*. (And so on.)

The argument of the directive is the *signature* of the object you describe, the content is the documentation for it. Multiple signatures can be given, each in its own line.

The Python domain also happens to be the default domain, so you don't need to prefix the markup with the domain name.

```
.. function:: enumerate(sequence[, start=0])
...
```

does the same job if you keep the default setting for the default domain.

There are several more directives for documenting other types of Python objects, for example *py:class* or *py:method*. There is also a cross-referencing *role* for each of these object types. This markup will create a link to the documentation of enumerate().

```
The :py:func:`enumerate` function can be used for ...
```

And here is the proof: A link to enumerate().

Again, the py: can be left out if the Python domain is the default one. It doesn't matter which file contains the actual documentation for enumerate(); Sphinx will find it and create a link to it.

Each domain will have special rules for how the signatures can look like, and make the formatted output look pretty, or add specific features like links to parameter types, e.g. in the C/C++ domains.



See *Domains* for all the available domains and their directives/roles.

Basic configuration

Earlier we mentioned that the conf.py file controls how Sphinx processes your documents. In that file, which is executed as a Python source file, you assign configuration values. For advanced users: since it is executed by Sphinx, you can do non-trivial tasks in it, like extending sys.path⁴ or importing a module to find out the version you are documenting.

The config values that you probably want to change are already put into the conf.py by **sphinx-quickstart** and initially commented out (with standard Python syntax: a # comments the rest of the line). To change the default

⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/sys.html#sys.path

value, remove the hash sign and modify the value. To customize a config value that is not automatically added by **sphinx-quickstart**, just add an additional assignment.

Keep in mind that the file uses Python syntax for strings, numbers, lists and so on. The file is saved in UTF-8 by default, as indicated by the encoding declaration in the first line.



See *Configuration* for documentation of all available config values.

Da fare: Move this entire doc to a different section

Autodoc

When documenting Python code, it is common to put a lot of documentation in the source files, in documentation strings. Sphinx supports the inclusion of docstrings from your modules with an *extension* (an extension is a Python module that provides additional features for Sphinx projects) called *autodoc*.

In order to use *autodoc*, you need to activate it in conf.py by putting the string 'sphinx.ext.autodoc' into the list assigned to the *extensions* config value:

```
extensions = ['sphinx.ext.autodoc']
```

Then, you have a few additional directives at your disposal. For example, to document the function io.open(), reading its signature and docstring from the source file, you'd write this:

```
.. autofunction:: io.open
```

You can also document whole classes or even modules automatically, using member options for the auto directives, like

```
.. automodule:: io :members:
```

autodoc needs to import your modules in order to extract the docstrings. Therefore, you must add the appropriate path to sys.path⁵ in your conf.py.

Avvertimento: *autodoc* **imports** the modules to be documented. If any modules have side effects on import, these will be executed by autodoc when sphinx-build is run.

If you document scripts (as opposed to library modules), make sure their main routine is protected by a if __name__ == '__main__' condition.



See *sphinx.ext.autodoc* for the complete description of the features of autodoc.

Da fare: Move this doc to another section

⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/sys.html#sys.path

Intersphinx

Many Sphinx documents including the Python documentation⁶ are published on the Internet. When you want to make links to such documents from your documentation, you can do it with *sphinx.ext.intersphinx*.

In order to use intersphinx, you need to activate it in conf.py by putting the string 'sphinx.ext.intersphinx' into the extensions list and set up the intersphinx_mapping config value.

For example, to link to io.open() in the Python library manual, you need to setup your intersphinx_mapping like:

```
intersphinx_mapping = {'python': ('https://docs.python.org/3', None)}
```

And now, you can write a cross-reference like:py:func:`io.open`. Any cross-reference that has no matching target in the current documentation set, will be looked up in the documentation sets configured in <code>intersphinx_mapping</code> (this needs access to the URL in order to download the list of valid targets). Intersphinx also works for some other <code>domain</code>'s roles including:ref:, however it doesn't work for :doc: as that is non-domain role.



See *sphinx.ext.intersphinx* for the complete description of the features of intersphinx.

More topics to be covered

- Other extensions:
- · Static files
- · Selecting a theme
- Setuptools integration
- Templating
- · Using extensions
- Writing extensions

1.2 Installing Sphinx

- Overview
- Linux
- macOS
- Windows
- Installation from PyPI
- Docker
- Installation from source

⁶ https://docs.python.org/3

Overview

Sphinx is written in Python⁸ and supports Python 3.6+. It builds upon the shoulders of many third-party libraries such as Docutils⁹ and Jinja¹⁰, which are installed when Sphinx is installed.

Linux

Debian/Ubuntu

Install either python3-sphinx using apt-get:

```
$ apt-get install python3-sphinx
```

If it not already present, this will install Python for you.

RHEL, CentOS

Install python-sphinx using yum:

```
$ yum install python-sphinx
```

If it not already present, this will install Python for you.

Other distributions

Most Linux distributions have Sphinx in their package repositories. Usually the package is called python3-sphinx, python-sphinx or sphinx. Be aware that there are at least two other packages with sphinx in their name: a speech recognition toolkit (*CMU Sphinx*) and a full-text search database (*Sphinx search*).

macOS

Sphinx can be installed using Homebrew¹¹, MacPorts¹², or as part of a Python distribution such as Anaconda¹³.

Homebrew

\$ brew install sphinx-doc

For more information, refer to the package overview¹⁴.

- 8 https://docs.python-guide.org/
- 9 https://docutils.sourceforge.io/
- 10 https://jinja.palletsprojects.com/
- 11 https://brew.sh/
- 12 https://www.macports.org/
- 13 https://www.anaconda.com/download/#macos
- 14 https://formulae.brew.sh/formula/sphinx-doc

MacPorts

Install either python3x-sphinx using **port**:

```
$ sudo port install py38-sphinx
```

To set up the executable paths, use the port select command:

```
$ sudo port select --set python python38
$ sudo port select --set sphinx py38-sphinx
```

For more information, refer to the package overview¹⁵.

Anaconda

```
$ conda install sphinx
```

Windows

Sphinx can be install using Chocolatey¹⁶ or *installed manually*.

Chocolatey

```
$ choco install sphinx
```

You would need to install Chocolatey¹⁷ before running this.

For more information, refer to the chocolatey page ¹⁸.

Other Methods

Most Windows users do not have Python installed by default, so we begin with the installation of Python itself. To check if you already have Python installed, open the *Command Prompt* (\boxplus Win-r and type **cmd**). Once the command prompt is open, type **python** --**version** and press Enter. If Python is installed, you will see the version of Python printed to the screen. If you do not have Python installed, refer to the Hitchhikers Guide to Python's Python on Windows installation guides. You must install Python 3^{20} .

Once Python is installed, you can install Sphinx using **pip**. Refer to the *pip installation instructions* below for more information.

¹⁵ https://www.macports.org/ports.php?by=library&substr=py38-sphinx

¹⁶ https://chocolatey.org/

¹⁷ https://chocolatey.org/install/

¹⁸ https://chocolatey.org/packages/sphinx/

¹⁹ https://docs.python-guide.org/

²⁰ https://docs.python-guide.org/starting/install3/win/

Installation from PyPI

Sphinx packages are published on the Python Package Index²¹. The preferred tool for installing packages from PyPI is **pip**. This tool is provided with all modern versions of Python.

On Linux or MacOS, you should open your terminal and run the following command.

```
$ pip install -U sphinx
```

On Windows, you should open Command Prompt (\(\extrm{\text{\text{Win-r}}}\) and type \(\text{cmd} \)) and run the same command.

```
C:\> pip install -U sphinx
```

After installation, type **sphinx-build --version** on the command prompt. If everything worked fine, you will see the version number for the Sphinx package you just installed.

Installation from *PyPI* also allows you to install the latest development release. You will not generally need (or want) to do this, but it can be useful if you see a possible bug in the latest stable release. To do this, use the --pre flag.

```
$ pip install -U --pre sphinx
```

Docker

Docker images for Sphinx are published on the Docker Hub²². There are two kind of images:

- sphinxdoc/sphinx²³
- sphinxdoc/sphinx-latexpdf²⁴

Former one is used for standard usage of Sphinx, and latter one is mainly used for PDF builds using LaTeX. Please choose one for your purpose.

Nota: sphinxdoc/sphinx-latexpdf contains TeXLive packages. So the image is very large (over 2GB!).

Suggerimento: When using docker images, please use docker run command to invoke sphinx commands. For example, you can use following command to create a Sphinx project:

```
$ docker run -it --rm -v /path/to/document:/docs sphinxdoc/sphinx sphinx-quickstart
```

And you can following command this to build HTML document:

\$ docker run --rm -v /path/to/document:/docs sphinxdoc/sphinx make html

For more details, please read README file²⁵ of docker images.

²¹ https://pypi.org/project/Sphinx/

²² https://hub.docker.com/

²³ https://hub.docker.com/repository/docker/sphinxdoc/sphinx

²⁴ https://hub.docker.com/repository/docker/sphinxdoc/sphinx-latexpdf

²⁵ https://hub.docker.com/repository/docker/sphinxdoc/sphinx

Installation from source

You can install Sphinx directly from a clone of the Git repository 26 . This can be done either by cloning the repo and installing from the local clone, on simply installing directly via **git**.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx
$ cd sphinx
$ pip install .
```

```
$ pip install git+https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx
```

You can also download a snapshot of the Git repo in either $tar.gz^{27}$ or zip^{28} format. Once downloaded and extracted, these can be installed with **pip** as above.

1.3 reStructuredText

reStructuredText (reST) is the default plaintext markup language used by both Docutils and Sphinx. Docutils provides the basic reStructuredText syntax, while Sphinx extends this to support additional functionality.

The below guides go through the most important aspects of reST. For the authoritative reStructuredText reference, refer to the docutils documentation²⁹.

reStructuredText Primer

reStructuredText is the default plaintext markup language used by Sphinx. This section is a brief introduction to re-StructuredText (reST) concepts and syntax, intended to provide authors with enough information to author documents productively. Since reST was designed to be a simple, unobtrusive markup language, this will not take too long.

Vedi anche:

The authoritative reStructuredText User Documentation³⁰. The «ref» links in this document link to the description of the individual constructs in the reST reference.

Paragraphs

The paragraph (ref³¹) is the most basic block in a reST document. Paragraphs are simply chunks of text separated by one or more blank lines. As in Python, indentation is significant in reST, so all lines of the same paragraph must be left-aligned to the same level of indentation.

²⁶ https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx

²⁷ https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/archive/master.tar.gz

²⁸ https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/archive/master.zip

²⁹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/rst.html

³⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/rst.html

³¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#paragraphs

Inline markup

The standard reST inline markup is quite simple: use

- one asterisk: *text* for emphasis (italics),
- two asterisks: **text** for strong emphasis (boldface), and
- backquotes: ``text`` for code samples.

If asterisks or backquotes appear in running text and could be confused with inline markup delimiters, they have to be escaped with a backslash.

Be aware of some restrictions of this markup:

- it may not be nested,
- content may not start or end with whitespace: * text* is wrong,
- it must be separated from surrounding text by non-word characters. Use a backslash escaped space to work around that: thisis\ *one*\ word.

These restrictions may be lifted in future versions of the docutils.

It is also possible to replace or expand upon some of this inline markup with roles. Refer to *Roles* for more information.

Lists and Quote-like blocks

List markup (ref³²) is natural: just place an asterisk at the start of a paragraph and indent properly. The same goes for numbered lists; they can also be autonumbered using a # sign:

```
* This is a bulleted list.
* It has two items, the second item uses two lines.
1. This is a numbered list.
2. It has two items too.
#. This is a numbered list.
#. It has two items too.
```

Nested lists are possible, but be aware that they must be separated from the parent list items by blank lines:

```
* this is
* a list

* with a nested list
* and some subitems

* and here the parent list continues
```

Definition lists (ref³³) are created as follows:

```
term (up to a line of text)

Definition of the term, which must be indented

and can even consist of multiple paragraphs
```

(continues on next page)

³² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#bullet-lists

³³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#definition-lists

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
next term
Description.
```

Note that the term cannot have more than one line of text.

Quoted paragraphs (ref³⁴) are created by just indenting them more than the surrounding paragraphs.

Line blocks (ref³⁵) are a way of preserving line breaks:

```
| These lines are
| broken exactly like in
| the source file.
```

There are also several more special blocks available:

- field lists (ref³⁶, with caveats noted in *Field Lists*)
- option lists (ref³⁷)
- quoted literal blocks (ref³⁸)
- doctest blocks (ref³⁹)

Literal blocks

Literal code blocks (ref^{40}) are introduced by ending a paragraph with the special marker ::. The literal block must be indented (and, like all paragraphs, separated from the surrounding ones by blank lines):

```
This is a normal text paragraph. The next paragraph is a code sample::

It is not processed in any way, except that the indentation is removed.

It can span multiple lines.

This is a normal text paragraph again.
```

The handling of the :: marker is smart:

- If it occurs as a paragraph of its own, that paragraph is completely left out of the document.
- If it is preceded by whitespace, the marker is removed.
- If it is preceded by non-whitespace, the marker is replaced by a single colon.

That way, the second sentence in the above example's first paragraph would be rendered as «The next paragraph is a code sample:».

Code highlighting can be enabled for these literal blocks on a document-wide basis using the *highlight* directive and on a project-wide basis using the *highlight_language* configuration option. The *code-block* directive can be used to set highlighting on a block-by-block basis. These directives are discussed later.

³⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#block-quotes

³⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#line-blocks

³⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#field-lists

³⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#option-lists

³⁸ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#quoted-literal-blocks

³⁹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#doctest-blocks

⁴⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#literal-blocks

Doctest blocks

Doctest blocks (ref⁴¹) are interactive Python sessions cut-and-pasted into docstrings. They do not require the *literal blocks* syntax. The doctest block must end with a blank line and should *not* end with an unused prompt:

```
>>> 1 + 1
2
```

Tables

For grid tables (ref⁴²), you have to «paint» the cell grid yourself. They look like this:

Simple tables (ref⁴³) are easier to write, but limited: they must contain more than one row, and the first column cells cannot contain multiple lines. They look like this:

Two more syntaxes are supported: CSV tables and List tables. They use an explicit markup block. Refer to Tables for more information.

Hyperlinks

External links

Use `Link text Link text should be the web address, you don't need special markup at all, the parser finds links and mail addresses in ordinary text.

Importante: There must be a space between the link text and the opening < for the URL.

You can also separate the link and the target definition (ref⁴⁴), like this:

⁴¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#doctest-blocks

⁴² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#grid-tables

⁴³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#simple-tables

⁴⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#hyperlink-targets

```
This is a paragraph that contains `a link`_.
.. _a link: https://domain.invalid/
```

Internal links

Internal linking is done via a special reST role provided by Sphinx, see the section on specific markup, *Cross-referencing arbitrary locations*.

Sections

Section headers (ref⁴⁵) are created by underlining (and optionally overlining) the section title with a punctuation character, at least as long as the text:

Normally, there are no heading levels assigned to certain characters as the structure is determined from the succession of headings. However, this convention is used in Python's Style Guide for documenting 46 which you may follow:

- # with overline, for parts
- * with overline, for chapters
- =, for sections
- · -, for subsections
- ^, for subsubsections
- ", for paragraphs

Of course, you are free to use your own marker characters (see the reST documentation), and use a deeper nesting level, but keep in mind that most target formats (HTML, LaTeX) have a limited supported nesting depth.

Field Lists

Field lists (ref⁴⁷) are sequences of fields marked up like this:

```
:fieldname: Field content
```

They are commonly used in Python documentation:

```
def my_function(my_arg, my_other_arg):
    """A function just for me.

:param my_arg: The first of my arguments.
:param my_other_arg: The second of my arguments.

:returns: A message (just for me, of course).
"""
```

⁴⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#sections

⁴⁶ https://docs.python.org/devguide/documenting.html#style-guide

⁴⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#field-lists

Sphinx extends standard docutils behavior and intercepts field lists specified at the beginning of documents. Refer to *Field Lists* for more information.

Roles

A role or «custom interpreted text role» (ref⁴⁸) is an inline piece of explicit markup. It signifies that the enclosed text should be interpreted in a specific way. Sphinx uses this to provide semantic markup and cross-referencing of identifiers, as described in the appropriate section. The general syntax is :rolename:`content`.

Docutils supports the following roles:

- emphasis⁴⁹ equivalent of *emphasis*
- strong⁵⁰ equivalent of **strong**
- literal⁵¹ equivalent of ``literal``
- subscript⁵² subscript text
- superscript ⁵³ superscript text
- title-reference⁵⁴ for titles of books, periodicals, and other materials

Refer to Roles for roles added by Sphinx.

Explicit Markup

«Explicit markup» (ref⁵⁵) is used in reST for most constructs that need special handling, such as footnotes, specially-highlighted paragraphs, comments, and generic directives.

An explicit markup block begins with a line starting with . . followed by whitespace and is terminated by the next paragraph at the same level of indentation. (There needs to be a blank line between explicit markup and normal paragraphs. This may all sound a bit complicated, but it is intuitive enough when you write it.)

Directives

A directive (ref⁵⁶) is a generic block of explicit markup. Along with roles, it is one of the extension mechanisms of reST, and Sphinx makes heavy use of it.

Docutils supports the following directives:

• Admonitions: attention⁵⁷, caution⁵⁸, danger⁵⁹, error⁶⁰, hint⁶¹, important⁶², note⁶³, tip⁶⁴, warning⁶⁵ and the generic admonition⁶⁶. (Most themes style only «note» and «warning» specially.)

```
48 http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#roles
```

⁴⁹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/roles.html#emphasis

⁵⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/roles.html#strong

⁵¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/roles.html#literal

⁵² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/roles.html#subscript

⁵³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/roles.html#superscript

⁵⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/roles.html#title-reference

⁵⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#explicit-markup-blocks

⁵⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#directives

⁵⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#attention

⁵⁸ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#caution

⁵⁹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#danger

⁶⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#error

⁶¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#hint

⁶² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#important

⁶³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#note

⁶⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#tip

⁶⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#warning

⁶⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#admonitions

• Images:

- image⁶⁷ (see also *Images* below)
- figure⁶⁸ (an image with caption and optional legend)

• Additional body elements:

- contents⁶⁹ (a local, i.e. for the current file only, table of contents)
- container 70 (a container with a custom class, useful to generate an outer <div> in HTML)
- rubric⁷¹ (a heading without relation to the document sectioning)
- topic⁷², sidebar⁷³ (special highlighted body elements)
- parsed-literal⁷⁴ (literal block that supports inline markup)
- epigraph⁷⁵ (a block quote with optional attribution line)
- highlights⁷⁶, pull-quote⁷⁷ (block quotes with their own class attribute)
- compound⁷⁸ (a compound paragraph)

• Special tables:

- table⁷⁹ (a table with title)
- csv-table⁸⁰ (a table generated from comma-separated values)
- list-table⁸¹ (a table generated from a list of lists)

· Special directives:

- raw⁸² (include raw target-format markup)
- include⁸³ (include reStructuredText from another file) in Sphinx, when given an absolute include file path, this directive takes it as relative to the source directory
- class⁸⁴ (assign a class attribute to the next element)¹

• HTML specifics:

- meta⁸⁵ (generation of HTML <meta> tags, see also *HTML Metadata* below)
- title⁸⁶ (override document title)

• Influencing markup:

⁶⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#image

⁶⁸ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#figure

⁶⁹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#table-of-contents

⁷⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#container

⁷¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#rubric

⁷² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#topic

⁷³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#sidebar

⁷⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#parsed-literal

⁷⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#epigraph

⁷⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#highlights

⁷⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#pull-quote

⁷⁸ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#compound-paragraph

⁷⁹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#table

⁸⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#csv-table

⁸¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#list-table

⁸² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#raw-data-pass-through

⁸³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#include

⁸⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#class

¹ When the default domain contains a class directive, this directive will be shadowed. Therefore, Sphinx re-exports it as rst-class.

⁸⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#meta

⁸⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#metadata-document-title

- default-role⁸⁷ (set a new default role)
- role⁸⁸ (create a new role)

Since these are only per-file, better use Sphinx's facilities for setting the *default_role*.

```
Avvertimento: Do not use the directives sectnum<sup>89</sup>, header<sup>90</sup> and footer<sup>91</sup>.
```

Directives added by Sphinx are described in *Directives*.

Basically, a directive consists of a name, arguments, options and content. (Keep this terminology in mind, it is used in the next chapter describing custom directives.) Looking at this example,

function is the directive name. It is given two arguments here, the remainder of the first line and the second line, as well as one option module (as you can see, options are given in the lines immediately following the arguments and indicated by the colons). Options must be indented to the same level as the directive content.

The directive content follows after a blank line and is indented relative to the directive start.

Images

reST supports an image directive (ref⁹²), used like so:

```
.. image:: gnu.png
(options)
```

When used within Sphinx, the file name given (here gnu.png) must either be relative to the source file, or absolute which means that they are relative to the top source directory. For example, the file sketch/spam.rst could refer to the image images/spam.png as ../images/spam.png or /images/spam.png.

Sphinx will automatically copy image files over to a subdirectory of the output directory on building (e.g. the _static directory for HTML output.)

Interpretation of image size options (width and height) is as follows: if the size has no unit or the unit is pixels, the given size will only be respected for output channels that support pixels. Other units (like pt for points) will be used for HTML and LaTeX output (the latter replaces pt by bp as this is the TeX unit such that 72bp=1in).

Sphinx extends the standard docutils behavior by allowing an asterisk for the extension:

```
.. image:: gnu.*
```

Sphinx then searches for all images matching the provided pattern and determines their type. Each builder then chooses the best image out of these candidates. For instance, if the file name gnu.* was given and two files gnu.pdf and gnu.png existed in the source tree, the LaTeX builder would choose the former, while the HTML builder would prefer the latter. Supported image types and choosing priority are defined at *Builders*.

⁸⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#default-role

⁸⁸ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#role

⁸⁹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#sectnum

⁹⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#header 91 http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#footer

⁹² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#image

^{1.3.} reStructuredText 17

Note that image file names should not contain spaces.

Cambiato nella versione 0.4: Added the support for file names ending in an asterisk.

Cambiato nella versione 0.6: Image paths can now be absolute.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: latex target supports pixels (default is 96px=1in).

Footnotes

For footnotes (ref⁹³), use [#name]_ to mark the footnote location, and add the footnote body at the bottom of the document after a «Footnotes» rubric heading, like so:

```
Lorem ipsum [#f1]_ dolor sit amet ... [#f2]_
.. rubric:: Footnotes
.. [#f1] Text of the first footnote.
.. [#f2] Text of the second footnote.
```

You can also explicitly number the footnotes ([1]_) or use auto-numbered footnotes without names ([#]_).

Citations

Standard reST citations (ref⁹⁴) are supported, with the additional feature that they are «global», i.e. all citations can be referenced from all files. Use them like so:

```
Lorem ipsum [Ref]_ dolor sit amet.
.. [Ref] Book or article reference, URL or whatever.
```

Citation usage is similar to footnote usage, but with a label that is not numeric or begins with #.

Substitutions

reST supports «substitutions» (ref^{95}), which are pieces of text and/or markup referred to in the text by |name|. They are defined like footnotes with explicit markup blocks, like this:

```
.. |name| replace:: replacement *text*
```

or this:

See the reST reference for substitutions 96 for details.

If you want to use some substitutions for all documents, put them into rst_prolog or rst_epilog or put them into a separate file and include it into all documents you want to use them in, using the include directive. (Be sure to give the include file a file name extension differing from that of other source files, to avoid Sphinx finding it as a standalone document.)

Sphinx defines some default substitutions, see Substitutions.

 $^{^{93}\} http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#footnotes$

 $^{^{94}\} http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#citations$

⁹⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#substitution-definitions

 $^{^{96}\} http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html \# substitution-definitions$

Comments

Every explicit markup block which isn't a valid markup construct (like the footnotes above) is regarded as a comment (ref⁹⁷). For example:

```
.. This is a comment.
```

You can indent text after a comment start to form multiline comments:

```
..
This whole indented block
is a comment.
Still in the comment.
```

HTML Metadata

The meta directive (ref⁹⁸) allows specifying the HTML metadata element⁹⁹ of a Sphinx documentation page. For example, the directive:

```
.. meta::
:description: The Sphinx documentation builder
:keywords: Sphinx, documentation, builder
```

will generate the following HTML output:

```
<meta name="description" content="The Sphinx documentation builder">
<meta name="keywords" content="Sphinx, documentation, builder">
```

Also, Sphinx will add the keywords as specified in the meta directive to the search index. Thereby, the lang attribute of the meta element is considered. For example, the directive:

```
.. meta::
    :keywords: backup
    :keywords lang=en: pleasefindthiskey pleasefindthiskeytoo
    :keywords lang=de: bittediesenkeyfinden
```

adds the following words to the search indices of builds with different language configurations:

- pleasefindthiskey, pleasefindthiskeytoo to *English* builds;
- bittediesenkeyfinden to German builds;
- backup to builds in all languages.

⁹⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#comments

⁹⁸ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#meta

⁹⁹ https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML/Element/meta

Source encoding

Since the easiest way to include special characters like em dashes or copyright signs in reST is to directly write them as Unicode characters, one has to specify an encoding. Sphinx assumes source files to be encoded in UTF-8 by default; you can change this with the *source_encoding* config value.

Gotchas

There are some problems one commonly runs into while authoring reST documents:

- **Separation of inline markup:** As said above, inline markup spans must be separated from the surrounding text by non-word characters, you have to use a backslash-escaped space to get around that. See the reference for the details.
- No nested inline markup: Something like *see :func:`foo`* is not possible.

Roles

Sphinx uses interpreted text roles to insert semantic markup into documents. They are written as :rolename:`content`.

Nota: The default role (`content`) has no special meaning by default. You are free to use it for anything you like, e.g. variable names; use the *default_role* config value to set it to a known role – the *any* role to find anything or the *py:obj* role to find Python objects are very useful for this.

See *Domains* for roles added by domains.

Cross-referencing syntax

Cross-references are generated by many semantic interpreted text roles. Basically, you only need to write <code>:role:`target`</code>, and a link will be created to the item named *target* of the type indicated by *role*. The link's text will be the same as *target*.

There are some additional facilities, however, that make cross-referencing roles more versatile:

- You may supply an explicit title and reference target, like in reST direct hyperlinks: :role:`title <target>` will refer to *target*, but the link text will be *title*.
- If you prefix the content with !, no reference/hyperlink will be created.
- If you prefix the content with ~, the link text will only be the last component of the target. For example, :py:meth:`~Queue.get` will refer to Queue.Queue.get but only display get as the link text. This does not work with all cross-reference roles, but is domain specific.

In HTML output, the link's title attribute (that is e.g. shown as a tool-tip on mouse-hover) will always be the full target name.

 $^{^{100}\} http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructured text.html \# substitution-definitions$

Cross-referencing anything

:any:

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

This convenience role tries to do its best to find a valid target for its reference text.

- First, it tries standard cross-reference targets that would be referenced by doc, ref or option.
 Custom objects added to the standard domain by extensions (see Sphinx.add_object_type()) are also searched.
- Then, it looks for objects (targets) in all loaded domains. It is up to the domains how specific a match must be. For example, in the Python domain a reference of :any: `Builder` would match the sphinx. builders.Builder class.

If none or multiple targets are found, a warning will be emitted. In the case of multiple targets, you can change «any» to a specific role.

This role is a good candidate for setting *default_role*. If you do, you can write cross-references without a lot of markup overhead. For example, in this Python function documentation

```
.. function:: install()

This function installs a `handler` for every signal known by the `signal` module. See the section `about-signals` for more information.
```

there could be references to a glossary term (usually :term:`handler`), a Python module (usually :py:mod:`signal` or :mod:`signal`) and a section (usually :ref:`about-signals`).

The *any* role also works together with the *intersphinx* extension: when no local cross-reference is found, all object types of intersphinx inventories are also searched.

Cross-referencing objects

These roles are described with their respective domains:

- Python
- C
- C++
- JavaScript
- ReST

Cross-referencing arbitrary locations

:ref:

To support cross-referencing to arbitrary locations in any document, the standard reST labels are used. For this to work label names must be unique throughout the entire documentation. There are two ways in which you can refer to labels:

• If you place a label directly before a section title, you can reference to it with :ref:`label-name`. For example:

```
.. _my-reference-label:
Section to cross-reference
------
This is the text of the section.
It refers to the section itself, see :ref:`my-reference-label`.
```

The :ref: role would then generate a link to the section, with the link title being «Section to cross-reference». This works just as well when section and reference are in different source files.

Automatic labels also work with figures. For example:

```
.. _my-figure:
.. figure:: whatever
Figure caption
```

In this case, a reference :ref:`my-figure` would insert a reference to the figure with link text «Figure caption».

The same works for tables that are given an explicit caption using the table 101 directive.

• Labels that aren't placed before a section title can still be referenced, but you must give the link an explicit title, using this syntax: :ref:`Link title <label-name>`.

Nota: Reference labels must start with an underscore. When referencing a label, the underscore must be omitted (see examples above).

Using *ref* is advised over standard reStructuredText links to sections (like `Section title`_) because it works across files, when section headings are changed, will raise warnings if incorrect, and works for all builders that support cross-references.

Cross-referencing documents

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

There is also a way to directly link to documents:

:doc:

Link to the specified document; the document name can be specified in absolute or relative fashion. For example, if the reference :doc:`parrot` occurs in the document sketches/index, then the link refers to sketches/parrot. If the reference is :doc:`/people` or :doc:`../people`, the link refers to people.

If no explicit link text is given (like usual: :doc:`Monty Python members </people>`), the link caption will be the title of the given document.

 $^{^{101}\} http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#table$

Referencing downloadable files

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

:download:

This role lets you link to files within your source tree that are not reST documents that can be viewed, but files that can be downloaded.

When you use this role, the referenced file is automatically marked for inclusion in the output when building (obviously, for HTML output only). All downloadable files are put into a _downloads/<unique hash>/ subdirectory of the output directory; duplicate filenames are handled.

An example:

```
See :download: `this example script <../example.py>`.
```

The given filename is usually relative to the directory the current source file is contained in, but if it absolute (starting with /), it is taken as relative to the top source directory.

The example.py file will be copied to the output directory, and a suitable link generated to it.

Not to show unavailable download links, you should wrap whole paragraphs that have this role:

```
.. only:: builder_html
See :download:`this example script <../example.py>`.
```

Cross-referencing figures by figure number

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: numref role can also refer sections. And numref allows [name] for the link text.

:numref:

Link to the specified figures, tables, code-blocks and sections; the standard reST labels are used. When you use this role, it will insert a reference to the figure with link text by its figure number like «Fig. 1.1».

If an explicit link text is given (as usual: :numref:`Image of Sphinx (Fig. %s) <my-figure>`), the link caption will serve as title of the reference. As placeholders, %s and {number} get replaced by the figure number and {name} by the figure caption. If no explicit link text is given, the numfig_format setting is used as fall-back default.

If *numfig* is False, figures are not numbered, so this role inserts not a reference but the label or the link text.

Cross-referencing other items of interest

The following roles do possibly create a cross-reference, but do not refer to objects:

·envvar·

An environment variable. Index entries are generated. Also generates a link to the matching *envvar* directive, if it exists.

:token:

The name of a grammar token (used to create links between *productionlist* directives).

:keyword:

The name of a keyword in Python. This creates a link to a reference label with that name, if it exists.

:option:

A command-line option to an executable program. This generates a link to a option directive, if it exists.

The following role creates a cross-reference to a term in a *glossary*:

:term:

Reference to a term in a glossary. A glossary is created using the glossary directive containing a definition list with terms and definitions. It does not have to be in the same file as the term markup, for example the Python docs have one global glossary in the glossary.rst file.

If you use a term that's not explained in a glossary, you'll get a warning during build.

Math

:math:

Role for inline math. Use like this:

```
Since Pythagoras, we know that :math: a^2 + b^2 = c^2.
```

:eq:

Same as math: numref.

Other semantic markup

The following roles don't do anything special except formatting the text in a different style:

:abbr:

An abbreviation. If the role content contains a parenthesized explanation, it will be treated specially: it will be shown in a tool-tip in HTML, and output only once in LaTeX.

```
Example: :abbr:`LIFO (last-in, first-out)`.
```

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

:command:

The name of an OS-level command, such as rm.

:dfn:

Mark the defining instance of a term in the text. (No index entries are generated.)

:file:

The name of a file or directory. Within the contents, you can use curly braces to indicate a «variable» part, for example:

```
... is installed in :file:`/usr/lib/python2.{x}/site-packages` ...
```

In the built documentation, the x will be displayed differently to indicate that it is to be replaced by the Python minor version.

:guilabel:

Labels presented as part of an interactive user interface should be marked using guilabel. This includes labels from text-based interfaces such as those created using curses 102 or other text-based libraries. Any label used in the interface should be marked with this role, including button labels, window titles, field names, menu and menu selection names, and even values in selection lists.

Cambiato nella versione 1.0: An accelerator key for the GUI label can be included using an ampersand; this will be stripped and displayed underlined in the output (example: :guilabel:`&Cancel`). To include a literal ampersand, double it.

¹⁰² https://docs.python.org/3/library/curses.html#module-curses

:kbd:

Mark a sequence of keystrokes. What form the key sequence takes may depend on platform- or application-specific conventions. When there are no relevant conventions, the names of modifier keys should be spelled out, to improve accessibility for new users and non-native speakers. For example, an *xemacs* key sequence may be marked like :kbd:`C-x C-f`, but without reference to a specific application or platform, the same sequence should be marked as :kbd:`Control-x Control-f`.

:mailheader:

The name of an RFC 822-style mail header. This markup does not imply that the header is being used in an email message, but can be used to refer to any header of the same «style.» This is also used for headers defined by the various MIME specifications. The header name should be entered in the same way it would normally be found in practice, with the camel-casing conventions being preferred where there is more than one common usage. For example: :mailheader: `Content-Type`.

:makevar:

The name of a **make** variable.

:manpage:

A reference to a Unix manual page including the section, e.g. :manpage:`ls(1)`. Creates a hyperlink to an external site rendering the manpage if manpages_url is defined.

:menuselection:

Menu selections should be marked using the menuselection role. This is used to mark a complete sequence of menu selections, including selecting submenus and choosing a specific operation, or any subsequence of such a sequence. The names of individual selections should be separated by -->.

For example, to mark the selection «Start > Programs», use this markup:

```
:menuselection:`Start --> Programs`
```

When including a selection that includes some trailing indicator, such as the ellipsis some operating systems use to indicate that the command opens a dialog, the indicator should be omitted from the selection name.

menuselection also supports ampersand accelerators just like guilabel.

:mimetype:

The name of a MIME type, or a component of a MIME type (the major or minor portion, taken alone).

:newsgroup:

The name of a Usenet newsgroup.

Da fare: Is this not part of the standard domain?

:program:

The name of an executable program. This may differ from the file name for the executable for some platforms. In particular, the .exe (or other) extension should be omitted for Windows programs.

:regexp:

A regular expression. Quotes should not be included.

:samp:

A piece of literal text, such as code. Within the contents, you can use curly braces to indicate a «variable» part, as in *file*. For example, in :samp:`print 1+{variable}`, the part variable would be emphasized.

If you don't need the «variable part» indication, use the standard ``code`` instead.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Allowed to escape curly braces with backslash

There is also an *index* role to generate index entries.

The following roles generate external links:

:pep:

A reference to a Python Enhancement Proposal. This generates appropriate index entries. The text «PEP *num-ber*» is generated; in the HTML output, this text is a hyperlink to an online copy of the specified PEP. You can link to a specific section by saying :pep:`number#anchor`.

:rfc:

A reference to an Internet Request for Comments. This generates appropriate index entries. The text «RFC *number*» is generated; in the HTML output, this text is a hyperlink to an online copy of the specified RFC. You can link to a specific section by saying :rfc:`number#anchor`.

Note that there are no special roles for including hyperlinks as you can use the standard reST markup for that purpose.

Substitutions

The documentation system provides three substitutions that are defined by default. They are set in the build configuration file.

|release|

Replaced by the project release the documentation refers to. This is meant to be the full version string including alpha/beta/release candidate tags, e.g. 2.5.2b3. Set by *release*.

|version|

Replaced by the project version the documentation refers to. This is meant to consist only of the major and minor version parts, e.g. 2.5, even for version 2.5.1. Set by *version*.

|today|

Replaced by either today's date (the date on which the document is read), or the date set in the build configuration file. Normally has the format April 14, 2007. Set by today_fmt and today.

Directives

As previously discussed, a directive is a generic block of explicit markup. While Docutils provides a number of directives, Sphinx provides many more and uses directives as one of the primary extension mechanisms.

See *Domains* for roles added by domains.

Vedi anche:

Refer to the reStructuredText Primer for an overview of the directives provided by Docutils.

Table of contents

Since reST does not have facilities to interconnect several documents, or split documents into multiple output files, Sphinx uses a custom directive to add relations between the single files the documentation is made of, as well as tables of contents. The toctree directive is the central element.

Nota: Simple «inclusion» of one file in another can be done with the include ¹⁰³ directive.

Nota: To create table of contents for current document (.rst file), use the standard reST contents directive ¹⁰⁴.

¹⁰³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#include

¹⁰⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#table-of-contents

.. toctree::

This directive inserts a «TOC tree» at the current location, using the individual TOCs (including «sub-TOC trees») of the documents given in the directive body. Relative document names (not beginning with a slash) are relative to the document the directive occurs in, absolute names are relative to the source directory. A numeric maxdepth option may be given to indicate the depth of the tree; by default, all levels are included. 116

The representation of «TOC tree» is changed in each output format. The builders that output multiple files (ex. HTML) treat it as a collection of hyperlinks. On the other hand, the builders that output a single file (ex. LaTeX, man page, etc.) replace it with the content of the documents on the TOC tree.

Consider this example (taken from the Python docs" library reference index):

```
.. toctree::
    :maxdepth: 2

    intro
    strings
    datatypes
    numeric
    (many more documents listed here)
```

This accomplishes two things:

- Tables of contents from all those documents are inserted, with a maximum depth of two, that means one nested heading. toctree directives in those documents are also taken into account.
- Sphinx knows the relative order of the documents intro, strings and so forth, and it knows that they are children of the shown document, the library index. From this information it generates «next chapter», «previous chapter» and «parent chapter» links.

Entries

Document titles in the *toctree* will be automatically read from the title of the referenced document. If that isn't what you want, you can specify an explicit title and target using a similar syntax to reST hyperlinks (and Sphinx's *cross-referencing syntax*). This looks like:

```
intro
All about strings <strings>
datatypes
```

The second line above will link to the strings document, but will use the title «All about strings» instead of the title of the strings document.

You can also add external links, by giving an HTTP URL instead of a document name.

Section numbering

If you want to have section numbers even in HTML output, give the **toplevel** toctree a numbered option. For example:

```
.. toctree::
   :numbered:
   foo
   bar
```

Numbering then starts at the heading of foo. Sub-toctrees are automatically numbered (don't give the numbered flag to those).

Numbering up to a specific depth is also possible, by giving the depth as a numeric argument to numbered.

Additional options

You can use the caption option to provide a toctree caption and you can use the name option to provide an implicit target name that can be referenced by using *ref*:

```
.. toctree::
    :caption: Table of Contents
    :name: mastertoc
    foo
```

If you want only the titles of documents in the tree to show up, not other headings of the same level, you can use the titlesonly option:

```
.. toctree::
    :titlesonly:
    foo
    bar
```

You can use «globbing» in toctree directives, by giving the glob flag option. All entries are then matched against the list of available documents, and matches are inserted into the list alphabetically. Example:

```
.. toctree::
    :glob:
    intro*
    recipe/*
    *
```

This includes first all documents whose names start with intro, then all documents in the recipe folder, then all remaining documents (except the one containing the directive, of course.)¹¹⁷

The special entry name self stands for the document containing the toctree directive. This is useful if you want to generate a «sitemap» from the toctree.

You can use the reversed flag option to reverse the order of the entries in the list. This can be useful when using the glob flag option to reverse the ordering of the files. Example:

```
.. toctree::
    :glob:
    :reversed:
    recipe/*
```

You can also give a «hidden» option to the directive, like this:

```
.. toctree::
    :hidden:

    doc_1
    doc_2
```

This will still notify Sphinx of the document hierarchy, but not insert links into the document at the location of the directive – this makes sense if you intend to insert these links yourself, in a different style, or in the HTML sidebar.

In cases where you want to have only one top-level toctree and hide all other lower level toctrees you can add the «includehidden» option to the top-level toctree entry:

```
.. toctree::
    :includehidden:

    doc_1
    doc_2
```

All other toctree entries can then be eliminated by the «hidden» option.

In the end, all documents in the *source directory* (or subdirectories) must occur in some toctree directive; Sphinx will emit a warning if it finds a file that is not included, because that means that this file will not be reachable through standard navigation.

Use *exclude_patterns* to explicitly exclude documents or directories from building completely. Use *the «orphan» metadata* to let a document be built, but notify Sphinx that it is not reachable via a toctree.

The «root document» (selected by *root_doc*) is the «root» of the TOC tree hierarchy. It can be used as the documentation's main page, or as a «full table of contents» if you don't give a maxdepth option.

Cambiato nella versione 0.3: Added «globbing» option.

Cambiato nella versione 0.6: Added «numbered» and «hidden» options as well as external links and support for «self» references.

Cambiato nella versione 1.0: Added «titlesonly» option.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: Added numeric argument to «numbered».

Cambiato nella versione 1.2: Added «includehidden» option.

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: Added «caption» and «name» option.

Special names

Sphinx reserves some document names for its own use; you should not try to create documents with these names – it will cause problems.

The special document names (and pages generated for them) are:

• genindex, modindex, search

These are used for the general index, the Python module index, and the search page, respectively.

The general index is populated with entries from modules, all index-generating *object descriptions*, and from *index* directives.

The Python module index contains one entry per *py:module* directive.

The search page contains a form that uses the generated JSON search index and JavaScript to full-text search the generated documents for search words; it should work on every major browser that supports modern JavaScript.

• every name beginning with _

Though few such names are currently used by Sphinx, you should not create documents or document-containing directories with such names. (Using _ as a prefix for a custom template directory is fine.)

 $^{^{116}}$ The LaTeX writer only refers the $\mathtt{maxdepth}$ option of first toctree directive in the document.

¹¹⁷ A note on available globbing syntax: you can use the standard shell constructs *, ?, [...] and [!...] with the feature that these all don't match slashes. A double star ** can be used to match any sequence of characters *including* slashes.

Avvertimento: Be careful with unusual characters in filenames. Some formats may interpret these characters in unexpected ways:

- Do not use the colon: for HTML based formats. Links to other parts may not work.
- Do not use the plus + for the ePub format. Some resources may not be found.

Paragraph-level markup

These directives create short paragraphs and can be used inside information units as well as normal text.

.. note::

An especially important bit of information about an API that a user should be aware of when using whatever bit of API the note pertains to. The content of the directive should be written in complete sentences and include all appropriate punctuation.

Example:

```
.. note::
```

This function is not suitable for sending spam e-mails.

.. warning::

An important bit of information about an API that a user should be very aware of when using whatever bit of API the warning pertains to. The content of the directive should be written in complete sentences and include all appropriate punctuation. This differs from *note* in that it is recommended over *note* for information regarding security.

.. versionadded:: version

This directive documents the version of the project which added the described feature to the library or C API. When this applies to an entire module, it should be placed at the top of the module section before any prose.

The first argument must be given and is the version in question; you can add a second argument consisting of a *brief* explanation of the change.

Example:

```
.. versionadded:: 2.5
The *spam* parameter.
```

Note that there must be no blank line between the directive head and the explanation; this is to make these blocks visually continuous in the markup.

.. versionchanged:: version

Similar to *versionadded*, but describes when and what changed in the named feature in some way (new parameters, changed side effects, etc.).

.. deprecated:: version

Similar to *versionchanged*, but describes when the feature was deprecated. An explanation can also be given, for example to inform the reader what should be used instead. Example:

```
.. deprecated:: 3.1
Use :func:`spam` instead.
```

.. seealso::

Many sections include a list of references to module documentation or external documents. These lists are created using the *seealso* directive.

The *seealso* directive is typically placed in a section just before any subsections. For the HTML output, it is shown boxed off from the main flow of the text.

The content of the *seealso* directive should be a reST definition list. Example:

There's also a «short form» allowed that looks like this:

```
.. seealso:: modules :py:mod:`zipfile`, :py:mod:`tarfile`
```

Nuovo nella versione 0.5: The short form.

.. rubric:: title

This directive creates a paragraph heading that is not used to create a table of contents node.

Nota: If the *title* of the rubric is «Footnotes» (or the selected language's equivalent), this rubric is ignored by the LaTeX writer, since it is assumed to only contain footnote definitions and therefore would create an empty heading.

.. centered::

This directive creates a centered boldfaced line of text. Use it as follows:

```
.. centered:: LICENSE AGREEMENT
```

Deprecato dalla versione 1.1: This presentation-only directive is a legacy from older versions. Use a rst-class directive instead and add an appropriate style.

.. hlist::

This directive must contain a bullet list. It will transform it into a more compact list by either distributing more than one item horizontally, or reducing spacing between items, depending on the builder.

For builders that support the horizontal distribution, there is a columns option that specifies the number of columns; it defaults to 2. Example:

```
.. hlist::
    :columns: 3

* A list of
    * short items
    * that should be
    * displayed
    * horizontally
```

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Showing code examples

There are multiple ways to show syntax-highlighted literal code blocks in Sphinx:

- using reST doctest blocks;
- using reST literal blocks, optionally in combination with the highlight directive;
- using the code-block directive;
- and using the literalinclude directive.

Doctest blocks can only be used to show interactive Python sessions, while the remaining three can be used for other languages. Of these three, literal blocks are useful when an entire document, or at least large sections of it, use code blocks with the same syntax and which should be styled in the same manner. On the other hand, the *code-block* directive makes more sense when you want more fine-tuned control over the styling of each block or when you have a document containing code blocks using multiple varied syntaxes. Finally, the *literalinclude* directive is useful for including entire code files in your documentation.

In all cases, Syntax highlighting is provided by Pygments¹⁰⁵. When using literal blocks, this is configured using any *highlight* directives in the source file. When a highlight directive is encountered, it is used until the next highlight directive is encountered. If there is no highlight directive in the file, the global highlighting language is used. This defaults to python but can be configured using the *highlight_language* config value. The following values are supported:

- none (no highlighting)
- default (similar to python3 but with a fallback to none without warning highlighting fails; the default when highlight_language isn't set)
- guess (let Pygments guess the lexer based on contents, only works with certain well-recognizable languages)
- python
- rest
- c
- ... and any other lexer alias that Pygments supports 106

If highlighting with the selected language fails (i.e. Pygments emits an «Error» token), the block is not highlighted in any way.

Importante: The list of lexer aliases supported is tied to the Pygment version. If you want to ensure consistent highlighting, you should fix your version of Pygments.

.. highlight:: language

Example:

.. highlight:: c

This language is used until the next highlight directive is encountered. As discussed previously, *language* can be any lexer alias supported by Pygments.

¹⁰⁵ http://pygments.org

¹⁰⁶ http://pygments.org/docs/lexers

options

:linenothreshold: threshold (number (optional))

Enable to generate line numbers for code blocks.

This option takes an optional number as threshold parameter. If any threshold given, the directive will produce line numbers only for the code blocks longer than N lines. If not given, line numbers will be produced for all of code blocks.

Example:

```
.. highlight:: python
:linenothreshold: 5
```

:force: (no value)

If given, minor errors on highlighting are ignored.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

.. code-block:: [language]

Example:

```
.. code-block:: ruby

Some Ruby code.
```

The directive's alias name sourcecode works as well. This directive takes a language name as an argument. It can be any lexer alias supported by Pygments. If it is not given, the setting of <code>highlight</code> directive will be used. If not set, <code>highlight_language</code> will be used.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: The language argument becomes optional.

options

:linenos: (no value)

Enable to generate line numbers for the code block:

```
.. code-block:: ruby
:linenos:

Some more Ruby code.
```

:lineno-start: number (number)

Set the first line number of the code block. If present, linenos option is also automatically activated:

```
.. code-block:: ruby
    :lineno-start: 10

Some more Ruby code, with line numbering starting at 10.
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

:emphasize-lines: line numbers (comma separated numbers)

Emphasize particular lines of the code block:

```
.. code-block:: python
:emphasize-lines: 3,5
```

(continues on next page)

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
def some_function():
    interesting = False
    print 'This line is highlighted.'
    print 'This one is not...'
    print '...but this one is.'
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6.6: LaTeX supports the emphasize-lines option.

:caption: caption of code block (text)

Set a caption to the code block.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

:name: a label for hyperlink (text)

Define implicit target name that can be referenced by using *ref*. For example:

```
.. code-block:: python
    :caption: this.py
    :name: this-py

print 'Explicit is better than implicit.'
```

In order to cross-reference a code-block using either the *ref* or the *numref* role, it is necessary that both **name** and **caption** be defined. The argument of **name** can then be given to *numref* to generate the cross-reference. Example:

```
See :numref:`this-py` for an example.
```

When using ref, it is possible to generate a cross-reference with only **name** defined, provided an explicit title is given. Example:

```
See :ref:`this code snippet <this-py>` for an example.
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

:dedent: number (number or no value)

Strip indentation characters from the code block. When number given, leading N characters are removed. When no argument given, leading spaces are removed via $\texttt{textwrap.dedent}()^{107}$. For example:

```
.. code-block:: ruby
:dedent: 4

some ruby code
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: Support automatic dedent.

:force: (no value)

If given, minor errors on highlighting are ignored.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

.. literalinclude:: filename

Longer displays of verbatim text may be included by storing the example text in an external file containing only

¹⁰⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/textwrap.html#textwrap.dedent

plain text. The file may be included using the literalinclude directive. ¹¹⁸ For example, to include the Python source file example.py, use:

```
.. literalinclude:: example.py
```

The file name is usually relative to the current file's path. However, if it is absolute (starting with /), it is relative to the top source directory.

Additional options

Like <code>code-block</code>, the directive supports the linenos flag option to switch on line numbers, the lineno-start option to select the first line number, the <code>emphasize-lines</code> option to emphasize particular lines, the name option to provide an implicit target name, the <code>dedent</code> option to strip indentation characters for the code block, and a language option to select a language different from the current file's standard language. In addition, it supports the <code>caption</code> option; however, this can be provided with no argument to use the filename as the caption. Example with options:

```
.. literalinclude:: example.rb
   :language: ruby
   :emphasize-lines: 12,15-18
   :linenos:
```

Tabs in the input are expanded if you give a tab-width option with the desired tab width.

Include files are assumed to be encoded in the *source_encoding*. If the file has a different encoding, you can specify it with the encoding option:

```
.. literalinclude:: example.py
:encoding: latin-1
```

The directive also supports including only parts of the file. If it is a Python module, you can select a class, function or method to include using the pyobject option:

```
.. literalinclude:: example.py
:pyobject: Timer.start
```

This would only include the code lines belonging to the start() method in the Timer class within the file.

Alternately, you can specify exactly which lines to include by giving a lines option:

```
.. literalinclude:: example.py :lines: 1,3,5-10,20-
```

This includes the lines 1, 3, 5 to 10 and lines 20 to the last line.

Another way to control which part of the file is included is to use the start-after and end-before options (or only one of them). If start-after is given as a string option, only lines that follow the first line containing that string are included. If end-before is given as a string option, only lines that precede the first lines containing that string are included. The start-at and end-at options behave in a similar way, but the lines containing the matched string are included.

start-after/start-at and end-before/end-at can have same string. start-after/start-at filter lines before the line that contains option string (start-at will keep the line). Then end-before/end-at filter lines after the line that contains option string (end-at will keep the line and end-before skip the first line).

Nota: If you want to select only [second-section] of ini file like the following, you can use :start-at: [second-section] and :end-before: [third-section]:

```
[first-section]
var_in_first=true

[second-section]
var_in_second=true

[third-section]
var_in_third=true
```

Useful cases of these option is working with tag comments. :start-after: [initialized] and :end-before: [initialized] options keep lines between comments:

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # [initialize]
    app.start(":8000")
    # [initialize]
```

When lines have been selected in any of the ways described above, the line numbers in emphasize-lines refer to those selected lines, counted consecutively starting at 1.

When specifying particular parts of a file to display, it can be useful to display the original line numbers. This can be done using the lineno-match option, which is however allowed only when the selection consists of contiguous lines.

You can prepend and/or append a line to the included code, using the prepend and append option, respectively. This is useful e.g. for highlighting PHP code that doesn't include the <?php/?> markers.

If you want to show the diff of the code, you can specify the old file by giving a diff option:

```
.. literalinclude:: example.py
:diff: example.py.orig
```

This shows the diff between example.py and example.py.orig with unified diff format.

A force option can ignore minor errors on highlighting.

Cambiato nella versione 0.4.3: Added the encoding option.

Cambiato nella versione 0.6: Added the pyobject, lines, start-after and end-before options, as well as support for absolute filenames.

Cambiato nella versione 1.0: Added the prepend, append, and tab-width options.

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: Added the diff, lineno-match, caption, name, and dedent options.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Added the start-at, and end-at options.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: With both start-after and lines in use, the first line as per start-after is considered to be with line number 1 for lines.

Cambiato nella versione 2.1: Added the force option.

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: Support automatic dedent.

 $^{^{118}}$ There is a standard . . include directive, but it raises errors if the file is not found. This one only emits a warning.

Glossary

.. glossary::

This directive must contain a reST definition-list-like markup with terms and definitions. The definitions will then be referenceable with the *term* role. Example:

```
environment
   A structure where information about all documents under the root is
   saved, and used for cross-referencing. The environment is pickled
   after the parsing stage, so that successive runs only need to read
   and parse new and changed documents.

source directory
   The directory which, including its subdirectories, contains all
   source files for one Sphinx project.
```

In contrast to regular definition lists, *multiple* terms per entry are allowed, and inline markup is allowed in terms. You can link to all of the terms. For example:

```
.. glossary::

term 1
term 2
Definition of both terms.
```

(When the glossary is sorted, the first term determines the sort order.)

If you want to specify «grouping key» for general index entries, you can put a «key» as «term : key». For example:

```
.. glossary::

term 1 : A

term 2 : B

Definition of both terms.
```

Note that «key» is used for grouping key as is. The «key» isn't normalized; key «A» and «a» become different groups. The whole characters in «key» is used instead of a first character; it is used for «Combining Character Sequence» and «Surrogate Pairs» grouping key.

In i18n situation, you can specify «localized term: key» even if original text only have «term» part. In this case, translated «localized term» will be categorized in «key» group.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6: You can now give the glossary directive a :sorted: flag that will automatically sort the entries alphabetically.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: Now supports multiple terms and inline markup in terms.

Cambiato nella versione 1.4: Index key for glossary term should be considered experimental.

Meta-information markup

.. sectionauthor:: name <email>

Identifies the author of the current section. The argument should include the author's name such that it can be used for presentation and email address. The domain name portion of the address should be lower case. Example:

```
.. sectionauthor:: Guido van Rossum <guido@python.org>
```

By default, this markup isn't reflected in the output in any way (it helps keep track of contributions), but you can set the configuration value *show_authors* to True to make them produce a paragraph in the output.

.. codeauthor:: name <email>

The *codeauthor* directive, which can appear multiple times, names the authors of the described code, just like *sectionauthor* names the author(s) of a piece of documentation. It too only produces output if the *show_authors* configuration value is True.

Index-generating markup

Sphinx automatically creates index entries from all object descriptions (like functions, classes or attributes) like discussed in *Domains*.

However, there is also explicit markup available, to make the index more comprehensive and enable index entries in documents where information is not mainly contained in information units, such as the language reference.

.. index:: <entries>

This directive contains one or more index entries. Each entry consists of a type and a value, separated by a colon.

For example:

This directive contains five entries, which will be converted to entries in the generated index which link to the exact location of the index statement (or, in case of offline media, the corresponding page number).

Since index directives generate cross-reference targets at their location in the source, it makes sense to put them *before* the thing they refer to -e.g. a heading, as in the example above.

The possible entry types are:

single Creates a single index entry. Can be made a subentry by separating the subentry text with a semicolon (this notation is also used below to describe what entries are created).

pair pair: loop; statement is a shortcut that creates two index entries, namely loop; statement and statement; loop.

triple Likewise, triple: module; search; path is a shortcut that creates three index entries, which are module; search path, search; path, module and path; module search.

see see: entry; other creates an index entry that refers from entry to other.

seealso Like see, but inserts «see also» instead of «see».

module, keyword, operator, object, exception, statement, builtin These all create two index entries. For example, module: hashlib creates the entries module; hashlib and hashlib; module. (These are Python-specific and therefore deprecated.)

You can mark up «main» index entries by prefixing them with an exclamation mark. The references to «main» entries are emphasized in the generated index. For example, if two pages contain

```
.. index:: Python
```

and one page contains

```
.. index:: ! Python
```

then the backlink to the latter page is emphasized among the three backlinks.

For index directives containing only «single» entries, there is a shorthand notation:

```
.. index:: BNF, grammar, syntax, notation
```

This creates four index entries.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: Added see and seealso types, as well as marking main entries.

options

:name: a label for hyperlink (text)

Define implicit target name that can be referenced by using *ref*. For example:

```
.. index:: Python
:name: py-index
```

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

:index:

While the *index* directive is a block-level markup and links to the beginning of the next paragraph, there is also a corresponding role that sets the link target directly where it is used.

The content of the role can be a simple phrase, which is then kept in the text and used as an index entry. It can also be a combination of text and index entry, styled like with explicit targets of cross-references. In that case, the «target» part can be a full entry as described for the directive above. For example:

```
This is a normal reST :index:`paragraph` that contains several :index:`index entries <pair: index; entry>`.
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Including content based on tags

.. only:: <expression>

Include the content of the directive only if the *expression* is true. The expression should consist of tags, like this:

```
.. only:: html and draft
```

Undefined tags are false, defined tags (via the -t command-line option or within conf.py, see *here*) are true. Boolean expressions, also using parentheses (like html and (latex or draft)) are supported.

The *format* and the *name* of the current builder (html, latex or text) are always set as a tag¹¹⁹. To make the distinction between format and name explicit, they are also added with the prefix format_ and builder_, e.g. the epub builder defines the tags html, epub, format_html and builder_epub.

These standard tags are set after the configuration file is read, so they are not available there.

All tags must follow the standard Python identifier syntax as set out in the Identifiers and keywords¹⁰⁸ documentation. That is, a tag expression may only consist of tags that conform to the syntax of Python variables. In ASCII, this consists of the uppercase and lowercase letters A through Z, the underscore _ and, except for the first character, the digits 0 through 9.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Cambiato nella versione 1.2: Added the name of the builder and the prefixes.

Avvertimento: This directive is designed to control only content of document. It could not control sections, labels and so on.

Tables

Use reStructuredText tables, i.e. either

- grid table syntax (ref¹⁰⁹),
- simple table syntax (ref¹¹⁰),
- csv-table¹¹¹ syntax,
- or list-table 112 syntax.

The table 113 directive serves as optional wrapper of the grid and simple syntaxes.

They work fine in HTML output, however there are some gotchas when using tables in LaTeX: the column width is hard to determine correctly automatically. For this reason, the following directive exists:

.. tabularcolumns:: column spec

This directive gives a «column spec» for the next table occurring in the source file. The spec is the second argument to the LaTeX tabulary package's environment (which Sphinx uses to translate tables). It can have values like

|1|1|1|

which means three left-adjusted, nonbreaking columns. For columns with longer text that should automatically be broken, use either the standard p{width} construct, or tabulary's automatic specifiers:

L	flush left column with automatic width
R	flush right column with automatic width
С	centered column with automatic width
J	justified column with automatic width

¹¹⁹ For most builders name and format are the same. At the moment only builders derived from the html builder distinguish between the builder format and the builder name.

Note that the current builder tag is not available in conf.py, it is only available after the builder is initialized.

¹⁰⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/reference/lexical_analysis.html#identifiers

http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#grid-tables

¹¹⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#simple-tables

¹¹¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#csv-table

¹¹² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#list-table

¹¹³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#table

The automatic widths of the LRCJ columns are attributed by tabulary in proportion to the observed shares in a first pass where the table cells are rendered at their natural «horizontal» widths.

By default, Sphinx uses a table layout with J for every column.

Nuovo nella versione 0.3.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: Merged cells may now contain multiple paragraphs and are much better handled, thanks to custom Sphinx LaTeX macros. This novel situation motivated the switch to J specifier and not L by default.

Suggerimento: Sphinx actually uses T specifier having done $\mbox{newcolumntype}\{T\}\{J\}$. To revert to previous default, insert $\mbox{newcolumntype}\{T\}\{L\}$ in the LaTeX preamble (see $\mbox{latex_elements}$).

A frequent issue with tabulary is that columns with little contents are «squeezed». The minimal column width is a tabulary parameter called \tymin. You may set it globally in the LaTeX preamble via \setlength{\tymin}{40pt} for example.

Else, use the tabularcolumns directive with an explicit p{40pt} (for example) for that column. You may use also 1 specifier but this makes the task of setting column widths more difficult if some merged cell intersects that column.

Avvertimento: Tables with more than 30 rows are rendered using longtable, not tabulary, in order to allow pagebreaks. The L, R, ... specifiers do not work for these tables.

Tables that contain list-like elements such as object descriptions, blockquotes or any kind of lists cannot be set out of the box with tabulary. They are therefore set with the standard LaTeX tabular (or longtable) environment if you don't give a tabular columns directive. If you do, the table will be set with tabulary but you must use the p{width} construct (or Sphinx's \X and \Y specifiers described below) for the columns containing these elements.

Literal blocks do not work with tabulary at all, so tables containing a literal block are always set with tabular. The verbatim environment used for literal blocks only works in $p\{\text{width}\}$ (and X or Y) columns, hence Sphinx generates such column specs for tables containing literal blocks.

Since Sphinx 1.5, the $X{a}{b}$ specifier is used (there *is* a backslash in the specifier letter). It is like $p{width}$ with the width set to a fraction a/b of the current line width. You can use it in the tabular columns (it is not a problem if some LaTeX macro is also called X.)

It is *not* needed for b to be the total number of columns, nor for the sum of the fractions of the X specifiers to add up to one. For example $|X\{2\}\{5\}|X\{1\}\{5\}|$ is legitimate and the table will occupy 80% of the line width, the first of its three columns having the same width as the sum of the next two.

This is used by the :widths: option of the table 114 directive.

Since Sphinx 1.6, there is also the $Y\{f\}$ specifier which admits a decimal argument, such has $Y\{0.15\}$: this would have the same effect as $X\{3\}\{20\}$.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: Merged cells from complex grid tables (either multi-row, multi-column, or both) now allow blockquotes, lists, literal blocks, ... as do regular cells.

Sphinx's merged cells interact well with $p\{\text{width}\}$, $X\{a\}\{b\}$, $Y\{f\}$ and tabulary's columns.

Nota: *tabularcolumns* conflicts with :widths: option of table directives. If both are specified, :widths: option will be ignored.

¹¹⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#table

Math

The input language for mathematics is LaTeX markup. This is the de-facto standard for plain-text math notation and has the added advantage that no further translation is necessary when building LaTeX output.

Keep in mind that when you put math markup in **Python docstrings** read by *autodoc*, you either have to double all backslashes, or use Python raw strings (r"raw").

.. math::

Directive for displayed math (math that takes the whole line for itself).

The directive supports multiple equations, which should be separated by a blank line:

```
.. math::
(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2
(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2
```

In addition, each single equation is set within a split environment, which means that you can have multiple aligned lines in an equation, aligned at & and separated by \\:

```
.. math::

(a + b)^2 &= (a + b)(a + b) \\
&= a^2 + 2ab + b^2
```

For more details, look into the documentation of the AmSMath LaTeX package¹¹⁵.

When the math is only one line of text, it can also be given as a directive argument:

```
.. math:: (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2
```

Normally, equations are not numbered. If you want your equation to get a number, use the label option. When given, it selects an internal label for the equation, by which it can be cross-referenced, and causes an equation number to be issued. See eq for an example. The numbering style depends on the output format.

There is also an option nowrap that prevents any wrapping of the given math in a math environment. When you give this option, you must make sure yourself that the math is properly set up. For example:

```
.. math::
   :nowrap:

   \begin{eqnarray}
      y & = & ax^2 + bx + c \\
      f(x) & = & x^2 + 2xy + y^2
   \end{eqnarray}
```

Vedi anche:

Math support for HTML outputs in Sphinx Rendering options for math with HTML builders.

latex_engine Explains how to configure LaTeX builder to support Unicode literals in math mark-up.

¹¹⁵ https://www.ams.org/publications/authors/tex/amslatex

Grammar production displays

Special markup is available for displaying the productions of a formal grammar. The markup is simple and does not attempt to model all aspects of BNF (or any derived forms), but provides enough to allow context-free grammars to be displayed in a way that causes uses of a symbol to be rendered as hyperlinks to the definition of the symbol. There is this directive:

.. productionlist:: [productionGroup]

This directive is used to enclose a group of productions. Each production is given on a single line and consists of a name, separated by a colon from the following definition. If the definition spans multiple lines, each continuation line must begin with a colon placed at the same column as in the first line. Blank lines are not allowed within productionlist directive arguments.

The definition can contain token names which are marked as interpreted text (e.g., «sum ::= `integer` "+" `integer`») – this generates cross-references to the productions of these tokens. Outside of the production list, you can reference to token productions using *token*.

The *productionGroup* argument to *productionlist* serves to distinguish different sets of production lists that belong to different grammars. Multiple production lists with the same *productionGroup* thus define rules in the same scope.

Inside of the production list, tokens implicitly refer to productions from the current group. You can refer to the production of another grammar by prefixing the token with its group name and a colon, e.g, <code>wotherGroup:sum</code>. If the group of the token should not be shown in the production, it can be prefixed by a tilde, e.g., <code>wotherGroup:sum</code>. To refer to a production from an unnamed grammar, the token should be prefixed by a colon, e.g., <code>w:sum</code>.

Outside of the production list, if you have given a *productionGroup* argument you must prefix the token name in the cross-reference with the group name and a colon, e.g., <myGroup:sum> instead of just <sum>. If the group should not be shown in the title of the link either an explicit title can be given (e.g., <myTitle <myGroup:sum>»), or the target can be prefixed with a tilde (e.g., <myGroup:sum>).

Note that no further reST parsing is done in the production, so that you don't have to escape * or | characters.

The following is an example taken from the Python Reference Manual:

Field Lists

As previously discussed, field lists are sequences of fields marked up like this:

```
:fieldname: Field content
```

Sphinx extends standard docutils behavior for field lists and adds some extra functionality that is covered in this section.

Nota: The values of field lists will be parsed as strings. You cannot use Python collections such as lists or dictionaries.

File-wide metadata

A field list near the top of a file is normally parsed by docutils as the *docinfo* and shown on the page. However, in Sphinx, a field list preceding any other markup is moved from the *docinfo* to the Sphinx environment as document metadata, and is not displayed in the output.

Nota: A field list appearing after the document title *will* be part of the *docinfo* as normal and will be displayed in the output.

Special metadata fields

Sphinx provides custom behavior for bibliographic fields compared to docutils.

At the moment, these metadata fields are recognized:

tocdepth The maximum depth for a table of contents of this file.

```
:tocdepth: 2
```

Nota: This metadata effects to the depth of local toctree. But it does not effect to the depth of *global* toctree. So this would not be change the sidebar of some themes which uses global one.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

nocomments If set, the web application won't display a comment form for a page generated from this source file.

```
:nocomments:
```

orphan If set, warnings about this file not being included in any toctree will be suppressed.

```
:orphan:
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

nosearch If set, full text search for this file is disabled.

:nosearch:

Nota: object search is still available even if *nosearch* option is set.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

Domains

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Originally, Sphinx was conceived for a single project, the documentation of the Python language. Shortly afterwards, it was made available for everyone as a documentation tool, but the documentation of Python modules remained deeply built in – the most fundamental directives, like function, were designed for Python objects. Since Sphinx has become somewhat popular, interest developed in using it for many different purposes: C/C++ projects, JavaScript, or even reStructuredText markup (like in this documentation).

While this was always possible, it is now much easier to easily support documentation of projects using different programming languages or even ones not supported by the main Sphinx distribution, by providing a **domain** for every such purpose.

A domain is a collection of markup (reStructuredText *directives* and *roles*) to describe and link to *objects* belonging together, e.g. elements of a programming language. Directive and role names in a domain have names like domain:name, e.g. py:function. Domains can also provide custom indices (like the Python Module Index).

Having domains means that there are no naming problems when one set of documentation wants to refer to e.g. C++ and Python classes. It also means that extensions that support the documentation of whole new languages are much easier to write.

This section describes what the domains that are included with Sphinx provide. The domain API is documented as well, in the section *Domain API*.

Basic Markup

Most domains provide a number of *object description directives*, used to describe specific objects provided by modules. Each directive requires one or more signatures to provide basic information about what is being described, and the content should be the description. A domain will typically keep an internal index of all entites to aid cross-referencing. Typically it will also add entries in the shown general index. If you want to suppress the addition of an entry in the shown index, you can give the directive option flag:noindexentry:. If you want to typeset an object description, without even making it available for cross-referencing, you can give the directive option flag:noindex: (which implies:noindexentry:). Though, note that not every directive en every domain may support these options.

Nuovo nella versione 3.2: The directive option noindexentry in the Python, C, C++, and Javascript domains.

An example using a Python domain directive:

This describes the two Python functions spam and ham. (Note that when signatures become too long, you can break them if you add a backslash to lines that are continued in the next line. Example:

(This example also shows how to use the :noindex: flag.)

The domains also provide roles that link back to these object descriptions. For example, to link to one of the functions described in the example above, you could say

```
The function :py:func:`spam` does a similar thing.
```

As you can see, both directive and role names contain the domain name and the directive name.

Default Domain

For documentation describing objects from solely one domain, authors will not have to state again its name at each directive, role, etc... after having specified a default. This can be done either via the config value *primary_domain* or via this directive:

.. default-domain:: name

Select a new default domain. While the *primary_domain* selects a global default, this only has an effect within the same file.

If no other default is selected, the Python domain (named py) is the default one, mostly for compatibility with documentation written for older versions of Sphinx.

Directives and roles that belong to the default domain can be mentioned without giving the domain name, i.e.

```
.. function:: pyfunc()
   Describes a Python function.
Reference to :func:`pyfunc`.
```

Cross-referencing syntax

For cross-reference roles provided by domains, the same facilities exist as for general cross-references. See *Cross-referencing syntax*.

In short:

- You may supply an explicit title and reference target: :role:`title <target>` will refer to *target*, but the link text will be *title*.
- If you prefix the content with !, no reference/hyperlink will be created.
- If you prefix the content with ~, the link text will only be the last component of the target. For example, :py:meth:`~Queue.get` will refer to Queue.Queue.get but only display get as the link text.

The Python Domain

The Python domain (name **py**) provides the following directives for module declarations:

.. py:module:: name

This directive marks the beginning of the description of a module (or package submodule, in which case the name should be fully qualified, including the package name). It does not create content (like e.g. *py:class* does).

This directive will also cause an entry in the global module index.

options

:platform: platforms (comma separated list)

Indicate platforms which the module is available (if it is available on all platforms, the option should be omitted). The keys are short identifiers; examples that are in use include «IRIX», «Mac», «Windows» and «Unix». It is important to use a key which has already been used when applicable.

:synopsis: purpose (text)

Consist of one sentence describing the module's purpose – it is currently only used in the Global Module Index.

:deprecated: (no argument)

Mark a module as deprecated; it will be designated as such in various locations then.

.. py:currentmodule:: name

This directive tells Sphinx that the classes, functions etc. documented from here are in the given module (like <code>py:module</code>), but it will not create index entries, an entry in the Global Module Index, or a link target for <code>py:mod</code>. This is helpful in situations where documentation for things in a module is spread over multiple files or sections – one location has the <code>py:module</code> directive, the others only <code>py:currentmodule</code>.

The following directives are provided for module and class contents:

.. py:function:: name(parameters)

Describes a module-level function. The signature should include the parameters as given in the Python function definition, see *Python Signatures*. For example:

```
.. py:function:: Timer.repeat(repeat=3, number=1000000)
```

For methods you should use py:method.

The description normally includes information about the parameters required and how they are used (especially whether mutable objects passed as parameters are modified), side effects, and possible exceptions.

This information can (in any py directive) optionally be given in a structured form, see *Info field lists*.

options

:async: (no value)

Indicate the function is an async function.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

:canonical: (full qualified name including module name)

Describe the location where the object is defined if the object is imported from other modules

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

.. py:data:: name

Describes global data in a module, including both variables and values used as «defined constants.» Class and object attributes are not documented using this environment.

options

:type: type of the variable (text)

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

:value: initial value of the variable (text)

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

:canonical: (full qualified name including module name)

Describe the location where the object is defined if the object is imported from other modules

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

.. py:exception:: name

Describes an exception class. The signature can, but need not include parentheses with constructor arguments.

options

:final: (no value)

Indicate the class is a final class.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

- .. py:class:: name
- .. py:class:: name(parameters)

Describes a class. The signature can optionally include parentheses with parameters which will be shown as the constructor arguments. See also *Python Signatures*.

Methods and attributes belonging to the class should be placed in this directive's body. If they are placed outside, the supplied name should contain the class name so that cross-references still work. Example:

The first way is the preferred one.

options

:canonical: (full qualified name including module name)

Describe the location where the object is defined if the object is imported from other modules

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

:final: (no value)

Indicate the class is a final class.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

.. py:attribute:: name

Describes an object data attribute. The description should include information about the type of the data to be expected and whether it may be changed directly.

options

:type: type of the attribute (text)

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

:value: initial value of the attribute (text)

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

:canonical: (full qualified name including module name)

Describe the location where the object is defined if the object is imported from other modules

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

.. py:property:: name

Describes an object property.

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

options

:abstractmethod: (no value)

Indicate the property is abstract.

:type: type of the property (text)

.. py:method:: name(parameters)

Describes an object method. The parameters should not include the self parameter. The description should include similar information to that described for function. See also *Python Signatures* and *Info field lists*.

options

:abstractmethod: (no value)

Indicate the method is an abstract method.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

:asvnc: (no value)

Indicate the method is an async method.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

:canonical: (full qualified name including module name)

Describe the location where the object is defined if the object is imported from other modules

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

:classmethod: (no value)

Indicate the method is a class method.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

:final: (no value)

Indicate the class is a final method.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

:property: (no value)

Indicate the method is a property.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

Deprecato dalla versione 4.0: Use *py:property* instead.

:staticmethod: (no value)

Indicate the method is a static method.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

.. py:staticmethod:: name(parameters)

Like py:method, but indicates that the method is a static method.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

.. py:classmethod:: name(parameters)

Like *py:method*, but indicates that the method is a class method.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

.. py:decorator:: name

.. py:decorator:: name(parameters)

Describes a decorator function. The signature should represent the usage as a decorator. For example, given the functions

```
def removename(func):
    func.__name__ = ''
    return func

def setnewname(name):
    def decorator(func):
        func.__name__ = name
        return func
    return decorator
```

the descriptions should look like this:

```
.. py:decorator:: removename

Remove name of the decorated function.
.. py:decorator:: setnewname(name)

Set name of the decorated function to *name*.
```

```
(as opposed to .. py:decorator:: removename(func).)
```

There is no py:deco role to link to a decorator that is marked up with this directive; rather, use the py:func role.

```
.. py:decoratormethod:: name
```

.. py:decoratormethod:: name(signature)

Same as *py:decorator*, but for decorators that are methods.

Refer to a decorator method using the *py:meth* role.

Python Signatures

Signatures of functions, methods and class constructors can be given like they would be written in Python.

Default values for optional arguments can be given (but if they contain commas, they will confuse the signature parser). Python 3-style argument annotations can also be given as well as return type annotations:

```
.. py:function:: compile(source : string, filename, symbol='file') -> ast object
```

For functions with optional parameters that don't have default values (typically functions implemented in C extension modules without keyword argument support), you can use brackets to specify the optional parts:

```
compile(source[, filename[, symbol]])
```

It is customary to put the opening bracket before the comma.

Info field lists

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

Cambiato nella versione 3.0: meta fields are added.

Inside Python object description directives, reST field lists with these fields are recognized and formatted nicely:

- param, parameter, arg, argument, key, keyword: Description of a parameter.
- type: Type of a parameter. Creates a link if possible.
- raises, raise, except, exception: That (and when) a specific exception is raised.
- var, ivar, cvar: Description of a variable.
- vartype: Type of a variable. Creates a link if possible.
- returns, return: Description of the return value.
- rtype: Return type. Creates a link if possible.
- meta: Add metadata to description of the python object. The metadata will not be shown on output document. For example, :meta private: indicates the python object is private member. It is used in *sphinx.ext.autodoc* for filtering members.

Nota: In current release, all var, ivar and cvar are represented as «Variable». There is no difference at all.

The field names must consist of one of these keywords and an argument (except for returns and rtype, which do not need an argument). This is best explained by an example:

```
.. py:function:: send_message(sender, recipient, message_body, [priority=1])

Send a message to a recipient

:param str sender: The person sending the message
:param str recipient: The recipient of the message
:param str message_body: The body of the message
:param priority: The priority of the message, can be a number 1-5
:type priority: integer or None
:return: the message id
:rtype: int
:raises ValueError: if the message_body exceeds 160 characters
:raises TypeError: if the message_body is not a basestring
```

This will render like this:

```
send_message(sender, recipient, message_body[, priority=1])
Send a message to a recipient
```

Parametri

- **sender** (str^{120}) The person sending the message
- **recipient** (str^{121}) The recipient of the message
- message_body (str^{122}) The body of the message
- **priority** (*integer or None*¹²³) The priority of the message, can be a number 1-5

Ritorna the message id

Tipo di ritorno int¹²⁴

Solleva

- **ValueError**¹²⁵ if the message_body exceeds 160 characters
- **TypeError**¹²⁶ if the message_body is not a basestring

It is also possible to combine parameter type and description, if the type is a single word, like this:

```
:param int priority: The priority of the message, can be a number 1-5
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

Container types such as lists and dictionaries can be linked automatically using the following syntax:

```
:type priorities: list(int)
:type priorities: list[int]
:type mapping: dict(str, int)
:type mapping: dict[str, int]
:type point: tuple(float, float)
:type point: tuple[float, float]
```

Multiple types in a type field will be linked automatically if separated by the word «or»:

```
:type an_arg: int or None
:vartype a_var: str or int
:rtype: float or str
```

Cross-referencing Python objects

The following roles refer to objects in modules and are possibly hyperlinked if a matching identifier is found:

:py:mod:

Reference a module; a dotted name may be used. This should also be used for package names.

:py:func:

Reference a Python function; dotted names may be used. The role text needs not include trailing parentheses to enhance readability; they will be added automatically by Sphinx if the add_function_parentheses config value is True (the default).

:py:data:

Reference a module-level variable.

:py:const:

Reference a «defined» constant. This may be a Python variable that is not intended to be changed.

:py:class:

Reference a class; a dotted name may be used.

:py:meth:

Reference a method of an object. The role text can include the type name and the method name; if it occurs within the description of a type, the type name can be omitted. A dotted name may be used.

¹²⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹²¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹²² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹²³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

¹²⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

¹²⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#ValueError

 $^{^{126}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html\#TypeError$

:py:attr:

Reference a data attribute of an object.

Nota: The role is also able to refer to property.

:py:exc:

Reference an exception. A dotted name may be used.

:py:obj:

Reference an object of unspecified type. Useful e.g. as the *default_role*.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

The name enclosed in this markup can include a module name and/or a class name. For example, :py:func:`filter` could refer to a function named filter in the current module, or the built-in function of that name. In contrast, :py:func:`foo.filter` clearly refers to the filter function in the foo module.

Normally, names in these roles are searched first without any further qualification, then with the current module name prepended, then with the current module and class name (if any) prepended. If you prefix the name with a dot, this order is reversed. For example, in the documentation of Python's codecs¹²⁷ module, :py:func:`open` always refers to the built-in function, while :py:func:`.open` refers to codecs.open()¹²⁸.

A similar heuristic is used to determine whether the name is an attribute of the currently documented class.

Also, if the name is prefixed with a dot, and no exact match is found, the target is taken as a suffix and all object names with that suffix are searched. For example, :py:meth:`.TarFile.close` references the tarfile.TarFile. close() function, even if the current module is not tarfile. Since this can get ambiguous, if there is more than one possible match, you will get a warning from Sphinx.

Note that you can combine the ~ and . prefixes: :py:meth:`~.TarFile.close` will reference the tarfile.TarFile.close() method, but the visible link caption will only be close().

The C Domain

The C domain (name c) is suited for documentation of C API.

- .. c:member:: declaration
- .. c:var:: declaration

Describes a C struct member or variable. Example signature:

```
.. c:member:: PyObject *PyTypeObject.tp_bases
```

The difference between the two directives is only cosmetic.

.. c:function:: function prototype

Describes a C function. The signature should be given as in C, e.g.:

```
.. c:function:: PyObject *PyType_GenericAlloc(PyTypeObject *type, Py_ssize_t nitems)
```

Note that you don't have to backslash-escape asterisks in the signature, as it is not parsed by the reST inliner.

- .. c:macro:: name
- .. c:macro:: name(arg list)

Describes a C macro, i.e., a C-language #define, without the replacement text.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0: The function style variant.

¹²⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/codecs.html#module-codecs

https://docs.python.org/3/library/codecs.html#codecs.open

```
c:struct:: name
    Describes a C struct.
    Nuovo nella versione 3.0.
c:union:: name
    Describes a C union.
    Nuovo nella versione 3.0.
c:enum:: name
    Describes a C enum.
    Nuovo nella versione 3.0.
c:enumerator:: name
    Describes a C enumerator.
    Nuovo nella versione 3.0.
c:type:: typedef-like declaration
c:type:: name
    Describes a C type, either as a typedef, or the alias for an unspecified type.
```

Cross-referencing C constructs

The following roles create cross-references to C-language constructs if they are defined in the documentation:

```
:c:member:
:c:data:
:c:var:
:c:func:
:c:macro:
:c:struct:
:c:union:
:c:enum:
:c:enumerator:
```

Reference a C declaration, as defined above. Note that c:member, c:data, and c:var are equivalent.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0: The var, struct, union, enum, and enumerator roles.

Anonymous Entities

C supports anonymous structs, enums, and unions. For the sake of documentation they must be given some name that starts with @, e.g., @42 or @data. These names can also be used in cross-references, though nested symbols will be found even when omitted. The @... name will always be rendered as [anonymous] (possibly as a link).

Example:

```
.. c:struct:: Data
.. c:union:: @data
.. c:var:: int a
.. c:var:: double b
```

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```
Explicit ref: :c:var:`Data.@data.a`. Short-hand ref: :c:var:`Data.a`.
```

This will be rendered as:

struct Data

union [anonymous]

int a

double **b**

Explicit ref: Data. [anonymous].a. Short-hand ref: Data.a.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

Aliasing Declarations

Sometimes it may be helpful list declarations elsewhere than their main documentation, e.g., when creating a synopsis of an interface. The following directive can be used for this purpose.

```
.. c:alias:: name
```

Insert one or more alias declarations. Each entity can be specified as they can in the c:any role.

For example:

becomes

int **data**

int \mathbf{f} (double k)

int data

int f(double k)

Nuovo nella versione 3.2.

Options

:maxdepth: int

Insert nested declarations as well, up to the total depth given. Use 0 for infinite depth and 1 for just the mentioned declaration. Defaults to 1.

Nuovo nella versione 3.3.

:noroot

Skip the mentioned declarations and only render nested declarations. Requires maxdepth either 0 or at least 2.

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.

Inline Expressions and Types

```
:c:expr:
:c:texpr:
```

Insert a C expression or type either as inline code (cpp:expr) or inline text (cpp:texpr). For example:

```
.. c:var:: int a = 42
.. c:function:: int f(int i)
An expression: :c:expr:`a * f(a)` (or as text: :c:texpr:`a * f(a)`).
A type: :c:expr:`const Data*`
(or as text :c:texpr:`const Data*`).
```

will be rendered as follows:

```
int \mathbf{a} = 42
int \mathbf{f}(\text{int } i)
An expression: \mathbf{a} * \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{a}) (or as text: a*f(a)).
A type: const Data* (or as text const Data*).
Nuovo nella versione 3.0.
```

Namespacing

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

The C language it self does not support namespacing, but it can sometimes be useful to emulate it in documentation, e.g., to show alternate declarations. The feature may also be used to document members of structs/unions/enums separate from their parent declaration.

The current scope can be changed using three namespace directives. They manage a stack declarations where c:namespace resets the stack and changes a given scope.

The c:namespace-push directive changes the scope to a given inner scope of the current one.

The c:namespace-pop directive undoes the most recent c:namespace-push directive.

.. c:namespace:: scope specification

Changes the current scope for the subsequent objects to the given scope, and resets the namespace directive stack. Note that nested scopes can be specified by separating with a dot, e.g.:

```
.. c:namespace:: Namespace1.Namespace2.SomeStruct.AnInnerStruct
```

All subsequent objects will be defined as if their name were declared with the scope prepended. The subsequent cross-references will be searched for starting in the current scope.

Using NULL or 0 as the scope will change to global scope.

.. c:namespace-push:: scope specification

Change the scope relatively to the current scope. For example, after:

```
.. c:namespace:: A.B
.. c:namespace-push:: C.D
```

the current scope will be A.B.C.D.

.. c:namespace-pop::

Undo the previous c:namespace-push directive (not just pop a scope). For example, after:

```
.. c:namespace:: A.B
.. c:namespace-push:: C.D
.. c:namespace-pop::
```

the current scope will be A.B (not A.B.C).

If no previous c:namespace-push directive has been used, but only a c:namespace directive, then the current scope will be reset to global scope. That is, . . c:namespace:: A.B is equivalent to:

```
.. c:namespace:: NULL
.. c:namespace-push:: A.B
```

Configuration Variables

See Options for the C domain.

The C++ Domain

The C++ domain (name **cpp**) supports documenting C++ projects.

Directives for Declaring Entities

The following directives are available. All declarations can start with a visibility statement (public, private or protected).

```
.. cpp:class:: class specifier
.. cpp:struct:: class specifier
```

Describe a class/struct, possibly with specification of inheritance, e.g.,:

```
.. cpp:class:: MyClass: public MyBase, MyOtherBase
```

The difference between *cpp:class* and *cpp:struct* is only cosmetic: the prefix rendered in the output, and the specifier shown in the index.

The class can be directly declared inside a nested scope, e.g.,:

```
.. cpp:class:: OuterScope::MyClass : public MyBase, MyOtherBase
```

A class template can be declared:

```
.. cpp:class:: template<typename T, std::size_t N> std::array
```

or with a line break:

Full and partial template specialisations can be declared:

Nuovo nella versione 2.0: The *cpp:struct* directive.

.. cpp:function:: (member) function prototype Describe a function or member function, e.g.,:

```
.. cpp:function:: bool myMethod(int arg1, std::string arg2)
A function with parameters and types.
.. cpp:function:: bool myMethod(int, double)
A function with unnamed parameters.
.. cpp:function:: const T &MyClass::operator[](std::size_t i) const
An overload for the indexing operator.
.. cpp:function:: operator bool() const
A casting operator.
.. cpp:function:: constexpr void foo(std::string &bar[2]) noexcept
A constexpr function.
.. cpp:function:: MyClass::MyClass(const MyClass&) = default
A copy constructor with default implementation.
```

Function templates can also be described:

and function template specialisations:

```
.. cpp:member:: (member) variable declaration
```

.. cpp:var:: (member) variable declaration

Describe a variable or member variable, e.g.,:

```
.. cpp:member:: std::string MyClass::myMember
.. cpp:var:: std::string MyClass::myOtherMember[N][M]
.. cpp:member:: int a = 42
```

Variable templates can also be described:

- .. cpp:type:: typedef declaration
- .. cpp:type:: name
- .. cpp:type:: type alias declaration

Describe a type as in a typedef declaration, a type alias declaration, or simply the name of a type with unspecified type, e.g.,:

```
.. cpp:type:: std::vector<int> MyList
A typedef-like declaration of a type.
.. cpp:type:: MyContainer::const_iterator
Declaration of a type alias with unspecified type.
.. cpp:type:: MyType = std::unordered_map<int, std::string>
Declaration of a type alias.
```

A type alias can also be templated:

The example are rendered as follows.

```
typedef std::vector<int> MyList
```

A typedef-like declaration of a type.

```
type MyContainer::const_iterator
```

Declaration of a type alias with unspecified type.

using MyType = std::unordered_map<int, std::string>

Declaration of a type alias.

template<typename T>

```
using MyContainer = std::vector<T>
```

- .. cpp:enum:: unscoped enum declaration
- .. cpp:enum-struct:: scoped enum declaration
- .. cpp:enum-class:: scoped enum declaration

Describe a (scoped) enum, possibly with the underlying type specified. Any enumerators declared inside an unscoped enum will be declared both in the enum scope and in the parent scope. Examples:

```
.. cpp:enum:: MyEnum

An unscoped enum.

.. cpp:enum:: MySpecificEnum : long

An unscoped enum with specified underlying type.

.. cpp:enum-class:: MyScopedEnum
```

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```
A scoped enum.

.. cpp:enum-struct:: protected MyScopedVisibilityEnum : std::underlying_type

→<MySpecificEnum>::type

A scoped enum with non-default visibility, and with a specified underlying type.
```

- .. cpp:enumerator:: name
- .. cpp:enumerator:: name = constant

Describe an enumerator, optionally with its value defined, e.g.,:

```
.. cpp:enumerator:: MyEnum::myEnumerator
.. cpp:enumerator:: MyEnum::myOtherEnumerator = 42
```

.. cpp:union:: name

Describe a union.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

.. cpp:concept:: template-parameter-list name

Avvertimento: The support for concepts is experimental. It is based on the current draft standard and the Concepts Technical Specification. The features may change as they evolve.

Describe a concept. It must have exactly 1 template parameter list. The name may be a nested name. Example:

```
.. cpp:concept:: template<typename It> std::Iterator

Proxy to an element of a notional sequence that can be compared, indirected, or incremented.

**Notation**

.. cpp:var:: It r

An lvalue.

**Valid Expressions**

- :cpp:expr:`*r`, when :cpp:expr:`r` is dereferenceable.
- :cpp:expr:`++r`, with return type :cpp:expr:`It&`, when :cpp:expr:`r` is incrementable.
```

This will render as follows:

```
template<typename It>
concept std::Iterator
```

Proxy to an element of a notional sequence that can be compared, indirected, or incremented.

Notation

```
It \mathbf{r}
```

An Ivalue.

Valid Expressions

- *r, when r is dereferenceable.
- ++r, with return type *It*&, when r is incrementable.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

Options

Some directives support options:

- :noindexentry:, see Basic Markup.
- :tparam-line-spec:, for templated declarations. If specified, each template parameter will be rendered on a separate line.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

Anonymous Entities

C++ supports anonymous namespaces, classes, enums, and unions. For the sake of documentation they must be given some name that starts with @, e.g., @42 or @data. These names can also be used in cross-references and (type) expressions, though nested symbols will be found even when omitted. The @... name will always be rendered as [anonymous] (possibly as a link).

Example:

```
.. cpp:class:: Data
    .. cpp:union:: @data
    .. cpp:var:: int a
    .. cpp:var:: double b

Explicit ref: :cpp:var:`Data::@data::a`. Short-hand ref: :cpp:var:`Data::a`.
```

This will be rendered as:

class Data

1.3. reStructuredText 61

Aliasing Declarations

Sometimes it may be helpful list declarations elsewhere than their main documentation, e.g., when creating a synopsis of a class interface. The following directive can be used for this purpose.

.. cpp:alias:: name or function signature

Insert one or more alias declarations. Each entity can be specified as they can in the *cpp:any* role. If the name of a function is given (as opposed to the complete signature), then all overloads of the function will be listed.

For example:

```
.. cpp:alias:: Data::a overload_example::C::f
```

becomes

int a

void f(double d) const

void *f* (double d)

void f(int i)

 $\operatorname{void} f()$

whereas:

becomes

void f(double d) const

void *f* (double d)

Nuovo nella versione 2.0.

Options

:maxdepth: int

Insert nested declarations as well, up to the total depth given. Use 0 for infinite depth and 1 for just the mentioned declaration. Defaults to 1.

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.

:noroot:

Skip the mentioned declarations and only render nested declarations. Requires maxdepth either 0 or at least 2.

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.

Constrained Templates

Avvertimento: The support for concepts is experimental. It is based on the current draft standard and the Concepts Technical Specification. The features may change as they evolve.

Nota: Sphinx does not currently support requires clauses.

Placeholders

Declarations may use the name of a concept to introduce constrained template parameters, or the keyword auto to introduce unconstrained template parameters:

```
.. cpp:function:: void f(auto &&arg)

A function template with a single unconstrained template parameter.
.. cpp:function:: void f(std::Iterator it)

A function template with a single template parameter, constrained by the Iterator concept.
```

Template Introductions

Simple constrained function or class templates can be declared with a *template introduction* instead of a template parameter list:

```
    cpp:function:: std::Iterator{It} void advance(It &it)
    A function template with a template parameter constrained to be an Iterator.
    cpp:class:: std::LessThanComparable{T} MySortedContainer
    A class template with a template parameter constrained to be LessThanComparable.
```

They are rendered as follows.

```
std::Iterator{It}
void advance(It &it)
```

A function template with a template parameter constrained to be an Iterator.

 $std::LessThanComparable\{T\}$

class MySortedContainer

A class template with a template parameter constrained to be LessThanComparable.

Note however that no checking is performed with respect to parameter compatibility. E.g., $Iterator\{A, B, C\}$ will be accepted as an introduction even though it would not be valid C++.

1.3. reStructuredText 63

Inline Expressions and Types

```
:cpp:expr:
```

:cpp:texpr:

Insert a C++ expression or type either as inline code (cpp:expr) or inline text (cpp:texpr). For example:

```
.. cpp:var:: int a = 42
.. cpp:function:: int f(int i)
An expression: :cpp:expr:`a * f(a)` (or as text: :cpp:texpr:`a * f(a)`).
A type: :cpp:expr:`const MySortedContainer<int>&`
  (or as text :cpp:texpr:`const MySortedContainer<int>&`).

will be rendered as follows:
int a = 42
int f(int i)
An expression: a * f(a) (or as text: a * f(a)).
A type: const MySortedContainer<int>& (or as text const MySortedContainer<int>&).
```

Namespacing

Declarations in the C++ domain are as default placed in global scope. The current scope can be changed using three namespace directives. They manage a stack declarations where cpp:namespace resets the stack and changes a given scope.

The cpp:namespace-push directive changes the scope to a given inner scope of the current one.

The cpp:namespace-pop directive undoes the most recent cpp:namespace-push directive.

```
.. cpp:namespace:: scope specification
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.7: The *cpp:expr* role. Nuovo nella versione 1.8: The *cpp:texpr* role.

Changes the current scope for the subsequent objects to the given scope, and resets the namespace directive stack. Note that the namespace does not need to correspond to C++ namespaces, but can end in names of classes, e.g.,:

```
.. cpp:namespace:: Namespace1::Namespace2::SomeClass::AnInnerClass
```

All subsequent objects will be defined as if their name were declared with the scope prepended. The subsequent cross-references will be searched for starting in the current scope.

Using NULL, 0, or nullptr as the scope will change to global scope.

A namespace declaration can also be templated, e.g.,:

declares size as a member function of the class template std::vector. Equivalently this could have been declared using:

or:

.. cpp:namespace-push:: scope specification

Change the scope relatively to the current scope. For example, after:

```
.. cpp:namespace:: A::B
.. cpp:namespace-push:: C::D
```

the current scope will be A::B::C::D.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

.. cpp:namespace-pop::

Undo the previous cpp:namespace-push directive (not just pop a scope). For example, after:

```
.. cpp:namespace:: A::B
.. cpp:namespace-push:: C::D
.. cpp:namespace-pop::
```

the current scope will be A::B (not A::B::C).

If no previous cpp:namespace-push directive has been used, but only a cpp:namespace directive, then the current scope will be reset to global scope. That is, .. cpp:namespace:: A::B is equivalent to:

```
.. cpp:namespace:: nullptr
.. cpp:namespace-push:: A::B
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Info field lists

The C++ directives support the following info fields (see also *Info field lists*):

- param, parameter, arg, argument: Description of a parameter.
- tparam: Description of a template parameter.
- returns, return: Description of a return value.
- throws, throw, exception: Description of a possibly thrown exception.

1.3. reStructuredText 65

Cross-referencing

These roles link to the given declaration types:

```
:cpp:any:
:cpp:class:
:cpp:struct:
:cpp:func:
:cpp:member:
:cpp:var:
:cpp:type:
:cpp:concept:
:cpp:enum:
:cpp:enumerator:
```

Reference a C++ declaration by name (see below for details). The name must be properly qualified relative to the position of the link.

Nuovo nella versione 2.0: The *cpp:struct* role as alias for the *cpp:class* role.

Note on References with Templates Parameters/Arguments

These roles follow the Sphinx *Cross-referencing syntax* rules. This means care must be taken when referencing a (partial) template specialization, e.g. if the link looks like this: :cpp:class:`MyClass<int>`. This is interpreted as a link to int with a title of MyClass. In this case, escape the opening angle bracket with a backslash, like this: :cpp:class:`MyClass\<int>`.

When a custom title is not needed it may be useful to use the roles for inline expressions, *cpp:expr* and *cpp:texpr*, where angle brackets do not need escaping.

Declarations without template parameters and template arguments

For linking to non-templated declarations the name must be a nested name, e.g., f or MyClass::f.

Overloaded (member) functions

When a (member) function is referenced using just its name, the reference will point to an arbitrary matching overload. The *cpp:any* and *cpp:func* roles use an alternative format, which simply is a complete function declaration. This will resolve to the exact matching overload. As example, consider the following class declaration:

class C

```
void f(double d) const
void f(double d)
void f(int i)
void f()
```

References using the *cpp:func* role:

• Arbitrary overload: C::f, C::f()

```
Also arbitrary overload: C::f(), C::f()
Specific overload: void C::f(), void C::f()
Specific overload: void C::f(int), void C::f(int)
Specific overload: void C::f(double), void C::f(double)
Specific overload: void C::f(double) const, void C::f(double) const
```

Note that the add_function_parentheses configuration variable does not influence specific overload references.

Templated declarations

Assume the following declarations.

class Wrapper

```
template<typename TOuter>
class Outer

template<typename TInner>
class Inner
```

In general the reference must include the template parameter declarations, and template arguments for the prefix of qualified names. For example:

- template\<typename TOuter> Wrapper::Outer(template<typename TOuter> Wrapper::Outer)
- template\<typename TOuter> template\<typename TInner> Wrapper::Outer<TOuter>::Inner (template<typename TOuter> template<typename TInner> Wrapper::Outer<TOuter>::Inner)

Currently the lookup only succeed if the template parameter identifiers are equal strings. That is, template <typename UOuter> Wrapper::Outer will not work.

As a shorthand notation, if a template parameter list is omitted, then the lookup will assume either a primary template or a non-template, but not a partial template specialisation. This means the following references work as well:

```
    Wrapper::Outer (Wrapper::Outer)
    Wrapper::Outer::Inner (Wrapper::Outer::Inner)
    template\<typename TInner> Wrapper::Outer::Inner
    Wrapper::Outer::Inner)
```

(Full) Template Specialisations

```
Assume the following declarations.

template<typename TOuter>
class Outer

template<typename TInner>
class Inner

template<>
class Outer<int>
```

1.3. reStructuredText 67

template<typename TInner> class Inner

```
template<> class Inner<bool>
```

In general the reference must include a template parameter list for each template argument list. The full specialisation above can therefore be referenced with template\<> Outer\<int> (template<> Outer<int>) and template\<> template<> Outer<int>::Inner<bool>). As a shorthand the empty template parameter list can be omitted, e.g., Outer\<int> (Outer<int>) and Outer\<int>::Inner<bool>).

Partial Template Specialisations

Assume the following declaration.

template<typename **T>**

class Outer<T*>

References to partial specialisations must always include the template parameter lists, e.g., template<typename T> Outer<T*>> Currently the lookup only succeed if the template parameter identifiers are equal strings.

Configuration Variables

See *Options for the C++ domain*.

The Standard Domain

The so-called «standard» domain collects all markup that doesn't warrant a domain of its own. Its directives and roles are not prefixed with a domain name.

The standard domain is also where custom object descriptions, added using the add_object_type() API, are placed.

There is a set of directives allowing documenting command-line programs:

```
.. option:: name args, name args, ...
```

Describes a command line argument or switch. Option argument names should be enclosed in angle brackets. Examples:

```
.. option:: dest_dir

Destination directory.

.. option:: -m <module>, --module <module>
Run a module as a script.
```

The directive will create cross-reference targets for the given options, referenceable by *option* (in the example case, you'd use something like :option:`dest_dir`,:option:`-m`, or:option:`--module`).

cmdoption directive is a deprecated alias for the option directive.

.. envvar:: name

Describes an environment variable that the documented code or program uses or defines. Referenceable by *envvar*.

.. program:: name

Like *py:currentmodule*, this directive produces no output. Instead, it serves to notify Sphinx that all following *option* directives document options for the program called *name*.

If you use *program*, you have to qualify the references in your *option* roles by the program name, so if you have the following situation

```
.. program:: rm
.. option:: -r
Work recursively.
.. program:: svn
.. option:: -r revision
Specify the revision to work upon.
```

then :option:`rm -r` would refer to the first option, while :option:`svn -r` would refer to the second one.

The program name may contain spaces (in case you want to document subcommands like svn add and svn commit separately).

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

There is also a very generic object description directive, which is not tied to any domain:

```
.. describe:: text
.. object:: text
```

This directive produces the same formatting as the specific ones provided by domains, but does not create index entries or cross-referencing targets. Example:

```
.. describe:: PAPER

You can set this variable to select a paper size.
```

The JavaScript Domain

The JavaScript domain (name **js**) provides the following directives:

```
.. js:module:: name
```

This directive sets the module name for object declarations that follow after. The module name is used in the global module index and in cross references. This directive does not create an object heading like *py:class* would, for example.

By default, this directive will create a linkable entity and will cause an entry in the global module index, unless the noindex option is specified. If this option is specified, the directive will only update the current module name.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

.. js:function:: name(signature)

Describes a JavaScript function or method. If you want to describe arguments as optional use square brackets as *documented* for Python signatures.

You can use fields to give more details about arguments and their expected types, errors which may be thrown by the function, and the value being returned:

```
.. js:function:: $.getJSON(href, callback[, errback])

(continues on next page)
```

1.3. reStructuredText 69

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
:param string href: An URI to the location of the resource.
:param callback: Gets called with the object.
:param errback:
    Gets called in case the request fails. And a lot of other
    text so we need multiple lines.
:throws SomeError: For whatever reason in that case.
:returns: Something.
```

This is rendered as:

\$.getJSON(href, callback[, errback])

Parametri

- **href** (*string*) An URI to the location of the resource.
- callback Gets called with the object.
- **errback** Gets called in case the request fails. And a lot of other text so we need multiple lines.

Solleva SomeError – For whatever reason in that case.

Ritorna Something.

.. js:method:: name(signature)

This directive is an alias for *js:function*, however it describes a function that is implemented as a method on a class object.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

.. js:class:: name

Describes a constructor that creates an object. This is basically like a function but will show up with a *class* prefix:

```
.. js:class:: MyAnimal(name[, age])

:param string name: The name of the animal
:param number age: an optional age for the animal
```

This is rendered as:

```
class MyAnimal(name[, age])
```

Parametri

- name (string) The name of the animal
- age (number) an optional age for the animal
- .. js:data:: name

Describes a global variable or constant.

.. js:attribute:: object.name

Describes the attribute name of object.

These roles are provided to refer to the described objects:

```
:js:mod:
:js:func:
:js:meth:
:js:class:
:js:data:
:js:attr:
```

The reStructuredText domain

The reStructuredText domain (name **rst**) provides the following directives:

```
.. rst:directive:: name
```

Describes a reST directive. The *name* can be a single directive name or actual directive syntax (.. prefix and :: suffix) with arguments that will be rendered differently. For example:

```
.. rst:directive:: foo

Foo description.
.. rst:directive:: .. bar:: baz

Bar description.
```

will be rendered as:

.. foo::

Foo description.

.. bar:: baz
Bar description.

.. rst:directive:option:: name

Describes an option for reST directive. The *name* can be a single option name or option name with arguments which separated with colon (:). For example:

```
.. rst:directive:: toctree
    .. rst:directive:option:: caption: caption of ToC
    .. rst:directive:option:: glob
```

will be rendered as:

.. toctree::

:glob:

```
:caption: caption of ToC
```

options

:type: description of argument (text)

Describe the type of option value.

For example:

```
.. rst:directive:: toctree

.. rst:directive:option:: maxdepth
    :type: integer or no value
```

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

.. rst:role:: name

Describes a reST role. For example:

1.3. reStructuredText 71

```
.. rst:role:: foo
Foo description.
```

will be rendered as:

:foo:

Foo description.

These roles are provided to refer to the described objects:

```
:rst:dir:
:rst:role:
```

The Math Domain

The math domain (name **math**) provides the following roles:

:math:numref:

Role for cross-referencing equations defined by *math* directive via their label. Example:

```
.. math:: e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0
   :label: euler

Euler's identity, equation :math:numref:`euler`, was elected one of the most beautiful mathematical formulas.
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

More domains

The sphinx-contrib¹²⁹ repository contains more domains available as extensions; currently Ada¹³⁰, CoffeeScript¹³¹, Erlang¹³², HTTP¹³³, Lasso¹³⁴, MATLAB¹³⁵, PHP¹³⁶, and Ruby¹³⁷ domains. Also available are domains for Chapel¹³⁸, Common Lisp¹³⁹, dqn¹⁴⁰, Go¹⁴¹, Jinja¹⁴², Operation¹⁴³, and Scala¹⁴⁴.

```
129 https://github.com/sphinx-contrib
```

¹³⁰ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-adadomain/

¹³¹ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-coffee/

¹³² https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-erlangdomain/

¹³³ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-httpdomain/

https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-lassodomain/

¹³⁵ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-matlabdomain/

¹³⁶ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-phpdomain/

¹³⁷ https://bitbucket.org/birkenfeld/sphinx-contrib/src/default/rubydomain

¹³⁸ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-chapeldomain/

¹³⁹ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-cldomain/

¹⁴⁰ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-dqndomain/

¹⁴¹ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-golangdomain/

¹⁴² https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-jinjadomain/

¹⁴³ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-operationdomain/

¹⁴⁴ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-scaladomain/

1.4 Markdown

Markdown¹⁴⁵ is a lightweight markup language with a simplistic plain text formatting syntax. It exists in many syntactically different *flavors*. To support Markdown-based documentation, Sphinx can use recommonmark¹⁴⁶. recommonmark is a Docutils bridge to CommonMark-py¹⁴⁷, a Python package for parsing the CommonMark¹⁴⁸ Markdown flavor.

Configuration

To configure your Sphinx project for Markdown support, proceed as follows:

1. Install the Markdown parser recommonmark:

```
pip install --upgrade recommonmark
```

Nota: The configuration as explained here requires recommonmark version 0.5.0 or later.

2. Add recommonmark to the list of configured extensions:

```
extensions = ['recommonmark']
```

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Version 1.8 deprecates and version 3.0 removes the source_parsers configuration variable that was used by older *recommonmark* versions.

3. If you want to use Markdown files with extensions other than .md, adjust the <code>source_suffix</code> variable. The following example configures Sphinx to parse all files with the extensions .md and .txt as Markdown:

```
source_suffix = {
    '.rst': 'restructuredtext',
    '.txt': 'markdown',
    '.md': 'markdown',
}
```

4. You can further configure *recommonmark* to allow custom syntax that standard *CommonMark* doesn't support. Read more in the recommonmark documentation 149.

1.5 Configuration

The *configuration directory* must contain a file named conf.py. This file (containing Python code) is called the «build configuration file» and contains (almost) all configuration needed to customize Sphinx input and output behavior.

An optional file docutils.conf¹⁵⁰ can be added to the configuration directory to adjust Docutils¹⁵¹ configuration if not otherwise overridden or set by Sphinx.

The configuration file is executed as Python code at build time (using execfile(), and with the current directory set to its containing directory), and therefore can execute arbitrarily complex code. Sphinx then reads simple names from the file's namespace as its configuration.

145 https://daringfireball.net/projects/markdown/

1.4. Markdown 73

¹⁴⁶ https://recommonmark.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html

¹⁴⁷ https://github.com/rtfd/CommonMark-py

¹⁴⁸ https://commonmark.org/

¹⁴⁹ https://recommonmark.readthedocs.io/en/latest/auto_structify.html

¹⁵⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/user/config.html

¹⁵¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/

Important points to note:

- If not otherwise documented, values must be strings, and their default is the empty string.
- The term «fully-qualified name» refers to a string that names an importable Python object inside a module; for example, the FQN "sphinx.builders.Builder" means the Builder class in the sphinx.builders module.
- Remember that document names use / as the path separator and don't contain the file name extension.
- Since conf. py is read as a Python file, the usual rules apply for encodings and Unicode support.
- The contents of the config namespace are pickled (so that Sphinx can find out when configuration changes), so it may not contain unpickleable values delete them from the namespace with del if appropriate. Modules are removed automatically, so you don't need to del your imports after use.
- There is a special object named tags available in the config file. It can be used to query and change the tags (see *Including content based on tags*). Use tags.has('tag') to query, tags.add('tag') and tags. remove('tag') to change. Only tags set via the -t command-line option or via tags.add('tag') can be queried using tags.has('tag'). Note that the current builder tag is not available in conf.py, as it is created *after* the builder is initialized.

Project information

project

The documented project's name.

author

The author name(s) of the document. The default value is 'unknown'.

copyright

A copyright statement in the style '2008, Author Name'.

project_copyright

An alias of copyright.

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.

version

The major project version, used as the replacement for |version|. For example, for the Python documentation, this may be something like 2.6.

release

The full project version, used as the replacement for |release| and e.g. in the HTML templates. For example, for the Python documentation, this may be something like 2.6.0rc1.

If you don't need the separation provided between version and release, just set them both to the same value.

General configuration

extensions

A list of strings that are module names of *extensions*. These can be extensions coming with Sphinx (named sphinx.ext.*) or custom ones.

Note that you can extend $sys.path^{152}$ within the conf file if your extensions live in another directory – but make sure you use absolute paths. If your extension path is relative to the *configuration directory*, use os.path. abspath()¹⁵³ like so:

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
extensions = ['extname']
```

That way, you can load an extension called extname from the subdirectory sphinxext.

The configuration file itself can be an extension; for that, you only need to provide a setup() function in it.

source_suffix

The file extensions of source files. Sphinx considers the files with this suffix as sources. The value can be a dictionary mapping file extensions to file types. For example:

```
source_suffix = {
    '.rst': 'restructuredtext',
    '.txt': 'restructuredtext',
    '.md': 'markdown',
}
```

By default, Sphinx only supports 'restructuredtext' file type. You can add a new file type using source parser extensions. Please read a document of the extension to know which file type the extension supports.

The value may also be a list of file extensions: then Sphinx will consider that they all map to the 'restructuredtext' file type.

```
Default is {'.rst': 'restructuredtext'}.
```

Nota: file extensions have to start with a dot (e.g. .rst).

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: Can now be a list of extensions.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Support file type mapping

source_encoding

The encoding of all reST source files. The recommended encoding, and the default value, is 'utf-8-sig'.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5: Previously, Sphinx accepted only UTF-8 encoded sources.

source_parsers

If given, a dictionary of parser classes for different source suffices. The keys are the suffix, the values can be either a class or a string giving a fully-qualified name of a parser class. The parser class can be either docutils. parsers.Parser or *sphinx.parsers.Parser*. Files with a suffix that is not in the dictionary will be parsed with the default reStructuredText parser.

For example:

```
source_parsers = {'.md': 'recommonmark.parser.CommonMarkParser'}
```

Nota: Refer to *Markdown* for more information on using Markdown with Sphinx.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.8: Now Sphinx provides an API *Sphinx.add_source_parser()* to register a source parser. Please use it instead.

master_doc

Same as root_doc.

¹⁵² https://docs.python.org/3/library/sys.html#sys.path

¹⁵³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/os.path.html#os.path.abspath

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: Renamed master_doc to master_doc.

root_doc

The document name of the «root» document, that is, the document that contains the root *toctree* directive. Default is 'index'.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: The default is changed to 'index' from 'contents'.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: Renamed master_doc from master_doc.

exclude_patterns

A list of glob-style patterns that should be excluded when looking for source files. They are matched against the source file names relative to the source directory, using slashes as directory separators on all platforms.

Example patterns:

- 'library/xml.rst' ignores the library/xml.rst file (replaces entry in unused_docs)
- 'library/xml' ignores the library/xml directory
- 'library/xml*' ignores all files and directories starting with library/xml
- '**/.svn' ignores all .svn directories

exclude_patterns is also consulted when looking for static files in html_static_path and html_extra_path.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

templates_path

A list of paths that contain extra templates (or templates that overwrite builtin/theme-specific templates). Relative paths are taken as relative to the configuration directory.

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: As these files are not meant to be built, they are automatically added to *exclude_patterns*.

template_bridge

A string with the fully-qualified name of a callable (or simply a class) that returns an instance of *TemplateBridge*. This instance is then used to render HTML documents, and possibly the output of other builders (currently the changes builder). (Note that the template bridge must be made theme-aware if HTML themes are to be used.)

rst_epilog

A string of reStructuredText that will be included at the end of every source file that is read. This is a possible place to add substitutions that should be available in every file (another being rst_prolog). An example:

```
rst_epilog = """
.. |psf| replace:: Python Software Foundation
"""
```

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

rst_prolog

A string of reStructuredText that will be included at the beginning of every source file that is read. This is a possible place to add substitutions that should be available in every file (another being rst_epilog). An example:

```
rst_prolog = """
.. |psf| replace:: Python Software Foundation
"""
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

¹ A note on available globbing syntax: you can use the standard shell constructs *, ?, [...] and [!...] with the feature that these all don't match slashes. A double star ** can be used to match any sequence of characters *including* slashes.

primary_domain

The name of the default *domain*. Can also be None to disable a default domain. The default is 'py'. Those objects in other domains (whether the domain name is given explicitly, or selected by a *default-domain* directive) will have the domain name explicitly prepended when named (e.g., when the default domain is C, Python functions will be named «Python function», not just «function»).

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

default_role

The name of a reST role (builtin or Sphinx extension) to use as the default role, that is, for text marked up `like this`. This can be set to 'py:obj' to make `filter` a cross-reference to the Python function «filter». The default is None, which doesn't reassign the default role.

The default role can always be set within individual documents using the standard reST default-role directive.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

keep_warnings

If true, keep warnings as «system message» paragraphs in the built documents. Regardless of this setting, warnings are always written to the standard error stream when sphinx-build is run.

The default is False, the pre-0.5 behavior was to always keep them.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

suppress_warnings

A list of warning types to suppress arbitrary warning messages.

Sphinx supports following warning types:

- app.add_node
- app.add_directive
- app.add_role
- app.add_generic_role
- app.add_source_parser
- download.not_readable
- image.not_readable
- ref.term
- ref.ref
- ref.numref
- ref.keyword
- ref.option
- ref.citation
- ref.footnote
- ref.doc
- ref.python
- misc.highlighting_failure
- toc.circular
- toc.secnum
- epub.unknown_project_files
- epub.duplicated_toc_entry

• autosectionlabel.*

You can choose from these types.

Now, this option should be considered *experimental*.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Added misc.highlighting_failure

Cambiato nella versione 1.5.1: Added epub.unknown_project_files

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: Added ref. footnote

Cambiato nella versione 2.1: Added autosectionlabel.*

Cambiato nella versione 3.3.0: Added epub.duplicated_toc_entry

needs_sphinx

If set to a major.minor version string like '1.1', Sphinx will compare it with its version and refuse to build if it is too old. Default is no requirement.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.4: also accepts micro version string

needs_extensions

This value can be a dictionary specifying version requirements for extensions in *extensions*, e.g. needs_extensions = {'sphinxcontrib.something': '1.5'}. The version strings should be in the form major.minor. Requirements do not have to be specified for all extensions, only for those you want to check.

This requires that the extension specifies its version to Sphinx (see *Developing extensions for Sphinx* for how to do that).

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

manpages_url

A URL to cross-reference *manpage* directives. If this is defined to https://manpages.debian.org/{path}, the :manpage:`man(1)` role will link to https://manpages.debian.org/man(1). The patterns available are:

- page the manual page (man)
- section the manual section (1)
- path the original manual page and section specified (man(1))

This also supports manpages specified as man. 1.

Nota: This currently affects only HTML writers but could be expanded in the future.

Nuovo nella versione 1.7.

nitpicky

If true, Sphinx will warn about *all* references where the target cannot be found. Default is False. You can activate this mode temporarily using the -n command-line switch.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

nitpick_ignore

A list of (type, target) tuples (by default empty) that should be ignored when generating warnings in «nitpic-ky mode». Note that type should include the domain name if present. Example entries would be ('py:func', 'int') or ('envvar', 'LD_LIBRARY_PATH').

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

numfig

If true, figures, tables and code-blocks are automatically numbered if they have a caption. The *numref* role is enabled. Obeyed so far only by HTML and LaTeX builders. Default is False.

Nota: The LaTeX builder always assigns numbers whether this option is enabled or not.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

numfig_format

A dictionary mapping 'figure', 'table', 'code-block' and 'section' to strings that are used for format of figure numbers. As a special character, %s will be replaced to figure number.

Default is to use 'Fig. %s' for 'figure', 'Table %s' for 'table', 'Listing %s' for 'code-block' and 'Section' for 'section'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

numfig_secnum_depth

- if set to 0, figures, tables and code-blocks are continuously numbered starting at 1.
- if 1 (default) numbers will be x.1, x.2, ... with x the section number (top level sectioning; no x. if no section). This naturally applies only if section numbering has been activated via the :numbered: option of the toctree directive.
- 2 means that numbers will be x.y.1, x.y.2, ... if located in a sub-section (but still x.1, x.2, ... if located directly under a section and 1, 2, ... if not in any top level section.)
- etc...

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 1.7: The LaTeX builder obeys this setting (if numfig is set to True).

smartquotes

If true, the Docutils Smart Quotes transform¹⁵⁴, originally based on SmartyPants¹⁵⁵ (limited to English) and currently applying to many languages, will be used to convert quotes and dashes to typographically correct entities. Default: True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.6: It replaces deprecated html_use_smartypants. It applies by default to all builders except man and text (see smartquotes_excludes.)

A docutils.conf¹⁵⁶ file located in the configuration directory (or a global ~/.docutils file) is obeyed unconditionally if it *deactivates* smart quotes via the corresponding Docutils option¹⁵⁷. But if it *activates* them, then *smartquotes* does prevail.

smartquotes_action

This string customizes the Smart Quotes transform. See the file smartquotes.py at the Docutils repository 158 for details. The default 'qDe' educates normal quote characters ", ', em- and en-Dashes ---, --, and ellipses

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.6.

smartquotes_excludes

This is a dict whose default is:

```
{'languages': ['ja'], 'builders': ['man', 'text']}
```

¹⁵⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/user/smartquotes.html

¹⁵⁵ https://daringfireball.net/projects/smartypants/

¹⁵⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/user/config.html

¹⁵⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/user/config.html#smart-quotes

¹⁵⁸ https://sourceforge.net/p/docutils/code/HEAD/tree/trunk/docutils/

Each entry gives a sufficient condition to ignore the *smartquotes* setting and deactivate the Smart Quotes transform. Accepted keys are as above 'builders' or 'languages'. The values are lists.

Nota: Currently, in case of invocation of **make** with multiple targets, the first target name is the only one which is tested against the 'builders' entry and it decides for all. Also, a make text following make html needs to be issued in the form make text 0="-E" to force re-parsing of source files, as the cached ones are already transformed. On the other hand the issue does not arise with direct usage of **sphinx-build** as it caches (in its default usage) the parsed source files in per builder locations.

Suggerimento: An alternative way to effectively deactivate (or customize) the smart quotes for a given builder, for example latex, is to use make this way:

```
make latex 0="-D smartquotes_action="
```

This can follow some make html with no problem, in contrast to the situation from the prior note. It requires Docutils 0.14 or later.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.6.

user_agent

A User-Agent of Sphinx. It is used for a header on HTTP access (ex. linkcheck, intersphinx and so on). Default is "Sphinx/X.Y.Z requests/X.Y.Z python/X.Y.Z".

Nuovo nella versione 2.3.

tls_verify

If true, Sphinx verifies server certifications. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

tls_cacerts

A path to a certification file of CA or a path to directory which contains the certificates. This also allows a dictionary mapping hostname to the path to certificate file. The certificates are used to verify server certifications.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

Suggerimento: Sphinx uses requests 159 as a HTTP library internally. Therefore, Sphinx refers a certification file on the directory pointed REQUESTS_CA_BUNDLE environment variable if tls_cacerts not set.

today

today_fmt

These values determine how to format the current date, used as the replacement for |today|.

- If you set *today* to a non-empty value, it is used.
- Otherwise, the current time is formatted using time.strftime()¹⁶⁰ and the format given in today_fmt.

The default is now today and a today_fmt of '%b %d, %Y' (or, if translation is enabled with language, an equivalent format for the selected locale).

highlight_language

The default language to highlight source code in. The default is 'python3'. The value should be a valid Pygments lexer name, see *Showing code examples* for more details.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

¹⁵⁹ https://requests.readthedocs.io/en/master/

¹⁶⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/time.html#time.strftime

Cambiato nella versione 1.4: The default is now 'default'. It is similar to 'python3'; it is mostly a superset of 'python' but it fallbacks to 'none' without warning if failed. 'python3' and other languages will emit warning if failed. If you prefer Python 2 only highlighting, you can set it back to 'python'.

highlight_options

A dictionary that maps language names to options for the lexer modules of Pygments. These are lexer-specific; for the options understood by each, see the Pygments documentation¹⁶¹.

Example:

```
highlight_options = {
  'default': {'stripall': True},
  'php': {'startinline': True},
}
```

A single dictionary of options are also allowed. Then it is recognized as options to the lexer specified by highlight_language:

```
# configuration for the ``highlight_language``
highlight_options = {'stripall': True}
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: Allow to configure highlight options for multiple languages

pygments_style

The style name to use for Pygments highlighting of source code. If not set, either the theme's default style or 'sphinx' is selected for HTML output.

Cambiato nella versione 0.3: If the value is a fully-qualified name of a custom Pygments style class, this is then used as custom style.

add_function_parentheses

A boolean that decides whether parentheses are appended to function and method role text (e.g. the content of :func:`input`) to signify that the name is callable. Default is True.

add_module_names

A boolean that decides whether module names are prepended to all *object* names (for object types where a «module» of some kind is defined), e.g. for *py:function* directives. Default is True.

show_authors

A boolean that decides whether *codeauthor* and *sectionauthor* directives produce any output in the built files.

modindex_common_prefix

A list of prefixes that are ignored for sorting the Python module index (e.g., if this is set to ['foo.'], then foo.bar is shown under B, not F). This can be handy if you document a project that consists of a single package. Works only for the HTML builder currently. Default is [].

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

trim_footnote_reference_space

Trim spaces before footnote references that are necessary for the reST parser to recognize the footnote, but do not look too nice in the output.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

trim_doctest_flags

If true, doctest flags (comments looking like # doctest: FLAG, ...) at the ends of lines and <BLANKLINE> markers are removed for all code blocks showing interactive Python sessions (i.e. doctests). Default is True. See the extension *doctest* for more possibilities of including doctests.

¹⁶¹ https://pygments.org/docs/lexers

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: Now also removes <BLANKLINE>.

strip_signature_backslash

Default is False. When backslash stripping is enabled then every occurrence of \\ in a domain directive will be changed to \, even within string literals. This was the behaviour before version 3.0, and setting this variable to True will reinstate that behaviour.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

Options for internationalization

These options influence Sphinx's Native Language Support. See the documentation on Internationalization for details.

language

The code for the language the docs are written in. Any text automatically generated by Sphinx will be in that language. Also, Sphinx will try to substitute individual paragraphs from your documents with the translation sets obtained from <code>locale_dirs</code>. Sphinx will search language-specific figures named by <code>figure_language_filename</code> (e.g. the German version of <code>myfigure.png</code> will be <code>myfigure.de.png</code> by default setting) and substitute them for original figures. In the <code>LaTeX</code> builder, a suitable language will be selected as an option for the <code>Babel</code> package. Default is <code>None</code>, which means that no translation will be done.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Cambiato nella versione 1.4: Support figure substitution

Currently supported languages by Sphinx are:

- ar Arabic
- bg Bulgarian
- bn Bengali
- ca Catalan
- cak Kaqchikel
- cs Czech
- cy Welsh
- da Danish
- de German
- el Greek
- en English
- eo Esperanto
- es Spanish
- et Estonian
- eu Basque
- fa Iranian
- fi Finnish
- fr French
- he Hebrew
- hi Hindi

- hi_IN Hindi (India)
- hr Croatian
- hu Hungarian
- id Indonesian
- it Italian
- ja Japanese
- ko Korean
- 1t Lithuanian
- lv Latvian
- mk Macedonian
- nb_NO Norwegian Bokmal
- ne Nepali
- nl Dutch
- pl Polish
- pt Portuguese
- pt_BR Brazilian Portuguese
- pt_PT European Portuguese
- ro Romanian
- ru Russian
- si Sinhala
- sk Slovak
- sl Slovenian
- sq Albanian
- sr Serbian
- sr@latin Serbian (Latin)
- sr_RS Serbian (Cyrillic)
- sv Swedish
- ta Tamil
- te Telugu
- tr Turkish
- uk_UA Ukrainian
- ur Urdu
- vi Vietnamese
- zh_CN Simplified Chinese
- zh_TW Traditional Chinese

locale_dirs

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Directories in which to search for additional message catalogs (see language), relative to the source directory. The directories on this path are searched by the standard $gettext^{162}$ module.

Internal messages are fetched from a text domain of sphinx; so if you add the directory ./locale to this setting, the message catalogs (compiled from .po format using msgfmt) must be in ./locale/language/LC_MESSAGES/sphinx.mo. The text domain of individual documents depends on gettext_compact.

The default is ['locales'].

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Use locales directory as a default value

gettext_compact

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

If true, a document's text domain is its docname if it is a top-level project file and its very base directory otherwise.

If set to string, all document's text domain is this string, making all documents use single text domain.

By default, the document markup/code.rst ends up in the markup text domain. With this option set to False, it is markup/code.

Cambiato nella versione 3.3: The string value is now accepted.

gettext_uuid

If true, Sphinx generates uuid information for version tracking in message catalogs. It is used for:

- Add uid line for each msgids in .pot files.
- Calculate similarity between new msgids and previously saved old msgids. This calculation takes a long time.

If you want to accelerate the calculation, you can use python-levenshtein 3rd-party package written in C by using pip install python-levenshtein.

The default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

gettext_location

If true, Sphinx generates location information for messages in message catalogs.

The default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

gettext_auto_build

If true, Sphinx builds mo file for each translation catalog files.

The default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

gettext_additional_targets

To specify names to enable gettext extracting and translation applying for i18n additionally. You can specify below names:

Index index terms

Literal-block literal blocks (:: annotation and code-block directive)

Doctest-block doctest block

Raw raw content

Image image/figure uri

For example: gettext_additional_targets = ['literal-block', 'image'].

The default is [].

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

¹⁶² https://docs.python.org/3/library/gettext.html#module-gettext

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: The alt text for image is translated by default.

figure_language_filename

The filename format for language-specific figures. The default value is {root}.{language}{ext}. It will be expanded to dirname/filename.en.png from .. image:: dirname/filename.png. The available format tokens are:

- {root} the filename, including any path component, without the file extension, e.g. dirname/filename
- {path} the directory path component of the filename, with a trailing slash if non-empty, e.g. dirname/
- {docpath} the directory path component for the current document, with a trailing slash if non-empty.
- {basename} the filename without the directory path or file extension components, e.g. filename
- {ext} the file extension, e.g. .png
- {language} the translation language, e.g. en

For example, setting this to {path}{language}/{basename}{ext} will expand to dirname/en/filename.png instead.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Added {path} and {basename} tokens.

Cambiato nella versione 3.2: Added {docpath} token.

Options for Math

These options influence Math notations.

math_number_all

Set this option to True if you want all displayed math to be numbered. The default is False.

math_egref_format

A string used for formatting the labels of references to equations. The {number} place-holder stands for the equation number.

Example: 'Eq. {number}' gets rendered as, for example, Eq. 10.

math_numfig

If True, displayed math equations are numbered across pages when *numfig* is enabled. The *numfig_secnum_depth* setting is respected. The *eq*, not *numref*, role must be used to reference equation numbers. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.7.

Options for HTML output

These options influence HTML as well as HTML Help output, and other builders that use Sphinx's HTMLWriter class.

html_theme

The $\$ that the HTML output should use. See the $\$ section about theming. The default is 'alabaster'.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

html_theme_options

A dictionary of options that influence the look and feel of the selected theme. These are theme-specific. For the options understood by the builtin themes, see *this section*.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

html_theme_path

A list of paths that contain custom themes, either as subdirectories or as zip files. Relative paths are taken as relative to the configuration directory.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

html_style

html_title

The «title» for HTML documentation generated with Sphinx's own templates. This is appended to the <title> tag of individual pages, and used in the navigation bar as the «topmost» element. It defaults to 'revision> documentation'.

html_short_title

A shorter «title» for the HTML docs. This is used for links in the header and in the HTML Help docs. If not given, it defaults to the value of html.title.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

html baseurl

The base URL which points to the root of the HTML documentation. It is used to indicate the location of document using The Canonical Link Relation 163. Default: ''.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

html_codeblock_linenos_style

The style of line numbers for code-blocks.

- 'table' display line numbers using tag
- 'inline' display line numbers using tag (default)

Nuovo nella versione 3.2.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: It defaults to 'inline'.

Deprecato dalla versione 4.0.

html_context

A dictionary of values to pass into the template engine's context for all pages. Single values can also be put in this dictionary using the -A command-line option of sphinx-build.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

html_logo

If given, this must be the name of an image file (path relative to the *configuration directory*) that is the logo of the docs, or URL that points an image file for the logo. It is placed at the top of the sidebar; its width should therefore not exceed 200 pixels. Default: None.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.1: The image file will be copied to the _static directory of the output HTML, but only if the file does not already exist there.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: Also accepts the URL for the logo file.

html favicon

If given, this must be the name of an image file (path relative to the *configuration directory*) that is the favicon of the docs, or URL that points an image file for the favicon. Modern browsers use this as the icon for tabs, windows and bookmarks. It should be a Windows-style icon file (.ico), which is 16x16 or 32x32 pixels large. Default: None.

 $^{^{163}\} https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6596$

Nuovo nella versione 0.4: The image file will be copied to the _static directory of the output HTML, but only if the file does not already exist there.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: Also accepts the URL for the favicon.

html_css_files

A list of CSS files. The entry must be a *filename* string or a tuple containing the *filename* string and the *attributes* dictionary. The *filename* must be relative to the <code>html_static_path</code>, or a full URI with scheme like <code>http://example.org/style.css</code>. The *attributes* is used for attributes of link> tag. It defaults to an empty list.

Example:

As a special attribute, *priority* can be set as an integer to load the CSS file earlier or lazier step. For more information, refer Sphinx.add_css_files().

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: Support priority attribute

html_js_files

A list of JavaScript *filename*. The entry must be a *filename* string or a tuple containing the *filename* string and the *attributes* dictionary. The *filename* must be relative to the *html_static_path*, or a full URI with scheme like http://example.org/script.js. The *attributes* is used for attributes of <script> tag. It defaults to an empty list.

Example:

As a special attribute, *priority* can be set as an integer to load the CSS file earlier or lazier step. For more information, refer Sphinx.add_css_files().

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: Support priority attribute

html_static_path

A list of paths that contain custom static files (such as style sheets or script files). Relative paths are taken as relative to the configuration directory. They are copied to the output's _static directory after the theme's static files, so a file named default.css will overwrite the theme's default.css.

As these files are not meant to be built, they are automatically excluded from source files.

Nota: For security reasons, dotfiles under html_static_path will not be copied. If you would like to copy them intentionally, please add each filepath to this setting:

```
html_static_path = ['_static', '_static/.htaccess']
```

Another way to do that, you can also use html_extra_path. It allows to copy dotfiles under the directories.

Cambiato nella versione 0.4: The paths in html_static_path can now contain subdirectories.

Cambiato nella versione 1.0: The entries in httml_static_path can now be single files.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: The files under html_static_path are excluded from source files.

html_extra_path

A list of paths that contain extra files not directly related to the documentation, such as robots.txt or . htaccess. Relative paths are taken as relative to the configuration directory. They are copied to the output directory. They will overwrite any existing file of the same name.

As these files are not meant to be built, they are automatically excluded from source files.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

Cambiato nella versione 1.4: The dotfiles in the extra directory will be copied to the output directory. And it refers *exclude_patterns* on copying extra files and directories, and ignores if path matches to patterns.

html_last_updated_fmt

If this is not None, a "Last updated on:" timestamp is inserted at every page bottom, using the given strftime() format. The empty string is equivalent to '%b %d, %Y' (or a locale-dependent equivalent).

html_use_smartypants

If true, quotes and dashes are converted to typographically correct entities. Default: True.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.6: To disable smart quotes, use rather *smartquotes*.

html_add_permalinks

Sphinx will add «permalinks» for each heading and description environment as paragraph signs that become visible when the mouse hovers over them.

This value determines the text for the permalink; it defaults to "¶". Set it to None or the empty string to disable permalinks.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6: Previously, this was always activated.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: This can now be a string to select the actual text of the link. Previously, only boolean values were accepted.

Deprecato dalla versione 3.5: This has been replaced by html_permalinks

html_permalinks

If true, Sphinx will add «permalinks» for each heading and description environment. Default: True.

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.

html_permalinks_icon

A text for permalinks for each heading and description environment. HTML tags are allowed. Default: a paragraph sign; ¶

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.

html_sidebars

Custom sidebar templates, must be a dictionary that maps document names to template names.

The keys can contain glob-style patterns Pag. 76, 1, in which case all matching documents will get the specified sidebars. (A warning is emitted when a more than one glob-style pattern matches for any document.)

The values can be either lists or single strings.

• If a value is a list, it specifies the complete list of sidebar templates to include. If all or some of the default sidebars are to be included, they must be put into this list as well.

The default sidebars (for documents that don't match any pattern) are defined by theme itself. Builtin themes are using these templates by default: ['localtoc.html', 'relations.html', 'sourcelink.html', 'searchbox.html'].

• If a value is a single string, it specifies a custom sidebar to be added between the 'sourcelink.html' and 'searchbox.html' entries. This is for compatibility with Sphinx versions before 1.0.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.7: a single string value for html_sidebars will be removed in 2.0

Builtin sidebar templates that can be rendered are:

- localtoc.html a fine-grained table of contents of the current document
- globaltoc.html a coarse-grained table of contents for the whole documentation set, collapsed
- **relations.html** two links to the previous and next documents
- sourcelink.html a link to the source of the current document, if enabled in html_show_sourcelink
- searchbox.html the «quick search» box

Example:

```
html_sidebars = {
   '**': ['globaltoc.html', 'sourcelink.html', 'searchbox.html'],
   'using/windows': ['windowssidebar.html', 'searchbox.html'],
}
```

This will render the custom template windowssidebar.html and the quick search box within the sidebar of the given document, and render the default sidebars for all other pages (except that the local TOC is replaced by the global TOC).

Nuovo nella versione 1.0: The ability to use globbing keys and to specify multiple sidebars.

Note that this value only has no effect if the chosen theme does not possess a sidebar, like the builtin **scrolls** and **haiku** themes.

html_additional_pages

Additional templates that should be rendered to HTML pages, must be a dictionary that maps document names to template names.

Example:

```
html_additional_pages = {
    'download': 'customdownload.html',
}
```

This will render the template customdownload.html as the page download.html.

html_domain_indices

If true, generate domain-specific indices in addition to the general index. For e.g. the Python domain, this is the global module index. Default is True.

This value can be a bool or a list of index names that should be generated. To find out the index name for a specific index, look at the HTML file name. For example, the Python module index has the name 'py-modindex'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

html use index

If true, add an index to the HTML documents. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

html_split_index

If true, the index is generated twice: once as a single page with all the entries, and once as one page per starting letter. Default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

html_copy_source

If true, the reST sources are included in the HTML build as _sources/name. The default is True.

html_show_sourcelink

If true (and <a href="https://

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

html_sourcelink_suffix

Suffix to be appended to source links (see https://http

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

html_use_opensearch

If nonempty, an OpenSearch¹⁶⁴ description file will be output, and all pages will contain a <link> tag referring to it. Since OpenSearch doesn't support relative URLs for its search page location, the value of this option must be the base URL from which these documents are served (without trailing slash), e.g. "https://docs.python.org". The default is ''.

html_file_suffix

This is the file name suffix for generated HTML files. The default is ".html".

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

html_link_suffix

Suffix for generated links to HTML files. The default is whatever *html_file_suffix* is set to; it can be set differently (e.g. to support different web server setups).

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

html_show_copyright

If true, «(C) Copyright ...» is shown in the HTML footer. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

html_show_sphinx

If true, «Created using Sphinx» is shown in the HTML footer. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

html_output_encoding

Encoding of HTML output files. Default is 'utf-8'. Note that this encoding name must both be a valid Python encoding name and a valid HTML charset value.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

html_compact_lists

If true, a list all whose items consist of a single paragraph and/or a sub-list all whose items etc... (recursive definition) will not use the element for any of its items. This is standard docutils behavior. Default: True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

html_secnumber_suffix

Suffix for section numbers. Default: ". ". Set to " " to suppress the final dot on section numbers.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

html_search_language

Language to be used for generating the HTML full-text search index. This defaults to the global language selected with *language*. If there is no support for this language, "en" is used which selects the English language.

Support is present for these languages:

- da Danish
- nl Dutch
- en English
- fi Finnish
- fr French

¹⁶⁴ http://www.opensearch.org/Home

- de German
- hu Hungarian
- it Italian
- ja Japanese
- no Norwegian
- pt Portuguese
- ro Romanian
- ru Russian
- es Spanish
- sv Swedish
- tr Turkish
- zh Chinese

Accelerating build speed

Each language (except Japanese) provides its own stemming algorithm. Sphinx uses a Python implementation by default. You can use a C implementation to accelerate building the index file.

- PorterStemmer¹⁶⁵ (en)
- PyStemmer¹⁶⁶ (all languages)

Nuovo nella versione 1.1: With support for en and ja.

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: Added additional languages.

html_search_options

A dictionary with options for the search language support, empty by default. The meaning of these options depends on the language selected.

The English support has no options.

The Japanese support has these options:

Type type is dotted module path string to specify Splitter implementation which should be derived from sphinx.search.ja.BaseSplitter. If not specified or None is specified, 'sphinx. search.ja.DefaultSplitter' will be used.

You can choose from these modules:

- "sphinx.search.ja.DefaultSplitter" TinySegmenter algorithm. This is default splitter.
- **"sphinx.search.ja.MecabSplitter"** MeCab binding. To use this splitter, "mecab" python binding or dynamic link library ("libmecab.so" for linux, "libmecab.dll" for windows) is required.
- "sphinx.search.ja.JanomeSplitter" Janome binding. To use this splitter, Janome 167 is required.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.6: 'mecab', 'janome' and 'default' is deprecated. To keep compatibility, 'mecab', 'janome' and 'default' are also acceptable.

Other option values depend on splitter value which you choose.

Options for 'mecab':

¹⁶⁵ https://pypi.org/project/PorterStemmer/

¹⁶⁶ https://pypi.org/project/PyStemmer/

dic_enc dic_enc option is the encoding for the MeCab algorithm.

dict dict option is the dictionary to use for the MeCab algorithm.

lib lib option is the library name for finding the MeCab library via ctypes if the Python binding is not installed.

For example:

```
html_search_options = {
    'type': 'mecab',
    'dic_enc': 'utf-8',
    'dict': '/path/to/mecab.dic',
    'lib': '/path/to/libmecab.so',
}
```

Options for 'janome':

user_dic user_dic option is the user dictionary file path for Janome.

user_dic_enc user_dic_enc option is the encoding for the user dictionary file specified by user_dic option. Default is "utf8".

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Cambiato nella versione 1.4: html_search_options for Japanese is re-organized and any custom splitter can be used by *type* settings.

The Chinese support has these options:

• dict – the jieba dictionary path if want to use custom dictionary.

html search scorer

The name of a JavaScript file (relative to the configuration directory) that implements a search results scorer. If empty, the default will be used.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

html_scaled_image_link

If true, images itself links to the original image if it doesn't have "target" option or scale related options: "scale", "width", "height". The default is True.

Document authors can this feature manually with giving no-scaled-link class to the image:

```
.. image:: sphinx.png
:scale: 50%
:class: no-scaled-link
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 3.0: It is disabled for images having no-scaled-link class

html_math_renderer

The name of math renderer extension for HTML output. The default is 'mathjax'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

html_experimental_html5_writer

Output is processed with HTML5 writer. Default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

Deprecato dalla versione 2.0.

¹⁶⁷ https://pypi.org/project/Janome/

html4_writer

Output is processed with HTML4 writer. Default is False.

Options for Single HTML output

singlehtml_sidebars

Custom sidebar templates, must be a dictionary that maps document names to template names. And it only allows a key named "index". All other keys are ignored. For more information, refer to html_sidebars. By default, it is same as html_sidebars.

Options for HTML help output

htmlhelp_basename

Output file base name for HTML help builder. Default is 'pydoc'.

htmlhelp_file_suffix

This is the file name suffix for generated HTML help files. The default is ".html".

Nuovo nella versione 2.0.

htmlhelp_link_suffix

Suffix for generated links to HTML files. The default is ".html".

Nuovo nella versione 2.0.

Options for Apple Help output

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

These options influence the Apple Help output. This builder derives from the HTML builder, so the HTML options also apply where appropriate.

Nota: Apple Help output will only work on Mac OS X 10.6 and higher, as it requires the **hiutil** and **codesign** command line tools, neither of which are Open Source.

You can disable the use of these tools using <code>applehelp_disable_external_tools</code>, but the result will not be a valid help book until the indexer is run over the <code>.lproj</code> folders within the bundle.

applehelp_bundle_name

The basename for the Apple Help Book. Defaults to the *project* name.

applehelp_bundle_id

The bundle ID for the help book bundle.

Avvertimento: You *must* set this value in order to generate Apple Help.

applehelp_dev_region

The development region. Defaults to 'en-us', which is Apple's recommended setting.

applehelp_bundle_version

The bundle version (as a string). Defaults to '1'.

applehelp_icon

The help bundle icon file, or None for no icon. According to Apple's documentation, this should be a 16-by-16 pixel version of the application's icon with a transparent background, saved as a PNG file.

applehelp_kb_product

The product tag for use with applehelp_kb_url. Defaults to 'release>'.

applehelp_kb_url

The URL for your knowledgebase server, e.g. https://example.com/kbsearch.py? p='product'&q='query'&l='lang'. Help Viewer will replace the values 'product', 'query' and 'lang' at runtime with the contents of applehelp_kb_product, the text entered by the user in the search box and the user's system language respectively.

Defaults to None for no remote search.

applehelp_remote_url

The URL for remote content. You can place a copy of your Help Book's Resources folder at this location and Help Viewer will attempt to use it to fetch updated content.

e.g. if you set it to https://example.com/help/Foo/ and Help Viewer wants a copy of index.html for an English speaking customer, it will look at https://example.com/help/Foo/en.lproj/index.html.

Defaults to None for no remote content.

applehelp_index_anchors

If True, tell the help indexer to index anchors in the generated HTML. This can be useful for jumping to a particular topic using the AHLookupAnchor function or the openHelpAnchor:inBook: method in your code. It also allows you to use help:anchor URLs; see the Apple documentation for more information on this topic.

applehelp_min_term_length

Controls the minimum term length for the help indexer. Defaults to None, which means the default will be used.

applehelp_stopwords

Either a language specification (to use the built-in stopwords), or the path to a stopwords plist, or None if you do not want to use stopwords. The default stopwords plist can be found at /usr/share/hiutil/Stopwords. plist and contains, at time of writing, stopwords for the following languages:

Language	Code
English	en
German	de
Spanish	es
French	fr
Swedish	sv
Hungarian	hu
Italian	it

Defaults to language, or if that is not set, to en.

applehelp_locale

Specifies the locale to generate help for. This is used to determine the name of the .lproj folder inside the Help Book's Resources, and is passed to the help indexer.

Defaults to language, or if that is not set, to en.

applehelp_title

Specifies the help book title. Defaults to 'roject> Help'.

applehelp_codesign_identity

Specifies the identity to use for code signing, or None if code signing is not to be performed.

Defaults to the value of the environment variable CODE_SIGN_IDENTITY, which is set by Xcode for script build phases, or None if that variable is not set.

applehelp_codesign_flags

A *list* of additional arguments to pass to **codesign** when signing the help book.

Defaults to a list based on the value of the environment variable OTHER_CODE_SIGN_FLAGS, which is set by Xcode for script build phases, or the empty list if that variable is not set.

applehelp_indexer_path

The path to the **hiutil** program. Defaults to '/usr/bin/hiutil'.

applehelp_codesign_path

The path to the **codesign** program. Defaults to '/usr/bin/codesign'.

applehelp_disable_external_tools

If True, the builder will not run the indexer or the code signing tool, no matter what other settings are specified.

This is mainly useful for testing, or where you want to run the Sphinx build on a non-Mac OS X platform and then complete the final steps on OS X for some reason.

Defaults to False.

Options for epub output

These options influence the epub output. As this builder derives from the HTML builder, the HTML options also apply where appropriate. The actual values for some of the options is not really important, they just have to be entered into the Dublin Core metadata¹⁶⁸.

epub_basename

The basename for the epub file. It defaults to the *project* name.

epub_theme

The HTML theme for the epub output. Since the default themes are not optimized for small screen space, using the same theme for HTML and epub output is usually not wise. This defaults to 'epub', a theme designed to save visual space.

epub_theme_options

A dictionary of options that influence the look and feel of the selected theme. These are theme-specific. For the options understood by the builtin themes, see *this section*.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

epub_title

The title of the document. It defaults to the *html_title* option but can be set independently for epub creation. It defaults to the *project* option.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: It defaults to the project option.

epub_description

The description of the document. The default value is 'unknown'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Renamed from epub3_description

epub_author

The author of the document. This is put in the Dublin Core metadata. It defaults to the author option.

epub_contributor

The name of a person, organization, etc. that played a secondary role in the creation of the content of an EPUB Publication. The default value is 'unknown'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Renamed from epub3_contributor

¹⁶⁸ http://dublincore.org/

epub_language

The language of the document. This is put in the Dublin Core metadata. The default is the *language* option or 'en' if unset.

epub_publisher

The publisher of the document. This is put in the Dublin Core metadata. You may use any sensible string, e.g. the project homepage. The defaults to the *author* option.

epub_copyright

The copyright of the document. It defaults to the *copyright* option but can be set independently for epub creation.

epub_identifier

An identifier for the document. This is put in the Dublin Core metadata. For published documents this is the ISBN number, but you can also use an alternative scheme, e.g. the project homepage. The default value is 'unknown'.

epub_scheme

The publication scheme for the <code>epub_identifier</code>. This is put in the Dublin Core metadata. For published books the scheme is 'ISBN'. If you use the project homepage, 'URL' seems reasonable. The default value is 'unknown'.

epub_uid

A unique identifier for the document. This is put in the Dublin Core metadata. You may use a XML's Name format 169 string. You can't use hyphen, period, numbers as a first character. The default value is 'unknown'.

epub_cover

The cover page information. This is a tuple containing the filenames of the cover image and the html template. The rendered html cover page is inserted as the first item in the spine in content.opf. If the template filename is empty, no html cover page is created. No cover at all is created if the tuple is empty. Examples:

```
epub_cover = ('_static/cover.png', 'epub-cover.html')
epub_cover = ('_static/cover.png', '')
epub_cover = ()
```

The default value is ().

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

epub_css_files

A list of CSS files. The entry must be a *filename* string or a tuple containing the *filename* string and the *attributes* dictionary. For more information, see *html_css_files*.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

epub_guide

Meta data for the guide element of content.opf. This is a sequence of tuples containing the *type*, the *uri* and the *title* of the optional guide information. See the OPF documentation at http://idpf.org/epub for details. If possible, default entries for the *cover* and *toc* types are automatically inserted. However, the types can be explicitly overwritten if the default entries are not appropriate. Example:

```
epub_guide = (('cover', 'cover.html', u'Cover Page'),)
```

The default value is ().

epub_pre_files

Additional files that should be inserted before the text generated by Sphinx. It is a list of tuples containing the file name and the title. If the title is empty, no entry is added to toc.ncx. Example:

¹⁶⁹ https://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/#NT-NameStartChar

```
epub_pre_files = [
    ('index.html', 'Welcome'),
]
```

The default value is [].

epub_post_files

Additional files that should be inserted after the text generated by Sphinx. It is a list of tuples containing the file name and the title. This option can be used to add an appendix. If the title is empty, no entry is added to toc.ncx. The default value is [].

epub_exclude_files

A list of files that are generated/copied in the build directory but should not be included in the epub file. The default value is [].

epub_tocdepth

The depth of the table of contents in the file toc.ncx. It should be an integer greater than zero. The default value is 3. Note: A deeply nested table of contents may be difficult to navigate.

epub_tocdup

This flag determines if a toc entry is inserted again at the beginning of its nested toc listing. This allows easier navigation to the top of a chapter, but can be confusing because it mixes entries of different depth in one list. The default value is True.

epub_tocscope

This setting control the scope of the epub table of contents. The setting can have the following values:

- 'default' include all toc entries that are not hidden (default)
- 'includehidden' include all toc entries

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

epub_fix_images

This flag determines if sphinx should try to fix image formats that are not supported by some epub readers. At the moment palette images with a small color table are upgraded. You need Pillow, the Python Image Library, installed to use this option. The default value is False because the automatic conversion may lose information.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

epub_max_image_width

This option specifies the maximum width of images. If it is set to a value greater than zero, images with a width larger than the given value are scaled accordingly. If it is zero, no scaling is performed. The default value is **0**. You need the Python Image Library (Pillow) installed to use this option.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

epub_show_urls

Control whether to display URL addresses. This is very useful for readers that have no other means to display the linked URL. The settings can have the following values:

- 'inline' display URLs inline in parentheses (default)
- 'footnote' display URLs in footnotes
- 'no' do not display URLs

The display of inline URLs can be customized by adding CSS rules for the class link-target.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

epub_use_index

If true, add an index to the epub document. It defaults to the html_use_index option but can be set independently for epub creation.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

epub_writing_mode

It specifies writing direction. It can accept 'horizontal' (default) and 'vertical'

epub_writing_mode	'horizontal'	'vertical'
writing-mode ¹⁷⁰	horizontal-tb	vertical-rl
page progression	left to right	right to left
iBook's Scroll Theme support	scroll-axis is vertical.	scroll-axis is horizontal.

Options for LaTeX output

These options influence LaTeX output.

latex_engine

The LaTeX engine to build the docs. The setting can have the following values:

- 'pdflatex' PDFLaTeX (default)
- 'xelatex' XeLaTeX
- 'lualatex' LuaLaTeX
- 'platex' pLaTeX
- 'uplatex' upLaTeX (default if *language* is 'ja')

Nota: 2.0 adds to 'pdflatex' support in Latin language document of occasional Cyrillic or Greek letters or words. This is not automatic, see the discussion of the <code>latex_elements</code> 'fontenc' key.

If your project uses Unicode characters, setting the engine to 'xelatex' or 'lualatex' and making sure to use an OpenType font with wide-enough glyph coverage is often easier than trying to make 'pdflatex' work with the extra Unicode characters. Since Sphinx 2.0 the default is the GNU FreeFont which covers well Latin, Cyrillic and Greek.

Cambiato nella versione 2.1.0: Use xelatex (and LaTeX package xeCJK) by default for Chinese documents.

Cambiato nella versione 2.2.1: Use xelatex by default for Greek documents.

Cambiato nella versione 2.3: Add uplatex support.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: uplatex becomes the default setting of Japanese documents.

Contrarily to *MathJaX math rendering in HTML output*, LaTeX requires some extra configuration to support Unicode literals in *math*: the only comprehensive solution (as far as we know) is to use 'xelatex' or 'lualatex' *and* to add r'\usepackage{unicode-math}' (e.g. via the $latex_elements$ 'preamble' key). You may prefer r'\usepackage[math-style=literal] {unicode-math}' to keep a Unicode literal such as α (U+03B1) for example as is in output, rather than being rendered as α .

latex_documents

This value determines how to group the document tree into LaTeX source files. It must be a list of tuples (startdocname, targetname, title, author, theme, toctree_only), where the items are:

startdocname String that specifies the *document name* of the LaTeX file's master document. All documents referenced by the *startdoc* document in TOC trees will be included in the LaTeX file. (If you want to use the default root document for your LaTeX build, provide your *root_doc* here.)

^{&#}x27;pdflatex'"s support for Unicode characters is limited.

¹⁷⁰ https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/writing-mode

targetname File name of the LaTeX file in the output directory.

title LaTeX document title. Can be empty to use the title of the *startdoc* document. This is inserted as LaTeX markup, so special characters like a backslash or ampersand must be represented by the proper LaTeX commands if they are to be inserted literally.

author Author for the LaTeX document. The same LaTeX markup caveat as for title applies. Use \\and to separate multiple authors, as in: 'John \\and Sarah' (backslashes must be Python-escaped to reach LaTeX).

theme LaTeX theme. See latex_theme.

toctree_only Must be True or False. If true, the *startdoc* document itself is not included in the output, only the documents referenced by it via TOC trees. With this option, you can put extra stuff in the master document that shows up in the HTML, but not the LaTeX output.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2: In the past including your own document class required you to prepend the document class name with the string «sphinx». This is not necessary anymore.

Nuovo nella versione 0.3: The 6th item toctree_only. Tuples with 5 items are still accepted.

latex_logo

If given, this must be the name of an image file (relative to the configuration directory) that is the logo of the docs. It is placed at the top of the title page. Default: None.

latex_toplevel_sectioning

This value determines the topmost sectioning unit. It should be chosen from 'part', 'chapter' or 'section'. The default is None; the topmost sectioning unit is switched by documentclass: section is used if documentclass will be howto, otherwise chapter will be used.

Note that if LaTeX uses \part command, then the numbering of sectioning units one level deep gets off-sync with HTML numbering, because LaTeX numbers continuously \chapter (or \section for howto.)

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

latex_appendices

A list of document names to append as an appendix to all manuals.

latex_domain_indices

If true, generate domain-specific indices in addition to the general index. For e.g. the Python domain, this is the global module index. Default is True.

This value can be a bool or a list of index names that should be generated, like for html_domain_indices.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

latex_show_pagerefs

If true, add page references after internal references. This is very useful for printed copies of the manual. Default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

latex_show_urls

Control whether to display URL addresses. This is very useful for printed copies of the manual. The setting can have the following values:

- 'no' do not display URLs (default)
- 'footnote' display URLs in footnotes
- 'inline' display URLs inline in parentheses

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: This value is now a string; previously it was a boolean value, and a true value selected the 'inline' display. For backwards compatibility, True is still accepted.

latex_use_latex_multicolumn

The default is False: it means that Sphinx's own macros are used for merged cells from grid tables. They allow general contents (literal blocks, lists, blockquotes, ...) but may have problems if the tabular columns directive was used to inject LaTeX mark-up of the type $>\{...\}$, $<\{...\}$, $@\{...\}$ as column specification.

Setting to True means to use LaTeX's standard \multicolumn; this is incompatible with literal blocks in the horizontally merged cell, and also with multiple paragraphs in such cell if the table is rendered using tabulary.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

latex_use_xindy

If True, the PDF build from the LaTeX files created by Sphinx will use **xindy** (doc^{171}) rather than **makeindex** for preparing the index of general terms (from *index* usage). This means that words with UTF-8 characters will get ordered correctly for the *language*.

- This option is ignored if latex_engine is 'platex' (Japanese documents; mendex replaces makeindex then).
- The default is True for 'xelatex' or 'lualatex' as **makeindex**, if any indexed term starts with a non-ascii character, creates .ind files containing invalid bytes for UTF-8 encoding. With 'lualatex' this then breaks the PDF build.
- The default is False for 'pdflatex' but True is recommended for non-English documents as soon as some indexed terms use non-ascii characters from the language script.

Sphinx adds to **xindy** base distribution some dedicated support for using 'pdflatex' engine with Cyrillic scripts. And whether with 'pdflatex' or Unicode engines, Cyrillic documents handle correctly the indexing of Latin names, even with diacritics.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

latex_elements

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Its documentation has moved to LaTeX customization.

latex docclass

A dictionary mapping 'howto' and 'manual' to names of real document classes that will be used as the base for the two Sphinx classes. Default is to use 'article' for 'howto' and 'report' for 'manual'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: In Japanese docs (*language* is 'ja'), by default 'jreport' is used for 'howto' and 'jsbook' for 'manual'.

latex_additional_files

A list of file names, relative to the configuration directory, to copy to the build directory when building LaTeX output. This is useful to copy files that Sphinx doesn't copy automatically, e.g. if they are referenced in custom LaTeX added in latex_elements. Image files that are referenced in source files (e.g. via . . image::) are copied automatically.

You have to make sure yourself that the filenames don't collide with those of any automatically copied files.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Cambiato nella versione 1.2: This overrides the files which is provided from Sphinx such as sphinx.sty.

latex_theme

The «theme» that the LaTeX output should use. It is a collection of settings for LaTeX output (ex. document class, top level sectioning unit and so on).

As a built-in LaTeX themes, manual and howto are bundled.

¹⁷¹ http://xindy.sourceforge.net/

manual A LaTeX theme for writing a manual. It imports the report document class (Japanese documents use jsbook).

howto A LaTeX theme for writing an article. It imports the article document class (Japanese documents use jreport rather). latex_appendices is available only for this theme.

It defaults to 'manual'.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

latex_theme_options

A dictionary of options that influence the look and feel of the selected theme.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

latex_theme_path

A list of paths that contain custom LaTeX themes as subdirectories. Relative paths are taken as relative to the configuration directory.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

Options for text output

These options influence text output.

text_newlines

Determines which end-of-line character(s) are used in text output.

- 'unix': use Unix-style line endings (\n)
- 'windows': use Windows-style line endings (\r\n)
- 'native': use the line ending style of the platform the documentation is built on

Default: 'unix'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

text sectionchars

A string of 7 characters that should be used for underlining sections. The first character is used for first-level headings, the second for second-level headings and so on.

The default is $'*=-\sim"+`'$.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

text_add_secnumbers

A boolean that decides whether section numbers are included in text output. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.7.

text_secnumber_suffix

Suffix for section numbers in text output. Default: ". ". Set to " " to suppress the final dot on section numbers.

Nuovo nella versione 1.7.

Options for manual page output

These options influence manual page output.

man_pages

This value determines how to group the document tree into manual pages. It must be a list of tuples (startdocname, name, description, authors, section), where the items are:

startdocname String that specifies the document name of the manual page's master document. All documents referenced by the startdoc document in TOC trees will be included in the manual file. (If you want to use the default root document for your manual pages build, use your root_doc here.)

name Name of the manual page. This should be a short string without spaces or special characters. It is used to determine the file name as well as the name of the manual page (in the NAME section).

description Description of the manual page. This is used in the NAME section.

authors A list of strings with authors, or a single string. Can be an empty string or list if you do not want to automatically generate an AUTHORS section in the manual page.

section The manual page section. Used for the output file name as well as in the manual page header.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

man_show_urls

If true, add URL addresses after links. Default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

man_make_section_directory

If true, make a section directory on build man page. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 3.3.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: The default is changed to False from True.

Options for Texinfo output

These options influence Texinfo output.

texinfo_documents

This value determines how to group the document tree into Texinfo source files. It must be a list of tuples (startdocname, targetname, title, author, dir_entry, description, category, toctree_only), where the items are:

startdocname String that specifies the *document name* of the the Texinfo file's master document. All documents referenced by the *startdoc* document in TOC trees will be included in the Texinfo file. (If you want to use the default master document for your Texinfo build, provide your *root_doc* here.)

targetname File name (no extension) of the Texinfo file in the output directory.

title Texinfo document title. Can be empty to use the title of the *startdoc* document. Inserted as Texinfo markup, so special characters like @ and {} will need to be escaped to be inserted literally.

author Author for the Texinfo document. Inserted as Texinfo markup. Use @* to separate multiple authors, as in: 'John@*Sarah'.

dir_entry The name that will appear in the top-level DIR menu file.

description Descriptive text to appear in the top-level DIR menu file.

category Specifies the section which this entry will appear in the top-level DIR menu file.

toctree_only Must be True or False. If true, the *startdoc* document itself is not included in the output, only the documents referenced by it via TOC trees. With this option, you can put extra stuff in the master document that shows up in the HTML, but not the Texinfo output.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

texinfo_appendices

A list of document names to append as an appendix to all manuals.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

texinfo_domain_indices

If true, generate domain-specific indices in addition to the general index. For e.g. the Python domain, this is the global module index. Default is True.

This value can be a bool or a list of index names that should be generated, like for html_domain_indices.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

texinfo_show_urls

Control how to display URL addresses.

- 'footnote' display URLs in footnotes (default)
- 'no' do not display URLs
- 'inline' display URLs inline in parentheses

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

texinfo_no_detailmenu

If true, do not generate a @detailmenu in the «Top» node's menu containing entries for each sub-node in the document. Default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

texinfo elements

A dictionary that contains Texinfo snippets that override those Sphinx usually puts into the generated .texi files.

- Keys that you may want to override include:
 - 'paragraphindent' Number of spaces to indent the first line of each paragraph, default 2. Specify 0 for no indentation.
 - **'exampleindent'** Number of spaces to indent the lines for examples or literal blocks, default 4. Specify **0** for no indentation.
 - 'preamble' Texinfo markup inserted near the beginning of the file.
 - 'copying' Texinfo markup inserted within the @copying block and displayed after the title. The default value consists of a simple title page identifying the project.
- Keys that are set by other options and therefore should not be overridden are:

```
'author' 'body' 'date' 'direntry' 'filename' 'project' 'release' 'title'
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Options for QtHelp output

These options influence qthelp output. As this builder derives from the HTML builder, the HTML options also apply where appropriate.

gthelp_basename

The basename for the qthelp file. It defaults to the *project* name.

qthelp_namespace

The namespace for the qthelp file. It defaults to org.sphinx.cproject_name.cproject_version.

qthelp_theme

The HTML theme for the qthelp output. This defaults to 'nonav'.

qthelp_theme_options

A dictionary of options that influence the look and feel of the selected theme. These are theme-specific. For the options understood by the builtin themes, see *this section*.

Options for the linkcheck builder

linkcheck_ignore

A list of regular expressions that match URIs that should not be checked when doing a linkcheck build. Example:

```
linkcheck_ignore = [r'http://localhost:\d+/']
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

linkcheck_request_headers

A dictionary that maps baseurls to HTTP request headers.

The key is a URL base string like "https://sphinx-doc.org/". To specify headers for other hosts, "*" can be used. It matches all hosts only when the URL does not match other settings.

The value is a dictionary that maps header name to its value.

Example:

```
linkcheck_request_headers = {
    "https://sphinx-doc.org/": {
        "Accept": "text/html",
        "Accept-Encoding": "utf-8",
    },
    "*": {
        "Accept": "text/html,application/xhtml+xml",
    }
}
```

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

linkcheck_retries

The number of times the linkcheck builder will attempt to check a URL before declaring it broken. Defaults to 1 attempt.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

linkcheck timeout

A timeout value, in seconds, for the linkcheck builder. The default is to use Python's global socket timeout.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

linkcheck_workers

The number of worker threads to use when checking links. Default is 5 threads.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

linkcheck_anchors

If true, check the validity of #anchors in links. Since this requires downloading the whole document, it's considerably slower when enabled. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

linkcheck_anchors_ignore

A list of regular expressions that match anchors Sphinx should skip when checking the validity of anchors in links. This allows skipping anchors that a website's JavaScript adds to control dynamic pages or when triggering an internal REST request. Default is ["^!"].

Nota: If you want to ignore anchors of a specific page or of pages that match a specific pattern (but still check occurrences of the same page(s) that don't have anchors), use *linkcheck_ignore* instead, for example as follows:

```
linkcheck_ignore = [
   'http://www.sphinx-doc.org/en/1.7/intro.html#'
]
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

linkcheck_auth

Pass authentication information when doing a linkcheck build.

A list of (regex_pattern, auth_info) tuples where the items are:

regex_pattern A regular expression that matches a URI.

auth_info Authentication information to use for that URI. The value can be anything that is understood by the requests library (see requests Authentication for details).

The linkcheck builder will use the first matching auth_info value it can find in the linkcheck_auth list, so values earlier in the list have higher priority.

Example:

```
linkcheck_auth = [
  ('https://foo\.yourcompany\.com/.+', ('johndoe', 'secret')),
   ('https://.+\.yourcompany\.com/.+', HTTPDigestAuth(...)),
]
```

Nuovo nella versione 2.3.

linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout

The linkcheck builder may issue a large number of requests to the same site over a short period of time. This setting controls the builder behavior when servers indicate that requests are rate-limited.

If a server indicates when to retry (using the Retry-After¹⁷² header), linkcheck always follows the server indication.

Otherwise, linkcheck waits for a minute before to retry and keeps doubling the wait time between attempts until it succeeds or exceeds the linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout. By default, the timeout is 5 minutes.

Nuovo nella versione 3.4.

¹⁷² https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7231#section-7.1.3

Options for the XML builder

xml_pretty

If true, pretty-print the XML. Default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

Options for the C domain

c id attributes

A list of strings that the parser additionally should accept as attributes. This can for example be used when attributes have been #define d for portability.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

c_paren_attributes

A list of strings that the parser additionally should accept as attributes with one argument. That is, if my_align_as is in the list, then my_align_as(X) is parsed as an attribute for all strings X that have balanced braces ((), [], and {}). This can for example be used when attributes have been #define d for portability.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

c_allow_pre_v3

A boolean (default False) controlling whether to parse and try to convert pre-v3 style type directives and type roles.

Nuovo nella versione 3.2.

Deprecato dalla versione 3.2: Use the directives and roles added in v3.

c_warn_on_allowed_pre_v3

A boolean (default True) controlling whether to warn when a pre-v3 style type directive/role is parsed and converted.

Nuovo nella versione 3.2.

Deprecato dalla versione 3.2: Use the directives and roles added in v3.

Options for the C++ domain

cpp_index_common_prefix

A list of prefixes that will be ignored when sorting C++ objects in the global index. For example ['awesome_lib::'].

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

cpp_id_attributes

A list of strings that the parser additionally should accept as attributes. This can for example be used when attributes have been #define d for portability.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

cpp_paren_attributes

A list of strings that the parser additionally should accept as attributes with one argument. That is, if my_align_as is in the list, then my_align_as(X) is parsed as an attribute for all strings X that have balanced braces ((), [], and {}). This can for example be used when attributes have been #define d for portability.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

Options for the Python domain

python_use_unqualified_type_names

If true, suppress the module name of the python reference if it can be resolved. The default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

Nota: This configuration is still in experimental

Example of configuration file

```
# test documentation build configuration file, created by
# sphinx-quickstart on Sun Jun 26 00:00:43 2016.
# This file is execfile()d with the current directory set to its
# containing dir.
# Note that not all possible configuration values are present in this
# autogenerated file.
# All configuration values have a default; values that are commented out
# serve to show the default.
# If extensions (or modules to document with autodoc) are in another directory,
# add these directories to sys.path here. If the directory is relative to the
# documentation root, use os.path.abspath to make it absolute, like shown here.
# import os
# import sys
# sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath('.'))
# -- General configuration -----
# If your documentation needs a minimal Sphinx version, state it here.
# needs_sphinx = '1.0'
# Add any Sphinx extension module names here, as strings. They can be
# extensions coming with Sphinx (named 'sphinx.ext.*') or your custom
# ones.
extensions = []
# Add any paths that contain templates here, relative to this directory.
templates_path = ['_templates']
# The suffix(es) of source filenames.
# You can specify multiple suffix as a list of string:
# source_suffix = ['.rst', '.md']
source_suffix = '.rst'
```

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```
# The encoding of source files.
# source_encoding = 'utf-8-sig'
# The master toctree document.
root_doc = 'index'
# General information about the project.
project = u'test'
copyright = u'2016, test'
author = u'test'
# The version info for the project you're documenting, acts as replacement for
# |version| and |release|, also used in various other places throughout the
# built documents.
# The short X.Y version.
version = u'test'
# The full version, including alpha/beta/rc tags.
release = u'test'
# The language for content autogenerated by Sphinx. Refer to documentation
# for a list of supported languages.
# This is also used if you do content translation via gettext catalogs.
# Usually you set "language" from the command line for these cases.
language = None
# There are two options for replacing |today|: either, you set today to some
# non-false value, then it is used:
# today = "
# Else, today_fmt is used as the format for a strftime call.
# today_fmt = '%B %d, %Y'
# List of patterns, relative to source directory, that match files and
# directories to ignore when looking for source files.
# These patterns also affect html_static_path and html_extra_path
exclude_patterns = ['_build', 'Thumbs.db', '.DS_Store']
# The reST default role (used for this markup: `text`) to use for all
# documents.
# default_role = None
# If true, '()' will be appended to :func: etc. cross-reference text.
# add_function_parentheses = True
# If true, the current module name will be prepended to all description
```

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```
# unit titles (such as .. function::).
# add_module_names = True
# If true, sectionauthor and moduleauthor directives will be shown in the
# output. They are ignored by default.
# show_authors = False
# The name of the Pygments (syntax highlighting) style to use.
pygments_style = 'sphinx'
# A list of ignored prefixes for module index sorting.
# modindex_common_prefix = []
# If true, keep warnings as "system message" paragraphs in the built documents.
# keep_warnings = False
# If true, `todo` and `todoList` produce output, else they produce nothing.
todo_include_todos = False
# -- Options for HTML output ------
# The theme to use for HTML and HTML Help pages. See the documentation for
# a list of builtin themes.
html theme = 'alabaster'
# Theme options are theme-specific and customize the look and feel of a theme
# further. For a list of options available for each theme, see the
# documentation.
# html_theme_options = {}
# Add any paths that contain custom themes here, relative to this directory.
# html_theme_path = []
# The name for this set of Sphinx documents.
# "roject> v<release> documentation" by default.
# html_title = u'test vtest'
# A shorter title for the navigation bar. Default is the same as html_title.
# html_short_title = None
# The name of an image file (relative to this directory) to place at the top
# of the sidebar.
# html_logo = None
```

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```
# The name of an image file (relative to this directory) to use as a favicon of
# the docs. This file should be a Windows icon file (.ico) being 16x16 or 32x32
# pixels large.
# html favicon = None
# Add any paths that contain custom static files (such as style sheets) here,
# relative to this directory. They are copied after the builtin static files,
# so a file named "default.css" will overwrite the builtin "default.css".
html_static_path = ['_static']
# Add any extra paths that contain custom files (such as robots.txt or
# .htaccess) here, relative to this directory. These files are copied
# directly to the root of the documentation.
# html_extra_path = []
# If not None, a 'Last updated on:' timestamp is inserted at every page
# bottom, using the given strftime format.
# The empty string is equivalent to '%b %d, %Y'.
# html_last_updated_fmt = None
# Custom sidebar templates, maps document names to template names.
# html_sidebars = {}
# Additional templates that should be rendered to pages, maps page names to
# template names.
# html_additional_pages = {}
# If false, no module index is generated.
# html domain indices = True
# If false, no index is generated.
# html_use_index = True
# If true, the index is split into individual pages for each letter.
# html_split_index = False
# If true, links to the reST sources are added to the pages.
# html_show_sourcelink = True
# If true, "Created using Sphinx" is shown in the HTML footer. Default is True.
# html_show_sphinx = True
```

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```
# If true, "(C) Copyright ..." is shown in the HTML footer. Default is True.
# html_show_copyright = True
# If true, an OpenSearch description file will be output, and all pages will
# contain a <link> tag referring to it. The value of this option must be the
# base URL from which the finished HTML is served.
# html_use_opensearch = "
# This is the file name suffix for HTML files (e.g. ".xhtml").
# html_file_suffix = None
# Language to be used for generating the HTML full-text search index.
# Sphinx supports the following languages:
   'da', 'de', 'en', 'es', 'fi', 'fr', 'hu', 'it', 'ja'
  'nl', 'no', 'pt', 'ro', 'ru', 'sv', 'tr', 'zh'
# html_search_language = 'en'
# A dictionary with options for the search language support, empty by default.
# 'ja' uses this config value.
# 'zh' user can custom change `jieba` dictionary path.
# html_search_options = {'type': 'default'}
# The name of a javascript file (relative to the configuration directory) that
# implements a search results scorer. If empty, the default will be used.
# html_search_scorer = 'scorer.js'
# Output file base name for HTML help builder.
htmlhelp_basename = 'testdoc'
# -- Options for LaTeX output -----
latex_elements = {
    # The paper size ('letterpaper' or 'a4paper').
    # 'papersize': 'letterpaper',
    # The font size ('10pt', '11pt' or '12pt').
    # 'pointsize': '10pt',
    # Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
    # 'preamble': ",
    # Latex figure (float) alignment
    # 'figure_align': 'htbp',
```

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```
}
# Grouping the document tree into LaTeX files. List of tuples
# (source start file, target name, title,
# author, documentclass [howto, manual, or own class]).
latex_documents = [
    (root_doc, 'test.tex', u'test Documentation',
    u'test', 'manual'),
# The name of an image file (relative to this directory) to place at the top of
# the title page.
# latex_logo = None
# If true, show page references after internal links.
# latex_show_pagerefs = False
# If true, show URL addresses after external links.
# latex_show_urls = False
# Documents to append as an appendix to all manuals.
# latex_appendices = []
# If false, no module index is generated.
# latex_domain_indices = True
# -- Options for manual page output -----
# One entry per manual page. List of tuples
# (source start file, name, description, authors, manual section).
man_pages = [
    (root_doc, 'test', u'test Documentation',
    [author], 1)
# If true, show URL addresses after external links.
# man_show_urls = False
# -- Options for Texinfo output -----
# Grouping the document tree into Texinfo files. List of tuples
# (source start file, target name, title, author,
# dir menu entry, description, category)
texinfo_documents = [
```

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```
(root_doc, 'test', u'test Documentation',
    author, 'test', 'One line description of project.',
     'Miscellaneous').
]
# Documents to append as an appendix to all manuals.
# texinfo_appendices = []
# If false, no module index is generated.
# texinfo_domain_indices = True
# How to display URL addresses: 'footnote', 'no', or 'inline'.
# texinfo show urls = 'footnote'
# If true, do not generate a @detailmenu in the "Top" node's menu.
# texinfo_no_detailmenu = False
# -- A random example -----
import sys, os
sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath('.'))
exclude_patterns = ['zzz']
numfig = True
#language = 'ja'
extensions.append('sphinx.ext.todo')
extensions.append('sphinx.ext.autodoc')
#extensions.append('sphinx.ext.autosummary')
extensions.append('sphinx.ext.intersphinx')
extensions.append('sphinx.ext.mathjax')
extensions.append('sphinx.ext.viewcode')
extensions.append('sphinx.ext.graphviz')
autosummary_generate = True
html_theme = 'default'
#source_suffix = ['.rst', '.txt']
```

1.6 Builders

These are the built-in Sphinx builders. More builders can be added by extensions.

The builder's «name» must be given to the **-b** command-line option of **sphinx-build** to select a builder.

class sphinx.builders.html.StandaloneHTMLBuilder

This is the standard HTML builder. Its output is a directory with HTML files, complete with style sheets and optionally the reST sources. There are quite a few configuration values that customize the output of this builder, see the chapter *Options for HTML output* for details.

```
name = 'html'
```

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

```
format = 'html'
```

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>173</sup>] = ['image/svg+xml', 'image/png', 'image/gif',
'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

class sphinx.builders.dirhtml.DirectoryHTMLBuilder

This is a subclass of the standard HTML builder. Its output is a directory with HTML files, where each file is called index.html and placed in a subdirectory named like its page name. For example, the document markup/rest.rst will not result in an output file markup/rest.html, but markup/rest/index.html. When generating links between pages, the index.html is omitted, so that the URL would look like markup/rest/.

name = 'dirhtml'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

```
format = 'html'
```

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>174</sup>] = ['image/svg+xml', 'image/png', 'image/gif',
'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

class sphinx.builders.singlehtml.SingleFileHTMLBuilder

This is an HTML builder that combines the whole project in one output file. (Obviously this only works with smaller projects.) The file is named like the master document. No indices will be generated.

name = 'singlehtml'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

```
format = 'html'
```

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>175</sup>] = ['image/svg+xml', 'image/png', 'image/gif',
'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

 $^{^{173}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html\#str$

¹⁷⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁷⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

class sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp.HTMLHelpBuilder

This builder produces the same output as the standalone HTML builder, but also generates HTML Help support files that allow the Microsoft HTML Help Workshop to compile them into a CHM file.

name = 'htmlhelp'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'html'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>176</sup>] = ['image/png', 'image/gif', 'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

class sphinxcontrib.qthelp.QtHelpBuilder

This builder produces the same output as the standalone HTML builder, but also generates Qt help¹⁷⁷ collection support files that allow the Qt collection generator to compile them.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Moved to sphinxcontrib.qthelp from sphinx.builders package.

name = 'qthelp'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'html'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>178</sup>] = ['image/svg+xml', 'image/png', 'image/gif',
'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

class sphinxcontrib.applehelp.AppleHelpBuilder

This builder produces an Apple Help Book based on the same output as the standalone HTML builder.

If the source directory contains any .lproj folders, the one corresponding to the selected language will have its contents merged with the generated output. These folders will be ignored by all other documentation types.

In order to generate a valid help book, this builder requires the command line tool **hiutil**, which is only available on Mac OS X 10.6 and above. You can disable the indexing step by setting <code>applehelp_disable_external_tools</code> to True, in which case the output will not be valid until **hiutil** has been run on all of the .lproj folders within the bundle.

name = 'applehelp'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'html'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>179</sup>] = ['image/png', 'image/gif', 'image/jpeg',
'image/tiff', 'image/jp2', 'image/svg+xml']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Moved to sphinxcontrib.applehelp from sphinx.builders package.

class sphinxcontrib.devhelp.DevhelpBuilder

This builder produces the same output as the standalone HTML builder, but also generates GNOME Devhelp¹⁸⁰ support file that allows the GNOME Devhelp reader to view them.

1.6. Builders 115

 $^{^{176}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html\#str$

¹⁷⁷ https://doc.qt.io/qt-4.8/qthelp-framework.html

¹⁷⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁷⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

name = 'devhelp'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'html'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>181</sup>] = ['image/png', 'image/gif', 'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Moved to sphinxcontrib.devhelp from sphinx.builders package.

class sphinx.builders.epub3.Epub3Builder

This builder produces the same output as the standalone HTML builder, but also generates an *epub* file for ebook readers. See *Epub info* for details about it. For definition of the epub format, have a look at http://idpf.org/epub or https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/EPUB. The builder creates *EPUB 3* files.

name = 'epub'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'html'

The builder's output format, or "if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>182</sup>] = ['image/svg+xml', 'image/png', 'image/gif',
'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Since Sphinx-1.5, the epub3 builder is used for the default builder of epub.

class sphinx.builders.latex.LaTeXBuilder

This builder produces a bunch of LaTeX files in the output directory. You have to specify which documents are to be included in which LaTeX files via the <code>latex_documents</code> configuration value. There are a few configuration values that customize the output of this builder, see the chapter *Options for LaTeX output* for details.

The produced LaTeX file uses several LaTeX packages that may not be present in a «minimal» TeX distribution installation.

On Ubuntu xenial, the following packages need to be installed for successful PDF builds:

- texlive-latex-recommended
- texlive-fonts-recommended
- tex-gyre (if *latex_engine* is 'pdflatex')
- texlive-latex-extra
- latexmk (this is a Sphinx requirement on GNU/Linux and MacOS X for functioning of make latexpdf)

Additional packages are needed in some circumstances (see the discussion of the 'fontpkg' key of latex_elements for more information):

- texlive-lang-cyrillic for Cyrillic (even individual letters), and, cm-super or cm-super-minimal (if default fonts),
- texlive-lang-greek for Greek (even individual letters), and, cm-super or cm-super-minimal (if default fonts),
- texlive-xetex if *latex_engine* is 'xelatex',
- texlive-luatex if *latex_engine* is 'lualatex',

¹⁸⁰ https://wiki.gnome.org/Apps/Devhelp

¹⁸¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁸² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

• fonts-freefont-otf if latex_engine is 'xelatex' or 'lualatex'.

The testing of Sphinx LaTeX is done on Ubuntu xenial whose TeX distribution is based on a TeXLive 2015 snapshot dated March 2016.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: Formerly, testing had been done on Ubuntu precise (TeXLive 2009).

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Formerly, testing had been done on Ubuntu trusty (TeXLive 2013).

Cambiato nella versione 4.0.0: TeX Gyre fonts dependency for the default LaTeX font configuration.

Nota: Since 1.6, make latexpdf uses latexmk (not on Windows). This makes sure the needed number of runs is automatically executed to get the cross-references, bookmarks, indices, and tables of contents right.

One can pass to latexmk options via the LATEXMKOPTS Makefile variable. For example:

```
make latexpdf LATEXMKOPTS="-silent"
```

reduces console output to a minimum.

Also, if latexmk is at version 4.52b or higher (January 2017) LATEXMKOPTS="-xelatex" speeds up PDF builds via XeLateX in case of numerous graphics inclusions.

To pass options directly to the (pdf|xe|lua)latex binary, use variable LATEXOPTS, for example:

```
make latexpdf LATEXOPTS="--halt-on-error"
```

name = 'latex'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'latex'

The builder's output format, or "if no document output is produced.

supported_image_types: List[str¹⁸³] = ['application/pdf', 'image/png', 'image/jpeg']

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Note that a direct PDF builder is being provided by rinohtype ¹⁸⁴. The builder's name is rinoh. Refer to the rinohtype manual ¹⁸⁵ for details.

class sphinx.builders.text.TextBuilder

This builder produces a text file for each reST file – this is almost the same as the reST source, but with much of the markup stripped for better readability.

name = 'text'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'text'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

supported_image_types: List[str¹⁸⁶] = []

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

class sphinx.builders.manpage.ManualPageBuilder

This builder produces manual pages in the groff format. You have to specify which documents are to be included in which manual pages via the *man_pages* configuration value.

1.6. Builders 117

¹⁸³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁸⁴ https://github.com/brechtm/rinohtype

¹⁸⁵ https://www.mos6581.org/rinohtype/quickstart.html#sphinx-builder

¹⁸⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

name = 'man'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'man'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>187</sup>] = []
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

class sphinx.builders.texinfo.TexinfoBuilder

This builder produces Texinfo files that can be processed into Info files by the **makeinfo** program. You have to specify which documents are to be included in which Texinfo files via the <code>texinfo_documents</code> configuration value.

The Info format is the basis of the on-line help system used by GNU Emacs and the terminal-based program **info**. See *Texinfo info* for more details. The Texinfo format is the official documentation system used by the GNU project. More information on Texinfo can be found at https://www.gnu.org/software/texinfo/.

name = 'texinfo'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'texinfo'

The builder's output format, or "if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>188</sup>] = ['image/png', 'image/jpeg', 'image/gif']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

class sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder

This builder uses a module that implements the Python serialization API (*pickle*, *simplejson*, *phpserialize*, and others) to dump the generated HTML documentation. The pickle builder is a subclass of it.

A concrete subclass of this builder serializing to the PHP serialization format could look like this:

```
import phpserialize

class PHPSerializedBuilder(SerializingHTMLBuilder):
   name = 'phpserialized'
   implementation = phpserialize
   out_suffix = '.file.phpdump'
   globalcontext_filename = 'globalcontext.phpdump'
   searchindex_filename = 'searchindex.phpdump'
```

implementation

A module that implements dump(), load(), dumps() and loads() functions that conform to the functions with the same names from the pickle module. Known modules implementing this interface are simplejson, physerialize, plistlib, and others.

out_suffix

The suffix for all regular files.

globalcontext_filename

The filename for the file that contains the «global context». This is a dict with some general configuration values such as the name of the project.

¹⁸⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁸⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

searchindex_filename

The filename for the search index Sphinx generates.

See Serialization builder details for details about the output format.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

class sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.PickleHTMLBuilder

This builder produces a directory with pickle files containing mostly HTML fragments and TOC information, for use of a web application (or custom postprocessing tool) that doesn't use the standard HTML templates.

See Serialization builder details for details about the output format.

name = 'pickle'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

The old name web still works as well.

format = 'html'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>190</sup>] = ['image/svg+xml', 'image/png', 'image/gif',
'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

The file suffix is .fpickle. The global context is called globalcontext.pickle, the search index searchindex.pickle.

class sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.JSONHTMLBuilder

This builder produces a directory with JSON files containing mostly HTML fragments and TOC information, for use of a web application (or custom postprocessing tool) that doesn't use the standard HTML templates.

See Serialization builder details for details about the output format.

name = 'json'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'html'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>191</sup>] = ['image/svg+xml', 'image/png', 'image/gif',
'image/jpeg']
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

The file suffix is .fjson. The global context is called global context.json, the search index searchindex.json.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

class sphinx.builders.gettext.MessageCatalogBuilder

This builder produces gettext-style message catalogs. Each top-level file or subdirectory grows a single .pot catalog template.

See the documentation on *Internationalization* for further reference.

name = 'gettext'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = ''

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

1.6. Builders 119

¹⁸⁹ https://pypi.org/project/phpserialize/

¹⁹⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁹¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

supported_image_types: List[str¹⁹²] = []

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

class sphinx.builders.changes.ChangesBuilder

This builder produces an HTML overview of all *versionadded*, *versionchanged* and *deprecated* directives for the current *version*. This is useful to generate a ChangeLog file, for example.

name = 'changes'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = ''

The builder's output format, or "if no document output is produced.

supported_image_types: List[str¹⁹³] = []

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

class sphinx.builders.dummy.DummyBuilder

This builder produces no output. The input is only parsed and checked for consistency. This is useful for linting purposes.

name = 'dummy'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

supported_image_types: List[str¹⁹⁴] = []

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

class sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder

This builder scans all documents for external links, tries to open them with requests, and writes an overview which ones are broken and redirected to standard output and to output.txt in the output directory.

name = 'linkcheck'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = ''

The builder's output format, or "if no document output is produced.

supported_image_types: List[str¹⁹⁵] = []

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Since Sphinx-1.5, the linkcheck builder comes to use requests module.

Cambiato nella versione 3.4: The linkcheck builder retries links when servers apply rate limits.

class sphinx.builders.xml.XMLBuilder

This builder produces Docutils-native XML files. The output can be transformed with standard XML tools such as XSLT processors into arbitrary final forms.

name = 'xml'

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = 'xml'

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

¹⁹² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁹⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁹⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>196</sup>] = []
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

class sphinx.builders.xml.PseudoXMLBuilder

This builder is used for debugging the Sphinx/Docutils «Reader to Transform to Writer» pipeline. It produces compact pretty-printed «pseudo-XML», files where nesting is indicated by indentation (no end-tags). External attributes for all elements are output, and internal attributes for any leftover «pending» elements are also given.

```
name = 'pseudoxml'
```

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

```
format = 'pseudoxml'
```

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

```
supported_image_types: List[str<sup>197</sup>] = []
```

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

Built-in Sphinx extensions that offer more builders are:

- doctest
- coverage

Serialization builder details

All serialization builders outputs one file per source file and a few special files. They also copy the reST source files in the directory _sources under the output directory.

The PickleHTMLBuilder is a builtin subclass that implements the pickle serialization interface.

The files per source file have the extensions of *out_suffix*, and are arranged in directories just as the source files are. They unserialize to a dictionary (or dictionary like structure) with these keys:

body The HTML «body» (that is, the HTML rendering of the source file), as rendered by the HTML translator.

title The title of the document, as HTML (may contain markup).

toc The table of contents for the file, rendered as an HTML .

display_toc A boolean that is True if the toc contains more than one entry.

current_page_name The document name of the current file.

parents, prev and next Information about related chapters in the TOC tree. Each relation is a dictionary with the keys link (HREF for the relation) and title (title of the related document, as HTML). parents is a list of relations, while prev and next are a single relation.

sourcename The name of the source file under _sources.

The special files are located in the root output directory. They are:

 ${\it Serializing HTMLBuilder.global context_filename} \ \ A \ pickled \ dict \ with \ these \ keys:$

project, copyright, release, version The same values as given in the configuration file.

style html_style.

last_updated Date of last build.

1.6. Builders 121

¹⁹⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

¹⁹⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

builder Name of the used builder, in the case of pickles this is always 'pickle'.

titles A dictionary of all documents" titles, as HTML strings.

SerializingHTMLBuilder.searchindex_filename An index that can be used for searching the documentation. It is a pickled list with these entries:

- · A list of indexed docnames.
- A list of document titles, as HTML strings, in the same order as the first list.
- A dict mapping word roots (processed by an English-language stemmer) to a list of integers, which are indices into the first list.

environment.pickle The build environment. This is always a pickle file, independent of the builder and a copy of the environment that was used when the builder was started.

Da fare: Document common members.

Unlike the other pickle files this pickle file requires that the sphinx package is available on unpickling.

1.7 Extensions

Since many projects will need special features in their documentation, Sphinx allows adding «extensions» to the build process, each of which can modify almost any aspect of document processing.

This chapter describes the extensions bundled with Sphinx. For the API documentation on writing your own extension, refer to *Developing extensions for Sphinx*.

Built-in extensions

These extensions are built in and can be activated by respective entries in the extensions configuration value:

sphinx.ext.autodoc - Include documentation from docstrings

This extension can import the modules you are documenting, and pull in documentation from docstrings in a semi-automatic way.

Nota: For Sphinx (actually, the Python interpreter that executes Sphinx) to find your module, it must be importable. That means that the module or the package must be in one of the directories on sys.path¹⁹⁸ – adapt your sys.path¹⁹⁹ in the configuration file accordingly.

Avvertimento: *autodoc* **imports** the modules to be documented. If any modules have side effects on import, these will be executed by autodoc when sphinx-build is run.

If you document scripts (as opposed to library modules), make sure their main routine is protected by a if __name__ == '__main__' condition.

For this to work, the docstrings must of course be written in correct reStructuredText. You can then use all of the usual Sphinx markup in the docstrings, and it will end up correctly in the documentation. Together with hand-written

 $^{^{198}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/sys.html \#sys.path$

¹⁹⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/sys.html#sys.path

documentation, this technique eases the pain of having to maintain two locations for documentation, while at the same time avoiding auto-generated-looking pure API documentation.

If you prefer NumPy²⁰⁰ or Google²⁰¹ style docstrings over reStructuredText, you can also enable the *napoleon* extension. *napoleon* is a preprocessor that converts your docstrings to correct reStructuredText before autodoc processes them.

Directives

autodoc provides several directives that are versions of the usual *py:module*, *py:class* and so forth. On parsing time, they import the corresponding module and extract the docstring of the given objects, inserting them into the page source under a suitable *py:module*, *py:class* etc. directive.

Nota: Just as *py:class* respects the current *py:module*, *autoclass* will also do so. Likewise, *automethod* will respect the current *py:class*.

- .. automodule::
- .. autoclass::
- .. autoexception::

Document a module, class or exception. All three directives will by default only insert the docstring of the object itself:

```
.. autoclass:: Noodle
```

will produce source like this:

```
.. class:: Noodle

Noodle's docstring.
```

The «auto» directives can also contain content of their own, it will be inserted into the resulting non-auto directive source after the docstring (but before any automatic member documentation).

Therefore, you can also mix automatic and non-automatic member documentation, like so:

```
.. autoclass:: Noodle
   :members: eat, slurp

.. method:: boil(time=10)

Boil the noodle *time* minutes.
```

1.7. Extensions

 $^{^{200}\} https://github.com/numpy/numpy/blob/master/doc/HOWTO_DOCUMENT.rst.txt$

²⁰¹ https://github.com/google/styleguide/blob/gh-pages/pyguide.md#38-comments-and-docstrings

Options

:members: (no value or comma separated list)

If set, autodoc will generate document for the members of the target module, class or exception.

For example:

```
.. automodule:: noodle
:members:
```

will document all module members (recursively), and

```
.. autoclass:: Noodle :members:
```

will document all class member methods and properties.

By default, autodoc will not generate document for the members that are private, not having docstrings, inherited from super class, or special members.

For modules, __all__ will be respected when looking for members unless you give the ignore-module-all flag option. Without ignore-module-all, the order of the members will also be the order in __all__.

You can also give an explicit list of members; only these will then be documented:

```
.. autoclass:: Noodle
:members: eat, slurp
```

:undoc-members: (no value)

If set, autodoc will also generate document for the members not having docstrings:

```
.. automodule:: noodle
:members:
:undoc-members:
```

:private-members: (no value or comma separated list)

If set, autodoc will also generate document for the private members (that is, those named like _private or __private):

```
.. automodule:: noodle
:members:
:private-members:
```

It can also take an explicit list of member names to be documented as arguments:

```
.. automodule:: noodle
:members:
:private-members: _spicy, _garlickly
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Cambiato nella versione 3.2: The option can now take arguments.

:special-members: (no value or comma separated list)

If set, autodoc will also generate document for the special members (that is, those named like __special__):

```
.. autoclass:: my.Class
:members:
:special-members:
```

It can also take an explicit list of member names to be documented as arguments:

```
.. autoclass:: my.Class
:members:
:special-members: __init__, __name__
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Cambiato nella versione 1.2: The option can now take arguments

Options and advanced usage

• If you want to make the members option (or other options described below) the default, see autodoc_default_options.

Suggerimento: You can use a negated form, 'no-flag', as an option of autodoc directive, to disable it temporarily. For example:

```
.. automodule:: foo 
:no-undoc-members:
```

Suggerimento: You can use autodoc directive options to temporarily override or extend default options which takes list as an input. For example:

```
.. autoclass:: Noodle
:members: eat
:private-members: +_spicy, _garlickly
```

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: The default options can be overridden or extended temporarily.

• autodoc considers a member private if its docstring contains :meta private: in its *Info field lists*. For example:

```
def my_function(my_arg, my_other_arg):
    """blah blah blah
    :meta private:
    """
```

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

• autodoc considers a member public if its docstring contains :meta public: in its *Info field lists*, even if it starts with an underscore. For example:

```
def _my_function(my_arg, my_other_arg):
    """blah blah blah
    :meta public:
    """
```

1.7. Extensions

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

• autodoc considers a variable member does not have any default value if its docstring contains :meta hide-value: in its *Info field lists*. Example:

```
var1 = None #: :meta hide-value:
```

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.

• For classes and exceptions, members inherited from base classes will be left out when documenting all members, unless you give the inherited-members option, in addition to members:

```
.. autoclass:: Noodle
:members:
:inherited-members:
```

This can be combined with undoc-members to document *all* available members of the class or module.

It can take an ancestor class not to document inherited members from it. By default, members of object class are not documented. To show them all, give None to the option.

For example; If your class Foo is derived from list class and you don't want to document list. __len__(), you should specify a option :inherited-members: list to avoid special members of list class.

Another example; If your class Foo has __str__ special method and autodoc directive has both inherited-members and special-members, __str__ will be documented as in the past, but other special method that are not implemented in your class Foo.

Note: this will lead to markup errors if the inherited members come from a module whose docstrings are not reST formatted.

Nuovo nella versione 0.3.

Cambiato nella versione 3.0: It takes an ancestor class name as an argument.

• It's possible to override the signature for explicitly documented callable objects (functions, methods, classes) with the regular syntax that will override the signature gained from introspection:

```
.. autoclass:: Noodle(type)
.. automethod:: eat(persona)
```

This is useful if the signature from the method is hidden by a decorator.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

• The automodule, autoclass and autoexception directives also support a flag option called show-inheritance. When given, a list of base classes will be inserted just below the class signature (when used with automodule, this will be inserted for every class that is documented in the module).

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

• All autodoc directives support the noindex flag option that has the same effect as for standard *py:function* etc. directives: no index entries are generated for the documented object (and all autodocumented members).

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

• automodule also recognizes the synopsis, platform and deprecated options that the standard py:module directive supports.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

 automodule and autoclass also has an member-order option that can be used to override the global value of autodoc_member_order for one directive.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

• The directives supporting member documentation also have a exclude-members option that can be used to exclude single member names from documentation, if all members are to be documented.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

• In an *automodule* directive with the members option set, only module members whose __module__ attribute is equal to the module name as given to automodule will be documented. This is to prevent documentation of imported classes or functions. Set the imported-members option if you want to prevent this behavior and document all available members. Note that attributes from imported modules will not be documented, because attribute documentation is discovered by parsing the source file of the current module.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

• Add a list of modules in the *autodoc_mock_imports* to prevent import errors to halt the building process when some external dependencies are not importable at build time.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

• As a hint to autodoc extension, you can put a :: separator in between module name and object name to let autodoc know the correct module name if it is ambiguous.

```
.. autoclass:: module.name::Noodle
```

- .. autofunction::
- .. autodecorator::
- .. autodata::
- .. automethod::
- .. autoattribute::

These work exactly like autoclass etc., but do not offer the options used for automatic member documentation.

autodata and autoattribute support the annotation option. The option controls how the value of variable is shown. If specified without arguments, only the name of the variable will be printed, and its value is not shown:

```
.. autodata:: CD_DRIVE :annotation:
```

If the option specified with arguments, it is printed after the name as a value of the variable:

```
.. autodata:: CD_DRIVE
:annotation: = your CD device name
```

By default, without annotation option, Sphinx tries to obtain the value of the variable and print it after the name.

The no-value option can be used instead of a blank annotation to show the type hint but not the value:

```
.. autodata:: CD_DRIVE 
:no-value:
```

If both the annotation and no-value options are used, no-value has no effect.

For module data members and class attributes, documentation can either be put into a comment with special formatting (using a #: to start the comment instead of just #), or in a docstring *after* the definition. Comments need to be either on a line of their own *before* the definition, or immediately after the assignment *on the same line*. The latter form is restricted to one line only.

1.7. Extensions

This means that in the following class definition, all attributes can be autodocumented:

```
class Foo:
    """Docstring for class Foo."""

#: Doc comment for class attribute Foo.bar.
#: It can have multiple lines.
bar = 1

flox = 1.5  #: Doc comment for Foo.flox. One line only.

baz = 2
    """Docstring for class attribute Foo.baz."""

def __init__(self):
    #: Doc comment for instance attribute qux.
    self.qux = 3

    self.spam = 4
    """Docstring for instance attribute spam."""
```

Cambiato nella versione 0.6: autodata and autoattribute can now extract docstrings.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: Comment docs are now allowed on the same line after an assignment.

Cambiato nella versione 1.2: autodata and autoattribute have an annotation option.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: autodecorator added.

Cambiato nella versione 3.4: autodata and autoattribute now have a no-value option.

Nota: If you document decorated functions or methods, keep in mind that autodoc retrieves its docstrings by importing the module and inspecting the __doc__ attribute of the given function or method. That means that if a decorator replaces the decorated function with another, it must copy the original __doc__ to the new function.

Configuration

There are also config values that you can set:

autoclass_content

This value selects what content will be inserted into the main body of an *autoclass* directive. The possible values are:

"class" Only the class" docstring is inserted. This is the default. You can still document __init__ as a separate method using automethod or the members option to autoclass.

"both" Both the class" and the __init__ method's docstring are concatenated and inserted.

"init" Only the __init__ method's docstring is inserted.

Nuovo nella versione 0.3.

If the class has no __init__ method or if the __init__ method's docstring is empty, but the class has a __new__ method's docstring, it is used instead.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

autodoc_member_order

This value selects if automatically documented members are sorted alphabetical (value 'alphabetical'), by member type (value 'groupwise') or by source order (value 'bysource'). The default is alphabetical.

Note that for source order, the module must be a Python module with the source code available.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Cambiato nella versione 1.0: Support for 'bysource'.

autodoc_default_flags

This value is a list of autodoc directive flags that should be automatically applied to all autodoc directives. The supported flags are 'members', 'undoc-members', 'private-members', 'special-members', 'inherited-members', 'show-inheritance', 'ignore-module-all' and 'exclude-members'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.8: Integrated into autodoc_default_options.

autodoc_default_options

The default options for autodoc directives. They are applied to all autodoc directives automatically. It must be a dictionary which maps option names to the values. For example:

```
autodoc_default_options = {
    'members': 'var1, var2',
    'member-order': 'bysource',
    'special-members': '__init__',
    'undoc-members': True,
    'exclude-members': '__weakref__'
}
```

Setting None or True to the value is equivalent to giving only the option name to the directives.

The supported options are 'members', 'member-order', 'undoc-members', 'private-members', 'special-members', 'inherited-members', 'show-inheritance', 'ignore-module-all', 'imported-members' and 'exclude-members'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Accepts True as a value.

Cambiato nella versione 2.1: Added 'imported-members'.

autodoc_docstring_signature

Functions imported from C modules cannot be introspected, and therefore the signature for such functions cannot be automatically determined. However, it is an often-used convention to put the signature into the first line of the function's docstring.

If this boolean value is set to True (which is the default), autodoc will look at the first line of the docstring for functions and methods, and if it looks like a signature, use the line as the signature and remove it from the docstring content.

If the signature line ends with backslash, autodoc considers the function has multiple signatures and look at the next line of the docstring. It is useful for overloaded function.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Cambiato nella versione 3.1: Support overloaded signatures

autodoc_mock_imports

This value contains a list of modules to be mocked up. This is useful when some external dependencies are not met at build time and break the building process. You may only specify the root package of the dependencies themselves and omit the sub-modules:

1.7. Extensions

```
autodoc_mock_imports = ["django"]
```

Will mock all imports under the django package.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: This config value only requires to declare the top-level modules that should be mocked.

autodoc_typehints

This value controls how to represents typehints. The setting takes the following values:

- 'signature' Show typehints as its signature (default)
- 'description' Show typehints as content of function or method
- 'none' Do not show typehints

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0: New option 'description' is added.

autodoc_type_aliases

A dictionary for users defined type aliases²⁰² that maps a type name to the full-qualified object name. It is used to keep type aliases not evaluated in the document. Defaults to empty ({}).

The type aliases are only available if your program enables Postponed Evaluation of Annotations (PEP 563)²⁰³ feature via from __future__ import annotations.

For example, there is code using a type alias:

```
from __future__ import annotations
AliasType = Union[List[Dict[Tuple[int, str], Set[int]]], Tuple[str, List[str]]]
def f() -> AliasType:
    ...
```

If autodoc_type_aliases is not set, autodoc will generate internal mark-up from this code as following:

```
.. py:function:: f() -> Union[List[Dict[Tuple[int, str], Set[int]]], Tuple[str, List[str]]]
...
```

If you set autodoc_type_aliases as {'AliasType': 'your.module.AliasType'}, it generates the following document internally:

```
.. py:function:: f() -> your.module.AliasType:
...
```

Nuovo nella versione 3.3.

autodoc_preserve_defaults

If True, the default argument values of functions will be not evaluated on generating document. It preserves them as is in the source code.

Nuovo nella versione 4.0: Added as an experimental feature. This will be integrated into autodoc core in the future.

²⁰² https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0563/

²⁰³ https://mypy.readthedocs.io/en/latest/kinds_of_types.html#type-aliases

autodoc_warningiserror

This value controls the behavior of *sphinx-build -W* during importing modules. If False is given, autodoc forcedly suppresses the error if the imported module emits warnings. By default, True.

autodoc_inherit_docstrings

This value controls the docstrings inheritance. If set to True the docstring for classes or methods, if not explicitly set, is inherited from parents.

The default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.7.

suppress_warnings

autodoc supports to suppress warning messages via *suppress_warnings*. It allows following warnings types in addition:

- · autodoc
- autodoc.import_object

Docstring preprocessing

autodoc provides the following additional events:

autodoc-process-docstring(app, what, name, obj, options, lines)

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

Emitted when autodoc has read and processed a docstring. *lines* is a list of strings – the lines of the processed docstring – that the event handler can modify **in place** to change what Sphinx puts into the output.

Parameters

- app the Sphinx application object
- what the type of the object which the docstring belongs to (one of "module", "class", "exception", "function", "method", "attribute")
- name the fully qualified name of the object
- **obj** the object itself
- **options** the options given to the directive: an object with attributes inherited_members, undoc_members, show_inheritance and noindex that are true if the flag option of same name was given to the auto directive
- lines the lines of the docstring, see above

${\tt autodoc-before-process-signature} (\textit{app}, \textit{obj}, \textit{bound_method})$

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

Emitted before autodoc formats a signature for an object. The event handler can modify an object to change its signature.

Parameters

- app the Sphinx application object
- **obj** the object itself
- bound_method a boolean indicates an object is bound method or not

autodoc-process-signature(app, what, name, obj, options, signature, return_annotation)

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Emitted when autodoc has formatted a signature for an object. The event handler can return a new tuple (signature, return_annotation) to change what Sphinx puts into the output.

1.7. Extensions

Parameters

- app the Sphinx application object
- what the type of the object which the docstring belongs to (one of "module", "class", "exception", "function", "method", "attribute")
- name the fully qualified name of the object
- **obj** the object itself
- **options** the options given to the directive: an object with attributes **inherited_members**, undoc_members, show_inheritance and noindex that are true if the flag option of same name was given to the auto directive
- **signature** function signature, as a string of the form "(parameter_1, parameter_2)", or None if introspection didn't succeed and signature wasn't specified in the directive.
- return_annotation function return annotation as a string of the form " -> annotation", or None if there is no return annotation

The *sphinx.ext.autodoc* module provides factory functions for commonly needed docstring processing in event *autodoc-process-docstring*:

```
sphinx.ext.autodoc.cut_lines(pre: int^{204}, post: int^{205} = 0, what: Optional[str^{206}] = None) \rightarrow Callable Return a listener that removes the first pre and last post lines of every docstring. If what is a sequence of strings, only docstrings of a type in what will be processed.
```

Use like this (e.g. in the setup() function of conf.py):

```
from sphinx.ext.autodoc import cut_lines
app.connect('autodoc-process-docstring', cut_lines(4, what=['module']))
```

This can (and should) be used in place of automodule_skip_lines.

```
sphinx.ext.autodoc.between(marker: str^{207}, what: Optional[Sequence[str^{208}]] = None, keepempty: bool^{209} = False, exclude: bool^{210} = False) \rightarrow Callable
```

Return a listener that either keeps, or if *exclude* is True excludes, lines between lines that match the *marker* regular expression. If no line matches, the resulting docstring would be empty, so no change will be made unless *keepempty* is true.

If what is a sequence of strings, only docstrings of a type in what will be processed.

Skipping members

autodoc allows the user to define a custom method for determining whether a member should be included in the documentation by using the following event:

```
autodoc-skip-member(app, what, name, obj, skip, options)
```

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Emitted when autodoc has to decide whether a member should be included in the documentation. The member is excluded if a handler returns True. It is included if the handler returns False.

 $^{^{204}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html\#int$

²⁰⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

²⁰⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

²⁰⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

²⁰⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

²¹⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

If more than one enabled extension handles the autodoc-skip-member event, autodoc will use the first non-None value returned by a handler. Handlers should return None to fall back to the skipping behavior of autodoc and other enabled extensions.

Parameters

- app the Sphinx application object
- what the type of the object which the docstring belongs to (one of "module", "class", "exception", "function", "method", "attribute")
- name the fully qualified name of the object
- **obj** the object itself
- skip a boolean indicating if autodoc will skip this member if the user handler does not
 override the decision
- **options** the options given to the directive: an object with attributes inherited_members, undoc_members, show_inheritance and noindex that are true if the flag option of same name was given to the auto directive

sphinx.ext.autosectionlabel - Allow reference sections using its title

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

This extension allows you to refer sections its title. This affects to the reference role (ref).

For example:

A Plain Title

This is the text of the section.

It refers to the section title, see :ref:`A Plain Title`.

Internally, this extension generates the labels for each section. If same section names are used in whole of document, any one is used for a target by default. The autosectionlabel_prefix_document configuration variable can be used to make headings which appear multiple times but in different documents unique.

Configuration

autosectionlabel_prefix_document

True to prefix each section label with the name of the document it is in, followed by a colon. For example, index:Introduction for a section called Introduction that appears in document index.rst. Useful for avoiding ambiguity when the same section heading appears in different documents.

autosectionlabel_maxdepth

If set, autosectionlabel chooses the sections for labeling by its depth. For example, when set 1 to autosectionlabel_maxdepth, labels are generated only for top level sections, and deeper sections are not labeled. It defaults to None (disabled).

sphinx.ext.autosummary - Generate autodoc summaries

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

This extension generates function/method/attribute summary lists, similar to those output e.g. by Epydoc and other API doc generation tools. This is especially useful when your docstrings are long and detailed, and putting each one of them on a separate page makes them easier to read.

The *sphinx.ext.autosummary* extension does this in two parts:

- 1. There is an *autosummary* directive for generating summary listings that contain links to the documented items, and short summary blurbs extracted from their docstrings.
- 2. A *autosummary* directive also generates short «stub» files for the entries listed in its content. These files by default contain only the corresponding *sphinx.ext.autodoc* directive, but can be customized with templates.

The **sphinx-autogen** script is also able to generate «stub» files from command line.

.. autosummary::

Insert a table that contains links to documented items, and a short summary blurb (the first sentence of the docstring) for each of them.

The *autosummary* directive can also optionally serve as a *toctree* entry for the included items. Optionally, stub .rst files for these items can also be automatically generated when *autosummary_generate* is *True*.

For example,

```
.. currentmodule:: sphinx
.. autosummary::
environment.BuildEnvironment
util.relative_uri
```

produces a table like this:

environment.BuildEnvironment(app)	The environment in which the ReST files are
	translated.
util.relative_uri(base, to)	Return a relative URL from base to to.

Autosummary preprocesses the docstrings and signatures with the same autodoc-process-docstring and autodoc-process-signature hooks as autodoc.

Options

• If you want the *autosummary* table to also serve as a *toctree* entry, use the toctree option, for example:

```
.. autosummary::
:toctree: DIRNAME

sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment
sphinx.util.relative_uri
```

The toctree option also signals to the **sphinx-autogen** script that stub pages should be generated for the entries listed in this directive. The option accepts a directory name as an argument; **sphinx-autogen** will by default place its output in this directory. If no argument is given, output is placed in the same directory as the file that contains the directive.

You can also use caption option to give a caption to the toctree.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1: caption option added.

If you don't want the autosummary to show function signatures in the listing, include the nosignatures
option:

```
.. autosummary::
    :nosignatures:

sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment
    sphinx.util.relative_uri
```

• You can specify a custom template with the template option. For example,

```
.. autosummary::
    :template: mytemplate.rst

sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment
```

would use the template mytemplate.rst in your templates_path to generate the pages for all entries listed. See *Customizing templates* below.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

• You can specify the recursive option to generate documents for modules and sub-packages recursively. It defaults to disabled. For example,

```
.. autosummary::
    :recursive:
    sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment
```

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

sphinx-autogen - generate autodoc stub pages

The **sphinx-autogen** script can be used to conveniently generate stub documentation pages for items included in autosummary listings.

For example, the command

```
$ sphinx-autogen -o generated *.rst
```

will read all *autosummary* tables in the *.rst files that have the :toctree: option set, and output corresponding stub pages in directory generated for all documented items. The generated pages by default contain text of the form:

If the -o option is not given, the script will place the output files in the directories specified in the :toctree: options. For more information, refer to the *sphinx-autogen documentation*

Generating stub pages automatically

If you do not want to create stub pages with **sphinx-autogen**, you can also use these config values:

autosummary_context

A dictionary of values to pass into the template engine's context for autosummary stubs files.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

autosummary_generate

Boolean indicating whether to scan all found documents for autosummary directives, and to generate stub pages for each. It is enabled by default.

Can also be a list of documents for which stub pages should be generated.

The new files will be placed in the directories specified in the :toctree: options of the directives.

Cambiato nella versione 2.3: Emits autodoc-skip-member event as autodoc does.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: Enabled by default.

autosummary_generate_overwrite

If true, autosummary overwrites existing files by generated stub pages. Defaults to true (enabled).

Nuovo nella versione 3.0.

autosummary_mock_imports

This value contains a list of modules to be mocked up. See autodoc_mock_imports for more details. It defaults to autodoc_mock_imports.

Nuovo nella versione 2.0.

autosummary_imported_members

A boolean flag indicating whether to document classes and functions imported in modules. Default is False

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

autosummary_filename_map

A dict mapping object names to filenames. This is necessary to avoid filename conflicts where multiple objects have names that are indistinguishable when case is ignored, on file systems where filenames are case-insensitive.

Nuovo nella versione 3.2.

Customizing templates

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

You can customize the stub page templates, in a similar way as the HTML Jinja templates, see *Templating*. (*TemplateBridge* is not supported.)

Nota: If you find yourself spending much time tailoring the stub templates, this may indicate that it's a better idea to write custom narrative documentation instead.

Autosummary uses the following Jinja template files:

- autosummary/base.rst fallback template
- autosummary/module.rst template for modules
- autosummary/class.rst template for classes
- autosummary/function.rst template for functions
- autosummary/attribute.rst template for class attributes

• autosummary/method.rst - template for class methods

The following variables available in the templates:

name

Name of the documented object, excluding the module and class parts.

objname

Name of the documented object, excluding the module parts.

fullname

Full name of the documented object, including module and class parts.

module

Name of the module the documented object belongs to.

class

Name of the class the documented object belongs to. Only available for methods and attributes.

underline

A string containing len(full_name) * '='. Use the underline filter instead.

members

List containing names of all members of the module or class. Only available for modules and classes.

inherited_members

List containing names of all inherited members of class. Only available for classes.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.0.

functions

List containing names of «public» functions in the module. Here, «public» here means that the name does not start with an underscore. Only available for modules.

classes

List containing names of «public» classes in the module. Only available for modules.

exceptions

List containing names of «public» exceptions in the module. Only available for modules.

methods

List containing names of «public» methods in the class. Only available for classes.

attributes

List containing names of «public» attributes in the class/module. Only available for classes and modules.

Cambiato nella versione 3.1: Attributes of modules are supported.

modules

List containing names of «public» modules in the package. Only available for modules that are packages and the recursive option is on.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

Additionally, the following filters are available

escape(s)

Escape any special characters in the text to be used in formatting RST contexts. For instance, this prevents asterisks making things bold. This replaces the builtin Jinja escape filter²¹¹ that does html-escaping.

underline(s, line='=')

Add a title underline to a piece of text.

²¹¹ http://jinja.pocoo.org/docs/2.9/templates/#escape

For instance, {{ fullname | escape | underline }} should be used to produce the title of a page.

Nota: You can use the *autosummary* directive in the stub pages. Stub pages are generated also based on these directives.

sphinx.ext.coverage - Collect doc coverage stats

This extension features one additional builder, the CoverageBuilder.

class sphinx.ext.coverage.CoverageBuilder

To use this builder, activate the coverage extension in your configuration file and give -b coverage on the command line.

Da fare: Write this section.

Several configuration values can be used to specify what the builder should check:

coverage_ignore_modules

coverage_ignore_functions

coverage_ignore_classes

coverage_ignore_pyobjects

List of Python regular expressions²¹².

If any of these regular expressions matches any part of the full import path of a Python object, that Python object is excluded from the documentation coverage report.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

coverage_c_path

coverage_c_regexes

coverage_ignore_c_items

coverage_write_headline

Set to False to not write headlines.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

coverage_skip_undoc_in_source

Skip objects that are not documented in the source with a docstring. False by default.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

coverage_show_missing_items

Print objects that are missing to standard output also. False by default.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

²¹² https://docs.python.org/library/re

sphinx.ext.doctest - Test snippets in the documentation

It is often helpful to include snippets of code in your documentation and demonstrate the results of executing them. But it is important to ensure that the documentation stays up-to-date with the code.

This extension allows you to test such code snippets in the documentation in a natural way. If you mark the code blocks as shown here, the doctest builder will collect them and run them as doctest tests.

Within each document, you can assign each snippet to a group. Each group consists of:

- zero or more *setup code* blocks (e.g. importing the module to test)
- one or more test blocks

When building the docs with the doctest builder, groups are collected for each document and run one after the other, first executing setup code blocks, then the test blocks in the order they appear in the file.

There are two kinds of test blocks:

- *doctest-style* blocks mimic interactive sessions by interleaving Python code (including the interpreter prompt) and output.
- code-output-style blocks consist of an ordinary piece of Python code, and optionally, a piece of output for that code.

Directives

The *group* argument below is interpreted as follows: if it is empty, the block is assigned to the group named default. If it is *, the block is assigned to all groups (including the default group). Otherwise, it must be a comma-separated list of group names.

.. testsetup:: [group]

A setup code block. This code is not shown in the output for other builders, but executed before the doctests of the group(s) it belongs to.

.. testcleanup:: [group]

A cleanup code block. This code is not shown in the output for other builders, but executed after the doctests of the group(s) it belongs to.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

.. doctest:: [group]

A doctest-style code block. You can use standard doctest²¹³ flags for controlling how actual output is compared with what you give as output. The default set of flags is specified by the *doctest_default_flags* configuration variable.

This directive supports five options:

- hide, a flag option, hides the doctest block in other builders. By default it is shown as a highlighted doctest block.
- options, a string option, can be used to give a comma-separated list of doctest flags that apply to each example in the tests. (You still can give explicit flags per example, with doctest comments, but they will show up in other builders too.)
- pyversion, a string option, can be used to specify the required Python version for the example to be tested. For instance, in the following case the example will be tested only for Python versions greater than 3.3:

```
.. doctest::
:pyversion: > 3.3
```

The following operands are supported:

- ~=: Compatible release clause
- ==: Version matching clause
- !=: Version exclusion clause
- <=, >=: Inclusive ordered comparison clause
- <, >: Exclusive ordered comparison clause
- ===: Arbitrary equality clause.

pyversion option is followed PEP-440: Version Specifiers²¹⁴.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

Cambiato nella versione 1.7: Supported PEP-440 operands and notations

• trim-doctest-flags and no-trim-doctest-flags, a flag option, doctest flags (comments looking like # doctest: FLAG, ...) at the ends of lines and <BLANKLINE> markers are removed (or not removed) individually. Default is trim-doctest-flags.

Note that like with standard doctests, you have to use <BLANKLINE> to signal a blank line in the expected output. The <BLANKLINE> is removed when building presentation output (HTML, LaTeX etc.).

Also, you can give inline doctest options, like in doctest:

```
>>> datetime.date.now()  # doctest: +SKIP
datetime.date(2008, 1, 1)
```

They will be respected when the test is run, but stripped from presentation output.

.. testcode:: [group]

A code block for a code-output-style test.

This directive supports three options:

- hide, a flag option, hides the code block in other builders. By default it is shown as a highlighted code block.
- trim-doctest-flags and no-trim-doctest-flags, a flag option, doctest flags (comments looking like # doctest: FLAG, ...) at the ends of lines and <BLANKLINE> markers are removed (or not removed) individually. Default is trim-doctest-flags.

Nota: Code in a testcode block is always executed all at once, no matter how many statements it contains. Therefore, output will *not* be generated for bare expressions – use print. Example:

Also, please be aware that since the doctest module does not support mixing regular output and an exception message in the same snippet, this applies to testcode/testoutput as well.

 $^{^{213}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/doctest.html\#module-doctest$

https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0440/#version-specifiers

.. testoutput:: [group]

The corresponding output, or the exception message, for the last *testcode* block.

This directive supports four options:

- hide, a flag option, hides the output block in other builders. By default it is shown as a literal block without highlighting.
- options, a string option, can be used to give doctest flags (comma-separated) just like in normal doctest blocks.
- trim-doctest-flags and no-trim-doctest-flags, a flag option, doctest flags (comments looking like # doctest: FLAG, ...) at the ends of lines and <BLANKLINE> markers are removed (or not removed) individually. Default is trim-doctest-flags.

Example:

```
.. testcode::
   print('Output text.')
.. testoutput::
   :hide:
   :options: -ELLIPSIS, +NORMALIZE_WHITESPACE
   Output text.
```

The following is an example for the usage of the directives. The test via *doctest* and the test via *testcode* and *testoutput* are equivalent.

```
The parrot module

... testsetup:: *
    import parrot

The parrot module is a module about parrots.

Doctest example:
... doctest::
    >>> parrot.voom(3000)
    This parrot wouldn't voom if you put 3000 volts through it!

Test-Output example:
... testcode::
    parrot.voom(3000)

This would output:
... testoutput::
... testoutput::
This parrot wouldn't voom if you put 3000 volts through it!
```

Skipping tests conditionally

skipif, a string option, can be used to skip directives conditionally. This may be useful e.g. when a different set of tests should be run depending on the environment (hardware, network/VPN, optional dependencies or different versions of dependencies). The skipif option is supported by all of the doctest directives. Below are typical use cases for skipif when used for different directives:

- testsetup and testcleanup
 - conditionally skip test setup and/or cleanup
 - customize setup/cleanup code per environment
- doctest
 - conditionally skip both a test and its output verification
- testcode
 - conditionally skip a test
 - customize test code per environment
- testoutput
 - conditionally skip output assertion for a skipped test
 - expect different output depending on the environment

The value of the skipif option is evaluated as a Python expression. If the result is a true value, the directive is omitted from the test run just as if it wasn't present in the file at all.

Instead of repeating an expression, the *doctest_global_setup* configuration option can be used to assign it to a variable which can then be used instead.

Here's an example which skips some tests if Pandas is not installed:

Listato 1: conf.py

```
extensions = ['sphinx.ext.doctest']
doctest_global_setup = '''
try:
   import pandas as pd
except ImportError:
   pd = None
'''
```

Listato 2: contents.rst

(continues on next page)

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
:skipif: pd is None

print(data.iloc[-1])

.. testoutput::
    :skipif: pd is None

42
```

Configuration

The doctest extension uses the following configuration values:

doctest_default_flags

By default, these options are enabled:

- ELLIPSIS, allowing you to put ellipses in the expected output that match anything in the actual output;
- IGNORE_EXCEPTION_DETAIL, causing everything following the leftmost colon and any module information in the exception name to be ignored;
- DONT_ACCEPT_TRUE_FOR_1, rejecting «True» in the output where «1» is given the default behavior of accepting this substitution is a relic of pre-Python 2.2 times.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

doctest_path

A list of directories that will be added to sys.path²¹⁵ when the doctest builder is used. (Make sure it contains absolute paths.)

doctest_global_setup

Python code that is treated like it were put in a testsetup directive for *every* file that is tested, and for every group. You can use this to e.g. import modules you will always need in your doctests.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

doctest_global_cleanup

Python code that is treated like it were put in a testcleanup directive for *every* file that is tested, and for every group. You can use this to e.g. remove any temporary files that the tests leave behind.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

doctest_test_doctest_blocks

If this is a nonempty string (the default is 'default'), standard reST doctest blocks will be tested too. They will be assigned to the group name given.

reST doctest blocks are simply doctests put into a paragraph of their own, like so:

```
Some documentation text.

>>> print(1)
1

Some more documentation text.
```

(Note that no special :: is used to introduce a doctest block; docutils recognizes them from the leading >>>. Also, no additional indentation is used, though it doesn't hurt.)

²¹⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/sys.html#sys.path

If this value is left at its default value, the above snippet is interpreted by the doctest builder exactly like the following:

```
Some documentation text.
.. doctest::
    >>> print(1)
    1
Some more documentation text.
```

This feature makes it easy for you to test doctests in docstrings included with the *autodoc* extension without marking them up with a special directive.

Note though that you can't have blank lines in reST doctest blocks. They will be interpreted as one block ending and another one starting. Also, removal of <BLANKLINE> and # doctest: options only works in *doctest* blocks, though you may set *trim_doctest_flags* to achieve that in all code blocks with Python console content.

sphinx.ext.duration - Measure durations of Sphinx processing

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

This extension measures durations of Sphinx processing and show its result at end of the build. It is useful for inspecting what document is slowly built.

sphinx.ext.extlinks - Markup to shorten external links

Autore del modulo: Georg Brandl

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

This extension is meant to help with the common pattern of having many external links that point to URLs on one and the same site, e.g. links to bug trackers, version control web interfaces, or simply subpages in other websites. It does so by providing aliases to base URLs, so that you only need to give the subpage name when creating a link.

Let's assume that you want to include many links to issues at the Sphinx tracker, at https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/issues/num. Typing this URL again and again is tedious, so you can use extlinks to avoid repeating yourself.

The extension adds a config value:

extlinks

This config value must be a dictionary of external sites, mapping unique short alias names to a base URL and a *prefix*. For example, to create an alias for the above mentioned issues, you would add

Now, you can use the alias name as a new role, e.g. :issue:`123`. This then inserts a link to https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/issues/123. As you can see, the target given in the role is substituted in the base URL in the place of %s.

The link *caption* depends on the second item in the tuple, the *prefix*:

- If the prefix is None, the link caption is the full URL.
- If the prefix is the empty string, the link caption is the partial URL given in the role content (123 in this case.)

• If the prefix is a non-empty string, the link caption is the partial URL, prepended by the prefix – in the above example, the link caption would be issue 123.

You can also use the usual «explicit title» syntax supported by other roles that generate links, i.e. :issue:`this issue <123>`. In this case, the *prefix* is not relevant.

Nota: Since links are generated from the role in the reading stage, they appear as ordinary links to e.g. the linkcheck builder.

sphinx.ext.githubpages - Publish HTML docs in GitHub Pages

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Support CNAME file

This extension creates .nojekyll file on generated HTML directory to publish the document on GitHub Pages.

It also creates a CNAME file for custom domains when https://html.baseurl.net/ set.

sphinx.ext.graphviz - Add Graphviz graphs

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

This extension allows you to embed Graphviz²¹⁶ graphs in your documents.

It adds these directives:

.. graphviz::

Directive to embed graphviz code. The input code for dot is given as the content. For example:

```
.. graphviz::
    digraph foo {
        "bar" -> "baz";
    }
```

In HTML output, the code will be rendered to a PNG or SVG image (see *graphviz_output_format*). In LaTeX output, the code will be rendered to an embeddable PDF file.

You can also embed external dot files, by giving the file name as an argument to *graphviz* and no additional content:

```
.. graphviz:: external.dot
```

As for all file references in Sphinx, if the filename is absolute, it is taken as relative to the source directory.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: Added support for external files.

²¹⁶ https://graphviz.org/

options

:alt: alternate text (text)

The alternate text of the graph. By default, the graph code is used to the alternate text.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

:align: alignment of the graph (left, center or right)

The horizontal alignment of the graph.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

:caption: caption of the graph (text)

The caption of the graph.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

:layout: layout type of the graph (text)

The layout of the graph (ex. dot, neato and so on). A path to the graphviz commands are also allowed. By default, *graphviz_dot* is used.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 2.2: Renamed from graphviz_dot

:name: label (text)

The label of the graph.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

:class: class names (a list of class names separeted by spaces)

The class name of the graph.

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

.. graph::

Directive for embedding a single undirected graph. The name is given as a directive argument, the contents of the graph are the directive content. This is a convenience directive to generate graph <name> { <content>}.

For example:

```
.. graph:: foo

"bar" -- "baz";
```

Nota: The graph name is passed unchanged to Graphviz. If it contains non-alphanumeric characters (e.g. a dash), you will have to double-quote it.

options

Same as *graphviz*.

:alt: alternate text (text)

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

:align: alignment of the graph (left, center or right)

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

:caption: caption of the graph (text)

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

:layout: layout type of the graph (text)

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 2.2: Renamed from graphviz_dot

:name: label (text)

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

:class: class names (a list of class names separeted by spaces)

The class name of the graph.

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

.. digraph::

Directive for embedding a single directed graph. The name is given as a directive argument, the contents of the graph are the directive content. This is a convenience directive to generate digraph <name> { <content> }.

For example:

```
.. digraph:: foo

"bar" -> "baz" -> "quux";
```

options

Same as graphviz.

:alt: alternate text (text)

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

:align: alignment of the graph (left, center or right)

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

:caption: caption of the graph (text)

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

:layout: layout type of the graph (text)

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 2.2: Renamed from graphviz_dot

:name: label (text)

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

:class: class names (a list of class names separeted by spaces)

The class name of the graph.

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

There are also these config values:

graphviz_dot

The command name with which to invoke dot. The default is 'dot'; you may need to set this to a full path if dot is not in the executable search path.

Since this setting is not portable from system to system, it is normally not useful to set it in conf.py; rather, giving it on the **sphinx-build** command line via the -D option should be preferable, like this:

```
sphinx-build -b html -D graphviz_dot=C:\graphviz\bin\dot.exe . _build/html
```

graphviz_dot_args

Additional command-line arguments to give to dot, as a list. The default is an empty list. This is the right place to set global graph, node or edge attributes via dot's -G, -N and -E options.

graphviz_output_format

The output format for Graphviz when building HTML files. This must be either 'png' or 'svg'; the default is 'png'. If 'svg' is used, in order to make the URL links work properly, an appropriate target attribute must be set, such as "_top" and "_blank". For example, the link in the following graph should work in the svg output:

```
digraphviz::

   digraph example {
        a [label="sphinx", href="http://sphinx-doc.org", target="_top"];
        b [label="other"];
        a -> b;
}
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.0: Previously, output always was PNG.

sphinx.ext.ifconfig - Include content based on configuration

This extension is quite simple, and features only one directive:

Avvertimento: This directive is designed to control only content of document. It could not control sections, labels and so on.

.. ifconfig::

Include content of the directive only if the Python expression given as an argument is True, evaluated in the namespace of the project's configuration (that is, all registered variables from conf.py are available).

For example, one could write

```
.. ifconfig:: releaselevel in ('alpha', 'beta', 'rc')

This stuff is only included in the built docs for unstable versions.
```

To make a custom config value known to Sphinx, use add_config_value() in the setup function in conf.py, e.g.:

```
def setup(app):
    app.add_config_value('releaselevel', '', 'env')
```

The second argument is the default value, the third should always be 'env' for such values (it selects if Sphinx re-reads the documents if the value changes).

sphinx.ext.imgconverter - A reference image converter using Imagemagick

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

This extension converts images in your document to appropriate format for builders. For example, it allows you to use SVG images with LaTeX builder. As a result, you don't mind what image format the builder supports.

Internally, this extension uses Imagemagick²¹⁷ to convert images.

²¹⁷ https://www.imagemagick.org/script/index.php

Nota: Imagemagick rasterizes a SVG image on conversion. As a result, the image becomes not scalable. To avoid that, please use other image converters like sphinxcontrib-svg2pdfconverter²¹⁸ (which uses Inkscape or rsvg-convert).

Configuration

image_converter

A path to **convert** command. By default, the imgconverter uses the command from search paths.

On windows platform, **magick** command is used by default.

Cambiato nella versione 3.1: Use **magick** command by default on windows

image_converter_args

Additional command-line arguments to give to **convert**, as a list. The default is an empty list [].

On windows platform, it defaults to ["convert"].

Cambiato nella versione 3.1: Use ["convert"] by default on windows

sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram - Include inheritance diagrams

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

This extension allows you to include inheritance diagrams, rendered via the *Graphviz extension*.

It adds this directive:

.. inheritance-diagram::

This directive has one or more arguments, each giving a module or class name. Class names can be unqualified; in that case they are taken to exist in the currently described module (see *py:module*).

For each given class, and each class in each given module, the base classes are determined. Then, from all classes and their base classes, a graph is generated which is then rendered via the graphviz extension to a directed graph.

This directive supports an option called parts that, if given, must be an integer, advising the directive to keep that many dot-separated parts in the displayed names (from right to left). For example, parts=1 will only display class names, without the names of the modules that contain them.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: The value of for parts can also be negative, indicating how many parts to drop from the left. For example, if all your class names start with lib., you can give :parts: -1 to remove that prefix from the displayed node names.

The directive also supports a private-bases flag option; if given, private base classes (those whose name starts with _) will be included.

You can use caption option to give a caption to the diagram.

Cambiato nella versione 1.1: Added private-bases option; previously, all bases were always included.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Added caption option

It also supports a top-classes option which requires one or more class names separated by comma. If specified inheritance traversal will stop at the specified class names. Given the following Python module:



(continues on next page)

²¹⁸ https://github.com/missinglinkelectronics/sphinxcontrib-svg2pdfconverter

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
Class A:
    pass

class B(A):
    pass

class C(A):
    pass

class D(B, C):
    pass

class E(B):
    pass

class F(C):
    pass
```

If you have specified a module in the inheritance diagram like this:

```
.. inheritance-diagram:: dummy.test
:top-classes: dummy.test.B, dummy.test.C
```

any base classes which are ancestors to top-classes and are also defined in the same module will be rendered as stand alone nodes. In this example class A will be rendered as stand alone node in the graph. This is a known issue due to how this extension works internally.

If you don't want class A (or any other ancestors) to be visible then specify only the classes you would like to generate the diagram for like this:

```
.. inheritance-diagram:: dummy.test.D dummy.test.E dummy.test.F :top-classes: dummy.test.B, dummy.test.C
```

Cambiato nella versione 1.7: Added top-classes option to limit the scope of inheritance graphs.

Examples

The following are different inheritance diagrams for the internal InheritanceDiagram class that implements the directive.

With full names:

```
.. inheritance-diagram:: sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram.InheritanceDiagram
```

```
docutils.parsers.rst.Directive sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxDirective sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram.InheritanceDiagram
```

Showing class names only:

```
.. inheritance-diagram:: sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram.InheritanceDiagram
:parts: 1
```



Stopping the diagram at *sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxDirective* (the highest superclass still part of Sphinx), and dropping the common left-most part (sphinx) from all names:

```
.. inheritance-diagram:: sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram.InheritanceDiagram
:top-classes: sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxDirective
:parts: -1
```

```
util.docutils.SphinxDirective ext.inheritance_diagram.InheritanceDiagram
```

Configuration

inheritance_graph_attrs

A dictionary of graphviz graph attributes for inheritance diagrams.

For example:

inheritance_node_attrs

A dictionary of graphviz node attributes for inheritance diagrams.

For example:

inheritance_edge_attrs

A dictionary of graphviz edge attributes for inheritance diagrams.

inheritance_alias

Allows mapping the full qualified name of the class to custom values (useful when exposing the underlying path of a class is not desirable, e.g. it's a private class and should not be instantiated by the user).

For example:

```
inheritance_alias = {'_pytest.Magic': 'pytest.Magic'}
```

sphinx.ext.intersphinx - Link to other projects" documentation

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

This extension can generate automatic links to the documentation of objects in other projects.

Usage is simple: whenever Sphinx encounters a cross-reference that has no matching target in the current documentation set, it looks for targets in the documentation sets configured in <code>intersphinx_mapping</code>. A reference like <code>:py:class:`zipfile.ZipFile`</code> can then link to the Python documentation for the ZipFile class, without you having to specify where it is located exactly.

When using the «new» format (see below), you can even force lookup in a foreign set by prefixing the link target appropriately. A link like :ref:`comparison manual <python:comparisons>` will then link to the label «comparisons» in the doc set «python», if it exists.

Behind the scenes, this works as follows:

- Each Sphinx HTML build creates a file named objects.inv that contains a mapping from object names to URIs relative to the HTML set's root.
- Projects using the Intersphinx extension can specify the location of such mapping files in the *intersphinx_mapping* config value. The mapping will then be used to resolve otherwise missing references to objects into links to the other documentation.
- By default, the mapping file is assumed to be at the same location as the rest of the documentation; however, the location of the mapping file can also be specified individually, e.g. if the docs should be buildable without Internet access.

Configuration

To use Intersphinx linking, add 'sphinx.ext.intersphinx' to your *extensions* config value, and use these config values to activate linking:

intersphinx_mapping

This config value contains the locations and names of other projects that should be linked to in this documentation.

Relative local paths for target locations are taken as relative to the base of the built documentation, while relative local paths for inventory locations are taken as relative to the source directory.

When fetching remote inventory files, proxy settings will be read from the \$HTTP_PROXY environment variable.

Old format for this config value

This is the format used before Sphinx 1.0. It is still recognized.

A dictionary mapping URIs to either None or an URI. The keys are the base URI of the foreign Sphinx documentation sets and can be local paths or HTTP URIs. The values indicate where the inventory file can be found: they can be None (at the same location as the base URI) or another local or HTTP URI.

New format for this config value

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

A dictionary mapping unique identifiers to a tuple (target, inventory). Each target is the base URI of a foreign Sphinx documentation set and can be a local path or an HTTP URI. The inventory indicates where the inventory file can be found: it can be None (an objects.inv file at the same location as the base URI) or another local file path or a full HTTP URI to an inventory file.

The unique identifier can be used to prefix cross-reference targets, so that it is clear which intersphinx set the target belongs to. A link like :ref:`comparison manual <python:comparisons>` will link to the label «comparisons» in the doc set «python», if it exists.

Example

To add links to modules and objects in the Python standard library documentation, use:

```
intersphinx_mapping = {'python': ('https://docs.python.org/3', None)}
```

This will download the corresponding objects.inv file from the Internet and generate links to the pages under the given URI. The downloaded inventory is cached in the Sphinx environment, so it must be re-downloaded whenever you do a full rebuild.

A second example, showing the meaning of a non-None value of the second tuple item:

This will read the inventory from python-inv.txt in the source directory, but still generate links to the pages under https://docs.python.org/3. It is up to you to update the inventory file as new objects are added to the Python documentation.

Multiple targets for the inventory

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Alternative files can be specified for each inventory. One can give a tuple for the second inventory tuple item as shown in the following example. This will read the inventory iterating through the (second) tuple items until the first successful fetch. The primary use case for this to specify mirror sites for server downtime of the primary inventory:

For a set of books edited and tested locally and then published together, it could be helpful to try a local inventory file first, to check references before publication:

intersphinx_cache_limit

The maximum number of days to cache remote inventories. The default is 5, meaning five days. Set this to a negative value to cache inventories for unlimited time.

intersphinx_timeout

The number of seconds for timeout. The default is None, meaning do not timeout.

Nota: timeout is not a time limit on the entire response download; rather, an exception is raised if the server has not issued a response for timeout seconds.

Showing all links of an Intersphinx mapping file

To show all Intersphinx links and their targets of an Intersphinx mapping file, run python -msphinx.ext. intersphinx url-or-path. This is helpful when searching for the root cause of a broken Intersphinx link in a documentation project. The following example prints the Intersphinx mapping of the Python 3 documentation:

```
$ python -msphinx.ext.intersphinx https://docs.python.org/3/objects.inv
```

Using Intersphinx with inventory file under Basic Authorization

Intersphinx supports Basic Authorization like this:

The user and password will be stripped from the URL when generating the links.

sphinx.ext.linkcode - Add external links to source code

Autore del modulo: Pauli Virtanen

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

This extension looks at your object descriptions (.. class::,.. function:: etc.) and adds external links to code hosted somewhere on the web. The intent is similar to the sphinx.ext.viewcode extension, but assumes the source code can be found somewhere on the Internet.

In your configuration, you need to specify a linkcode_resolve function that returns an URL based on the object.

Configuration

linkcode_resolve

This is a function linkcode_resolve(domain, info), which should return the URL to source code corresponding to the object in given domain with given information.

The function should return None if no link is to be added.

The argument domain specifies the language domain the object is in. info is a dictionary with the following keys guaranteed to be present (dependent on the domain):

- py: module (name of the module), fullname (name of the object)
- c: names (list of names for the object)
- cpp: names (list of names for the object)
- javascript: object (name of the object), fullname (name of the item)

Example:

```
def linkcode_resolve(domain, info):
    if domain != 'py':
        return None
    if not info['module']:
        return None
    filename = info['module'].replace('.', '/')
    return "https://somesite/sourcerepo/%s.py" % filename
```

Math support for HTML outputs in Sphinx

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Math support for non-HTML builders is integrated to sphinx-core. So mathbase extension is no longer needed.

Since mathematical notation isn't natively supported by HTML in any way, Sphinx gives a math support to HTML document with several extensions. These use the reStructuredText math *directive* and *role*.

sphinx.ext.imgmath - Render math as images

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

This extension renders math via LaTeX and dvipng²¹⁹ or dvisvgm²²⁰ into PNG or SVG images. This of course means that the computer where the docs are built must have both programs available.

There are various configuration values you can set to influence how the images are built:

imgmath_image_format

The output image format. The default is 'png'. It should be either 'png' or 'svg'. The image is produced by first executing latex on the TeX mathematical mark-up then (depending on the requested format) either dvipng²²¹ or dvisvgm²²².

imgmath_use_preview

dvipng and dvisvgm both have the ability to collect from LaTeX the «depth» of the rendered math: an inline image should use this «depth» in a vertical-align style to get correctly aligned with surrounding text.

This mechanism requires the LaTeX preview package²²³ (available as preview-latex-style on Ubuntu xenial). Therefore, the default for this option is False but it is strongly recommended to set it to True.

Cambiato nella versione 2.2: This option can be used with the 'svg' imgmath_image_format.

imgmath_add_tooltips

Default: True. If false, do not add the LaTeX code as an «alt» attribute for math images.

imgmath_font_size

The font size (in pt) of the displayed math. The default value is 12. It must be a positive integer.

imgmath_latex

The command name with which to invoke LaTeX. The default is 'latex'; you may need to set this to a full path if latex is not in the executable search path.

Since this setting is not portable from system to system, it is normally not useful to set it in conf.py; rather, giving it on the **sphinx-build** command line via the -D option should be preferable, like this:

²¹⁹ https://savannah.nongnu.org/projects/dvipng/

²²⁰ https://dvisvgm.de/

²²¹ https://savannah.nongnu.org/projects/dvipng/

²²² https://dvisvgm.de/

²²³ https://www.gnu.org/software/auctex/preview-latex.html

```
sphinx-build -b html -D imgmath_latex=C:\tex\latex.exe . _build/html
```

This value should only contain the path to the latex executable, not further arguments; use *imgmath_latex_args* for that purpose.

Suggerimento: Some fancy LaTeX mark-up (an example was reported which used TikZ to add various decorations to the equation) require multiple runs of the LaTeX executable. To handle this, set this configuration setting to 'latexmk' (or a full path to it) as this Perl script reliably chooses dynamically how many latex runs are needed.

imgmath_latex_args

Additional arguments to give to latex, as a list. The default is an empty list.

imgmath_latex_preamble

Additional LaTeX code to put into the preamble of the LaTeX files used to translate the math snippets. This is left empty by default. Use it e.g. to add packages which modify the fonts used for math, such as '\\usepackage{newtxsf}' for sans-serif fonts, or '\usepackage{fouriernc}' for serif fonts. Indeed, the default LaTeX math fonts have rather thin glyphs which (in HTML output) often do not match well with the font for text.

imgmath_dvipng

The command name to invoke dvipng. The default is 'dvipng'; you may need to set this to a full path if dvipng is not in the executable search path. This option is only used when imgmath_image_format is set to 'png'.

imgmath_dvipng_args

Additional arguments to give to dvipng, as a list. The default value is ['-gamma', '1.5', '-D', '110', '-bg', 'Transparent'] which makes the image a bit darker and larger then it is by default (this compensates somewhat for the thinness of default LaTeX math fonts), and produces PNGs with a transparent background. This option is used only when imgmath_image_format is 'png'.

imamath dvisvam

The command name to invoke dvisvgm. The default is 'dvisvgm'; you may need to set this to a full path if dvisvgm is not in the executable search path. This option is only used when imgmath_image_format is 'svg'.

imgmath_dvisvgm_args

Additional arguments to give to dvisvgm, as a list. The default value is ['--no-fonts'], which means that dvisvgm will render glyphs as path elements (cf the dvisvgm FAQ^{224}). This option is used only when imgmath_image_format is 'svg'.

sphinx.ext.mathjax - Render math via JavaScript

Avvertimento: Version 4.0 changes the version of MathJax used to version 3. You may need to override mathjax_path to https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/mathjax@2/MathJax.js?config=TeX-AMS-MML_HTMLorMML or update your configuration options for version 3.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

This extension puts math as-is into the HTML files. The JavaScript package MathJax²²⁵ is then loaded and transforms the LaTeX markup to readable math live in the browser.

²²⁴ https://dvisvgm.de/FAO

²²⁵ https://www.mathjax.org/

Because MathJax (and the necessary fonts) is very large, it is not included in Sphinx but is set to automatically include it from a third-party site.

Attenzione: You should use the math *directive* and *role*, not the native MathJax \$\$, \(, etc.

mathjax_path

The path to the JavaScript file to include in the HTML files in order to load MathJax.

The default is the https:// URL that loads the JS files from the jsdelivr²²⁶ Content Delivery Network. See the MathJax Getting Started page²²⁷ for details. If you want MathJax to be available offline or without including resources from a third-party site, you have to download it and set this value to a different path.

The path can be absolute or relative; if it is relative, it is relative to the _static directory of the built docs.

For example, if you put MathJax into the static path of the Sphinx docs, this value would be MathJax/MathJax. js. If you host more than one Sphinx documentation set on one server, it is advisable to install MathJax in a shared location.

You can also give a full https:// URL different from the CDN URL.

mathjax_options

The options to script tag for mathjax. For example, you can set integrity option with following setting:

```
mathjax_options = {
    'integrity': 'sha384-....',
}
```

The default is empty $(\{\})$.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

mathjax_config

The inline configuration options for mathjax. The value is used as a parameter of MathJax.Hub.Config(). For more information, please read Using in-line configuration options²²⁸.

For example:

```
mathjax_config = {
    'extensions': ['tex2jax.js'],
    'jax': ['input/TeX', 'output/HTML-CSS'],
}
```

The default is empty (not configured).

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

²²⁶ https://www.jsdelivr.com/

²²⁷ https://www.mathjax.org/#gettingstarted

²²⁸ https://docs.mathjax.org/en/latest/configuration.html#using-in-line-configuration-options

sphinx.ext.jsmath - Render math via JavaScript

This extension works just as the MathJax extension does, but uses the older package jsMath²²⁹. It provides this config value:

jsmath_path

The path to the JavaScript file to include in the HTML files in order to load JSMath. There is no default.

The path can be absolute or relative; if it is relative, it is relative to the _static directory of the built docs.

For example, if you put JSMath into the static path of the Sphinx docs, this value would be jsMath/easy/load. js. If you host more than one Sphinx documentation set on one server, it is advisable to install jsMath in a shared location.

sphinx.ext.napoleon - Support for NumPy and Google style docstrings

Autore del modulo: Rob Ruana Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Overview

Are you tired of writing docstrings that look like this:

```
:param path: The path of the file to wrap
:type path: str
:param field_storage: The :class:`FileStorage` instance to wrap
:type field_storage: FileStorage
:param temporary: Whether or not to delete the file when the File
   instance is destructed
:type temporary: bool
:returns: A buffered writable file descriptor
:rtype: BufferedFileStorage
```

reStructuredText²³⁰ is great, but it creates visually dense, hard to read docstrings²³¹. Compare the jumble above to the same thing rewritten according to the Google Python Style Guide²³²:

```
Args:
    path (str): The path of the file to wrap
    field_storage (FileStorage): The :class:`FileStorage` instance to wrap
    temporary (bool): Whether or not to delete the file when the File
    instance is destructed

Returns:
    BufferedFileStorage: A buffered writable file descriptor
```

Much more legible, no?

Napoleon is a *extension* that enables Sphinx to parse both NumPy²³³ and Google²³⁴ style docstrings - the style recommended by Khan Academy²³⁵.

```
229 http://www.math.union.edu/~dpvc/jsmath/
```

²³⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/rst.html

²³¹ https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0287/

²³² https://google.github.io/styleguide/pyguide.html

²³³ https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html#docstring-standard

²³⁴ https://google.github.io/styleguide/pyguide.html#Comments

²³⁵ https://github.com/Khan/style-guides/blob/master/style/python.md#docstrings

Napoleon is a pre-processor that parses NumPy²³⁶ and Google²³⁷ style docstrings and converts them to reStructuredText before Sphinx attempts to parse them. This happens in an intermediate step while Sphinx is processing the documentation, so it doesn't modify any of the docstrings in your actual source code files.

Getting Started

1. After setting up Sphinx to build your docs, enable napoleon in the Sphinx conf.py file:

```
# conf.py
# Add napoleon to the extensions list
extensions = ['sphinx.ext.napoleon']
```

2. Use *sphinx-apidoc* to build your API documentation:

```
$ sphinx-apidoc -f -o docs/source projectdir
```

Docstrings

Napoleon interprets every docstring that *autodoc* can find, including docstrings on: modules, classes, attributes, methods, functions, and variables. Inside each docstring, specially formatted *Sections* are parsed and converted to reStructuredText.

All standard reStructuredText formatting still works as expected.

Docstring Sections

All of the following section headers are supported:

- Args (alias of Parameters)
- Arguments (alias of Parameters)
- Attention
- Attributes
- Caution
- Danger
- Error
- Example
- Examples
- Hint
- Important
- Keyword Args (alias of Keyword Arguments)
- Keyword Arguments
- Methods
- Note

 $^{^{236}\} https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html\#docstring-standard$

²³⁷ https://google.github.io/styleguide/pyguide.html#Comments

- Notes
- Other Parameters
- Parameters
- Return (alias of Returns)
- Returns
- Raise (alias of Raises)
- Raises
- References
- See Also
- Tip
- Todo
- Warning
- Warnings (alias of Warning)
- Warn (alias of Warns)
- Warns
- Yield (alias of Yields)
- Yields

Google vs NumPy

Napoleon supports two styles of docstrings: $Google^{238}$ and $NumPy^{239}$. The main difference between the two styles is that Google uses indentation to separate sections, whereas NumPy uses underlines.

Google style:

```
def func(arg1, arg2):
    """Summary line.

    Extended description of function.

Args:
    arg1 (int): Description of arg1
    arg2 (str): Description of arg2

Returns:
    bool: Description of return value

"""
return True
```

NumPy style:

 $[\]frac{238}{\text{https://google.github.io/styleguide/pyguide.html}\#Comments}$

²³⁹ https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html#docstring-standard

```
def func(arg1, arg2):
    """Summary line.

    Extended description of function.

Parameters
------
arg1 : int
    Description of arg1
arg2 : str
    Description of arg2

Returns
------
bool
    Description of return value
    """
    return True
```

NumPy style tends to require more vertical space, whereas Google style tends to use more horizontal space. Google style tends to be easier to read for short and simple docstrings, whereas NumPy style tends be easier to read for long and in-depth docstrings.

The Khan Academy²⁴⁰ recommends using Google style.

The choice between styles is largely aesthetic, but the two styles should not be mixed. Choose one style for your project and be consistent with it.

Vedi anche:

For complete examples:

- example_google
- example_numpy

Type Annotations

PEP 484²⁴¹ introduced a standard way to express types in Python code. This is an alternative to expressing types directly in docstrings. One benefit of expressing types according to PEP 484²⁴² is that type checkers and IDEs can take advantage of them for static code analysis. PEP 484²⁴³ was then extended by PEP 526²⁴⁴ which introduced a similar way to annotate variables (and attributes).

Google style with Python 3 type annotations:

```
def func(arg1: int, arg2: str) -> bool:
    """Summary line.

Extended description of function.
```

(continues on next page)

²⁴⁰ https://github.com/Khan/style-guides/blob/master/style/python.md#docstrings

²⁴¹ https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0484/

²⁴² https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0484/

²⁴³ https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0484/

²⁴⁴ https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0526/

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
Args:
    arg1: Description of arg1
    arg2: Description of arg2

Returns:
    Description of return value

"""
    return True

class Class:
    """Summary line.

Extended description of class

Attributes:
    attr1: Description of attr1
    attr2: Description of attr2

"""

attr1: int
attr2: str
```

Google style with types in docstrings:

```
def func(arg1, arg2):
   """Summary line.
   Extended description of function.
   Args:
        arg1 (int): Description of arg1
        arg2 (str): Description of arg2
   Returns:
       bool: Description of return value
   .....
   return True
class Class:
   """Summary line.
   Extended description of class
   Attributes:
        attr1 (int): Description of attr1
       attr2 (str): Description of attr2
```

Nota: Python 2/3 compatible annotations²⁴⁵ aren't currently supported by Sphinx and won't show up in the docs.

Configuration

Listed below are all the settings used by napoleon and their default values. These settings can be changed in the Sphinx *conf.py* file. Make sure that «sphinx.ext.napoleon» is enabled in *conf.py*:

```
# conf.py
# Add any Sphinx extension module names here, as strings
extensions = ['sphinx.ext.napoleon']
# Napoleon settings
napoleon_google_docstring = True
napoleon_numpy_docstring = True
napoleon_include_init_with_doc = False
napoleon_include_private_with_doc = False
napoleon_include_special_with_doc = True
napoleon_use_admonition_for_examples = False
napoleon_use_admonition_for_notes = False
napoleon_use_admonition_for_references = False
napoleon_use_ivar = False
napoleon_use_param = True
napoleon_use_rtype = True
napoleon_type_aliases = None
napoleon_attr_annotations = True
```

napoleon_google_docstring

True to parse Google style²⁴⁶ docstrings. False to disable support for Google style docstrings. *Defaults to True*.

napoleon_numpy_docstring

True to parse NumPy style²⁴⁷ docstrings. False to disable support for NumPy style docstrings. *Defaults to True*.

napoleon_include_init_with_doc

True to list __init___ docstrings separately from the class docstring. False to fall back to Sphinx's default behavior, which considers the __init___ docstring as part of the class documentation. *Defaults to False*.

If True:

```
def __init__(self):
    \"\"\"
    This will be included in the docs because it has a docstring
    \"\"\"

def __init__(self):
    # This will NOT be included in the docs
```

napoleon_include_private_with_doc

True to include private members (like _membername) with docstrings in the documentation. False to fall back to Sphinx's default behavior. *Defaults to False*.

²⁴⁵ https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0484/#suggested-syntax-for-python-2-7-and-straddling-code

²⁴⁶ https://google.github.io/styleguide/pyguide.html

²⁴⁷ https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html#docstring-standard

If True:

```
def _included(self):
    """
    This will be included in the docs because it has a docstring
    """
    pass

def _skipped(self):
    # This will NOT be included in the docs
    pass
```

napoleon_include_special_with_doc

True to include special members (like __membername__) with docstrings in the documentation. False to fall back to Sphinx's default behavior. *Defaults to True*.

If True:

```
def __str__(self):
    """
    This will be included in the docs because it has a docstring
    """
    return unicode(self).encode('utf-8')

def __unicode__(self):
    # This will NOT be included in the docs
    return unicode(self.__class__.__name__)
```

napoleon_use_admonition_for_examples

True to use the .. admonition:: directive for the **Example** and **Examples** sections. False to use the .. rubric:: directive instead. One may look better than the other depending on what HTML theme is used. *Defaults to False*.

This NumPy style²⁴⁸ snippet will be converted as follows:

```
Example
-----
This is just a quick example
```

If True:

```
.. admonition:: Example
This is just a quick example
```

If False:

```
.. rubric:: Example
This is just a quick example
```

napoleon_use_admonition_for_notes

True to use the .. admonition:: directive for **Notes** sections. False to use the .. rubric:: directive instead. *Defaults to False*.

²⁴⁸ https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html#docstring-standard

Nota: The singular **Note** section will always be converted to a .. note:: directive.

Vedi anche:

napoleon_use_admonition_for_examples

napoleon_use_admonition_for_references

True to use the .. admonition:: directive for **References** sections. False to use the .. rubric:: directive instead. *Defaults to False*.

Vedi anche:

napoleon_use_admonition_for_examples

napoleon_use_ivar

True to use the :ivar: role for instance variables. False to use the .. attribute:: directive instead. *Defaults to False*.

This NumPy style²⁴⁹ snippet will be converted as follows:

```
Attributes
-----
attr1: int
Description of `attr1`
```

If True:

```
:ivar attr1: Description of `attr1`
:vartype attr1: int
```

If False:

```
.. attribute:: attr1

Description of `attr1`

:type: int
```

napoleon_use_param

True to use a :param: role for each function parameter. False to use a single :parameters: role for all the parameters. *Defaults to True*.

This NumPy style²⁵⁰ snippet will be converted as follows:

```
Parameters
-----
arg1 : str
Description of `arg1`
arg2 : int, optional
Description of `arg2`, defaults to 0
```

If True:

```
:param arg1: Description of `arg1`
:type arg1: str
(continues on next page)
```

²⁴⁹ https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html#docstring-standard

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
:param arg2: Description of `arg2`, defaults to 0
:type arg2: :class:`int`, *optional*
```

If False:

napoleon_use_keyword

True to use a :keyword: role for each function keyword argument. False to use a single :keyword arguments: role for all the keywords. *Defaults to True*.

This behaves similarly to napoleon_use_param. Note unlike docutils, :keyword: and :param: will not be treated the same way - there will be a separate «Keyword Arguments» section, rendered in the same fashion as «Parameters» section (type links created if possible)

Vedi anche:

napoleon_use_param

napoleon_use_rtype

True to use the :rtype: role for the return type. False to output the return type inline with the description. *Defaults to True*.

This NumPy style²⁵¹ snippet will be converted as follows:

```
Returns
-----
bool
True if successful, False otherwise
```

If True:

```
:returns: True if successful, False otherwise
:rtype: bool
```

If False:

```
:returns: *bool* -- True if successful, False otherwise
```

napoleon_type_aliases

A mapping to translate type names to other names or references. Works only when napoleon_use_param = True. *Defaults to None*.

With:

```
napoleon_type_aliases = {
    "CustomType": "mypackage.CustomType",
    "dict-like": ":term:`dict-like <mapping>`",
}
```

This NumPy style²⁵² snippet:

²⁵⁰ https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html#docstring-standard

²⁵¹ https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html#docstring-standard

```
Parameters
------
arg1: CustomType
   Description of `arg1`
arg2: dict-like
   Description of `arg2`
```

becomes:

```
:param arg1: Description of `arg1`
:type arg1: mypackage.CustomType
:param arg2: Description of `arg2`
:type arg2: :term:`dict-like <mapping>`
```

Nuovo nella versione 3.2.

napoleon_attr_annotations

True to allow using PEP 526^{253} attributes annotations in classes. If an attribute is documented in the docstring without a type and has an annotation in the class body, that type is used.

Nuovo nella versione 3.4.

napoleon_custom_sections

Add a list of custom sections to include, expanding the list of parsed sections. Defaults to None.

The entries can either be strings or tuples, depending on the intention:

- To create a custom «generic» section, just pass a string.
- To create an alias for an existing section, pass a tuple containing the alias name and the original, in that order.
- To create a custom section that displays like the parameters or returns section, pass a tuple containing the custom section name and a string value, «params_style» or «returns_style».

If an entry is just a string, it is interpreted as a header for a generic section. If the entry is a tuple/list/indexed container, the first entry is the name of the section, the second is the section key to emulate. If the second entry value is "params_style" or "returns_style", the custom section will be displayed like the parameters section or returns section.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: Support params_style and returns_style

sphinx.ext.todo - Support for todo items

Autore del modulo: Daniel Bültmann

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

There are two additional directives when using this extension:

.. todo::

Use this directive like, for example, note.

It will only show up in the output if todo_include_todos is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.2: This directive supports an class option that determines the class attribute for HTML output. If not given, the class defaults to admonition-todo.

 $^{^{252}\} https://numpydoc.readthedocs.io/en/latest/format.html\#docstring-standard$

²⁵³ https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0526/

.. todolist::

This directive is replaced by a list of all todo directives in the whole documentation, if todo_include_todos is True.

These can be configured as seen below.

Configuration

todo_include_todos

If this is True, todo and todolist produce output, else they produce nothing. The default is False.

todo_emit_warnings

If this is True, todo emits a warning for each TODO entries. The default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

todo_link_only

If this is True, todolist produce output without file path and line, The default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

autodoc provides the following an additional event:

todo-defined(app, node)

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

Emitted when a todo is defined. *node* is the defined sphinx.ext.todo.todo_node node.

sphinx.ext.viewcode - Add links to highlighted source code

Autore del modulo: Georg Brandl

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

This extension looks at your Python object descriptions (.. class::, .. function:: etc.) and tries to find the source files where the objects are contained. When found, a separate HTML page will be output for each module with a highlighted version of the source code, and a link will be added to all object descriptions that leads to the source code of the described object. A link back from the source to the description will also be inserted.

Avvertimento: Basically, viewcode extension will import the modules being linked to. If any modules have side effects on import, these will be executed when sphinx-build is run.

If you document scripts (as opposed to library modules), make sure their main routine is protected by a if __name__ == '__main__' condition.

In addition, if you don't want to import the modules by viewcode, you can tell the location of the location of source code to viewcode using the *viewcode-find-source* event.

If *viewcode_follow_imported_members* is enabled, you will also need to resolve imported attributes using the *viewcode-follow-imported* event.

This extension works only on HTML related builders like html, applehelp, devhelp, htmlhelp, qthelp and so on except singlehtml. By default epub builder doesn't support this extension (see *viewcode_enable_epub*).

Configuration

viewcode_follow_imported_members

If this is True, viewcode extension will emit *viewcode-follow-imported* event to resolve the name of the module by other extensions. The default is True.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Renamed from viewcode_import to viewcode_follow_imported_members.

viewcode_enable_epub

If this is True, viewcode extension is also enabled even if you use epub builders. This extension generates pages outside toctree, but this is not preferred as epub format.

Until 1.4.x, this extension is always enabled. If you want to generate epub as same as 1.4.x, you should set True, but epub format checker's score becomes worse.

The default is False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

Avvertimento: Not all epub readers support pages generated by viewcode extension. These readers ignore links to pages are not under toctree.

Some reader's rendering result are corrupted and epubcheck²⁵⁴'s score becomes worse even if the reader supports.

viewcode-find-source(app, modname)

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Find the source code for a module. An event handler for this event should return a tuple of the source code itself and a dictionary of tags. The dictionary maps the name of a class, function, attribute, etc to a tuple of its type, the start line number, and the end line number. The type should be one of «class», «def», or «other».

Parameters

- app The Sphinx application object.
- modname The name of the module to find source code for.

viewcode-follow-imported(app, modname, attribute)

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Find the name of the original module for an attribute.

Parameters

- app The Sphinx application object.
- modname The name of the module that the attribute belongs to.
- attribute The name of the member to follow.

1.7. Extensions 169

²⁵⁴ https://github.com/IDPF/epubcheck

Third-party extensions

You can find several extensions contributed by users in the sphinx-contrib²⁵⁵ organization. If you wish to include your extension in this organization, simply follow the instructions provided in the github-administration²⁵⁶ project. This is optional and there are several extensions hosted elsewhere. The awesome-sphinxdoc²⁵⁷ project contains a curated list of Sphinx packages, and many packages use the Framework :: Sphinx :: Extension²⁵⁸ and Framework :: Sphinx :: Theme²⁵⁹ trove classifiers for Sphinx extensions and themes, respectively.

Where to put your own extensions?

Extensions local to a project should be put within the project's directory structure. Set Python's module search path, sys.path, accordingly so that Sphinx can find them. For example, if your extension foo.py lies in the exts subdirectory of the project root, put into conf.py:

```
import sys, os
sys.path.append(os.path.abspath('exts'))
extensions = ['foo']
```

You can also install extensions anywhere else on sys.path, e.g. in the site-packages directory.

1.8 HTML Theming

Sphinx provides a number of builders for HTML and HTML-based formats.

Builders

Da fare: Populate when the "builders" document is split up.

Themes

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Nota: This section provides information about using pre-existing HTML themes. If you wish to create your own theme, refer to *HTML theme development*.

Sphinx supports changing the appearance of its HTML output via *themes*. A theme is a collection of HTML templates, stylesheet(s) and other static files. Additionally, it has a configuration file which specifies from which theme to inherit, which highlighting style to use, and what options exist for customizing the theme's look and feel.

Themes are meant to be project-unaware, so they can be used for different projects without change.

²⁵⁵ https://github.com/sphinx-contrib/

²⁵⁶ https://github.com/sphinx-contrib/github-administration

²⁵⁷ https://github.com/yoloseem/awesome-sphinxdoc

 $^{^{258} \} https://pypi.org/search/?c=Framework+\%3A\%3A+Sphinx+\%3A\%3A+Extension$

²⁵⁹ https://pypi.org/search/?c=Framework+%3A%3A+Sphinx+%3A%3A+Theme

Using a theme

Using a *theme provided with Sphinx* is easy. Since these do not need to be installed, you only need to set the *html_theme* config value. For example, to enable the classic theme, add the following to conf.py:

```
html_theme = "classic"
```

You can also set theme-specific options using the *html_theme_options* config value. These options are generally used to change the look and feel of the theme. For example, to place the sidebar on the right side and a black background for the relation bar (the bar with the navigation links at the page's top and bottom), add the following conf.py:

```
html_theme_options = {
    "rightsidebar": "true",
    "relbarbgcolor": "black"
}
```

If the theme does not come with Sphinx, it can be in two static forms or as a Python package. For the static forms, either a directory (containing theme.conf and other needed files), or a zip file with the same contents is supported. The directory or zipfile must be put where Sphinx can find it; for this there is the config value https://directories.org/right-number-path. This can be a list of directories, relative to the directory containing conf.py, that can contain theme directories or zip files. For example, if you have a theme in the file blue.zip, you can put it right in the directory containing conf.py and use this configuration:

```
html_theme = "blue"
html_theme_path = ["."]
```

The third form is a Python package. If a theme you want to use is distributed as a Python package, you can use it after installing

```
# installing theme package
$ pip install sphinxjp.themes.dotted
```

Once installed, this can be used in the same manner as a directory or zipfile-based theme:

```
html_theme = "dotted"
```

For more information on the design of themes, including information about writing your own themes, refer to *HTML theme development*.

Tabella 2 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Builtin themes

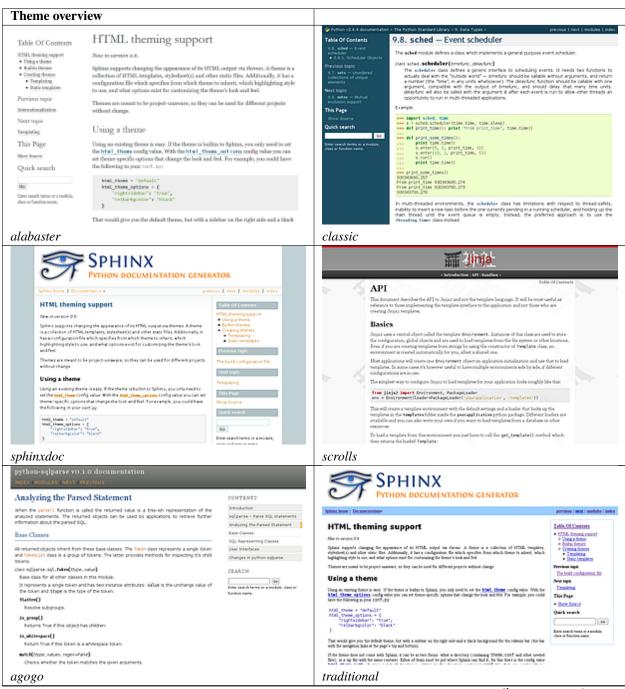




Tabella 2 - continua dalla pagina precedente

Sphinx comes with a selection of themes to choose from.

These themes are:

basic This is a basically unstyled layout used as the base for the other themes, and usable as the base for custom themes as well. The HTML contains all important elements like sidebar and relation bar. There are these options (which are inherited by the other themes):

- nosidebar (true or false): Don't include the sidebar. Defaults to False.
- **sidebarwidth** (int or str): Width of the sidebar in pixels. This can be an int, which is interpreted as pixels or a valid CSS dimension string such as "70em" or "50%". Defaults to 230 pixels.
- **body_min_width** (int or str): Minimal width of the document body. This can be an int, which is interpreted as pixels or a valid CSS dimension string such as "70em" or "50%". Use 0 if you don't want a width limit. Defaults may depend on the theme (often 450px).
- **body_max_width** (int or str): Maximal width of the document body. This can be an int, which is interpreted as pixels or a valid CSS dimension string such as "70em" or "50%". Use "none" if you don't want a width limit. Defaults may depend on the theme (often 800px).
- navigation_with_keys (true or false): Allow navigating to the previous/next page using the keyboard's left and right arrows. Defaults to False.
- **globaltoc_collapse** (true or false): Only expand subsections of the current document in **globaltoc.html** (see html_sidebars). Defaults to True.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

• **globaltoc_includehidden** (true or false): Show even those subsections in **globaltoc.html** (see html_sidebars) which have been included with the :hidden: flag of the toctree directive. Defaults to False.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1.

• **globaltoc_maxdepth** (int): The maximum depth of the toctree in globaltoc.html (see html_sidebars). Set it to -1 to allow unlimited depth. Defaults to the max depth selected in the toctree directive.

Nuovo nella versione 3.2.

alabaster Alabaster theme²⁶⁰ is a modified «Kr» Sphinx theme from @kennethreitz (especially as used in his Requests project), which was itself originally based on @mitsuhiko's theme used for Flask & related projects. Refer to its installation page²⁶¹ for information on how to configure *html_sidebars* for its use.

classic This is the classic theme, which looks like the Python 2 documentation²⁶². It can be customized via these options:

- rightsidebar (true or false): Put the sidebar on the right side. Defaults to False.
- **stickysidebar** (true or false): Make the sidebar «fixed» so that it doesn't scroll out of view for long body content. This may not work well with all browsers. Defaults to False.
- **collapsiblesidebar** (true or false): Add an *experimental* JavaScript snippet that makes the sidebar collapsible via a button on its side. Defaults to False.
- externalrefs (true or false): Display external links differently from internal links. Defaults to False.

There are also various color and font options that can change the color scheme without having to write a custom stylesheet:

- footerbgcolor (CSS color): Background color for the footer line.
- footertextcolor (CSS color): Text color for the footer line.
- sidebarbgcolor (CSS color): Background color for the sidebar.
- **sidebarbtncolor** (CSS color): Background color for the sidebar collapse button (used when *collapsiblesidebar* is True).
- **sidebartextcolor** (CSS color): Text color for the sidebar.
- sidebarlinkcolor (CSS color): Link color for the sidebar.
- relbarbgcolor (CSS color): Background color for the relation bar.
- relbartextcolor (CSS color): Text color for the relation bar.
- relbarlinkcolor (CSS color): Link color for the relation bar.
- bgcolor (CSS color): Body background color.
- textcolor (CSS color): Body text color.
- linkcolor (CSS color): Body link color.
- visitedlinkcolor (CSS color): Body color for visited links.
- headbgcolor (CSS color): Background color for headings.
- headtextcolor (CSS color): Text color for headings.
- headlinkcolor (CSS color): Link color for headings.
- codebgcolor (CSS color): Background color for code blocks.

²⁶⁰ https://pypi.org/project/alabaster/

²⁶¹ https://alabaster.readthedocs.io/en/latest/installation.html

²⁶² https://docs.python.org/2/

- codetextcolor (CSS color): Default text color for code blocks, if not set differently by the highlighting style.
- **bodyfont** (CSS font-family): Font for normal text.
- **headfont** (CSS font-family): Font for headings.

sphinxdoc The theme originally used by this documentation. It features a sidebar on the right side. There are currently no options beyond *nosidebar* and *sidebarwidth*.

Nota: The Sphinx documentation now uses an adjusted version of the sphinxdoc theme²⁶³.

scrolls A more lightweight theme, based on the Jinja documentation²⁶⁴. The following color options are available:

- headerbordercolor
- subheadlinecolor
- linkcolor
- · visitedlinkcolor
- admonitioncolor

agogo A theme created by Andi Albrecht. The following options are supported:

- bodyfont (CSS font family): Font for normal text.
- headerfont (CSS font family): Font for headings.
- pagewidth (CSS length): Width of the page content, default 70em.
- documentwidth (CSS length): Width of the document (without sidebar), default 50em.
- sidebarwidth (CSS length): Width of the sidebar, default 20em.
- rightsidebar (true or false): Put the sidebar on the right side. Defaults to True.
- bgcolor (CSS color): Background color.
- headerbg (CSS value for «background»): background for the header area, default a grayish gradient.
- footerbg (CSS value for «background»): background for the footer area, default a light gray gradient.
- **linkcolor** (CSS color): Body link color.
- headercolor1, headercolor2 (CSS color): colors for <h1> and <h2> headings.
- headerlinkcolor (CSS color): Color for the backreference link in headings.
- **textalign** (CSS *text-align* value): Text alignment for the body, default is justify.

nature A greenish theme. There are currently no options beyond nosidebar and sidebarwidth.

pyramid A theme from the Pyramid web framework project, designed by Blaise Laflamme. There are currently no options beyond *nosidebar* and *sidebarwidth*.

haiku A theme without sidebar inspired by the Haiku OS user guide²⁶⁵. The following options are supported:

- **full_logo** (true or false, default False): If this is true, the header will only show the httml_logo. Use this for large logos. If this is false, the logo (if present) will be shown floating right, and the documentation title will be put in the header.
- textcolor, headingcolor, linkcolor, visitedlinkcolor, hoverlinkcolor (CSS colors): Colors for various body elements.

1.8. HTML Theming 175

²⁶³ https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/tree/master/doc/_themes/sphinx13

²⁶⁴ http://jinja.pocoo.org/

²⁶⁵ https://www.haiku-os.org/docs/userguide/en/contents.html

traditional A theme resembling the old Python documentation. There are currently no options beyond *nosidebar* and *sidebarwidth*.

epub A theme for the epub builder. This theme tries to save visual space which is a sparse resource on ebook readers. The following options are supported:

- relbar1 (true or false, default True): If this is true, the relbar1 block is inserted in the epub output, otherwise it is omitted.
- **footer** (true or false, default True): If this is true, the *footer* block is inserted in the epub output, otherwise it is omitted.

bizstyle A simple bluish theme. The following options are supported beyond nosidebar and sidebarwidth:

• rightsidebar (true or false): Put the sidebar on the right side. Defaults to False.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3: "alabaster", "sphinx_rtd_theme" and "bizstyle" theme.

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: The "default" theme has been renamed to "classic". "default" is still available, however it will emit a notice that it is an alias for the new "alabaster" theme.

Third Party Themes

There are many third-party themes available for Sphinx. Some of these are for general use, while others are specific to an individual project.

sphinx-themes.org²⁶⁶ is a gallery that showcases various themes for Sphinx, with demo documentation rendered under each theme. Themes can also be found on $PyPI^{267}$ (using the classifier Framework :: Sphinx :: Theme), GitHub²⁶⁸ and GitLab²⁶⁹.

1.9 Internationalization

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Complementary to translations provided for Sphinx-generated messages such as navigation bars, Sphinx provides mechanisms facilitating the translation of *documents*. See the *Options for internationalization* for details on configuration.

- Sphinx internationalization details
- Translating with sphinx-intl
 - Quick guide
 - Translating
 - Update your po files by new pot files
- Using Transifex service for team translation
- Contributing to Sphinx reference translation

²⁶⁶ https://sphinx-themes.org/

²⁶⁷ https://pypi.org/search/?q=&o=&c=Framework+%3A%3A+Sphinx+%3A%3A+Theme

 $^{^{268}}$ https://github.com/search?utf8=%E2%9C%93&q=sphinx+theme

²⁶⁹ https://gitlab.com/explore?name=sphinx+theme

²⁷⁰ http://plantuml.com

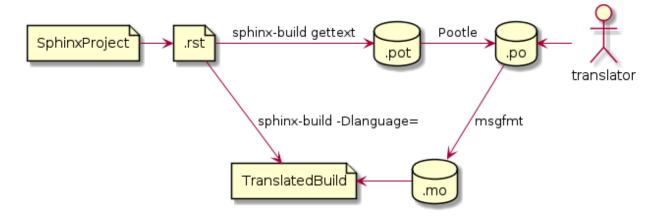


Fig. 1: Workflow visualization of translations in Sphinx. (The figure is created by plantuml²⁷⁰.)

Sphinx internationalization details

gettext¹ is an established standard for internationalization and localization. It naively maps messages in a program to a translated string. Sphinx uses these facilities to translate whole documents.

Initially project maintainers have to collect all translatable strings (also referred to as *messages*) to make them known to translators. Sphinx extracts these through invocation of sphinx-build -b gettext.

Every single element in the doctree will end up in a single message which results in lists being equally split into different chunks while large paragraphs will remain as coarsely-grained as they were in the original document. This grants seamless document updates while still providing a little bit of context for translators in free-text passages. It is the maintainer's task to split up paragraphs which are too large as there is no sane automated way to do that.

After Sphinx successfully ran the <code>MessageCatalogBuilder</code> you will find a collection of .pot files in your output directory. These are catalog templates and contain messages in your original language <code>only</code>.

They can be delivered to translators which will transform them to .po files — so called **message catalogs** — containing a mapping from the original messages to foreign-language strings.

gettext compiles them into a binary format known as **binary catalogs** through **msgfmt** for efficiency reasons. If you make these files discoverable with *locale_dirs* for your *language*, Sphinx will pick them up automatically.

An example: you have a document usage.rst in your Sphinx project. The *gettext* builder will put its messages into usage.pot. Imagine you have Spanish translations² stored in usage.po — for your builds to be translated you need to follow these instructions:

• Compile your message catalog to a locale directory, say locale, so it ends up in ./locale/es/LC_MESSAGES/usage.mo in your source directory (where es is the language code for Spanish.)

```
msgfmt "usage.po" -o "locale/es/LC_MESSAGES/usage.mo"
```

- Set locale_dirs to ["locale/"].
- Set *language* to es (also possible via -D).
- Run your desired build.

1.9. Internationalization

¹ See the GNU gettext utilities²⁸⁰ for details on that software suite.

²⁸⁰ https://www.gnu.org/software/gettext/manual/gettext.html#Introduction

² Because nobody expects the Spanish Inquisition!

Translating with sphinx-intl

Quick guide

sphinx-intl²⁷¹ is a useful tool to work with Sphinx translation flow. This section describe an easy way to translate with *sphinx-intl*.

1. Install sphinx-intl²⁷².

```
$ pip install sphinx-intl
```

2. Add configurations to conf.py.

```
locale_dirs = ['locale/']  # path is example but recommended.
gettext_compact = False  # optional.
```

This case-study assumes that BUILDDIR is set to _build, locale_dirs is set to locale/ and gettext_compact is set to False (the Sphinx document is already configured as such).

3. Extract translatable messages into pot files.

```
$ make gettext
```

The generated pot files will be placed in the _build/gettext directory.

4. Generate po files.

We'll use the pot files generated in the above step.

```
$ sphinx-intl update -p _build/gettext -l de -l ja
```

Once completed, the generated po files will be placed in the below directories:

- ./locale/de/LC_MESSAGES/
- ./locale/ja/LC_MESSAGES/
- 5. Translate po files.

AS noted above, these are located in the ./locale/<lamp>/LC_MESSAGES directory. An example of one such file, from Sphinx, builders.po, is given below.

```
# a5600c3d2e3d48fc8c261ea0284db79b
#: ../../builders.rst:4
msgid "Available builders"
msgstr "<FILL HERE BY TARGET LANGUAGE>"
```

Another case, msgid is multi-line text and contains reStructuredText syntax:

```
# 302558364e1d41c69b3277277e34b184
#: ../../builders.rst:9
msgid ""
"These are the built-in Sphinx builders. More builders can be added by "
":ref:`extensions <extensions>`."
msgstr ""
"FILL HERE BY TARGET LANGUAGE FILL HERE BY TARGET LANGUAGE FILL HERE "
"BY TARGET LANGUAGE :ref:`EXTENSIONS <extensions>` FILL HERE."
```

²⁷¹ https://pypi.org/project/sphinx-intl/

²⁷² https://pypi.org/project/sphinx-intl/

Please be careful not to break reST notation. Most po-editors will help you with that.

6. Build translated document.

You need a *language* parameter in conf.py or you may also specify the parameter on the command line.

For for BSD/GNU make, run:

```
$ make -e SPHINXOPTS="-D language='de'" html
```

For Windows cmd.exe, run:

```
> set SPHINXOPTS=-D language=de
> .\make.bat html
```

For PowerShell, run:

```
> Set-Item env:SPHINXOPTS "-D language=de"
> .\make.bat html
```

Congratulations! You got the translated documentation in the _build/html directory.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3: **sphinx-build** that is invoked by make command will build po files into mo files.

If you are using 1.2.x or earlier, please invoke **sphinx-intl** build command before **make** command.

Translating

Update your po files by new pot files

If a document is updated, it is necessary to generate updated pot files and to apply differences to translated po files. In order to apply the updates from a pot file to the po file, use the **sphinx-intl update** command.

```
$ sphinx-intl update -p _build/locale
```

Using Transifex service for team translation

Transifex²⁷³ is one of several services that allow collaborative translation via a web interface. It has a nifty Python-based command line client that makes it easy to fetch and push translations.

1. Install transifex-client²⁷⁴.

You need **tx** command to upload resources (pot files).

```
$ pip install transifex-client
```

Vedi anche:

Transifex Client documentation²⁷⁵

2. Create your transifex²⁷⁶ account and create new project for your document.

Currently, transifex does not allow for a translation project to have more than one version of the document, so you'd better include a version number in your project name.

For example:

²⁷³ https://www.transifex.com/

²⁷⁴ https://pypi.org/project/transifex-client/

²⁷⁵ https://docs.transifex.com/client/introduction/

²⁷⁶ https://www.transifex.com/

```
Project ID sphinx-document-test_1_0
```

Project URL https://www.transifex.com/projects/p/sphinx-document-test_1_0/

3. Create config files for **tx** command.

This process will create .tx/config in the current directory, as well as a ~/.transifexrc file that includes auth information.

```
$ tx init
Creating .tx folder...
Transifex instance [https://www.transifex.com]:
...
Please enter your transifex username: <transifex-username>
Password: <transifex-password>
...
Done.
```

4. Upload pot files to transifex service.

Register pot files to .tx/config file:

```
$ cd /your/document/root
$ sphinx-intl update-txconfig-resources --pot-dir _build/locale \
   --transifex-project-name sphinx-document-test_1_0
```

and upload pot files:

```
$ tx push -s
Pushing translations for resource sphinx-document-test_1_0.builders:
Pushing source file (locale/pot/builders.pot)
Resource does not exist. Creating...
...
Done.
```

- 5. Forward the translation on transifex.
- 6. Pull translated po files and make translated HTML.

Get translated catalogs and build mo files. For example, to build mo files for German (de):

```
$ cd /your/document/root
$ tx pull -l de
Pulling translations for resource sphinx-document-test_1_0.builders (...)
-> de: locale/de/LC_MESSAGES/builders.po
...
Done.
```

Invoke make html (for BSD/GNU make):

```
$ make -e SPHINXOPTS="-D language='de'" html
```

That's all!

Suggerimento: Translating locally and on Transifex

If you want to push all language's po files, you can be done by using **tx push** -t command. Watch out! This operation overwrites translations in transifex.

In other words, if you have updated each in the service and local po files, it would take much time and effort to integrate them.

Contributing to Sphinx reference translation

The recommended way for new contributors to translate Sphinx reference is to join the translation team on Transifex.

There is a sphinx translation page²⁷⁷ for Sphinx (master) documentation.

- 1. Login to transifex²⁷⁸ service.
- 2. Go to sphinx translation page²⁷⁹.
- 3. Click Request language and fill form.
- 4. Wait acceptance by transifex sphinx translation maintainers.
- 5. (After acceptance) Translate on transifex.

Detail is here: https://docs.transifex.com/getting-started-1/translators

1.10 Setuptools integration

Sphinx supports integration with setuptools and distutils through a custom command - BuildDoc.

Using setuptools integration

The Sphinx build can then be triggered from distutils, and some Sphinx options can be set in setup.py or setup.cfg instead of Sphinx's own configuration file.

For instance, from setup.py:

```
# this is only necessary when not using setuptools/distribute
from sphinx.setup_command import BuildDoc
cmdclass = {'build_sphinx': BuildDoc}
name = 'My project'
version = '1.2'
release = '1.2.0'
setup(
   name=name,
   author='Bernard Montgomery',
   version=release.
    cmdclass=cmdclass.
    # these are optional and override conf.py settings
    command_options={
        'build_sphinx': {
            'project': ('setup.py', name),
            'version': ('setup.py', version),
            'release': ('setup.py', release),
```

²⁷⁷ https://www.transifex.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx-doc/

²⁷⁸ https://www.transifex.com/

²⁷⁹ https://www.transifex.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx-doc/

```
'source_dir': ('setup.py', 'doc')}},
)
```

Nota: If you set Sphinx options directly in the setup() command, replace hyphens in variable names with underscores. In the example above, source-dir becomes source_dir.

Or add this section in setup.cfg:

```
[build_sphinx]
project = 'My project'
version = 1.2
release = 1.2.0
source-dir = 'doc'
```

Once configured, call this by calling the relevant command on setup.py:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx
```

Options for setuptools integration

fresh-env

A boolean that determines whether the saved environment should be discarded on build. Default is false.

This can also be set by passing the -E flag to setup.py:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx -E
```

all-files

A boolean that determines whether all files should be built from scratch. Default is false.

This can also be set by passing the -a flag to setup.py:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx -a
```

source-dir

The target source directory. This can be relative to the setup.py or setup.cfg file, or it can be absolute. It defaults to ./doc or ./docs if either contains a file named conf.py (checking ./doc first); otherwise it defaults to the current directory.

This can also be set by passing the -s flag to setup.py:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx -s $SOURCE_DIR
```

build-dir

The target build directory. This can be relative to the setup.py or setup.cfg file, or it can be absolute. Default is ./build/sphinx.

config-dir

Location of the configuration directory. This can be relative to the setup.py or setup.cfg file, or it can be absolute. Default is to use *source-dir*.

This can also be set by passing the -c flag to setup.py:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx -c $CONFIG_DIR
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

builder

The builder or list of builders to use. Default is html.

This can also be set by passing the -*b* flag to setup.py:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx -b $BUILDER
```

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: This can now be a comma- or space-separated list of builders

warning-is-error

A boolean that ensures Sphinx warnings will result in a failed build. Default is false.

This can also be set by passing the -W flag to setup.py:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx -W
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

project

The documented project's name. Default is ''.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

version

The short X.Y version. Default is ''.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

release

The full version, including alpha/beta/rc tags. Default is ''.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

today

How to format the current date, used as the replacement for |today|. Default is ''.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

link-index

A boolean that ensures index.html will be linked to the master doc. Default is false.

This can also be set by passing the -i flag to setup.py:

```
$ python setup.py build_sphinx -i
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

copyright

The copyright string. Default is ''.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

nitpicky

Run in nit-picky mode. Currently, this generates warnings for all missing references. See the config value *nitpick_ignore* for a way to exclude some references as «known missing».

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

pdb

A boolean to configure pdb on exception. Default is false.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

1.11 Sphinx Web Support

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Sphinx provides a Python API to easily integrate Sphinx documentation into your web application. To learn more read the *Web Support Quick Start*.

Web Support Quick Start

Building Documentation Data

To make use of the web support package in your application you'll need to build the data it uses. This data includes pickle files representing documents, search indices, and node data that is used to track where comments and other things are in a document. To do this you will need to create an instance of the <code>WebSupport</code> class and call its <code>build()</code> method:

This will read reStructuredText sources from srcdir and place the necessary data in builddir. The builddir will contain two sub-directories: one named «data» that contains all the data needed to display documents, search through documents, and add comments to documents. The other directory will be called «static» and contains static files that should be served from «/static».

Nota: If you wish to serve static files from a path other than «/static», you can do so by providing the *staticdir* keyword argument when creating the *WebSupport* object.

Integrating Sphinx Documents Into Your Webapp

Now that the data is built, it's time to do something useful with it. Start off by creating a *WebSupport* object for your application:

You'll only need one of these for each set of documentation you will be working with. You can then call its <code>get_document()</code> method to access individual documents:

```
contents = support.get_document('contents')
```

This will return a dictionary containing the following items:

- body: The main body of the document as HTML
- **sidebar**: The sidebar of the document as HTML
- relbar: A div containing links to related documents

- title: The title of the document
- css: Links to CSS files used by Sphinx
- script: JavaScript containing comment options

This dict can then be used as context for templates. The goal is to be easy to integrate with your existing templating system. An example using Jinja2²⁸¹ is:

```
{%- extends "layout.html" %}
{%- block title %}
    {{ document.title }}
{%- endblock %}
{% block css %}
    {{ super() }}
    {{ document.css|safe }}
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="/static/websupport-custom.css" type="text/css">
{% endblock %}
{%- block script %}
    {{ super() }}
    {{ document.script|safe }}
{%- endblock %}
{%- block relbar %}
    {{ document.relbar|safe }}
{%- endblock %}
{%- block body %}
    {{ document.body|safe }}
{%- endblock %}
{%- block sidebar %}
    {{ document.sidebar|safe }}
{%- endblock %}
```

Authentication

To use certain features such as voting, it must be possible to authenticate users. The details of the authentication are left to your application. Once a user has been authenticated you can pass the user's details to certain <code>WebSupport</code> methods using the <code>username</code> and <code>moderator</code> keyword arguments. The web support package will store the username with comments and votes. The only caveat is that if you allow users to change their username you must update the websupport package's data:

```
support.update_username(old_username, new_username)
```

username should be a unique string which identifies a user, and *moderator* should be a boolean representing whether the user has moderation privileges. The default value for *moderator* is False.

An example Flask²⁸² function that checks whether a user is logged in and then retrieves a document is:

²⁸¹ http://jinja.pocoo.org/

²⁸² http://flask.pocoo.org/

```
from sphinxcontrib.websupport.errors import *

@app.route('/<path:docname>')
def doc(docname):
    username = g.user.name if g.user else ''
    moderator = g.user.moderator if g.user else False
    try:
        document = support.get_document(docname, username, moderator)
    except DocumentNotFoundError:
        abort(404)
    return render_template('doc.html', document=document)
```

The first thing to notice is that the *docname* is just the request path. This makes accessing the correct document easy from a single view. If the user is authenticated, then the username and moderation status are passed along with the docname to *get_document()*. The web support package will then add this data to the COMMENT_OPTIONS that are used in the template.

Nota: This only works if your documentation is served from your document root. If it is served from another directory, you will need to prefix the url route with that directory, and give the *docroot* keyword argument when creating the web support object:

```
support = WebSupport(..., docroot='docs')
@app.route('/docs/<path:docname>')
```

Performing Searches

To use the search form built-in to the Sphinx sidebar, create a function to handle requests to the URL "search" relative to the documentation root. The user's search query will be in the GET parameters, with the key q. Then use the $get_search_results()$ method to retrieve search results. In Flask²⁸³ that would be like this:

```
@app.route('/search')
def search():
    q = request.args.get('q')
    document = support.get_search_results(q)
    return render_template('doc.html', document=document)
```

Note that we used the same template to render our search results as we did to render our documents. That's because $get_search_results()$ returns a context dict in the same format that $get_document()$ does.

²⁸³ http://flask.pocoo.org/

Comments & Proposals

Now that this is done it's time to define the functions that handle the AJAX calls from the script. You will need three functions. The first function is used to add a new comment, and will call the web support method add_comment():

You'll notice that both a parent_id and node_id are sent with the request. If the comment is being attached directly to a node, parent_id will be empty. If the comment is a child of another comment, then node_id will be empty. Then next function handles the retrieval of comments for a specific node, and is aptly named get_data():

```
@app.route('/docs/get_comments')
def get_comments():
    username = g.user.name if g.user else None
    moderator = g.user.moderator if g.user else False
    node_id = request.args.get('node', '')
    data = support.get_data(node_id, username, moderator)
    return jsonify(**data)
```

The final function that is needed will call process_vote(), and will handle user votes on comments:

```
@app.route('/docs/process_vote', methods=['POST'])
def process_vote():
    if g.user is None:
        abort(401)
    comment_id = request.form.get('comment_id')
    value = request.form.get('value')
    if value is None or comment_id is None:
        abort(400)
    support.process_vote(comment_id, g.user.id, value)
    return "success"
```

Comment Moderation

By default, all comments added through add_comment() are automatically displayed. If you wish to have some form of moderation, you can pass the displayed keyword argument:

You can then create a new view to handle the moderation of comments. It will be called when a moderator decides a comment should be accepted and displayed:

```
@app.route('/docs/accept_comment', methods=['POST'])
def accept_comment():
    moderator = g.user.moderator if g.user else False
    comment_id = request.form.get('id')
    support.accept_comment(comment_id, moderator=moderator)
    return 'OK'
```

Rejecting comments happens via comment deletion.

To perform a custom action (such as emailing a moderator) when a new comment is added but not displayed, you can pass callable to the *WebSupport* class when instantiating your support object:

```
def moderation_callback(comment):
    """Do something..."""
support = WebSupport(..., moderation_callback=moderation_callback)
```

The moderation callback must take one argument, which will be the same comment dict that is returned by add_comment().

The WebSupport Class

class sphinxcontrib.websupport.WebSupport

The main API class for the web support package. All interactions with the web support package should occur through this class.

The class takes the following keyword arguments:

srcdir The directory containing reStructuredText source files.

builddir The directory that build data and static files should be placed in. This should be used when creating a *WebSupport* object that will be used to build data.

datadir The directory that the web support data is in. This should be used when creating a *WebSupport* object that will be used to retrieve data.

search This may contain either a string (e.g. "xapian") referencing a built-in search adapter to use, or an instance of a subclass of *BaseSearch*.

storage This may contain either a string representing a database uri, or an instance of a subclass of *StorageBackend*. If this is not provided, a new sqlite database will be created.

moderation_callback A callable to be called when a new comment is added that is not displayed. It must accept one argument: a dictionary representing the comment that was added.

staticdir If the static files should be created in a different location **and not in** '/static', this should be a string with the name of that location (e.g. builddir + '/static_files').

Nota: If you specify staticdir, you will typically want to adjust staticroot accordingly.

staticroot If the static files are not served from '/static', this should be a string with the name of that location (e.g. '/static_files').

docroot If the documentation is not served from the base path of a URL, this should be a string specifying that path (e.g. 'docs').

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: WebSupport class is moved to sphinxcontrib.websupport from sphinx.websupport. Please add sphinxcontrib-websupport package in your dependency and use moved class instead.

Methods

WebSupport.build()

Build the documentation. Places the data into the outdir directory. Use it like this:

```
support = WebSupport(srcdir, builddir, search='xapian')
support.build()
```

This will read reStructured text files from *srcdir*. Then it will build the pickles and search index, placing them into *builddir*. It will also save node data to the database.

WebSupport.get_document(docname, username=", moderator=False)

Load and return a document from a pickle. The document will be a dict object which can be used to render a template:

```
support = WebSupport(datadir=datadir)
support.get_document('index', username, moderator)
```

In most cases *docname* will be taken from the request path and passed directly to this function. In Flask, that would be something like this:

The document dict that is returned contains the following items to be used during template rendering.

- body: The main body of the document as HTML
- sidebar: The sidebar of the document as HTML
- relbar: A div containing links to related documents
- title: The title of the document
- css: Links to css files used by Sphinx
- script: Javascript containing comment options

This raises DocumentNotFoundError if a document matching *docname* is not found.

Parametri docname – the name of the document to load.

WebSupport.get_data(node_id, username=None, moderator=False)

Get the comments and source associated with *node_id*. If *username* is given vote information will be included with the returned comments. The default CommentBackend returns a dict with two keys, *source*, and *comments*. *source* is raw source of the node and is used as the starting point for proposals a user can add. *comments* is a list of dicts that represent a comment, each having the following items:

Key	Contents
text	The comment text.
user-	The username that was stored with the comment.
name	
id	The comment's unique identifier.
ra-	The comment's current rating.
ting	
age	The time in seconds since the comment was added.
time	A dict containing time information. It contains the following keys: year, month, day, hour, minute,
	second, iso, and delta. <i>iso</i> is the time formatted in ISO 8601 format. <i>delta</i> is a printable form of how
	old the comment is (e.g. «3 hours ago»).
vote	If <i>user_id</i> was given, this will be an integer representing the vote. 1 for an upvote, -1 for a downvote,
	or 0 if unvoted.
node	The id of the node that the comment is attached to. If the comment's parent is another comment
	rather than a node, this will be null.
pa-	The id of the comment that this comment is attached to if it is not attached to a node.
rent	
chil-	A list of all children, in this format.
dren	
pro-	An HTML representation of the differences between the the current source and the user's proposed
po-	source.
sal_dif	

Parametri

- **node_id** the id of the node to get comments for.
- **username** the username of the user viewing the comments.
- **moderator** whether the user is a moderator.

WebSupport.add_comment(text, node_id=", parent_id=", displayed=True, username=None, time=None, proposal=None, moderator=False)

Add a comment to a node or another comment. Returns the comment in the same format as get_comments(). If the comment is being attached to a node, pass in the node's id (as a string) with the node keyword argument:

```
comment = support.add_comment(text, node_id=node_id)
```

If the comment is the child of another comment, provide the parent's id (as a string) with the parent keyword argument:

```
comment = support.add_comment(text, parent_id=parent_id)
```

If you would like to store a username with the comment, pass in the optional username keyword argument:

Parametri

- **parent_id** the prefixed id of the comment's parent.
- **text** the text of the comment.
- **displayed** for moderation purposes
- **username** the username of the user making the comment.

• time – the time the comment was created, defaults to now.

WebSupport.process_vote(comment_id, username, value)

Process a user's vote. The web support package relies on the API user to perform authentication. The API user will typically receive a comment_id and value from a form, and then make sure the user is authenticated. A unique username must be passed in, which will also be used to retrieve the user's past voting data. An example, once again in Flask:

```
@app.route('/docs/process_vote', methods=['POST'])
def process_vote():
    if g.user is None:
        abort(401)
    comment_id = request.form.get('comment_id')
    value = request.form.get('value')
    if value is None or comment_id is None:
        abort(400)
    support.process_vote(comment_id, g.user.name, value)
    return "success"
```

Parametri

- **comment_id** the comment being voted on
- username the unique username of the user voting
- **value** 1 for an upvote, -1 for a downvote, 0 for an unvote.

WebSupport.get_search_results(q)

Perform a search for the query q, and create a set of search results. Then render the search results as html and return a context dict like the one created by $get_document()$:

```
document = support.get_search_results(q)
```

Parametri q – the search query

Search Adapters

To create a custom search adapter you will need to subclass the *BaseSearch* class. Then create an instance of the new class and pass that as the *search* keyword argument when you create the *WebSupport* object:

For more information about creating a custom search adapter, please see the documentation of the *BaseSearch* class below.

class sphinxcontrib.websupport.search.BaseSearch

Defines an interface for search adapters.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: BaseSearch class is moved to sphinxcontrib.websupport.search from sphinx.websupport.search.

Methods

The following methods are defined in the BaseSearch class. Some methods do not need to be overridden, but some (add_document() and handle_query()) must be overridden in your subclass. For a working example, look at the built-in adapter for whoosh.

BaseSearch.init_indexing(changed=[])

Called by the builder to initialize the search indexer. *changed* is a list of pagenames that will be reindexed. You may want to remove these from the search index before indexing begins.

Parametri changed – a list of pagenames that will be re-indexed

BaseSearch.finish_indexing()

Called by the builder when writing has been completed. Use this to perform any finalization or cleanup actions after indexing is complete.

BaseSearch. **feed**(pagename, filename, title, doctree)

Called by the builder to add a doctree to the index. Converts the *doctree* to text and passes it to *add_document()*. You probably won't want to override this unless you need access to the *doctree*. Override *add_document()* instead.

Parametri

- pagename the name of the page to be indexed
- **filename** the name of the original source file
- title the title of the page to be indexed
- **doctree** is the docutils doctree representation of the page

BaseSearch.add_document(pagename, filename, title, text)

Called by *feed()* to add a document to the search index. This method should should do everything necessary to add a single document to the search index.

pagename is name of the page being indexed. It is the combination of the source files relative path and filename, minus the extension. For example, if the source file is «ext/builders.rst», the pagename would be «ext/builders». This will need to be returned with search results when processing a query.

Parametri

- pagename the name of the page being indexed
- **filename** the name of the original source file
- **title** the page's title
- text the full text of the page

BaseSearch.query(q)

Called by the web support api to get search results. This method compiles the regular expression to be used when extracting context, then calls handle_query(). You won't want to override this unless you don't want to use the included extract_context() method. Override handle_query() instead.

Parametri q – the search query string.

BaseSearch.handle_query(q)

Called by query() to retrieve search results for a search query q. This should return an iterable containing tuples of the following format:

```
(<path>, <title>, <context>)
```

path and title are the same values that were passed to add_document(), and context should be a short text snippet of the text surrounding the search query in the document.

The <code>extract_context()</code> method is provided as a simple way to create the <code>context</code>.

Parametri q – the search query

BaseSearch.extract_context(text, length=240)

Extract the context for the search query from the document's full *text*.

Parametri

- **text** the full text of the document to create the context for
- **length** the length of the context snippet to return.

Storage Backends

To create a custom storage backend you will need to subclass the *StorageBackend* class. Then create an instance of the new class and pass that as the *storage* keyword argument when you create the *WebSupport* object:

For more information about creating a custom storage backend, please see the documentation of the *StorageBackend* class below.

class sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend

Defines an interface for storage backends.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: StorageBackend class is moved to sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage from sphinx.websupport.storage.

Methods

StorageBackend.pre_build()

Called immediately before the build process begins. Use this to prepare the StorageBackend for the addition of nodes.

StorageBackend.add_node(id, document, source)

Add a node to the StorageBackend.

Parametri

- id a unique id for the comment.
- **document** the name of the document the node belongs to.
- **source** the source files name.

StorageBackend.post_build()

Called after a build has completed. Use this to finalize the addition of nodes if needed.

StorageBackend.add_comment(text, displayed, username, time, proposal, node_id, parent_id, moderator)
Called when a comment is being added.

Parametri

- **text** the text of the comment
- displayed whether the comment should be displayed
- username the name of the user adding the comment
- **time** a date object with the time the comment was added
- **proposal** the text of the proposal the user made
- node_id the id of the node that the comment is being added to

- **parent_id** the id of the comment's parent comment.
- **moderator** whether the user adding the comment is a moderator

StorageBackend.delete_comment(comment_id, username, moderator)

Delete a comment.

Raises UserNotAuthorizedError if moderator is False and *username* doesn't match the username on the comment.

Parametri

- **comment_id** The id of the comment being deleted.
- **username** The username of the user requesting the deletion.
- moderator Whether the user is a moderator.

StorageBackend.get_data(node_id, username, moderator)

Called to retrieve all data for a node. This should return a dict with two keys, *source* and *comments* as described by *WebSupport*'s *get_data()* method.

Parametri

- node_id The id of the node to get data for.
- **username** The name of the user requesting the data.
- **moderator** Whether the requestor is a moderator.

StorageBackend.process_vote(comment_id, username, value)

Process a vote that is being cast. *value* will be either -1, 0, or 1.

Parametri

- **comment_id** The id of the comment being voted on.
- **username** The username of the user casting the vote.
- **value** The value of the vote being cast.

StorageBackend.update_username(old_username, new_username)

If a user is allowed to change their username this method should be called so that there is not stagnate data in the storage system.

Parametri

- **old_username** The username being changed.
- **new_username** What the username is being changed to.

StorageBackend.accept_comment(comment_id)

Called when a moderator accepts a comment. After the method is called the comment should be displayed to all users.

Parametri comment_id – The id of the comment being accepted.

Extending Sphinx

This guide is aimed at giving a quick introduction for those wishing to develop their own extensions for Sphinx. Sphinx possesses significant extensibility capabilities including the ability to hook into almost every point of the build process. If you simply wish to use Sphinx with existing extensions, refer to *Using Sphinx*. For a more detailed discussion of the extension interface see *Developing extensions for Sphinx*.

2.1 Developing extensions overview

This page contains general information about developing Sphinx extensions.

Make an extension depend on another extension

Sometimes your extension depends on the functionality of another Sphinx extension. Most Sphinx extensions are activated in a project's conf.py file, but this is not available to you as an extension developer.

To ensure that another extension is activated as a part of your own extension, use the *Sphinx.setup_extension()* method. This will activate another extension at run-time, ensuring that you have access to its functionality.

For example, the following code activates the recommonmark extension:

```
def setup(app):
    app.setup_extension("recommonmark")
```

Nota: Since your extension will depend on another, make sure to include it as a part of your extension's installation requirements.

2.2 Extension tutorials

Refer to the following tutorials to get started with extension development.

Developing a «Hello world» extension

The objective of this tutorial is to create a very basic extension that adds a new directive. This directive will output a paragraph containing «hello world».

Only basic information is provided in this tutorial. For more information, refer to the *other tutorials* that go into more details.

Avvertimento: For this extension, you will need some basic understanding of docutils²⁸⁴ and Python.

Overview

We want the extension to add the following to Sphinx:

• A helloworld directive, that will simply output the text «hello world».

Prerequisites

We will not be distributing this plugin via PyPI²⁸⁵ and will instead include it as part of an existing project. This means you will need to use an existing project or create a new one using **sphinx-quickstart**.

We assume you are using separate source (source) and build (build) folders. Your extension file could be in any folder of your project. In our case, let's do the following:

- 1. Create an _ext folder in source
- 2. Create a new Python file in the _ext folder called helloworld.py

Here is an example of the folder structure you might obtain:



²⁸⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/

²⁸⁵ https://pypi.org/

Writing the extension

Open helloworld.py and paste the following code in it:

```
from docutils import nodes
   from docutils.parsers.rst import Directive
2
   class HelloWorld(Directive):
       def run(self):
           paragraph_node = nodes.paragraph(text='Hello World!')
           return [paragraph_node]
11
   def setup(app):
12
       app.add_directive("helloworld", HelloWorld)
13
15
            'version': '0.1',
           'parallel_read_safe': True,
17
           'parallel_write_safe': True,
       }
```

Some essential things are happening in this example, and you will see them for all directives.

The directive class

Our new directive is declared in the HelloWorld class.

```
class HelloWorld(Directive):

def run(self):
    paragraph_node = nodes.paragraph(text='Hello World!')
    return [paragraph_node]
```

This class extends the docutils ²⁸⁶" Directive class. All extensions that create directives should extend this class.

Vedi anche:

The docutils documentation on creating directives²⁸⁷

This class contains a run method. This method is a requirement and it is part of every directive. It contains the main logic of the directive and it returns a list of docutils nodes to be processed by Sphinx. These nodes are docutils" way of representing the content of a document. There are many types of nodes available: text, paragraph, reference, table, etc.

Vedi anche:

The docutils documentation on nodes²⁸⁸

The nodes.paragraph class creates a new paragraph node. A paragraph node typically contains some text that we can set during instantiation using the text parameter.

2.2. Extension tutorials 197

²⁸⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/

²⁸⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/howto/rst-directives.html

²⁸⁸ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/doctree.html

The setup function

This function is a requirement. We use it to plug our new directive into Sphinx.

```
def setup(app):
    app.add_directive("helloworld", HelloWorld)

return {
    'version': '0.1',
    'parallel_read_safe': True,
    'parallel_write_safe': True,
}
```

The simplest thing you can do it call the *add_directive()* method, which is what we've done here. For this particular call, the first argument is the name of the directive itself as used in a reST file. In this case, we would use helloworld. For example:

```
Some intro text here...

.. helloworld::

Some more text here...
```

We also return the *extension metadata* that indicates the version of our extension, along with the fact that it is safe to use the extension for both parallel reading and writing.

Using the extension

The extension has to be declared in your conf.py file to make Sphinx aware of it. There are two steps necessary here:

- 1. Add the _ext directory to the Python path²⁸⁹ using sys.path.append. This should be placed at the top of the file.
- 2. Update or create the extensions list and add the extension file name to the list

For example:

```
import os
import sys

sys.path.append(os.path.abspath("./_ext"))

extensions = ['helloworld']
```

Suggerimento: We're not distributing this extension as a Python package²⁹⁰, we need to modify the Python path²⁹¹ so Sphinx can find our extension. This is why we need the call to sys.path.append.

You can now use the extension in a file. For example:

```
Some intro text here...
```

 $^{^{289}\} https://docs.python.org/3/using/cmdline.html\#envvar-PYTHONPATH$

²⁹⁰ https://packaging.python.org/

²⁹¹ https://docs.python.org/3/using/cmdline.html#envvar-PYTHONPATH

.. helloworld::

Some more text here...

The sample above would generate:

Some intro text here...

Hello World!

Some more text here...

Further reading

This is the very basic principle of an extension that creates a new directive.

For a more advanced example, refer to *Developing a «TODO» extension*.

Developing a «TODO» extension

The objective of this tutorial is to create a more comprehensive extension than that created in *Developing a «Hello world» extension*. Whereas that guide just covered writing a custom *directive*, this guide adds multiple directives, along with custom nodes, additional config values and custom event handlers. To this end, we will cover a todo extension that adds capabilities to include todo entries in the documentation, and to collect these in a central place. This is similar the sphinxext.todo extension distributed with Sphinx.

Overview

Nota: To understand the design of this extension, refer to *Important objects* and *Build Phases*.

We want the extension to add the following to Sphinx:

- A todo directive, containing some content that is marked with «TODO» and only shown in the output if a new
 config value is set. Todo entries should not be in the output by default.
- A todolist directive that creates a list of all todo entries throughout the documentation.

For that, we will need to add the following elements to Sphinx:

- New directives, called todo and todolist.
- New document tree nodes to represent these directives, conventionally also called todo and todolist. We
 wouldn't need new nodes if the new directives only produced some content representable by existing nodes.
- A new config value todo_include_todos (config value names should start with the extension name, in order
 to stay unique) that controls whether todo entries make it into the output.
- New event handlers: one for the *doctree-resolved* event, to replace the todo and todolist nodes, one for *env-merge-info* to merge intermediate results from parallel builds, and one for *env-purge-doc* (the reason for that will be covered later).

2.2. Extension tutorials 199

Prerequisites

As with *Developing a «Hello world» extension*, we will not be distributing this plugin via PyPI so once again we need a Sphinx project to call this from. You can use an existing project or create a new one using **sphinx-quickstart**.

We assume you are using separate source (source) and build (build) folders. Your extension file could be in any folder of your project. In our case, let's do the following:

- 1. Create an _ext folder in source
- 2. Create a new Python file in the _ext folder called todo.py

Here is an example of the folder structure you might obtain:

Writing the extension

Open todo.py and paste the following code in it, all of which we will explain in detail shortly:

```
from docutils import nodes
   from docutils.parsers.rst import Directive
   from sphinx.locale import _
   from sphinx.util.docutils import SphinxDirective
   class todo(nodes.Admonition, nodes.Element):
       pass
10
11
   class todolist(nodes.General, nodes.Element):
12
       pass
13
15
   def visit_todo_node(self, node):
        self.visit_admonition(node)
17
19
   def depart_todo_node(self, node):
        self.depart_admonition(node)
21
22
23
   class TodolistDirective(Directive):
24
25
       def run(self):
26
            return [todolist('')]
27
```

```
28
29
   class TodoDirective(SphinxDirective):
30
31
       # this enables content in the directive
       has_content = True
33
       def run(self):
35
           targetid = 'todo-%d' % self.env.new_serialno('todo')
           targetnode = nodes.target('', '', ids=[targetid])
37
           todo_node = todo('\n'.join(self.content))
           todo_node += nodes.title(_('Todo'), _('Todo'))
           self.state.nested_parse(self.content, self.content_offset, todo_node)
41
           if not hasattr(self.env, 'todo_all_todos'):
43
                self.env.todo_all_todos = []
45
           self.env.todo_all_todos.append({
                'docname': self.env.docname,
47
                'lineno': self.lineno,
48
                'todo': todo_node.deepcopy(),
49
                'target': targetnode,
50
           })
52
           return [targetnode, todo_node]
54
   def purge_todos(app, env, docname):
56
       if not hasattr(env, 'todo_all_todos'):
57
           return
58
       env.todo_all_todos = [todo for todo in env.todo_all_todos
60
                               if todo['docname'] != docname]
62
   def merge_todos(app, env, docnames, other):
64
       if not hasattr(env, 'todo_all_todos'):
65
           env.todo_all_todos = []
       if hasattr(other, 'todo_all_todos'):
67
           env.todo_all_todos.extend(other.todo_all_todos)
   def process_todo_nodes(app, doctree, fromdocname):
71
       if not app.config.todo_include_todos:
72
           for node in doctree.traverse(todo):
73
                node.parent.remove(node)
75
       # Replace all todolist nodes with a list of the collected todos.
       # Augment each todo with a backlink to the original location.
77
       env = app.builder.env
78
```

```
if not hasattr(env, 'todo_all_todos'):
80
            env.todo_all_todos = []
81
82
        for node in doctree.traverse(todolist):
83
            if not app.config.todo_include_todos:
                node.replace_self([])
85
                continue
            content = []
            for todo_info in env.todo_all_todos:
                para = nodes.paragraph()
91
                filename = env.doc2path(todo_info['docname'], base=None)
                description = (
93
                     _('(The original entry is located in %s, line %d and can be found ') %
                     (filename, todo_info['lineno']))
                para += nodes.Text(description, description)
97
                # Create a reference
                newnode = nodes.reference('', '')
                innernode = nodes.emphasis(_('here'), _('here'))
100
                newnode['refdocname'] = todo_info['docname']
101
                newnode['refuri'] = app.builder.get_relative_uri(
102
                     fromdocname, todo_info['docname'])
                newnode['refuri'] += '#' + todo_info['target']['refid']
104
                newnode.append(innernode)
                para += newnode
106
                para += nodes.Text('.)', '.)')
108
                # Insert into the todolist
                content.append(todo_info['todo'])
110
                content.append(para)
112
            node.replace_self(content)
113
114
115
   def setup(app):
116
        app.add_config_value('todo_include_todos', False, 'html')
117
118
        app.add_node(todolist)
119
        app.add_node(todo,
120
                     html=(visit_todo_node, depart_todo_node),
121
                     latex=(visit_todo_node, depart_todo_node),
                      text=(visit_todo_node, depart_todo_node))
123
124
        app.add_directive('todo', TodoDirective)
125
        app.add_directive('todolist', TodolistDirective)
        app.connect('doctree-resolved', process_todo_nodes)
127
        app.connect('env-purge-doc', purge_todos)
        app.connect('env-merge-info', merge_todos)
129
130
       return {
131
```

```
'version': '0.1',
'parallel_read_safe': True,
'parallel_write_safe': True,

}
```

This is far more extensive extension than the one detailed in *Developing a «Hello world» extension*, however, we will will look at each piece step-by-step to explain what's happening.

The node classes

Let's start with the node classes:

```
class todo(nodes.Admonition, nodes.Element):
    pass

class todolist(nodes.General, nodes.Element):
    pass

def visit_todo_node(self, node):
    self.visit_admonition(node)

def depart_todo_node(self, node):
    self.depart_admonition(node)
```

Node classes usually don't have to do anything except inherit from the standard docutils classes defined in docutils. nodes. todo inherits from Admonition because it should be handled like a note or warning, todolist is just a «general» node.

Nota: Many extensions will not have to create their own node classes and work fine with the nodes already provided by docutils²⁹² and *Sphinx*.

Attenzione: It is important to know that while you can extend Sphinx without leaving your conf.py, if you declare an inherited node right there, you'll hit an unobvious PickleError. So if something goes wrong, please make sure that you put inherited nodes into a separate Python module.

For more details, see:

- https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/issues/6751
- https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/issues/1493
- https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/issues/1424

2.2. Extension tutorials

²⁹² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/doctree.html

The directive classes

A directive class is a class deriving usually from *docutils.parsers.rst.Directive*. The directive interface is also covered in detail in the docutils documentation²⁹³; the important thing is that the class should have attributes that configure the allowed markup, and a run method that returns a list of nodes.

Looking first at the TodolistDirective directive:

```
class TodolistDirective(Directive):

def run(self):
    return [todolist('')]
```

It's very simple, creating and returning an instance of our todolist node class. The TodolistDirective directive itself has neither content nor arguments that need to be handled. That brings us to the TodoDirective directive:

```
class TodoDirective(SphinxDirective):
2
       # this enables content in the directive
3
       has_content = True
       def run(self):
6
           targetid = 'todo-%d' % self.env.new_serialno('todo')
           targetnode = nodes.target('', '', ids=[targetid])
           todo_node = todo('\n'.join(self.content))
10
           todo_node += nodes.title(_('Todo'), _('Todo'))
11
           self.state.nested_parse(self.content, self.content_offset, todo_node)
12
           if not hasattr(self.env, 'todo_all_todos'):
14
                self.env.todo_all_todos = []
16
           self.env.todo_all_todos.append({
                'docname': self.env.docname.
18
                'lineno': self.lineno,
                'todo': todo_node.deepcopy(),
20
                'target': targetnode,
21
           })
22
23
           return [targetnode, todo_node]
```

Several important things are covered here. First, as you can see, we're now subclassing the *SphinxDirective* helper class instead of the usual *Directive* class. This gives us access to the *build environment instance* using the self.env property. Without this, we'd have to use the rather convoluted self.state.document.settings.env. Then, to act as a link target (from TodolistDirective), the TodoDirective directive needs to return a target node in addition to the todo node. The target ID (in HTML, this will be the anchor name) is generated by using env.new_serialno which returns a new unique integer on each call and therefore leads to unique target names. The target node is instantiated without any text (the first two arguments).

On creating admonition node, the content body of the directive are parsed using self.state.nested_parse. The first argument gives the content body, and the second one gives content offset. The third argument gives the parent node of parsed result, in our case the todo node. Following this, the todo node is added to the environment. This is needed to be able to create a list of all todo entries throughout the documentation, in the place where the author puts a todolist directive. For this case, the environment attribute todo_all_todos is used (again, the name should be

²⁹³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html

unique, so it is prefixed by the extension name). It does not exist when a new environment is created, so the directive must check and create it if necessary. Various information about the todo entry's location are stored along with a copy of the node.

In the last line, the nodes that should be put into the doctree are returned: the target node and the admonition node.

The node structure that the directive returns looks like this:

The event handlers

Event handlers are one of Sphinx's most powerful features, providing a way to do hook into any part of the documentation process. There are many events provided by Sphinx itself, as detailed in *the API guide*, and we're going to use a subset of them here.

Let's look at the event handlers used in the above example. First, the one for the env-purge-doc event:

```
def purge_todos(app, env, docname):
    if not hasattr(env, 'todo_all_todos'):
        return

env.todo_all_todos = [todo for todo in env.todo_all_todos
        if todo['docname'] != docname]
```

Since we store information from source files in the environment, which is persistent, it may become out of date when the source file changes. Therefore, before each source file is read, the environment's records of it are cleared, and the <code>env-purge-doc</code> event gives extensions a chance to do the same. Here we clear out all todos whose docname matches the given one from the todo_all_todos list. If there are todos left in the document, they will be added again during parsing.

The next handler, for the *env-merge-info* event, is used during parallel builds. As during parallel builds all threads have their own env, there's multiple todo_all_todos lists that need to be merged:

```
def merge_todos(app, env, docnames, other):
    if not hasattr(env, 'todo_all_todos'):
        env.todo_all_todos = []
    if hasattr(other, 'todo_all_todos'):
        env.todo_all_todos.extend(other.todo_all_todos)
```

The other handler belongs to the *doctree-resolved* event:

```
def process_todo_nodes(app, doctree, fromdocname):
       if not app.config.todo_include_todos:
           for node in doctree.traverse(todo):
               node.parent.remove(node)
       # Replace all todolist nodes with a list of the collected todos.
       # Augment each todo with a backlink to the original location.
       env = app.builder.env
       if not hasattr(env, 'todo_all_todos'):
10
           env.todo_all_todos = []
12
       for node in doctree.traverse(todolist):
           if not app.config.todo_include_todos:
14
               node.replace_self([])
               continue
           content = []
18
           for todo_info in env.todo_all_todos:
20
               para = nodes.paragraph()
21
               filename = env.doc2path(todo_info['docname'], base=None)
22
               description = (
23
                    _('(The original entry is located in %s, line %d and can be found ') %
24
                    (filename, todo_info['lineno']))
25
               para += nodes.Text(description, description)
27
               # Create a reference
               newnode = nodes.reference('', '')
29
               innernode = nodes.emphasis(_('here'), _('here'))
               newnode['refdocname'] = todo_info['docname']
31
               newnode['refuri'] = app.builder.get_relative_uri(
                    fromdocname, todo_info['docname'])
33
               newnode['refuri'] += '#' + todo_info['target']['refid']
               newnode.append(innernode)
35
               para += newnode
               para += nodes.Text('.)', '.)')
37
38
               # Insert into the todolist
               content.append(todo_info['todo'])
               content.append(para)
41
42.
           node.replace_self(content)
43
```

The doctree-resolved event is emitted at the end of phase 3 (resolving) and allows custom resolving to be done. The handler we have written for this event is a bit more involved. If the todo_include_todos config value (which we'll describe shortly) is false, all todo and todolist nodes are removed from the documents. If not, todo nodes just stay where and how they are. todolist nodes are replaced by a list of todo entries, complete with backlinks to the location where they come from. The list items are composed of the nodes from the todo entry and docutils nodes created on the fly: a paragraph for each entry, containing text that gives the location, and a link (reference node containing an italic node) with the backreference. The reference URI is built by sphinx.builders.Builder.get_relative_uri() which creates a suitable URI depending on the used builder, and appending the todo node's (the target's) ID as the anchor name.

The setup function

As noted *previously*, the setup function is a requirement and is used to plug directives into Sphinx. However, we also use it to hook up the other parts of our extension. Let's look at our setup function:

```
def setup(app):
       app.add_config_value('todo_include_todos', False, 'html')
2
       app.add_node(todolist)
       app.add_node(todo,
                     html=(visit_todo_node, depart_todo_node),
6
                     latex=(visit_todo_node, depart_todo_node),
                     text=(visit_todo_node, depart_todo_node))
       app.add_directive('todo', TodoDirective)
10
       app.add_directive('todolist', TodolistDirective)
11
       app.connect('doctree-resolved', process_todo_nodes)
12
       app.connect('env-purge-doc', purge_todos)
13
       app.connect('env-merge-info', merge_todos)
14
15
       return {
16
           'version': '0.1'.
           'parallel_read_safe': True,
18
            'parallel_write_safe': True,
       }
```

The calls in this function refer to the classes and functions we added earlier. What the individual calls do is the following:

• add_config_value() lets Sphinx know that it should recognize the new config value todo_include_todos, whose default value should be False (this also tells Sphinx that it is a boolean value).

If the third argument was 'html', HTML documents would be full rebuild if the config value changed its value. This is needed for config values that influence reading (build *phase 1 (reading)*).

- add_node() adds a new node class to the build system. It also can specify visitor functions for each supported output format. These visitor functions are needed when the new nodes stay until phase 4 (writing). Since the todolist node is always replaced in phase 3 (resolving), it doesn't need any.
- add_directive() adds a new directive, given by name and class.
- Finally, *connect()* adds an *event handler* to the event whose name is given by the first argument. The event handler function is called with several arguments which are documented with the event.

With this, our extension is complete.

Using the extension

As before, we need to enable the extension by declaring it in our conf.py file. There are two steps necessary here:

- 1. Add the _ext directory to the Python path²⁹⁴ using sys.path.append. This should be placed at the top of the file
- 2. Update or create the extensions list and add the extension file name to the list

In addition, we may wish to set the todo_include_todos config value. As noted above, this defaults to False but we can set it explicitly.

For example:

2.2. Extension tutorials 207

 $^{^{294}\} https://docs.python.org/3/using/cmdline.html\#envvar-PYTHONPATH$

```
import os
import sys

sys.path.append(os.path.abspath("./_ext"))

extensions = ['todo']

todo_include_todos = False
```

You can now use the extension throughout your project. For example:

Listato 1: index.rst

```
Hello, world
============

.. toctree::
    somefile.rst
    someotherfile.rst

Hello world. Below is the list of TODOs.
.. todolist::
```

Listato 2: somefile.rst

```
foo
===
Some intro text here...
.. todo:: Fix this
```

Listato 3: someotherfile.rst

bar === Some more text here... .. todo:: Fix that

Because we have configured todo_include_todos to False, we won't actually see anything rendered for the todo and todolist directives. However, if we toggle this to true, we will see the output described previously.

Further reading

For more information, refer to the docutils²⁹⁵ documentation and *Developing extensions for Sphinx*.

Developing a «recipe» extension

The objective of this tutorial is to illustrate roles, directives and domains. Once complete, we will be able to use this extension to describe a recipe and reference that recipe from elsewhere in our documentation.

Nota: This tutorial is based on a guide first published on opensource.com²⁹⁶ and is provided here with the original author's permission.

Overview

We want the extension to add the following to Sphinx:

- A recipe *directive*, containing some content describing the recipe steps, along with a :contains: option highlighting the main ingredients of the recipe.
- A ref *role*, which provides a cross-reference to the recipe itself.
- A recipe *domain*, which allows us to tie together the above role and domain, along with things like indices.

For that, we will need to add the following elements to Sphinx:

- A new directive called recipe
- New indexes to allow us to reference ingredient and recipes
- A new domain called recipe, which will contain the recipe directive and ref role

2.2. Extension tutorials 209

²⁹⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/

²⁹⁶ https://opensource.com/article/18/11/building-custom-workflows-sphinx

Prerequisites

We need the same setup as in *the previous extensions*. This time, we will be putting out extension in a file called recipe.py.

Here is an example of the folder structure you might obtain:

```
source
—__ext
___recipe.py
—_conf.py
—_index.rst
```

Writing the extension

Open recipe.py and paste the following code in it, all of which we will explain in detail shortly:

```
from collections import defaultdict
   from docutils.parsers.rst import directives
   from sphinx import addnodes
   from sphinx.directives import ObjectDescription
   from sphinx.domains import Domain, Index
   from sphinx.roles import XRefRole
   from sphinx.util.nodes import make_refnode
11
   class RecipeDirective(ObjectDescription):
       """A custom directive that describes a recipe."""
13
       has_content = True
15
       required_arguments = 1
       option_spec = {
17
            'contains': directives.unchanged_required,
18
19
20
       def handle_signature(self, sig, signode):
21
           signode += addnodes.desc_name(text=sig)
22
           return sig
23
24
       def add_target_and_index(self, name_cls, sig, signode):
25
           signode['ids'].append('recipe' + '-' + sig)
26
           if 'contains' not in self.options:
               ingredients = [
28
                    x.strip() for x in self.options.get('contains').split(',')]
30
               recipes = self.env.get_domain('recipe')
               recipes.add_recipe(sig, ingredients)
32
33
34
   class IngredientIndex(Index):
35
       """A custom index that creates an ingredient matrix."""
```

```
37
       name = 'ingredient'
38
       localname = 'Ingredient Index'
39
       shortname = 'Ingredient'
       def generate(self, docnames=None):
42
           content = defaultdict(list)
43
44
           recipes = {name: (dispname, typ, docname, anchor)
                       for name, dispname, typ, docname, anchor, _
46
                       in self.domain.get_objects()}
           recipe_ingredients = self.domain.data['recipe_ingredients']
48
           ingredient_recipes = defaultdict(list)
50
           # flip from recipe_ingredients to ingredient_recipes
           for recipe_name, ingredients in recipe_ingredients.items():
52
                for ingredient in ingredients:
53
                    ingredient_recipes[ingredient].append(recipe_name)
54
           # convert the mapping of ingredient to recipes to produce the expected
           # output, shown below, using the ingredient name as a key to group
57
           #
58
           # name, subtype, docname, anchor, extra, qualifier, description
           for ingredient, recipe_names in ingredient_recipes.items():
                for recipe_name in recipe_names:
61
                    dispname, typ, docname, anchor = recipes[recipe_name]
                    content[ingredient].append(
63
                        (dispname, 0, docname, anchor, docname, '', typ))
65
           # convert the dict to the sorted list of tuples expected
           content = sorted(content.items())
67
           return content, True
69
71
   class RecipeIndex(Index):
72
       """A custom index that creates an recipe matrix."""
73
74
       name = 'recipe'
       localname = 'Recipe Index'
76
       shortname = 'Recipe'
78
       def generate(self, docnames=None):
           content = defaultdict(list)
80
81
           # sort the list of recipes in alphabetical order
82
           recipes = self.domain.get_objects()
           recipes = sorted(recipes, key=lambda recipe: recipe[0])
84
           # generate the expected output, shown below, from the above using the
86
           # first letter of the recipe as a key to group thing
87
```

```
# name, subtype, docname, anchor, extra, qualifier, description
29
            for name, dispname, typ, docname, anchor, _ in recipes:
90
                 content[dispname[0].lower()].append(
91
                     (dispname, 0, docname, anchor, docname, '', typ))
             # convert the dict to the sorted list of tuples expected
            content = sorted(content.items())
            return content, True
    class RecipeDomain(Domain):
100
        name = 'recipe'
102
        label = 'Recipe Sample'
        roles = {
104
             'ref': XRefRole()
105
106
        directives = {
107
             'recipe': RecipeDirective,
108
        }
109
        indices = {
110
            RecipeIndex,
111
            IngredientIndex
112
113
        initial_data = {
             'recipes': [], # object list
115
             'recipe_ingredients': {}, # name -> object
        }
117
        def get_full_qualified_name(self, node):
119
            return '{}.{}'.format('recipe', node.arguments[0])
121
        def get_objects(self):
122
            for obj in self.data['recipes']:
123
                 yield(obj)
124
125
        def resolve_xref(self, env, fromdocname, builder, typ, target, node,
126
                           contnode):
127
            match = [(docname, anchor)
128
                      for name, sig, typ, docname, anchor, prio
129
                      in self.get_objects() if sig == target]
130
131
            if len(match) > 0:
132
                 todocname = match[0][0]
133
                 targ = match[0][1]
134
                 return make_refnode(builder, fromdocname, todocname, targ,
136
                                       contnode, targ)
            else:
138
                 print('Awww, found nothing')
139
                 return None
140
```

```
141
        def add_recipe(self, signature, ingredients):
142
             """Add a new recipe to the domain."""
143
            name = '{}.{}'.format('recipe', signature)
144
            anchor = 'recipe-{}'.format(signature)
146
            self.data['recipe_ingredients'][name] = ingredients
147
             # name, dispname, type, docname, anchor, priority
148
            self.data['recipes'].append(
                 (name, signature, 'Recipe', self.env.docname, anchor, 0))
150
151
152
    def setup(app):
153
        app.add_domain(RecipeDomain)
154
155
        return {
156
             'version': '0.1',
157
             'parallel_read_safe': True,
158
             'parallel_write_safe': True,
159
        }
160
```

Let's look at each piece of this extension step-by-step to explain what's going on.

The directive class

The first thing to examine is the RecipeDirective directive:

```
class RecipeDirective(ObjectDescription):
       """A custom directive that describes a recipe."""
2
       has_content = True
       required_arguments = 1
       option_spec = {
           'contains': directives.unchanged_required,
       }
       def handle_signature(self, sig, signode):
           signode += addnodes.desc_name(text=sig)
11
           return sig
13
       def add_target_and_index(self, name_cls, sig, signode):
           signode['ids'].append('recipe' + '-' + sig)
15
           if 'contains' not in self.options:
               ingredients = [
                   x.strip() for x in self.options.get('contains').split(',')]
               recipes = self.env.get_domain('recipe')
20
               recipes.add_recipe(sig, ingredients)
```

Unlike Developing a «Hello world» extension and Developing a «TODO» extension, this directive doesn't derive from docutils.parsers.rst.Directive and doesn't define a run method. Instead, it derives from sphinx. directives.ObjectDescription and defines handle_signature and add_target_and_index methods. This

is because ObjectDescription is a special-purpose directive that's intended for describing things like classes, functions, or, in our case, recipes. More specifically, handle_signature implements parsing the signature of the directive and passes on the object's name and type to its superclass, while add_taget_and_index adds a target (to link to) and an entry to the index for this node.

We also see that this directive defines has_content, required_arguments and option_spec. Unlike the TodoDirective directive added in the *previous tutorial*, this directive takes a single argument, the recipe name, and an option, contains, in addition to the nested reStructuredText in the body.

The index classes

Da fare: Add brief overview of indices

```
class IngredientIndex(Index):
       """A custom index that creates an ingredient matrix."""
2
       name = 'ingredient'
       localname = 'Ingredient Index'
       shortname = 'Ingredient'
6
       def generate(self, docnames=None):
           content = defaultdict(list)
10
           recipes = {name: (dispname, typ, docname, anchor)
11
                       for name, dispname, typ, docname, anchor, _
12
                       in self.domain.get_objects()}
13
           recipe_ingredients = self.domain.data['recipe_ingredients']
14
           ingredient_recipes = defaultdict(list)
15
           # flip from recipe_ingredients to ingredient_recipes
17
           for recipe_name, ingredients in recipe_ingredients.items():
               for ingredient in ingredients:
19
                    ingredient_recipes[ingredient].append(recipe_name)
21
           # convert the mapping of ingredient to recipes to produce the expected
           # output, shown below, using the ingredient name as a key to group
23
           # name, subtype, docname, anchor, extra, qualifier, description
25
           for ingredient, recipe_names in ingredient_recipes.items():
26
               for recipe_name in recipe_names:
27
                    dispname, typ, docname, anchor = recipes[recipe_name]
28
                    content[ingredient].append(
29
                        (dispname, 0, docname, anchor, docname, '', typ))
31
           # convert the dict to the sorted list of tuples expected
32
           content = sorted(content.items())
34
           return content, True
```

```
class RecipeIndex(Index):
    """A custom index that creates an recipe matrix."""
```

```
name = 'recipe'
4
       localname = 'Recipe Index'
       shortname = 'Recipe'
6
       def generate(self, docnames=None):
           content = defaultdict(list)
10
           # sort the list of recipes in alphabetical order
           recipes = self.domain.get_objects()
12
           recipes = sorted(recipes, key=lambda recipe: recipe[0])
13
14
           # generate the expected output, shown below, from the above using the
           # first letter of the recipe as a key to group thing
16
           # name, subtype, docname, anchor, extra, qualifier, description
18
           for name, dispname, typ, docname, anchor, _ in recipes:
19
               content[dispname[0].lower()].append(
20
                    (dispname, 0, docname, anchor, docname, '', typ))
21
22
           # convert the dict to the sorted list of tuples expected
23
           content = sorted(content.items())
24
25
           return content, True
```

Both IngredientIndex and RecipeIndex are derived from *Index*. They implement custom logic to generate a tuple of values that define the index. Note that RecipeIndex is a simple index that has only one entry. Extending it to cover more object types is not yet part of the code.

Both indices use the method <code>Index.generate()</code> to do their work. This method combines the information from our domain, sorts it, and returns it in a list structure that will be accepted by Sphinx. This might look complicated but all it really is is a list of tuples like ('tomato', 'TomatoSoup', 'test', 'rec-TomatoSoup',...). Refer to the <code>domain API guide</code> for more information on this API.

These index pages can be referred by combination of domain name and its name using *ref* role. For example, RecipeIndex can be referred by :ref:`recipe-recipe`.

The domain

A Sphinx domain is a specialized container that ties together roles, directives, and indices, among other things. Let's look at the domain we're creating here.

```
class RecipeDomain(Domain):

name = 'recipe'
label = 'Recipe Sample'

roles = {
    'ref': XRefRole()
}

directives = {
    'recipe': RecipeDirective,
}
indices = {
```

```
RecipeIndex,
12
           IngredientIndex
13
14
       initial_data = {
15
            'recipes': [], # object list
            'recipe_ingredients': {}, # name -> object
17
       }
19
       def get_full_qualified_name(self, node):
           return '{}.{}'.format('recipe', node.arguments[0])
21
22
       def get_objects(self):
23
           for obj in self.data['recipes']:
                yield(obj)
25
       def resolve_xref(self, env, fromdocname, builder, typ, target, node,
27
                         contnode):
28
           match = [(docname, anchor)
29
                     for name, sig, typ, docname, anchor, prio
                     in self.get_objects() if sig == target]
32
           if len(match) > 0:
33
                todocname = match[0][0]
34
                targ = match[0][1]
36
                return make_refnode(builder, fromdocname, todocname, targ,
                                     contnode, targ)
38
           else:
                print('Awww, found nothing')
40
                return None
42
       def add_recipe(self, signature, ingredients):
            """Add a new recipe to the domain."""
44
           name = '{}.{}'.format('recipe', signature)
           anchor = 'recipe-{}'.format(signature)
46
           self.data['recipe_ingredients'][name] = ingredients
48
            # name, dispname, type, docname, anchor, priority
           self.data['recipes'].append(
                (name, signature, 'Recipe', self.env.docname, anchor, 0))
51
```

There are some interesting things to note about this recipe domain and domains in general. Firstly, we actually register our directives, roles and indices here, via the directives, roles and indices attributes, rather than via calls later on in setup. We can also note that we aren't actually defining a custom role and are instead reusing the sphinx. roles.XRefRole role and defining the sphinx.domains.Domain.resolve_xref method. This method takes two arguments, typ and target, which refer to the cross-reference type and its target name. We'll use target to resolve our destination from our domain's recipes because we currently have only one type of node.

Moving on, we can see that we've defined initial_data. The values defined in initial_data will be copied to env. domaindata[domain_name] as the initial data of the domain, and domain instances can access it via self.data. We see that we have defined two items in initial_data: recipes and recipe2ingredient. These contain a list of all objects defined (i.e. all recipes) and a hash that maps a canonical ingredient name to the list of objects. The way we name objects is common across our extension and is defined in the get_full_qualified_name method. For each object

created, the canonical name is recipe. <recipename>, where <recipename> is the name the documentation writer gives the object (a recipe). This enables the extension to use different object types that share the same name. Having a canonical name and central place for our objects is a huge advantage. Both our indices and our cross-referencing code use this feature.

The setup function

As always, the setup function is a requirement and is used to hook the various parts of our extension into Sphinx. Let's look at the setup function for this extension.

```
def setup(app):
    app.add_domain(RecipeDomain)

return {
    'version': '0.1',
    'parallel_read_safe': True,
    'parallel_write_safe': True,
}
```

This looks a little different to what we're used to seeing. There are no calls to add_directive() or even add_role(). Instead, we have a single call to add_domain() followed by some initialization of the standard domain. This is because we had already registered our directives, roles and indexes as part of the directive itself.

Using the extension

You can now use the extension throughout your project. For example:

Listato 4: index.rst

Listato 5: tomato-soup.rst

```
The recipe contains `tomato` and `cilantro`.

.. recipe:recipe:: TomatoSoup
    :contains: tomato, cilantro, salt, pepper

This recipe is a tasty tomato soup, combine all ingredients and cook.
```

The important things to note are the use of the :recipe:ref: role to cross-reference the recipe actually defined elsewhere (using the :recipe:recipe: directive.

Further reading

For more information, refer to the docutils²⁹⁷ documentation and *Developing extensions for Sphinx*.

Developing autodoc extension for IntEnum

The objective of this tutorial is to create an extension that adds support for new type for autodoc. This autodoc extension will format the IntEnum class from Python standard library. (module enum)

Overview

We want the extension that will create auto-documentation for IntEnum. IntEnum is the integer enum class from standard library enum module.

Currently this class has no special auto documentation behavior.

We want to add following to autodoc:

- A new autointenum directive that will document the IntEnum class.
- The generated documentation will have all the enum possible values with names.
- The autointenum directive will have an option :hex: which will cause the integers be printed in hexadecimal form.

Prerequisites

We need the same setup as in *the previous extensions*. This time, we will be putting out extension in a file called autodoc_intenum.py. The my_enums.py will contain the sample enums we will document.

Here is an example of the folder structure you might obtain:

```
source
    ____ext
    ___ autodoc_intenum.py
    ___ conf.py
    ___ index.rst
    ___ my_enums.py
```

Writing the extension

Start with setup function for the extension.

```
def setup(app: Sphinx) -> None:
    app.setup_extension('sphinx.ext.autodoc') # Require autodoc extension
    app.add_autodocumenter(IntEnumDocumenter)
```

The setup_extension() method will pull the autodoc extension because our new extension depends on autodoc. add_autodocumenter() is the method that registers our new auto documenter class.

We want to import certain objects from the autodoc extension:

²⁹⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/

```
from enum import IntEnum
from typing import Any, Optional

from docutils.statemachine import StringList

from sphinx.application import Sphinx
from sphinx.ext.autodoc import ClassDocumenter, bool_option
```

There are several different documenter classes such as MethodDocumenter or AttributeDocumenter available in the autodoc extension but our new class is the subclass of ClassDocumenter which a documenter class used by autodoc to document classes.

This is the definition of our new the auto-documenter class:

```
class IntEnumDocumenter(ClassDocumenter):
       objtype = 'intenum'
2
       directivetype = 'class'
       priority = 10 + ClassDocumenter.priority
4
       option_spec = dict(ClassDocumenter.option_spec)
5
       option_spec['hex'] = bool_option
       @classmethod
       def can_document_member(cls,
                                member: Any, membername: str,
10
                                isattr: bool, parent: Any) -> bool:
11
           return isinstance(member, IntEnum)
12
13
       def add_directive_header(self, sig: str) -> None:
           super().add_directive_header(sig)
15
           self.add_line('
                             :final:', self.get_sourcename())
17
       def add_content(self,
18
                        more_content: Optional[StringList],
                        no_docstring: bool = False
20
                        ) -> None:
21
22
           super().add_content(more_content, no_docstring)
23
24
           source_name = self.get_sourcename()
25
           enum_object: IntEnum = self.object
26
           use_hex = self.options.hex
           self.add_line('', source_name)
28
           for enum_value in enum_object:
30
                the_value_name = enum_value.name
                the_value_value = enum_value.value
32
                if use_hex:
                    the_value_value = hex(the_value_value)
34
35
                self.add_line(
36
                    f"**{the_value_name}**: {the_value_value}", source_name)
37
                self.add_line('', source_name)
```

Important attributes of the new class:

objtype This attribute determines the auto directive name. In this case the auto directive will be autointenum.

directivetype This attribute sets the generated directive name. In this example the generated directive will be ..:py:class::.

priority the larger the number the higher is the priority. We want our documenter be higher priority than the parent.

option_spec option specifications. We copy the parent class options and add a new option hex.

Overridden members:

- **can_document_member** This member is important to override. It should return *True* when the passed object can be documented by this class.
- add_directive_header This method generates the directive header. We add :final: directive option. Remember to call super or no directive will be generated.
- **add_content** This method generates the body of the class documentation. After calling the super method we generate lines for enum description.

Using the extension

You can now use the new autodoc directive to document any IntEnum.

For example, you have the following IntEnum:

Listato 6: my_enums.py

```
class Colors(IntEnum):
    """Colors enumerator"""
    NONE = 0
    RED = 1
    GREEN = 2
    BLUE = 3
```

This will be the documentation file with auto-documentation directive:

Listato 7: index.rst

```
.. autointenum:: my_enums.Colors
```

2.3 Configuring builders

Discover builders by entry point

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

builder extensions can be discovered by means of entry points²⁹⁸ so that they do not have to be listed in the *extensions* configuration value.

Builder extensions should define an entry point in the sphinx.builders group. The name of the entry point needs to match your builder's *name* attribute, which is the name passed to the *sphinx-build -b* option. The entry point value should equal the dotted name of the extension module. Here is an example of how an entry point for "mybuilder" can be defined in the extension's setup.py

 $^{^{298}\} https://setuptools.readthedocs.io/en/latest/setuptools.html\#dynamic-discovery-of-services-and-plugins$

Note that it is still necessary to register the builder using add_builder() in the extension's setup() function.

2.4 HTML theme development

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Nota: This document provides information about creating your own theme. If you simply wish to use a pre-existing HTML themes, refer to *HTML Theming*.

Sphinx supports changing the appearance of its HTML output via *themes*. A theme is a collection of HTML templates, stylesheet(s) and other static files. Additionally, it has a configuration file which specifies from which theme to inherit, which highlighting style to use, and what options exist for customizing the theme's look and feel.

Themes are meant to be project-unaware, so they can be used for different projects without change.

Nota: See Developing extensions for Sphinx for more information that may be helpful in developing themes.

Creating themes

Themes take the form of either a directory or a zipfile (whose name is the theme name), containing the following:

- A theme.conf file.
- HTML templates, if needed.
- A static/ directory containing any static files that will be copied to the output static directory on build. These can be images, styles, script files.

The theme.conf file is in INI format (readable by the standard Python ConfigParser module) and has the following structure:

```
[theme]
inherit = base theme
stylesheet = main CSS name
pygments_style = stylename
sidebars = localtoc.html, relations.html, sourcelink.html, searchbox.html

[options]
variable = default value
```

¹ It is not an executable Python file, as opposed to conf.py, because that would pose an unnecessary security risk if themes are shared.

- The **inherit** setting gives the name of a «base theme», or none. The base theme will be used to locate missing templates (most themes will not have to supply most templates if they use basic as the base theme), its options will be inherited, and all of its static files will be used as well. If you want to also inherit the stylesheet, include it via CSS" @import in your own.
- The stylesheet setting gives the name of a CSS file which will be referenced in the HTML header. If you need
 more than one CSS file, either include one from the other via CSS" @import, or use a custom HTML template
 that adds <link rel="stylesheet"> tags as necessary. Setting the html_style config value will override
 this setting.
- The **pygments_style** setting gives the name of a Pygments style to use for highlighting. This can be overridden by the user in the *pygments_style* config value.
- The **pygments_dark_style** setting gives the name of a Pygments style to use for highlighting when the CSS media query (prefers-color-scheme: dark) evaluates to true. It is injected into the page using add_css_file().
- The **sidebars** setting gives the comma separated list of sidebar templates for constructing sidebars. This can be overridden by the user in the *html_sidebars* config value.
- The **options** section contains pairs of variable names and default values. These options can be overridden by the user in httml_theme_options and are accessible from all templates as theme_<name>.

Nuovo nella versione 1.7: sidebar settings

Distribute your theme as a Python package

As a way to distribute your theme, you can use Python package. Python package brings to users easy setting up ways.

To distribute your theme as a Python package, please define an entry point called sphinx.html_themes in your setup.py file, and write a setup() function to register your themes using add_html_theme() API in it:

If your theme package contains two or more themes, please call add_html_theme() twice or more.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2: "sphinx_themes" entry_points feature.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.6: sphinx_themes entry_points has been deprecated.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6: sphinx.html_themes entry_points feature.

Templating

The *guide to templating* is helpful if you want to write your own templates. What is important to keep in mind is the order in which Sphinx searches for templates:

- First, in the user's templates_path directories.
- Then, in the selected theme.
- Then, in its base theme, its base's base theme, etc.

When extending a template in the base theme with the same name, use the theme name as an explicit directory: {% extends "basic/layout.html" %}. From a user templates_path template, you can still use the «exclamation mark» syntax as described in the templating document.

Static templates

Since theme options are meant for the user to configure a theme more easily, without having to write a custom stylesheet, it is necessary to be able to template static files as well as HTML files. Therefore, Sphinx supports so-called «static templates», like this:

If the name of a file in the static/ directory of a theme (or in the user's static path, for that matter) ends with _t, it will be processed by the template engine. The _t will be left from the final file name. For example, the *classic* theme has a file static/classic.css_t which uses templating to put the color options into the stylesheet. When a documentation is built with the classic theme, the output directory will contain a _static/classic.css file where all template tags have been processed.

Use custom page metadata in HTML templates

Any key / value pairs in *field lists* that are placed *before* the page's title will be available to the Jinja template when building the page within the *meta* attribute. For example, if a page had the following text before its first title:

```
:mykey: My value

My first title
-----
```

Then it could be accessed within a Jinja template like so:

```
{%- if meta is mapping %}
    {{ meta.get("mykey") }}
{%- endif %}
```

Note the check that meta is a dictionary («mapping» in Jinja terminology) to ensure that using it in this way is valid.

Defining custom template functions

Sometimes it is useful to define your own function in Python that you wish to then use in a template. For example, if you'd like to insert a template value with logic that depends on the user's configuration in the project, or if you'd like to include non-trivial checks and provide friendly error messages for incorrect configuration in the template.

To define your own template function, you'll need to define two functions inside your module:

- A page context event handler (or registration) function. This is connected to the *Sphinx* application via an event callback.
- A **template function** that you will use in your Jinja template.

First, define the registration function, which accepts the arguments for html-page-context.

Within the registration function, define the template function that you'd like to use within Jinja. The template function should return a string or Python objects (lists, dictionaries) with strings inside that Jinja uses in the templating process

Nota: The template function will have access to all of the variables that are passed to the registration function.

At the end of the registration function, add the template function to the Sphinx application's context with context['template_func'] = template_func.

Finally, in your extension's setup() function, add your registration function as a callback for html-page-context.

```
# The registration function
def setup_my_func(app, pagename, templatename, context, doctree):
    # The template function
    def my_func(mystring):
        return "Your string is %s" % mystring
    # Add it to the page's context
    context['my_func'] = my_func

# Your extension's setup function
def setup(app):
    app.connect("html-page-context", setup_my_func)
```

Now, you will have access to this function in jinja like so:

```
<div>
{{ my_func("some string") }}
</div>
```

Add your own static files to the build assets

If you are packaging your own build assets with an extension (e.g., a CSS or JavaScript file), you need to ensure that they are placed in the _static/ folder of HTML outputs. To do so, you may copy them directly into a build's _static/ folder at build time, generally via an event hook. Here is some sample code to accomplish this:

```
def copy_custom_files(app, exc):
    if app.builder.format == 'html' and not exc:
        staticdir = path.join(app.builder.outdir, '_static')
        copy_asset_file('path/to/myextension/_static/myjsfile.js', staticdir)

def setup(app):
    app.connect('builder-inited', copy_custom_files)
```

Inject JavaScript based on user configuration

If your extension makes use of JavaScript, it can be useful to allow users to control its behavior using their Sphinx configuration. However, this can be difficult to do if your JavaScript comes in the form of a static library (which will not be built with Jinja).

There are two ways to inject variables into the JavaScript space based on user configuration.

First, you may append _t to the end of any static files included with your extension. This will cause Sphinx to process these files with the templating engine, allowing you to embed variables and control behavior.

For example, the following JavaScript structure:

```
mymodule/
    ____static
    ____ myjsfile.js_t
    ___ mymodule.py
```

Will result in the following static file placed in your HTML's build output:

```
_build/
__ html
__ _static
__ myjsfile.js
```

See Static templates for more information.

Second, you may use the Sphinx.add_js_file() method without pointing it to a file. Normally, this method is used to insert a new JavaScript file into your site. However, if you do *not* pass a file path, but instead pass a string to the «body» argument, then this text will be inserted as JavaScript into your site's head. This allows you to insert variables into your project's JavaScript from Python.

For example, the following code will read in a user-configured value and then insert this value as a JavaScript variable, which your extension's JavaScript code may use:

```
# This function reads in a variable and inserts it into JavaScript
def add_js_variable(app):
    # This is a configuration that you've specified for users in `conf.py`
    js_variable = app.config['my_javascript_variable']
    js_text = "var my_variable = '%s';" % js_variable
    app.add_js_file(None, body=js_text)
# We connect this function to the step after the builder is initialized
def setup(app):
    # Tell Sphinx about this configuration variable
    app.add_config_value('my_javascript_variable')
    # Run the function after the builder is initialized
    app.connect('builder-inited', add_js_variable)
```

As a result, in your theme you can use code that depends on the presence of this variable. Users can control the variable's value by defining it in their conf.py file.

CAPITOLO 3

Man Pages

These are the applications provided as part of Sphinx.

3.1 Core Applications

sphinx-quickstart

Synopsis

sphinx-quickstart

Description

sphinx-quickstart is an interactive tool that asks some questions about your project and then generates a complete documentation directory and sample Makefile to be used with *sphinx-build(1)*.

Options

-q, --quiet

Quiet mode that skips the interactive wizard for specifying options. This option requires -p, -a and -v options.

-h, --help, --version

Display usage summary or Sphinx version.

Structure Options

--sep

If specified, separate source and build directories.

--no-sep

If specified, create build directroy under source directroy.

--dot=DOT

Inside the root directory, two more directories will be created; «_templates» for custom HTML templates and «_static» for custom stylesheets and other static files. You can enter another prefix (such as «.») to replace the underscore.

Project Basic Options

-p PROJECT, --project=PROJECT

Project name will be set. (see *project*).

-a AUTHOR, --author=AUTHOR

Author names. (see copyright).

-v VERSION

Version of project. (see version).

-r RELEASE, --release=RELEASE

Release of project. (see release).

-1 LANGUAGE, --language=LANGUAGE

Document language. (see language).

--suffix=SUFFIX

Source file suffix. (see *source_suffix*).

--master=MASTER

Master document name. (see *root_doc*).

Extension Options

--ext-autodoc

Enable sphinx.ext.autodoc extension.

--ext-doctest

Enable sphinx.ext.doctest extension.

--ext-intersphinx

Enable sphinx.ext.intersphinx extension.

--ext-todo

Enable *sphinx.ext.todo* extension.

--ext-coverage

Enable sphinx.ext.coverage extension.

--ext-imgmath

Enable *sphinx.ext.imgmath* extension.

--ext-mathjax

Enable sphinx.ext.mathjax extension.

--ext-ifconfig

Enable sphinx.ext.ifconfig extension.

--ext-viewcode

Enable sphinx.ext.viewcode extension.

--ext-githubpages

Enable *sphinx.ext.githubpages* extension.

--extensions=EXTENSIONS

Enable arbitrary extensions.

Makefile and Batchfile Creation Options

--use-make-mode (-m), --no-use-make-mode (-M)

Makefile/make.bat uses (or doesn't use) *make-mode*. Default is use, which generates a more concise Makefile/make.bat.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: make-mode is default.

--makefile, --no-makefile

Create (or not create) makefile.

--batchfile, --no-batchfile

Create (or not create) batchfile

Project templating

Nuovo nella versione 1.5: Project templating options for sphinx-quickstart

-t, --templatedir=TEMPLATEDIR

Template directory for template files. You can modify the templates of sphinx project files generated by quickstart. Following Jinja2 template files are allowed:

- root_doc.rst_t
- conf.py_t
- Makefile_t
- Makefile.new_t
- make.bat t
- make.bat.new_t

In detail, please refer the system template files Sphinx provides. (sphinx/templates/quickstart)

-d NAME=VALUE

Define a template variable

See also

sphinx-build(1)

sphinx-build

Synopsis

sphinx-build [options] <sourcedir> <outputdir> [filenames ...]

Description

sphinx-build generates documentation from the files in <**sourcedir>** and places it in the <**outputdir>**.

sphinx-build looks for <**sourcedir**>/**conf.py** for the configuration settings. *sphinx-quickstart(1)* may be used to generate template files, including **conf.py**.

sphinx-build can create documentation in different formats. A format is selected by specifying the builder name on the command line; it defaults to HTML. Builders can also perform other tasks related to documentation processing. For a list of available builders, refer to *sphinx-build -b*.

By default, everything that is outdated is built. Output only for selected files can be built by specifying individual filenames.

Options

-b buildername

The most important option: it selects a builder. The most common builders are:

html Build HTML pages. This is the default builder.

dirhtml Build HTML pages, but with a single directory per document. Makes for prettier URLs (no .html) if served from a webserver.

singlehtml Build a single HTML with the whole content.

htmlhelp, qthelp, devhelp, epub Build HTML files with additional information for building a documentation collection in one of these formats.

applehelp Build an Apple Help Book. Requires **hiutil** and **codesign**, which are not Open Source and presently only available on Mac OS X 10.6 and higher.

latex Build LaTeX sources that can be compiled to a PDF document using pdflatex.

man Build manual pages in groff format for UNIX systems.

texinfo Build Texinfo files that can be processed into Info files using makeinfo.

text Build plain text files.

gettext Build gettext-style message catalogs (.pot files).

doctest Run all doctests in the documentation, if the *doctest* extension is enabled.

linkcheck Check the integrity of all external links.

xml Build Docutils-native XML files.

pseudoxml Build compact pretty-printed «pseudo-XML» files displaying the internal structure of the intermediate document trees.

See Builders for a list of all builders shipped with Sphinx. Extensions can add their own builders.

-M buildername

Alternative to -b. Uses the Sphinx **make_mode** module, which provides the same build functionality as a default *Makefile or Make.bat*. In addition to all Sphinx *Builders*, the following build pipelines are available:

latexpdf Build LaTeX files and run them through **pdflatex**, or as per *latex_engine* setting. If *language* is set to 'ja', will use automatically the **platex/dvipdfmx** latex to PDF pipeline.

info Build Texinfo files and run them through makeinfo.

Importante: Sphinx only recognizes the -M option if it is placed first.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.1.

-a

If given, always write all output files. The default is to only write output files for new and changed source files. (This may not apply to all builders.)

-E

Don't use a saved *environment* (the structure caching all cross-references), but rebuild it completely. The default is to only read and parse source files that are new or have changed since the last run.

-t tag

Define the tag tag. This is relevant for only directives that only include their content if this tag is set.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

-d path

Since Sphinx has to read and parse all source files before it can write an output file, the parsed source files are cached as «doctree pickles». Normally, these files are put in a directory called .doctrees under the build directory; with this option you can select a different cache directory (the doctrees can be shared between all builders).

-j N

Distribute the build over N processes in parallel, to make building on multiprocessor machines more effective. Note that not all parts and not all builders of Sphinx can be parallelized. If auto argument is given, Sphinx uses the number of CPUs as N.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2: This option should be considered *experimental*.

Cambiato nella versione 1.7: Support auto argument.

-c path

Don't look for the conf.py in the source directory, but use the given configuration directory instead. Note that various other files and paths given by configuration values are expected to be relative to the configuration directory, so they will have to be present at this location too.

Nuovo nella versione 0.3.

-C

Don't look for a configuration file; only take options via the -D option.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

-D setting=value

Override a configuration value set in the conf.py file. The value must be a number, string, list or dictionary value.

For lists, you can separate elements with a comma like this: -D html_theme_path=path1,path2.

For dictionary values, supply the setting name and key like this: -D latex_elements.docclass=scrartcl.

For boolean values, use 0 or 1 as the value.

Cambiato nella versione 0.6: The value can now be a dictionary value.

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: The value can now also be a list value.

-A name=value

Make the *name* assigned to *value* in the HTML templates.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

-n

Run in nit-picky mode. Currently, this generates warnings for all missing references. See the config value *nitpick_ignore* for a way to exclude some references as «known missing».

-N

Do not emit colored output.

-v

Increase verbosity (loglevel). This option can be given up to three times to get more debug logging output. It implies -T.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

-q

Do not output anything on standard output, only write warnings and errors to standard error.

-Q

Do not output anything on standard output, also suppress warnings. Only errors are written to standard error.

-w file

Write warnings (and errors) to the given file, in addition to standard error.

−₩

Turn warnings into errors. This means that the build stops at the first warning and sphinx-build exits with exit status 1.

--keep-going

With -W option, keep going processing when getting warnings to the end of build, and sphinx-build exits with exit status 1.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

-T

Display the full traceback when an unhandled exception occurs. Otherwise, only a summary is displayed and the traceback information is saved to a file for further analysis.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

-P

(Useful for debugging only.) Run the Python debugger, pdb²⁹⁹, if an unhandled exception occurs while building.

-h, --help, --version

Display usage summary or Sphinx version.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

You can also give one or more filenames on the command line after the source and build directories. Sphinx will then try to build only these output files (and their dependencies).

²⁹⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/pdb.html#module-pdb

Environment Variables

The **sphinx-build** refers following environment variables:

MAKE

A path to make command. A command name is also allowed. **sphinx-build** uses it to invoke sub-build process on make-mode.

Makefile Options

The Makefile and make.bat files created by **sphinx-quickstart** usually run **sphinx-build** only with the -b and -d options. However, they support the following variables to customize behavior:

PAPER

This sets the 'papersize' key of <code>latex_elements</code>: i.e. PAPER=a4 sets it to 'a4paper' and PAPER=letter to 'letterpaper'.

Nota: Usage of this environment variable got broken at Sphinx 1.5 as a4 or letter ended up as option to LaTeX document in place of the needed a4paper, resp. letterpaper. Fixed at 1.7.7.

SPHINXBUILD

The command to use instead of sphinx-build.

BUILDDIR

The build directory to use instead of the one chosen in **sphinx-quickstart**.

SPHINXOPTS

Additional options for **sphinx-build**. These options can also be set via the shortcut variable **O** (capital "o").

Deprecation Warnings

If any deprecation warning like RemovedInSphinxXXXWarning are displayed when building a user's document, some Sphinx extension is using deprecated features. In that case, please report it to author of the extension.

To disable the deprecation warnings, please set PYTHONWARNINGS= environment variable to your environment. For example:

- PYTHONWARNINGS= make html (Linux/Mac)
- export PYTHONWARNINGS= and do make html (Linux/Mac)
- set PYTHONWARNINGS= and do make html (Windows)
- modify your Makefile/make.bat and set the environment variable

See also

sphinx-quickstart(1)

3.2 Additional Applications

sphinx-apidoc

Synopsis

sphinx-apidoc [OPTIONS] -o <OUTPUT_PATH> <MODULE_PATH> [EXCLUDE_PATTERN ...]

Description

sphinx-apidoc is a tool for automatic generation of Sphinx sources that, using the autodoc extension, document a whole package in the style of other automatic API documentation tools.

MODULE_PATH is the path to a Python package to document, and *OUTPUT_PATH* is the directory where the generated sources are placed. Any *EXCLUDE_PATTERNs* given are fnmatch-style³⁰⁰ file and/or directory patterns that will be excluded from generation.

Avvertimento: sphinx-apidoc generates source files that use *sphinx.ext.autodoc* to document all found modules. If any modules have side effects on import, these will be executed by autodoc when sphinx-build is run.

If you document scripts (as opposed to library modules), make sure their main routine is protected by a if __name__ == '__main__' condition.

Options

-o <OUTPUT_PATH>

Directory to place the output files. If it does not exist, it is created.

-q

Do not output anything on standard output, only write warnings and errors to standard error.

-f, --force

Force overwriting of any existing generated files.

-1, --follow-links

Follow symbolic links.

-n, --dry-run

Do not create any files.

-s <suffix>

Suffix for the source files generated. Defaults to rst.

-d <MAXDEPTH>

Maximum depth for the generated table of contents file.

--tocfile

Filename for a table of contents file. Defaults to modules.

-T, --no-toc

Do not create a table of contents file. Ignored when --full is provided.

-F, --full

Generate a full Sphinx project (conf.py, Makefile etc.) using the same mechanism as sphinx-quickstart.

³⁰⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/fnmatch.html

-e, --separate

Put documentation for each module on its own page.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

-E, --no-headings

Do not create headings for the modules/packages. This is useful, for example, when docstrings already contain headings.

-P, --private

Include «_private» modules.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

--implicit-namespaces

By default sphinx-apidoc processes sys.path searching for modules only. Python 3.3 introduced **PEP 420**³⁰¹ implicit namespaces that allow module path structures such as foo/bar/module.py or foo/bar/baz/__init__.py (notice that bar and foo are namespaces, not modules).

Interpret paths recursively according to PEP-0420.

-M, --module-first

Put module documentation before submodule documentation.

These options are used when --full is specified:

-a

Append module_path to sys.path.

-H <project>

Sets the project name to put in generated files (see *project*).

-A <author>

Sets the author name(s) to put in generated files (see *copyright*).

-V <version>

Sets the project version to put in generated files (see *version*).

-R <release>

Sets the project release to put in generated files (see *release*).

Project templating

Nuovo nella versione 2.2: Project templating options for sphinx-apidoc

-t, --templatedir=TEMPLATEDIR

Template directory for template files. You can modify the templates of sphinx project files generated by apidoc. Following Jinja2 template files are allowed:

- module.rst_t
- package.rst_t
- toc.rst_t
- root_doc.rst_t
- conf.py_t
- Makefile_t
- Makefile.new_t
- make.bat_t

³⁰¹ https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0420

make.bat.new_t

In detail, please refer the system template files Sphinx provides. (sphinx/templates/apidoc and sphinx/templates/quickstart)

Environment

SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS

A comma-separated list of option to append to generated automodule directives. Defaults to members, undoc-members, show-inheritance.

See also

sphinx-build(1), sphinx-autogen(1)

sphinx-autogen

Synopsis

sphinx-autogen [options] <sourcefile> ...

Description

sphinx-autogen is a tool for automatic generation of Sphinx sources that, using the autodoc extension, document items included in *autosummary* listing(s).

sourcefile is the path to one or more reStructuredText documents containing *autosummary* entries with the :toctree:: option set. *sourcefile* can be an fnmatch³⁰²-style pattern.

Options

-o <outputdir>

Directory to place the output file. If it does not exist, it is created. Defaults to the value passed to the :toctree: option.

-s <suffix>, --suffix <suffix>

Default suffix to use for generated files. Defaults to rst.

-t <templates>, --templates <templates>

Custom template directory. Defaults to None.

-i, --imported-members

Document imported members.

³⁰² https://docs.python.org/3/library/fnmatch.html#module-fnmatch

Example

Given the following directory structure:

```
docs
|-- index.rst
|-- ...
foobar
|-- foo
|-- __init__.py
|-- bar
|-- __init__.py
|-- baz
|-- __init__.py
```

and assuming docs/index.rst contained the following:

```
Modules
======

.. autosummary::
    :toctree: modules

foobar.foo
    foobar.bar
    foobar.bar
```

If you run the following:

```
$ PYTHONPATH=. sphinx-autogen docs/index.rst
```

then the following stub files will be created in docs:

```
docs
— index.rst
— modules
— foobar.bar.rst
— foobar.baz.rst
— foobar.foo.rst
```

and each of those files will contain a autodoc directive and some other information.

See also

```
sphinx-build(1), sphinx-apidoc(1)
```

Templating

Sphinx uses the Jinja³⁰³ templating engine for its HTML templates. Jinja is a text-based engine, inspired by Django templates, so anyone having used Django will already be familiar with it. It also has excellent documentation for those who need to make themselves familiar with it.

4.1 Do I need to use Sphinx's templates to produce HTML?

No. You have several other options:

- You can write a *TemplateBridge* subclass that calls your template engine of choice, and set the *template_bridge* configuration value accordingly.
- You can write a custom builder that derives from StandaloneHTMLBuilder and calls your template engine of choice.
- You can use the PickleHTMLBuilder that produces pickle files with the page contents, and postprocess them using a custom tool, or use them in your Web application.

4.2 Jinja/Sphinx Templating Primer

The default templating language in Sphinx is Jinja. It's Django/Smarty inspired and easy to understand. The most important concept in Jinja is *template inheritance*, which means that you can overwrite only specific blocks within a template, customizing it while also keeping the changes at a minimum.

To customize the output of your documentation you can override all the templates (both the layout templates and the child templates) by adding files with the same name as the original filename into the template directory of the structure the Sphinx quickstart generated for you.

Sphinx will look for templates in the folders of templates_path first, and if it can't find the template it's looking for there, it falls back to the selected theme's templates.

A template contains **variables**, which are replaced with values when the template is evaluated, **tags**, which control the logic of the template and **blocks** which are used for template inheritance.

³⁰³ http://jinja.pocoo.org

Sphinx's *basic* theme provides base templates with a couple of blocks it will fill with data. These are located in the themes/basic subdirectory of the Sphinx installation directory, and used by all builtin Sphinx themes. Templates with the same name in the *templates_path* override templates supplied by the selected theme.

For example, to add a new link to the template area containing related links all you have to do is to add a new template called layout.html with the following contents:

By prefixing the name of the overridden template with an exclamation mark, Sphinx will load the layout template from the underlying HTML theme.

Importante: If you override a block, call {{ super() }} somewhere to render the block's original content in the extended template – unless you don't want that content to show up.

4.3 Working with the builtin templates

The builtin **basic** theme supplies the templates that all builtin Sphinx themes are based on. It has the following elements you can override or use:

Blocks

The following blocks exist in the layout.html template:

doctype The doctype of the output format. By default this is XHTML 1.0 Transitional as this is the closest to what Sphinx and Docutils generate and it's a good idea not to change it unless you want to switch to HTML 5 or a different but compatible XHTML doctype.

linktags This block adds a couple of link> tags to the head section of the template.

extrahead This block is empty by default and can be used to add extra contents into the <head> tag of the generated HTML file. This is the right place to add references to JavaScript or extra CSS files.

relbar1, **relbar2** This block contains the *relation bar*, the list of related links (the parent documents on the left, and the links to index, modules etc. on the right). **relbar1** appears before the document, **relbar2** after the document. By default, both blocks are filled; to show the relbar only before the document, you would override *relbar2* like this:

```
{% block relbar2 %}{% endblock %}
```

rootrellink, relbaritems Inside the relbar there are three sections: The rootrellink, the links from the documentation and the custom relbaritems. The rootrellink is a block that by default contains a list item pointing to the master document by default, the relbaritems is an empty block. If you override them to add extra links into the bar make sure that they are list items and end with the reldelim1.

document The contents of the document itself. It contains the block «body» where the individual content is put by subtemplates like page.html.

Nota: In order for the built-in JavaScript search to show a page preview on the results page, the document or body content should be wrapped in an HTML element containing the role="main" attribute. For example:

```
<div role="main">
  {% block document %}{% endblock %}
</div>
```

sidebar1, **sidebar2** A possible location for a sidebar. **sidebar1** appears before the document and is empty by default, **sidebar2** after the document and contains the default sidebar. If you want to swap the sidebar location override this and call the **sidebar** helper:

```
{% block sidebar1 %}{{ sidebar() }}{% endblock %}
{% block sidebar2 %}{% endblock %}
```

(The sidebar2 location for the sidebar is needed by the sphinxdoc.css stylesheet, for example.)

sidebarlogo The logo location within the sidebar. Override this if you want to place some content at the top of the sidebar.

footer The block for the footer div. If you want a custom footer or markup before or after it, override this one.

The following four blocks are *only* used for pages that do not have assigned a list of custom sidebars in the *html_sidebars* config value. Their use is deprecated in favor of separate sidebar templates, which can be included via *html_sidebars*.

sidebartoc The table of contents within the sidebar.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.0.

sidebarrel The relation links (previous, next document) within the sidebar.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.0.

sidebarsourcelink The «Show source» link within the sidebar (normally only shown if this is enabled by html_show_sourcelink).

Deprecato dalla versione 1.0.

sidebarsearch The search box within the sidebar. Override this if you want to place some content at the bottom of the sidebar

Deprecato dalla versione 1.0.

Configuration Variables

Inside templates you can set a couple of variables used by the layout template using the {% set %} tag:

reldelim1

The delimiter for the items on the left side of the related bar. This defaults to ' »' Each item in the related bar ends with the value of this variable.

reldelim2

The delimiter for the items on the right side of the related bar. This defaults to ' | '. Each item except of the last one in the related bar ends with the value of this variable.

Overriding works like this:

```
{% extends "!layout.html" %}
{% set reldelim1 = ' >' %}
```

script_files

Add additional script files here, like this:

```
{% set script_files = script_files + ["_static/myscript.js"] %}
```

Deprecato dalla versione 1.8.0: Please use .Sphinx.add_js_file() instead.

Helper Functions

Sphinx provides various Jinja functions as helpers in the template. You can use them to generate links or output multiply used elements.

pathto(document)

Return the path to a Sphinx document as a URL. Use this to refer to built documents.

pathto(file, 1)

Return the path to a *file* which is a filename relative to the root of the generated output. Use this to refer to static files.

hasdoc(document)

Check if a document with the name document exists.

sidebar()

Return the rendered sidebar.

relbar()

Return the rendered relation bar.

warning(message)

Emit a warning message.

Global Variables

These global variables are available in every template and are safe to use. There are more, but most of them are an implementation detail and might change in the future.

builder

The name of the builder (e.g. html or htmlhelp).

copyright

The value of *copyright*.

docstitle

The title of the documentation (the value of html_title), except when the «single-file» builder is used, when it is set to None.

embedded

True if the built HTML is meant to be embedded in some viewing application that handles navigation, not the web browser, such as for HTML help or Qt help formats. In this case, the sidebar is not included.

favicon

The path to the HTML favicon in the static path, or URL to the favicon, or ''.

Deprecato dalla versione 4.0: Recommend to use favicon_url instead.

favicon_url

The relative path to the HTML favicon image from the current document, or URL to the favicon, or ''.

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

file_suffix

242

The value of the builder's *out_suffix* attribute, i.e. the file name extension that the output files will get. For a standard HTML builder, this is usually .html.

has_source

True if the reST document sources are copied (if html_copy_source is True).

language

The value of language.

last_updated

The build date.

logo

The path to the HTML logo image in the static path, or URL to the logo, or ''.

Deprecato dalla versione 4.0: Recommend to use logo_url instead.

logo url

The relative path to the HTML logo image from the current document, or URL to the logo, or ''.

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

master_doc

Same as root_doc.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: Renamed to root_doc.

root_doc

The value of *root_doc*, for usage with *pathto()*.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0: Renamed from master_doc.

pagename

The «page name» of the current file, i.e. either the document name if the file is generated from a reST source, or the equivalent hierarchical name relative to the output directory ([directory/]filename_without_extension).

project

The value of project.

release

The value of release.

rellinks

A list of links to put at the left side of the relbar, next to «next» and «prev». This usually contains links to the general index and other indices, such as the Python module index. If you add something yourself, it must be a tuple (pagename, link title, accesskey, link text).

shorttitle

The value of $html_short_title$.

show_source

True if html_show_sourcelink is True.

sphinx_version

The version of Sphinx used to build.

style

The name of the main stylesheet, as given by the theme or html_style.

title

The title of the current document, as used in the <title> tag.

use_opensearch

The value of html_use_opensearch.

version

The value of version.

In addition to these values, there are also all **theme options** available (prefixed by theme_), as well as the values given by the user in html_context.

In documents that are created from source files (as opposed to automatically-generated files like the module index, or documents that already are in HTML form), these variables are also available:

body

A string containing the content of the page in HTML form as produced by the HTML builder, before the theme is applied.

display_toc

A boolean that is True if the toc contains more than one entry.

meta

Document metadata (a dictionary), see File-wide metadata.

metatags

A string containing the page's HTML meta³⁰⁴ tags.

next

The next document for the navigation. This variable is either false or has two attributes *link* and *title*. The title contains HTML markup. For example, to generate a link to the next page, you can use this snippet:

```
{% if next %}
<a href="{{ next.link|e }}">{{ next.title }}</a>
{% endif %}
```

page_source_suffix

The suffix of the file that was rendered. Since we support a list of *source_suffix*, this will allow you to properly link to the original source file.

parents

A list of parent documents for navigation, structured like the *next* item.

prev

Like *next*, but for the previous page.

sourcename

The name of the copied source file for the current document. This is only nonempty if the html_copy_source value is True. This has empty value on creating automatically-generated files.

toc

The local table of contents for the current page, rendered as HTML bullet lists.

toctree

A callable yielding the global TOC tree containing the current page, rendered as HTML bullet lists. Optional keyword arguments:

collapse If true, all TOC entries that are not ancestors of the current page are collapsed. True by default.

maxdepth The maximum depth of the tree. Set it to -1 to allow unlimited depth. Defaults to the max depth selected in the toctree directive.

titles_only If true, put only top-level document titles in the tree. False by default.

includehidden If true, the ToC tree will also contain hidden entries. False by default.

³⁰⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#meta

CAPITOLO 5

LaTeX customization

Unlike *the HTML builders*, the latex builder does not benefit from prepared themes. The *Options for LaTeX output*, and particularly the *latex_elements* variable, provides much of the interface for customization. For example:

```
# inside conf.py
latex_engine = 'xelatex'
latex_elements = {
    'fontpkg': r'''
\setmainfont{DejaVu Serif}
\setsansfont{DejaVu Sans}
\setmonofont{DejaVu Sans Mono}
    'preamble': r'''
\usepackage[titles]{tocloft}
\cftsetpnumwidth {1.25cm}\cftsetrmarg{1.5cm}
\setlength{\cftchapnumwidth}{0.75cm}
\setlength{\cftsecindent}{\cftchapnumwidth}
\setlength{\cftsecnumwidth}{1.25cm}
    'fncychap': r'\usepackage[Bjornstrup]{fncychap}',
    'printindex': r'\footnotesize\raggedright\printindex',
latex_show_urls = 'footnote'
```

Nota: Keep in mind that backslashes must be doubled in Python string literals to avoid interpretation as escape sequences. Alternatively, you may use raw strings as is done above.

5.1 The latex_elements configuration setting

A dictionary that contains LaTeX snippets overriding those Sphinx usually puts into the generated .tex files. Its 'sphinxsetup' key is described *separately*.

Keys that you may want to override include:

'papersize' Paper size option of the document class ('a4paper' or 'letterpaper')

Default: 'letterpaper'

'pointsize' Point size option of the document class ('10pt', '11pt' or '12pt')

Default: '10pt'

'pxunit' The value of the px when used in image attributes width and height. The default value is '0.75bp' which achieves 96px=1in (in TeX 1in = 72bp = 72.27pt.) To obtain for example 100px=1in use '0.01in' or '0.7227pt' (the latter leads to TeX computing a more precise value, due to the smaller unit used in the specification); for 72px=1in, simply use '1bp'; for 90px=1in, use '0.8bp' or '0.803pt'.

Default: '0.75bp'

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

'passoptionstopackages' A string which will be positioned early in the preamble, designed to contain \PassOptionsToPackage{options}{foo} commands.

Suggerimento: It may be also used for loading LaTeX packages very early in the preamble. For example package fancybox is incompatible with being loaded via the 'preamble' key, it must be loaded earlier.

Default: ''

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

'babel' «babel» package inclusion, default '\\usepackage{babel}' (the suitable document language string is passed as class option, and english is used if no language.) For Japanese documents, the default is the empty string.

With XeLaTeX and LuaLaTeX, Sphinx configures the LaTeX document to use polyglossia³⁰⁵, but one should be aware that current babel³⁰⁶ has improved its support for Unicode engines in recent years and for some languages it may make sense to prefer babel over polyglossia.

Suggerimento: After modifying a core LaTeX key like this one, clean up the LaTeX build repertory before next PDF build, else left-over auxiliary files are likely to break the build.

Default: '\\usepackage{babel}' ('' for Japanese documents)

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: For *latex_engine* set to 'xelatex', the default is '\\usepackage{polyglossia}\n\\setmainlanguage{<language>}'.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: 'lualatex' uses same default setting as 'xelatex'

Cambiato nella versione 1.7.6: For French, xelatex and lualatex default to using babel, not polyglossia.

'fontpkg' Font package inclusion. The default is:

 $^{^{305}}$ https://ctan.org/pkg/polyglossia

³⁰⁶ https://ctan.org/pkg/babel

```
r"""\usepackage{tgtermes}
\usepackage{tgheros}
\renewcommand\ttdefault{txtt}
"""
```

For 'xelatex' and 'lualatex' however the default is to use the GNU FreeFont.

Cambiato nella versione 1.2: Defaults to '' when the language uses the Cyrillic script.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Incorporates some font substitution commands to help support occasional Greek or Cyrillic in a document using 'pdflatex' engine.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0.0: - The font substitution commands added at 2.0 have been moved to the 'fontsubstitution' key, as their presence here made it complicated for user to customize the value of 'fontpkg'. - The default font setting has changed: it still uses Times and Helvetica clones for serif and sans serif, but via better, more complete TeX fonts and associated LaTeX packages. The monospace font has been changed to better match the Times clone.

'fncychap' Inclusion of the «fncychap» package (which makes fancy chapter titles), default '\\ usepackage[Bjarne]{fncychap}' for English documentation (this option is slightly customized by Sphinx), '\usepackage[Sonny]{fncychap}' for internationalized docs (because the «Bjarne» style uses numbers spelled out in English). Other «fncychap» styles you can try are «Lenny», «Glenn», «Conny», «Rejne» and «Bjornstrup». You can also set this to '' to disable fncychap.

Default: '\usepackage[Bjarne]{fncychap}' for English documents, '\\usepackage[Sonny]{fncychap}' for internationalized documents, and '' for Japanese documents.

'preamble' Additional preamble content. One may move all needed macros into some file mystyle.tex.txt of the project source repertory, and get LaTeX to import it at run time:

```
'preamble': r'\input{mystyle.tex.txt}',
# or, if the \ProvidesPackage LaTeX macro is used in a file mystyle.sty
'preamble': r'\usepackage{mystyle}',
```

It is then needed to set appropriately <code>latex_additional_files</code>, for example:

```
latex_additional_files = ["mystyle.sty"]
```

Default: ''

'figure_align' Latex figure float alignment. Whenever an image doesn't fit into the current page, it will be "floated" into the next page but may be preceded by any other text. If you don't like this behavior, use "H" which will disable floating and position figures strictly in the order they appear in the source.

```
Default: 'htbp' (here, top, bottom, page)
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

'atendofbody' Additional document content (right before the indices).

Default: ''

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

'extrapackages' Additional LaTeX packages. For example:

```
latex_elements = {
    'packages': r'\usepackage{isodate}'
}
```

The specified LaTeX packages will be loaded before hyperref package and packages loaded from Sphinx extensions.

Suggerimento: If you'd like to load additional LaTeX packages after hyperref, use 'preamble' key instead.

Default: ''

Nuovo nella versione 2.3.

'footer' Additional footer content (before the indices).

Default: ''

Deprecato dalla versione 1.5: Use 'atendofbody' key instead.

Keys that don't need to be overridden unless in special cases are:

'extraclassoptions' The default is the empty string. Example: 'extraclassoptions': 'openany' will allow chapters (for documents of the 'manual' type) to start on any page.

Default: ''

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: Added this documentation.

'maxlistdepth' LaTeX allows by default at most 6 levels for nesting list and quote-like environments, with at most 4 enumerated lists, and 4 bullet lists. Setting this key for example to '10' (as a string) will allow up to 10 nested levels (of all sorts). Leaving it to the empty string means to obey the LaTeX default.

Avvertimento:

- Using this key may prove incompatible with some LaTeX packages or special document classes which do their own list customization.
- The key setting is silently *ignored* if \usepackage{enumitem} is executed inside the document preamble. Use then rather the dedicated commands of this LaTeX package.

Default: 6

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

'inputenc' «inputenc» package inclusion.

Default: '\\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}' when using pdflatex, else ''

Cambiato nella versione 1.4.3: Previously '\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}' was used for all compilers.

'cmappkg' «cmap» package inclusion.

Default: '\\usepackage{cmap}'

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

- **'fontenc'** Customize this from its default '\\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}' to:
 - '\usepackage[X2,T1]{fontenc}' if you need occasional Cyrillic letters (физика частиц),
 - '\usepackage[LGR, T1] {fontenc}' if you need occasional Greek letters (Σωματιδιαχή φυσιχή).

Use [LGR, X2, T1] rather if both are needed.

Attenzione:

• Do not use this key for a *latex_engine* other than 'pdflatex'.

- If Greek is main language, do not use this key. Since Sphinx 2.2.1, xelatex will be used automatically
 as latex_engine.
- The TeX installation may need some extra packages. For example, on Ubuntu xenial, packages texlive-lang-greek and cm-super are needed for LGR to work. And texlive-lang-cyrillic and cm-super are needed for support of Cyrillic.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Defaults to '\\usepackage{fontspec}' when latex_engine is 'xelatex'.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: 'lualatex' uses fontspec per default like 'xelatex'.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: 'lualatex' executes \defaultfontfeatures[\rmfamily,\sffamily]{} to disable TeX ligatures transforming << and >> as escaping working with pdflatex/xelatex failed with lualatex.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Detection of LGR, T2A, X2 to trigger support of occasional Greek or Cyrillic letters ('pdflatex').

Cambiato nella versione 2.3.0: 'xelatex' executes \defaultfontfeatures[\rmfamily,\sffamily]{} in order to avoid contractions of -- into en-dash or transforms of straight quotes into curly ones in PDF (in non-literal text paragraphs) despite smartquotes being set to False.

'fontsubstitution' Ignored if 'fontenc' was not configured to use LGR or X2 (or T2A). In case 'fontpkg' key is configured for usage with some TeX fonts known to be available in the LGR or X2 encodings, set this one to be the empty string. Else leave to its default.

Ignored with latex_engine other than 'pdflatex'.

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.0.

'textgreek' For the support of occasional Greek letters.

It is ignored with 'platex', 'xelatex' or 'lualatex' as <code>latex_engine</code> and defaults to either the empty string or to '\usepackage{textalpha}' for 'pdflatex' depending on whether the 'fontenc' key was used with LGR or not. Only expert LaTeX users may want to customize this key.

It can also be used as r'\usepackage{textalpha,alphabeta}' to let 'pdflatex' support Greek Unicode input in math context. For example :math: ` α ` (U+03B1) will render as α .

Default: '\\usepackage{textalpha}' or '' if fontenc does not include the LGR option.

Nuovo nella versione 2.0.

'geometry' «geometry» package inclusion, the default definition is:

'\\usepackage{geometry}'

with an additional [dvipdfm] for Japanese documents. The Sphinx LaTeX style file executes:

\PassOptionsToPackage{hmargin=1in,vmargin=1in,marginpar=0.5in}{geometry}

which can be customized via corresponding "sphinxsetup" options.

Default: '\usepackage{geometry}' (or '\usepackage[dvipdfm]{geometry}' for Japanese documents)

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5.2: dvipdfm option if latex_engine is 'platex'.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.3: The "sphinxsetup" keys for the margins.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5.3: The location in the LaTeX file has been moved to after \usepackage{sphinx} and \sphinxsetup{..}, hence also after insertion of 'fontpkg' key. This is in order to handle the paper layout options in a special way for Japanese documents: the text width will be set to an integer multiple of the

zenkaku width, and the text height to an integer multiple of the baseline. See the hmargin documentation for more.

'hyperref' «hyperref» package inclusion; also loads package «hypcap» and issues \urlstyle{same}. This is done after sphinx.sty file is loaded and before executing the contents of 'preamble' key.

Attenzione: Loading of packages «hyperref» and «hyperpen» is mandatory.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5: Previously this was done from inside sphinx.sty.

'maketitle' «maketitle» call. Override if you want to generate a differently styled title page.

Suggerimento: If the key value is set to r'\newcommand\sphinxbackoftitlepage{<Extra material>}\ sphinxmaketitle', then <Extra material> will be typeset on back of title page ('manual' docclass only).

Default: '\\sphinxmaketitle'

Cambiato nella versione 1.8.3: Original \maketitle from document class is not overwritten, hence is re-usable as part of some custom setting for this key.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.3: \sphinxbackoftitlepage optional macro. It can also be defined inside 'preamble' key rather than this one.

'releasename' Value that prefixes 'release' element on title page. As for *title* and *author* used in the tuples of latex_documents, it is inserted as LaTeX markup.

Default: 'Release'

'tableofcontents' «tableofcontents» call. The default of '\\sphinxtableofcontents' is a wrapper of unmodified \tableofcontents, which may itself be customized by user loaded packages. Override if you want to generate a different table of contents or put content between the title page and the TOC.

Default: '\\sphinxtableofcontents'

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Previously the meaning of \tableofcontents itself was modified by Sphinx. This created an incompatibility with dedicated packages modifying it also such as «tocloft» or «etoc».

'transition' Commands used to display transitions. Override if you want to display transitions differently.

Default: '\n\n\\bigskip\\hrule\\bigskip\n\n'

Nuovo nella versione 1.2.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: Remove unneeded {} after \\hrule.

'makeindex' «makeindex» call, the last thing before \begin{document}. With '\\
 usepackage[columns=1]{idxlayout}\\makeindex' the index will use only one column. You may
 have to install idxlayout LaTeX package.

Default: '\\makeindex'

'printindex' «printindex» call, the last thing in the file. Override if you want to generate the index differently, append some content after the index, or change the font. As LaTeX uses two-column mode for the index it is often advisable to set this key to '\\footnotesize\\raggedright\\printindex'. Or, to obtain a one-column index, use '\\def\\twocolumn[#1]{#1}\\printindex' (this trick may fail if using a custom document class; then try the idxlayout approach described in the documentation of the 'makeindex' key).

Default: '\\printindex'

'fvset' Customization of fancyvrb LaTeX package.

The default value is '\\fvset{fontsize=auto}' which means that the font size will adjust correctly if a codeblock ends up in a footnote. You may need to modify this if you use custom fonts: '\\fvset{fontsize=\\ small}' if the monospace font is Courier-like.

```
Default: '\\fvset{fontsize=auto}'
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: For 'xelatex' and 'lualatex' defaults to '\\fvset{fontsize=\\small}' as this is adapted to the relative widths of the FreeFont family.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0.0: Changed default for 'pdflatex'. Previously it was using '\\ $fvset{fontsize=\small}$ '.

Keys that are set by other options and therefore should not be overridden are:

```
'docclass' 'classoptions' 'title' 'release' 'author'
```

5.2 The sphinxsetup configuration setting

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

The 'sphinxsetup' key of *latex_elements* provides a LaTeX-type customization interface:

```
latex_elements = {
    'sphinxsetup': 'key1=value1, key2=value2, ...',
}
```

It defaults to empty. If non-empty, it will be passed as argument to the \sphinxsetup macro inside the document preamble, like this:

```
\usepackage{sphinx}
\sphinxsetup{key1=value1, key2=value2,...}
```

The colors used in the above are provided by the svgnames option of the «xcolor» package:

```
latex_elements = {
    'passoptionstopackages': r'\PassOptionsToPackage{svgnames}{xcolor}',
}
```

It is possible to insert further uses of the \sphinxsetup LaTeX macro directly into the body of the document, via the help of the raw directive. This chapter is styled in the PDF output using the following at the start of the chaper:

```
begingroup
\sphinxsetup{%

    verbatimwithframe=false,
    VerbatimColor={named}{OldLace},
    TitleColor={named}{DarkGoldenrod},
    hintBorderColor={named}{LightCoral},
    attentionborder=3pt,
    attentionBgColor={named}{Crimson},
    attentionBgColor={named}{FloralWhite},
    noteBorderColor={named}{Olive},
    cautionborder=3pt,
```

(continues on next page)

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
cautionBorderColor={named}{Cyan},
cautionBgColor={named}{LightCyan}}
```

The below is included at the end of the chapter:

```
.. raw:: latex
\endgroup
```

LaTeX syntax for boolean keys requires *lowercase* true or false e.g 'sphinxsetup': "verbatimwrapslines=false". If setting the boolean key to true, =true is optional. Spaces around the commas and equal signs are ignored, spaces inside LaTeX macros may be significant. Do not use quotes to enclose values, whether numerical or strings.

bookmarksdepth Controls the depth of the collapsable bookmarks panel in the PDF. May be either a number (e.g. 3) or a LaTeX sectioning name (e.g. subsubsection, i.e. without backslash). For details, refer to the hyperref LaTeX docs.

Default: 5

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.0.

hmargin, vmargin The dimensions of the horizontal (resp. vertical) margins, passed as hmargin (resp. vmargin) option to the geometry package. Example:

```
'sphinxsetup': 'hmargin={2in,1.5in}, vmargin={1.5in,2in}, marginpar=1in',
```

Japanese documents currently accept only the one-dimension format for these parameters. The geometry package is then passed suitable options to get the text width set to an exact multiple of the *zenkaku* width, and the text height set to an integer multiple of the baselineskip, with the closest fit for the margins.

Default: 1in (equivalent to {1in, 1in})

Suggerimento: For Japanese 'manual' docclass with pointsize 11pt or 12pt, use the nomag extra document class option (cf. 'extraclassoptions' key of *latex_elements*) or so-called TeX «true» units:

```
'sphinxsetup': 'hmargin=1.5truein, vmargin=1.5truein, marginpar=5zw',
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.3.

marginpar The \marginparwidth LaTeX dimension. For Japanese documents, the value is modified to be the closest integer multiple of the *zenkaku* width.

Default: 0.5in

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.3.

verbatimwithframe Boolean to specify if *code-block*s and literal includes are framed. Setting it to false does not deactivate use of package «framed», because it is still in use for the optional background colour.

Default: true.

verbatimwrapslines Boolean to specify if long lines in code-block"s contents are wrapped.

If true, line breaks may happen at spaces (the last space before the line break will be rendered using a special symbol), and at ascii punctuation characters (i.e. not at letters or digits). Whenever a long string has no break points, it is moved to next line. If its length is longer than the line width it will overflow.

Default: true

verbatimforcewraps Boolean to specify if long lines in *code-block*"s contents should be forcefully wrapped to never overflow due to long strings.

Nota: It is assumed that the Pygments³⁰⁷ LaTeXFormatter has not been used with its texcomments or similar options which allow additional (arbitrary) LaTeX mark-up.

Also, in case of <code>latex_engine</code> set to 'pdflatex', only the default LaTeX handling of Unicode code points, i.e. utf8 not utf8x is allowed.

Default: false

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.0.

verbatimmaxoverfull A number. If an unbreakable long string has length larger than the total linewidth plus this number of characters, and if **verbatimforcewraps** mode is on, the input line will be reset using the forceful algorithm which applies breakpoints at each character.

Default: 3

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.0.

verbatimmaxunderfull A number. If **verbatimforcewraps** mode applies, and if after applying the line wrapping at spaces and punctuation, the first part of the split line is lacking at least that number of characters to fill the available width, then the input line will be reset using the forceful algorithm.

As the default is set to a high value, the forceful algorithm is triggered only in overfull case, i.e. in presence of a string longer than full linewidth. Set this to 0 to force all input lines to be hard wrapped at the current avaiable linewidth:

```
latex_elements = {
    'sphinxsetup': "verbatimforcewraps, verbatimmaxunderfull=0",
}
```

This can be done locally for a given code-block via the use of raw latex directives to insert suitable \sphinxsetup (before and after) into the latex file.

Default: 100

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.0.

verbatimhintsturnover Boolean to specify if code-blocks display «continued on next page» and «continued from previous page» hints in case of pagebreaks.

Default: true

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.3.

Cambiato nella versione 1.7: the default changed from false to true.

verbatimcontinuedalign, verbatimcontinuesalign Horizontal position relative to the framed contents: either 1 (left aligned), r (right aligned) or c (centered).

Default: r

Nuovo nella versione 1.7.

parsedliteralwraps Boolean to specify if long lines in parsed-literal 308 s contents should wrap.

Default: true

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.2: set this option value to false to recover former behaviour.

³⁰⁷ https://pygments.org/

³⁰⁸ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#parsed-literal

inlineliteralwraps Boolean to specify if line breaks are allowed inside inline literals: but extra potential breakpoints (additionally to those allowed by LaTeX at spaces or for hyphenation) are currently inserted only after the characters . , ; ? ! / and \. Due to TeX internals, white space in the line will be stretched (or shrunk) in order to accommodate the linebreak.

Default: true

Nuovo nella versione 1.5: set this option value to false to recover former behaviour.

Cambiato nella versione 2.3.0: added potential breakpoint at \ characters.

verbatimvisiblespace When a long code line is split, the last space character from the source code line right before the linebreak location is typeset using this.

Default: \textcolor{red}{\textvisiblespace}

verbatimcontinued A LaTeX macro inserted at start of continuation code lines. Its (complicated...) default typesets a small red hook pointing to the right:

```
\makebox[2\fontcharwd\font`\x][r]{\textcolor{red}{\tiny$\hookrightarrow$}}
```

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: The breaking of long code lines was added at 1.4.2. The default definition of the continuation symbol was changed at 1.5 to accommodate various font sizes (e.g. code-blocks can be in footnotes).

TitleColor The colour for titles (as configured via use of package «titlesec».)

Default: {rgb}{0.126,0.263,0.361}

Avvertimento: Colours set via 'sphinxsetup' must obey the syntax of the argument of the color/xcolor packages \definecolor command.

InnerLinkColor A colour passed to hyperref as value of linkcolor and citecolor.

Default: {rgb}{0.208,0.374,0.486}.

OuterLinkColor A colour passed to hyperref as value of filecolor, menucolor, and urlcolor.

Default: {rgb}{0.216,0.439,0.388}

VerbatimColor The background colour for *code-blocks*.

Default: {rgb}{1,1,1} (white)

VerbatimBorderColor The frame color.

Default: {rgb}{0,0,0} (black)

VerbatimHighlightColor The color for highlighted lines.

Default: {rgb}{0.878,1,1} Nuovo nella versione 1.6.6.

Nota: Starting with this colour, and for all others following, the names declared to «color» or «xcolor» are prefixed with «sphinx».

verbatimsep The separation between code lines and the frame.

Default: \fboxsep

verbatimborder The width of the frame around code-blocks.

Default: \fboxrule

shadowsep The separation between contents and frame for contents³⁰⁹ and topic³¹⁰ boxes.

Default: 5pt

shadowsize The width of the lateral «shadow» to the right.

Default: 4pt

shadowrule The width of the frame around topic³¹¹ boxes.

Default: \fboxrule

noteBorderColor, hintBorderColor, importantBorderColor, tipBorderColor The colour for the two horizontal rules used by Sphinx in LaTeX for styling a note³¹² type admonition.

Default: {rgb}{0,0,0} (black)

noteborder, hintborder, importantborder, tipborder The width of the two horizontal rules.

Default: 0.5pt

warningBorderColor, and (caution|attention|danger|error)BorderColor The colour for the admonition
frame.

Default: {rgb}{0,0,0} (black)

warningBgColor, cautionBgColor, attentionBgColor, dangerBgColor, errorBgColor The background colours for the respective admonitions.

Default: {rgb}{1,1,1} (white)

warningborder, cautionborder, attentionborder, dangerborder, errorborder The width of the frame.

Default: 1pt

AtStartFootnote LaTeX macros inserted at the start of the footnote text at bottom of page, after the footnote number.

Default: \mbox{ }

BeforeFootnote LaTeX macros inserted before the footnote mark. The default removes possible space before it (else, TeX could insert a line break there).

Default: \leavevmode\unskip

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.

HeaderFamily default \sffamily\bfseries. Sets the font used by headings.

5.3 LaTeX macros and environments

The «LaTeX package» file sphinx.sty loads various components providing support macros (aka commands), and environments, which are used in the mark-up produced on output from the latex builder, before conversion to pdf via the LaTeX toolchain. Also the «LaTeX class» files sphinxhowto.cls and sphinxmanual.cls define or customize some environments. All of these files can be found in the latex build repertory.

Some of these provide facilities not available from pre-existing LaTeX packages and work around LaTeX limitations with lists, table cells, verbatim rendering, footnotes, etc...

Others simply define macros with public names to make overwriting their defaults easy via user-added contents to the preamble. We will survey most of those public names here, but defaults have to be looked at in their respective definition files.

 $^{^{309}}$ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#contents

 $^{^{310}~\}mbox{http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#topic}$

³¹¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#topic

³¹² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#note

Suggerimento: Sphinx LaTeX support code is split across multiple smaller-sized files. Rather than adding code to the preamble via *latex_elements*['preamble'] it is also possible to replace entirely one of the component files of Sphinx LaTeX code with a custom version, simply by including a modified copy in the project source and adding the filename to the *latex_additional_files* list. Check the LaTeX build repertory for the filenames and contents.

Cambiato nella versione 4.0.0: split of sphinx.sty into multiple smaller units, to facilitate customization of many aspects simultaneously.

Macros

- Text styling commands:
 - \sphinxstrong,
 - \sphinxbfcode,
 - \sphinxemail,
 - \sphinxtablecontinued,
 - \sphinxtitleref,
 - \sphinxmenuselection,
 - -\sphinxaccelerator,
 - \sphinxcrossref,
 - \sphinxtermref,
 - \sphinxoptional.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.5: Use of \sphinx prefixed macro names to limit possibilities of conflict with LaTeX packages.

- More text styling:
 - \sphinxstyleindexentry,
 - \sphinxstyleindexextra,
 - \sphinxstyleindexpageref,
 - \sphinxstyletopictitle,
 - \sphinxstylesidebartitle,
 - \sphinxstyleothertitle,
 - \sphinxstylesidebarsubtitle,
 - \sphinxstyletheadfamily,
 - \sphinxstyleemphasis,
 - \sphinxstyleliteralemphasis,
 - -\sphinxstylestrong,
 - \sphinxstyleliteralstrong,
 - \sphinxstyleabbreviation,
 - \sphinxstyleliteralintitle,
 - \sphinxstylecodecontinued,
 - \sphinxstylecodecontinues.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5: These macros were formerly hard-coded as non customizable \texttt, \emph, etc...

Nuovo nella versione 1.6: \sphinxstyletheadfamily which defaults to \sffamily and allows multiple paragraphs in header cells of tables.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.3: \sphinxstylecodecontinued and \sphinxstylecodecontinues.

Nuovo nella versione 3.0: \sphinxkeyboard

• \sphinxtableofcontents: A wrapper (defined differently in sphinxhowto.cls and in sphinxmanual. cls) of standard \tableofcontents. The macro \sphinxtableofcontentshook is executed during its expansion right before \tableofcontents itself.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Formerly, the meaning of \tableofcontents was modified by Sphinx.

Cambiato nella versione 2.0: Hard-coded redefinitions of \l@section and \l@subsection formerly done during loading of 'manual' docclass are now executed later via \sphinxtableofcontentshook. This macro is also executed by the 'howto' docclass, but defaults to empty with it.

• \sphinxmaketitle: Used as the default setting of the 'maketitle' *latex_elements* key. Defined in the class files sphinxmanual.cls and sphinxhowto.cls.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8.3: Formerly, \maketitle from LaTeX document class was modified by Sphinx.

• \sphinxbackoftitlepage: For 'manual' docclass, and if it is defined, it gets executed at end of \sphinxmaketitle, before the final \clearpage. Use either the 'maketitle' key or the 'preamble' key of latex_elements to add a custom definition of \sphinxbackoftitlepage.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.3.

• \sphinxcite: A wrapper of standard \cite for citation references.

Environments

• A figure³¹³ may have an optional legend with arbitrary body elements: they are rendered in a sphinxlegend environment. The default definition issues \small, and ends with \par.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5.6: Formerly, the $\sl mall$ was hardcoded in LaTeX writer and the ending $\pr mall$ was lacking.

- Environments associated with admonitions:
 - sphinxnote,
 - sphinxhint,
 - sphinximportant,
 - sphinxtip,
 - sphinxwarning,
 - sphinxcaution,
 - sphinxattention,
 - sphinxdanger,
 - sphinxerror.

They may be \renewenvironment "d individually, and must then be defined with one argument (it is the heading of the notice, for example Warning: for warning³¹⁴ directive, if English is the document language). Their default definitions use either the *sphinxheavybox* (for the last 5 ones) or the *sphinxlightbox* environments, configured to use the parameters (colours, border thickness) specific to each type, which can be set via 'sphinxsetup' string.

³¹³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#figure

³¹⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#warning

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Use of public environment names, separate customizability of the parameters, such as noteBorderColor, noteborder, warningBgColor, warningBorderColor, warningborder, ...

• The contents³¹⁵ directive (with :local: option) and the topic³¹⁶ directive are implemented by environment sphinxShadowBox.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.2: Former code refactored into an environment allowing page breaks.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Options shadowsep, shadowsize, shadowrule.

• The literal blocks (via :: or *code-block*), are implemented using sphinxVerbatim environment which is a wrapper of Verbatim environment from package fancyvrb.sty. It adds the handling of the top caption and the wrapping of long lines, and a frame which allows pagebreaks. Inside tables the used environment is sphinxVerbatimintable (it does not draw a frame, but allows a caption).

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Verbatim keeps exact same meaning as in fancyvrb.sty (also under the name OriginalVerbatim); sphinxVerbatimintable is used inside tables.

Nuovo nella versione 1.5: Options verbatimwithframe, verbatimwrapslines, verbatimsep, verbatimborder.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.6: Support for :emphasize-lines: option

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.6: Easier customizability of the formatting via exposed to user LaTeX macros such as \sphinxVerbatimHighlightLine.

• The bibliography uses sphinxthebibliography and the Python Module index as well as the general index both use sphinxtheindex; these environments are wrappers of the thebibliography and respectively theindex environments as provided by the document class (or packages).

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Formerly, the original environments were modified by Sphinx.

Miscellany

• Every text paragraph in document body starts with \sphinxAtStartPar. Currently, this is used to insert a zero width horizontal skip which is a trick to allow TeX hyphenation of the first word of a paragraph in a narrow context (like a table cell). For 'lualatex' which does not need the trick, the \sphinxAtStartPar does nothing.

Nuovo nella versione 3.5.0.

- The section, subsection, ... headings are set using *titlesec*'s \titleformat command.
- For the 'manual' docclass, the chapter headings can be customized using *fncychap*'s commands \ChNameVar, \ChNumVar, \ChTitleVar. File sphinx.sty has custom re-definitions in case of *fncychap* option Bjarne.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5: Formerly, use of *fncychap* with other styles than Bjarne was dysfunctional.

Suggerimento: As an experimental feature, Sphinx can use user-defined template file for LaTeX source if you have a file named _templates/latex.tex_t in your project.

Additional files longtable.tex_t, tabulary.tex_t and tabular.tex_t can be added to _templates/ to configure some aspects of table rendering (such as the caption position).

Nuovo nella versione 1.6: currently all template variables are unstable and undocumented.

³¹⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#contents

³¹⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#topic

Developing extensions for Sphinx

Since many projects will need special features in their documentation, Sphinx is designed to be extensible on several levels.

Here are a few things you can do in an extension:

- Add new *builders* to support new output formats or actions on the parsed documents.
- Register custom reStructuredText roles and directives, extending the markup using the Docutils markup API.
- Add custom code to so-called «hook points» at strategic places throughout the build process, allowing you to register a hook and run specialized code. For example, see the *Sphinx core events*.

An extension is simply a Python module with a setup() function. A user activates the extension by placing the extension's module name (or a sub-module) in their *extensions* configuration value.

When **sphinx-build** is executed, Sphinx will attempt to import each module that is listed, and execute yourmodule. setup(app). This function is used to prepare the extension (e.g., by executing Python code), linking resources that Sphinx uses in the build process (like CSS or HTML files), and notifying Sphinx of everything the extension offers (such as directive or role definitions). The app argument is an instance of *Sphinx* and gives you control over most aspects of the Sphinx build.

Nota: The configuration file itself can be treated as an extension if it contains a setup() function. All other extensions to load must be listed in the *extensions* configuration value.

The rest of this page describes some high-level aspects of developing extensions and various parts of Sphinx's behavior that you can control. For some examples of how extensions can be built and used to control different parts of Sphinx, see the *Extension tutorials*.

6.1 Important objects

There are several key objects whose API you will use while writing an extension. These are:

Application The application object (usually called app) is an instance of *Sphinx*. It controls most high-level functionality, such as the setup of extensions, event dispatching and producing output (logging).

If you have the environment object, the application is available as env. app.

Environment The build environment object (usually called env) is an instance of *BuildEnvironment*. It is responsible for parsing the source documents, stores all metadata about the document collection and is serialized to disk after each build.

Its API provides methods to do with access to metadata, resolving references, etc. It can also be used by extensions to cache information that should persist for incremental rebuilds.

If you have the application or builder object, the environment is available as app.env or builder.env.

Builder The builder object (usually called builder) is an instance of a specific subclass of *Builder*. Each builder class knows how to convert the parsed documents into an output format, or otherwise process them (e.g. check external links).

If you have the application object, the builder is available as app.builder.

Config The config object (usually called config) provides the values of configuration values set in conf.py as attributes. It is an instance of *Config*.

The config is available as app.config or env.config.

To see an example of use of these objects, refer to Extension tutorials.

6.2 Build Phases

One thing that is vital in order to understand extension mechanisms is the way in which a Sphinx project is built: this works in several phases.

Phase 0: Initialization

In this phase, almost nothing of interest to us happens. The source directory is searched for source files, and extensions are initialized. Should a stored build environment exist, it is loaded, otherwise a new one is created.

Phase 1: Reading

In Phase 1, all source files (and on subsequent builds, those that are new or changed) are read and parsed. This is the phase where directives and roles are encountered by docutils, and the corresponding code is executed. The output of this phase is a *doctree* for each source file; that is a tree of docutils nodes. For document elements that aren't fully known until all existing files are read, temporary nodes are created.

There are nodes provided by docutils, which are documented in the docutils documentation³¹⁷. Additional nodes are provided by Sphinx and *documented here*.

During reading, the build environment is updated with all meta- and cross reference data of the read documents, such as labels, the names of headings, described Python objects and index entries. This will later be used to replace the temporary nodes.

The parsed doctrees are stored on the disk, because it is not possible to hold all of them in memory.

Phase 2: Consistency checks

Some checking is done to ensure no surprises in the built documents.

³¹⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/doctree.html

Phase 3: Resolving

Now that the metadata and cross-reference data of all existing documents is known, all temporary nodes are replaced by nodes that can be converted into output using components called transforms. For example, links are created for object references that exist, and simple literal nodes are created for those that don't.

Phase 4: Writing

This phase converts the resolved doctrees to the desired output format, such as HTML or LaTeX. This happens via a so-called docutils writer that visits the individual nodes of each doctree and produces some output in the process.

Nota: Some builders deviate from this general build plan, for example, the builder that checks external links does not need anything more than the parsed doctrees and therefore does not have phases 2–4.

To see an example of application, refer to Developing a «TODO» extension.

6.3 Extension metadata

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

The setup() function can return a dictionary. This is treated by Sphinx as metadata of the extension. Metadata keys currently recognized are:

- 'version': a string that identifies the extension version. It is used for extension version requirement checking (see *needs_extensions*) and informational purposes. If not given, "unknown version" is substituted.
- 'env_version': an integer that identifies the version of env data structure if the extension stores any data to environment. It is used to detect the data structure has been changed from last build. The extensions have to increment the version when data structure has changed. If not given, Sphinx considers the extension does not stores any data to environment.
- 'parallel_read_safe': a boolean that specifies if parallel reading of source files can be used when the extension is loaded. It defaults to False, i.e. you have to explicitly specify your extension to be parallel-read-safe after checking that it is.
- 'parallel_write_safe': a boolean that specifies if parallel writing of output files can be used when the extension is loaded. Since extensions usually don't negatively influence the process, this defaults to True.

6.4 APIs used for writing extensions

These sections provide a more complete description of the tools at your disposal when developing Sphinx extensions. Some are core to Sphinx (such as the *Application API*) while others trigger specific behavior (such as the *i18n API*)

Application API

Each Sphinx extension is a Python module with at least a setup() function. This function is called at initialization time with one argument, the application object representing the Sphinx process.

class sphinx.application.Sphinx

This application object has the public API described in the following.

Extension setup

These methods are usually called in an extension's setup() function.

Examples of using the Sphinx extension API can be seen in the sphinx.ext package.

```
Sphinx.setup_extension(extname: str^{318}) \rightarrow None<sup>319</sup>
```

Import and setup a Sphinx extension module.

Load the extension given by the module name. Use this if your extension needs the features provided by another extension. No-op if called twice.

```
Sphinx.require_sphinx(version: str^{320}) \rightarrow None<sup>321</sup>
```

Check the Sphinx version if requested.

Compare *version* with the version of the running Sphinx, and abort the build when it is too old.

Parametri version – The required version in the form of major.minor.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

```
Sphinx.connect(event: str^{322}, callback: Callable, priority: int^{323} = 500) \rightarrow int^{324}
```

Register *callback* to be called when *event* is emitted.

For details on available core events and the arguments of callback functions, please see Sphinx core events.

Parametri

- event The name of target event
- callback Callback function for the event
- priority The priority of the callback. The callbacks will be invoked in the order of priority in asending.

Ritorna A listener ID. It can be used for disconnect().

Cambiato nella versione 3.0: Support *priority*

```
Sphinx.disconnect(listener id: int<sup>325</sup>) \rightarrow None<sup>326</sup>
```

Unregister callback by listener_id.

Parametri listener_id – A listener id that *connect()* returns

Sphinx.add_builder(builder: Type[Builder], override: $bool^{327} = False$) \rightarrow None³²⁸ Register a new builder.

Parametri

- builder A builder class
- override If true, install the builder forcedly even if another builder is already installed as the same name

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

³¹⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³¹⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³²⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³²¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³²² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³²³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

³²⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

³²⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

³²⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³²⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³²⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

Sphinx.add_config_value(name: str^{329} , default: Any, rebuild: $Union[bool^{330}$, str^{331}], types: Any = ()) \rightarrow None³³²

Register a configuration value.

This is necessary for Sphinx to recognize new values and set default values accordingly.

Parametri

- **name** The name of configuration value. It is recommended to be prefixed with the extension name (ex. html_logo, epub_title)
- **default** The default value of the configuration.
- **rebuild** The condition of rebuild. It must be one of those values:
 - 'env' if a change in the setting only takes effect when a document is parsed this means that the whole environment must be rebuilt.
 - 'html' if a change in the setting needs a full rebuild of HTML documents.
 - '' if a change in the setting will not need any special rebuild.
- **types** The type of configuration value. A list of types can be specified. For example, [str] is used to describe a configuration that takes string value.

Cambiato nella versione 0.4: If the *default* value is a callable, it will be called with the config object as its argument in order to get the default value. This can be used to implement config values whose default depends on other values.

Cambiato nella versione 0.6: Changed *rebuild* from a simple boolean (equivalent to '' or 'env') to a string. However, booleans are still accepted and converted internally.

```
Sphinx.add_event(name: str^{333}) \rightarrow None<sup>334</sup>
```

Register an event called name.

This is needed to be able to emit it.

Parametri name – The name of the event

```
Sphinx.set_translator(name: str^{335}, translator\_class: Type[docutils.nodes.NodeVisitor], override: bool^{336} = False) \rightarrow None<sup>337</sup>
```

Register or override a Docutils translator class.

This is used to register a custom output translator or to replace a builtin translator. This allows extensions to use custom translator and define custom nodes for the translator (see add_node()).

Parametri

- name The name of builder for the translator
- translator_class A translator class
- **override** If true, install the translator forcedly even if another translator is already installed as the same name

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

³²⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³³⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³³¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³³² https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³³³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³³⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³³⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³³⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

```
Sphinx.add_node(node: Type[docutils.nodes.Element], override: bool<sup>338</sup> = False, **kwargs: Tuple[Callable, Callable]) \rightarrow None<sup>339</sup>
```

Register a Docutils node class.

This is necessary for Docutils internals. It may also be used in the future to validate nodes in the parsed documents.

Parametri

- node A node class
- **kwargs** Visitor functions for each builder (see below)
- **override** If true, install the node forcedly even if another node is already installed as the same name

Node visitor functions for the Sphinx HTML, LaTeX, text and manpage writers can be given as keyword arguments: the keyword should be one or more of 'html', 'latex', 'text', 'man', 'texinfo' or any other supported translators, the value a 2-tuple of (visit, depart) methods. depart can be None if the visit function raises docutils.nodes.SkipNode. Example:

```
class math(docutils.nodes.Element): pass

def visit_math_html(self, node):
    self.body.append(self.starttag(node, 'math'))
def depart_math_html(self, node):
    self.body.append('</math>')

app.add_node(math, html=(visit_math_html, depart_math_html))
```

Obviously, translators for which you don't specify visitor methods will choke on the node when encountered in a document to translate.

Cambiato nella versione 0.5: Added the support for keyword arguments giving visit functions.

```
Sphinx.add_enumerable_node(node: Type[docutils.nodes.Element], figtype: str^{340}, title_getter:

Optional[Callable[[docutils.nodes.Node], str^{341}]] = None, override: bool^{342} = False, **kwargs: Tuple[Callable, Callable]) \rightarrow None<sup>343</sup>
```

Register a Docutils node class as a numfig target.

Sphinx numbers the node automatically. And then the users can refer it using *numref*.

Parametri

- node A node class
- **figtype** The type of enumerable nodes. Each figtypes have individual numbering sequences. As a system figtypes, **figure**, **table** and **code-block** are defined. It is able to add custom nodes to these default figtypes. It is also able to define new custom figtype if new figtype is given.
- title_getter A getter function to obtain the title of node. It takes an instance of the enumerable node, and it must return its title as string. The title is used to the default title of references for ref. By default, Sphinx searches docutils.nodes.caption or docutils.nodes.title from the node as a title.
- **kwargs** Visitor functions for each builder (same as add_node())
- override If true, install the node forcedly even if another node is already installed as the same name

³³⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³³⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

```
Sphinx.add_directive(name: str^{344}, cls: Type[docutils.parsers.rst.Directive], override: <math>bool^{345} = False) \rightarrow
                                 None<sup>346</sup>
```

Register a Docutils directive.

Parametri

- name The name of directive
- cls A directive class
- override If true, install the directive forcedly even if another directive is already installed as the same name

For example, a custom directive named my-directive would be added like this:

```
from docutils.parsers.rst import Directive, directives
class MyDirective(Directive):
   has_content = True
   required_arguments = 1
    optional_arguments = 0
    final_argument_whitespace = True
    option_spec = {
        'class': directives.class_option,
        'name': directives.unchanged,
    }
    def run(self):
def setup(app):
    add_directive('my-directive', MyDirective)
```

For more details, see the Docutils docs³⁴⁷.

Cambiato nella versione 0.6: Docutils 0.5-style directive classes are now supported.

Deprecato dalla versione 1.8: Docutils 0.4-style (function based) directives support is deprecated.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

```
Sphinx.add_role(name: str^{348}, role: Any, override: bool^{349} = False) \rightarrow None<sup>350</sup>
       Register a Docutils role.
```

Parametri

- name The name of role
- role A role function
- override If true, install the role forcedly even if another role is already installed as the same name

³⁴⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁴¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁴² https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³⁴³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³⁴⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁴⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool 346 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³⁴⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/howto/rst-directives.html

For more details about role functions, see the Docutils docs³⁵¹.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

```
Sphinx.add_generic_role(name: str^{352}, nodeclass: Any, override: bool^{353} = False) \rightarrow None<sup>354</sup>
       Register a generic Docutils role.
```

Register a Docutils role that does nothing but wrap its contents in the node given by nodeclass.

If override is True, the given nodeclass is forcedly installed even if a role named as name is already installed.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

Sphinx.add_domain(domain: Type[sphinx.domains.Domain], override: $bool^{355} = False$) \rightarrow None³⁵⁶ Register a domain.

Parametri

- domain A domain class
- override If true, install the domain forcedly even if another domain is already installed as the same name

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

```
Sphinx.add_directive_to_domain(domain: str<sup>357</sup>, name: str<sup>358</sup>, cls: Type[docutils.parsers.rst.Directive],
                                                override: bool^{359} = False) \rightarrow None^{360}
```

Register a Docutils directive in a domain.

Like add_directive(), but the directive is added to the domain named domain.

Parametri

- domain The name of target domain
- name A name of directive
- **cls** A directive class
- override If true, install the directive forcedly even if another directive is already installed as the same name

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

```
Sphinx.add_role_to_domain(domain: str<sup>361</sup>, name: str<sup>362</sup>, role: Union[Callable][str<sup>363</sup>, str<sup>364</sup>, str<sup>365</sup>, int<sup>366</sup>,
                                             docutils.parsers.rst.states.Inliner, Dict[str<sup>367</sup>, Any], List[str<sup>368</sup>]],
                                             Tuple[List[docutils.nodes.Node], List[docutils.nodes.system_message]]],
                                             sphinx.roles.XRefRole], override: bool^{369} = False) \rightarrow None^{370}
```

Register a Docutils role in a domain.

³⁴⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁴⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³⁵⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³⁵¹ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/howto/rst-roles.html

³⁵² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁵³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³⁵⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³⁵⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool 356 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³⁵⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁵⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁵⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³⁶⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

Like add_role(), but the role is added to the domain named domain.

Parametri

- **domain** The name of target domain
- **name** A name of role
- role A role function
- override If true, install the role forcedly even if another role is already installed as the same name

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

```
Sphinx.add_index_to_domain(domain: str^{371}, index: Type[sphinx.domains.Index], override: bool^{372} = False)
\rightarrow None^{373}
```

Register a custom index for a domain.

Add a custom *index* class to the domain named *domain*.

Parametri

- domain The name of target domain
- index A index class
- override If true, install the index forcedly even if another index is already installed as the same name

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

```
Sphinx.add_object_type(directivename: str^{374}, rolename: str^{375}, indextemplate: str^{376} = ", parse_node: Optional[Callable] = None, ref_nodeclass:
Optional[Type[docutils.nodes.TextElement]] = None, objname: str^{377} = ", doc_field_types: List = [], override: bool^{378} = False) \rightarrow None<sup>379</sup>
```

Register a new object type.

This method is a very convenient way to add a new *object* type that can be cross-referenced. It will do this:

- Create a new directive (called *directivename*) for documenting an object. It will automatically add index entries if *indextemplate* is nonempty; if given, it must contain exactly one instance of %s. See the example below for how the template will be interpreted.
- Create a new role (called *rolename*) to cross-reference to these object descriptions.
- If you provide *parse_node*, it must be a function that takes a string and a docutils node, and it must populate the node with children parsed from the string. It must then return the name of the item to be used in cross-referencing and index entries. See the conf.py file in the source for this documentation for an example.

³⁶¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁶² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁶³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁶⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁶⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁶⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

³⁶⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁶⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁶⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³⁷⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³⁷³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

• The *objname* (if not given, will default to *directivename*) names the type of object. It is used when listing objects, e.g. in search results.

For example, if you have this call in a custom Sphinx extension:

```
app.add_object_type('directive', 'dir', 'pair: %s; directive')
```

you can use this markup in your documents:

```
.. rst:directive:: function

Document a function.
<...>
See also the :rst:dir:`function` directive.
```

For the directive, an index entry will be generated as if you had prepended

```
.. index:: pair: function; directive
```

The reference node will be of class literal (so it will be rendered in a proportional font, as appropriate for code) unless you give the *ref_nodeclass* argument, which must be a docutils node class. Most useful are docutils. nodes.emphasis or docutils.nodes.strong – you can also use docutils.nodes.generated if you want no further text decoration. If the text should be treated as literal (e.g. no smart quote replacement), but not have typewriter styling, use sphinx.addnodes.literal_emphasis or sphinx.addnodes.literal_strong.

For the role content, you have the same syntactical possibilities as for standard Sphinx roles (see *Cross-referencing syntax*).

If *override* is True, the given object_type is forcedly installed even if an object_type having the same name is already installed.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

```
Sphinx.add_crossref_type(directivename: str^{380}, rolename: str^{381}, indextemplate: str^{382} = ", ref_nodeclass: Optional[Type[docutils.nodes.TextElement]] = None, objname: str^{383} = ", override: bool^{384} = False) \rightarrow None^{385}
```

Register a new crossref object type.

This method is very similar to add_object_type() except that the directive it generates must be empty, and will produce no output.

That means that you can add semantic targets to your sources, and refer to them using custom roles instead of generic ones (like *ref*). Example call:

Example usage:

```
.. topic:: application API
```

(continues on next page)

³⁷⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁷⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁷⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁷⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁷⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

The application API

Some random text here.

See also :topic:`this section <application API>`.

(Of course, the element following the topic directive needn't be a section.)

If *override* is True, the given crossref_type is forcedly installed even if a crossref_type having the same name is already installed.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

Sphinx.add_transform(transform: Type[docutils.transforms.Transform]) \rightarrow None³⁸⁶

Register a Docutils transform to be applied after parsing.

Add the standard docutils Transform subclass *transform* to the list of transforms that are applied after Sphinx parses a reST document.

Parametri transform – A transform class

Tabella 1: priority range categories for Sphinx transforms

Priority	Main purpose in Sphinx
0-99	Fix invalid nodes by docutils. Translate a doctree.
100-299	Preparation
300-399	early
400-699	main
700-799	Post processing. Deadline to modify text and referencing.
800-899	Collect referencing and referenced nodes. Domain processing.
900-999	Finalize and clean up.

refs: Transform Priority Range Categories³⁸⁷

Sphinx.add_post_transform(transform: Type[docutils.transforms.Transform]) \rightarrow None³⁸⁸

Register a Docutils transform to be applied before writing.

Add the standard docutils Transform subclass *transform* to the list of transforms that are applied before Sphinx writes a document.

Parametri transform – A transform class

Sphinx.add_js_file(filename: str^{389} , priority: $int^{390} = 500$, **kwargs: Any) \rightarrow None³⁹¹

Register a JavaScript file to include in the HTML output.

Add *filename* to the list of JavaScript files that the default HTML template will include in order of *priority* (ascending). The filename must be relative to the HTML static path, or a full URI with scheme. If the priority of JavaScript file is the same as others, the JavaScript files will be included in order of the registration. If the keyword argument body is given, its value will be added between the <script> tags. Extra keyword arguments are included as attributes of the <script> tag.

³⁸⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁸¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁸² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁸³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁸⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³⁸⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³⁸⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³⁸⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/transforms.html#transform-priority-range-categories

³⁸⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

Example:

```
app.add_js_file('example.js')
# => <script src="_static/example.js"></script>

app.add_js_file('example.js', async="async")
# => <script src="_static/example.js" async="async"></script>

app.add_js_file(None, body="var myVariable = 'foo';")
# => <script>var myVariable = 'foo';</script>
```

Tabella 2: priority range for JavaScript files

Priority	Main purpose in Sphinx
200	default priority for built-in JavaScript files
500	default priority for extensions
800	default priority for html_js_files

A JavaScript file can be added to the specific HTML page when on extension calls this method on httml-page-context event.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Renamed from app.add_javascript(). And it allows keyword arguments as attributes of script tag.

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: Take priority argument. Allow to add a JavaScript file to the specific page.

```
Sphinx.add_css_file(filename: str^{392}, priority: int^{393} = 500, **kwargs: Any) \rightarrow None<sup>394</sup> Register a stylesheet to include in the HTML output.
```

Add *filename* to the list of CSS files that the default HTML template will include in order of *priority* (ascending). The filename must be relative to the HTML static path, or a full URI with scheme. If the priority of CSS file is the same as others, the CSS files will be included in order of the registration. The keyword arguments are also accepted for attributes of link> tag.

Example:

```
app.add_css_file('custom.css')
# => <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/custom.css" type="text/css" />
app.add_css_file('print.css', media='print')
# => <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/print.css"
# type="text/css" media="print" />
app.add_css_file('fancy.css', rel='alternate stylesheet', title='fancy')
# => <link rel="alternate stylesheet" href="_static/fancy.css"
# type="text/css" title="fancy" />
```

Tabella 3: priority range for CSS files

Priority	Main purpose in Sphinx
200	default priority for built-in CSS files
500	default priority for extensions
800	default priority for html_css_files

³⁸⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁹⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

³⁹¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

A CSS file can be added to the specific HTML page when on extension calls this method on httml-page-context event.

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

Cambiato nella versione 1.6: Optional alternate and/or title attributes can be supplied with the *alternate* (of boolean type) and *title* (a string) arguments. The default is no title and *alternate* = False. For more information, refer to the documentation³⁹⁵.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Renamed from app.add_stylesheet(). And it allows keyword arguments as attributes of link tag.

Cambiato nella versione 3.5: Take priority argument. Allow to add a CSS file to the specific page.

```
Sphinx.add_latex_package(packagename: str^{396}, options: Optional[str^{397}] = None, after_hyperref: bool^{398} = False) \rightarrow None<sup>399</sup>
```

Register a package to include in the LaTeX source code.

Add *packagename* to the list of packages that LaTeX source code will include. If you provide *options*, it will be taken to *usepackage* declaration. If you set *after_hyperref* truthy, the package will be loaded after hyperref package.

```
app.add_latex_package('mypackage')
# => \usepackage{mypackage}
app.add_latex_package('mypackage', 'foo,bar')
# => \usepackage[foo,bar]{mypackage}
```

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

Nuovo nella versione 3.1: after_hyperref option.

```
Sphinx.add_lexer(alias: str^{400}, lexer: Type[pygments.lexer.Lexer]) \rightarrow None<sup>401</sup> Register a new lexer for source code.
```

Use *lexer* to highlight code blocks with the given language *alias*.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Cambiato nella versione 2.1: Take a lexer class as an argument. An instance of lexers are still supported until Sphinx-3.x.

```
Sphinx.add\_autodocumenter(\mathit{cls: Any, override: bool}^{402} = \mathit{False}) \rightarrow None^{403}
```

Register a new documenter class for the autodoc extension.

Add *cls* as a new documenter class for the *sphinx.ext.autodoc* extension. It must be a subclass of *sphinx.ext.autodoc*. Documenter. This allows to auto-document new types of objects. See the source of the autodoc module for examples on how to subclass Documenter.

If *override* is True, the given *cls* is forcedly installed even if a documenter having the same name is already installed.

See Developing autodoc extension for IntEnum.

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

³⁹² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁹³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

³⁹⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

³⁹⁵ https://mdn.io/Web/CSS/Alternative_style_sheets

³⁹⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁹⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

³⁹⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

³⁹⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴⁰⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁰¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

Cambiato nella versione 2.2: Add *override* keyword.

Sphinx.add_autodoc_attrgetter($typ: Type, getter: Callable[[Any, str^{404}, Any], Any]) \rightarrow None^{405}$ Register a new getattr-like function for the autodoc extension.

Add *getter*, which must be a function with an interface compatible to the getattr() 406 builtin, as the autodoc attribute getter for objects that are instances of *typ*. All cases where autodoc needs to get an attribute of a type are then handled by this function instead of getattr() 407 .

Nuovo nella versione 0.6.

Sphinx.add_search_language(cls: Any) \rightarrow None⁴⁰⁸

Register a new language for the HTML search index.

Add *cls*, which must be a subclass of sphinx.search.SearchLanguage, as a support language for building the HTML full-text search index. The class must have a *lang* attribute that indicates the language it should be used for. See https://html.search_language.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

Sphinx.add_source_suffix(suffix: str^{409} , filetype: str^{410} , override: $bool^{411} = False$) \rightarrow None⁴¹² Register a suffix of source files.

Same as *source_suffix*. The users can override this using the setting.

If override is True, the given suffix is forcedly installed even if a same suffix is already installed.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Sphinx.add_source_parser(parser: Type[docutils.parsers.Parser], override: $bool^{413} = False$) \rightarrow None⁴¹⁴ Register a parser class.

If override is True, the given parser is forcedly installed even if a parser for the same suffix is already installed.

Nuovo nella versione 1.4.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: *suffix* argument is deprecated. It only accepts *parser* argument. Use *add_source_suffix()* API to register suffix instead.

Cambiato nella versione 1.8: Add override keyword.

Sphinx.add_env_collector(collector: Type[sphinx.environment.collectors.EnvironmentCollector]) → None⁴¹⁵ Register an environment collector class.

Refer to Environment Collector API.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

Sphinx.add_html_theme(name: str^{416} , theme_path: str^{417}) \rightarrow None⁴¹⁸ Register a HTML Theme.

The *name* is a name of theme, and *path* is a full path to the theme (refs: *Distribute your theme as a Python package*).

⁴⁰² https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁴⁰³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴⁰⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁰⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴⁰⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#getattr

⁴⁰⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#getattr

⁴⁰⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴⁰⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴¹⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴¹¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁴¹² https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴¹³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁴¹⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴¹⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

Nuovo nella versione 1.6.

 $Sphinx. add_html_math_renderer (name: str^{419}, inline_renderers: Optional[Tuple[Callable, Callable]] = None, \\ block_renderers: Optional[Tuple[Callable, Callable]] = None) \rightarrow None^{420}$

Register a math renderer for HTML.

The *name* is a name of math renderer. Both *inline_renderers* and *block_renderers* are used as visitor functions for the HTML writer: the former for inline math node (nodes.math), the latter for block math node (nodes.math_block). Regarding visitor functions, see add_node() for details.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Sphinx.add_message_catalog($catalog: str^{421}, locale_dir: str^{422}$) \rightarrow None⁴²³ Register a message catalog.

Parametri

- catalog A name of catalog
- locale_dir The base path of message catalog

For more details, see *sphinx.locale.get_translation()*.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

Sphinx.is_parallel_allowed($typ: str^{424}$) $\rightarrow bool^{425}$

Check parallel processing is allowed or not.

Parametri typ – A type of processing; 'read' or 'write'.

exception sphinx.application.ExtensionError

All these methods raise this exception if something went wrong with the extension API.

Emitting events

class sphinx.application.Sphinx

emit(*event:* str^{426} , *args: Any, allowed_exceptions: Tuple[Type[Exception^{427}], ...] = ()) \rightarrow List Emit *event* and pass *arguments* to the callback functions.

Return the return values of all callbacks as a list. Do not emit core Sphinx events in extensions!

Parametri

- event The name of event that will be emitted
- args The arguments for the event
- allowed_exceptions The list of exceptions that are allowed in the callbacks

Cambiato nella versione 3.1: Added *allowed exceptions* to specify path-through exceptions

emit_firstresult(event: str^{428} , *args: Any, allowed_exceptions: Tuple[Type[Exception^{429}], ...] = ()) \rightarrow Any

Emit event and pass arguments to the callback functions.

⁴¹⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴¹⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴¹⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴¹⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴²⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴²¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴²² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴²³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴²⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴²⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

Return the result of the first callback that doesn't return None.

Parametri

- event The name of event that will be emitted
- args The arguments for the event
- allowed_exceptions The list of exceptions that are allowed in the callbacks

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Cambiato nella versione 3.1: Added *allowed_exceptions* to specify path-through exceptions

Sphinx runtime information

The application object also provides runtime information as attributes.

```
Sphinx.project
```

Target project. See Project.

Sphinx.srcdir

Source directory.

Sphinx.confdir

Directory containing conf.py.

Sphinx.doctreedir

Directory for storing pickled doctrees.

Sphinx.outdir

Directory for storing built document.

Sphinx core events

These events are known to the core. The arguments shown are given to the registered event handlers. Use *Sphinx*. *connect()* in an extension's setup function (note that conf.py can also have a setup function) to connect handlers to the events. Example:

```
def source_read_handler(app, docname, source):
    print('do something here...')

def setup(app):
    app.connect('source-read', source_read_handler)
```

Below is an overview of each event that happens during a build. In the list below, we include the event name, its callback parameters, and the input and output type for that event:

```
    event.config-inited(app,config)
    event.builder-inited(app)
    event.env-get-outdated(app, env, added, changed, removed)
    event.env-before-read-docs(app, env, docnames)
    for docname in docnames:
    event.env-purge-doc(app, env, docname)
```

(continues on next page)

 $^{^{426}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html\#str$

⁴²⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#Exception

⁴²⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴²⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#Exception

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

if doc changed and not removed:

- source-read(app, docname, source)
- 7. run source parsers: text -> docutils.document
 - parsers can be added with the app.add_source_parser() API
- 8. apply transforms based on priority: docutils.document -> docutils.document
 - event.doctree-read(app, doctree) is called in the middle of transforms,
 transforms come before/after this event depending on their priority.
- 9. event.env-merged-info(app, env, docnames, other)
 - if running in parallel mode, this event will be emitted for each process
- 10. event.env-updated(app, env)
- 11. event.env-get-updated(app, env)
- 12. event.env-check-consistency(app, env)
- # The updated-docs list can be builder dependent, but generally includes all new/changed...documents.
- # plus any output from `env-get-updated`, and then all "parent" documents in the ToC tree
- →before post-transforms
- # or the doctree-resolved event is emitted

for docname in updated-docs:

- 13. apply post-transforms (by priority): docutils.document -> docutils.document
- 14. event.doctree-resolved(app, doctree, docname)
 - In the event that any reference nodes fail to resolve, the following may emit:
 - event.missing-reference(env, node, contnode)
 - event.warn-missing-reference(domain, node)
- 15. Generate output files
- 16. event.build-finished(app, exception)

Here is a more detailed list of these events.

builder-inited(app)

Emitted when the builder object has been created. It is available as app.builder.

config-inited(app, config)

Emitted when the config object has been initialized.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

env-get-outdated(app, env, added, changed, removed)

Emitted when the environment determines which source files have changed and should be re-read. *added*, *changed* and *removed* are sets of docnames that the environment has determined. You can return a list of docnames to re-read in addition to these.

Nuovo nella versione 1.1.

env-purge-doc(app, env, docname)

Emitted when all traces of a source file should be cleaned from the environment, that is, if the source file is removed or before it is freshly read. This is for extensions that keep their own caches in attributes of the environment.

For example, there is a cache of all modules on the environment. When a source file has been changed, the cache's entries for the file are cleared, since the module declarations could have been removed from the file.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

env-before-read-docs(app, env, docnames)

Emitted after the environment has determined the list of all added and changed files and just before it reads them. It allows extension authors to reorder the list of docnames (*inplace*) before processing, or add more docnames that Sphinx did not consider changed (but never add any docnames that are not in env.found_docs).

You can also remove document names; do this with caution since it will make Sphinx treat changed files as unchanged.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

source-read(app, docname, source)

Emitted when a source file has been read. The *source* argument is a list whose single element is the contents of the source file. You can process the contents and replace this item to implement source-level transformations.

For example, if you want to use \$ signs to delimit inline math, like in LaTeX, you can use a regular expression to replace \$...\$ by :math:`...`.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

object-description-transform(app, domain, objtype, contentnode)

Emitted when an object description directive has run. The *domain* and *objtype* arguments are strings indicating object description of the object. And *contentnode* is a content for the object. It can be modified in-place.

Nuovo nella versione 2.4.

doctree-read(app, doctree)

Emitted when a doctree has been parsed and read by the environment, and is about to be pickled. The *doctree* can be modified in-place.

missing-reference(app, env, node, contnode)

Emitted when a cross-reference to an object cannot be resolved. If the event handler can resolve the reference, it should return a new docutils node to be inserted in the document tree in place of the node *node*. Usually this node is a reference node containing *contnode* as a child. If the handler can not resolve the cross-reference, it can either return None to let other handlers try, or raise NoUri to prevent other handlers in trying and suppress a warning about this cross-reference being unresolved.

Parameters

- **env** The build environment (app.builder.env).
- **node** The pending_xref node to be resolved. Its attributes reftype, reftarget, modname and classname attributes determine the type and target of the reference.
- **contnode** The node that carries the text and formatting inside the future reference and should be a child of the returned reference node.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

warn-missing-reference(app, domain, node)

Emitted when a cross-reference to an object cannot be resolved even after *missing-reference*. If the event handler can emit warnings for the missing reference, it should return True.

Nuovo nella versione 3.4.

doctree-resolved(app, doctree, docname)

Emitted when a doctree has been «resolved» by the environment, that is, all references have been resolved and TOCs have been inserted. The *doctree* can be modified in place.

Here is the place to replace custom nodes that don't have visitor methods in the writers, so that they don't cause errors when the writers encounter them.

env-merge-info(app, env, docnames, other)

This event is only emitted when parallel reading of documents is enabled. It is emitted once for every subprocess that has read some documents.

You must handle this event in an extension that stores data in the environment in a custom location. Otherwise the environment in the main process will not be aware of the information stored in the subprocess.

other is the environment object from the subprocess, *env* is the environment from the main process. *docnames* is a set of document names that have been read in the subprocess.

Nuovo nella versione 1.3.

env-updated(app, env)

Emitted when the update() method of the build environment has completed, that is, the environment and all doctrees are now up-to-date.

You can return an iterable of docnames from the handler. These documents will then be considered updated, and will be (re-)written during the writing phase.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: The handlers" return value is now used.

env-check-consistency(app, env)

Emitted when Consistency checks phase. You can check consistency of metadata for whole of documents.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6: As a experimental event

html-collect-pages(app)

Emitted when the HTML builder is starting to write non-document pages. You can add pages to write by returning an iterable from this event consisting of (pagename, context, templatename).

Nuovo nella versione 1.0.

html-page-context(app, pagename, templatename, context, doctree)

Emitted when the HTML builder has created a context dictionary to render a template with – this can be used to add custom elements to the context.

The *pagename* argument is the canonical name of the page being rendered, that is, without .html suffix and using slashes as path separators. The *templatename* is the name of the template to render, this will be 'page.html' for all pages from reST documents.

The *context* argument is a dictionary of values that are given to the template engine to render the page and can be modified to include custom values. Keys must be strings.

The *doctree* argument will be a doctree when the page is created from a reST documents; it will be None when the page is created from an HTML template alone.

You can return a string from the handler, it will then replace 'page.html' as the HTML template for this page.

Nota: You can install JS/CSS files for the specific page via *Sphinx.add_js_file()* and *Sphinx.add_css_file()* since v3.5.0.

Nuovo nella versione 0.4.

Cambiato nella versione 1.3: The return value can now specify a template name.

build-finished(app, exception)

Emitted when a build has finished, before Sphinx exits, usually used for cleanup. This event is emitted even when the build process raised an exception, given as the *exception* argument. The exception is reraised in the application after the event handlers have run. If the build process raised no exception, *exception* will be None. This allows to customize cleanup actions depending on the exception status.

Nuovo nella versione 0.5.

Checking the Sphinx version

Use this to adapt your extension to API changes in Sphinx.

```
sphinx.version_info = (4, 0, 0, 'beta', 0)
```

Version info for better programmatic use.

A tuple of five elements; for Sphinx version 1.2.1 beta 3 this would be (1, 2, 1, 'beta', 3). The fourth element can be one of: alpha, beta, rc, final. final always has 0 as the last element.

Nuovo nella versione 1.2: Before version 1.2, check the string sphinx.__version__.

The Config object

class sphinx.config.Config($config: Dict[str^{430}, Any] = \{\}, overrides: Dict[str^{431}, Any] = \{\}\}$) Configuration file abstraction.

The config object makes the values of all config values available as attributes.

It is exposed via the sphinx.application.Application.config and sphinx.environment. Environment.config attributes. For example, to get the value of *language*, use either app.config.language or env.config.language.

The template bridge

class sphinx.application.TemplateBridge

This class defines the interface for a «template bridge», that is, a class that renders templates given a template name and a context.

init(builder: Builder, theme: sphinx.theming.Theme = None, dirs: List[str⁴³²] = None) \rightarrow None⁴³³ Called by the builder to initialize the template system.

builder is the builder object; you'll probably want to look at the value of builder.config.templates_path.

theme is a sphinx.theming.Theme object or None; in the latter case, *dirs* can be list of fixed directories to look for templates.

$newest_template_mtime() \rightarrow float^{434}$

Called by the builder to determine if output files are outdated because of template changes. Return the mtime of the newest template file that was changed. The default implementation returns 0.

```
render(template: str^{435}, context: Dict) \rightarrow None<sup>436</sup>
```

Called by the builder to render a template given as a filename with a specified context (a Python dictionary).

```
render_string(template: str^{437}, context: Dict) \rightarrow str^{438}
```

Called by the builder to render a template given as a string with a specified context (a Python dictionary).

⁴³⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴³¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴³² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴³³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴³⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#float

⁴³⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴³⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴³⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴³⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

Exceptions

exception sphinx.errors.SphinxError

Base class for Sphinx errors.

This is the base class for «nice» exceptions. When such an exception is raised, Sphinx will abort the build and present the exception category and message to the user.

Extensions are encouraged to derive from this exception for their custom errors.

Exceptions *not* derived from *SphinxError* are treated as unexpected and shown to the user with a part of the traceback (and the full traceback saved in a temporary file).

category

Description of the exception «category», used in converting the exception to a string («category: message»). Should be set accordingly in subclasses.

exception sphinx.errors.ConfigError

Configuration error.

```
exception sphinx.errors.ExtensionError(message: str^{439}, orig\_exc: Optional[Exception^{440}] = None, modname: Optional[<math>str^{441}] = None)
```

Extension error.

exception sphinx.errors.ThemeError

Theme error.

exception sphinx.errors.VersionRequirementError

Incompatible Sphinx version error.

Project API

class sphinx.project.Project(srcdir, source_suffix)

A project is source code set of Sphinx document.

```
discover(exclude_paths=[])
```

Find all document files in the source directory and put them in docnames.

```
doc2path(docname, basedir=True)
```

Return the filename for the document name.

If basedir is True, return as an absolute path. Else, return as a relative path to the source directory.

path2doc(filename)

Return the docname for the filename if the file is document.

filename should be absolute or relative to the source directory.

restore(other)

Take over a result of last build.

docnames

The name of documents belongs to this project.

source_suffix

source suffix. Same as source_suffix.

srcdir

Source directory.

⁴³⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁴⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#Exception

⁴⁴¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

Build environment API

class sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment Attributes

app

Reference to the *Sphinx* (application) object.

confid

Reference to the *Config* object.

project

Target project. See *Project*.

srcdir

Source directory.

doctreedir

Directory for storing pickled doctrees.

events

An EventManager object.

found_docs

A set of all existing docnames.

metadata

Dictionary mapping docnames to «metadata» (see File-wide metadata).

titles

Dictionary mapping docnames to the docutils node for their main title.

docname

Returns the documen of the document currently being parsed.

Utility methods

```
doc2path(docname: str^{442}, base: bool^{443} = True) \rightarrow str^{444}
```

Return the filename for the document name.

If base is True, return absolute path under self.srcdir. If base is False, return relative path to self.srcdir.

```
relfn2path(filename: str^{445}, docname: Optional[str^{446}] = None) \rightarrow Tuple[str^{447}, str^{448}]
```

Return paths to a file referenced from a document, relative to documentation root and absolute.

In the input «filename», absolute filenames are taken as relative to the source dir, while relative filenames are relative to the dir of the containing document.

```
note_dependency(filename: str^{449}) \rightarrow None<sup>450</sup>
```

Add filename as a dependency of the current document.

This means that the document will be rebuilt if this file changes.

filename should be absolute or relative to the source directory.

```
new_serialno(category: str^{451} = ") \rightarrow int^{452}
```

Return a serial number, e.g. for index entry targets.

The number is guaranteed to be unique in the current document.

```
note\_reread() \rightarrow None^{453}
```

Add the current document to the list of documents that will automatically be re-read at the next build.

Builder API

Da fare: Expand this.

class sphinx.builders.Builder

This is the base class for all builders.

These attributes should be set on builder classes:

name = ''

The builder's name, for the -b command line option.

format = ''

The builder's output format, or "" if no document output is produced.

epilog = ''

The message emitted upon successful build completion. This can be a printf-style template string with the following keys: outdir, project

supported_image_types: List[str⁴⁵⁴] = []

The list of MIME types of image formats supported by the builder. Image files are searched in the order in which they appear here.

supported_remote_images = False

The builder supports remote images or not.

supported_data_uri_images = False

The builder supports data URIs or not.

default_translator_class: Type[docutils.nodes.NodeVisitor] = None

default translator class for the builder. This can be overridden by app.set_translator().

These methods are predefined and will be called from the application:

get_relative_uri($from : str^{455}$, $to: str^{456}$, $typ: Optional[str^{457}] = None) <math>\rightarrow str^{458}$

Return a relative URI between two source filenames.

May raise environment. NoUri if there's no way to return a sensible URI.

build_all() \rightarrow None⁴⁵⁹

Build all source files.

build_specific($filenames: List[str^{460}]$) $\rightarrow None^{461}$

Only rebuild as much as needed for changes in the filenames.

build_update() \rightarrow None⁴⁶²

Only rebuild what was changed or added since last build.

build(docnames: Iterable[str⁴⁶³], summary: Optional[str⁴⁶⁴] = None, method: $str^{465} = 'update'$) \rightarrow None⁴⁶⁶ Main build method.

⁴⁴² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁴³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁴⁴⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁴⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁴⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁴⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁴⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁵⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

 $^{^{451}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html\#str$

⁴⁵² https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

⁴⁵³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

First updates the environment, and then calls write().

These methods can be overridden in concrete builder classes:

```
init() \rightarrow None^{467}
```

Load necessary templates and perform initialization. The default implementation does nothing.

```
get_outdated_docs() → Union[str<sup>468</sup>, Iterable[str<sup>469</sup>]]
```

Return an iterable of output files that are outdated, or a string describing what an update build will build.

If the builder does not output individual files corresponding to source files, return a string here. If it does, return an iterable of those files that need to be written.

```
get\_target\_uri(docname: str^{470}, typ: Optional[str^{471}] = None) \rightarrow str^{472}
```

Return the target URI for a document name.

typ can be used to qualify the link characteristic for individual builders.

```
prepare_writing(docnames: Set[str^{473}]) \rightarrow None^{474}
```

A place where you can add logic before write_doc() is run

 $write_doc(docname: str^{475}, doctree: docutils.nodes.document) \rightarrow None^{476}$

Where you actually write something to the filesystem.

$$finish() \rightarrow None^{477}$$

Finish the building process.

The default implementation does nothing.

Attributes

events

An EventManager object.

https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴⁵⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 455 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 456 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 457 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 458 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None 460 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 461 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None 462 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None 463 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 464 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 465 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None 467 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None 468 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 469 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 470 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 471 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 472 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 473 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 474 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None 475 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

Environment Collector API

class sphinx.environment.collectors.EnvironmentCollector

An EnvironmentCollector is a specific data collector from each document.

It gathers data and stores *BuildEnvironment* as a database. Examples of specific data would be images, download files, section titles, metadatas, index entries and toctrees, etc.

clear_doc(*app: Sphinx, env:* sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment, *docname:* str^{478}) \rightarrow None⁴⁷⁹ Remove specified data of a document.

This method is called on the removal of the document.

get_outdated_docs(app: Sphinx, env: sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment, added: $Set[str^{480}]$, changed: $Set[str^{481}]$, removed: $Set[str^{482}]$) \rightarrow List[str⁴⁸³]

Return a list of docnames to re-read.

This methods is called before reading the documents.

 $get_updated_docs(app: Sphinx, env: sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment) \rightarrow List[str^{484}]$ Return a list of docnames to re-read.

This methods is called after reading the whole of documents (experimental).

merge_other(app: Sphinx, env: sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment, docnames: Set[str⁴⁸⁵], other: sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment) \rightarrow None⁴⁸⁶

Merge in specified data regarding docnames from a different *BuildEnvironment* object which coming from a subprocess in parallel builds.

process_doc(app: Sphinx, doctree: docutils.nodes.document) \rightarrow None⁴⁸⁷ Process a document and gather specific data from it.

This method is called after the document is read.

Docutils markup API

This section describes the API for adding ReST markup elements (roles and directives).

Roles

Directives

Directives are handled by classes derived from docutils.parsers.rst.Directive. They have to be registered by an extension using Sphinx.add_directive() or Sphinx.add_directive_to_domain().

class docutils.parsers.rst.Directive

The markup syntax of the new directive is determined by the follow five class attributes:

required_arguments = 0

Number of required directive arguments.

⁴⁷⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁷⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁴⁸⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁸¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁸² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁸⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str 485 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁴⁸⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

nttps://docs.pytnon.org/3/fibrary/constants.ntmi#None

⁴⁸⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

optional_arguments = 0

Number of optional arguments after the required arguments.

final_argument_whitespace = False

May the final argument contain whitespace?

option_spec = None

Mapping of option names to validator functions.

Option validator functions take a single parameter, the option argument (or None if not given), and should validate it or convert it to the proper form. They raise ValueError⁴⁸⁸ or TypeError⁴⁸⁹ to indicate failure.

There are several predefined and possibly useful validators in the docutils.parsers.rst.directives module.

has_content = False

May the directive have content?

New directives must implement the *run()* method:

run()

This method must process the directive arguments, options and content, and return a list of Docutils/Sphinx nodes that will be inserted into the document tree at the point where the directive was encountered.

Instance attributes that are always set on the directive are:

name

The directive name (useful when registering the same directive class under multiple names).

arguments

The arguments given to the directive, as a list.

options

The options given to the directive, as a dictionary mapping option names to validated/converted values.

content

The directive content, if given, as a ViewList.

lineno

The absolute line number on which the directive appeared. This is not always a useful value; use srcline instead.

content_offset

Internal offset of the directive content. Used when calling nested_parse (see below).

block_text

The string containing the entire directive.

state

state_machine

The state and state machine which controls the parsing. Used for nested_parse.

⁴⁸⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#ValueError

⁴⁸⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#TypeError

ViewLists

Docutils represents document source lines in a class docutils.statemachine.ViewList. This is a list with extended functionality — for one, slicing creates views of the original list, and also the list contains information about the source line numbers.

The *Directive.content* attribute is a ViewList. If you generate content to be parsed as ReST, you have to create a ViewList yourself. Important for content generation are the following points:

- The constructor takes a list of strings (lines) and a source (document) name.
- The .append() method takes a line and a source name as well.

Parsing directive content as ReST

Many directives will contain more markup that must be parsed. To do this, use one of the following APIs from the *Directive.run()* method:

- self.state.nested_parse
- sphinx.util.nodes.nested_parse_with_titles() this allows titles in the parsed content.

Both APIs parse the content into a given node. They are used like this:

```
node = docutils.nodes.paragraph()
# either
nested_parse_with_titles(self.state, self.result, node)
# or
self.state.nested_parse(self.result, 0, node)
```

Nota: sphinx.util.docutils.switch_source_input() allows to change a target file during nested_parse. It is useful to mixed contents. For example, sphinx. ext.autodoc uses it to parse docstrings:

```
from sphinx.util.docutils import switch_source_input

# Switch source_input between parsing content.

# Inside this context, all parsing errors and warnings are reported as

# happened in new source_input (in this case, ``self.result``).

with switch_source_input(self.state, self.result):
    node = docutils.nodes.paragraph()
    self.state.nested_parse(self.result, 0, node)
```

Deprecato dalla versione 1.7: Until Sphinx-1.6, sphinx.ext.autodoc.AutodocReporter is used for this purpose. For now, it is replaced by switch_source_input().

If you don't need the wrapping node, you can use any concrete node type and return node.children from the Directive.

Vedi anche:

Creating directives 490 HOWTO of the Docutils documentation

⁴⁹⁰ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/howto/rst-directives.html

Domain API

```
class sphinx.domains.Domain(env: BuildEnvironment)
```

A Domain is meant to be a group of «object» description directives for objects of a similar nature, and corresponding roles to create references to them. Examples would be Python modules, classes, functions etc., elements of a templating language, Sphinx roles and directives, etc.

Each domain has a separate storage for information about existing objects and how to reference them in *self.data*, which must be a dictionary. It also must implement several functions that expose the object information in a uniform way to parts of Sphinx that allow the user to reference or search for objects in a domain-agnostic way.

About *self.data*: since all object and cross-referencing information is stored on a BuildEnvironment instance, the *domain.data* object is also stored in the *env.domaindata* dict under the key *domain.name*. Before the build process starts, every active domain is instantiated and given the environment object; the *domaindata* dict must then either be nonexistent or a dictionary whose "version" key is equal to the domain class" *data_version* attribute. Otherwise, *OSError* is raised and the pickled environment is discarded.

```
add_object_type(name: str^{491}, objtype: sphinx.domains.ObjType) \rightarrow None<sup>492</sup>
      Add an object type.
check\_consistency() \rightarrow None^{493}
      Do consistency checks (experimental).
clear_doc(docname: str^{494}) \rightarrow None<sup>495</sup>
      Remove traces of a document in the domain-specific inventories.
directive(name: str^{496}) \rightarrow Callable
      Return a directive adapter class that always gives the registered directive its full name ("domain:name") as
      self.name.
get_enumerable_node_type(node: docutils.nodes.Node) \rightarrow str<sup>497</sup>
      Get type of enumerable nodes (experimental).
get_full_qualified_name(node: docutils.nodes.Element) \rightarrow str^{498}
      Return full qualified name for given node.
\textbf{get\_objects()} \rightarrow Iterable[Tuple[str^{499}, str^{500}, str^{501}, str^{502}, str^{503}, int^{504}]]
      Return an iterable of «object descriptions».
      Object descriptions are tuples with six items:
      name Fully qualified name.
      dispname Name to display when searching/linking.
      type Object type, a key in self.object_types.
      docname The document where it is to be found.
      anchor The anchor name for the object.
      priority How «important» the object is (determines placement in search results). One of:
          1 Default priority (placed before full-text matches).
          0 Object is important (placed before default-priority objects).
          2 Object is unimportant (placed after full-text matches).
```

get_type_name(*type*: sphinx.domains.ObjType, *primary*: $bool^{505} = False$) \rightarrow str⁵⁰⁶ Return full name for given ObjType.

```
merge_domaindata(docnames: List[str^{507}], otherdata: Dict) \rightarrow None^{508}
```

-1 Object should not show up in search at all.

Merge in data regarding *docnames* from a different domaindata inventory (coming from a subprocess in parallel builds).

```
process_doc(env: BuildEnvironment, docname: str^{509}, document: docutils.nodes.document) \rightarrow None<sup>510</sup>
         Process a document after it is read by the environment.
process_field_xref(pnode: sphinx.addnodes.pending_xref) → None<sup>511</sup>
         Process a pending xref created in a doc field. For example, attach information about the current scope.
\textbf{resolve\_any\_xref} (\textit{env: BuildEnvironment, from docname: str}^{512}, \textit{builder: Builder, target: str}^{513}, \textit{node: builden between the builden between the builden between the builden 
                                      sphinx.addnodes.pending\_xref, contnode: docutils.nodes.Element) \rightarrow List[Tuple[str^{514}, contnodes.element]]
                                      docutils.nodes.Element]]
         Resolve the pending_xref node with the given target.
         The reference comes from an «any» or similar role, which means that we don't know the type. Otherwise,
         the arguments are the same as for resolve_xref().
         The method must return a list (potentially empty) of tuples ('domain:role', newnode), where
          'domain:role' is the name of a role that could have created the same reference, e.g. 'py:func'.
         newnode is what resolve_xref() would return.
         Nuovo nella versione 1.3.
resolve_xref(env: BuildEnvironment, fromdocname: str<sup>515</sup>, builder: Builder, typ: str<sup>516</sup>, target: str<sup>517</sup>,
                             node: sphinx.addnodes.pending_xref, contnode: docutils.nodes.Element) →
                             docutils.nodes.Element
         Resolve the pending_xref node with the given typ and target.
         This method should return a new node, to replace the xref node, containing the contnode which is the
         markup content of the cross-reference.
         If no resolution can be found, None can be returned; the xref node will then given to the
         missing-reference event, and if that yields no resolution, replaced by contnode.
         The method can also raise sphinx.environment.NoUri to suppress the missing-reference event
         being emitted.
\mathbf{role}(name: str^{518}) \rightarrow \text{Callable}[[str^{519}, str^{520}, str^{521}, int^{522}, docutils.parsers.rst.states.Inliner, Dict[str^{523}, Any],]
          List[str<sup>524</sup>]], Tuple[List[docutils.nodes.Node], List[docutils.nodes.system message]]]
         Return a role adapter function that always gives the registered role its full name ("domain:name") as the
         first argument.
setup() \rightarrow None^{525}
         Set up domain object.
dangling_warnings: Dict[str^{526}, str^{527}] = {}
         role name -> a warning message if reference is missing
data: Dict = None
         data value
data_version = 0
         data version, bump this when the format of self.data changes
directives: Dict[str<sup>528</sup>, Any] = {}
         directive name -> directive class
enumerable_nodes: Dict[Type[docutils.nodes.Node], Tuple[str<sup>529</sup>, Callable]] = {}
         node_class -> (enum_node_type, title_getter)
indices: List[Type[sphinx.domains.Index]] = []
         a list of Index subclasses
initial_data: Dict = {}
         data value for a fresh environment
```

domain label: longer, more descriptive (used in messages)

label = ''

```
name = ''
              domain name: should be short, but unique
       object_types: Dict[str<sup>530</sup>, sphinx.domains.ObjType] = {}
              type (usually directive) name -> ObjType instance
       roles: Dict[str<sup>531</sup>, Union[Callable[[str<sup>532</sup>, str<sup>533</sup>, str<sup>534</sup>, int<sup>535</sup>,
       docutils.parsers.rst.states.Inliner, Dict[str<sup>536</sup>, Any], List[str<sup>537</sup>]],
       Tuple[List[docutils.nodes.Node], List[docutils.nodes.system_message]]],
       sphinx.roles.XRefRole]] = {}
              role name -> role callable
class sphinx.domains.ObjType(lname: str<sup>538</sup>, *roles: Any, **attrs: Any)
       An ObjType is the description for a type of object that a domain can document. In the object_types attribute of
       Domain subclasses, object type names are mapped to instances of this class.
       Constructor arguments:
 491 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 492 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
 493 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
 494 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 495 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
 496 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 497 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 498 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 499 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 500 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 501 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 502 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 503 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 504 https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int
 505 https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool
 506 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 507 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 508 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
 509 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 510 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
 511 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
 512 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 513 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 514 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
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 519 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 520 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 521 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 522 https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int
 523 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 524 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 525 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
 526 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 527 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 528 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 529 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 530 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 531 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
```

https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int
 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

- *lname*: localized name of the type (do not include domain name)
- roles: all the roles that can refer to an object of this type
- *attrs*: object attributes currently only «searchprio» is known, which defines the object's priority in the full-text search index, see *Domain.get_objects()*.

class sphinx.domains.Index(domain: sphinx.domains.Domain)

An Index is the description for a domain-specific index. To add an index to a domain, subclass Index, overriding the three name attributes:

- *name* is an identifier used for generating file names. It is also used for a hyperlink target for the index. Therefore, users can refer the index page using ref role and a string which is combined domain name and name attribute (ex. :ref:`py-modindex`).
- localname is the section title for the index.
- *shortname* is a short name for the index, for use in the relation bar in HTML output. Can be empty to disable entries in the relation bar.

and providing a *generate()* method. Then, add the index class to your domain's *indices* list. Extensions can add indices to existing domains using *add_index_to_domain()*.

Cambiato nella versione 3.0: Index pages can be referred by domain name and index name via ref role.

```
abstract generate(docnames: Optional[Iterable[str^{539}]] = None) \rightarrow Tuple[List[Tuple[str^{540}, List[sphinx.domains.IndexEntry]]], bool<sup>541</sup>]
```

Get entries for the index.

If docnames is given, restrict to entries referring to these docnames.

The return value is a tuple of (content, collapse):

collapse A boolean that determines if sub-entries should start collapsed (for output formats that support collapsing sub-entries).

content: A sequence of (letter, entries) tuples, where letter is the «heading» for the given entries, usually the starting letter, and entries is a sequence of single entries. Each entry is a sequence [name, subtype, docname, anchor, extra, qualifier, descr]. The items in this sequence have the following meaning:

name The name of the index entry to be displayed.

subtype The sub-entry related type. One of:

- **0** A normal entry.
- **1** An entry with sub-entries.
- 2 A sub-entry.

docname where the entry is located.

anchor Anchor for the entry within docname

extra Extra info for the entry.

qualifier Qualifier for the description.

descr Description for the entry.

Qualifier and description are not rendered for some output formats such as LaTeX.

⁵³⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵³⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁴⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁴¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

Python Domain

```
Python language domain.

objects

modules

note_object(name: str<sup>542</sup>, objtype: str<sup>543</sup>, node_id: str<sup>544</sup>, canonical: bool<sup>545</sup> = False, location:

Optional[Any] = None) → None<sup>546</sup>

Note a python object for cross reference.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.

note_module(name: str<sup>547</sup>, node_id: str<sup>548</sup>, synopsis: str<sup>549</sup>, platform: str<sup>550</sup>, deprecated: bool<sup>551</sup>) → None<sup>552</sup>

Note a python module for cross reference.

Nuovo nella versione 2.1.
```

Parser API

The docutils documentation describes⁵⁵³ parsers as follows:

The Parser analyzes the input document and creates a node tree representation.

In Sphinx, the parser modules works as same as docutils. The parsers are registered to Sphinx by extensions using Application APIs; Sphinx.add_source_suffix() and Sphinx.add_source_parser().

The *source suffix* is a mapping from file suffix to file type. For example, .rst file is mapped to 'restructuredtext' type. Sphinx uses the file type to looking for parsers from registered list. On searching, Sphinx refers to the Parser. supported attribute and picks up a parser which contains the file type in the attribute.

The users can override the source suffix mappings using *source_suffix* like following:

```
# a mapping from file suffix to file types
source_suffix = {
    '.rst': 'restructuredtext',
    '.md': 'markdown',
}
```

You should indicate file types your parser supports. This will allow users to configure their settings appropriately.

class sphinx.parsers.Parser

A base class of source parsers. The additional parsers should inherit this class instead of docutils.parsers. Parser. Compared with docutils.parsers.Parser, this class improves accessibility to Sphinx APIs.

The subclasses can access following objects and functions:

self.app The application object (*sphinx.application.Sphinx*)

```
542 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
543 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
544 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
545 https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool
546 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
547 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
548 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
549 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
550 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
551 https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool
552 https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None
553 http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/dev/hacking.html#parsing-the-document
```

```
self.config The config object (sphinx.config.Config)
self.env The environment object (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment)
self.warn() Emit a warning. (Same as sphinx.application.Sphinx.warn())
self.info() Emit a informational message. (Same as sphinx.application.Sphinx.info())
Deprecato dalla versione 1.6: warn() and info() is deprecated. Use sphinx.util.logging instead.
Deprecato dalla versione 3.0: parser.app is deprecated.
```

Doctree node classes added by Sphinx

Nodes for domain-specific object descriptions

```
class sphinx.addnodes.desc(rawsource=", *children, **attributes) Node for object descriptions.
```

This node is similar to a «definition list» with one definition. It contains one or more desc_signature and a desc content.

class sphinx.addnodes.**desc_signature**(*rawsource=''*, *text=''*, **children*, **attributes) Node for object signatures.

The «term» part of the custom Sphinx definition list.

As default the signature is a single line signature, but set is_multiline = True to describe a multi-line signature. In that case all child nodes must be desc_signature_line nodes.

class sphinx.addnodes.**desc_signature_line**(*rawsource=''*, *text=''*, **children*, **attributes) Node for a line in a multi-line object signatures.

It should only be used in a desc_signature with is_multiline set. Set add_permalink = True for the line that should get the permalink.

- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_addname**(*rawsource=''*, *text=''*, **children*, **attributes)

 Node for additional name parts (module name, class name).
- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_type**(*rawsource=*", *text=*", **children*, ***attributes*)

 Node for return types or object type names.
- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_returns**(*rawsource=''*, *text=''*, **children*, **attributes) Node for a «returns» annotation (a la -> in Python).
- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_name**(*rawsource=*", *text=*", **children*, ***attributes*)

 Node for the main object name.
- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_parameterlist**(*rawsource=''*, *text=''*, **children*, **attributes)

 Node for a general parameter list.
- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_parameter**(*rawsource=''*, *text=''*, **children*, **attributes) Node for a single parameter.
- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_optional**(*rawsource=*", *text=*", **children*, ***attributes*) Node for marking optional parts of the parameter list.
- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_annotation**(*rawsource=''*, *text=''*, **children*, **attributes) Node for signature annotations (not Python 3-style annotations).
- **class** sphinx.addnodes.**desc_content**(*rawsource=*", **children*, ***attributes*)

 Node for object description content.

This is the «definition» part of the custom Sphinx definition list.

New admonition-like constructs

```
class sphinx.addnodes.versionmodified(rawsource=", text=", *children, **attributes) Node for version change entries.
```

Currently used for «versionadded», «versionchanged» and «deprecated» directives.

```
class sphinx.addnodes.seealso(rawsource=", *children, **attributes)
```

Custom «see also» admonition.

Other paragraph-level nodes

```
class sphinx.addnodes.compact_paragraph(rawsource=", text=", *children, **attributes) Node for a compact paragraph (which never makes a  node).
```

New inline nodes

```
class sphinx.addnodes.index(rawsource=", text=", *children, **attributes)
```

Node for index entries.

This node is created by the index directive and has one attribute, entries. Its value is a list of 5-tuples of (entrytype, entryname, target, ignored, key).

```
entrytype is one of «single», «pair», «double», «triple».
```

key is categorization characters (usually a single character) for general index page. For the details of this, please see also: *qlossary* and issue #2320.

```
class sphinx.addnodes.pending_xref(rawsource=", *children, **attributes)
```

Node for cross-references that cannot be resolved without complete information about all documents.

These nodes are resolved before writing output, in BuildEnvironment.resolve_references.

```
class sphinx.addnodes.pending_xref_condition(rawsource=", text=", *children, **attributes)
```

Node for cross-references that are used to choose appropriate content of the reference by conditions on the resolving phase.

When the *pending_xref* node contains one or more **pending_xref_condition** nodes, the cross-reference resolver should choose the content of the reference using defined conditions in condition attribute of each pending_xref_condition nodes:

After the processing of cross-reference resolver, one of the content node under pending_xref_condition node is chosen by its condition and to be removed all of pending_xref_condition nodes:

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
<reference>
     teral>
        io.StringIO
```

Nota: This node is only allowed to be placed under pending_xref node. It is not allows to place it under other nodes. In addition, pending_xref node must contain only pending_xref_condition nodes if it contains one or more pending_xref_condition nodes.

The pending_xref_condition node should have **condition** attribute. Domains can be store their individual conditions into the attribute to filter contents on resolving phase. As a reserved condition name, **condition="*"** is used for the fallback of resolution failure. Additionally, as a recommended condition name, **condition="resolved"** is used for the representation of resolution success in the intersphinx module.

Nuovo nella versione 4.0.

```
class sphinx.addnodes.literal_emphasis(rawsource='', text='', *children, **attributes)

Node that behaves like emphasis, but further text processors are not applied (e.g. smartypants for HTML output).
```

class sphinx.addnodes.**download_reference**(*rawsource=''*, *text=''*, **children*, **attributes)

Node for download references, similar to pending_xref.

Special nodes

```
class sphinx.addnodes.only(rawsource=", *children, **attributes)

Node for «only» directives (conditional inclusion based on tags).
```

```
class sphinx.addnodes.meta(rawsource=", *children, **attributes)

Node for meta directive – same as docutils" standard meta node, but pickleable.
```

class sphinx.addnodes.highlightlang(rawsource=", *children, **attributes)

Inserted to set the highlight language and line number options for subsequent code blocks.

You should not need to generate the nodes below in extensions.

```
class sphinx.addnodes.glossary(rawsource=", *children, **attributes) Node to insert a glossary.
```

```
class sphinx.addnodes.toctree(rawsource=", *children, **attributes)

Node for inserting a «TOC tree».
```

```
class sphinx.addnodes.start_of_file(rawsource=", *children, **attributes)
Node to mark start of a new file, used in the LaTeX builder only.
```

class sphinx.addnodes.**productionlist**(*rawsource=''*, **children*, ***attributes*) Node for grammar production lists.

Contains production nodes.

```
class sphinx.addnodes.production(rawsource='', text='', *children, **attributes)

Node for a single grammar production rule.
```

Logging API

```
sphinx.util.logging.getLogger(name)
```

Get logger wrapped by sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter.

Sphinx logger always uses sphinx.* namespace to be independent from settings of root logger. It ensures logging is consistent even if a third-party extension or imported application resets logger settings.

Example usage:

```
>>> from sphinx.util import logging
>>> logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
>>> logger.info('Hello, this is an extension!')
Hello, this is an extension!
```

class sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter(logging.LoggerAdapter)

LoggerAdapter allowing type and subtype keywords.

```
error(msg, *args, **kwargs)
critical(msg, *args, **kwargs)
warning(msg, *args, **kwargs)
```

Logs a message on this logger with the specified level. Basically, the arguments are as with python's logging module.

In addition, Sphinx logger supports following keyword arguments:

type, *subtype* Categories of warning logs. It is used to suppress warnings by suppress_warnings setting.

location Where the warning happened. It is used to include the path and line number in each log. It allows docname, tuple of docname and line number and nodes:

```
logger = sphinx.util.logging.getLogger(__name__)
logger.warning('Warning happened!', location='index')
logger.warning('Warning happened!', location=('chapter1/index', 10))
logger.warning('Warning happened!', location=some_node)
```

color The color of logs. By default, error level logs are colored as "darkred", critical level ones is not colored, and warning level ones are colored as "red".

```
log(level, msg, *args, **kwargs)
info(msg, *args, **kwargs)
verbose(msg, *args, **kwargs)
debug(msg, *args, **kwargs)
```

Logs a message to this logger with the specified level. Basically, the arguments are as with python's logging module.

In addition, Sphinx logger supports following keyword arguments:

nonl If true, the logger does not fold lines at the end of the log message. The default is False.

location Where the message emitted. For more detail, see *SphinxLoggerAdapter.warning()*.

color The color of logs. By default, info and verbose level logs are not colored, and debug level ones are colored as "darkgray".

sphinx.util.logging.pending_logging()

Contextmanager to pend logging all logs temporary.

For example:

```
>>> with pending_logging():
>>> logger.warning('Warning message!') # not flushed yet
>>> some_long_process()
>>>
Warning message! # the warning is flushed here
```

sphinx.util.logging.pending_warnings()

Contextmanager to pend logging warnings temporary.

Similar to pending_logging().

sphinx.util.logging.prefixed_warnings()

Prepend prefix to all records for a while.

For example:

```
>>> with prefixed_warnings("prefix:"):
>>> logger.warning('Warning message!') # => prefix: Warning message!
```

Nuovo nella versione 2.0.

i18n API

```
sphinx.locale.init(locale_dirs: List[Optional[str<sup>554</sup>]], language: Optional[str<sup>555</sup>], catalog: str^{556} = 'sphinx', namespace: str^{557} = 'general') \rightarrow Tuple[gettext.NullTranslations<sup>558</sup>, bool<sup>559</sup>]
```

Look for message catalogs in *locale_dirs* and *ensure* that there is at least a NullTranslations catalog set in *translators*. If called multiple times or if several .mo files are found, their contents are merged together (thus making init reentrant).

 $sphinx.locale.init_console(locale_dir: str^{560}, catalog: str^{561}) \rightarrow Tuple[gettext.NullTranslations^{562}, bool^{563}]$ Initialize locale for console.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

sphinx.locale.get_translation($catalog: str^{564}$, $namespace: str^{565} = 'general'$) \rightarrow Callable Get a translation function based on the catalog and namespace.

The extension can use this API to translate the messages on the extension:

```
import os
from sphinx.locale import get_translation

MESSAGE_CATALOG_NAME = 'myextension' # name of *.pot, *.po and *.mo files
_ = get_translation(MESSAGE_CATALOG_NAME)
text = _('Hello Sphinx!')

def setup(app):
```

⁵⁵⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁵⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁵⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁵⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁵⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/gettext.html#gettext.NullTranslations

⁵⁵⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁵⁶⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁶¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁶² https://docs.python.org/3/library/gettext.html#gettext.NullTranslations

⁵⁶³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

(continua dalla pagina precedente)

```
package_dir = path.abspath(path.dirname(__file__))
locale_dir = os.path.join(package_dir, 'locales')
app.add_message_catalog(MESSAGE_CATALOG_NAME, locale_dir)
```

With this code, sphinx searches a message catalog from \${package_dir}/locales/\${language}/LC_MESSAGES/myextension.mo. The language is used for the searching.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

```
sphinx.locale._(message: str^{566}, *args: Any) \rightarrow str<sup>567</sup>
```

Translation function for messages on documentation (menu, labels, themes and so on). This function follows *language* setting.

```
sphinx.locale.__(message: str^{568}, *args: Any) \rightarrow str<sup>569</sup>
```

Translation function for console messages This function follows locale setting (*LC_ALL*, *LC_MESSAGES* and so on).

Extension internationalization (i18n) and localization (I10n) using i18n API

Nuovo nella versione 1.8.

An extension may naturally come with message translations. This is briefly summarized in *sphinx.locale.* $get_translation()$ help.

In practice, you have to:

- 1. Choose a name for your message catalog, which must be unique. Usually the name of your extension is used for the name of message catalog.
- 2. Mark in your extension sources all messages as translatable, via *sphinx.locale.get_translation()* function, usually renamed _(), e.g.:

```
Listato 1: src/__init__.py
```

3. Set up your extension to be aware of its dedicated translations:

```
def setup(app):
    package_dir = path.abspath(path.dirname(__file__))
    locale_dir = os.path.join(package_dir, 'locales')
    app.add_message_catalog(MESSAGE_CATALOG_NAME, locale_dir)
```

4. Generate message catalog template *.pot file, usually in locale/ source directory, for example via Babel⁵⁷⁰:

```
564 https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str
```

⁵⁶⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁶⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁶⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁶⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁶⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁷⁰ http://babel.pocoo.org/

- \$ pybabel extract --output=src/locale/myextension.pot src/
- 5. Create message catalogs (*.po) for each language which your extension will provide localization, for example via Babel⁵⁷¹:

- 6. Translate message catalogs for each language manually
- 7. Compile message catalogs into *.mo files, for example via Babel⁵⁷²:

```
$ pybabel compile --directory=src/locale --domain=myextension
```

8. Ensure that message catalog files are distributed when your package will be installed, by adding equivalent line in your extension MANIFEST.in:

Listato 3: MANIFEST.in

```
recursive-include src *.pot *.po *.mo
```

When the messages on your extension has been changed, you need to also update message catalog template and message catalogs, for example via Babel⁵⁷³:

Utilities

Sphinx provides utility classes and functions to develop extensions.

Base classes for components

These base classes are useful to allow your extensions to obtain Sphinx components (e.g. *Config*, *BuildEnvironment* and so on) easily.

Nota: The subclasses of them might not work with bare docutils because they are strongly coupled with Sphinx.

class sphinx.transforms.SphinxTransform(document, startnode=None)

A base class of Transforms.

Compared with docutils.transforms.Transform, this class improves accessibility to Sphinx APIs.

```
property app: Sphinx
```

Reference to the *Sphinx* object.

property config: sphinx.config.Config

Reference to the *Config* object.

property env: BuildEnvironment

Reference to the BuildEnvironment object.

⁵⁷¹ http://babel.pocoo.org/

⁵⁷² http://babel.pocoo.org/

⁵⁷³ http://babel.pocoo.org/

class sphinx.transforms.post_transforms.SphinxPostTransform(document, startnode=None)
 A base class of post-transforms.

Post transforms are invoked to modify the document to restructure it for outputting. They do resolving references, convert images, special transformation for each output formats and so on. This class helps to implement these post transforms.

apply(**kwargs: Any) \rightarrow None⁵⁷⁴

Override to apply the transform to the document tree.

is_supported() \rightarrow bool⁵⁷⁵

Check this transform working for current builder.

run(**kwargs: Any) \rightarrow None⁵⁷⁶

main method of post transforms.

Subclasses should override this method instead of apply().

A base class for Sphinx directives.

This class provides helper methods for Sphinx directives.

Nota: The subclasses of this class might not work with docutils. This class is strongly coupled with Sphinx.

 $get_source_info() \rightarrow Tuple[str^{577}, int^{578}]$

Get source and line number.

 $set_source_info(node: docutils.nodes.Node) \rightarrow None^{579}$

Set source and line number to the node.

property config: Config

Reference to the *Config* object.

property env: BuildEnvironment

Reference to the BuildEnvironment object.

class sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole

A base class for Sphinx roles.

This class provides helper methods for Sphinx roles.

Nota: The subclasses of this class might not work with docutils. This class is strongly coupled with Sphinx.

property config: Config

Reference to the *Config* object.

content: List[str⁵⁸⁰]

A list of strings, the directive content for customization

property env: BuildEnvironment

Reference to the BuildEnvironment object.

⁵⁷⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁵⁷⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁵⁷⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁷⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

⁵⁷⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

inliner: docutils.parsers.rst.states.Inliner

The docutils.parsers.rst.states.Inliner object.

lineno: int⁵⁸¹

The line number where the interpreted text begins.

name: str⁵⁸²

The role name actually used in the document.

options: Dict

A dictionary of directive options for customization

rawtext: str⁵⁸³

A string containing the entire interpreted text input.

text: str⁵⁸⁴

The interpreted text content.

class sphinx.util.docutils.ReferenceRole

A base class for reference roles.

The reference roles can accept link title <target> style as a text for the role. The parsed result; link title and target will be stored to self.title and self.target.

disabled: bool⁵⁸⁵

A boolean indicates the reference is disabled.

has_explicit_title: bool⁵⁸⁶

A boolean indicates the role has explicit title or not.

target: str⁵⁸⁷

The link target for the interpreted text.

title: str⁵⁸⁸

The link title for the interpreted text.

class sphinx.transforms.post_transforms.images.ImageConverter(*args: Any, **kwargs: Any)

A base class for image converters.

An image converter is kind of Docutils transform module. It is used to convert image files which does not supported by builder to appropriate format for that builder.

For example, *LaTeX builder* supports PDF, PNG and JPEG as image formats. However it does not support SVG images. For such case, to use image converters allows to embed these unsupported images into the document. One of image converters; *sphinx.ext.imgconverter* can convert a SVG image to PNG format using Imagemagick internally.

There are three steps to make your custom image converter:

- 1. Make a subclass of ImageConverter class
- 2. Override conversion_rules, is_available() and convert()
- 3. Register your image converter to Sphinx using Sphinx.add_post_transform()

 $^{^{580}}$ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁸¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

⁵⁸² https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁸³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁸⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁵⁸⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁸⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

```
convert(\_from: str^{589}, \_to: str^{590}) \rightarrow bool^{591}
```

Convert a image file to expected format.

_from is a path for source image file, and _to is a path for destination file.

```
is_available() \rightarrow bool^{592}
```

Return the image converter is available or not.

```
available: Optional[bool^{593}] = None
```

The converter is available or not. Will be filled at the first call of the build. The result is shared in the same process.

Da fare: This should be refactored not to store the state without class variable.

```
conversion_rules: List[Tuple[str<sup>594</sup>, str<sup>595</sup>]] = []
```

A conversion rules the image converter supports. It is represented as a list of pair of source image format (mimetype) and destination one:

```
conversion_rules = [
    ('image/svg+xml', 'image/png'),
    ('image/gif', 'image/png'),
    ('application/pdf', 'image/png'),
]
```

Utility components

```
class sphinx.events.EventManager(app: Sphinx)
```

Event manager for Sphinx.

```
add(name: str^{596}) \rightarrow None<sup>597</sup>
```

Register a custom Sphinx event.

connect (name: str^{598} , callback: Callable, priority: int^{599}) \rightarrow int⁶⁰⁰

Connect a handler to specific event.

disconnect(*listener id:* int^{601}) \rightarrow None⁶⁰²

Disconnect a handler.

emit (name: str^{603} , *args: Any, allowed_exceptions: Tuple[Type[Exception^{604}], ...] = ()) \rightarrow List Emit a Sphinx event.

emit_firstresult(name: str^{605} , *args: Any, allowed_exceptions: Tuple[Type[Exception^{606}], ...] = ()) \rightarrow Any

Emit a Sphinx event and returns first result.

This returns the result of the first handler that doesn't return None.

⁵⁸⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁹⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁹¹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁵⁹² https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁵⁹³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#bool

⁵⁹⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁹⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

Deprecated APIs

On developing Sphinx, we are always careful to the compatibility of our APIs. But, sometimes, the change of interface are needed for some reasons. In such cases, we've marked them as deprecated. And they are kept during the two major versions (for more details, please see *Deprecation policy*).

The following is a list of deprecated interfaces.

Tabella 4: deprecated APIs

Target	Depre- cated	(will be) Removed	Alternatives
favicon variable in HTML templates	4.0	TBD	favicon_url
logo variable in HTML templates	4.0	TBD	logo_url
sphinx.directives.patches.	4.0	6.0	docutils.parsers.rst.diretives.
ListTable			tables.ListSVTable
sphinx.directives.patches.	4.0	6.0	docutils.parsers.rst.diretives.
RSTTable			tables.RSTTable
sphinx.ext.autodoc.directive.	4.0	6.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.directive.
DocumenterBridge.filename_set			DocumenterBridge.
			record_dependencies
sphinx.ext.autodoc.directive.	4.0	6.0	Logging API
DocumenterBridge.warn()			
sphinx.registry.	4.0	6.0	N/A
SphinxComponentRegistry.			
<pre>get_source_input()</pre>			
sphinx.registry.	4.0	6.0	N/A
SphinxComponentRegistry.			
source_inputs			
sphinx.transforms.FigureAligner	4.0	6.0	N/A
sphinx.util.pycompat.	4.0	6.0	N/A
convert_with_2to3()			
<pre>sphinx.util.pycompat.execfile_()</pre>	4.0	6.0	N/A
sphinx.util.smartypants	4.0	6.0	docutils.utils.smartyquotes
sphinx.util.typing.	4.0	6.0	N/A
DirectiveOption			
pending_xref node for viewcode extension	3.5	5.0	sphinx.ext.viewcode.
			viewcode_anchor
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.			
anchors_ignore			
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.auth			apptinuos on poyt page

⁵⁹⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁹⁷ https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁵⁹⁸ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁵⁹⁹ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

⁶⁰⁰ https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int https://docs.python.org/3/library/functions.html#int

⁶⁰² https://docs.python.org/3/library/constants.html#None

⁶⁰³ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁶⁰⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#Exception

⁶⁰⁵ https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#str

⁶⁰⁶ https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#Exception

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente					
Target	Depre-	(will be)	Alternatives		
	cated	Removed			
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A		
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.broken					
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A		
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.good					
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A		
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.					
redirected					
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A		
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.rqueue					
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A		
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.					
to_ignore					
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A		
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.workers					
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	N/A		
CheckExternalLinksBuilder.wqueue	3.5	3.0	1471		
sphinx.builders.linkcheck.	3.5	5.0	sphinx.util.nodes.		
node_line_or_0()	3.3	3.0	get_node_line()		
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.5	5.0	N/A		
AttributeDocumenter.	3.3	3.0	IVA		
isinstanceattribute()					
	3.5	5.0	auhium aut autada a		
sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer.	3.3	3.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.		
<pre>get_module_members()</pre>			ModuleDocumenter.		
	2.5		get_module_members()		
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.	3.5	5.0	Logging API		
_simple_info()					
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.	3.5	5.0	Logging API		
_simple_warn()					
sphinx.writers.html.	3.5	5.0	html_permalinks_icon		
HTMLTranslator.permalink_text					
sphinx.writers.html5.	3.5	5.0	html_permalinks_icon		
HTML5Translator.permalink_text					
The follow_wrapped argument of	3.4	5.0	N/A		
<pre>sphinx.util.inspect.signature()</pre>					
The no_docstring argument of	3.4	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.Documenter.		
sphinx.ext.autodoc.Documenter.			<pre>get_doc()</pre>		
add_content()					
sphinx.ext.autodoc.Documenter.	3.4	6.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.		
<pre>get_object_members()</pre>			ClassDocumenter.		
			<pre>get_object_members()</pre>		
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.4	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.		
DataDeclarationDocumenter			DataDocumenter		
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.4	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.		
GenericAliasDocumenter			DataDocumenter		
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.4	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.		
InstanceAttributeDocumenter	3.7	3.0	AttributeDocumenter		
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.4	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.		
SlotsAttributeDocumenter	3.4	3.0	AttributeDocumenter		
21012WITTIDATEDOCAMENTEL.		<u> </u>	AttributeDocumenter		

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

		lalla pagina p	
Target	Depre- cated	(will be) Removed	Alternatives
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.4	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.
TypeVarDocumenter			DataDocumenter
sphinx.ext.autodoc.directive.	3.5	5.0	sphinx.util.logging
DocumenterBridge.reporter			
sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer.	3.4	4.0	sphinx.util.inspect.
_getannotations()			<pre>getannotations()</pre>
sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer.	3.4	4.0	<pre>sphinx.util.inspect.getmro()</pre>
_getmro()			
sphinx.pycode.ModuleAnalyzer.	3.4	5.0	sphinx.pycode.ModuleAnalyzer.
parse()			analyze()
<pre>sphinx.util.osutil.movefile()</pre>	3.4	5.0	os.replace()
sphinx.util.requests.	3.4	5.0	N/A
is_ssl_error()			
sphinx.builders.latex.	3.3	5.0	N/A
LaTeXBuilder.usepackages			
sphinx.builders.latex.	3.3	5.0	N/A
LaTeXBuilder.			1 1111
usepackages_afger_hyperref			
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.3	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.
SingledispatchFunctionDocumenter	3.3	3.0	FunctionDocumenter
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.3	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.
SingledispatchMethodDocumenter	3.3	3.0	MethodDocumenter
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.2	5.0	N/A
members_set_option()	3.2	3.0	IVA
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.2	5.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.
merge_special_members_option()	3.2	3.0	merge_members_option()
sphinx.writers.texinfo.	3.2	5.0	sphinx.writers.texinfo.
TexinfoWriter.desc	3.2	3.0	TexinfoWriter.descs
The first argument for	3.1	5.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.	3.1	3.0	IVA
AutosummaryRenderer has been changed			
to Sphinx object			
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.	3.1	5.0	N/A
AutosummaryRenderer takes an object	3.1	3.0	IVA
type as an argument	3.1	5.0	N/A
The ignore argument of sphinx.ext.	3.1	3.0	N/A
autodoc.Documenter.get_doc()	3.1	5.0	N/A
The template_dir argument of	3.1	3.0	IV/A
<pre>sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate. AutosummaryRenderer</pre>			
	3.0	5.0	N/A
The module argument of	3.0	3.0	IV/A
<pre>sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate. find_autosummary_in_docstring()</pre>			
	2.1	5.0	N/A
The builder argument of	3.1	5.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.			
generate_autosummary_docs()	2.1	5.0	N/A
The template_dir argument of	3.1	5.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.			
<pre>generate_autosummary_docs()</pre>			

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Target	Depre- cated	(will be) Removed	Alternatives
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.	3.1	5.0	N/A
AutosummaryRenderer.exists()	3.1	3.0	10/1
The ignore argument of sphinx.util.	3.1	5.0	N/A
docstring.prepare_docstring()	3.1	3.0	IVA
sphinx.util.rpartition()	3.1	5.0	str.rpartition()
desc_signature['first']	3.1	3.0	N/A
sphinx.directives.DescDirective	3.0	5.0	sphinx.directives.
spninx.directives.bescurrective	3.0	3.0	ObjectDescription
sphinx.domains.std.	3.0	5.0	sphinx.domains.std.
Sphinx.domains.stu. StandardDomain.add_object()	3.0	3.0	StandardDomain.note_object()
sphinx.domains.python.	3.0	5.0	N/A
sphinx.domains.python. PyDecoratorMixin	3.0	3.0	IV/A
·	2.0	5.0	
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	3.0	5.0	sphinx.registry.documenters
get_documenters()	2.0	5.0	NI/A
sphinx.ext.autosummary.	3.0	5.0	N/A
process_autosummary_toc()	2.0	5.0	N/A
sphinx.parsers.Parser.app	3.0	5.0	N/A
sphinx.testing.path.Path.text()	3.0	5.0	<pre>sphinx.testing.path.Path. read_text()</pre>
sphinx.testing.path.Path.bytes()	3.0	5.0	sphinx.testing.path.Path.
			read_bytes()
sphinx.util.inspect.getargspec()	3.0	5.0	<pre>inspect.getargspec()</pre>
sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXWriter.	3.0	5.0	LaTeX Themes
format_docclass()			
decode argument of	2.4	4.0	N/A
sphinx.pycode.ModuleAnalyzer()			
sphinx.directives.other.Index	2.4	4.0	sphinx.domains.index.
			IndexDirective
sphinx.environment.	2.4	4.0	documents.nameids
temp_data['gloss_entries']			
sphinx.environment.	2.4	4.0	sphinx.domains.index.
BuildEnvironment.indexentries			IndexDomain
sphinx.environment.collectors.	2.4	4.0	sphinx.domains.index.
indexentries.			IndexDomain
IndexEntriesCollector			
sphinx.io.FiletypeNotFoundError	2.4	4.0	sphinx.errors.
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			FiletypeNotFoundError
sphinx.ext.apidoc.INITPY	2.4	4.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.apidoc.shall_skip()	2.4	4.0	sphinx.ext.apidoc.
			is_skipped_package
sphinx.io.get_filetype()	2.4	4.0	sphinx.util.get_filetype()
sphinx.pycode.ModuleAnalyzer.	2.4	4.0	N/A
encoding	2. 1		- "
sphinx.roles.Index	2.4	4.0	sphinx.domains.index.IndexRole
sphinx.util.detect_encoding()	2.4	4.0	tokenize.detect_encoding()
sphinx.util.detect_encourng() sphinx.util.get_module_source()	2.4	4.0	N/A
sphinx.util.inspect.Signature			sphinx.util.inspect.signature
spiiriix.utii.inspect.signature	2.4	4.0	
			and sphinx.util.inspect.
			stringify_signature()

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

		lalla pagina p	
Target	Depre- cated	(will be) Removed	Alternatives
sphinx.util.inspect.	2.4	4.0	<pre>inspect.getmembers()</pre>
<pre>safe_getmembers()</pre>			
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.settings.author			
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	document['contentsname']
LaTeXTranslator.settings.			
contentsname			
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	document['docclass']
LaTeXTranslator.settings.docclass			
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.settings.docname			
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.settings.title			
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	sphinx.builders.latex.
ADDITIONAL_SETTINGS			constants.ADDITIONAL_SETTINGS
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	sphinx.builders.latex.
DEFAULT_SETTINGS			constants.DEFAULT_SETTINGS
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	sphinx.builders.latex.
LUALATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG			constants.
			LUALATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	sphinx.builders.latex.
PDFLATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG			constants.
			PDFLATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	sphinx.builders.latex.
XELATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG	2.1	1.0	constants.
ALLMILA_DLI MOLI_I ONII NO			XELATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.4	4.0	sphinx.builders.latex.
XELATEX_GREEK_DEFAULT_FONTPKG	2.4	4.0	constants.
ALLMILA_GREEK_DEI MOLI_I OMII RG			XELATEX_GREEK_DEFAULT_FONTPKG
sphinx.builders.gettext.POHEADER	2.3	4.0	sphinx/templates/gettext/
Spiritix.burruers.gettext.roiiLADLK	2.3	4.0	message.pot_t (template
			file)
sphinx.io.SphinxStandaloneReader.	2.3	4.0	sphinx.io.
-	2.3	4.0	SphinxStandaloneReader.setup()
app	2.3	4.0	sphinx.io.
sphinx.io.SphinxStandaloneReader.	2.3	4.0	SphinxStandaloneReader.setup()
env	2.3	4.0	
sphinx.util.texescape.	2.3	4.0	sphinx.util.texescape.escape()
tex_escape_map	2.2	4.0	anhima mail tancaran
sphinx.util.texescape.	2.3	4.0	sphinx.util.texescape.
tex_hl_escape_map_new	2.2	4.0	hlescape()
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.3	4.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.no_contractions	2.2	4.0	anhim dancing a star with
sphinx.domains.math.MathDomain.	2.2	4.0	sphinx.domains.math.MathDomain.
add_equation()	2.2	4.0	note_equation()
sphinx.domains.math.MathDomain.	2.2	4.0	sphinx.domains.math.MathDomain.
get_next_equation_number()	2.2	1.0	note_equation()
The info and warn arguments of	2.2	4.0	logging.info() and
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.			logging.warning()
<pre>generate_autosummary_docs()</pre>			continues on next page

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Target	Depre-	(will be)	Alternatives
larget	cated	Removed	Alternatives
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.	2.2	4.0	logging.info()
_simple_info()	2.2	4.0	Togging.Inio()
_	2.2	4.0	logging comping()
sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.	2.2	4.0	logging.warning()
_simple_warn()	2.2	4.0	and in a second
sphinx.ext.todo.merge_info()	2.2	4.0	sphinx.ext.todo.TodoDomain
sphinx.ext.todo.	2.2	4.0	sphinx.ext.todo.TodoDomain
<pre>process_todo_nodes() sphinx.ext.todo.process_todos()</pre>	2.2	4.0	anhing and tada TadaDamain
		4.0	sphinx.ext.todo.TodoDomain
sphinx.ext.todo.purge_todos()	2.2	4.0	sphinx.ext.todo.TodoDomain
sphinx.builders.latex.	2.1	4.0	N/A
LaTeXBuilder.apply_transforms()	2.1	4.0	
sphinx.buildersepub_base.	2.1	4.0	html.escape()
EpubBuilder.esc()	2.1	4.0	
sphinx.directives.Acks	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.Acks
sphinx.directives.Author	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.Author
sphinx.directives.Centered	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.
			Centered
sphinx.directives.Class	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.Class
sphinx.directives.CodeBlock	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.code.
			CodeBlock
sphinx.directives.Figure	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.patches.
			Figure
sphinx.directives.HList	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.HList
sphinx.directives.Highlight	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.code.
			Highlight
sphinx.directives.Include	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.Include
sphinx.directives.Index	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.Index
sphinx.directives.LiteralInclude	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.code.
			LiteralInclude
sphinx.directives.Meta	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.patches.Meta
sphinx.directives.Only	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.Only
sphinx.directives.SeeAlso	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.SeeAlso
sphinx.directives.TabularColumns	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.
			TabularColumns
sphinx.directives.TocTree	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.TocTree
sphinx.directives.VersionChange	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.other.
			VersionChange
sphinx.domains.python.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.domains.python.
PyClassmember			PyAttribute,
			sphinx.domains.python.PyMethod,
			sphinx.domains.python.
			PyClassMethod,
			sphinx.domains.python.PyObject
			and sphinx.domains.python.
			PyStaticMethod
			PyStatichethod

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

		alla pagina p	
Target	Depre- cated	(will be) Removed	Alternatives
sphinx.domains.python. PyModulelevel	2.1	4.0	sphinx.domains.python. PyFunction, sphinx.domains.python.PyObject and sphinx.domains.python. PyVariable
sphinx.domains.std.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.domains.citation.
<pre>StandardDomainresolve_citation_xref()</pre>			CitationDomain.resolve_xref()
sphinx.domains.std.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.domains.citation.
StandardDomain.note_citations()	2.1	1.0	CitationDomain.note_citation()
sphinx.domains.std.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.domains.citation.
StandardDomain.			CitationDomain.
<pre>note_citation_refs()</pre>			<pre>note_citation_reference()</pre>
sphinx.domains.std.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.domains.std.
StandardDomain.note_labels()	2.1		StandardDomain.process_doc()
sphinx.environment.NoUri	2.1	4.0	sphinx.errors.NoUri
<pre>sphinx.ext.apidoc. format_directive()</pre>	2.1	4.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.apidoc. format_heading()	2.1	4.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.apidoc.makename()	2.1	4.0	anhing out anides module isin()
			sphinx.ext.apidoc.module_join()
<pre>sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer. MockFinder</pre>	2.1	4.0	<pre>sphinx.ext.autodoc.mock. MockFinder</pre>
<pre>sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer. MockLoader</pre>	2.1	4.0	sphinx.ext.autodoc.mock. MockLoader
<pre>sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer. mock()</pre>	2.1	4.0	<pre>sphinx.ext.autodoc.mock.mock()</pre>
<pre>sphinx.ext.autosummary. autolink_role()</pre>	2.1	4.0	sphinx.ext.autosummary.AutoLink
sphinx.ext.imgmath.DOC_BODY	2.1	4.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.imgmath. DOC_BODY_PREVIEW	2.1	4.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.imgmath.DOC_HEAD	2.1	4.0	N/A
sphinx.transforms.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.domains.citation.
CitationReferences			CitationReferenceTransform
sphinx.transforms.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.domains.citation.
SmartQuotesSkipper			CitationDefinitionTransform
sphinx.util.docfields.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.directives.
DocFieldTransformer.			ObjectDescription.
<pre>preprocess_fieldtypes()</pre>			<pre>get_field_type_map()</pre>
sphinx.util.node.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.util.node.
find_source_node()			get_node_source()
sphinx.util.i18n.find_catalog()	2.1	4.0	sphinx.util.i18n.
1	2.1	4.0	docname_to_domain()
sphinx.util.i18n.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.util.i18n.
find_catalog_files()	2.1	4.0	CatalogRepository
sphinx.util.i18n.	2.1	4.0	sphinx.util.i18n.
<pre>find_catalog_source_files()</pre>			CatalogRepository

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

		alla pagina p	
Target	Depre-	(will be)	Alternatives
	cated	Removed	
encoding argument of	2.0	4.0	N/A
<pre>autodoc.Documenter.get_doc(),</pre>			
autodoc.DocstringSignatureMixin.			
<pre>get_doc(),</pre>			
autodoc.DocstringSignatureMixin.			
_find_signature(), and			
<pre>autodoc.ClassDocumenter.get_doc()</pre>			
arguments of	2.0	4.0	N/A
<pre>EpubBuilder.build_mimetype(),</pre>			
<pre>EpubBuilder.build_container(),</pre>			
<pre>EpubBuilder.build_content(),</pre>			
EpubBuilder.build_toc() and			
EpubBuilder.build_epub()			
arguments of Epub3Builder.	2.0	4.0	N/A
<pre>build_navigation_doc()</pre>			
nodetype argument of sphinx.search.	2.0	4.0	N/A
WordCollector.is_meta_keywords()			
suffix argument of	2.0	4.0	N/A
BuildEnvironment.doc2path()	2.0		
string style base argument of	2.0	4.0	os.path.join()
BuildEnvironment.doc2path()	2.0	7.0	os.pacii.joiii()
sphinx.addnodes.abbreviation	2.0	4.0	docutils.nodes.abbreviation
sphinx.builders.applehelp	2.0	4.0	sphinxcontrib.applehelp
sphinx.builders.devhelp	2.0	4.0	sphinxcontrib.devhelp
sphinx.builders.devneip sphinx.builders.epub3.			sphinx.builders.epub3.
	2.0	4.0	
Epub3Builder.			validate_config_values()
validate_config_value()	2.0	4.0	1. 1. 1.
sphinx.builders.html.	2.0	4.0	sphinx.builders.
JSONHTMLBuilder	2.0	1.0	serializinghtml.JSONHTMLBuilder
sphinx.builders.html.	2.0	4.0	sphinx.builders.
PickleHTMLBuilder			serializinghtml.
			PickleHTMLBuilder
sphinx.builders.html.	2.0	4.0	sphinx.builders.
SerializingHTMLBuilder			serializinghtml.
			SerializingHTMLBuilder
sphinx.builders.html.	2.0	4.0	sphinx.builders.singlehtml.
SingleFileHTMLBuilder			SingleFileHTMLBuilder
sphinx.builders.html.	2.0	4.0	sphinx.builders.
WebHTMLBuilder			serializinghtml.
			PickleHTMLBuilder
sphinx.builders.htmlhelp	2.0	4.0	sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp
sphinx.builders.htmlhelp.	2.0	4.0	open()
HTMLHelpBuilder.open_file()			
sphinx.builders.qthelp	2.0	4.0	sphinxcontrib.qthelp
sphinx.cmd.quickstart.	2.0	4.0	N/A
term_decode()			
sphinx.cmd.quickstart.	2.0	4.0	sys.stdin.encoding
TERM_ENCODING			-, - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : -
sphinx.config.check_unicode()	2.0	4.0	N/A
ophilia.coming.check_unicouc()	2.0	1.0	continues on payt page

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente					
Target	Depre-	(will be)	Alternatives		
	cated	Removed	[- 1 - 2]		
sphinx.config.string_classes	2.0	4.0	[str]		
sphinx.domains.cpp.	2.0	4.0	str(exc)		
DefinitionError.description	2.0	1.0			
sphinx.domains.cpp.NoOldIdError.	2.0	4.0	str(exc)		
description	2.0	1.0			
sphinx.domains.cpp.	2.0	4.0	str(exc)		
UnsupportedMultiCharacterCharLitera	a 1.				
decoded	2.0	4.0	N/A		
sphinx.ext.autosummary.	2.0	4.0	N/A		
Autosummary.warn()	2.0	4.0	N/A		
sphinx.ext.autosummary.	2.0	4.0	N/A		
Autosummary.genopt	2.0	4.0	NY/A		
sphinx.ext.autosummary.	2.0	4.0	N/A		
Autosummary.warnings	2.0	1.0	27/4		
sphinx.ext.autosummary.	2.0	4.0	N/A		
Autosummary.result	2.0	1.0	27/1		
sphinx.ext.doctest.	2.0	4.0	N/A		
doctest_encode()	2.0	1.0			
sphinx.ext.jsmath	2.0	4.0	sphinxcontrib.jsmath		
sphinx.roles.abbr_role()	2.0	4.0	sphinx.roles.Abbreviation		
<pre>sphinx.roles.emph_literal_role()</pre>	2.0	4.0	sphinx.roles.EmphasizedLiteral		
<pre>sphinx.roles.menusel_role()</pre>	2.0	4.0	sphinx.roles.GUILabel or		
			sphinx.roles.MenuSelection		
<pre>sphinx.roles.index_role()</pre>	2.0	4.0	sphinx.roles.Index		
<pre>sphinx.roles.indexmarkup_role()</pre>	2.0	4.0	sphinx.roles.PEP or		
			sphinx.roles.RFC		
sphinx.testing.util.	2.0	4.0	N/A		
remove_unicode_literal()					
sphinx.util.attrdict	2.0	4.0	N/A		
<pre>sphinx.util.force_decode()</pre>	2.0	4.0	N/A		
<pre>sphinx.util.get_matching_docs()</pre>	2.0	4.0	sphinx.util.		
			<pre>get_matching_files()</pre>		
sphinx.util.inspect.Parameter	2.0	3.0	N/A		
sphinx.util.jsonimpl	2.0	4.0	sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.		
			jsonimpl		
sphinx.util.osutil.EEXIST	2.0	4.0	errno.EEXIST or FileExistsError		
sphinx.util.osutil.EINVAL	2.0	4.0	errno.EINVAL		
sphinx.util.osutil.ENOENT	2.0	4.0	errno.ENOENT or FileNotFoundError		
sphinx.util.osutil.EPIPE	2.0	4.0	errno.ENOENT or BrokenPipeError		
<pre>sphinx.util.osutil.walk()</pre>	2.0	4.0	os.walk()		
sphinx.util.pycompat.NoneType	2.0	4.0	sphinx.util.typing.NoneType		
sphinx.util.pycompat.	2.0	4.0	io.TextIOWrapper		
TextIOWrapper					
sphinx.util.pycompat.UnicodeMixin	2.0	4.0	N/A		
<pre>sphinx.util.pycompat.htmlescape()</pre>	2.0	4.0	html.escape()		
<pre>sphinx.util.pycompat.indent()</pre>	2.0	4.0	textwrap.indent()		
sphinx.util.pycompat.sys_encoding	2.0	4.0	sys.getdefaultencoding()		
sphinx.util.pycompat.	2.0	4.0	sphinx.util.console.		
terminal_safe()			terminal_safe()		
			continues on port page		

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente				
Target	Depre-	(will be)	Alternatives	
	cated	Removed	N/A	
sphinx.util.pycompat.u	2.0	4.0	N/A	
sphinx.util.PeekableIterator	2.0	4.0	N/A	
Omitting the filename argument in an	2.0	4.0	IndexBuilder.feed(docname,	
overriddent IndexBuilder.feed()			filename, title, doctree)	
method.				
sphinx.writers.latex.ExtBabel	2.0	4.0	sphinx.builders.latex.util.	
			ExtBabel	
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.0	4.0	N/A	
LaTeXTranslator.babel_defmacro()				
sphinx.application.Sphinx.	2.0	3.0	N/A	
_setting_up_extension				
The importer argument of sphinx.ext.	2.0	3.0	N/A	
autodoc.importerMockModule				
sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer.	2.0	3.0	N/A	
_MockImporter				
<pre>sphinx.io.SphinxBaseFileInput</pre>	2.0	3.0	N/A	
sphinx.io.SphinxFileInput.	2.0	3.0	N/A	
supported				
sphinx.io.SphinxRSTFileInput	2.0	3.0	N/A	
sphinx.registry.	2.0	3.0	N/A	
SphinxComponentRegistry.				
add_source_input()				
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.0	3.0	N/A	
LaTeXTranslator.				
_make_visit_admonition()				
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.0	4.0	N/A	
LaTeXTranslator.				
<pre>collect_footnotes()</pre>				
sphinx.writers.texinfo.	2.0	3.0	N/A	
TexinfoTranslator.				
_make_visit_admonition()				
sphinx.writers.text.	2.0	3.0	N/A	
TextTranslator.				
_make_depart_admonition()				
sphinx.writers.latex.	2.0	4.0	N/A	
LaTeXTranslator.				
<pre>generate_numfig_format()</pre>				
highlightlang	1.8	4.0	highlight	
add_stylesheet()	1.8	4.0	add_css_file()	
add_javascript()	1.8	4.0	add_js_file()	
autodoc_default_flags	1.8	4.0	autodoc_default_options	
content arguments of sphinx.util.	1.8	3.0	N/A	
<pre>image.guess_mimetype()</pre>				
gettext_compact arguments of	1.8	3.0	N/A	
sphinx.util.i18n.				
find_catalog_source_files()				
sphinx.io.SphinxI18nReader.	1.8	3.0	N/A	
set_lineno_for_reporter()				
sphinx.io.SphinxI18nReader.line	1.8	3.0	N/A	
-r	1.0	1 2.0	continues on port page	

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

		lalla pagina p	
Target	Depre-	(will be)	Alternatives
	cated	Removed	
sphinx.directives.other.	1.8	3.0	sphinx.domains.changeset.
VersionChanges			VersionChanges
sphinx.highlighting.	1.8	3.0	N/A
<pre>PygmentsBridge.unhighlight()</pre>			
trim_doctest_flags arguments of	1.8	3.0	N/A
sphinx.highlighting.			
PygmentsBridge			
sphinx.ext.mathbase	1.8	3.0	N/A
sphinx.ext.mathbase.MathDomain	1.8	3.0	sphinx.domains.math.MathDomain
sphinx.ext.mathbase.MathDirective	1.8	3.0	sphinx.directives.patches.
Sp	1.0		MathDirective
<pre>sphinx.ext.mathbase.math_role()</pre>	1.8	3.0	docutils.parsers.rst.roles.
Spiritik. Ckc. maciibasc. macii_rore()	1.0	3.0	math_role()
sphinx.ext.mathbase.setup_math()	1.8	3.0	add_html_math_renderer()
sphinx.ext.mathbase.setup_math()		3.0	
<pre>is_in_section_title()</pre>	1.8	3.0	N/A
	1.0	2.0	
sphinx.ext.mathbase.	1.8	3.0	sphinx.util.math.
get_node_equation_number()	1.0	2.0	get_node_equation_number()
sphinx.ext.mathbase.	1.8	3.0	sphinx.util.math.
wrap_displaymath()			wrap_displaymath()
sphinx.ext.mathbase.math(node)	1.8	3.0	docutils.nodes.math
sphinx.ext.mathbase.displaymath	1.8	3.0	docutils.nodes.math_block
(node)			
<pre>sphinx.ext.mathbase.eqref (node)</pre>	1.8	3.0	sphinx.builders.latex.nodes.
			math_reference
<pre>viewcode_import (config value)</pre>	1.8	3.0	<pre>viewcode_follow_imported_members</pre>
sphinx.writers.latex.Table.	1.8	3.0	N/A
caption_footnotetexts			
sphinx.writers.latex.Table.	1.8	3.0	N/A
header_footnotetexts			
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.footnotestack			
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.			
<pre>in_container_literal_block</pre>			
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.next_section_ids			
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.	1.0	3.0	1771
next_hyperlink_ids			
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.	1.0	3.0	17/12
restrict_footnote()			
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.	1.0	3.0	IVA
unrestrict_footnote()	1.0	2.0	N/A
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A
LaTeXTranslator.			
<pre>push_hyperlink_ids()</pre>		<u> </u>	continues on next page

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente					
Target	Depre- cated	(will be) Removed	Alternatives		
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
LaTeXTranslator.					
<pre>pop_hyperlink_ids()</pre>					
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
LaTeXTranslator.bibitems					
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
LaTeXTranslator.hlsettingstack	1.0	3.0	1771		
sphinx.writers.latex.ExtBabel.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
get_shorthandoff()	1.0	3.0	1071		
sphinx.writers.html.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
HTMLTranslator.highlightlang()	1.0	3.0	IVA		
	1.8	3.0	N/A		
sphinx.writers.html.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
HTMLTranslator.					
highlightlang_base()	1.0	2.0	27/4		
sphinx.writers.html.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
HTMLTranslator.					
highlightlangopts()					
sphinx.writers.html.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
HTMLTranslator.					
highlightlinenothreshold()					
sphinx.writers.html5.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
<pre>HTMLTranslator.highlightlang()</pre>					
sphinx.writers.html5.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
HTMLTranslator.					
highlightlang_base()					
sphinx.writers.html5.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
HTMLTranslator.					
highlightlangopts()					
sphinx.writers.html5.	1.8	3.0	N/A		
HTMLTranslator.					
highlightlinenothreshold()					
sphinx.writers.latex.	1.8	3.0	Nothing		
LaTeXTranslator.			6		
<pre>check_latex_elements()</pre>					
sphinx.application.	1.8	3.0	sphinx.config.CONFIG_FILENAME		
CONFIG_FILENAME					
Config.check_unicode()	1.8	3.0	sphinx.config.check_unicode()		
Config.check_types()	1.8	3.0	sphinx.config.		
config.check_types()	1.0	3.0	check_confval_types()		
dirname, filename and tags arguments	1.8	3.0	Config.read()		
of Configinit()	1.0] 5.0	Config. 1 Cau()		
The value of html_search_options	1.8	3.0	see html_search_options		
sphinx.versioning.prepare()	1.8	3.0	sphinx.versioning.UIDTransform		
			add_domain()		
Sphinx.override_domain()	1.8	3.0			
Sphinx.import_object()	1.8	3.0	<pre>sphinx.util.import_object()</pre>		
suffix argument of	1.8	3.0	add_source_suffix()		
add_source_parser()					
BuildEnvironment.load()	1.8	3.0	pickle.load()		
BuildEnvironment.loads()	1.8	3.0	pickle.loads()		

Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Target	Depre-	alla pagina p	Alternatives
	cated	Removed	
BuildEnvironment.frompickle()	1.8	3.0	pickle.load()
BuildEnvironment.dump()	1.8	3.0	pickle.dump()
BuildEnvironment.dumps()	1.8	3.0	<pre>pickle.dumps()</pre>
BuildEnvironment.topickle()	1.8	3.0	<pre>pickle.dump()</pre>
BuildEnvironmentnitpick_ignore	1.8	3.0	nitpick_ignore
BuildEnvironment.versionchanges	1.8	3.0	N/A
BuildEnvironment.update()	1.8	3.0	Builder.read()
<pre>BuildEnvironment.read_doc()</pre>	1.8	3.0	Builder.read_doc()
<pre>BuildEnvironmentread_serial()</pre>	1.8	3.0	Builder.read()
<pre>BuildEnvironmentread_parallel()</pre>	1.8	3.0	Builder.read()
<pre>BuildEnvironment.write_doctree()</pre>	1.8	3.0	Builder.write_doctree()
BuildEnvironment.	1.8	3.0	ChangesDomain.note_changeset()
<pre>note_versionchange()</pre>			
warn() (template helper function)	1.8	3.0	warning()
source_parsers	1.8	3.0	add_source_parser()
sphinx.util.docutils.	1.8	3.0	Directive class of docutils
<pre>directive_helper()</pre>			
sphinx.cmdline	1.8	3.0	sphinx.cmd.build
sphinx.make_mode	1.8	3.0	sphinx.cmd.make_mode
sphinx.locale.l_()	1.8	3.0	sphinx.locale()
sphinx.locale.lazy_gettext()	1.8	3.0	sphinx.locale()
<pre>sphinx.locale.mygettext()</pre>	1.8	3.0	sphinx.locale()
<pre>sphinx.util.copy_static_entry()</pre>	1.5	3.0	sphinx.util.fileutil.
			copy_asset()
<pre>sphinx.build_main()</pre>	1.7	2.0	<pre>sphinx.cmd.build.build_main()</pre>
<pre>sphinx.ext.intersphinx.debug()</pre>	1.7	2.0	sphinx.ext.intersphinx.
			<pre>inspect_main()</pre>
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	1.7	2.0	sphinx.util.inspect.Signature
<pre>format_annotation()</pre>			
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	1.7	2.0	sphinx.util.inspect.Signature
<pre>formatargspec()</pre>			
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	1.7	2.0	sphinx.util.docutils.
AutodocReporter			<pre>switch_source_input()</pre>
sphinx.ext.autodoc.	1.7	2.0	add_autodocumenter()
<pre>add_documenter()</pre>			
sphinx.ext.autodoc.AutoDirective.	1.7	2.0	add_autodocumenter()
_register			
AutoDirective.	1.7	2.0	add_autodoc_attrgetter()
_special_attrgetters			
<pre>Sphinx.warn(), Sphinx.info()</pre>	1.6	2.0	Logging API
BuildEnvironment.set_warnfunc()	1.6	2.0	Logging API
BuildEnvironment.note_toctree()	1.6	2.0	Toctree.note() (in sphinx.
			<pre>environment.adapters.toctree)</pre>
<pre>BuildEnvironment.get_toc_for()</pre>	1.6	2.0	Toctree.get_toc_for() (in sphinx.
			environment.adapters.toctree)
BuildEnvironment.	1.6	2.0	Toctree.get_toctree_for() (in
<pre>get_toctree_for()</pre>			sphinx.environment.adapters.
			toctree)

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Tabella 4 – continua dalla pagina precedente

Target	Depre-	(will be)	Alternatives
	cated	Removed	
<pre>BuildEnvironment.create_index()</pre>	1.6	2.0	<pre>IndexEntries.create_index() (in</pre>
			sphinx.environment.adapters.
			indexentries)
sphinx.websupport	1.6	2.0	sphinxcontrib-websupport ⁶⁰⁷
StandaloneHTMLBuilder.css_files	1.6	2.0	add_stylesheet()
<pre>document.settings.gettext_compact</pre>	1.8	1.8	<pre>gettext_compact</pre>
<pre>Sphinx.status_iterator()</pre>	1.6	1.7	<pre>sphinx.util.status_iterator()</pre>
Sphinx.old_status_iterator()	1.6	1.7	sphinx.util.
			old_status_iterator()
Sphinxdirective_helper()	1.6	1.7	sphinx.util.docutils.
			directive_helper()
sphinx.util.compat.Directive	1.6	1.7	docutils.parsers.rst.Directive
sphinx.util.compat.	1.6	1.7	sphinx.util.docutils.
docutils_version			version_info

Nota: On deprecating on public APIs (internal functions and classes), we also follow the policy as much as possible.

⁶⁰⁷ https://pypi.org/project/sphinxcontrib-websupport/

CAPITOLO 7

Sphinx internals

This guide contains information about the Sphinx open source project itself. This is where you can find information about how Sphinx is managed and learn how to contribute to the project.

7.1 Contributing to Sphinx

There are many ways you can contribute to Sphinx, be it filing bug reports or feature requests, writing new documentation or submitting patches for new or fixed behavior. This guide serves to illustrate how you can get started with this.

Getting help

The Sphinx community maintains a number of mailing lists and IRC channels.

Stack Overflow with tag python-sphinx⁶⁰⁸ Questions and answers about use and development.

sphinx-users <sphinx-users@googlegroups.com> Mailing list for user support.

sphinx-dev@**googlegroups.com>** Mailing list for development related discussions.

#sphinx-doc on irc.freenode.net IRC channel for development questions and user support.

⁶⁰⁸ https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/python-sphinx

Bug Reports and Feature Requests

If you have encountered a problem with Sphinx or have an idea for a new feature, please submit it to the issue tracker⁶⁰⁹ on GitHub or discuss it on the sphinx-dev⁶¹⁰ mailing list.

For bug reports, please include the output produced during the build process and also the log file Sphinx creates after it encounters an unhandled exception. The location of this file should be shown towards the end of the error message.

Including or providing a link to the source files involved may help us fix the issue. If possible, try to create a minimal project that produces the error and post that instead.

Writing code

The Sphinx source code is managed using Git and is hosted on GitHub⁶¹¹. The recommended way for new contributors to submit code to Sphinx is to fork this repository and submit a pull request after committing changes to their fork. The pull request will then need to be approved by one of the core developers before it is merged into the main repository.

Getting started

Before starting on a patch, we recommend checking for open issues or open a fresh issue to start a discussion around a feature idea or a bug. If you feel uncomfortable or uncertain about an issue or your changes, feel free to email the *sphinx-dev* mailing list.

These are the basic steps needed to start developing on Sphinx.

- 1. Create an account on GitHub.
- 2. Fork the main Sphinx repository (sphinx-doc/sphinx⁶¹²) using the GitHub interface.
- 3. Clone the forked repository to your machine.

```
git clone https://github.com/USERNAME/sphinx
cd sphinx
```

4. Checkout the appropriate branch.

Sphinx adopts Semantic Versioning 2.0.0 (refs: https://semver.org/).

For changes that preserves backwards-compatibility of API and features, they should be included in the next MINOR release, use the A.x branch.

```
git checkout A.x
```

For incompatible or other substantial changes that should wait until the next MAJOR release, use the master branch.

For urgent release, a new PATCH branch must be branched from the newest release tag (see *Sphinx's release process* for detail).

5. Setup a virtual environment.

This is not necessary for unit testing, thanks to tox, but it is necessary if you wish to run sphinx-build locally or run unit tests without the help of tox:

⁶⁰⁹ https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/issues

⁶¹⁰ sphinx-dev@googlegroups.com

⁶¹¹ https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx

⁶¹² https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx

```
virtualenv ~/.venv
. ~/.venv/bin/activate
pip install -e .
```

6. Create a new working branch. Choose any name you like.

```
git checkout -b feature-xyz
```

7. Hack, hack, hack.

Write your code along with tests that shows that the bug was fixed or that the feature works as expected.

8. Add a bullet point to CHANGES if the fix or feature is not trivial (small doc updates, typo fixes), then commit:

```
git commit -m '#42: Add useful new feature that does this.'
```

GitHub recognizes certain phrases that can be used to automatically update the issue tracker. For example:

```
git commit -m 'Closes #42: Fix invalid markup in docstring of Foo.bar.'
```

would close issue #42.

9. Push changes in the branch to your forked repository on GitHub:

```
git push origin feature-xyz
```

- 10. Submit a pull request from your branch to the respective branch (master or A.x).
- 11. Wait for a core developer to review your changes.

Coding style

Please follow these guidelines when writing code for Sphinx:

- Try to use the same code style as used in the rest of the project.
- For non-trivial changes, please update the CHANGES file. If your changes alter existing behavior, please document this.
- New features should be documented. Include examples and use cases where appropriate. If possible, include a sample that is displayed in the generated output.
- When adding a new configuration variable, be sure to document it and update sphinx/cmd/quickstart.py if it's important enough.
- Add appropriate unit tests.

Style and type checks can be run using tox:

```
tox -e mypy
tox -e flake8
```

Unit tests

Sphinx is tested using pytest⁶¹³ for Python code and Karma⁶¹⁴ for JavaScript.

To run Python unit tests, we recommend using tox, which provides a number of targets and allows testing against multiple different Python environments:

• To list all possible targets:

```
tox -av
```

• To run unit tests for a specific Python version, such as Python 3.6:

```
tox -e py36
```

• To run unit tests for a specific Python version and turn on deprecation warnings on so they're shown in the test output:

```
PYTHONWARNINGS=all tox -e py36
```

• Arguments to pytest can be passed via tox, e.g. in order to run a particular test:

```
tox -e py36 tests/test_module.py::test_new_feature
```

You can also test by installing dependencies in your local environment:

```
pip install .[test]
```

To run JavaScript tests, use npm:

```
npm install
npm run test
```

New unit tests should be included in the tests directory where necessary:

- · For bug fixes, first add a test that fails without your changes and passes after they are applied.
- Tests that need a sphinx-build run should be integrated in one of the existing test modules if possible. New tests that to @with_app and then build_all for a few assertions are not good since the test suite should not take more than a minute to run.

Nuovo nella versione 1.8: Sphinx also runs JavaScript tests.

Nuovo nella versione 1.6: sphinx.testing is added as a experimental.

Cambiato nella versione 1.5.2: Sphinx was switched from nose to pytest.

Da fare: The below belongs in the developer guide

Utility functions and pytest fixtures for testing are provided in sphinx.testing. If you are a developer of Sphinx extensions, you can write unit tests with using pytest. At this time, sphinx.testing will help your test implementation.

How to use pytest fixtures that are provided by sphinx.testing? You can require 'sphinx.testing.fixtures' in your test modules or conftest.py files like this:

⁶¹³ https://docs.pytest.org/en/latest/

⁶¹⁴ https://karma-runner.github.io

```
pytest_plugins = 'sphinx.testing.fixtures'
```

If you want to know more detailed usage, please refer to tests/conftest.py and other test_*.py files under tests directory.

Writing documentation

Da fare: Add a more extensive documentation contribution guide.

You can build documentation using tox:

tox -e docs

Translations

The parts of messages in Sphinx that go into builds are translated into several locales. The translations are kept as gettext.po files translated from the master template sphinx/locale/sphinx.pot.

Sphinx uses Babel⁶¹⁵ to extract messages and maintain the catalog files. It is integrated in setup.py:

- Use python setup.py extract_messages to update the .pot template.
- Use python setup.py update_catalog to update all existing language catalogs in sphinx/locale/*/ LC_MESSAGES with the current messages in the template file.
- Use python setup.py compile_catalog to compile the .po files to binary .mo files and .js files.

When an updated .po file is submitted, run compile_catalog to commit both the source and the compiled catalogs.

When a new locale is submitted, add a new directory with the ISO 639-1 language identifier and put sphinx.po in there. Don't forget to update the possible values for *language* in doc/usage/configuration.rst.

The Sphinx core messages can also be translated on Transifex⁶¹⁶. There tx client tool, which is provided by the transifex_client Python package, can be used to pull translations in .po format from Transifex. To do this, go to sphinx/locale and then run tx pull -f -l LANG where LANG is an existing language identifier. It is good practice to run python setup.py update_catalog afterwards to make sure the .po file has the canonical Babel formatting.

Debugging tips

- Delete the build cache before building documents if you make changes in the code by running the command make clean or using the *sphinx-build -E* option.
- Use the *sphinx-build -P* option to run pdb on exceptions.
- Use node.pformat() and node.asdom().toxml() to generate a printable representation of the document structure.
- Set the configuration variable *keep_warnings* to True so warnings will be displayed in the generated output.
- Set the configuration variable nitpicky to True so that Sphinx will complain about references without a known target.
- Set the debugging options in the Docutils configuration file⁶¹⁷.

⁶¹⁵ http://babel.pocoo.org/en/latest/

⁶¹⁶ https://www.transifex.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx-1/

⁶¹⁷ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/user/config.html

• JavaScript stemming algorithms in sphinx/search/*.py (except en.py) are generated by this modified snow-ballcode generator⁶¹⁸. Generated JSX⁶¹⁹ files are in this repository⁶²⁰. You can get the resulting JavaScript files using the following command:

```
npm install
node_modules/.bin/grunt build # -> dest/*.global.js
```

7.2 Sphinx's release process

Branch Model

Sphinx project uses following branches for developing that conforms to Semantic Versioning 2.0.0 (refs: https://semver.org/).

master Development for MAJOR version. All changes including incompatible behaviors and public API updates are allowed.

A.x (ex. 2.x) Where A.x is the MAJOR.MINOR release. Used to maintain current MINOR release. All changes are allowed if the change preserves backwards-compatibility of API and features.

Only the most recent MAJOR.MINOR branch is currently retained. When a new MAJOR version is released, the old MAJOR.MINOR branch will be deleted and replaced by an equivalent tag.

A.B.x (ex. 2.4.x) Where A.B.x is the MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH release. Only backwards-compatible bug fixes are allowed. In Sphinx project, PATCH version is used for urgent bug fix.

MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH branch will be branched from the v prefixed release tag (ex. make 2.3.1 that branched from v2.3.0) when a urgent release is needed. When new PATCH version is released, the branch will be deleted and replaced by an equivalent tag (ex. v2.3.1).

Deprecating a feature

There are a couple reasons that code in Sphinx might be deprecated:

- If a feature has been improved or modified in a backwards-incompatible way, the old feature or behavior will be deprecated.
- Sometimes Sphinx will include a backport of a Python library that's not included in a version of Python that Sphinx currently supports. When Sphinx no longer needs to support the older version of Python that doesn't include the library, the library will be deprecated in Sphinx.

As the *Deprecation policy* describes, the first release of Sphinx that deprecates a feature (A.B) should raise a RemovedInSphinxXXWarning (where XX is the Sphinx version where the feature will be removed) when the deprecated feature is invoked. Assuming we have good test coverage, these warnings are converted to errors when running the test suite with warnings enabled:

```
pytest -Wall
```

Thus, when adding a RemovedInSphinxXXWarning you need to eliminate or silence any warnings generated when running the tests.

 $^{^{618}\} https://github.com/shibukawa/snowball$

⁶¹⁹ https://jsx.github.io/

⁶²⁰ https://github.com/shibukawa/snowball-stemmer.jsx

Deprecation policy

MAJOR and MINOR releases may deprecate certain features from previous releases. If a feature is deprecated in a release A.x, it will continue to work in all A.x.x versions (for all versions of x). It will continue to work in all B.x.x versions but raise deprecation warnings. Deprecated features will be removed at the C.0.0. It means the deprecated feature will work during 2 MAJOR releases at least.

So, for example, if we decided to start the deprecation of a function in Sphinx 2.x:

- Sphinx 2.x will contain a backwards-compatible replica of the function which will raise a RemovedInSphinx40Warning. This is a subclass of PendingDeprecationWarning⁶²¹, i.e. it will not get displayed by default.
- Sphinx 3.x will still contain the backwards-compatible replica, but RemovedInSphinx40Warning will be a subclass of DeprecationWarning⁶²² then, and gets displayed by default.
- Sphinx 4.0 will remove the feature outright.

Deprecation warnings

Sphinx will enable its RemovedInNextVersionWarning warnings by default, if $PYTHONWARNINGS^{623}$ is not set. Therefore you can disable them using:

- PYTHONWARNINGS= make html (Linux/Mac)
- export PYTHONWARNINGS= and do make html (Linux/Mac)
- set PYTHONWARNINGS= and do make html (Windows)

But you can also explicitly enable the pending ones using e.g. PYTHONWARNINGS=default (see the Python docs on configuring warnings⁶²⁴) for more details.

Release procedures

The release procedures are listed in utils/release-checklist.

7.3 Organization of the Sphinx project

The guide explains how the Sphinx project is organized.

Core developers

The core developers of Sphinx have write access to the main repository. They can commit changes, accept/reject pull requests, and manage items on the issue tracker.

 $^{^{621}\} https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html \# Pending Deprecation Warning$

⁶²² https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html#DeprecationWarning

⁶²³ https://docs.python.org/3/using/cmdline.html#envvar-PYTHONWARNINGS

⁶²⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/library/warnings.html#describing-warning-filters

Guidelines

The following are some general guidelines for core developers:

- Questionable or extensive changes should be submitted as a pull request instead of being committed directly to the main repository. The pull request should be reviewed by another core developer before it is merged.
- Trivial changes can be committed directly but be sure to keep the repository in a good working state and that all tests pass before pushing your changes.
- When committing code written by someone else, please attribute the original author in the commit message and any relevant CHANGES entry.

Membership

Core membership is predicated on continued active contribution to the project. In general, prospective cores should demonstrate:

- a good understanding of one of more components of Sphinx
- a history of helpful, constructive contributions
- a willingness to invest time improving Sphinx

Refer to Contributing to Sphinx for more information on how you can get started.

Other contributors

You do not need to be a core developer or have write access to be involved in the development of Sphinx. You can submit patches or create pull requests from forked repositories and have a core developer add the changes for you.

Similarly, contributions are not limited to code patches. We also welcome help triaging bugs, input on design decisions, reviews of existing patches and documentation improvements. More information can be found in *Contributing to Sphinx*.

A list of people that have contributed to Sphinx can be found in *Sphinx authors*.

7.4 Sphinx Code of Conduct

Like the technical community as a whole, the Sphinx team and community is made up of volunteers from all over the world. Diversity is a strength, but it can also lead to communication issues and unhappiness. To that end, we have a few ground rules that we ask people to adhere to.

- Be friendly and patient.
- **Be welcoming.** We strive to be a community that welcomes and supports people of all backgrounds and identities. This includes, but is not limited to members of any race, ethnicity, culture, national origin, colour, immigration status, social and economic class, educational level, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, age, size, family status, political belief, religion, and mental and physical ability.
- **Be considerate.** Your work will be used by other people, and you in turn will depend on the work of others. Any decision you take will affect users and colleagues, and you should take those consequences into account when making decisions. Remember that we're a world-wide community, so you might not be communicating in someone else's primary language.
- Be respectful. Not all of us will agree all the time, but disagreement is no excuse for poor behavior and poor manners. We might all experience some frustration now and then, but we cannot allow that frustration to turn into a personal attack. It's important to remember that a community where people feel uncomfortable or threatened is

not a productive one. Members of the Sphinx community should be respectful when dealing with other members as well as with people outside the Sphinx community.

- Be careful in the words that you choose. We are a community of professionals, and we conduct ourselves professionally. Be kind to others. Do not insult or put down other participants. Harassment and other exclusionary behavior aren't acceptable. This includes, but is not limited to:
 - Violent threats or language directed against another person.
 - Discriminatory jokes and language.
 - Posting sexually explicit or violent material.
 - Posting (or threatening to post) other people's personally identifying information («doxing»).
 - Personal insults, especially those using racist or sexist terms.
 - Unwelcome sexual attention.
 - Advocating for, or encouraging, any of the above behavior.
 - Repeated harassment of others. In general, if someone asks you to stop, then stop.
- When we disagree, try to understand why. Disagreements, both social and technical, happen all the time and Sphinx is no exception. It is important that we resolve disagreements and differing views constructively. Remember that we're different. Different people have different perspectives on issues. Being unable to understand why someone holds a viewpoint doesn't mean that they're wrong. Don't forget that it is human to err and blaming each other doesn't get us anywhere. Instead, focus on helping to resolve issues and learning from mistakes.

This isn't an exhaustive list of things that you can't do. Rather, take it in the spirit in which it's intended - a guide to make it easier to enrich all of us and the technical communities in which we participate. This code of conduct applies to all spaces of the Sphinx community.

Attribution

Original text courtesy of the Speak Up! project: http://web.archive.org/web/20141109123859/http://speakup.io/coc.html.

7.5 Sphinx authors

Sphinx is written and maintained by Georg Brandl <georg@python.org>.

Substantial parts of the templates were written by Armin Ronacher <armin.ronacher@active-4.com>.

Other co-maintainers:

- Takayuki Shimizukawa <shimizukawa@gmail.com>
- Daniel Neuhäuser <@DasIch>
- Jon Waltman <@jonwaltman>
- Rob Ruana <@RobRuana>
- Robert Lehmann <@lehmannro>
- Roland Meister <@rolmei>
- Takeshi Komiya <@tk0miya>
- Jean-François Burnol <@jfbu>
- Yoshiki Shibukawa <@shibu_jp>
- Timotheus Kampik <@TimKam>

7.5. Sphinx authors

Other contributors, listed alphabetically, are:

- Alastair Houghton Apple Help builder
- Alexander Todorov inheritance_diagram tests and improvements
- Andi Albrecht agogo theme
- Jakob Lykke Andersen Rewritten C++ domain
- Henrique Bastos SVG support for graphviz extension
- Daniel Bültmann todo extension
- Marco Buttu doctest extension (pyversion option)
- Nathan Damon bugfix in validation of static paths in html builders
- Etienne Desautels apidoc module
- Michael Droettboom inheritance_diagram extension
- Charles Duffy original graphviz extension
- Kevin Dunn MathJax extension
- Josip Dzolonga coverage builder
- Buck Evan dummy builder
- Matthew Fernandez todo extension fix
- Hernan Grecco search improvements
- Horst Gutmann internationalization support
- Martin Hans autodoc improvements
- Zac Hatfield-Dodds doctest reporting improvements, intersphinx performance
- Doug Hellmann graphviz improvements
- Tim Hoffmann theme improvements
- Antti Kaihola doctest extension (skipif option)
- Dave Kuhlman original LaTeX writer
- Blaise Laflamme pyramid theme
- Chris Lamb reproducibility fixes
- Thomas Lamb linkcheck builder
- Łukasz Langa partial support for autodoc
- Martin Larralde additional napoleon admonitions
- Ian Lee quickstart improvements
- Robert Lehmann gettext builder (GSOC project)
- Dan MacKinlay metadata fixes
- Martin Mahner nature theme
- Will Maier directory HTML builder
- Jacob Mason websupport library (GSOC project)
- Glenn Matthews python domain signature improvements
- Kurt McKee documentation updates
- Roland Meister epub builder

- Ezio Melotti collapsible sidebar JavaScript
- Bruce Mitchener Minor epub improvement
- Daniel Neuhäuser JavaScript domain, Python 3 support (GSOC)
- Julien Palard Colspan and rowspan in text builder
- Christopher Perkins autosummary integration
- Benjamin Peterson unittests
- T. Powers HTML output improvements
- Jeppe Pihl literalinclude improvements
- Rob Ruana napoleon extension
- Vince Salvino JavaScript search improvements
- Stefan Seefeld toctree improvements
- Gregory Szorc performance improvements
- Taku Shimizu epub3 builder
- Antonio Valentino qthelp builder, docstring inheritance
- Filip Vavera napoleon todo directive
- Pauli Virtanen autodoc improvements, autosummary extension
- Eric N. Vander Weele autodoc improvements
- Stefan van der Walt autosummary extension
- Thomas Waldmann apidoc module fixes
- John Waltman Texinfo builder
- Barry Warsaw setup command improvements
- Sebastian Wiesner image handling, distutils support
- Michael Wilson Intersphinx HTTP basic auth support
- Matthew Woodcraft text output improvements
- Joel Wurtz cellspanning support in LaTeX
- Hong Xu svg support in imgmath extension and various bug fixes
- Stephen Finucane setup command improvements and documentation
- Daniel Pizetta inheritance diagram improvements
- KINEBUCHI Tomohiko typing Sphinx as well as docutils
- Adrián Chaves (Gallaecio) coverage builder improvements
- Lars Hupfeldt Nielsen OpenSSL FIPS mode md5 bug fix

Many thanks for all contributions!

There are also a few modules or functions incorporated from other authors and projects:

- sphinx.util.jsdump uses the basestring encoding from simplejson, written by Bob Ippolito, released under the MIT license
- sphinx.util.stemmer was written by Vivake Gupta, placed in the Public Domain

7.5. Sphinx authors 325

Sphinx FAQ

This is a list of Frequently Asked Questions about Sphinx. Feel free to suggest new entries!

8.1 How do I...

- ... **create PDF files without LaTeX?** rinohtype⁶²⁵ provides a PDF builder that can be used as a drop-in replacement for the LaTeX builder.
- ... **get section numbers?** They are automatic in LaTeX output; for HTML, give a :numbered: option to the *toctree* directive where you want to start numbering.
- ... customize the look of the built HTML files? Use themes, see HTML Theming.
- ... add global substitutions or includes? Add them in the rst_prolog or rst_epilog config value.
- ... display the whole TOC tree in the sidebar? Use the toctree callable in a custom layout template, probably in the sidebartoc block.
- ... write my own extension? See the Extension tutorials.
- ... convert from my existing docs using MoinMoin markup? The easiest way is to convert to xhtml, then convert xhtml to reST⁶²⁶. You'll still need to mark up classes and such, but the headings and code examples come through cleanly.

For many more extensions and other contributed stuff, see the sphinx-contrib⁶²⁷ repository.

⁶²⁵ https://github.com/brechtm/rinohtype

⁶²⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/sandbox/xhtml2rest/xhtml2rest.py

⁶²⁷ https://bitbucket.org/birkenfeld/sphinx-contrib/

8.2 Using Sphinx with...

Read the Docs Read the Docs⁶²⁸ is a documentation hosting service based around Sphinx. They will host sphinx documentation, along with supporting a number of other features including version support, PDF generation, and more. The Getting Started⁶²⁹ guide is a good place to start.

Epydoc There's a third-party extension providing an api role⁶³⁰ which refers to Epydoc's API docs for a given identifier.

Doxygen Michael Jones is developing a reST/Sphinx bridge to doxygen called breathe⁶³¹.

SCons Glenn Hutchings has written a SCons build script to build Sphinx documentation; it is hosted here: https://bitbucket.org/zondo/sphinx-scons

PyPI Jannis Leidel wrote a setuptools command⁶³² that automatically uploads Sphinx documentation to the PyPI package documentation area at https://pythonhosted.org/.

GitHub Pages Please add *sphinx.ext.githubpages* to your project. It allows you to publish your document in GitHub Pages. It generates helper files for GitHub Pages on building HTML document automatically.

MediaWiki See https://bitbucket.org/kevindunn/sphinx-wiki/wiki/Home, a project by Kevin Dunn.

Google Analytics You can use a custom layout.html template, like this:

```
{% extends "!layout.html" %}
{%- block extrahead %}
{{ super() }}
<script>
 var _gaq = _gaq || [];
 _gaq.push(['_setAccount', 'XXX account number XXX']);
 _gaq.push(['_trackPageview']);
</script>
{% endblock %}
{% block footer %}
{{ super() }}
<div class="footer">This page uses <a href="https://analytics.google.com/">
Google Analytics</a> to collect statistics. You can disable it by blocking
the JavaScript coming from www.google-analytics.com.
<script>
  (function() {
   var ga = document.createElement('script');
    ga.src = ('https:' == document.location.protocol ?
              'https://ssl' : 'http://www') + '.google-analytics.com/ga.js';
    ga.setAttribute('async', 'true');
    document.documentElement.firstChild.appendChild(ga);
 })();
</script>
</div>
{% endblock %}
```

Google Search To replace Sphinx's built-in search function with Google Search, proceed as follows:

⁶²⁸ https://readthedocs.org

 $^{^{629}\} https://docs.readthedocs.io/en/stable/intro/getting-started-with-sphinx.html$

⁶³⁰ https://git.savannah.gnu.org/cgit/kenozooid.git/tree/doc/extapi.py

⁶³¹ https://github.com/michaeljones/breathe/tree/master

⁶³² https://pypi.org/project/Sphinx-PyPI-upload/

- 1. Go to https://cse.google.com/cse/all to create the Google Search code snippet.
- 2. Copy the code snippet and paste it into _templates/searchbox.html in your Sphinx project:

3. Add searchbox.html to the html_sidebars configuration value.

8.3 Sphinx vs. Docutils

tl;dr: *docutils* converts reStructuredText to multiple output formats. Sphinx builds upon docutils to allow construction of cross-referenced and indexed bodies of documentation.

docutils⁶³³ is a text processing system for converting plain text documentation into other, richer formats. As noted in the docutils documentation⁶³⁴, docutils uses *readers* to read a document, *parsers* for parsing plain text formats into an internal tree representation made up of different types of *nodes*, and *writers* to output this tree in various document formats. docutils provides parsers for one plain text format - reStructuredText⁶³⁵ - though other, *out-of-tree* parsers have been implemented including Sphinx's *Markdown parser*. On the other hand, it provides writers for many different formats including HTML, LaTeX, man pages, Open Document Format and XML.

docutils exposes all of its functionality through a variety of front-end tools⁶³⁶, such as rst2html, rst2odt and rst2xml. Crucially though, all of these tools, and docutils itself, are concerned with individual documents. They don't support concepts such as cross-referencing, indexing of documents, or the construction of a document hierarchy (typically manifesting in a table of contents).

Sphinx builds upon docutils by harnessing docutils" readers and parsers and providing its own *Builders*. As a result, Sphinx wraps some of the *writers* provided by docutils. This allows Sphinx to provide many features that would simply not be possible with docutils, such as those outlined above.

⁶³³ http://docutils.sourceforge.io/

⁶³⁴ http://docutils.sourceforge.io/docs/dev/hacking.html

⁶³⁵ http://docutils.sourceforge.io/rst.html

⁶³⁶ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/user/tools.html

8.4 Epub info

The following list gives some hints for the creation of epub files:

- Split the text into several files. The longer the individual HTML files are, the longer it takes the ebook reader to render them. In extreme cases, the rendering can take up to one minute.
- Try to minimize the markup. This also pays in rendering time.
- For some readers you can use embedded or external fonts using the CSS @font-face directive. This is *extremely* useful for code listings which are often cut at the right margin. The default Courier font (or variant) is quite wide and you can only display up to 60 characters on a line. If you replace it with a narrower font, you can get more characters on a line. You may even use FontForge⁶³⁷ and create narrow variants of some free font. In my case I get up to 70 characters on a line.

You may have to experiment a little until you get reasonable results.

- Test the created epubs. You can use several alternatives. The ones I am aware of are Epubcheck⁶³⁸, Calibre⁶³⁹, FBreader⁶⁴⁰ (although it does not render the CSS), and Bookworm⁶⁴¹. For Bookworm, you can download the source from https://code.google.com/archive/p/threepress and run your own local server.
- Large floating divs are not displayed properly. If they cover more than one page, the div is only shown on the first page. In that case you can copy the epub.css from the sphinx/themes/epub/static/directory to your local _static/ directory and remove the float settings.
- Files that are inserted outside of the toctree directive must be manually included. This sometimes applies to appendixes, e.g. the glossary or the indices. You can add them with the <code>epub_post_files</code> option.
- The handling of the epub cover page differs from the reStructuredText procedure which automatically resolves image paths and puts the images into the _images directory. For the epub cover page put the image in the html_static_path directory and reference it with its full path in the epub_cover config option.
- kindlegen⁶⁴² command can convert from epub3 resulting file to .mobi file for Kindle. You can get yourdoc. mobi under _build/epub after the following command:

```
$ make epub
$ kindlegen _build/epub/yourdoc.epub
```

The kindlegen command doesn't accept documents that have section titles surrounding toctree directive:

kindlegen assumes all documents order in line, but the resulting document has complicated order for kindlegen:

```
``parent.xhtml`` -> ``child.xhtml`` -> ``parent.xhtml``
```

⁶³⁷ https://fontforge.github.io/

⁶³⁸ https://github.com/IDPF/epubcheck

⁶³⁹ https://calibre-ebook.com/

⁶⁴⁰ https://fbreader.org/

⁶⁴¹ https://www.oreilly.com/bookworm/index.html

⁶⁴² https://www.amazon.com/gp/feature.html?docId=1000765211

If you get the following error, fix your document structure:

```
Error(prcgen):E24011: TOC section scope is not included in the parent_chapter:(title)
Error(prcgen):E24001: The table of content could not be built.
```

8.5 Texinfo info

There are two main programs for reading Info files, info and GNU Emacs. The info program has less features but is available in most Unix environments and can be quickly accessed from the terminal. Emacs provides better font and color display and supports extensive customization (of course).

Displaying Links

One noticeable problem you may encounter with the generated Info files is how references are displayed. If you read the source of an Info file, a reference to this section would look like:

```
* note Displaying Links: target-id
```

In the stand-alone reader, info, references are displayed just as they appear in the source. Emacs, on the other-hand, will by default replace *note: with see and hide the target-id. For example:

```
Displaying Links
```

The exact behavior of how Emacs displays references is dependent on the variable Info-hide-note-references. If set to the value of hide, Emacs will hide both the *note: part and the target-id. This is generally the best way to view Sphinx-based documents since they often make frequent use of links and do not take this limitation into account. However, changing this variable affects how all Info documents are displayed and most do take this behavior into account.

If you want Emacs to display Info files produced by Sphinx using the value hide for Info-hide-note-references and the default value for all other Info files, try adding the following Emacs Lisp code to your start-up file, ~/.emacs.d/init.el.

```
(defadvice info-insert-file-contents (after
                                      sphinx-info-insert-file-contents
                                      activate)
  "Hack to make `Info-hide-note-references' buffer-local and
automatically set to 'hide' iff it can be determined that this file
was created from a Texinfo file generated by Docutils or Sphinx."
  (set (make-local-variable 'Info-hide-note-references)
       (default-value 'Info-hide-note-references))
  (save-excursion
    (save-restriction
      (widen) (goto-char (point-min))
      (when (re-search-forward
             "^Generated by \\(Sphinx\\|Docutils\\)"
             (save-excursion (search-forward "\x1f" nil t)) t)
        (set (make-local-variable 'Info-hide-note-references)
             'hide)))))
```

8.5. Texinfo info 331

Notes

The following notes may be helpful if you want to create Texinfo files:

- Each section corresponds to a different node in the Info file.
- Colons (:) cannot be properly escaped in menu entries and xrefs. They will be replaced with semicolons (;).
- Links to external Info files can be created using the somewhat official URI scheme info. For example:

```
info:Texinfo#makeinfo_options
```

· Inline markup

The standard formatting for *strong* and _emphasis_ can result in ambiguous output when used to markup parameter names and other values. Since this is a fairly common practice, the default formatting has been changed so that emphasis and strong are now displayed like `literal's.

The standard formatting can be re-enabled by adding the following to your conf.py:

```
texinfo_elements = {'preamble': """
@definfoenclose strong,*,*
@definfoenclose emph,_,_
"""}
```

CAPITOLO 9

Glossary

builder A class (inheriting from *Builder*) that takes parsed documents and performs an action on them. Normally, builders translate the documents to an output format, but it is also possible to use builders that e.g. check for broken links in the documentation, or build coverage information.

See Builders for an overview over Sphinx's built-in builders.

configuration directory The directory containing conf.py. By default, this is the same as the *source directory*, but can be set differently with the **-c** command-line option.

directive A reStructuredText markup element that allows marking a block of content with special meaning. Directives are supplied not only by docutils, but Sphinx and custom extensions can add their own. The basic directive syntax looks like this:

```
.. directivename:: argument ...
:option: value

Content of the directive.
```

See *Directives* for more information.

document name Since reST source files can have different extensions (some people like .txt, some like .rst – the extension can be configured with *source_suffix*) and different OSes have different path separators, Sphinx abstracts them: *document names* are always relative to the *source directory*, the extension is stripped, and path separators are converted to slashes. All values, parameters and such referring to «documents» expect such document names.

Examples for document names are index, library/zipfile, or reference/datamodel/types. Note that there is no leading or trailing slash.

domain A domain is a collection of markup (reStructuredText *directives* and *roles*) to describe and link to *objects* belonging together, e.g. elements of a programming language. Directive and role names in a domain have names like domain:name, e.g. py:function.

Having domains means that there are no naming problems when one set of documentation wants to refer to e.g. C++ and Python classes. It also means that extensions that support the documentation of whole new languages are much easier to write.

For more information, refer to *Domains*.

environment A structure where information about all documents under the root is saved, and used for cross-referencing. The environment is pickled after the parsing stage, so that successive runs only need to read and parse new and changed documents.

extension A custom *role*, *directive* or other aspect of Sphinx that allows users to modify any aspect of the build process within Sphinx.

For more information, refer to Extensions.

master document The document that contains the root *toctree* directive.

object The basic building block of Sphinx documentation. Every «object directive» (e.g. function or *object*) creates such a block; and most objects can be cross-referenced to.

RemoveInSphinxXXXWarning The feature which is warned will be removed in Sphinx-XXX version. It usually caused from Sphinx extensions which is using deprecated. See also *Deprecation Warnings*.

role A reStructuredText markup element that allows marking a piece of text. Like directives, roles are extensible. The basic syntax looks like this: :rolename:`content`. See *Inline markup* for details.

source directory The directory which, including its subdirectories, contains all source files for one Sphinx project. **reStructuredText** An easy-to-read, what-you-see-is-what-you-get plaintext markup syntax and parser system.

CAPITOLO 10

Changelog

10.1 Release 4.0.0 (in development)

Dependencies

- Drop python 3.5 support
- Drop docutils 0.12 and 0.13 support
- LaTeX: add tex-gyre font dependency

Incompatible changes

- domain: The Index class becomes subclasses of abc.ABC to indicate methods that must be overrided in the concrete classes
- #4826: py domain: The structure of python objects is changed. A boolean value is added to indicate that the python object is canonical one
- #7425: MathJax: The MathJax was changed from 2 to 3. Users using a custom MathJax configuration may have to set the old MathJax path or update their configuration for version 3. See *sphinx.ext.mathjax*.
- #7784: i18n: The msgid for alt text of image is changed
- #5560: napoleon: napoleon_use_param also affect «other parameters» section
- #7996: manpage: Make a section directory on build manpage by default (see man_make_section_directory)
- #7849: html: Change the default setting of html_codeblock_linenos_style to 'inline'
- #8380: html search: search results are wrapped with instead of <div>
- html theme: Move a script tag for documentation_options.js in basic/layout.html to script_files variable
- html theme: Move CSS tags in basic/layout.html to css_files variable
- #8915: html theme: Emit a warning for sphinx_rtd_theme-0.2.4 or older
- #8508: LaTeX: uplatex becomes a default setting of latex_engine for Japanese documents

- #5977: py domain: :var:, :cvar: and :ivar: fields do not create cross-references
- #4550: The align attribute of figure and table nodes becomes None by default instead of 'default'
- #8769: LaTeX refactoring: split sphinx.sty into multiple files and rename some auxiliary files created in latex build output repertory
- #8937: Use explicit title instead of <no title>
- #8487: The :file: option for csv-table directive now recognizes an absolute path as a relative path from source directory

Deprecated

- html_codeblock_linenos_style
- favicon and logo variable in HTML templates
- sphinx.directives.patches.CSVTable
- sphinx.directives.patches.ListTable
- sphinx.directives.patches.RSTTable
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.directive.DocumenterBridge.filename_set
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.directive.DocumenterBridge.warn()
- sphinx.registry.SphinxComponentRegistry.get_source_input()
- sphinx.registry.SphinxComponentRegistry.source_inputs
- sphinx.transforms.FigureAligner
- sphinx.util.pycompat.convert_with_2to3()
- sphinx.util.pycompat.execfile_()
- sphinx.util.smartypants
- sphinx.util.typing.DirectiveOption

Features added

- #8924: autodoc: Support bound argument for TypeVar
- #7383: autodoc: Support typehints for properties
- #7549: autosummary: Enable autosummary_generate by default
- #4826: py domain: Add:canonical: option to python directives to describe the location where the object is defined
- #7199: py domain: Add *python_use_unqualified_type_names* to suppress the module name of the python reference if it can be resolved (experimental)
- #7068: py domain: Add *py:property* directive to describe a property
- #7784: i18n: The alt text for image is translated by default (without gettext_additional_targets setting)
- #2018: html: html_favicon and html_logo now accept URL for the image
- #8070: html search: Support searching for 2characters word
- #8938: imgconverter: Show the error of the command availability check
- #7830: Add debug logs for change detection of sources and templates
- #8201: Emit a warning if toctree contains duplicated entries

- #8326: master_doc is now renamed to root_doc
- #8942: C++, add support for the C++20 spaceship operator, <=>.
- #7199: A new node, sphinx.addnodes.pending_xref_condition has been added. It can be used to choose appropriate content of the reference by conditions.

- #8917: autodoc: Raises a warning if function has wrong __globals__ value
- #8415: autodoc: a TypeVar imported from other module is not resolved (in Python 3.7 or above)
- #8992: autodoc: Failed to resolve types. Traceback Type type annotation
- #8905: html: html_add_permalinks=None and html_add_permalinks=>>> are ignored
- #8380: html search: Paragraphs in search results are not identified as
- #8915: html theme: The translation of sphinx_rtd_theme does not work
- #8342: Emit a warning if a unknown domain is given for directive or role (ex. :unknown:doc:)
- #7241: LaTeX: No wrapping for cpp:enumerator
- #8711: LaTeX: backticks in code-blocks trigger latexpdf build warning (and font change) with late TeXLive 2019
- #8253: LaTeX: Figures with no size defined get overscaled (compared to images with size explicitly set in pixels) (fixed for 'pdflatex'/'lualatex' only)
- #8881: LaTeX: The depth of bookmarks panel in PDF is not enough for navigation
- #8874: LaTeX: the fix to two minor Pygments LaTeXFormatter output issues ignore Pygments style
- #8925: LaTeX: 3.5.0 verbatimmaxunderfull setting does not work as expected
- #8980: LaTeX: missing line break in \pysigline
- #8995: LaTeX: legacy \pysiglinewithargsret does not compute correctly available horizontal space and should use a ragged right style
- #9009: LaTeX: «release» value with underscore leads to invalid LaTeX
- #8911: C++: remove the longest matching prefix in *cpp_index_common_prefix* instead of the first that matches.
- C, properly reject function declarations when a keyword is used as parameter name.
- #8933: viewcode: Failed to create back-links on parallel build
- #8960: C and C++, fix rendering of (member) function pointer types in function parameter lists.
- C++, fix linking of names in array declarators, pointer to member (function) declarators, and in the argument to sizeof....
- C, fix linking of names in array declarators.

Testing

10.2 Release 3.5.4 (in development)

Dependencies

Incompatible changes

Deprecated

Features added

Bugs fixed

Testing

10.3 Release 3.5.3 (released Mar 20, 2021)

Features added

• #8959: using UNIX path separator in image directive confuses Sphinx on Windows

10.4 Release 3.5.2 (released Mar 06, 2021)

Bugs fixed

- #8943: i18n: Crashed by broken translation messages in ES, EL and HR
- #8936: LaTeX: A custom LaTeX builder fails with unknown node error
- #8952: Exceptions raised in a Directive cause parallel builds to hang

10.5 Release 3.5.1 (released Feb 16, 2021)

- #8883: autodoc: AttributeError is raised on assigning __annotations__ on read-only class
- #8884: html: minified js stemmers not included in the distributed package
- #8885: html: AttributeError is raised if CSS/JS files are installed via html_context
- #8880: viewcode: ExtensionError is raised on incremental build after unparsable python module found

10.6 Release 3.5.0 (released Feb 14, 2021)

Dependencies

LaTeX: multicol (it is anyhow a required part of the official latex2e base distribution)

Incompatible changes

- Update Underscore.js to 1.12.0
- #6550: html: The config variable html_add_permalinks is replaced by html_permalinks and html_permalinks_icon

Deprecated

- pending_xref node for viewcode extension
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.anchors_ignore
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.auth
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.broken
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.good
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.redirected
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.rqueue
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.to_ignore
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.workers
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder.wqueue
- sphinx.builders.linkcheck.node_line_or_0()
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.AttributeDocumenter.isinstanceattribute()
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.directive.DocumenterBridge.reporter
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer.get_module_members()
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate._simple_info()
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate._simple_warn()
- sphinx.writers.html.HTMLTranslator.permalink_text
- sphinx.writers.html5.HTML5Translator.permalink_text

Features added

- #8022: autodoc: autodata and autoattribute directives does not show right-hand value of the variable if docstring contains :meta hide-value: in info-field-list
- #8514: autodoc: Default values of overloaded functions are taken from actual implementation if they're ellipsis
- #8775: autodoc: Support type union operator (PEP-604) in Python 3.10 or above
- #8297: autodoc: Allow to extend autodoc_default_options via directive options
- #759: autodoc: Add a new configuration *autodoc_preserve_defaults* as an experimental feature. It preserves the default argument values of functions in source code and keep them not evaluated for readability.

- #8619: html: kbd role generates customizable HTML tags for compound keys
- #8634: html: Allow to change the order of JS/CSS via priority parameter for Sphinx.add_js_file() and Sphinx.add_css_file()
- #6241: html: Allow to add JS/CSS files to the specific page when an extension calls app.add_js_file() or app.add_css_file() on html-page-context event
- #6550: html: Allow to use HTML permalink texts via html_permalinks_icon
- #1638: html: Add permalink icons to glossary terms
- #8868: html search: performance issue with massive lists
- #8867: html search: Update JavaScript stemmer code to the latest version of Snowball (v2.1.0)
- #8852: i18n: Allow to translate heading syntax in MyST-Parser
- #8649: imgconverter: Skip availability check if builder supports the image type
- #8573: napoleon: Allow to change the style of custom sections using napoleon_custom_styles
- #8004: napoleon: Type definitions in Google style docstrings are rendered as references when napoleon_preprocess_types enabled
- #6241: mathjax: Include mathjax.js only on the document using equations
- #8775: py domain: Support type union operator (PEP-604)
- #8651: std domain: cross-reference for a rubric having inline item is broken
- #7642: std domain: Optimize case-insensitive match of term
- #8681: viewcode: Support incremental build
- #8132: Add project_copyright as an alias of copyright
- #207: Now highlight_language supports multiple languages
- #2030: code-block and literalinclude supports automatic dedent via no-argument :dedent: option
- C++, also hyperlink operator overloads in expressions and alias declarations.
- #8247: Allow production lists to refer to tokens from other production groups
- #8813: Show what extension (or module) caused it on errors on event handler
- #8213: C++: add maxdepth option to *cpp:alias* to insert nested declarations.
- C, add noroot option to *c:alias* to render only nested declarations.
- C++, add noroot option to *cpp:alias* to render only nested declarations.

- #8727: apidoc: namespace module file is not generated if no submodules there
- #741: autodoc: inherited-members doesn't work for instance attributes on super class
- #8592: autodoc: :meta public: does not effect to variables
- #8594: autodoc: empty all attribute is ignored
- #8315: autodoc: Failed to resolve struct. Struct type annotation
- #8652: autodoc: All variable comments in the module are ignored if the module contains invalid type comments
- #8693: autodoc: Default values for overloaded functions are rendered as string
- #8134: autodoc: crashes when mocked decorator takes arguments
- #8800: autodoc: Uninitialized attributes in superclass are recognized as undocumented

- #8655: autodoc: Failed to generate document if target module contains an object that raises an exception on hasattr()
- #8306: autosummary: mocked modules are documented as empty page when using :recursive: option
- #8232: graphviz: Image node is not rendered if graph file is in subdirectory
- #8618: html: kbd role produces incorrect HTML when compound-key separators (-, + or ^) are used as keystrokes
- #8629: html: A type warning for html_use_opensearch is shown twice
- #8714: html: kbd role with «Caps Lock» rendered incorrectly
- #8123: html search: fix searching for terms containing + (Requires a custom search language that does not split on +)
- #8665: html theme: Could not override globaltoc_maxdepth in theme.conf
- #8446: html: consecutive spaces are displayed as single space
- #8745: i18n: crashes with KeyError when translation message adds a new auto footnote reference
- #4304: linkcheck: Fix race condition that could lead to checking the availability of the same URL twice
- #8791: linkcheck: The docname for each hyperlink is not displayed
- #7118: sphinx-quickstart: questionare got Mojibake if libreadline unavailable
- #8094: texinfo: image files on the different directory with document are not copied
- #8782: todo: Cross references in todolist get broken
- #8720: viewcode: module pages are generated for epub on incremental build
- #8704: viewcode: anchors are generated in incremental build after singlehtml
- #8756: viewcode: highlighted code is generated even if not referenced
- #8671: highlight_options is not working
- #8341: C, fix intersphinx lookup types for names in declarations.
- C, C++: in general fix intersphinx and role lookup types.
- #8683: html_last_updated_fmt does not support UTC offset (%z)
- #8683: html_last_updated_fmt generates wrong time zone for %Z
- #1112: download role creates duplicated copies when relative path is specified
- #2616 (fifth item): LaTeX: footnotes from captions are not clickable, and for manually numbered footnotes only first one with same number is an hyperlink
- #7576: LaTeX with French babel and memoir crash: «Illegal parameter number in definition of \FNH@prefntext»
- #8055: LaTeX (docs): A potential display bug with the LaTeX generation step in Sphinx (how to generate one-column index)
- #8072: LaTeX: Directive *hlist* not implemented in LaTeX
- #8214: LaTeX: The *index* role and the glossary generate duplicate entries in the LaTeX index (if both used for same term)
- #8735: LaTeX: wrong internal links in pdf to captioned code-blocks when numfig is not True
- #8442: LaTeX: some indexed terms are ignored when using xelatex engine (or pdflatex and *latex_use_xindy* set to True) with memoir class
- #8750: LaTeX: URLs as footnotes fail to show in PDF if originating from inside function type signatures
- #8780: LaTeX: long words in narrow columns may not be hyphenated

- #8788: LaTeX: \titleformat last argument in sphinx.sty should be bracketed, not braced (and is anyhow not needed)
- #8849: LaTex: code-block printed out of margin (see the opt-in LaTeX syntax boolean *verbatimforcewraps* for use via the "*sphinxsetup*" key of latex_elements)
- #8183: LaTeX: Remove substitution_reference nodes from doctree only on LaTeX builds
- #8865: LaTeX: Restructure the index nodes inside title nodes only on LaTeX builds
- #8796: LaTeX: potentially critical low level TeX coding mistake has gone unnoticed so far
- C, c:alias skip symbols without explicit declarations instead of crashing.
- C, c:alias give a warning when the root symbol is not declared.
- C, expr role should start symbol lookup in the current scope.

10.7 Release 3.4.3 (released Jan 08, 2021)

Bugs fixed

• #8655: autodoc: Failed to generate document if target module contains an object that raises an exception on hasattr()

10.8 Release 3.4.2 (released Jan 04, 2021)

Bugs fixed

- #8164: autodoc: Classes that inherit mocked class are not documented
- #8602: autodoc: The autodoc-process-docstring event is emitted to the non-datadescriptors unexpectedly
- #8616: autodoc: AttributeError is raised on non-class object is passed to autoclass directive

10.9 Release 3.4.1 (released Dec 25, 2020)

- #8559: autodoc: AttributeError is raised when using forward-reference type annotations
- #8568: autodoc: TypeError is raised on checking slots attribute
- #8567: autodoc: Instance attributes are incorrectly added to Parent class
- #8566: autodoc: The autodoc-process-docstring event is emitted to the alias classes unexpectedly
- #8583: autodoc: Unnecessary object comparision via __eq_ method
- #8565: linkcheck: Fix PriorityQueue crash when link tuples are not comparable

10.10 Release 3.4.0 (released Dec 20, 2020)

Incompatible changes

 #8105: autodoc: the signature of class constructor will be shown for decorated classes, not a signature of decorator

Deprecated

- The follow_wrapped argument of sphinx.util.inspect.signature()
- The no_docstring argument of sphinx.ext.autodoc.Documenter.add_content()
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.Documenter.get_object_members()
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.DataDeclarationDocumenter
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.GenericAliasDocumenter
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.InstanceAttributeDocumenter
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.SlotsAttributeDocumenter
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.TypeVarDocumenter
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer._getannotations()
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer._getmro()
- sphinx.pycode.ModuleAnalyzer.parse()
- sphinx.util.osutil.movefile()
- sphinx.util.requests.is_ssl_error()

Features added

- #8119: autodoc: Allow to determine whether a member not included in __all__ attribute of the module should be documented or not via autodoc-skip-member event
- #8219: autodoc: Parameters for generic class are not shown when super class is a generic class and show-inheritance option is given (in Python 3.7 or above)
- autodoc: Add Documenter.config as a shortcut to access the config object
- autodoc: Add Optional[t] to annotation of function and method if a default value equal to None is set.
- #8209: autodoc: Add :no-value: option to autoattribute and autodata directive to suppress the default value of the variable
- #8460: autodoc: Support custom types defined by typing.NewType
- #8285: napoleon: Add *napoleon_attr_annotations* to merge type hints on source code automatically if any type is specified in docstring
- #8236: napoleon: Support numpydoc's «Receives» section
- #6914: Add a new event warn-missing-reference to custom warning messages when failed to resolve a cross-reference
- #6914: Emit a detailed warning when failed to resolve a :ref: reference
- #6629: linkcheck: The builder now handles rate limits. See linkcheck_retry_on_rate_limit for details.

- #7613: autodoc: autodoc does not respect __signature__ of the class
- #4606: autodoc: the location of the warning is incorrect for inherited method
- #8105: autodoc: the signature of class constructor is incorrect if the class is decorated
- #8434: autodoc: autodoc_type_aliases does not effect to variables and attributes
- #8443: autodoc: autodata directive can't create document for PEP-526 based type annotated variables
- #8443: autodoc: autoattribute directive can't create document for PEP-526 based uninitalized variables
- #8480: autodoc: autoattribute could not create document for __slots__ attributes
- #8503: autodoc: autoattribute could not create document for a GenericAlias as class attributes correctly
- #8534: autodoc: autoattribute could not create document for a commented attribute in alias class
- #8452: autodoc: autodoc_type_aliases doesn't work when autodoc_typehints is set to «description»
- #8541: autodoc: autodoc_type_aliases doesn't work for the type annotation to instance attributes
- #8460: autodoc: autodata and autoattribute directives do not display type information of TypeVars
- #8493: autodoc: references to builtins not working in class aliases
- #8522: autodoc: __bool__ method could be called
- #8067: autodoc: A typehint for the instance variable having type_comment on super class is not displayed
- #8545: autodoc: a slots attribute is not documented even having docstring
- #741: autodoc: inherited-members doesn't work for instance attributes on super class
- #8477: autosummary: non utf-8 reST files are generated when template contains multibyte characters
- #8501: autosummary: summary extraction splits text after «el at.» unexpectedly
- #8524: html: Wrong url_root has been generated on a document named «index»
- #8419: html search: Do not load language_data.js in non-search pages
- #8549: i18n: -D gettext_compact=0 is no longer working
- #8454: graphviz: The layout option for graph and digraph directives don't work
- #8131: linkcheck: Use GET when HEAD requests cause Too Many Redirects, to accommodate infinite redirect loops on HEAD
- #8437: Makefile: make clean with empty BUILDDIR is dangerous
- #8365: py domain: :type: and :rtype: gives false ambiguous class lookup warnings
- #8352: std domain: Failed to parse an option that starts with bracket
- #8519: LaTeX: Prevent page brake in the middle of a seealso
- #8520: C, fix copying of AliasNode.

10.11 Release 3.3.1 (released Nov 12, 2020)

Bugs fixed

- #8372: autodoc: autoclass directive became slower than Sphinx-3.2
- #7727: autosummary: raise PycodeError when documenting python package without __init__.py
- #8350: autosummary: autosummary_mock_imports causes slow down builds
- #8364: C, properly initialize attributes in empty symbols.
- #8399: i18n: Put system locale path after the paths specified by configuration

10.12 Release 3.3.0 (released Nov 02, 2020)

Deprecated

- sphinx.builders.latex.LaTeXBuilder.usepackages
- sphinx.builders.latex.LaTeXBuilder.usepackages_afger_hyperref
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.SingledispatchFunctionDocumenter
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.SingledispatchMethodDocumenter

Features added

- #8100: html: Show a better error message for failures on copying html_static_files
- #8141: C: added a maxdepth option to *c:alias* to insert nested declarations.
- #8081: LaTeX: Allow to add LaTeX package via app.add_latex_package() until just before writing .tex file
- #7996: manpage: Add man_make_section_directory to make a section directory on build man page
- #8289: epub: Allow to suppress «duplicated ToC entry found» warnings from epub builder using suppress_warnings.
- #8298: sphinx-quickstart: Add sphinx-quickstart --no-sep option
- #8304: sphinx.testing: Register public markers in sphinx.testing.fixtures
- #8051: napoleon: use the obj role for all See Also items
- #8050: napoleon: Apply napoleon_preprocess_types to every field
- C and C++, show line numbers for previous declarations when duplicates are detected.
- #8183: Remove substitution_reference nodes from doctree only on LaTeX builds

- #8085: i18n: Add support for having single text domain
- #6640: i18n: Failed to override system message translation
- #8143: autodoc: AttributeError is raised when False value is passed to autodoc_default_options
- #8103: autodoc: functools.cached_property is not considered as a property
- #8190: autodoc: parsing error is raised if some extension replaces docstring by string not ending with blank lines
- #8142: autodoc: Wrong constructor signature for the class derived from typing. Generic
- #8157: autodoc: TypeError is raised when annotation has invalid __args__
- #7964: autodoc: Tuple in default value is wrongly rendered
- #8200: autodoc: type aliases break type formatting of autoattribute
- #7786: autodoc: can't detect overloaded methods defined in other file
- #8294: autodoc: single-string slots is not handled correctly
- #7785: autodoc: autodoc_typehints="none" does not effect to overloaded functions
- #8192: napoleon: description is disappeared when it contains inline literals
- #8142: napoleon: Potential of regex denial of service in google style docs
- #8169: LaTeX: pxjahyper loaded even when latex_engine is not platex
- #8215: LaTeX: "oneside" classoption causes build warning
- #8175: intersphinx: Potential of regex denial of service by broken inventory
- #8277: sphinx-build: missing and redundant spacing (and etc) for console output on building
- #7973: imgconverter: Check availability of imagemagick many times
- #8255: py domain: number in default argument value is changed from hexadecimal to decimal
- #8316: html: Prevent arrow keys changing page when button elements are focused
- #8343: html search: Fix unnecessary load of images when parsing the document
- #8254: html theme: Line numbers misalign with code lines
- #8093: The highlight warning has wrong location in some builders (LaTeX, singlehtml and so on)
- #8215: Eliminate Fancyhdr build warnings for oneside documents
- #8239: Failed to refer a token in productionlist if it is indented
- #8268: linkcheck: Report HTTP errors when linkcheck_anchors is True
- #8245: linkcheck: take source directory into account for local files
- #8321: linkcheck: tel: schema hyperlinks are detected as errors
- #8323: linkcheck: An exit status is incorrect when links having unsupported schema found
- #8188: C, add missing items to internal object types dictionary, e.g., preventing intersphinx from resolving them.
- C, fix anon objects in intersphinx.
- #8270, C++, properly reject functions as duplicate declarations if a non-function declaration of the same name already exists.
- C, fix references to function parameters. Link to the function instead of a non-existing anchor.
- #6914: figure numbers are unexpectedly assigned to uncaptioned items
- #8320: make «inline» line numbers un-selectable

Testing

• #8257: Support parallel build in sphinx.testing

10.13 Release 3.2.1 (released Aug 14, 2020)

Features added

- #8095: napoleon: Add napoleon_preprocess_types to enable the type preprocessor for numpy style docstrings
- #8114: C and C++, parse function attributes after parameters and qualifiers.

Bugs fixed

- #8074: napoleon: Crashes during processing C-ext module
- #8088: napoleon: «Inline literal start-string without end-string» warning in Numpy style Parameters section
- #8084: autodoc: KeyError is raised on documenting an attribute of the broken class
- #8091: autodoc: AttributeError is raised on documenting an attribute on Python 3.5.2
- #8099: autodoc: NameError is raised when target code uses TYPE_CHECKING
- C++, fix parsing of template template paramters, broken by the fix of #7944

10.14 Release 3.2.0 (released Aug 08, 2020)

Deprecated

- sphinx.ext.autodoc.members_set_option()
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.merge_special_members_option()
- sphinx.writers.texinfo.TexinfoWriter.desc
- C, parsing of pre-v3 style type directives and roles, along with the options *c_allow_pre_v3* and *c_warn_on_allowed_pre_v3*.

Features added

- #2076: autodoc: Allow overriding of exclude-members in skip-member function
- #8034: autodoc: :private-member: can take an explicit list of member names to be documented
- #2024: autosummary: Add autosummary_filename_map to avoid conflict of filenames between two object with different case
- #8011: autosummary: Support instance attributes as a target of autosummary directive
- #7849: html: Add html_codeblock_linenos_style to change the style of line numbers for code-blocks
- #7853: C and C++, support parameterized GNU style attributes.
- #7888: napoleon: Add aliases Warn and Raise.
- #7690: napoleon: parse type strings and make them hyperlinks as possible. The conversion rule can be updated via napoleon_type_aliases

- #8049: napoleon: Create a hyperlink for each the type of parameter when napoleon_use_params is False
- C, added c:alias directive for inserting copies of existing declarations.
- #7745: html: inventory is broken if the docname contains a space
- #7991: html search: Allow searching for numbers
- #7902: html theme: Add a new option globaltoc_maxdepth to control the behavior of globaltoc in sidebar
- #7840: i18n: Optimize the dependencies check on bootstrap
- #7768: i18n: figure_language_filename supports docpath token
- #5208: linkcheck: Support checks for local links
- #5090: setuptools: Link verbosity to distutils" -v and -q option
- #6698: doctest: Add :trim-doctest-flags: and :no-trim-doctest-flags: options to doctest, testcode and testoutput directives
- #7052: add :noindexentry: to the Python, C, C++, and Javascript domains. Update the documentation to better reflect the relationship between this option and the :noindex: option.
- #7899: C, add possibility of parsing of some pre-v3 style type directives and roles and try to convert them to equivalent v3 directives/roles. Set the new option c_allow_pre_v3 to True to enable this. The warnings printed from this functionality can be suppressed by setting c_warn_on_allowed_pre_v3` to True. The functionality is immediately deprecated.
- #7999: C, add support for named variadic macro arguments.
- #8071: Allow to suppress «self referenced toctrees» warning

- #7886: autodoc: TypeError is raised on mocking generic-typed classes
- #7935: autodoc: function signature is not shown when the function has a parameter having inspect._empty
 as its default value
- #7901: autodoc: type annotations for overloaded functions are not resolved
- #904: autodoc: An instance attribute cause a crash of autofunction directive
- #1362: autodoc: private-members option does not work for class attributes
- #7983: autodoc: Generator type annotation is wrongly rendered in py36
- #8030: autodoc: An uninitialized annotated instance variable is not documented when :inherited-members: option given
- #8032: autodoc: A type hint for the instance variable defined at parent class is not shown in the document of the derived class
- #8041: autodoc: An annotated instance variable on super class is not documented when derived class has other annotated instance variables
- #7839: autosummary: cannot handle umlauts in function names
- #7865: autosummary: Failed to extract summary line when abbreviations found
- #7866: autosummary: Failed to extract correct summary line when docstring contains a hyperlink target
- #7469: autosummary: «Module attributes» header is not translatable
- #7940: apidoc: An extra newline is generated at the end of the rst file if a module has submodules
- #4258: napoleon: decorated special methods are not shown
- #7799: napoleon: parameters are not escaped for combined params in numpydoc

- #7780: napoleon: multiple paramaters declaration in numpydoc was wrongly recognized when napoleon_use_params=True
- #7715: LaTeX: numfig_secnum_depth > 1 leads to wrong figure links
- #7846: html theme: XML-invalid files were generated
- #7894: gettext: Wrong source info is shown when using rst_epilog
- #7691: linkcheck: HEAD requests are not used for checking
- #4888: i18n: Failed to add an explicit title to :ref: role on translation
- #7928: py domain: failed to resolve a type annotation for the attribute
- #8008: py domain: failed to parse a type annotation containing ellipsis
- #7994: std domain: option directive does not generate old node_id compatible with 2.x or older
- #7968: i18n: The content of math directive is interpreted as reST on translation
- #7768: i18n: The root element for figure_language_filename is not a path that user specifies in the document
- #7993: texinfo: TypeError is raised for nested object descriptions
- #7993: texinfo: a warning not supporting desc_signature_line node is shown
- #7869: abbr role without an explanation will show the explanation from the previous abbr role
- #8048: graphviz: graphviz.css was copied on building non-HTML document
- C and C++, removed noindex directive option as it did nothing.
- #7619: Duplicated node IDs are generated if node has multiple IDs
- #2050: Symbols sections are appeared twice in the index page
- #8017: Fix circular import in sphinx.addnodes
- #7986: CSS: make «highlight» selector more robust
- #7944: C++, parse non-type template parameters starting with a dependent qualified name.
- C, don't deepcopy the entire symbol table and make a mess every time an enumerator is handled.

10.15 Release 3.1.2 (released Jul 05, 2020)

Incompatible changes

• #7650: autodoc: the signature of base function will be shown for decorated functions, not a signature of decorator

- #7844: autodoc: Failed to detect module when relative module name given
- #7856: autodoc: AttributeError is raised when non-class object is given to the autoclass directive
- #7850: autodoc: KeyError is raised for invalid mark up when autodoc_typehints is "description"
- #7812: autodoc: crashed if the target name matches to both an attribute and module that are same name
- #7650: autodoc: function signature becomes (*args, **kwargs) if the function is decorated by generic decorator
- #7812: autosummary: generates broken stub files if the target code contains an attribute and module that are same name

- #7806: viewcode: Failed to resolve viewcode references on 3rd party builders
- #7838: html theme: List items have extra vertical space
- #7878: html theme: Undesired interaction between «overflow» and «float»

10.16 Release 3.1.1 (released Jun 14, 2020)

Incompatible changes

• #7808: napoleon: a type for attribute are represented as typed field

Features added

#7807: autodoc: Show detailed warning when type_comment is mismatched with its signature

Bugs fixed

- #7808: autodoc: Warnings raised on variable and attribute type annotations
- #7802: autodoc: EOFError is raised on parallel build
- #7821: autodoc: TypeError is raised for overloaded C-ext function
- #7805: autodoc: an object which descriptors returns is unexpectedly documented
- #7807: autodoc: wrong signature is shown for the function using contextmanager
- #7812: autosummary: generates broken stub files if the target code contains an attribute and module that are same name
- #7808: napoleon: Warnings raised on variable and attribute type annotations
- #7811: sphinx.util.inspect causes circular import problem

10.17 Release 3.1.0 (released Jun 08, 2020)

Dependencies

• #7746: mathjax: Update to 2.7.5

Incompatible changes

• #7477: imgconverter: Invoke «magick convert» command by default on Windows

Deprecated

- The first argument for sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.AutosummaryRenderer has been changed to Sphinx object
- · sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.AutosummaryRenderer takes an object type as an argument
- The ignore argument of sphinx.ext.autodoc.Documenter.get_doc()
- The template_dir argument of sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate. AutosummaryRenderer
- The module argument of sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate. find_autosummary_in_docstring()
- The builder argument of sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate. generate_autosummary_docs()
- The template_dir argument of sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.generate_autosummary_docs()
- The ignore argument of sphinx.util.docstring.prepare_docstring()
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.AutosummaryRenderer.exists()
- sphinx.util.rpartition()

Features added

- LaTeX: Make the toplevel_sectioning setting optional in LaTeX theme
- LaTeX: Allow to override papersize and pointsize from LaTeX themes
- LaTeX: Add latex_theme_options to override theme options
- #7410: Allow to suppress «circular toctree references detected» warnings using suppress_warnings
- C, added scope control directives, c:namespace, c:namespace-push, and c:namespace-pop.
- #2044: autodoc: Suppress default value for instance attributes
- #7473: autodoc: consider a member public if docstring contains: meta public: in info-field-list
- #7487: autodoc: Allow to generate docs for singledispatch functions by py:autofunction
- #7143: autodoc: Support final classes and methods
- #7384: autodoc: Support signatures defined by __new__(), metaclasses and builtin base classes
- #2106: autodoc: Support multiple signatures on docstring
- #4422: autodoc: Support GenericAlias in Python 3.7 or above
- #3610: autodoc: Support overloaded functions
- #7722: autodoc: Support TypeVar
- #7466: autosummary: headings in generated documents are not translated
- #7490: autosummary: Add :caption: option to autosummary directive to set a caption to the toctree
- #7469: autosummary: Support module attributes
- #248, #6040: autosummary: Add :recursive: option to autosummary directive to generate stub files recursively
- #4030: autosummary: Add autosummary_context to add template variables for custom templates
- #7530: html: Support nested <kbd> elements
- #7481: html theme: Add right margin to footnote/citation labels
- #7482, #7717: html theme: CSS spacing for code blocks with captions and line numbers

- #7443: html theme: Add new options globaltoc_collapse and globaltoc_includehidden to control the behavior of globaltoc in sidebar
- #7484: html theme: Avoid clashes between sidebar and other blocks
- #7476: html theme: Relbar breadcrumb should contain current page
- #7506: html theme: A canonical URL is not escaped
- #7533: html theme: Avoid whitespace at the beginning of genindex.html
- #7541: html theme: Add a «clearer» at the end of the «body»
- #7542: html theme: Make admonition/topic/sidebar scrollable
- #7543: html theme: Add top and bottom margins to tables
- #7695: html theme: Add viewport meta tag for basic theme
- #7721: html theme: classic: default codetextcolor/codebgcolor doesn't override Pygments
- C and C++: allow semicolon in the end of declarations.
- C++, parse parameterized noexcept specifiers.
- #7294: C++, parse expressions with user-defined literals.
- C++, parse trailing return types.
- #7143: py domain: Add:final: option to py:class:, py:exception: and py:method: directives
- #7596: py domain: Change a type annotation for variables to a hyperlink
- #7770: std domain: option directive support arguments in the form of foo [=bar]
- #7582: napoleon: a type for attribute are represented like type annotation
- #7734: napoleon: overescaped trailing underscore on attribute
- #7247: linkcheck: Add linkcheck_request_headers to send custom HTTP headers for specific host
- #7792: setuptools: Support --verbosity option
- #7683: Add allowed_exceptions parameter to Sphinx.emit() to allow handlers to raise specified exceptions
- #7295: C++, parse (trailing) requires clauses.

- #6703: autodoc: incremental build does not work for imported objects
- #7564: autodoc: annotations not to be shown for descriptors
- #6588: autodoc: Decorated inherited method has no documentation
- #7469: autodoc: The change of autodoc-process-docstring for variables is cached unexpectedly
- #7559: autodoc: misdetects a sync function is async
- #6857: autodoc: failed to detect a classmethod on Enum class
- #7562: autodoc: a typehint contains spaces is wrongly rendered under autodoc_typehints="description" mode
- #7551: autodoc: failed to import nested class
- #7362: autodoc: does not render correct signatures for built-in functions
- #7654: autodoc: Optional[Union[foo, bar]] is presented as Union[foo, bar, None]
- #7629: autodoc: autofunction emits an unfriendly warning if an invalid object specified
- #7650: autodoc: undecorated signature is shown for decorated functions

- #7676: autodoc: typo in the default value of autodoc_member_order
- #7676: autodoc: wrong value for :member-order: option is ignored silently
- #7676: autodoc: member-order=»bysource» does not work for C module
- #3673: autodoc: member-order=»bysource» does not work for a module having all
- #7668: autodoc: wrong retann value is passed to a handler of autodoc-process-signature
- #7711: autodoc: fails with ValueError when processing numpy objects
- #7791: autodoc: TypeError is raised on documenting singledispatch function
- #7551: autosummary: a nested class is indexed as non-nested class
- #7661: autosummary: autosummary directive emits warnings twices if failed to import the target module
- #7685: autosummary: The template variable «members» contains imported members even if autossummary_imported_members is False
- #7671: autosummary: The location of import failure warning is missing
- #7535: sphinx-autogen: crashes when custom template uses inheritance
- #7536: sphinx-autogen: crashes when template uses i18n feature
- #7781: sphinx-build: Wrong error message when outdir is not directory
- #7653: sphinx-quickstart: Fix multiple directory creation for nested relpath
- #2785: html: Bad alignment of equation links
- #7718: html theme: some themes does not respect background color of Pygments style (agogo, haiku, nature, pyramid, scrolls, sphinxdoc and traditional)
- #7544: html theme: inconsistent padding in admonitions
- #7581: napoleon: bad parsing of inline code in attribute docstrings
- #7628: imgconverter: runs imagemagick once unnecessary for builders not supporting images
- #7610: incorrectly renders consecutive backslashes for docutils-0.16
- #7646: handle errors on event handlers
- #4187: LaTeX: EN DASH disappears from PDF bookmarks in Japanese documents
- #7701: LaTeX: Anonymous indirect hyperlink target causes duplicated labels
- #7723: LaTeX: pdflatex crashed when URL contains a single quote
- #7756: py domain: The default value for positional only argument is not shown
- #7760: coverage: Add coverage_show_missing_items to show coverage result to console
- C++, fix rendering and xrefs in nested names explicitly starting in global scope, e.g., :: A:: B.
- C, fix rendering and xrefs in nested names explicitly starting in global scope, e.g., .A.B.
- #7763: C and C++, don't crash during display stringification of unary expressions and fold expressions.

10.18 Release 3.0.4 (released May 27, 2020)

Bugs fixed

- #7567: autodoc: parametrized types are shown twice for generic types
- #7637: autodoc: system defined TypeVars are shown in Python 3.9
- #7696: html: Updated jQuery version from 3.4.1 to 3.5.1 for security reasons
- #7611: md5 fails when OpenSSL FIPS is enabled
- #7626: release package does not contain CODE_OF_CONDUCT

10.19 Release 3.0.3 (released Apr 26, 2020)

Features added

• C, parse array declarators with static, qualifiers, and VLA specification.

Bugs fixed

• #7516: autodoc: crashes if target object raises an error on accessing its attributes

10.20 Release 3.0.2 (released Apr 19, 2020)

Features added

• C, parse attributes and add *c_id_attributes* and *c_paren_attributes* to support user-defined attributes.

- #7461: py domain: fails with IndexError for empty tuple in type annotation
- #7510: py domain: keyword-only arguments are documented as having a default of None
- #7418: std domain: term role could not match case-insensitively
- #7461: autodoc: empty tuple in type annotation is not shown correctly
- #7479: autodoc: Sphinx builds has been slower since 3.0.0 on mocking
- C++, fix spacing issue in east-const declarations.
- #7414: LaTeX: Xindy language options were incorrect
- sphinx crashes with ImportError on python3.5.1

10.21 Release 3.0.1 (released Apr 11, 2020)

Incompatible changes

• #7418: std domain: term role becomes case sensitive

Bugs fixed

- #7428: py domain: a reference to class None emits a nitpicky warning
- #7445: py domain: a return annotation None in the function signature is not converted to a hyperlink when using intersphinx
- #7418: std domain: duplication warning for glossary terms is case insensitive
- #7438: C++, fix merging overloaded functions in parallel builds.
- #7422: autodoc: fails with ValueError when using autodoc_mock_imports
- #7435: autodoc: autodoc_typehints='description' doesn't suppress typehints in signature for classes/methods
- #7451: autodoc: fails with AttributeError when an object returns non-string object as a __doc__ member
- #7423: crashed when giving a non-string object to logger
- #7479: html theme: Do not include xmlns attribute with HTML 5 doctype
- #7426: html theme: Escape some links in HTML templates

10.22 Release 3.0.0 (released Apr 06, 2020)

Dependencies

3.0.0b1

- LaTeX: drop dependency on **extractbb** for image inclusion in Japanese documents as .xbb files are unneeded by **dvipdfmx** since TeXLive2015 (refs: #6189)
- babel-2.0 or above is available (Unpinned)

Incompatible changes

- Drop features and APIs deprecated in 1.8.x
- #247: autosummary: stub files are overwritten automatically by default. see autosummary_generate_overwrite to change the behavior
- #5923: autodoc: the members of object class are not documented by default when :inherited-members: and :special-members: are given.
- #6830: py domain: meta fields in info-field-list becomes reserved. They are not displayed on output document now
- #6417: py domain: doctree of desc_parameterlist has been changed. The argument names, annotations and default values are wrapped with inline node
- The structure of sphinx.events.EventManager.listeners has changed

- Due to the scoping changes for *productionlist* some uses of *token* must be modified to include the scope which was previously ignored.
- #6903: Internal data structure of Python, reST and standard domains have changed. The node_id is added to the index of objects and modules. Now they contains a pair of docname and node_id for cross reference.
- #7276: C++ domain: Non intended behavior is removed such as say_hello_ links to .. cpp:function:: say_hello()
- #7210: js domain: Non intended behavior is removed such as parseInt_ links to .. js:function:: parseInt
- #7229: rst domain: Non intended behavior is removed such as numref_links to .. rst:role:: numref
- #6903: py domain: Non intended behavior is removed such as say_hello_ links to .. py:function:: say_hello()
- #7246: py domain: Drop special cross reference helper for exceptions, functions and methods
- The C domain has been rewritten, with additional directives and roles. The existing ones are now more strict, resulting in new warnings.
- The attribute sphinx_cpp_tagname in the desc_signature_line node has been renamed to sphinx_line_type.
- #6462: double backslashes in domain directives are no longer replaced by single backslashes as default. A new configuration value strip_signature_backslash can be used by users to reenable it.

3.0.0 final

• #7222: sphinx.util.inspect.unwrap() is renamed to unwrap_all()

Deprecated

- desc_signature['first']
- sphinx.directives.DescDirective
- sphinx.domains.std.StandardDomain.add_object()
- sphinx.domains.python.PyDecoratorMixin
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.get_documenters()
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.process_autosummary_toc()
- sphinx.parsers.Parser.app
- sphinx.testing.path.Path.text()
- sphinx.testing.path.Path.bytes()
- sphinx.util.inspect.getargspec()
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXWriter.format_docclass()

Features added

- #247: autosummary: Add autosummary_generate_overwrite to overwrite old stub file
- #5923: autodoc: :inherited-members: option takes a name of anchestor class not to document inherited members of the class and uppers
- #6830: autodoc: consider a member private if docstring contains: meta private: in info-field-list
- #7165: autodoc: Support Annotated type (PEP-593)
- #2815: autodoc: Support singledispatch functions and methods
- #7079: autodoc: autodoc_typehints accepts "description" configuration. It shows typehints as object description
- #7314: apidoc: Propagate --maxdepth option through package documents
- #6558: glossary: emit a warning for duplicated glossary entry
- #3106: domain: Register hyperlink target for index page automatically
- #6558: std domain: emit a warning for duplicated generic objects
- #6830: py domain: Add new event: object-description-transform
- #6895: py domain: Do not emit nitpicky warnings for built-in types
- py domain: Support lambda functions in function signature
- #6417: py domain: Allow to make a style for arguments of functions and methods
- #7238, #7239: py domain: Emit a warning on describing a python object if the entry is already added as the same name
- #7341: py domain: type annotations in singature are converted to cross refs
- Support priority of event handlers. For more detail, see Sphinx.connect()
- #3077: Implement the scoping for *productionlist* as indicated in the documentation.
- #1027: Support backslash line continuation in *productionlist*.
- #7108: config: Allow to show an error message from conf.py via ConfigError
- #7032: html: html_scaled_image_link will be disabled for images having no-scaled-link class
- #7144: Add CSS class indicating its domain for each desc node
- #7211: latex: Use babel for Chinese document when using XeLaTeX
- #6672: LaTeX: Support LaTeX Theming (experimental)
- #7005: LaTeX: Add LaTeX styling macro for *kbd* role
- #7220: genindex: Show «main» index entries at first
- #7103: linkcheck: writes all links to output.json
- #7025: html search: full text search can be disabled for individual document using :nosearch: file-wide metadata
- #7293: html search: Allow to override JavaScript splitter via SearchLanguage.js_splitter_code
- #7142: html theme: Add a theme option: pygments_dark_style to switch the style of code-blocks in dark mode.
- The C domain has been rewritten adding for example:
 - Cross-referencing respecting the current scope.

- Possible to document anonymous entities.
- More specific directives and roles for each type of entity, e.g., handling scoping of enumerators.
- New role *c:expr* for rendering expressions and types in text.
- Added SphinxDirective.get_source_info() and SphinxRole.get_source_info().
- #7324: sphinx-build: Emit a warning if multiple files having different file extensions for same document found 3.0.0 final
 - Added ObjectDescription.transform_content().

Bugs fixed

3.0.0b1

- C++, fix cross reference lookup in certain cases involving function overloads.
- #5078: C++, fix cross reference lookup when a directive contains multiple declarations.
- C++, suppress warnings for directly dependent typenames in cross references generated automatically in signatures.
- #5637: autodoc: Incorrect handling of nested class names on show-inheritance
- #7267: autodoc: error message for invalid directive options has wrong location
- #7329: autodoc: info-field-list is wrongly generated from type hints into the class description even if autoclass_content='class' set
- #7331: autodoc: a cython-function is not recognized as a function
- #5637: inheritance_diagram: Incorrect handling of nested class names
- #7139: code-block:: guess does not work
- #7325: html: source_suffix containing dot leads to wrong source link
- #7357: html: Resizing SVG image fails with ValueError
- #7278: html search: Fix use of html_file_suffix instead of html_link_suffix in search results
- #7297: html theme: bizstyle does not support sidebarwidth
- #3842: singlehtml: Path to images broken when master doc is not in source root
- #7179: std domain: Fix whitespaces are suppressed on referring GenericObject
- #7289: console: use bright colors instead of bold
- #1539: C, parse array types.
- #2377: C, parse function pointers even in complex types.
- #7345: sphinx-build: Sphinx crashes if output directory exists as a file
- #7290: sphinx-build: Ignore bdb.BdbQuit when handling exceptions
- #6240: napoleon: Attributes and Methods sections ignore :noindex: option

3.0.0 final

- #7364: autosummary: crashed when autosummary_generate is False
- #7370: autosummary: raises UnboundLocalError when unknown module given
- #7367: C++, alternate operator spellings are now supported.
- C, alternate operator spellings are now supported.

- #7368: C++, comma operator in expressions, pack expansion in template argument lists, and more comprehensive error messages in some cases.
- C, C++, fix crash and wrong duplicate warnings related to anon symbols.
- #6477: Escape first «!» in a cross reference linking no longer possible
- #7219: py domain: The index entry generated by py:function directive is different with one from index directive with «builtin» type
- #7301: capital characters are not allowed for node_id
- #7301: epub: duplicated node_ids are generated
- #6564: html: a width of table was ignored on HTML builder
- #7401: Incorrect argument is passed for env-get-outdated handlers
- #7355: autodoc: a signature of cython-function is not recognized well
- #7222: autodoc: __wrapped__ functions are not documented correctly
- #7409: intersphinx: ValueError is raised when an extension sets up intersphinx_mapping on config-inited event
- #7343: Sphinx builds has been slower since 2.4.0 on debug mode

10.23 Release 2.4.4 (released Mar 05, 2020)

Bugs fixed

- #7197: LaTeX: platex cause error to build image directive with target url
- #7223: Sphinx builds has been slower since 2.4.0

10.24 Release 2.4.3 (released Feb 22, 2020)

Bugs fixed

- #7184: autodoc: *args and **kwarg in type comments are not handled properly
- #7189: autodoc: classmethod coroutines are not detected
- #7183: intersphinx: :attr: reference to property is broken
- #6244, #6387: html search: Search breaks/hangs when built with dirhtml builder
- #7195: todo: emit doctree-resolved event with non-document node incorrectly

10.25 Release 2.4.2 (released Feb 19, 2020)

- #7138: autodoc: autodoc.typehints crashed when variable has unbound object as a value
- #7156: autodoc: separator for keyword only arguments is not shown
- #7146: autodoc: IndexError is raised on suppressed type_comment found
- #7161: autodoc: typehints extension does not support parallel build

- #7178: autodoc: TypeError is raised on fetching type annotations
- #7151: crashed when extension assigns a value to env.indexentries
- #7170: text: Remove debug print
- #7137: viewcode: Avoid to crash when non-python code given

10.26 Release 2.4.1 (released Feb 11, 2020)

Bugs fixed

- #7120: html: crashed when on scaling SVG images which have float dimensions
- #7126: autodoc: TypeError: "getset_descriptor" object is not iterable

10.27 Release 2.4.0 (released Feb 09, 2020)

Deprecated

- The decode argument of sphinx.pycode.ModuleAnalyzer()
- sphinx.directives.other.Index
- sphinx.environment.temp_data['gloss_entries']
- sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment.indexentries
- sphinx.environment.collectors.indexentries.IndexEntriesCollector
- sphinx.ext.apidoc.INITPY
- sphinx.ext.apidoc.shall_skip()
- sphinx.io.FiletypeNotFoundError
- sphinx.io.get_filetype()
- sphinx.pycode.ModuleAnalyzer.encoding
- sphinx.roles.Index
- sphinx.util.detect_encoding()
- sphinx.util.get_module_source()
- sphinx.util.inspect.Signature
- sphinx.util.inspect.safe_getmembers()
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.settings.author
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.settings.contentsname
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.settings.docclass
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.settings.docname
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.settings.title
- sphinx.writers.latex.ADDITIONAL_SETTINGS
- sphinx.writers.latex.DEFAULT_SETTINGS
- sphinx.writers.latex.LUALATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG

- sphinx.writers.latex.PDFLATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG
- sphinx.writers.latex.XELATEX_DEFAULT_FONTPKG
- sphinx.writers.latex.XELATEX_GREEK_DEFAULT_FONTPKG

Features added

- #6910: inheritance_diagram: Make the background of diagrams transparent
- #6446: duration: Add sphinx.ext.durations to inspect which documents slow down the build
- #6837: LaTeX: Support a nested table
- #7115: LaTeX: Allow to override LATEXOPTS and LATEXMKOPTS via environment variable
- #6966: graphviz: Support :class: option
- #6696: html: :scale: option of image/figure directive not working for SVG images (imagesize-1.2.0 or above is required)
- #6994: imgconverter: Support illustrator file (.ai) to .png conversion
- autodoc: Support Positional-Only Argument separator (PEP-570 compliant)
- autodoc: Support type annotations for variables
- #2755: autodoc: Add new event: autodoc-before-process-signature
- #2755: autodoc: Support type_comment style (ex. # type: (str) -> str) annotation (python3.8+ or typed_ast⁶⁴³ is required)
- #7051: autodoc: Support instance variables without defaults (PEP-526)
- #6418: autodoc: Add a new extension sphinx.ext.autodoc.typehints. It shows typehints as object description if autodoc_typehints = "description" set. This is an experimental extension and it will be integrated into autodoc core in Sphinx-3.0
- SphinxTranslator now calls visitor/departure method for super node class if visitor/departure method for original node class not found
- #6418: Add new event: object-description-transform
- py domain: py:data and py:attribute take new options named :type: and :value: to describe its type
 and initial value
- #6785: py domain: :py:attr: is able to refer properties again
- #6772: apidoc: Add -q option for quiet mode

- #6925: html: Remove redundant type=»text/javascript» from <script> elements
- #7112: html: SVG image is not layouted as float even if aligned
- #6906, #6907: autodoc: failed to read the source codes encoeded in cp1251
- #6961: latex: warning for babel shown twice
- #7059: latex: LaTeX compilation falls into infinite loop (wrapfig issue)
- #6581: latex: :reversed: option for toctree does not effect to LaTeX build
- #6559: Wrong node-ids are generated in glossary directive

⁶⁴³ https://github.com/python/typed_ast

- #6986: apidoc: misdetects module name for .so file inside module
- #6899: apidoc: private members are not shown even if --private given
- #6327: apidoc: Support a python package consisted of __init__.so file
- #6999: napoleon: fails to parse tilde in :exc: role
- #7019: gettext: Absolute path used in message catalogs
- #7023: autodoc: nested partial functions are not listed
- #7023: autodoc: partial functions imported from other modules are listed as module members without :impoprted-members: option
- #6889: autodoc: Trailing comma in :members:: option causes cryptic warning
- #6568: autosummary: autosummary_imported_members is ignored on generating a stub file for submodule
- #7055: linkcheck: redirect is treated as an error
- #7088: HTML template: If navigation_with_keys option is activated, modifier keys are ignored, which
 means the feature can interfere with browser features
- #7090: std domain: Can't assign numfig-numbers for custom container nodes
- #7106: std domain: enumerated nodes are marked as duplicated when extensions call note_explicit_target()
- #7095: dirhtml: Cross references are broken via intersphinx and :doc: role
- C++:
 - Don't crash when using the struct role in some cases.
 - Don't warn when using the var/member role for function parameters.
 - Render call and braced-init expressions correctly.
- #7097: Filenames of images generated by sphinx.transforms.post_transforms.images. ImageConverter or its subclasses (used for latex build) are now sanitized, to prevent broken paths

10.28 Release 2.3.1 (released Dec 22, 2019)

Bugs fixed

• #6936: sphinx-autogen: raises AttributeError

10.29 Release 2.3.0 (released Dec 15, 2019)

Incompatible changes

- #6742: end-before option of literalinclude directive does not match the first line of the code block.
- #1331: Change default User-Agent header to "Sphinx/X.Y.Z requests/X.Y.Z python/X.Y.Z". It can be changed via user_agent.
- #6867: text: content of admonitions starts after a blank line

Deprecated

- sphinx.builders.gettext.POHEADER
- sphinx.io.SphinxStandaloneReader.app
- sphinx.io.SphinxStandaloneReader.env
- sphinx.util.texescape.tex_escape_map
- sphinx.util.texescape.tex_hl_escape_map_new
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.no_contractions

Features added

- #6707: C++, support bit-fields.
- #267: html: Eliminate prompt characters of doctest block from copyable text
- #6548: html: Use favicon for OpenSearch if available
- #6729: html theme: agogo theme now supports rightsidebar option
- #6780: Add PEP-561 Support
- #6762: latex: Allow to load additional LaTeX packages via extrapackages key of latex_elements
- #1331: Add new config variable: user_agent
- #6000: LaTeX: have backslash also be an inline literal word wrap break character
- #4186: LaTeX: Support upLaTeX as a new latex_engine (experimental)
- #6812: Improve a warning message when extensions are not parallel safe
- #6818: Improve Intersphinx performance for multiple remote inventories.
- #2546: apidoc: .so file support
- #6798: autosummary: emit autodoc-skip-member event on generating stub file
- #6483: i18n: make explicit titles in toctree translatable
- #6816: linkcheck: Add linkcheck_auth option to provide authentication information when doing linkcheck builds
- #6872: linkcheck: Handles HTTP 308 Permanent Redirect
- #6613: html: Wrap section number in span tag
- #6781: gettext: Add gettext_last_translator' and :confval:`gettext_language_team to customize headers of POT file

- #6668: LaTeX: Longtable before header has incorrect distance (refs: latex3/latex2e#173⁶⁴⁴)
- #6618: LaTeX: Avoid section names at the end of a page
- #6738: LaTeX: Do not replace unicode characters by LaTeX macros on unicode supported LaTeX engines: ¶, §,
 €, ∞, ±, →, →, -, superscript and subscript digits go through «as is» (as default OpenType font supports them)
- #6704: linkcheck: Be defensive and handle newly defined HTTP error code
- #6806: linkcheck: Failure on parsing content

⁶⁴⁴ https://github.com/latex3/latex2e/issues/173

- #6655: image URLs containing data: causes gettext builder crashed
- #6584: i18n: Error when compiling message catalogs on Hindi
- #6718: i18n: KeyError is raised if section title and table title are same
- #6743: i18n: rst_prolog breaks the translation
- #6708: mathbase: Some deprecated functions have removed
- #6709: autodoc: mock object does not work as a class decorator
- #5070: epub: Wrong internal href fragment links
- #6712: Allow not to install sphinx.testing as runtime (mainly for ALT Linux)
- #6741: html: search result was broken with empty html_file_suffix
- #6001: LaTeX does not wrap long code lines at backslash character
- #6804: LaTeX: PDF build breaks if admonition of danger type contains code-block long enough not to fit on one page
- #6809: LaTeX: code-block in a danger type admonition can easily spill over bottom of page
- #6793: texinfo: Code examples broken following «sidebar»
- #6813: An orphan warning is emitted for included document on Windows. Thanks to @drillan
- #6850: Fix smartypants module calls re.sub() with wrong options
- #6824: HTML search: If a search term is partially matched in the title and fully matched in a text paragraph on the same page, the search does not include this match.
- #6848: config.py shouldn't pop extensions from overrides
- #6867: text: extra spaces are inserted to hyphenated words on folding lines
- #6886: LaTeX: xelatex converts straight double quotes into right curly ones (shows when *smartquotes* is False)
- #6890: LaTeX: even with smartquotes off, PDF output transforms straight quotes and consecutive hyphens into curly quotes and dashes
- #6876: LaTeX: multi-line display of authors on title page has ragged edges
- #6887: Sphinx crashes with docutils-0.16b0
- #6920: sphinx-build: A console message is wrongly highlighted
- #6900: sphinx-build: -D option does not considers 0 and 1 as a boolean value

10.30 Release 2.2.2 (released Dec 03, 2019)

Incompatible changes

#6803: For security reason of python, parallel mode is disabled on macOS and Python3.8+

Bugs fixed

- #6776: LaTeX: 2019-10-01 LaTeX release breaks sphinxcyrillic.sty
- #6815: i18n: French, Hindi, Chinese, Japanese and Korean translation messages has been broken
- #6803: parallel build causes AttributeError on macOS and Python3.8

10.31 Release 2.2.1 (released Oct 26, 2019)

Bugs fixed

- #6641: LaTeX: Undefined control sequence \sphinxmaketitle
- #6710: LaTeX not well configured for Greek language as main language
- #6759: validation of html static paths and extra paths no longer throws an error if the paths are in different directories

10.32 Release 2.2.0 (released Aug 19, 2019)

Incompatible changes

- apidoc: template files are renamed to .rst_t
- html: Field lists will be styled by grid layout

Deprecated

- sphinx.domains.math.MathDomain.add_equation()
- sphinx.domains.math.MathDomain.get_next_equation_number()
- The info and warn arguments of sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate.generate_autosummary_docs()
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate._simple_info()
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.generate._simple_warn()
- sphinx.ext.todo.merge_info()
- sphinx.ext.todo.process_todo_nodes()
- sphinx.ext.todo.process_todos()
- sphinx.ext.todo.purge_todos()

Features added

- #5124: graphviz: :graphviz_dot: option is renamed to :layout:
- #1464: html: emit a warning if html_static_path and html_extra_path directories are inside output directory
- #6514: html: Add a label to search input for accessability purposes
- #5602: apidoc: Add --templatedir option
- #6475: Add override argument to app.add_autodocumenter()
- #6310: imgmath: let imgmath_use_preview work also with the SVG format for images rendering inline math
- #6533: LaTeX: refactor visit_enumerated_list() to use \sphinxsetlistlabels
- #6628: quickstart: Use https://docs.python.org/3/ for default setting of intersphinx_mapping
- #6419: sphinx-build: give reasons why rebuilded

- py domain: duplicated warning does not point the location of source code
- #6499: html: Sphinx never updates a copy of html_logo even if original file has changed
- #1125: html theme: scrollbar is hard to see on classic theme and macOS
- #5502: linkcheck: Consider HTTP 503 response as not an error
- #6439: Make generated download links reproducible
- #6486: UnboundLocalError is raised if broken extension installed
- #6567: autodoc: autodoc_inherit_docstrings does not effect to __init__() and __new__()
- #6574: autodoc: autodoc_member_order does not refer order of imports when 'bysource' order
- #6574: autodoc: missing type annotation for variadic and keyword parameters
- #6589: autodoc: Formatting issues with autodoc_typehints="none"
- #6605: autodoc: crashed when target code contains custom method-like objects
- #6498: autosummary: crashed with wrong autosummary_generate setting
- #6507: autosummary: crashes without no autosummary_generate setting
- #6511: LaTeX: autonumbered list can not be customized in LaTeX since Sphinx 1.8.0 (refs: #6533)
- #6531: Failed to load last environment object when extension added
- #736: Invalid sort in pair index
- #6527: last_updated wrongly assumes timezone as UTC
- #5592: std domain: option directive registers an index entry for each comma separated option
- #6549: sphinx-build: Escaped characters in error messages
- #6545: doctest comments not getting trimmed since Sphinx 1.8.0
- #6561: glossary: Wrong hyperlinks are generated for non alphanumeric terms
- #6620: i18n: classifiers of definition list are not translated with docutils-0.15
- #6474: DocFieldTransformer raises AttributeError when given directive is not a subclass of ObjectDescription

10.33 Release 2.1.2 (released Jun 19, 2019)

Bugs fixed

- #6497: custom lexers fails highlighting when syntax error
- #6478, #6488: info field lists are incorrectly recognized

10.34 Release 2.1.1 (released Jun 10, 2019)

Incompatible changes

• #6447: autodoc: Stop to generate document for undocumented module variables

Bugs fixed

- #6442: LaTeX: admonitions of *note* type can get separated from immediately preceding section title by pagebreak
- #6448: autodoc: crashed when autodocumenting classes with __slots__ = None
- #6451: autodoc: generates docs for «optional import»ed modules as variables
- #6452: autosummary: crashed when generating document of properties
- #6455: napoleon: docstrings for properties are not processed
- #6436: napoleon: «Unknown target name» error if variable name ends with underscore
- #6440: apidoc: missing blank lines between modules

10.35 Release 2.1.0 (released Jun 02, 2019)

Incompatible changes

- Ignore filenames without file extension given to Builder.build_specific() API directly
- #6230: The anchor of term in glossary directive is changed if it is consisted by non-ASCII characters
- #4550: html: Centering tables by default using CSS
- #6239: latex: xelatex and xeCJK are used for Chinese documents by default
- Sphinx.add_lexer() now takes a Lexer class instead of instance. An instance of lexers are still supported until Sphinx-3.x.

Deprecated

- sphinx.builders.latex.LaTeXBuilder.apply_transforms()
- sphinx.builders._epub_base.EpubBuilder.esc()
- sphinx.directives.Acks
- sphinx.directives.Author
- sphinx.directives.Centered
- sphinx.directives.Class
- sphinx.directives.CodeBlock
- sphinx.directives.Figure
- sphinx.directives.HList
- sphinx.directives.Highlight
- sphinx.directives.Include
- sphinx.directives.Index
- sphinx.directives.LiteralInclude
- sphinx.directives.Meta
- sphinx.directives.Only
- sphinx.directives.SeeAlso
- sphinx.directives.TabularColumns
- sphinx.directives.TocTree
- sphinx.directives.VersionChange
- sphinx.domains.python.PyClassmember
- sphinx.domains.python.PyModulelevel
- sphinx.domains.std.StandardDomain._resolve_citation_xref()
- sphinx.domains.std.StandardDomain.note_citations()
- sphinx.domains.std.StandardDomain.note_citation_refs()
- sphinx.domains.std.StandardDomain.note_labels()
- sphinx.environment.NoUri
- sphinx.ext.apidoc.format_directive()
- sphinx.ext.apidoc.format_heading()
- sphinx.ext.apidoc.makename()
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer.MockFinder
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer.MockLoader
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer.mock()
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.autolink_role()
- sphinx.ext.imgmath.DOC_BODY
- sphinx.ext.imgmath.DOC_BODY_PREVIEW
- sphinx.ext.imgmath.DOC_HEAD
- sphinx.transforms.CitationReferences

- sphinx.transforms.SmartQuotesSkipper
- sphinx.util.docfields.DocFieldTransformer.preprocess_fieldtypes()
- sphinx.util.node.find_source_node()
- sphinx.util.i18n.find_catalog()
- sphinx.util.i18n.find_catalog_files()
- sphinx.util.i18n.find_catalog_source_files()

For more details, see deprecation APIs list.

Features added

- Add a helper class sphinx.transforms.post_transforms.SphinxPostTransform
- · Add helper methods
 - PythonDomain.note_module()
 - PythonDomain.note_object()
 - SphinxDirective.set_source_info()
- #6180: Support --keep-going with BuildDoc setup command
- math directive now supports :class: option
- todo: todo directive now supports :name: option
- Enable override via environment of SPHINXOPTS and SPHINXBUILD Makefile variables (refs: #6232, #6303)
- #6287: autodoc: Unable to document bound instance methods exported as module functions
- #6289: autodoc: autodoc_default_options now supports imported-members option
- #4777: autodoc: Support coroutine
- #744: autodoc: Support abstractmethod
- #6325: autodoc: Support attributes in __slots__. For dict-style __slots__, autodoc considers values as a docstring of the attribute
- #6361: autodoc: Add autodoc_typehints to suppress typehints from signature
- #1063: autodoc: automodule directive now handles undocumented module level variables
- #6212 autosummary: Add autosummary_imported_members to display imported members on autosummary
- #6271: make clean is catastrophically broken if building into "."
- #6363: Support %0% environment variable in make.bat
- #4777: py domain: Add :async: option to py:function directive
- py domain: Add new options to py:method directive
 - :abstractmethod:
 - :async:
 - :classmethod:
 - :property:
 - :staticmethod:
- rst domain: Add directive:option directive to describe the option for directive
- #6306: html: Add a label to search form for accessability purposes

- #4390: html: Consistent and semantic CSS for signatures
- #6358: The rawsource property of production nodes now contains the full production rule
- #6373: autosectionlabel: Allow suppression of warnings
- coverage: Support a new coverage_ignore_pyobjects option
- #6239: latex: Support to build Chinese documents

Bugs fixed

- #6230: Inappropriate node_id has been generated by glossary directive if term is consisted by non-ASCII characters
- #6213: ifconfig: contents after headings are not shown
- · commented term in glossary directive is wrongly recognized
- #6299: rst domain: rst:directive directive generates waste space
- #6379: py domain: Module index (py-modindex.html) has duplicate titles
- #6331: man: invalid output when doctest follows rubric
- #6351: «Hyperlink target is not referenced» message is shown even if referenced
- #6165: autodoc: tab_width setting of docutils has been ignored
- #6347: autodoc: crashes with a plain Tuple on Python 3.6 and 3.5
- #6311: autosummary: autosummary table gets confused by complex type hints
- #6350: autosummary: confused by an argument having some kind of default value
- Generated Makefiles lack a final EOL (refs: #6232)
- #6375: extlinks: Cannot escape angle brackets in link caption
- #6378: linkcheck: Send commonly used User-Agent
- #6387: html search: failed to search document with haiku and scrolls themes
- #6408: html search: Fix the ranking of search results
- #6406: Wrong year is returned for SOURCE_DATE_EPOCH
- #6402: image directive crashes by unknown image format
- #6286: C++, allow 8 and 9 in hexadecimal integer literals.
- #6305: Fix the string in quickstart for "path" argument of parser
- LaTeX: Figures in admonitions produced errors (refs: #6364)

10.36 Release 2.0.1 (released Apr 08, 2019)

- LaTeX: some system labels are not translated
- RemovedInSphinx30Warning is marked as pending
- · deprecation warnings are not emitted
 - sphinx.application.CONFIG_FILENAME
 - sphinx.builders.htmlhelp

- viewcode_import
- #6208: C++, properly parse full xrefs that happen to have a short xref as prefix
- #6220, #6225: napoleon: AttributeError is raised for raised section having references
- #6245: circular import error on importing SerializingHTMLBuilder
- #6243: LaTeX: "releasename" setting for latex_elements is ignored
- #6244: html: Search function is broken with 3rd party themes
- #6263: html: HTML5Translator crashed with invalid field node
- #6262: html theme: The style of field lists has changed in bizstyle theme

10.37 Release 2.0.0 (released Mar 29, 2019)

Dependencies

- LaTeX builder now depends on TeX Live 2015 or above.
- LaTeX builder (with 'pdflatex' latex_engine) will process Unicode Greek letters in text (not in math mark-up) via the text font and will not escape them to math mark-up. See the discussion of the 'fontenc' key of latex_elements; such (optional) support for Greek adds, for example on Ubuntu xenial, the texlive-lang-greek and (if default font set-up is not modified) cm-super(-minimal) as additional Sphinx LaTeX requirements.
- LaTeX builder with <code>latex_engine</code> set to <code>'xelatex'</code> or to <code>'lualatex'</code> requires (by default) the <code>FreeFont</code> fonts, which in Ubuntu xenial are provided by package <code>fonts-freefont-otf</code>, and e.g. in Fedora 29 via package <code>texlive-gnu-freefont</code>.
- requests 2.5.0 or above
- The six package is no longer a dependency
- The sphinxcontrib-websupport package is no longer a dependency
- Some packages are separated to sub packages:
 - sphinxcontrib.applehelp
 - sphinxcontrib.devhelp
 - sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp
 - sphinxcontrib.jsmath
 - sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml
 - sphinxcontrib.qthelp

Incompatible changes

2.0.0b1

- Drop python 2.7 and 3.4 support
- Drop docutils 0.11 support
- Drop features and APIs deprecated in 1.7.x
- The default setting for master_doc is changed to 'index' which has been longly used as default of sphinx-quickstart.
- LaTeX: Move message resources to sphinxmessage.sty
- LaTeX: Stop using \captions<lang> macro for some labels
- LaTeX: for 'xelatex' and 'lualatex', use the FreeFont OpenType fonts as default choice (refs: #5645)
- LaTeX: 'xelatex' and 'lualatex' now use \small in code-blocks (due to FreeMono character width) like 'pdflatex' already did (due to Courier character width). You may need to adjust this via latex_elements 'fvset' key, in case of usage of some other OpenType fonts (refs: #5768)
- LaTeX: Greek letters in text are not escaped to math mode mark-up, and they will use the text font not the math font. The LGR font encoding must be added to the 'fontenc' key of <code>latex_elements</code> for this to work (only if it is needed by the document, of course).
- LaTeX: setting the *language* to 'en' triggered Sonny option of fncychap, now it is Bjarne to match case of no language specified. (refs: #5772)
- #5770: doctest: Follow highlight_language on highlighting doctest block. As a result, they are highlighted as python3 by default.
- The order of argument for HTMLTranslator, HTML5Translator and ManualPageTranslator are changed
- LaTeX: hard-coded redefinitions of \l@section and \l@subsection formerly done during loading of 'manual' docclass get executed later, at time of \sphinxtableofcontents. This means that custom user definitions from LaTeX preamble now get overwritten. Use \sphinxtableofcontentshook to insert custom user definitions. See *Macros*.
- quickstart: Simplify generated conf.py
- #4148: quickstart: some questions are removed. They are still able to specify via command line options
- · websupport: unbundled from sphinx core. Please use sphinxcontrib-websupport
- C++, the visibility of base classes is now always rendered as present in the input. That is, private is now shown, where it was ellided before.
- LaTeX: graphics inclusion of oversized images rescales to not exceed the text width and height, even if width and/or height option were used. (refs: #5956)
- epub: epub_title defaults to the *project* option
- #4550: All tables and figures without align option are displayed to center
- #4587: html: Output HTML5 by default

2.0.0b2

• texinfo: image files are copied into name-figure directory

Deprecated

- Support for evaluating Python 2 syntax is deprecated. This includes configuration files which should be converted to Python 3.
- The arguments of EpubBuilder.build_mimetype(), EpubBuilder.build_container(), EpubBuilder.build_content(), EpubBuilder.build_toc() and EpubBuilder.build_epub()
- The arguments of Epub3Builder.build_navigation_doc()
- The config variables
 - html_experimental_html5_writer
- The encoding argument of autodoc.Documenter.get_doc(), autodoc.DocstringSignatureMixin.get_doc(), autodoc.DocstringSignatureMixin._find_signature(), and autodoc.ClassDocumenter.get_doc() are deprecated.
- The importer argument of sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer._MockModule
- The nodetype argument of sphinx.search.WordCollector. is_meta_keywords()
- The suffix argument of env.doc2path() is deprecated.
- The string style base argument of env.doc2path() is deprecated.
- The fallback to allow omitting the filename argument from an overridden IndexBuilder.feed() method is deprecated.
- sphinx.addnodes.abbreviation
- sphinx.application.Sphinx._setting_up_extension
- sphinx.builders.epub3.Epub3Builder.validate_config_value()
- sphinx.builders.html.SingleFileHTMLBuilder
- sphinx.builders.htmlhelp.HTMLHelpBuilder.open_file()
- sphinx.cmd.quickstart.term_decode()
- sphinx.cmd.quickstart.TERM_ENCODING
- sphinx.config.check_unicode()
- sphinx.config.string_classes
- sphinx.domains.cpp.DefinitionError.description
- sphinx.domains.cpp.NoOldIdError.description
- sphinx.domains.cpp.UnsupportedMultiCharacterCharLiteral.decoded
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.importer._MockImporter
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.Autosummary.warn()
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.Autosummary.genopt
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.Autosummary.warnings
- sphinx.ext.autosummary.Autosummary.result
- sphinx.ext.doctest.doctest_encode()
- sphinx.io.SphinxBaseFileInput
- sphinx.io.SphinxFileInput.supported
- sphinx.io.SphinxRSTFileInput

- sphinx.registry.SphinxComponentRegistry.add_source_input()
- sphinx.roles.abbr_role()
- sphinx.roles.emph_literal_role()
- sphinx.roles.menusel_role()
- sphinx.roles.index_role()
- sphinx.roles.indexmarkup_role()
- sphinx.testing.util.remove_unicode_literal()
- sphinx.util.attrdict
- sphinx.util.force_decode()
- sphinx.util.get_matching_docs()
- sphinx.util.inspect.Parameter
- sphinx.util.jsonimpl
- sphinx.util.osutil.EEXIST
- sphinx.util.osutil.EINVAL
- sphinx.util.osutil.ENOENT
- sphinx.util.osutil.EPIPE
- sphinx.util.osutil.walk()
- sphinx.util.PeekableIterator
- sphinx.util.pycompat.NoneType
- sphinx.util.pycompat.TextIOWrapper
- sphinx.util.pycompat.UnicodeMixin
- sphinx.util.pycompat.htmlescape
- sphinx.util.pycompat.indent
- sphinx.util.pycompat.sys_encoding
- sphinx.util.pycompat.terminal_safe()
- sphinx.util.pycompat.u
- sphinx.writers.latex.ExtBabel
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator._make_visit_admonition()
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.babel_defmacro()
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.collect_footnotes()
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.generate_numfig_format()
- sphinx.writers.texinfo.TexinfoTranslator._make_visit_admonition()
- sphinx.writers.text.TextTranslator._make_depart_admonition()
- template variables for LaTeX template
 - logo
 - numfig_format
 - pageautorefname
 - translatablestrings

For more details, see deprecation APIs list.

Features added

- #1618: The search results preview of generated HTML documentation is reader-friendlier: instead of showing the snippets as raw reStructuredText markup, Sphinx now renders the corresponding HTML. This means the Sphinx extension Sphinx: pretty search results⁶⁴⁵ is no longer necessary. Note that changes to the search function of your custom or 3rd-party HTML template might overwrite this improvement.
- #4182: autodoc: Support suppress_warnings
- #5533: autodoc: autodoc_default_options supports member-order
- #5394: autodoc: Display readable names in type annotations for mocked objects
- #5459: autodoc: autodoc_default_options accepts True as a value
- #1148: autodoc: Add autodecorator directive for decorators
- #5635: autosummary: Add autosummary_mock_imports to mock external libraries on importing targets
- #4018: htmlhelp: Add htmlhelp_file_suffix and htmlhelp_link_suffix
- #5559: text: Support complex tables (colspan and rowspan)
- LaTeX: support rendering (not in math, yet) of Greek and Cyrillic Unicode letters in non-Cyrillic document even with 'pdflatex' as latex_engine (refs: #5645)
- #5660: The versionadded, versionchanged and deprecated directives are now generated with their own specific CSS classes (added, changed and deprecated, respectively) in addition to the generic versionmodified class.
- #5841: apidoc: Add –extensions option to sphinx-apidoc
- #4981: C++, added an alias directive for inserting lists of declarations, that references existing declarations (e.g., for making a synopsis).
- C++: add cpp:struct to complement cpp:class.
- #1341 the HTML search considers words that contain a search term of length three or longer a match.
- #4611: epub: Show warning for duplicated ToC entries
- #1851: Allow to omit an argument for *code-block* directive. If omitted, it follows *highlight* or *highlight_language*
- #4587: html: Add html4_writer to use old HTML4 writer
- #6016: HTML search: A placeholder for the search summary prevents search result links from changing their position when the search terminates. This makes navigating search results easier.
- #5196: linkcheck also checks remote images exist
- #5924: githubpages: create CNAME file for custom domains when html_baseurl set
- #4261: autosectionlabel: restrict the labeled sections by new config value; autosectionlabel_maxdepth

⁶⁴⁵ https://github.com/sphinx-contrib/sphinx-pretty-searchresults

Bugs fixed

2.0.0b1

- #1682: LaTeX: writer should not translate Greek unicode, but use textgreek package
- #5247: LaTeX: PDF does not build with default font config for Russian language and 'xelatex' or 'lualatex' as latex_engine (refs: #5251)
- #5248: LaTeX: Greek letters in section titles disappear from PDF bookmarks
- #5249: LaTeX: Unicode Greek letters in math directive break PDF build (fix requires extra set-up, see latex_elements 'textgreek' key and/or latex_engine setting)
- #5772: LaTeX: should the Bjarne style of fncychap be used for English also if passed as language option?
- #5179: LaTeX: (lualatex only) escaping of > by \textgreater{} is not enough as \textgreater{}\\
 textgreater{} applies TeX-ligature
- LaTeX: project name is not escaped if latex_documents omitted
- LaTeX: authors are not shown if latex_documents omitted
- HTML: Invalid HTML5 file is generated for a glossary having multiple terms for one description (refs: #4611)
- QtHelp: OS dependent path separator is used in .qhp file
- HTML search: search always returns nothing when multiple search terms are used and one term is shorter than
 three characters

2.0.0b2

- #6096: html: Anchor links are not added to figures
- #3620: html: Defer searchindex.js rather than loading it via ajax
- #6113: html: Table cells and list items have large margins
- #5508: linenothreshold option for highlight directive was ignored
- texinfo: make install-info causes syntax error
- texinfo: make install-info fails on macOS
- #3079: texinfo: image files are not copied on make install-info
- #5391: A cross reference in heading is rendered as literal
- #5946: C++, fix cpp:alias problems in LaTeX (and singlehtml)
- #6147: classes attribute of citation_reference node is lost
- AssertionError is raised when custom citation_reference node having classes attribute refers missing citation (refs: #6147)
- #2155: Support code directive
- C++, fix parsing of braced initializers.
- #6172: AttributeError is raised for old styled index nodes
- #4872: inheritance_diagram: correctly describe behavior of parts option in docs, allow negative values.
- #6178: i18n: Captions missing in translations for hidden TOCs

2.0.0 final

• #6196: py domain: unexpected prefix is generated

Testing

2.0.0b1

Stop to use SPHINX_TEST_TEMPDIR envvar

2.0.0b2

• Add a helper function: sphinx.testing.restructuredtext.parse()

10.38 Release 1.8.5 (released Mar 10, 2019)

Bugs fixed

- LaTeX: Remove extraneous space after author names on PDF title page (refs: #6004)
- #6026: LaTeX: A cross reference to definition list does not work
- #6046: LaTeX: TypeError is raised when invalid latex_elements given
- #6067: LaTeX: images having a target are concatenated to next line
- #6067: LaTeX: images having a target are not aligned even if specified
- #6149: LaTeX: :index: role in titles causes Use of \@icentercr doesn't match its definition error on latexpdf build
- #6019: imgconverter: Including multipage PDF fails
- #6047: autodoc: autofunction emits a warning for method objects
- #6028: graphviz: Ensure the graphviz filenames are reproducible
- #6068: doctest: skipif option may remove the code block from documentation
- #6136: :name: option for math directive causes a crash
- #6139: intersphinx: ValueError on failure reporting
- #6135: changes: Fix UnboundLocalError when any module found
- #3859: manpage: code-block captions are not displayed correctly

10.39 Release 1.8.4 (released Feb 03, 2019)

- #3707: latex: no bold checkmark (✓) available.
- #5605: with the documentation language set to Chinese, English words could not be searched.
- #5889: LaTeX: user numfig_format is stripped of spaces and may cause build failure
- C++, fix hyperlinks for declarations involving east cv-qualifiers.
- #5755: C++, fix duplicate declaration error on function templates with constraints in the return type.
- C++, parse unary right fold expressions and binary fold expressions.
- pycode could not handle egg files on windows
- #5928: KeyError: "DOCUTILSCONFIG" when running build
- #5936: LaTeX: PDF build broken by inclusion of image taller than page height in an admonition

- #5231: «make html» does not read and build «po» files in «locale» dir
- #5954: :scale: image option may break PDF build if image in an admonition
- #5966: mathjax has not been loaded on incremental build
- #5960: LaTeX: modified PDF layout since September 2018 TeXLive update of parskip.sty
- #5948: LaTeX: duplicated labels are generated for sections
- #5958: versionadded directive causes crash with Python 3.5.0
- #5995: autodoc: autodoc_mock_imports conflict with metaclass on Python 3.7
- #5871: texinfo: a section title . is not allowed

10.40 Release 1.8.3 (released Dec 26, 2018)

Features added

• LaTeX: it is possible to insert custom material to appear on back of title page, see discussion of 'maketitle' key of latex_elements ('manual' docclass only)

- #5725: mathjax: Use CDN URL for «latest» version by default
- #5460: html search does not work with some 3rd party themes
- #5520: LaTeX, caption package incompatibility since Sphinx 1.6
- #5614: autodoc: incremental build is broken when builtin modules are imported
- #5627: qthelp: index.html missing in QtHelp
- #5659: linkcheck: crashes for a hyperlink containing multibyte character
- #5754: DOC: Fix some mistakes in LaTeX customization
- #5810: LaTeX: sphinxVerbatim requires explicit «hllines» set-up since 1.6.6 (refs: #1238)
- #5636: C++, fix parsing of floating point literals.
- #5496 (again): C++, fix assertion in partial builds with duplicates.
- #5724: quickstart: sphinx-quickstart fails when \$LC_ALL is empty
- #1956: Default conf.py is not PEP8-compliant
- #5849: LaTeX: document class \maketitle is overwritten with no possibility to use original meaning in place of Sphinx custom one
- #5834: apidoc: wrong help for --tocfile
- #5800: todo: crashed if todo is defined in TextElement
- #5846: htmlhelp: convert hex escaping to decimal escaping in .hhc/.hhk files
- htmlhelp: broken .hhk file generated when title contains a double quote

10.41 Release 1.8.2 (released Nov 11, 2018)

Incompatible changes

• #5497: Do not include MathJax.js and jsmath.js unless it is really needed

Features added

• #5471: Show appropriate deprecation warnings

Bugs fixed

- #5490: latex: enumerated list causes a crash with recommonmark
- #5492: sphinx-build fails to build docs w/ Python < 3.5.2
- #3704: latex: wrong \label positioning for figures with a legend
- #5496: C++, fix assertion when a symbol is declared more than twice.
- #5493: gettext: crashed with broken template
- #5495: csv-table directive with file option in included file is broken (refs: #4821)
- #5498: autodoc: unable to find type hints for a functools.partial
- #5480: autodoc: unable to find type hints for unresolvable Forward references
- #5419: incompatible math_block node has been generated
- #5548: Fix ensuredir() in case of pre-existing file
- #5549: graphviz Correctly deal with non-existing static dir
- #3002: i18n: multiple footnote_references referring same footnote cause duplicated node_ids
- #5563: latex: footnote_references generated by extension causes a LaTeX builder crash
- #5561: make all-pdf fails with old xindy version
- #5557: quickstart: -no-batchfile isn't honored
- #3080: texinfo: multiline rubrics are broken
- #3080: texinfo: multiline citations are broken

10.42 Release 1.8.1 (released Sep 22, 2018)

Incompatible changes

• LaTeX \pagestyle commands have been moved to the LaTeX template. No changes in PDF, except possibly if \sphinxtableofcontents, which contained them, had been customized in conf.py. (refs: #5455)

Bugs fixed

- #5418: Incorrect default path for sphinx-build -d/doctrees files
- #5421: autodoc emits deprecation warning for autodoc_default_flags
- #5422: lambda object causes PicklingError on storing environment
- #5417: Sphinx fails to build with syntax error in Python 2.7.5
- #4911: add latexpdf to make.bat for non make-mode
- #5436: Autodoc does not work with enum subclasses with properties/methods
- #5437: autodoc: crashed on modules importing eggs
- #5433: latex: ImportError: cannot import name "DEFAULT_SETTINGS"
- #5431: autodoc: autofunction emits a warning for callable objects
- #5457: Fix TypeError in error message when override is prohibited
- #5453: PDF builds of "howto" documents have no page numbers
- #5463: mathbase: math_role and MathDirective was disappeared in 1.8.0
- #5454: latex: Index has disappeared from PDF for Japanese documents
- #5432: py domain: :type: field can't process :term: references
- #5426: py domain: TypeError has been raised for class attribute

10.43 Release 1.8.0 (released Sep 13, 2018)

Dependencies

1.8.0b1

- LaTeX: latex_use_xindy, if True (default for xelatex/lualatex), instructs make latexpdf to use xindy for general index. Make sure your LaTeX distribution includes it. (refs: #5134)
- LaTeX: latexmk is required for make latexpdf on Windows

Incompatible changes

1.8.0b2

- #5282: html theme: refer pygments_style settings of HTML themes preferentially
- The URL of download files are changed
- #5127: quickstart: Makefile and make.bat are not overwritten if exists

1.8.0b1

- #5156: the sphinx.ext.graphviz: extension runs `dot in the directory of the document being built instead of in the root directory of the documentation.
- #4460: extensions which stores any data to environment should return the version of its env data structure as metadata. In detail, please see *Extension metadata*.
- Sphinx expects source parser modules to have supported file formats as Parser. supported attribute
- The default value of *epub_author* and *epub_publisher* are changed from 'unknown' to the value of *author*. This is same as a conf.py file sphinx-build generates.

- The gettext_compact attribute is removed from document.settings object. Please use config. gettext_compact instead.
- The processing order on reading phase is changed. smart_quotes, sphinx domains, doctree-read event and versioning doctrees are invoked earlier than so far. For more details, please read a description of Sphinx. add_transform()
- #4827: All substitution_definition nodes are removed from doctree on reading phase
- · docutils.conf in \$HOME or /etc directories are ignored. Only docutils.conf from confdir is obeyed.
- #789: :samp: role supports to escape curly braces with backslash
- #4811: The files under html_static_path are excluded from source files.
- latex: Use \sphinxcite for citation references instead \hyperref
- The config value viewcode_import is renamed to viewcode_follow_imported_members (refs: #4035)
- #1857: latex: latex_show_pagerefs does not add pagerefs for citations
- #4648: latex: Now «rubric» elements are rendered as unnumbered section title
- #4983: html: The anchor for productionlist tokens has been changed
- Modifying a template variable script_files in templates is allowed now. Please use app.add_js_file() instead.
- #5072: Save environment object also with only new documents
- #5035: qthelp builder allows dashes in qthelp_namespace
- LaTeX: with lualatex or xelatex use by default **xindy** as UTF-8 able replacement of **makeindex** (refs: #5134). After upgrading Sphinx, please clean latex build repertory of existing project before new build.
- #5163: html: hlist items are now aligned to top
- highlightlang directive is processed on resolving phase
- #4000: LaTeX: template changed. Following elements moved to it:
 - \begin{document}
 - shorthandoff variable
 - maketitle variable
 - tableofcontents variable

Deprecated

1.8.0b2

- sphinx.io.SphinxI18nReader.set_lineno_for_reporter() is deprecated
- sphinx.io.SphinxI18nReader.line is deprecated
- sphinx.util.i18n.find_catalog_source_file() has changed; the *gettext_compact* argument has been deprecated
- #5403: sphinx.util.images.guess_mimetype() has changed; the content argument has been deprecated

1.8.0b1

- source_parsers is deprecated
- autodoc_default_flags is deprecated
- quickstart: --epub option becomes default, so it is deprecated
- Drop function based directive support. For now, Sphinx only supports class based directives (see Directive)

- sphinx.util.docutils.directive_helper() is deprecated
- sphinx.cmdline is deprecated
- sphinx.make_mode is deprecated
- sphinx.locale.l_() is deprecated
- #2157: helper function warn() for HTML themes is deprecated
- app.override_domain() is deprecated
- app.add_stylesheet() is deprecated
- app.add_javascript() is deprecated
- app.import_object() is deprecated
- app.add_source_parser() has changed; the suffix argument has been deprecated
- sphinx.versioning.prepare() is deprecated
- Config.__init__() has changed; the dirname, filename and tags argument has been deprecated
- Config.check_types() is deprecated
- Config.check_unicode() is deprecated
- sphinx.application.CONFIG_FILENAME is deprecated
- highlightlang directive is deprecated
- BuildEnvironment.load() is deprecated
- BuildEnvironment.loads() is deprecated
- BuildEnvironment.frompickle() is deprecated
- env.read_doc() is deprecated
- env.update() is deprecated
- env._read_serial() is deprecated
- env._read_parallel() is deprecated
- env.write_doctree() is deprecated
- env._nitpick_ignore is deprecated
- env.versionchanges is deprecated
- env.dump() is deprecated
- env.dumps() is deprecated
- env.topickle() is deprecated
- env.note_versionchange() is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.Table.caption_footnotetexts is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.Table.header_footnotetexts is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.footnotestack is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.in_container_literal_block is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.next_section_ids is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.next_hyperlink_ids is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.restrict_footnote() is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.unrestrict_footnote() is deprecated

- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.push_hyperlink_ids() is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.pop_hyperlink_ids() is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.check_latex_elements() is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.bibitems is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.LaTeXTranslator.hlsettingstack is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.latex.ExtBabel.get_shorthandoff() is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.html.HTMLTranslator.highlightlang is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.html.HTMLTranslator.highlightlang_base is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.html.HTMLTranslator.highlightlangopts is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.html.HTMLTranslator.highlightlinenothreshold is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.html5.HTMLTranslator.highlightlang is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.html5.HTMLTranslator.highlightlang_base is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.html5.HTMLTranslator.highlightlangopts is deprecated
- sphinx.writers.html5.HTMLTranslator.highlightlinenothreshold is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase extension is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.math node is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.displaymath node is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.eqref node is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.is_in_section_title() is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.MathDomain is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.MathDirective is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.math_role is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.setup_math() is deprecated
- sphinx.directives.other.VersionChanges is deprecated
- sphinx.highlighting.PygmentsBridge.unhighlight() is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.get_node_equation_number() is deprecated
- sphinx.ext.mathbase.wrap_displaymath() is deprecated
- The trim_doctest_flags argument of sphinx.highlighting.PygmentsBridge is deprecated

For more details, see deprecation APIs list⁶⁴⁶

Features added

1.8.0b2

- #5388: Ensure frozen object descriptions are reproducible
- #5362: apidoc: Add --tocfile option to change the filename of ToC

1.8.0b1

- Add config-inited event
- Add sphinx.config.Any to represent the config value accepts any type of value

 $^{^{646}\} http://www.sphinx-doc.org/en/master/extdev/index.html\#deprecated-apis$

- source_suffix allows a mapping fileext to file types
- · Add author as a configuration value
- #2852: imgconverter: Support to convert GIF to PNG
- sphinx-build command supports i18n console output
- Add app.add_message_catalog() and sphinx.locale.get_translations() to support translation for 3rd party extensions
- helper function warning() for HTML themes is added
- · Add Domain.enumerable_nodes to manage own enumerable nodes for domains (experimental)
- Add a new keyword argument override to Application APIs
- LaTeX: new key 'fvset' for latex_elements. For XeLaTeX/LuaLaTeX its default sets fanvyvrb to use normal, not small, fontsize in code-blocks (refs: #4793)
- Add html_css_files and epub_css_files for adding CSS files from configuration
- Add httml_js_files for adding JS files from configuration
- #4834: Ensure set object descriptions are reproducible.
- #4828: Allow to override *numfig_format* partially. Full definition is not needed.
- Improve warning messages during including (refs: #4818)
- LaTeX: separate customizability of guilabel and menuselection (refs: #4830)
- Add Config.read() classmethod to create a new config object from configuration file
- #4866: Wrap graphviz diagrams in <div> tag
- viewcode: Add viewcode-find-source and viewcode-follow-imported to load source code without loading
- #4785: napoleon: Add strings to translation file for localisation
- #4927: Display a warning when invalid values are passed to linenothreshold option of highlight directive
- C++:
 - Add a cpp:texpr role as a sibling to cpp:expr.
 - Add support for unions.
 - #3593, #2683: add support for anonymous entities using names staring with @.
 - #5147: add support for (most) character literals.
 - Cross-referencing entities inside primary templates is supported, and now properly documented.
 - #1552: add new cross-referencing format for cpp:any and cpp:func roles, for referencing specific function overloads.
- #3606: MathJax should be loaded with async attribute
- html: Output canonical_url metadata if html_baseurl set (refs: #4193)
- #5029: autosummary: expose inherited_members to template
- #3784: mathjax: Add mathjax_options to give options to script tag for mathjax
- #726, #969: mathjax: Add mathjax_config to give in-line configurations for mathjax
- #4362: latex: Don't overwrite .tex file if document not changed
- #1431: latex: Add alphanumeric enumerated list support
- Add latex_use_xindy for UTF-8 savvy indexing, defaults to True if latex_engine is 'xelatex' or 'lualatex'. (refs: #5134, #5192, #5212)

- #4976: SphinxLoggerAdapter.info() now supports location parameter
- #5122: setuptools: support nitpicky option
- #2820: autoclass directive supports nested class
- Add app.add_html_math_renderer() to register a math renderer for HTML
- Apply trim_doctest_flags to all builders (cf. text, manpages)
- #5140: linkcheck: Add better Accept header to HTTP client
- #4614: sphinx-build: Add --keep-going option to show all warnings
- Add math: numref role to refer equations (Same as eq)
- · quickstart: epub builder is enabled by default
- #5246: Add singlehtml_sidebars to configure sidebars for singlehtml builder
- #5273: doctest: Skip doctest conditionally
- #5306: autodoc: emit a warning for invalid typehints
- #4075, #5215: autodoc: Add autodoc_default_options which accepts option values as dict

Bugs fixed

1.8.0b2

- html: search box overrides to other elements if scrolled
- i18n: warnings for translation catalogs have wrong line numbers (refs: #5321)
- #5325: latex: cross references has been broken by multiply labeled objects
- C++, fixes for symbol addition and lookup. Lookup should no longer break in partial builds. See also #5337.
- #5348: download reference to remote file is not displayed
- #5282: html theme: pygments_style of theme was overridden by conf.py by default
- #4379: toctree shows confusing warning when document is excluded
- #2401: autodoc: :members: causes :special-members: not to be shown
- autodoc: ImportError is replaced by AttributeError for deeper module
- #2720, #4034: Incorrect links with :download:, duplicate names, and parallel builds
- #5290: autodoc: failed to analyze source code in egg package
- #5399: Sphinx crashes if unknown po file exists

1.8.0b1

- i18n: message catalogs were reset on each initialization
- #4850: latex: footnote inside footnote was not rendered
- #4945: i18n: fix lang_COUNTRY not fallback correctly for IndexBuilder. Thanks to Shengjing Zhu.
- #4983: productionlist directive generates invalid IDs for the tokens
- #5132: lualatex: PDF build fails if indexed word starts with Unicode character
- #5133: latex: index headings «Symbols» and «Numbers» not internationalized
- #5114: sphinx-build: Handle errors on scanning documents
- epub: spine has been broken when «self» is listed on toctree (refs: #4611)
- #344: autosummary does not understand docstring of module level attributes

- #5191: C++, prevent nested declarations in functions to avoid lookup problems.
- #5126: C++, add missing is Pack method for certain template parameter types.
- #5187: C++, parse attributes on declarators as well.
- C++, parse delete expressions and basic new expressions as well.
- #5002: graphviz: SVGs do not adapt to the column width

Features removed

1.8.0b1

• sphinx.ext.pngmath extension

Documentation

1.8.0b1

- #5083: Fix wrong make.bat option for internationalization.
- #5115: napoleon: add admonitions added by #4613 to the docs.

10.44 Release 1.7.9 (released Sep 05, 2018)

Features added

• #5359: Make generated texinfo files reproducible by sorting the anchors

Bugs fixed

• #5361: crashed on incremental build if document uses include directive

10.45 Release 1.7.8 (released Aug 29, 2018)

Incompatible changes

• The type of env.included has been changed to dict of set

- #5320: intersphinx: crashed if invalid url given
- #5326: manpage: crashed when invalid docname is specified as man_pages
- #5322: autodoc: Any typehint causes formatting error
- #5327: «document isn't included in any toctree» warning on rebuild with generated files
- #5335: quickstart: escape sequence has been displayed with MacPorts" python

10.46 Release 1.7.7 (released Aug 19, 2018)

Bugs fixed

- #5198: document not in toctree warning when including files only for parallel builds
- LaTeX: reduce «Token not allowed in a PDF string» hyperref warnings in latex console output (refs: #5236)
- LaTeX: suppress «remreset Warning: The remreset package is obsolete» in latex console output with recent LaTeX (refs: #5237)
- #5234: PDF output: usage of PAPER environment variable is broken since Sphinx 1.5
- LaTeX: fix the latex_engine documentation regarding Latin Modern font with XeLaTeX/LuaLateX (refs: #5251)
- #5280: autodoc: Fix wrong type annotations for complex typing
- · autodoc: Optional types are wrongly rendered
- #5291: autodoc crashed by ForwardRef types
- #5211: autodoc: No docs generated for functools.partial functions
- #5306: autodoc: getargspec() raises NameError for invalid typehints
- #5298: imgmath: math_number_all causes equations to have two numbers in html
- #5294: sphinx-quickstart blank prompts in PowerShell

10.47 Release 1.7.6 (released Jul 17, 2018)

- #5037: LaTeX \sphinxupquote{} breaks in Russian
- sphinx.testing uses deprecated pytest API; Node.get_marker(name)
- #5016: crashed when recommonmark. AutoStrictify is enabled
- #5022: latex: crashed with docutils package provided by Debian/Ubuntu
- #5009: latex: a label for table is vanished if table does not have a caption
- #5048: crashed with numbered toctree
- #2410: C, render empty argument lists for macros.
- C++, fix lookup of full template specializations with no template arguments.
- #4667: C++, fix assertion on missing references in global scope when using intersphinx. Thanks to Alan M. Carroll.
- #5019: autodoc: crashed by Form Feed Character
- #5032: autodoc: loses the first staticmethod parameter for old styled classes
- #5036: quickstart: Typing Ctrl-U clears the whole of line
- #5066: html: «relations» sidebar is not shown by default
- #5091: latex: curly braces in index entries are not handled correctly
- #5070: epub: Wrong internal href fragment links
- #5104: apidoc: Interface of sphinx.apidoc:main() has changed

- #4272: PDF builds of French projects have issues with XeTeX
- #5076: napoleon raises RuntimeError with python 3.7
- #5125: sphinx-build: Interface of sphinx:main() has changed
- sphinx-build: sphinx.cmd.build.main() refers sys.argv instead of given argument
- #5146: autosummary: warning is emitted when the first line of docstring ends with literal notation
- autosummary: warnings of autosummary indicates wrong location (refs: #5146)
- #5143: autodoc: crashed on inspecting dict like object which does not support sorting
- #5139: autodoc: Enum argument missing if it shares value with another
- #4946: py domain: rtype field could not handle «None» as a type
- #5176: LaTeX: indexing of terms containing @, !, or " fails
- #5161: html: crashes if copying static files are failed
- #5167: autodoc: Fix formatting type annotations for tuples with more than two arguments
- #3329: i18n: crashed by auto-symbol footnote references
- #5158: autosummary: module summary has been broken when it starts with heading

10.48 Release 1.7.5 (released May 29, 2018)

- #4924: html search: Upper characters problem in any other languages
- #4932: apidoc: some subpackage is ignored if sibling subpackage contains a module starting with underscore
- #4863, #4938, #4939: i18n doesn't handle correctly node.title as used for contents, topic, admonition, table and section.
- #4913: i18n: literal blocks in bullet list are not translated
- #4962: C++, raised TypeError on duplicate declaration.
- #4825: C++, properly parse expr roles and give better error messages when (escaped) line breaks are present.
- C++, properly use desc_addname nodes for prefixes of names.
- C++, parse pack expansions in function calls.
- #4915, #4916: links on search page are broken when using dirhtml builder
- #4969: autodoc: constructor method should not have return annotation
- latex: deeply nested enumerated list which is beginning with non-1 causes LaTeX engine crashed
- #4978: latex: shorthandoff is not set up for Brazil locale
- #4928: i18n: Ignore dot-directories like .git/ in LC MESSAGES/
- #4946: py domain: type field could not handle «None» as a type
- #4979: latex: Incorrect escaping of curly braces in index entries
- #4956: autodoc: Failed to extract document from a subclass of the class on mocked module
- #4973: latex: glossary directive adds whitespace to each item
- #4980: latex: Explicit labels on code blocks are duplicated
- #4919: node.asdom() crashes if toctree has :numbered: option

- #4914: autodoc: Parsing error when using dataclasses without default values
- #4931: autodoc: crashed when handler for autodoc-skip-member raises an error
- #4931: autodoc: crashed when subclass of mocked class are processed by napoleon module
- #5007: sphinx-build crashes when error log contains a «%» character

10.49 Release 1.7.4 (released Apr 25, 2018)

Bugs fixed

- #4885, #4887: domains: Crashed with duplicated objects
- #4889: latex: sphinx.writers.latex causes recursive import

10.50 Release 1.7.3 (released Apr 23, 2018)

- #4769: autodoc loses the first staticmethod parameter
- #4790: autosummary: too wide two column tables in PDF builds
- #4795: Latex customization via _templates/longtable.tex_t is broken
- #4789: imgconverter: confused by convert.exe of Windows
- #4783: On windows, Sphinx crashed when drives of srcdir and outdir are different
- #4812: autodoc ignores type annotated variables
- #4817: wrong URLs on warning messages
- #4784: latex: latex_show_urls assigns incorrect footnote numbers if hyperlinks exists inside substitutions
- #4837: latex with class memoir Error: Font command \sf is not supported
- #4803: latex: too slow in proportion to number of auto numbered footnotes
- #4838: htmlhelp: The entries in .hhp file is not ordered
- toctree directive tries to glob for URL having query_string
- #4871: html search: Upper characters problem in German
- #4717: latex: Compilation for German docs failed with LuaLaTeX and XeLaTeX
- #4459: duplicated labels detector does not work well in parallel build
- #4878: Crashed with extension which returns invalid metadata

10.51 Release 1.7.2 (released Mar 21, 2018)

Incompatible changes

• #4520: apidoc: folders with an empty __init__.py are no longer excluded from TOC

Bugs fixed

- #4669: sphinx.build_main and sphinx.make_main throw NameError
- #4685: autosummary emits meaningless warnings
- · autodoc: crashed when invalid options given
- pydomain: always strip parenthesis if empty (refs: #1042)
- #4689: autosummary: unexpectedly strips docstrings containing «i.e.»
- #4701: viewcode: Misplaced <div> in viewcode html output
- #4444: Don't require numfig to use :numref: on sections
- #4727: Option clash for package textcomp
- #4725: Sphinx does not work with python 3.5.0 and 3.5.1
- #4716: Generation PDF file with TexLive on Windows, file not found error
- #4574: vertical space before equation in latex
- #4720: message when an image is mismatched for builder is not clear
- #4655, #4684: Incomplete localization strings in Polish and Chinese
- #2286: Sphinx crashes when error is happens in rendering HTML pages
- #4688: Error to download remote images having long URL
- #4754: sphinx/pycode/__init__.py raises AttributeError
- #1435: qthelp builder should htmlescape keywords
- epub: Fix docTitle elements of toc.ncx is not escaped
- #4520: apidoc: Subpackage not in toc (introduced in 1.6.6) now fixed
- #4767: html: search highlighting breaks mathjax equations

10.52 Release 1.7.1 (released Feb 23, 2018)

Deprecated

- #4623: sphinx.build_main() is deprecated.
- autosummary: The interface of sphinx.ext.autosummary.get_documenter() has been changed (Since 1.7.0)
- #4664: sphinx.ext.intersphinx.debug() is deprecated.

For more details, see deprecation APIs list⁶⁴⁷

⁶⁴⁷ http://www.sphinx-doc.org/en/master/extdev/index.html#deprecated-apis

Bugs fixed

- #4608: epub: Invalid meta tag is generated
- #4260: autodoc: keyword only argument separator is not disappeared if it is appeared at top of the argument list
- #4622: epub: epub_scheme does not effect to content.opf
- #4627: graphviz: Fit graphviz images to page
- #4617: quickstart: PROJECT_DIR argument is required
- #4623: sphinx.build_main no longer exists in 1.7.0
- #4615: The argument of sphinx.build has been changed in 1.7.0
- autosummary: The interface of sphinx.ext.autosummary.get_documenter() has been changed
- #4630: Have order on msgids in sphinx.pot deterministic
- #4563: autosummary: Incorrect end of line punctuation detection
- #4577: Enumerated sublists with explicit start with wrong number
- #4641: A external link in TOC cannot contain «?» with :glob: option
- C++, add missing parsing of explicit casts and typeid in expression parsing.
- C++, add missing parsing of this in expression parsing.
- #4655: Fix incomplete localization strings in Polish
- #4653: Fix error reporting for parameterless ImportErrors
- #4664: Reading objects.inv fails again
- #4662: any refs with term targets crash when an ambiguity is encountered

10.53 Release 1.7.0 (released Feb 12, 2018)

Dependencies

1.7.0b1

· Add packaging package

Incompatible changes

- #3668: The arguments has changed of main functions for each command
- #3893: Unknown html_theme_options throw warnings instead of errors
- #3927: Python parameter/variable types should match classes, not all objects
- #3962: sphinx-apidoc now recognizes given directory as an implicit namespace package when --implicit-namespaces option given, not subdirectories of given directory.
- #3929: apidoc: Move sphinx.apidoc to sphinx.ext.apidoc
- #4226: apidoc: Generate new style makefile (make-mode)
- #4274: sphinx-build returns 2 as an exit code on argument error
- #4389: output directory will be created after loading extensions

- autodoc does not generate warnings messages to the generated document even if *keep_warnings* is True. They are only emitted to stderr.
- shebang line is removed from generated conf.py
- #2557: autodoc: autodoc_mock_imports only mocks specified modules with their descendants. It does not mock their ancestors. If you want to mock them, please specify the name of ancestors explicitly.
- #3620: html theme: move DOCUMENTATION_OPTIONS to independent JavaScript file (refs: #4295)
- #4246: Limit width of text body for all themes. Configurable via theme options body_min_width and body_max_width.
- #4771: apidoc: The exclude_patterns arguments are ignored if they are placed just after command line options

1.7.0b2

• #4467: html theme: Rename csss block to css

Deprecated

1.7.0b1

- using a string value for html_sidebars is deprecated and only list values will be accepted at 2.0.
- format_annotation() and formatargspec() is deprecated. Please use sphinx.util.inspect. Signature instead.
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.AutodocReporter is replaced by sphinx.util.docutils. switch_source_input() and now deprecated. It will be removed in Sphinx-2.0.
- sphinx.ext.autodoc.add_documenter() and AutoDirective._register is now deprecated. Please use app.add_autodocumenter() instead.
- AutoDirective._special_attrgetters is now deprecated. Please use app.add_autodoc_attrgetter() instead.

Features added

- C++, handle decltype(auto).
- #2406: C++, add proper parsing of expressions, including linking of identifiers.
- C++, add a cpp:expr role for inserting inline C++ expressions or types.
- C++, support explicit member instantiations with shorthand template prefix
- C++, make function parameters linkable, like template params.
- #3638: Allow to change a label of reference to equation using math_eqref_format
- Now suppress_warnings accepts following configurations:
 - ref.python (ref: #3866)
- #3872: Add latex key to configure literal blocks caption position in PDF output (refs #3792, #1723)
- In case of missing docstring try to retrieve doc from base classes (ref: #3140)
- #4023: Clarify error message when any role has more than one target.
- #3973: epub: allow to override build date
- #3972: epub: Sort manifest entries by filename

- #4052: viewcode: Sort before highlighting module code
- #1448: qthelp: Add new config value; qthelp_namespace
- #4140: html themes: Make body tag inheritable
- #4168: improve zh search with jieba
- HTML themes can set up default sidebars through theme.conf
- #3160: html: Use <kdb> to represent :kbd: role
- #4212: autosummary: catch all exceptions when importing modules
- #4166: Add math_numfig for equation numbering by section (refs: #3991, #4080). Thanks to Oliver Jahn.
- #4311: Let LaTeX obey numfig_secnum_depth for figures, tables, and code-blocks
- #947: autodoc now supports ignore-module-all to ignore a module's __all__
- #4332: Let LaTeX obey math_numfig for equation numbering
- #4093: sphinx-build creates empty directories for unknown targets/builders
- Add top-classes option for the sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram extension to limit the scope of inheritance graphs.
- #4183: doctest: :pyversion: option also follows PEP-440 specification
- #4235: html: Add manpages_url to make manpage roles to hyperlinks
- #3570: autodoc: Do not display "typing." module for type hints
- #4354: sphinx-build now emits finish message. Builders can modify it through Builder.epilog attribute
- #4245: html themes: Add language to javascript vars list
- #4079: html: Add notranslate class to each code-blocks, literals and maths to let Google Translate know they are not translatable
- #4137: doctest: doctest block is always highlighted as python console (pycon)
- #4137: doctest: testcode block is always highlighted as python
- #3998: text: Assign section numbers by default. You can control it using text_add_secnumbers and text_secnumber_suffix

1.7.0b2

- #4271: sphinx-build supports an option called -j auto to adjust numbers of processes automatically.
- Napoleon: added option to specify custom section tags.

Features removed

- Configuration variables
 - html_use_smartypants
 - latex keep old macro names
 - latex_elements["footer"]
- utility methods of sphinx.application.Sphinx class
 - buildername (property)
 - _display_chunk()
 - old_status_iterator()

- status iterator()
- _ directive_helper()
- utility methods of sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment class
 - currmodule (property)
 - currclass (property)
- epub2 builder
- prefix and colorfunc parameter for warn()
- sphinx.util.compat module
- sphinx.util.nodes.process_only_nodes()
- LaTeX environment notice, use sphinxadmonition instead
- LaTeX \sphinxstylethead, use \sphinxstyletheadfamily
- C++, support of function concepts. Thanks to mickk-on-cpp.
- Not used and previously not documented LaTeX macros \shortversion and \setshortversion

Bugs fixed

1.7.0b1

- #3882: Update the order of files for HTMLHelp and QTHelp
- #3962: sphinx-apidoc does not recognize implicit namespace packages correctly
- #4094: C++, allow empty template argument lists.
- C++, also hyperlink types in the name of declarations with qualified names.
- C++, do not add index entries for declarations inside concepts.
- C++, support the template disambiguator for dependent names.
- #4314: For PDF "howto" documents, numbering of code-blocks differs from the one of figures and tables
- #4330: PDF "howto" documents have an incoherent default LaTeX tocdepth counter setting
- #4198: autosummary emits multiple "autodoc-process-docstring" event. Thanks to Joel Nothman.
- #4081: Warnings and errors colored the same when building
- latex: Do not display "Release" label if release is not set

- #4415: autodoc classifies inherited classmethods as regular methods
- #4415: autodoc classifies inherited staticmethods as regular methods
- #4472: DOCUMENTATION_OPTIONS is not defined
- #4491: autodoc: prefer _MockImporter over other importers in sys.meta_path
- #4490: autodoc: type annotation is broken with python 3.7.0a4+
- · utils package is no longer installed
- #3952: apidoc: module header is too escaped
- #4275: Formats accepted by sphinx.util.i18n.format_date are limited
- #4493: recommonmark raises AttributeError if AutoStructify enabled
- #4209: intersphinx: In link title, «v» should be optional if target has no version

- #4230: slowdown in writing pages with sphinx 1.6
- #4522: epub: document is not rebuilt even if config changed

1.7.0b3

- #4019: inheritance diagram AttributeError stopping make process
- #4531: autosummary: methods are not treated as attributes
- #4538: autodoc: sphinx.ext.autodoc.Options has been moved
- #4539: autodoc emits warnings for partialmethods
- #4223: doctest: failing tests reported in wrong file, at wrong line
- i18n: message catalogs are not compiled if specific filenames are given for sphinx-build as arguments (refs: #4560)
- #4027: sphinx.ext.autosectionlabel now expects labels to be the same as they are in the raw source; no smart quotes, nothig fancy.
- #4581: apidoc: Excluded modules still included

Testing

1.7.0b1

- Add support for docutils 0.14
- Add tests for the sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram extension.

10.54 Release 1.6.7 (released Feb 04, 2018)

- #1922: html search: Upper characters problem in French
- #4412: Updated jQuery version from 3.1.0 to 3.2.1
- #4438: math: math with labels with whitespace cause html error
- #2437: make full reference for classes, aliased with «alias of»
- #4434: pure numbers as link targets produce warning
- #4477: Build fails after building specific files
- #4449: apidoc: include «empty» packages that contain modules
- #3917: citation labels are transformed to ellipsis
- #4501: graphviz: epub3 validation error caused if graph is not clickable
- #4514: graphviz: workaround for wrong map ID which graphviz generates
- #4525: autosectionlabel does not support parallel build
- #3953: Do not raise warning when there is a working intersphinx inventory
- #4487: math: ValueError is raised on parallel build. Thanks to jschueller.
- #2372: autosummary: invalid signatures are shown for type annotated functions
- #3942: html: table is not aligned to center even if :align: center

10.55 Release 1.6.6 (released Jan 08, 2018)

Features added

- #4181: autodoc: Sort dictionary keys when possible
- VerbatimHighlightColor is a new LaTeX "sphinxsetup" key (refs: #4285)
- Easier customizability of LaTeX macros involved in rendering of code-blocks
- Show traceback if conf.py raises an exception (refs: #4369)
- Add *smartquotes* to disable smart quotes through conf.py (refs: #3967)
- Add smartquotes_action and smartquotes_excludes (refs: #4142, #4357)

Bugs fixed

- #4334: sphinx-apidoc: Don't generate references to non-existing files in TOC
- #4206: latex: reST label between paragraphs loses paragraph break
- #4231: html: Apply fixFirefoxAnchorBug only under Firefox
- #4221: napoleon depends on autodoc, but users need to load it manually
- #2298: automodule fails to document a class attribute
- #4099: C++: properly link class reference to class from inside constructor
- #4267: PDF build broken by Unicode U+2116 NUMERO SIGN character
- #4249: PDF output: Pygments error highlighting increases line spacing in code blocks
- #1238: Support :emphasize-lines: in PDF output
- #4279: Sphinx crashes with pickling error when run with multiple processes and remote image
- #1421: Respect the quiet flag in sphinx-quickstart
- #4281: Race conditions when creating output directory
- #4315: For PDF "howto" documents, latex_toplevel_sectioning='part' generates \chapter commands
- #4214: Two todolist directives break sphinx-1.6.5
- Fix links to external option docs with intersphinx (refs: #3769)
- #4091: Private members not documented without :undoc-members:

10.56 Release 1.6.5 (released Oct 23, 2017)

Features added

- #4107: Make searchtools.js compatible with pre-Sphinx1.5 templates
- #4112: Don't override the smart_quotes setting if it was already set
- #4125: Display reference texts of original and translated passages on i18n warning message
- #4147: Include the exception when logging PO/MO file read/write

Bugs fixed

- #4085: Failed PDF build from image in parsed-literal using :align: option
- #4100: Remove debug print from autodoc extension
- #3987: Changing theme from alabaster causes HTML build to fail
- #4096: C++, don't crash when using the wrong role type. Thanks to mitya57.
- #4070, #4111: crashes when the warning message contains format strings (again)
- #4108: Search word highlighting breaks SVG images
- #3692: Unable to build HTML if writing .buildinfo failed
- #4152: HTML writer crashes if a field list is placed on top of the document
- #4063: Sphinx crashes when labeling directive .. todolist::
- #4134: [doc] docutils.conf is not documented explicitly
- #4169: Chinese language doesn't trigger Chinese search automatically
- #1020: ext.todo todolist not linking to the page in pdflatex
- #3965: New quickstart generates wrong SPHINXBUILD in Makefile
- #3739: :module: option is ignored at content of pyobjects
- #4149: Documentation: Help choosing latex_engine
- #4090: [doc] latex_additional_files with extra LaTeX macros should not use .tex extension
- Failed to convert reST parser error to warning (refs: #4132)

10.57 Release 1.6.4 (released Sep 26, 2017)

Features added

 #3926: Add autodoc_warningiserror to suppress the behavior of -W option during importing target modules on autodoc

- #3924: docname lost after dynamically parsing RST in extension
- #3946: Typo in sphinx.sty (this was a bug with no effect in default context)
- **pep** and :rfc: does not supports default-role directive (refs: #3960)
- #3960: default_role = "guilabel" not functioning
- Missing texinputs_win/Makefile to be used in latexpdf builder on windows.
- #4026: nature: Fix macOS Safari scrollbar color
- #3877: Fix for C++ multiline signatures.
- #4006: Fix crash on parallel build
- #3969: private instance attributes causes AttributeError
- #4041: C++, remove extra name linking in function pointers.
- #4038: C, add missing documentation of member role.

- #4044: An empty multicolumn cell causes extra row height in PDF output
- #4049: Fix typo in output of sphinx-build -h
- #4062: hashlib.sha1() must take bytes, not unicode on Python 3
- Avoid indent after index entries in latex (refs: #4066)
- #4070: crashes when the warning message contains format strings
- #4067: Return non-zero exit status when make subprocess fails
- #4055: graphviz: the :align: option does not work for SVG output
- #4055: graphviz: the :align: center option does not work for latex output
- #4051: warn() function for HTML theme outputs "None" string

10.58 Release 1.6.3 (released Jul 02, 2017)

Features added

• latex: hint that code-block continues on next page (refs: #3764, #3792)

- #3821: Failed to import sphinx.util.compat with docutils-0.14rc1
- #3829: sphinx-quickstart template is incomplete regarding use of alabaster
- #3772: "str object" has no attribute "filename"
- Emit wrong warnings if citation label includes hyphens (refs: #3565)
- #3858: Some warnings are not colored when using –color option
- #3775: Remove unwanted whitespace in default template
- #3835: sphinx.ext.imgmath fails to convert SVG images if project directory name contains spaces
- #3850: Fix color handling in make mode's help command
- #3865: use of self.env.warn in sphinx extension fails
- #3824: production lists apply smart quotes transform since Sphinx 1.6.1
- latex: fix \sphinxbfcode swallows initial space of argument
- #3878: Quotes in auto-documented class attributes should be straight quotes in PDF output
- #3881: LaTeX figure floated to next page sometimes leaves extra vertical whitespace
- #3885: duplicated footnotes raises IndexError
- #3873: Failure of deprecation warning mechanism of sphinx.util.compat.Directive
- #3874: Bogus warnings for «citation not referenced» for cross-file citations
- #3860: Don't download images when builders not supported images
- #3860: Remote image URIs without filename break builders not supported remote images
- #3833: command line messages are translated unintentionally with language setting.
- #3840: make checking epub_uid strict
- #3851, #3706: Fix about box drawing characters for PDF output

- #3900: autosummary could not find methods
- #3902: Emit error if latex_documents contains non-unicode string in py2

10.59 Release 1.6.2 (released May 28, 2017)

Incompatible changes

• #3789: Do not require typing module for python>=3.5

Bugs fixed

- #3754: HTML builder crashes if HTML theme appends own stylesheets
- #3756: epub: Entity "mdash" not defined
- #3758: Sphinx crashed if logs are emitted in conf.py
- #3755: incorrectly warns about dedent with literalinclude
- #3742: RTD⁶⁴⁸ PDF builds of Sphinx own docs are missing an index entry in the bookmarks and table of contents. This is rtfd/readthedocs.org#2857⁶⁴⁹ issue, a workaround is obtained using some extra LaTeX code in Sphinx's own conf.py
- #3770: Build fails when a «code-block» has the option emphasize-lines and the number indicated is higher than the number of lines
- #3774: Incremental HTML building broken when using citations
- #3763: got epubcheck validations error if epub_cover is set
- #3779: "ImportError" in sphinx.ext.autodoc due to broken "sys.meta_path". Thanks to Tatiana Tereshchenko.
- #3796: env.resolve_references() crashes when non-document node given
- #3803: Sphinx crashes with invalid PO files
- #3791: PDF «continued on next page» for long tables isn't internationalized
- #3788: smartquotes emits warnings for unsupported languages
- #3807: latex Makefile for make latexpdf is only for unixen
- #3781: double hyphens in option directive are compiled as endashes
- #3817: latex builder raises AttributeError

10.60 Release 1.6.1 (released May 16, 2017)

Dependencies

- (updated) latex output is tested with Ubuntu trusty's texlive packages (Feb. 2014) and earlier tex installations may not be fully compliant, particularly regarding Unicode engines xelatex and lualatex
- (added) latexmk is required for make latexpdf on GNU/Linux and Mac OS X (refs: #3082)

⁶⁴⁸ https://readthedocs.org/

⁶⁴⁹ https://github.com/rtfd/readthedocs.org/issues/2857

Incompatible changes

1.6b1

- #1061, #2336, #3235: Now generation of autosummary doesn't contain imported members by default. Thanks to Luc Saffre.
- LaTeX \includegraphics command isn't overloaded: only \sphinxincludegraphics has the custom code to fit image to available width if oversized.
- The subclasses of sphinx.domains.Index should override generate() method. The default implementation raises NotImplementedError
- LaTeX positioned long tables horizontally centered, and short ones flushed left (no text flow around table.) The position now defaults to center in both cases, and it will obey Docutils 0.13:align: option (refs #3415, #3377)
- option directive also allows all punctuations for the option name (refs: #3366)
- #3413: if literalinclude's :start-after: is used, make :lines: relative (refs #3412)
- literalinclude directive does not allow the combination of :diff: option and other options (refs: #3416)
- LuaLaTeX engine uses fontspec like XeLaTeX. It is advised latex_engine = 'lualatex' be used only on up-to-date TeX installs (refs #3070, #3466)
- latex_keep_old_macro_names default value has been changed from True to False. This means that some LaTeX macros for styling are by default defined only with \sphinx.. prefixed names. (refs: #3429)
- Footer «Continued on next page» of LaTeX longtable's now not framed (refs: #3497)
- #3529: The arguments of BuildEnvironment.__init__ is changed
- #3082: Use latexmk for pdf (and dvi) targets (Unix-like platforms only)
- #3558: Emit warnings if footnotes and citations are not referenced. The warnings can be suppressed by suppress_warnings.
- latex made available (non documented) colour macros from a file distributed with pdftex engine for Plain TeX. This is removed in order to provide better support for multiple TeX engines. Only interface from color or xcolor packages should be used by extensions of Sphinx latex writer. (refs #3550)
- · Builder.env is not filled at instantiation
- #3594: LaTeX: single raw directive has been considered as block level element
- #3639: If html_experimental_html5_writer is available, epub builder use it by default.
- Sphinx.add_source_parser() raises an error if duplicated

1.6b2

 #3345: Replace the custom smartypants code with Docutils" smart_quotes. Thanks to Dmitry Shachnev, and to Günter Milde at Docutils.

1.6b3

- LaTeX package eqparbox is not used and not loaded by Sphinx anymore
- LaTeX package multirow is not used and not loaded by Sphinx anymore
- · Add line numbers to citation data in std domain

1.6 final

• LaTeX package threeparttable is not used and not loaded by Sphinx anymore (refs #3686, #3532, #3377)

Features removed

- Configuration variables
 - epub3_contributor
 - epub3_description
 - epub3_page_progression_direction
 - html_translator_class
 - html_use_modindex
 - latex_font_size
 - latex_paper_size
 - latex preamble
 - latex_use_modindex
 - latex_use_parts
- termsep node
- · defindex.html template
- LDML format support in today, today_fmt and html_last_updated_fmt
- :inline: option for the directives of sphinx.ext.graphviz extension
- · sphinx.ext.pngmath extension
- sphinx.util.compat.make_admonition()

Features added

- #3136: Add :name: option to the directives in sphinx.ext.graphviz
- #2336: Add imported_members option to sphinx-autogen command to document imported members.
- C++, add :tparam-line-spec: option to templated declarations. When specified, each template parameter will be rendered on a separate line.
- #3359: Allow sphinx.js in a user locale dir to override sphinx.js from Sphinx
- #3303: Add :pyversion: option to the doctest directive.
- #3378: (latex) support for :widths: option of table directives (refs: #3379, #3381)
- #3402: Allow to suppress «download file not readable» warnings using suppress_warnings.
- #3377: latex: Add support for Docutils 0.13:align: option for tables (but does not implement text flow around table).
- latex: footnotes from inside tables are hyperlinked (except from captions or headers) (refs: #3422)
- Emit warning if over dedent has detected on literalinclude directive (refs: #3416)
- Use for LuaLaTeX same default settings as for XeLaTeX (i.e. fontspec and polyglossia). (refs: #3070, #3466)
- Make 'extraclassoptions' key of latex_elements public (refs #3480)
- #3463: Add warning messages for required EPUB3 metadata. Add default value to epub_description to avoid warning like other settings.
- #3476: setuptools: Support multiple builders

- latex: merged cells in LaTeX tables allow code-blocks, lists, blockquotes... as do normal cells (refs: #3435)
- HTML builder uses experimental HTML5 writer if html_experimental_html5_writer is True and docutils 0.13 or later is installed.
- LaTeX macros to customize space before and after tables in PDF output (refs #3504)
- #3348: Show decorators in literalinclude and viewcode directives
- #3108: Show warning if :start-at: and other literalinclude options does not match to the text
- #3609: Allow to suppress «duplicate citation» warnings using suppress_warnings
- #2803: Discovery of builders by entry point
- #1764, #1676: Allow setting "rel" and "title" attributes for stylesheets
- #3589: Support remote images on non-HTML builders
- #3589: Support images in Data URI on non-HTML builders
- #2961: improve autodoc_mock_imports. Now the config value only requires to declare the top-level modules that should be mocked. Thanks to Robin Jarry.
- #3449: On py3, autodoc use inspect.signature for more accurate signature calculation. Thanks to Nathaniel J. Smith.
- #3641: Epub theme supports HTML structures that are generated by HTML5 writer.
- #3644 autodoc uses inspect instead of checking types. Thanks to Jeroen Demeyer.
- Add a new extension; sphinx.ext.imgconverter. It converts images in the document to appropriate format
 for builders
- latex: Use templates to render tables (refs #3389, 2a37b0e)

1.6b2

- LATEXMKOPTS variable for the Makefile in \$BUILDDIR/latex to pass options to latexmk when executing make latexpdf (refs #3695, #3720)
- Add a new event env-check-consistency to check consistency to extensions
- Add Domain.check_consistency() to check consistency

Bugs fixed

- literalinclude directive expands tabs after dedent-ing (refs: #3416)
- #1574: Paragraphs in table cell doesn't work in Latex output
- #3288: Table with merged headers not wrapping text
- #3491: Inconsistent vertical space around table and longtable in PDF
- #3506: Depart functions for all admonitions in HTML writer now properly pass node to depart_admonition.
- #2693: Sphinx latex style file wrongly inhibits colours for section headings for latex+dvi(ps,pdf,pdfmx)
- C++, properly look up any references.
- #3624: sphinx.ext.intersphinx couldn't load inventories compressed with gzip
- #3551: PDF information dictionary is lacking author and title data
- #3351: intersphinx does not refers context like py:module, py:class and so on.
- Fail to load template file if the parent template is archived

1.6b2

- #3661: sphinx-build crashes on parallel build
- #3669: gettext builder fails with «ValueError: substring not found»
- #3660: Sphinx always depends on sphinxcontrib-websupport and its dependencies
- #3472: smart quotes getting wrong in latex (at least with list of strings via autoattribute) (refs: #3345, #3666)

1.6b3

- #3588: No compact (p tag) html output in the i18n document build even when html_compact_lists is True.
- The make latexpdf from 1.6b1 (for GNU/Linux and Mac OS, using latexmk) aborted earlier in case of LaTeX errors than was the case with 1.5 series, due to hard-coded usage of --halt-on-error option (refs #3695)
- #3683: sphinx.websupport module is not provided by default
- #3683: Failed to build document if builder.css_file.insert() is called
- #3714: viewcode extension not taking highlight_code='none' in account
- #3698: Moving :doc: to std domain broke backwards compatibility
- #3633: misdetect unreferenced citations

1.6 final

- LaTeX tables do not allow multiple paragraphs in a header cell
- LATEXOPTS is not passed over correctly to pdflatex since 1.6b3
- #3532: Figure or literal block captions in cells of short tables cause havoc in PDF output
- Fix: in PDF captions of tables are rendered differently whether table is of longtable class or not (refs #3686)
- #3725: Todo looks different from note in LaTeX output
- #3479: stub-columns have no effect in LaTeX output
- #3738: Nonsensical code in theming.py
- #3746: PDF builds fail with latexmk 4.48 or earlier due to undefined options -pdfxe and -pdflua

Deprecated

- sphinx.util.compat.Directive class is now deprecated. Please use instead docutils.parsers.rst.
 Directive
- sphinx.util.compat.docutils_version is now deprecated
- #2367: Sphinx.warn(), Sphinx.info() and other logging methods are now deprecated. Please use sphinx. util.logging (*Logging API*) instead.
- #3318: notice is now deprecated as LaTeX environment name and will be removed at Sphinx 1.7. Extension authors please use sphinxadmonition instead (as Sphinx does since 1.5.)
- Sphinx.status_iterator() and Sphinx.old_status_iterator() is now deprecated. Please use sphinx.util:status_iterator() instead.
- Sphinx._directive_helper() is deprecated. Please use sphinx.util.docutils.directive_helper() instead
- BuildEnvironment.set_warnfunc() is now deprecated
- Following methods of BuildEnvironment is now deprecated.
 - BuildEnvironment.note_toctree()

- BuildEnvironment.get_toc_for()
- BuildEnvironment.get_toctree_for()
- BuildEnvironment.create_index()

Please use sphinx.environment.adapters modules instead.

- latex package footnote is not loaded anymore by its bundled replacement footnotehyper-sphinx. The redefined macros keep the same names as in the original package.
- #3429: deprecate config setting latex_keep_old_macro_names. It will be removed at 1.7, and already its default value has changed from True to False.
- #3221: epub2 builder is deprecated
- #3254: sphinx.websupport is now separated into independent package; sphinxcontrib-websupport. sphinx.websupport will be removed in Sphinx-2.0.
- #3628: sphinx_themes entry_point is deprecated. Please use sphinx.html_themes instead.

1.6b2

#3662: builder.css_files is deprecated. Please use add_stylesheet() API instead.

1.6 final

• LaTeX \sphinxstylethead is deprecated at 1.6 and will be removed at 1.7. Please move customization into new macro \sphinxstyletheadfamily.

Testing

1.6 final

• #3458: Add sphinx.testing (experimental)

10.61 Release 1.6 (unreleased)

• not released (because of package script error)

10.62 Release 1.5.6 (released May 15, 2017)

- #3614: Sphinx crashes with requests-2.5.0
- #3618: autodoc crashes with tupled arguments
- #3664: No space after the bullet in items of a latex list produced by Sphinx
- #3657: EPUB builder crashes if a document starting with genindex exists
- #3588: No compact (p tag) html output in the i18n document build even when html_compact_lists is True.
- #3685: AttributeError when using 3rd party domains
- #3702: LaTeX writer styles figure legends with a hard-coded \small
- #3708: LaTeX writer allows irc scheme
- #3717: Stop enforcing that favicon's must be .ico
- #3731, #3732: Protect isenumclass predicate against non-class arguments

- #3320: Warning about reference target not being found for container types
- Misspelled ARCHIVEPREFIX in Makefile for latex build repertory

10.63 Release 1.5.5 (released Apr 03, 2017)

Bugs fixed

- #3597: python domain raises UnboundLocalError if invalid name given
- #3599: Move to new MathJax CDN

10.64 Release 1.5.4 (released Apr 02, 2017)

Features added

• #3470: Make genindex support all kinds of letters, not only Latin ones

- #3445: setting 'inputenc' key to \\usepackage[utf8x]{inputenc} leads to failed PDF build
- EPUB file has duplicated nav.xhtml link in content.opf except first time build
- #3488: objects.inv has broken when release or version contain return code
- #2073, #3443, #3490: gettext builder that writes pot files unless the content are same without creation date. Thanks to Yoshiki Shibukawa.
- #3487: intersphinx: failed to refer options
- #3496: latex longtable's last column may be much wider than its contents
- #3507: wrong quotes in latex output for productionlist directive
- #3533: Moving from Sphinx 1.3.1 to 1.5.3 breaks LaTeX compilation of links rendered as code
- #2665, #2607: Link names in C++ docfields, and make it possible for other domains.
- #3542: C++, fix parsing error of non-type template argument with template.
- #3065, #3520: python domain fails to recognize nested class
- #3575: Problems with pdflatex in a Turkish document built with sphinx has reappeared (refs #2997, #2397)
- #3577: Fix intersphinx debug tool
- A LaTeX command such as \\large inserted in the title items of latex_documents causes failed PDF build (refs #3551, #3567)

10.65 Release 1.5.3 (released Feb 26, 2017)

Features added

- Support requests-2.0.0 (experimental) (refs: #3367)
- (latex) PDF page margin dimensions may be customized (refs: #3387)
- literalinclude directive allows combination of :pyobject: and :lines: options (refs: #3416)
- #3400: make-mode doesn't use subprocess on building docs

Bugs fixed

- #3370: the caption of code-block is not picked up for translation
- LaTeX: release is not escaped (refs: #3362)
- #3364: sphinx-quickstart prompts overflow on Console with 80 chars width
- since 1.5, PDF's TOC and bookmarks lack an entry for general Index (refs: #3383)
- #3392: 'releasename' in *latex_elements* is not working
- #3356: Page layout for Japanese 'manual' docclass has a shorter text area
- #3394: When 'pointsize' is not 10pt, Japanese 'manual' document gets wrong PDF page dimensions
- #3399: quickstart: conf.py was not overwritten by template
- #3366: option directive does not allow punctuations
- #3410: return code in release breaks html search
- #3427: autodoc: memory addresses are not stripped on Windows
- #3428: xetex build tests fail due to fontspec v2.6 defining \strong
- #3349: Result of IndexBuilder.load() is broken
- #3450: is appeared in EPUB docs
- #3418: Search button is misaligned in nature and pyramid theme
- #3421: Could not translate a caption of tables
- #3552: linkcheck raises UnboundLocalError

10.66 Release 1.5.2 (released Jan 22, 2017)

Incompatible changes

• Dependency requirement updates: requests 2.4.0 or above (refs: #3268, #3310)

Features added

- #3241: emit latex warning if buggy titlesec (ref #3210)
- #3194: Refer the \$MAKE environment variable to determine make command
- Emit warning for nested numbered toctrees (refs: #3142)
- #978: intersphinx_mapping also allows a list as a parameter
- #3340: (LaTeX) long lines in parsed-literal⁶⁵⁰ are wrapped like in *code-block*, inline math and footnotes are fully functional.

- #3246: xapian search adapter crashes
- #3253: In Py2 environment, building another locale with a non-captioned toctree produces None captions
- #185: References to section title including raw node has broken
- #3255: In Py3.4 environment, autodoc doesn't support documentation for attributes of Enum class correctly.
- #3261: latex_use_parts makes sphinx crash
- The warning type misc.highlighting_failure does not work
- #3294: add_latex_package() make crashes non-LaTeX builders
- The caption of table are rendered as invalid HTML (refs: #3287)
- #3268: Sphinx crashes with requests package from Debian jessie
- #3284: Sphinx crashes on parallel build with an extension which raises unserializable exception
- #3315: Bibliography crashes on latex build with docclass "memoir"
- #3328: Could not refer rubric implicitly
- #3329: emit warnings if po file is invalid and can't read it. Also writing mo
- #3337: Ugly rendering of definition list term's classifier
- #3335: gettext does not extract field_name of a field in a field_list
- #2952: C++, fix refs to operator() functions.
- Fix Unicode super- and subscript digits in code-block and parsed-literal LaTeX output (ref #3342)
- LaTeX writer: leave "character inside parsed-literal as is (ref #3341)
- #3234: intersphinx failed for encoded inventories
- #3158: too much space after captions in PDF output
- #3317: An URL in parsed-literal contents gets wrongly rendered in PDF if with hyphen
- LaTeX crash if the filename of an image inserted in parsed-literal via a substitution contains an hyphen (ref #3340)
- LaTeX rendering of inserted footnotes in parsed-literal is wrong (ref #3340)
- Inline math in parsed-literal is not rendered well by LaTeX (ref #3340)
- #3308: Parsed-literals don't wrap very long lines with pdf builder (ref #3340)
- #3295: Could not import extension sphinx.builders.linkcheck
- #3285: autosummary: asterisks are escaped twice

 $^{^{650}\} http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html\#parsed-literal$

- LaTeX, pass dvipdfm option to geometry package for Japanese documents (ref #3363)
- Fix parselinenos() could not parse left half open range (cf. «-4»)

10.67 Release 1.5.1 (released Dec 13, 2016)

Features added

• #3214: Allow to suppress «unknown mimetype» warnings from epub builder using suppress_warnings.

Bugs fixed

- #3195: Can not build in parallel
- #3198: AttributeError is raised when toctree has "self"
- #3211: Remove untranslated sphinx locale catalogs (it was covered by untranslated it_IT)
- #3212: HTML Builders crashes with docutils-0.13
- #3207: more latex problems with references inside parsed-literal directive (\DUrole)
- #3205: sphinx.util.requests crashes with old pyOpenSSL (< 0.14)
- #3220: KeyError when having a duplicate citation
- #3200: LaTeX: xref inside desc_name not allowed
- #3228: build_sphinx command crashes when missing dependency
- #2469: Ignore updates of catalog files for gettext builder. Thanks to Hiroshi Ohkubo.
- #3183: Randomized jump box order in generated index page.

10.68 Release 1.5 (released Dec 5, 2016)

Incompatible changes

- latex, package fancybox is not any longer a dependency of sphinx.sty
- Use 'locales' as a default value of locale_dirs
- latex, package ifthen is not any longer a dependency of sphinx.sty
- latex, style file does not modify fancyvrb's Verbatim (also available as OriginalVerbatim) but uses sphinxVerbatim for name of custom wrapper.
- latex, package newfloat is not used (and not included) anymore (ref #2660; it was used since 1.3.4 and shipped with Sphinx since 1.4).
- latex, literal blocks in tables do not use OriginalVerbatim but sphinxVerbatimintable which handles captions and wraps lines (ref #2704).
- latex, replace pt by TeX equivalent bp if found in width or height attribute of an image.
- latex, if width or height attribute of an image is given with no unit, use px rather than ignore it.
- latex: Separate stylesheets of pygments to independent .sty file

- #2454: The filename of sourcelink is now changed. The value of <a href="https://http
- sphinx.util.copy_static_entry() is now deprecated. Use sphinx.util.fileutil.copy_asset() instead.
- sphinx.util.osutil.filecopy() skips copying if the file has not been changed (ref: #2510, #2753)
- Internet Explorer 6-8, Opera 12.1x or Safari 5.1+ support is dropped because jQuery version is updated from 1.11.0 to 3.1.0 (ref: #2634, #2773)
- QtHelpBuilder doesn't generate search page (ref: #2352)
- QtHelpBuilder uses nonav theme instead of default one to improve readability.
- latex: To provide good default settings to Japanese documents, Sphinx uses jreport and jsbook as docclass if *language* is ja.
- sphinx-quickstart now allows a project version is empty
- Fix :download: role on epub/qthelp builder. They ignore the role because they don't support it.
- sphinx.ext.viewcode doesn't work on epub building by default. viewcode_enable_epub option
- sphinx.ext.viewcode disabled on singlehtml builder.
- Use make-mode of sphinx-quickstart by default. To disable this, use -M option
- Fix genindex.html, Sphinx's document template, link address to itself to satisfy xhtml standard.
- Use epub3 builder by default. And the old epub builder is renamed to epub2.
- Fix epub and epub3 builders that contained links to genindex even if epub_use_index = False.
- html_translator_class is now deprecated. Use Sphinx.set_translator() API instead.
- Drop python 2.6 and 3.3 support
- Drop epub3 builder's epub3_page_progression_direction option (use epub3_writing_mode).
- #2877: Rename latex_elements['footer'] to latex_elements['atendofbody']

1.5a2

- #2983: Rename epub3_description and epub3_contributor to epub_description and epub_contributor.
- Remove themes/basic/defindex.html; no longer used
- Sphinx does not ship anymore (but still uses) LaTeX style file fncychap
- #2435: Slim down quickstarted conf.py
- The sphinx.sty latex package does not load itself «hyperref», as this is done later in the preamble of the latex output via 'hyperref' key.
- Sphinx does not ship anymore a custom modified LaTeX style file tabulary. The non-modified package is used.
- #3057: By default, footnote marks in latex PDF output are not preceded by a space anymore, \sphinxBeforeFootnote allows user customization if needed.
- LaTeX target requires that option hyperfootnotes of package hyperref be left unchanged to its default (i.e. true) (refs: #3022)

1.5 final

- #2986: themes/basic/defindex.html is now deprecated
- Emit warnings that will be deprecated in Sphinx 1.6 by default. Users can change the behavior by setting the environment variable PYTHONWARNINGS. Please refer *Deprecation Warnings*.
- #2454: new JavaScript variable SOURCELINK_SUFFIX is added

Deprecated

These features are removed in Sphinx-1.6:

- LDML format support in i18n feature
- sphinx.addnodes.termsep
- Some functions and classes in sphinx.util.pycompat: zip_longest, product, all, any, next, open, class_types, base_exception, relpath, StringIO, BytesIO. Please use the standard library version instead;

If any deprecation warning like RemovedInSphinxXXXWarning are displayed, please refer Deprecation Warnings.

Features added

- #2951: Add --implicit-namespaces PEP-0420 support to apidoc.
- Add :caption: option for sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram.
- #2471: Add config variable for default doctest flags.
- Convert linkcheck builder to requests for better encoding handling
- #2463, #2516: Add keywords of «meta» directive to search index
- :maxdepth: option of toctree affects secnumdepth (ref: #2547)
- #2575: Now sphinx.ext.graphviz allows :align: option
- Show warnings if unknown key is specified to latex_elements
- Show warnings if no domains match with primary_domain (ref: #2001)
- C++, show warnings when the kind of role is misleading for the kind of target it refers to (e.g., using the *class* role for a function).
- latex, writer abstracts more of text styling into customizable macros, e.g. the visit_emphasis will output \ sphinxstyleemphasis rather than \emph (which may be in use elsewhere or in an added LaTeX package). See list at end of sphinx.sty (ref: #2686)
- latex, public names for environments and parameters used by note, warning, and other admonition types, allowing full customizability from the 'preamble' key or an input file (ref: feature request #2674, #2685)
- latex, better computes column widths of some tables (as a result, there will be slight changes as tables now correctly fill the line width; ref: #2708)
- latex, sphinxVerbatim environment is more easily customizable (ref: #2704). In addition to already existing VerbatimColor and VerbatimBorderColor:
 - two lengths \sphinxverbatimsep and \sphinxverbatimborder,
 - booleans \ifsphinxverbatimwithframe and \ifsphinxverbatimwrapslines.
- latex, captions for literal blocks inside tables are handled, and long code lines wrapped to fit table cell (ref: #2704)
- #2597: Show warning messages as darkred
- latex, allow image dimensions using px unit (default is 96px=1in)
- · Show warnings if invalid dimension units found
- #2650: Add --pdb option to setup.py command
- latex, make the use of \small for code listings customizable (ref #2721)

- #2663: Add --warning-is-error option to setup.py command
- · Show warnings if deprecated latex options are used
- · Add sphinx.config.ENUM to check the config values is in candidates
- math: Add hyperlink marker to each equations in HTML output
- Add new theme nonav that doesn't include any navigation links. This is for any help generator like qthelp.
- #2680: *sphinx.ext.todo* now emits warnings if *todo_emit_warnings* enabled. Also, it emits an additional event named *todo-defined* to handle the TODO entries in 3rd party extensions.
- Python domain signature parser now uses the xref mixin for "exceptions", allowing exception classes to be autolinked.
- #2513: Add latex_engine to switch the LaTeX engine by conf.py
- #2682: C++, basic support for attributes (C++11 style and GNU style). The new configuration variables "cpp_id_attributes" and "cpp_paren_attributes" can be used to introduce custom attributes.
- #1958: C++, add configuration variable "cpp_index_common_prefix" for removing prefixes from the index text of C++ objects.
- C++, added concept directive. Thanks to mickk-on-cpp.
- C++, added support for template introduction syntax. Thanks to mickk-on-cpp.
- #2725: latex builder: allow to use user-defined template file (experimental)
- apidoc now avoids invalidating cached files by not writing to files whose content doesn't change. This can lead to significant performance wins if apidoc is run frequently.
- #2851: sphinx.ext.math emits missing-reference event if equation not found
- #1210: eqref role now supports cross reference
- #2892: Added -a (--append-syspath) option to sphinx-apidoc
- #1604: epub3 builder: Obey font-related CSS when viewing in iBooks.
- #646: option directive support "." character as a part of options
- · Add document about kindlegen and fix document structure for it.
- #2474: Add intersphinx_timeout option to sphinx.ext.intersphinx
- #2926: EPUB3 builder supports vertical mode (epub3_writing_mode option)
- #2695: build_sphinx subcommand for setuptools handles exceptions as same as sphinx-build does
- #326: numref role can also refer sections
- #2916: numref role can also refer caption as an its linktext

- #3008: linkcheck builder ignores self-signed certificate URL
- #3020: new 'geometry' key to latex_elements whose default uses LaTeX style file geometry.sty to set page layout
- #2843: Add :start-at: and :end-at: options to literalinclude directive
- #2527: Add:reversed: option to toctree directive
- Add -t and -d option to sphinx-quickstart to support templating generated sphinx project.
- #3028: Add {path} and {basename} to the format of figure_language_filename
- new 'hyperref' key in the latex_elements dictionary (ref #3030)
- #3022: Allow code-blocks in footnotes for LaTeX PDF output

1.5b1

- #2513: A better default settings for XeLaTeX
- #3096: 'maxlistdepth' key to work around LaTeX list limitations
- #3060: autodoc supports documentation for attributes of Enum class. Now autodoc render just the value of Enum attributes instead of Enum attribute representation.
- Add --extensions to sphinx-quickstart to support enable arbitrary extensions from command line (ref: #2904)
- #3104, #3122: 'sphinxsetup' for key=value styling of Sphinx LaTeX
- #3071: Autodoc: Allow mocked module decorators to pass-through functions unchanged
- #2495: linkcheck: Allow skipping anchor checking using linkcheck_anchors_ignore
- #3083: let Unicode no-break space act like LaTeX ~ (fixed #3019)
- #3116: allow word wrap in PDF output for inline literals (ref #3110)
- #930: sphinx-apidoc allow wildcards for excluding paths. Thanks to Nick Coghlan.
- #3121: add inlineliteralwraps option to control if inline literal word-wraps in latex

1.5 final

- #3095: Add tls_verify and tls_cacerts to support self-signed HTTPS servers in linkcheck and intersphinx
- #2215: make.bat generated by sphinx-quickstart can be called from another dir. Thanks to Timotheus Kampik.
- #3185: Add new warning type misc.highlighting_failure

Bugs fixed

1.5a1

- #2707: (latex) the column width is badly computed for tabular
- #2799: Sphinx installs roles and directives automatically on importing sphinx module. Now Sphinx installs them on running application.
- sphinx.ext.autodoc crashes if target code imports * from mock modules by autodoc_mock_imports.
- #1953: Sphinx.add_node does not add handlers the translator installed by html_translator_class
- #1797: text builder inserts blank line on top
- #2894: quickstart main() doesn't use argy argument
- #2874: gettext builder could not extract all text under the only directives
- #2485: autosummary crashes with multiple source_suffix values
- #1734: Could not translate the caption of toctree directive
- Could not translate the content of meta directive (ref: #1734)
- #2550: external links are opened in help viewer
- #2687: Running Sphinx multiple times produces "already registered" warnings

- #2810: Problems with pdflatex in an Italian document
- Use latex_elements.papersize to specify papersize of LaTeX in Makefile
- #2988: linkcheck: retry with GET request if denied HEAD request
- #2990: linkcheck raises «Can't convert "bytes" object to str implicitly» error if linkcheck_anchors enabled

- #3004: Invalid link types «top» and «up» are used
- #3009: Bad rendering of parsed-literals in LaTeX since Sphinx 1.4.4
- #3000: option directive generates invalid HTML anchors
- #2984: Invalid HTML has been generated if html_split_index enabled
- #2986: themes/basic/defindex.html should be changed for html5 friendly
- #2987: Invalid HTML has been generated if multiple IDs are assigned to a list
- #2891: HTML search does not provide all the results
- #1986: Title in PDF Output
- #147: Problem with latex chapter style
- #3018: LaTeX problem with page layout dimensions and chapter titles
- Fix an issue with \pysigline in LaTeX style file (ref #3023)
- #3038: sphinx.ext.math* raises TypeError if labels are duplicated
- #3031: incompatibility with LaTeX package tocloft
- #3003: literal blocks in footnotes are not supported by Latex
- #3047: spacing before footnote in pdf output is not coherent and allows breaks
- #3045: HTML search index creator should ignore «raw» content if now html
- #3039: English stemmer returns wrong word if the word is capitalized
- Fix make-mode Makefile template (ref #3056, #2936)

1.5b1

- #2432: Fix unwanted * between varargs and keyword only args. Thanks to Alex Grönholm.
- #3062: Failed to build PDF using 1.5a2 (undefined \hypersetup for Japanese documents since PR#3030)
- Better rendering of multiline signatures in html.
- #777: LaTeX output «too deeply nested» (ref #3096)
- Let LaTeX image inclusion obey scale before textwidth fit (ref #2865, #3059)
- #3019: LaTeX fails on description of C function with arguments (ref #3083)
- fix latex inline literals where < > gobbled a space

1.5 final

- #3069: Even if 'babel' key is set to empty string, LaTeX output contains one \addto\captions...
- #3123: user 'babel' key setting is not obeyed anymore
- #3155: Fix JavaScript for html_sourcelink_suffix fails with IE and Opera
- #3085: keep current directory after breaking build documentation. Thanks to Timotheus Kampik.
- #3181: pLaTeX crashes with a section contains endash
- #3180: latex: add stretch/shrink between successive singleline or multipleline cpp signatures (ref #3072)
- #3128: globing images does not support .svgz file
- #3015: fix a broken test on Windows.
- #1843: Fix documentation of descriptor classes that have a custom metaclass. Thanks to Erik Bray.
- #3190: util.split_docinfo fails to parse multi-line field bodies

• #3024, #3037: In Python3, application.Sphinx._log crushed when the log message cannot be encoded into console encoding.

Testing

• To simplify, sphinx uses external mock package even if unittest.mock exists.

10.69 Release 1.4.9 (released Nov 23, 2016)

Bugs fixed

- #2936: Fix doc/Makefile that can't build man because doc/man exists
- #3058: Using the same "caption" attribute in multiple "toctree" directives results in warning / error
- #3068: Allow the "=" character in the -D option of sphinx-build.py
- #3074: add_source_parser() crashes in debug mode
- #3135: sphinx.ext.autodoc crashes with plain Callable
- #3150: Fix query word splitter in JavaScript. It behaves as same as Python's regular expression.
- #3093: gettext build broken on substituted images.
- #3093: gettext build broken on image node under note directive.
- imgmath: crashes on showing error messages if image generation failed
- #3117: LaTeX writer crashes if admonition is placed before first section title
- #3164: Change search order of sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram

10.70 Release 1.4.8 (released Oct 1, 2016)

Bugs fixed

• #2996: The wheel package of Sphinx got crash with ImportError

10.71 Release 1.4.7 (released Oct 1, 2016)

- #2890: Quickstart should return an error consistently on all error conditions
- #2870: flatten genindex columns" heights.
- #2856: Search on generated HTML site doesn't find some symbols
- #2882: Fall back to a GET request on 403 status in linkcheck
- #2902: jsdump.loads fails to load search index if keywords starts with underscore
- #2900: Fix epub content.opf: add auto generated orphan files to spine.
- #2899: Fix hasdoc() function in Jinja2 template. It will detect genindex, search also.
- #2901: Fix epub result: skip creating links from image tags to original image files.

- #2917: inline code is hyphenated on HTML
- #1462: autosummary warns for namedtuple with attribute with trailing underscore
- Could not reference equations if :nowrap: option specified
- #2873: code-block overflow in latex (due to commas)
- #1060, #2056: sphinx.ext.intersphinx: broken links are generated if relative paths are used in intersphinx_mapping
- #2931: code-block directive with same :caption: causes warning of duplicate target. Now *code-block* and *literalinclude* does not define hyperlink target using its caption automatically.
- #2962: latex: missing label of longtable
- #2968: autodoc: show-inheritance option breaks docstrings

10.72 Release 1.4.6 (released Aug 20, 2016)

Incompatible changes

• #2867: linkcheck builder crashes with six-1.4. Now Sphinx depends on six-1.5 or later

- applehelp: Sphinx crashes if hiutil or codesign commands not found
- Fix make clean abort issue when build dir contains regular files like DS_Store.
- Reduce epubcheck warnings/errors:
 - Fix DOCTYPE to html5
 - Change extension from .html to .xhtml.
 - Disable search page on epub results
- #2778: Fix autodoc crashes if obj.__dict__ is a property method and raises exception
- Fix duplicated toc in epub3 output.
- #2775: Fix failing linkcheck with servers not supporting identity encoding
- #2833: Fix formatting instance annotations in ext.autodoc.
- #1911: -D option of sphinx-build does not override the extensions variable
- #2789: sphinx.ext.intersphinx generates wrong hyperlinks if the inventory is given
- parsing errors for caption of code-blocks are displayed in document (ref: #2845)
- #2846: singlehtml builder does not include figure numbers
- #2816: Fix data from builds cluttering the Domain.initial_data class attributes

10.73 Release 1.4.5 (released Jul 13, 2016)

Incompatible changes

- latex, inclusion of non-inline images from image directive resulted in non-coherent whitespaces depending on original image width; new behaviour by necessity differs from earlier one in some cases. (ref: #2672)
- latex, use of \includegraphics to refer to Sphinx custom variant is deprecated; in future it will revert to original LaTeX macro, custom one already has alternative name \sphinxincludegraphics.

Features added

- new config option latex_keep_old_macro_names, defaults to True. If False, lets macros (for text styling) be defined only with \sphinx-prefixed names
- latex writer allows user customization of «shadowed» boxes (topics), via three length variables.
- woff-format web font files now supported by the epub builder.

- jsdump fix for python 3: fixes the HTML search on python > 3
- #2676: (latex) Error with verbatim text in captions since Sphinx 1.4.4
- #2629: memoir class crashes LaTeX. Fixed by latex_keep_old_macro_names=False (ref 2675)
- #2684: sphinx.ext.intersphinx crashes with six-1.4.1
- #2679: float package needed for 'figure_align': 'H' latex option
- #2671: image directive may lead to inconsistent spacing in pdf
- #2705: toctree generates empty bullet_list if :titlesonly: specified
- #2479: *sphinx.ext.viewcode* uses python2 highlighter by default
- #2700: HtmlHelp builder has hard coded index.html
- latex, since 1.4.4 inline literal text is followed by spurious space
- #2722: C++, fix id generation for var/member declarations to include namespaces.
- latex, images (from image directive) in lists or quoted blocks did not obey indentation (fixed together with #2671)
- #2733: since Sphinx-1.4.4 make latexpdf generates lots of hyperref warnings
- #2731: sphinx.ext.autodoc does not access propertymethods which raises any exceptions
- #2666: C++, properly look up nested names involving constructors.
- #2579: Could not refer a label including both spaces and colons via sphinx.ext.intersphinx
- #2718: Sphinx crashes if the document file is not readable
- #2699: hyperlinks in help HTMLs are broken if html_file_suffix is set
- #2723: extra spaces in latex pdf output from multirow cell
- #2735: latexpdf Underfull \hbox (badness 10000) warnings from title page
- #2667: latex crashes if resized images appeared in section title
- #2763: (html) Provide default value for required alt attribute for image tags of SVG source, required to validate
 and now consistent w/ other formats.

10.74 Release 1.4.4 (released Jun 12, 2016)

Bugs fixed

- #2630: latex: sphinx.sty notice environment formatting problem
- #2632: Warning directives fail in quote environment latex build
- #2633: Sphinx crashes with old styled indices
- Fix a \begin{\minipage} typo in sphinx.sty from 1.4.2 (ref: 68becb1)
- #2622: Latex produces empty pages after title and table of contents
- #2640: 1.4.2 LaTeX crashes if code-block inside warning directive
- Let LaTeX use straight quotes also in inline code (ref #2627)
- #2351: latex crashes if enumerated lists are placed on footnotes
- #2646: latex crashes if math contains twice empty lines
- #2480: sphinx.ext.autodoc: memory addresses were shown
- latex: allow code-blocks appearing inside lists and quotes at maximal nesting depth (ref #777, #2624, #2651)
- #2635: Latex code directives produce inconsistent frames based on viewing resolution
- #2639: Sphinx now bundles iftex.sty
- Failed to build PDF with framed.sty 0.95
- · Sphinx now bundles needspace.sty

10.75 Release 1.4.3 (released Jun 5, 2016)

- #2530: got «Counter too large» error on building PDF if large numbered footnotes existed in admonitions
- width option of figure directive does not work if align option specified at same time (ref: #2595)
- #2590: The inputenc package breaks compiling under lualatex and xelatex
- #2540: date on latex front page use different font
- Suppress «document isn't included in any toctree» warning if the document is included (ref: #2603)
- #2614: Some tables in PDF output will end up shifted if user sets non zero parindent in preamble
- #2602: URL redirection breaks the hyperlinks generated by sphinx.ext.intersphinx
- #2613: Show warnings if merged extensions are loaded
- #2619: make sure amstext LaTeX package always loaded (ref: d657225, 488ee52, 9d82cad and #2615)
- #2593: latex crashes if any figures in the table

10.76 Release 1.4.2 (released May 29, 2016)

Features added

- Now *suppress_warnings* accepts following configurations (ref: #2451, #2466):
 - app.add_node
 - app.add_directive
 - app.add_role
 - app.add_generic_role
 - app.add_source_parser
 - image.data_uri
 - image.nonlocal_uri
- #2453: LaTeX writer allows page breaks in topic contents; and their horizontal extent now fits in the line width (with shadow in margin). Also warning-type admonitions allow page breaks and their vertical spacing has been made more coherent with the one for hint-type notices (ref #2446).
- #2459: the framing of literal code-blocks in LaTeX output (and not only the code lines themselves) obey the indentation in lists or quoted blocks.
- #2343: the long source lines in code-blocks are wrapped (without modifying the line numbering) in LaTeX output (ref #1534, #2304).

- #2370: the equations are slightly misaligned in LaTeX writer
- #1817, #2077: suppress pep8 warnings on conf.py generated by sphinx-quickstart
- #2407: building docs crash if document includes large data image URIs
- #2436: Sphinx does not check version by *needs_sphinx* if loading extensions failed
- #2397: Setup shorthandoff for Turkish documents
- #2447: VerbatimBorderColor wrongly used also for captions of PDF
- #2456: C++, fix crash related to document merging (e.g., singlehtml and Latex builders).
- #2446: latex(pdf) sets local tables of contents (or more generally topic nodes) in unbreakable boxes, causes overflow at bottom
- #2476: Omit MathJax markers if :nowrap: is given
- #2465: latex builder fails in case no caption option is provided to toctree directive
- Sphinx crashes if self referenced toctree found
- #2481: spelling mistake for mecab search splitter. Thanks to Naoki Sato.
- #2309: Fix could not refer «indirect hyperlink targets» by ref-role
- intersphinx fails if mapping URL contains any port
- #2088: intersphinx crashes if the mapping URL requires basic auth
- #2304: auto line breaks in latexpdf codeblocks
- #1534: Word wrap long lines in Latex verbatim blocks
- #2460: too much white space on top of captioned literal blocks in PDF output

- Show error reason when multiple math extensions are loaded (ref: #2499)
- #2483: any figure number was not assigned if figure title contains only non text objects
- #2501: Unicode subscript numbers are normalized in LaTeX
- #2492: Figure directive with :figwidth: generates incorrect Latex-code
- The caption of figure is always put on center even if :align: was specified
- #2526: LaTeX writer crashes if the section having only images
- #2522: Sphinx touches mo files under installed directory that caused permission error.
- #2536: C++, fix crash when an immediately nested scope has the same name as the current scope.
- #2555: Fix crash on any-references with unicode.
- #2517: wrong bookmark encoding in PDF if using LuaLaTeX
- #2521: generated Makefile causes BSD make crashed if sphinx-build not found
- #2470: typing backport package causes autodoc errors with python 2.7
- sphinx.ext.intersphinx crashes if non-string value is used for key of intersphinx_mapping
- #2518: intersphinx_mapping disallows non alphanumeric keys
- #2558: unpack error on devhelp builder
- #2561: Info builder crashes when a footnote contains a link
- #2565: The descriptions of objects generated by sphinx.ext.autosummary overflow lines at LaTeX writer
- Extend pdflatex config in sphinx.sty to subparagraphs (ref: #2551)
- #2445: rst_prolog and rst_epilog affect to non reST sources
- #2576: sphinx.ext.imgmath crashes if subprocess raises error
- #2577: sphinx.ext.imgmath: Invalid argument are passed to dvisvgm
- #2556: Xapian search does not work with Python 3
- #2581: The search doesn't work if language=»es» (Spanish)
- #2382: Adjust spacing after abbreviations on figure numbers in LaTeX writer
- #2383: The generated footnote by latex_show_urls overflows lines
- #2497, #2552: The label of search button does not fit for the button itself

10.77 Release 1.4.1 (released Apr 12, 2016)

Incompatible changes

• The default format of today_fmt and html_last_updated_fmt is back to strftime format again. Locale Date Markup Language is also supported for backward compatibility until Sphinx-1.5.

Translations

- Added Welsh translation, thanks to Geraint Palmer.
- Added Greek translation, thanks to Stelios Vitalis.
- Added Esperanto translation, thanks to Dinu Gherman.
- Added Hindi translation, thanks to Purnank H. Ghumalia.
- Added Romanian translation, thanks to Razvan Stefanescu.

Bugs fixed

- C++, added support for extern and thread_local.
- C++, type declarations are now using the prefixes typedef, using, and type, depending on the style of declaration.
- #2413: C++, fix crash on duplicate declarations
- #2394: Sphinx crashes when html_last_updated_fmt is invalid
- #2408: dummy builder not available in Makefile and make.bat
- #2412: hyperlink targets are broken in LaTeX builder
- figure directive crashes if non paragraph item is given as caption
- #2418: time formats no longer allowed in today_fmt
- #2395: Sphinx crashes if unicode character in image filename
- #2396: «too many values to unpack» in genindex-single
- #2405: numref link in PDF jumps to the wrong location
- #2414: missing number in PDF hyperlinks to code listings
- #2440: wrong import for gmtime. Thanks to Uwe L. Korn.

10.78 Release 1.4 (released Mar 28, 2016)

Incompatible changes

- Drop PorterStemmer package support. Use PyStemmer instead of PorterStemmer to accelerate stemming.
- sphinx_rtd_theme has become optional. Please install it manually. Refs #2087, #2086, #1845 and #2097. Thanks
 to Victor Zverovich.
- #2231: Use DUrole instead of DUspan for custom roles in LaTeX writer. It enables to take title of roles as an argument of custom macros.
- #2022: "Thumbs.db" and ".DS_Store" are added to *exclude_patterns* default values in conf.py that will be provided on sphinx-quickstart.
- #2027, #2208: The html_title accepts string values only. And The None value cannot be accepted.
- sphinx.ext.graphviz: show graph image in inline by default
- #2060, #2224: The manpage role now generate sphinx.addnodes.manpage node instead of sphinx. addnodes.literal_emphasis node.
- #2022: html_extra_path also copies dotfiles in the extra directory, and refers to exclude_patterns to exclude extra files and directories.

- #2300: enhance autoclass:: to use the docstring of __new__ if __init__ method's is missing of empty
- #2251: Previously, under glossary directives, multiple terms for one definition are converted into single term
 node and the each terms in the term node are separated by termsep node. In new implementation, each terms
 are converted into individual term nodes and termsep node is removed. By this change, output layout of every
 builders are changed a bit.
- The default highlight language is now Python 3. This means that source code is highlighted as Python 3 (which is mostly a superset of Python 2), and no parsing is attempted to distinguish valid code. To get the old behavior back, add highlight_language = "python" to conf.py.
- Locale Date Markup Language⁶⁵¹ like "MMMM dd, YYYY" is default format for today_fmt and html_last_updated_fmt. However strftime format like "%B %d, %Y" is also supported for backward compatibility until Sphinx-1.5. Later format will be disabled from Sphinx-1.5.
- #2327: latex_use_parts is deprecated now. Use latex_toplevel_sectioning instead.
- #2337: Use \url{URL} macro instead of \href{URL}{URL} in LaTeX writer.
- #1498: manpage writer: don't make whole of item in definition list bold if it includes strong node.
- #582: Remove hint message from quick search box for html output.
- #2378: Sphinx now bundles newfloat.sty

Features added

- #2092: add todo directive support in napoleon package.
- #1962: when adding directives, roles or nodes from an extension, warn if such an element is already present (built-in or added by another extension).
- #1909: Add «doc» references to Intersphinx inventories.
- C++ type alias support (e.g., .. type:: T = int).
- C++ template support for classes, functions, type aliases, and variables (#1729, #1314).
- C++, added new scope management directives namespace-push and namespace-pop.
- #1970: Keyboard shortcuts to navigate Next and Previous topics
- Intersphinx: Added support for fetching Intersphinx inventories with URLs using HTTP basic auth.
- C++, added support for template parameter in function info field lists.
- C++, added support for pointers to member (function).
- #2113: Allow:class: option to code-block directive.
- #2192: Imgmath (pngmath with svg support).
- #2200: Support XeTeX and LuaTeX for the LaTeX builder.
- #1906: Use xcolor over color for fcolorbox where available for LaTeX output.
- #2216: Texinputs makefile improvements.
- #2170: Support for Chinese language search index.
- #2214: Add sphinx.ext.githubpages to publish the docs on GitHub Pages
- #1030: Make page reference names for latex_show_pagerefs translatable
- #2162: Add Sphinx.add_source_parser() to add source_suffix and source_parsers from extension
- #2207: Add sphinx.parsers.Parser class; a base class for new parsers

⁶⁵¹ https://unicode.org/reports/tr35/tr35-dates.html#Date_Format_Patterns

- #656: Add graphviz_dot option to graphviz directives to switch the dot command
- #1939: Added the dummy builder: syntax check without output.
- #2230: Add math_number_all option to number all displayed math in math extensions
- #2235: needs_sphinx supports micro version comparison
- #2282: Add «language» attribute to html tag in the «basic» theme
- #1779: Add EPUB 3 builder
- #1751: Add todo_link_only to avoid file path and line indication on todolist. Thanks to Francesco Montesano.
- #2199: Use imagesize package to obtain size of images.
- #1099: Add configurable retries to the linkcheck builder. Thanks to Alex Gaynor. Also don't check anchors starting with!.
- #2300: enhance autoclass:: to use the docstring of __new__ if __init__ method's is missing of empty
- #1858: Add Sphinx.add_enumerable_node() to add enumerable nodes for numfig feature
- #1286, #2099: Add sphinx.ext.autosectionlabel extension to allow reference sections using its title. Thanks to Tadhg O'Higgins.
- #1854: Allow to choose Janome for Japanese splitter.
- #1853: support custom text splitter on html search with language='ja'.
- #2320: classifier of glossary terms can be used for index entries grouping key The classifier also be used for translation. See also *Glossary*.
- #2308: Define \tablecontinued macro to redefine the style of continued label for longtables.
- Select an image by similarity if multiple images are globbed by . . image:: filename.*
- #1921: Support figure substitutions by language and figure_language_filename
- #2245: Add latex_elements["passoptionstopackages"] option to call PassOptionsToPackages in early stage of preambles.
- #2340: Math extension: support alignment of multiple equations for MathJax.
- #2338: Define \titleref macro to redefine the style of title-reference roles.
- Define \menuselection and \accelerator macros to redefine the style of menuselection roles.
- Define \crossref macro to redefine the style of references
- #2301: Texts in the classic html theme should be hyphenated.
- #2355: Define \termref macro to redefine the style of term roles.
- Add *suppress_warnings* to suppress arbitrary warning message (experimental)
- #2229: Fix no warning is given for unknown options
- #2327: Add latex_toplevel_sectioning to switch the top level sectioning of LaTeX document.

- #1913: C++, fix assert bug for enumerators in next-to-global and global scope.
- C++, fix parsing of "signed char" and "unsigned char" as types.
- C++, add missing support for "friend" functions.
- C++, add missing support for virtual base classes (thanks to Rapptz).
- C++, add support for final classes.
- C++, fix parsing of types prefixed with "enum".
- #2023: Dutch search support uses Danish stemming info.
- C++, add support for user-defined literals.
- #1804: Now html output wraps overflowed long-line-text in the sidebar. Thanks to Hassen ben tanfous.
- #2183: Fix porterstemmer causes make json to fail.
- #1899: Ensure list is sent to OptParse.
- #2164: Fix wrong check for pdftex inside sphinx.sty (for graphicx package option).
- #2165, #2218: Remove faulty and non-need conditional from sphinx.sty.
- Fix broken LaTeX code is generated if unknown language is given
- #1944: Fix rst_prolog breaks file-wide metadata
- #2074: make gettext should use canonical relative paths for .pot. Thanks to anatoly techtonik.
- #2311: Fix sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram raises AttributeError
- #2251: Line breaks in .rst files are transferred to .pot files in a wrong way.
- #794: Fix date formatting in latex output is not localized
- Remove image/gif from supported_image_types of LaTeX writer (#2272)
- Fix ValueError is raised if LANGUAGE is empty string
- Fix unpack warning is shown when the directives generated from Sphinx.add_crossref_type is used
- The default highlight language is now default. This means that source code is highlighted as Python 3 (which is mostly a superset of Python 2) if possible. To get the old behavior back, add highlight_language = "python" to conf.py.
- #2329: Refresh environment forcedly if source directory has changed.
- #2331: Fix code-blocks are filled by block in dvi; remove xcdraw option from xcolor package
- · Fix the confval type checker emits warnings if unicode is given to confvals which expects string value
- #2360: Fix numref in LaTeX output is broken
- #2361: Fix additional paragraphs inside the «compound» directive are indented
- #2364: Fix KeyError "rootSymbol" on Sphinx upgrade from older version.
- #2348: Move amsmath and amssymb to before fontpkg on LaTeX writer.
- #2368: Ignore emacs lock files like .#foo.rst by default.
- #2262: literal_block and its caption has been separated by pagebreak in LaTeX output.
- #2319: Fix table counter is overridden by code-block's in LaTeX. Thanks to jfbu.
- Fix unpack warning if combined with 3rd party domain extensions.
- #1153: Fix figures in sidebar causes latex build error.

- #2358: Fix user-preamble could not override the tocdepth definition.
- #2358: Reduce tocdepth if part or chapter is used for top_sectionlevel
- #2351: Fix footnote spacing
- #2363: Fix toctree() in templates generates broken links in SingleHTMLBuilder.
- #2366: Fix empty hyperref is generated on toctree in HTML builder.

Documentation

• #1757: Fix for usage of html_last_updated_fmt. Thanks to Ralf Hemmecke.

10.79 Release 1.3.6 (released Feb 29, 2016)

Features added

• #1873, #1876, #2278: Add page_source_suffix html context variable. This should be introduced with *source_parsers* feature. Thanks for Eric Holscher.

Bugs fixed

- #2265: Fix babel is used in spite of disabling it on latex_elements
- #2295: Avoid mutating dictionary errors while enumerating members in autodoc with Python 3
- #2291: Fix pdflatex «Counter too large» error from footnotes inside tables of contents
- #2292: Fix some footnotes disappear from LaTeX output
- #2287: sphinx.transforms.Locale always uses rst parser. Sphinx i18n feature should support parsers that specified source_parsers.
- #2290: Fix sphinx.ext.mathbase use of amsfonts may break user choice of math fonts
- #2324: Print a hint how to increase the recursion limit when it is hit.
- #1565, #2229: Revert new warning; the new warning will be triggered from version 1.4 on.
- #2329: Refresh environment forcedly if source directory has changed.
- #2019: Fix the domain objects in search result are not escaped

10.80 Release 1.3.5 (released Jan 24, 2016)

- Fix line numbers was not shown on warnings in LaTeX and texinfo builders
- Fix filenames were not shown on warnings of citations
- Fix line numbers was not shown on warnings in LaTeX and texinfo builders
- · Fix line numbers was not shown on warnings of indices
- #2026: Fix LaTeX builder raises error if parsed-literal includes links
- #2243: Ignore strange docstring types for classes, do not crash

- #2247: Fix #2205 breaks make html for definition list with classifiers that contains regular-expression like string
- #1565: Sphinx will now emit a warning that highlighting was skipped if the syntax is incorrect for *code-block*, *literalinclude* and so on.
- #2211: Fix paragraphs in table cell doesn't work in Latex output
- #2253: :pyobject: option of literalinclude directive can't detect indented body block when the block starts with blank or comment lines.
- Fix TOC is not shown when no :maxdepth: for toctrees (ref: #771)
- Fix warning message for :numref: if target is in orphaned doc (ref: #2244)

10.81 Release 1.3.4 (released Jan 12, 2016)

- #2134: Fix figure caption with reference causes latex build error
- #2094: Fix rubric with reference not working in Latex
- #2147: Fix literalinclude code in latex does not break in pages
- #1833: Fix email addresses is showed again if latex_show_urls is not None
- #2176: sphinx.ext.graphviz: use <object> instead of to embed svg
- #967: Fix SVG inheritance diagram is not hyperlinked (clickable)
- #1237: Fix footnotes not working in definition list in LaTeX
- #2168: Fix raw directive does not work for text writer
- #2171: Fix cannot linkcheck url with unicode
- #2182: LaTeX: support image file names with more than 1 dots
- #2189: Fix previous sibling link for first file in subdirectory uses last file, not intended previous from root toctree
- #2003: Fix decode error under python2 (only) when make linkcheck is run
- #2186: Fix LaTeX output of mathbb in math
- #1480, #2188: LaTeX: Support math in section titles
- #2071: Fix same footnote in more than two section titles => LaTeX/PDF Bug
- #2040: Fix UnicodeDecodeError in sphinx-apidoc when author contains non-ascii characters
- #2193: Fix shutil.SameFileError if source directory and destination directory are same
- #2178: Fix unparsable C++ cross-reference when referencing a function with :cpp:any:
- #2206: Fix Sphinx latex doc build failed due to a footnotes
- #2201: Fix wrong table caption for tables with over 30 rows
- #2213: Set <blockquote> in the classic theme to fit with
- #1815: Fix linkcheck does not raise an exception if warniserror set to true and link is broken
- #2197: Fix slightly cryptic error message for missing index.rst file
- #1894: Unlisted phony targets in quickstart Makefile
- #2125: Fix unifies behavior of collapsed fields (GroupedField and TypedField)
- #1408: Check latex_logo validity before copying

- #771: Fix latex output doesn't set tocdepth
- #1820: On Windows, console coloring is broken with colorama version 0.3.3. Now sphinx use colorama>=0.3.5 to avoid this problem.
- #2072: Fix footnotes in chapter-titles do not appear in PDF output
- #1580: Fix paragraphs in longtable don't work in Latex output
- #1366: Fix centered image not centered in latex
- #1860: Fix man page using : samp: with braces font doesn't reset
- #1610: Sphinx crashes in Japanese indexing in some systems
- · Fix Sphinx crashes if mecab initialization failed
- #2160: Fix broken TOC of PDFs if section includes an image
- #2172: Fix dysfunctional admonition \py@lightbox in sphinx.sty. Thanks to jfbu.
- #2198,#2205: make gettext generate broken msgid for definition lists.
- #2062: Escape characters in doctests are treated incorrectly with Python 2.
- #2225: Fix if the option does not begin with dash, linking is not performed
- #2226: Fix math is not HTML-encoded when :nowrap: is given (jsmath, mathjax)
- #1601, #2220: "any" role breaks extended domains behavior. Affected extensions doesn't support resolve_any_xref and resolve_xref returns problematic node instead of None. sphinxcontrib-httpdomain is one of them.
- #2229: Fix no warning is given for unknown options

10.82 Release 1.3.3 (released Dec 2, 2015)

Bugs fixed

- #2177: Fix parallel hangs
- #2012: Fix exception occurred if numfig_format is invalid
- #2142: Provide non-minified JS code in sphinx/search/non-minified-js/*.js for source distribution on PyPI.
- #2148: Error while building devhelp target with non-ASCII document.

10.83 Release 1.3.2 (released Nov 29, 2015)

Features added

• #1935: Make «numfig_format» overridable in latex_elements.

- #1976: Avoid «2.0» version of Babel because it doesn't work with Windows environment.
- Add a «default.css» stylesheet (which imports «classic.css») for compatibility
- #1788: graphviz extension raises exception when caption option is present.
- #1789: :pyobject: option of literalinclude directive includes following lines after class definitions
- #1790: literalinclude strips empty lines at the head and tail
- #1802: load plugin themes automatically when theme.conf use it as "inherit". Thanks to Takayuki Hirai.
- #1794: custom theme extended from alabaster or sphinx_rtd_theme can't find base theme.
- #1834: compatibility for docutils-0.13: handle_io_errors keyword argument for docutils.io.FileInput cause TypeError.
- #1823: "." as <module_path> for sphinx-apidoc cause an unfriendly error. Now "." is converted to absolute path automatically.
- Fix a crash when setting up extensions which do not support metadata.
- #1784: Provide non-minified JS code in sphinx/search/non-minified-js/*.js
- #1822, #1892: Fix regression for #1061. autosummary can't generate doc for imported members since sphinx-1.3b3. Thanks to Eric Larson.
- #1793, #1819: «see also» misses a linebreak in text output. Thanks to Takayuki Hirai.
- #1780, #1866: «make text» shows «class» keyword twice. Thanks to Takayuki Hirai.
- #1871: Fix for LaTeX output of tables with one column and multirows.
- Work around the lack of the HTMLParserError exception in Python 3.5.
- #1949: Use safe_getattr in the coverage builder to avoid aborting with descriptors that have custom behavior.
- #1915: Do not generate smart quotes in doc field type annotations.
- #1796: On py3, automated .mo building caused UnicodeDecodeError.
- #1923: Use babel features only if the babel latex element is nonempty.
- #1942: Fix a KeyError in websupport.
- #1903: Fix strange id generation for glossary terms.
- make text will crush if a definition list item has more than 1 classifiers as: term : classifier1 : classifier2.
- #1855: make gettext generates broken po file for definition lists with classifier.
- #1869: Fix problems when dealing with files containing non-ASCII characters. Thanks to Marvin Schmidt.
- #1798: Fix building LaTeX with references in titles.
- #1725: On py2 environment, doctest with using non-ASCII characters causes 'ascii' codec can't decode byte exception.
- #1540: Fix RuntimeError with circular referenced toctree
- #1983: i18n translation feature breaks references which uses section name.
- #1990: Use caption of toctree to title of tableofcontents in LaTeX
- #1987: Fix ampersand is ignored in :menuselection: and :guilabel: on LaTeX builder
- #1994: More supporting non-standard parser (like recommonmark parser) for Translation and WebSupport feature. Now node.rawsource is fall backed to node.astext() during docutils transforming.

- #1989: «make blahblah» on Windows indicate help messages for sphinx-build every time. It was caused by wrong make.bat that generated by Sphinx-1.3.0/1.3.1.
- On Py2 environment, conf.py that is generated by sphinx-quickstart should have u prefixed config value for "version" and "release".
- #2102: On Windows + Py3, using | today | and non-ASCII date format will raise UnicodeEncodeError.
- #1974: UnboundLocalError: local variable "domain" referenced before assignment when using *any* role and *sphinx.ext.intersphinx* in same time.
- #2121: multiple words search doesn't find pages when words across on the page title and the page content.
- #1884, #1885: plug-in html themes cannot inherit another plug-in theme. Thanks to Suzumizaki.
- #1818: *sphinx.ext.todo* directive generates broken html class attribute as "admonition-" when *language* is specified with non-ASCII linguistic area like "ru" or "ja". To fix this, now todo directive can use :class: option.
- #2140: Fix footnotes in table has broken in LaTeX
- #2127: MecabBinder for html searching feature doesn't work with Python 3. Thanks to Tomoko Uchida.

10.84 Release 1.3.1 (released Mar 17, 2015)

Bugs fixed

- #1769: allows generating quickstart files/dirs for destination dir that doesn't overwrite existent files/dirs. Thanks to WAKAYAMA shirou.
- #1773: sphinx-quickstart doesn't accept non-ASCII character as a option argument.
- #1766: the message «least Python 2.6 to run» is at best misleading.
- #1772: cross reference in docstrings like :param .write: breaks building.
- #1770, #1774: literalinclude with empty file occurs exception. Thanks to Takayuki Hirai.
- #1777: Sphinx 1.3 can't load extra theme. Thanks to tell-k.
- #1776: source_suffix = ['.rst'] cause unfriendly error on prior version.
- #1771: automated .mo building doesn't work properly.
- #1783: Autodoc: Python2 Allow unicode string in __all__. Thanks to Jens Hedegaard Nielsen.
- #1781: Setting html_domain_indices to a list raises a type check warnings.

10.85 Release 1.3 (released Mar 10, 2015)

Incompatible changes

- Roles ref, term and menusel now don't generate emphasis⁶⁵² nodes anymore. If you want to keep italic style, adapt your stylesheet.
- Role numref uses %s as special character to indicate position of figure numbers instead # symbol.

⁶⁵² http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/roles.html#emphasis

Features added

- Add convenience directives and roles to the C++ domain: directive cpp:var as alias for cpp:member, role :cpp:var as alias for :cpp:member, and role any for cross-reference to any C++ declaraction. #1577, #1744
- The *source_suffix* config value can now be a list of multiple suffixes.
- Add the ability to specify source parsers by source suffix with the source_parsers config value.
- #1675: A new builder, AppleHelpBuilder, has been added that builds Apple Help Books.

Bugs fixed

- 1.3b3 change breaks a previous gettext output that contains duplicated msgid such as «foo bar» and «version changes in 1.3: foo bar».
- #1745: latex builder cause maximum recursion depth exceeded when a footnote has a footnote mark itself.
- #1748: SyntaxError in sphinx/ext/ifconfig.py with Python 2.6.
- #1658, #1750: No link created (and warning given) if option does not begin with -, / or +. Thanks to Takayuki Hirai.
- #1753: C++, added missing support for more complex declarations.
- #1700: Add :caption: option for toctree.
- #1742: :name: option is provided for toctree, code-block and literalinclude directives.
- #1756: Incorrect section titles in search that was introduced from 1.3b3.
- #1746: C++, fixed name lookup procedure, and added missing lookups in declarations.
- #1765: C++, fix old id generation to use fully qualified names.

Documentation

• #1651: Add vartype field description for python domain.

10.86 Release 1.3b3 (released Feb 24, 2015)

Incompatible changes

- Dependency requirement updates: docutils 0.11, Pygments 2.0
- The gettext_enables config value has been renamed to gettext_additional_targets.
- #1735: Use https://docs.python.org/ instead of http protocol. It was used for sphinx.ext.intersphinx and some documentation.

Features added

- #1346: Add new default theme;
 - Add "alabaster" theme.
 - Add "sphinx_rtd_theme" theme.
 - The "default" html theme has been renamed to "classic". "default" is still available, however it will emit notice a recommendation that using new "alabaster" theme.
- Added highlight_options configuration value.
- The language config value is now available in the HTML templates.
- The env-updated event can now return a value, which is interpreted as an iterable of additional docnames that need to be rewritten.
- #772: Support for scoped and unscoped enums in C++. Enumerators in unscoped enums are injected into the parent scope in addition to the enum scope.
- Add todo_include_todos config option to quickstart conf file, handled as described in documentation.
- HTML breadcrumb items tag has class «nav-item» and «nav-item-N» (like nav-item-0, 1, 2...).
- New option *sphinx-quickstart --use-make-mode* for generating Makefile that use sphinx-build make-mode.
- #1235: i18n: several node can be translated if it is set to gettext_additional_targets in conf.py. Supported nodes are:
 - "literal-block"
 - "doctest-block"
 - "raw"
 - "image"
- #1227: Add html_scaled_image_link config option to conf.py, to control scaled image link.

- LaTeX writer now generates correct markup for cells spanning multiple rows.
- #1674: Do not crash if a module's __all__ is not a list of strings.
- #1629: Use VerbatimBorderColor to add frame to code-block in LaTeX
- On windows, make-mode didn't work on Win32 platform if sphinx was invoked as python sphinx-build.py.
- #1687: linkcheck now treats 401 Unauthorized responses as «working».
- #1690: toctrees with glob option now can also contain entries for single documents with explicit title.
- #1591: html search results for C++ elements now has correct interpage links.
- bizstyle theme: nested long title pages make long breadcrumb that breaks page layout.
- bizstyle theme: all breadcrumb items become "Top" on some mobile browser (iPhone5s safari).
- #1722: restore toctree() template function behavior that was changed at 1.3b1.
- #1732: i18n: localized table caption raises exception.
- #1718: :numref: does not work with capital letters in the label
- #1630: resolve CSS conflicts, div.container css target for literal block wrapper now renamed to div.literal-block-wrapper.

- sphinx.util.pycompat has been restored in its backwards-compatibility; slated for removal in Sphinx 1.4.
- #1719: LaTeX writer does not respect numref_format option in captions

10.87 Release 1.3b2 (released Dec 5, 2014)

Incompatible changes

• update bundled ez_setup.py for setuptools-7.0 that requires Python 2.6 or later.

Features added

- #1597: Added possibility to return a new template name from html-page-context.
- PR#314, #1150: Configuration values are now checked for their type. A warning is raised if the configured and the default value do not have the same type and do not share a common non-trivial base class.

Bugs fixed

- PR#311: sphinx-quickstart does not work on python 3.4.
- Fix autodoc_docstring_signature not working with signatures in class docstrings.
- Rebuilding cause crash unexpectedly when source files were added.
- #1607: Fix a crash when building latexpdf with «howto» class
- #1251: Fix again. Sections which depth are lower than :tocdepth: should not be shown on localtoc sidebar.
- make-mode didn't work on Win32 platform if sphinx was installed by wheel package.

10.88 Release 1.3b1 (released Oct 10, 2014)

Incompatible changes

- Dropped support for Python 2.5, 3.1 and 3.2.
- Dropped support for docutils versions up to 0.9.
- Removed the sphinx.ext.oldcmarkup extension.
- The deprecated config values exclude_trees, exclude_dirnames and unused_docs have been removed.
- A new node, sphinx.addnodes.literal_strong, has been added, for text that should appear literally (i.e. no smart quotes) in strong font. Custom writers will have to be adapted to handle this node.
- PR#269, #1476: replace <tt> tag by <code>. User customized stylesheets should be updated If the css contain some styles for tt> tag. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- #1543: templates_path is automatically added to exclude_patterns to avoid reading autosummary rst templates in the templates directory.
- Custom domains should implement the new *Domain.resolve_any_xref* method to make the *any* role work properly.
- gettext builder: gettext doesn't emit uuid information to generated pot files by default. Please set True to gettext_uuid to emit uuid information. Additionally, if the python-levenshtein 3rd-party package is installed, it will improve the calculation time.

- gettext builder: disable extracting/apply "index" node by default. Please set "index" to gettext_enables to enable extracting index entries.
- PR#307: Add frame to code-block in LaTeX. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.

Features added

- Add support for Python 3.4.
- Add support for docutils 0.12
- · Added sphinx.ext.napoleon extension for NumPy and Google style docstring support.
- Added support for parallel reading (parsing) of source files with the *sphinx-build -j* option. Third-party extensions will need to be checked for compatibility and may need to be adapted if they store information in the build environment object. See *env-merge-info*.
- Added the *any* role that can be used to find a cross-reference of *any* type in *any* domain. Custom domains should implement the new *Domain.resolve_any_xref* method to make this work properly.
- Exception logs now contain the last 10 messages emitted by Sphinx.
- Added support for extension versions (a string returned by setup(), these can be shown in the traceback log files). Version requirements for extensions can be specified in projects using the new needs_extensions config value.
- Changing the default role within a document with the default-role⁶⁵³ directive is now supported.
- PR#214: Added stemming support for 14 languages, so that the built-in document search can now handle these. Thanks to Shibukawa Yoshiki.
- PR#296, PR#303, #76: numfig feature: Assign numbers to figures, tables and code-blocks. This feature is configured with numfig, numfig_secnum_depth and numfig_format. Also numref role is available. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#202: Allow «.» and «~» prefixed references in :param: doc fields for Python.
- PR#184: Add autodoc_mock_imports, allowing to mock imports of external modules that need not be present when autodocumenting.
- #925: Allow list-typed config values to be provided on the command line, like -D key=val1, val2.
- #668: Allow line numbering of *code-block* and *literalinclude* directives to start at an arbitrary line number, with a new lineno-start option.
- PR#172, PR#266: The *code-block* and *literalinclude* directives now can have a caption option that shows a filename before the code in the output. Thanks to Nasimul Haque, Takeshi Komiya.
- Prompt for the document language in sphinx-quickstart.
- PR#217: Added config values to suppress UUID and location information in generated gettext catalogs.
- PR#236, #1456: apidoc: Add a -M option to put module documentation before submodule documentation. Thanks to Wes Turner and Luc Saffre.
- #1434: Provide non-minified JS files for jquery is and underscore is to clarify the source of the minified files.
- PR#252, #1291: Windows color console support. Thanks to meu31.
- PR#255: When generating latex references, also insert latex target/anchor for the ids defined on the node. Thanks to Olivier Heurtier.
- PR#229: Allow registration of other translators. Thanks to Russell Sim.
- Add app.set_translator() API to register or override a Docutils translator class like html_translator_class.

⁶⁵³ http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#default-role

- PR#267, #1134: add "diff" parameter to literalinclude. Thanks to Richard Wall and WAKAYAMA shirou.
- PR#272: Added "bizstyle" theme. Thanks to Shoji KUMAGAI.
- Automatically compile *.mo files from *.po files when gettext_auto_build is True (default) and *.po is newer than *.mo file.
- #623: sphinx.ext.viewcode supports imported function/class aliases.
- PR#275: sphinx.ext.intersphinx supports multiple target for the inventory. Thanks to Brigitta Sipocz.
- PR#261: Added the *env-before-read-docs* event that can be connected to modify the order of documents before they are read by the environment.
- #1284: Program options documented with option can now start with +.
- PR#291: The caption of *code-block* is recognized as a title of ref target. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#298: Add new API: add_latex_package(). Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- #1344: add gettext_enables to enable extracting "index" to gettext catalog output / applying translation catalog to generated documentation.
- PR#301, #1583: Allow the line numbering of the directive *literalinclude* to match that of the included file, using a new lineno-match option. Thanks to Jeppe Pihl.
- PR#299: add various options to sphinx-quickstart. Quiet mode option --quiet will skips wizard mode. Thanks to WAKAYAMA shirou.
- #1623: Return types specified with :rtype: are now turned into links if possible.

- #1438: Updated jQuery version from 1.8.3 to 1.11.1.
- #1568: Fix a crash when a «centered» directive contains a reference.
- Now sphinx.ext.autodoc works with python-2.5 again.
- #1563: add_search_language() raises AssertionError for correct type of argument. Thanks to rikoman.
- #1174: Fix smart quotes being applied inside roles like *program* or *makevar*.
- PR#235: comment db schema of websupport lacked a length of the node_id field. Thanks to solos.
- #1466,PR#241: Fix failure of the cpp domain parser to parse C+11 «variadic templates» declarations. Thanks to Victor Zverovich.
- #1459,PR#244: Fix default mathjax js path point to http:// that cause mixed-content error on HTTPS server. Thanks to sbrandtb and robo9k.
- PR#157: autodoc remove spurious signatures from @property decorated attributes. Thanks to David Ham.
- PR#159: Add coverage targets to quickstart generated Makefile and make.bat. Thanks to Matthias Troffaes.
- #1251: When specifying toctree :numbered: option and :tocdepth: metadata, sub section number that is larger depth than :tocdepth: is shrunk.
- PR#260: Encode underscore in citation labels for latex export. Thanks to Lennart Fricke.
- PR#264: Fix could not resolve xref for figure node with :name: option. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#265: Fix could not capture caption of graphviz node by xref. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#263, #1013, #1103: Rewrite of C++ domain. Thanks to Jakob Lykke Andersen.
 - Hyperlinks to all found nested names and template arguments (#1103).
 - Support for function types everywhere, e.g., in std::function<bool(int, int)> (#1013).

- Support for virtual functions.
- Changed interpretation of function arguments to following standard prototype declarations, i.e., void f(arg) means that arg is the type of the argument, instead of it being the name.
- Updated tests.
- Updated documentation with elaborate description of what declarations are supported and how the namespace declarations influence declaration and cross-reference lookup.
- Index names may be different now. Elements are indexed by their fully qualified name. It should be rather
 easy to change this behaviour and potentially index by namespaces/classes as well.
- PR#258, #939: Add dedent option for code-block and literalinclude. Thanks to Zafar Siddiqui.
- PR#268: Fix numbering section does not work at singlehtml mode. It still ad-hoc fix because there is a issue that section IDs are conflicted. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#273, #1536: Fix RuntimeError with numbered circular toctree. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#274: Set its URL as a default title value if URL appears in toctree. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#276, #1381: rfc and pep roles support custom link text. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#277, #1513: highlights for function pointers in argument list of c:function. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#278: Fix section entries were shown twice if toctree has been put under only directive. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- #1547: pgen2 tokenizer doesn't recognize . . . literal (Ellipsis for py3).
- PR#294: On LaTeX builder, wrap float environment on writing literal_block to avoid separation of caption and body. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- PR#295, #1520: make.bat latexpdf mechanism to cd back to the current directory. Thanks to Peter Suter.
- PR#297, #1571: Add imgpath property to all builders. It make easier to develop builder extensions. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- #1584: Point to master doc in HTML «top» link.
- #1585: Autosummary of modules broken in Sphinx-1.2.3.
- #1610: Sphinx cause AttributeError when MeCab search option is enabled and python-mecab is not installed.
- #1674: Do not crash if a module's __all__ is not a list of strings.
- #1673: Fix crashes with *nitpick_ignore* and :doc: references.
- #1686: ifconfig directive doesn't care about default config values.
- #1642: Fix only one search result appearing in Chrome.

Documentation

• Add clarification about the syntax of tags. (doc/markup/misc.rst)

10.89 Release 1.2.3 (released Sep 1, 2014)

Features added

- #1518: sphinx-apidoc command now has a --version option to show version information and exit
- New locales: Hebrew, European Portuguese, Vietnamese.

- #636: Keep straight single quotes in literal blocks in the LaTeX build.
- #1419: Generated i18n sphinx.js files are missing message catalog entries from ".js_t" and ".html". The issue was introduced from Sphinx-1.1
- #1363: Fix i18n: missing python domain's cross-references with currentmodule directive or currentclass directive.
- #1444: autosummary does not create the description from attributes docstring.
- #1457: In python3 environment, make linkcheck cause «Can't convert "bytes" object to str implicitly» error when link target url has a hash part. Thanks to Jorge_C.
- #1467: Exception on Python3 if nonexistent method is specified by automethod
- #1441: autosummary can't handle nested classes correctly.
- #1499: With non-callable setup in a conf.py, now sphinx-build emits a user-friendly error message.
- #1502: In autodoc, fix display of parameter defaults containing backslashes.
- #1226: autodoc, autosummary: importing setup.py by automodule will invoke setup process and execute sys. exit(). Now sphinx avoids SystemExit exception and emits warnings without unexpected termination.
- #1503: py:function directive generate incorrectly signature when specifying a default parameter with an empty list []. Thanks to Geert Jansen.
- #1508: Non-ASCII filename raise exception on make singlehtml, latex, man, texinfo and changes.
- #1531: On Python3 environment, docutils.conf with "source_link=true" in the general section cause type error.
- PR#270, #1533: Non-ASCII docstring cause UnicodeDecodeError when uses with inheritance-diagram directive. Thanks to WAKAYAMA shirou.
- PR#281, PR#282, #1509: TODO extension not compatible with websupport. Thanks to Takeshi Komiya.
- #1477: gettext does not extract nodes.line in a table or list.
- #1544: make text generates wrong table when it has empty table cells.
- #1522: Footnotes from table get displayed twice in LaTeX. This problem has been appeared from Sphinx-1.2.1 by #949.
- #508: Sphinx every time exit with zero when is invoked from setup.py command. ex. python setup.py build_sphinx -b doctest return zero even if doctest failed.

10.90 Release 1.2.2 (released Mar 2, 2014)

Bugs fixed

- PR#211: When checking for existence of the html_logo file, check the full relative path and not the basename.
- PR#212: Fix traceback with autodoc and __init__ methods without docstring.
- PR#213: Fix a missing import in the setup command.
- #1357: Option names documented by *option* are now again allowed to not start with a dash or slash, and referencing them will work correctly.
- #1358: Fix handling of image paths outside of the source directory when using the «wildcard» style reference.
- #1374: Fix for autosummary generating overly-long summaries if first line doesn't end with a period.
- #1383: Fix Python 2.5 compatibility of sphinx-apidoc.
- #1391: Actually prevent using «pngmath» and «mathjax» extensions at the same time in sphinx-quickstart.
- #1386: Fix bug preventing more than one theme being added by the entry point mechanism.
- #1370: Ignore «toctree» nodes in text writer, instead of raising.
- #1364: Fix "make gettext" fails when the ".. todolist::" directive is present.
- #1367: Fix a change of PR#96 that break sphinx.util.docfields.Field.make_field interface/behavior for item argument usage.

Documentation

• Extended the documentation about building extensions.

10.91 Release 1.2.1 (released Jan 19, 2014)

- #1335: Fix autosummary template overloading with exclamation prefix like {% extends "!autosummary/class.rst" %} cause infinite recursive function call. This was caused by PR#181.
- #1337: Fix autodoc with autoclass_content="both" uses useless object.__init__ docstring when class does not have __init__. This was caused by a change for #1138.
- #1340: Can't search alphabetical words on the HTML quick search generated with language="ja".
- #1319: Do not crash if the html_logo file does not exist.
- #603: Do not use the HTML-ized title for building the search index (that resulted in «literal» being found on every page with a literal in the title).
- #751: Allow production lists longer than a page in LaTeX by using longtable.
- #764: Always look for stopwords lowercased in JS search.
- #814: autodoc: Guard against strange type objects that don't have __bases__.
- #932: autodoc: Do not crash if __doc__ is not a string.
- #933: Do not crash if an *option* value is malformed (contains spaces but no option name).
- #908: On Python 3, handle error messages from LaTeX correctly in the pngmath extension.
- #943: In autosummary, recognize «first sentences» to pull from the docstring if they contain uppercase letters.

- #923: Take the entire LaTeX document into account when caching pngmath-generated images. This rebuilds them correctly when pngmath_latex_preamble changes.
- #901: Emit a warning when using docutils" new «math» markup without a Sphinx math extension active.
- #845: In code blocks, when the selected lexer fails, display line numbers nevertheless if configured.
- #929: Support parsed-literal blocks in LaTeX output correctly.
- #949: Update the tabulary.sty packed with Sphinx.
- #1050: Add anonymous labels into objects.inv to be referenced via intersphinx.
- #1095: Fix print-media stylesheet being included always in the «scrolls» theme.
- #1085: Fix current classname not getting set if class description has :noindex: set.
- #1181: Report option errors in autodoc directives more gracefully.
- #1155: Fix autodocumenting C-defined methods as attributes in Python 3.
- #1233: Allow finding both Python classes and exceptions with the «class» and «exc» roles in intersphinx.
- #1198: Allow «image» for the «figwidth» option of the figure⁶⁵⁴ directive as documented by docutils.
- #1152: Fix pycode parsing errors of Python 3 code by including two grammar versions for Python 2 and 3, and loading the appropriate version for the running Python version.
- #1017: Be helpful and tell the user when the argument to option does not match the required format.
- #1345: Fix two bugs with nitpick_ignore; now you don't have to remove the store environment for changes to have effect.
- #1072: In the JS search, fix issues searching for upper-cased words by lowercasing words before stemming.
- #1299: Make behavior of the *math* directive more consistent and avoid producing empty environments in LaTeX output.
- #1308: Strip HTML tags from the content of «raw» nodes before feeding it to the search indexer.
- #1249: Fix duplicate LaTeX page numbering for manual documents.
- #1292: In the linkchecker, retry HEAD requests when denied by HTTP 405. Also make the redirect code apparent and tweak the output a bit to be more obvious.
- #1285: Avoid name clashes between C domain objects and section titles.
- #848: Always take the newest code in incremental rebuilds with the *sphinx.ext.viewcode* extension.
- #979, #1266: Fix exclude handling in sphinx-apidoc.
- #1302: Fix regression in *sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram* when documenting classes that can't be pickled.
- #1316: Remove hard-coded font-face resources from epub theme.
- #1329: Fix traceback with empty translation msgstr in .po files.
- #1300: Fix references not working in translated documents in some instances.
- #1283: Fix a bug in the detection of changed files that would try to access doctrees of deleted documents.
- #1330: Fix exclude_patterns behavior with subdirectories in the html_static_path.
- #1323: Fix emitting empty tags in the HTML writer, which is not valid HTML.
- #1147: Don't emit a sidebar search box in the «singlehtml» builder.

 $^{^{654}\} http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#figure$

Documentation

• #1325: Added a «Intersphinx» tutorial section. (doc/tutorial.rst)

10.92 Release 1.2 (released Dec 10, 2013)

Features added

• Added sphinx.version_info tuple for programmatic checking of the Sphinx version.

Incompatible changes

• Removed the sphinx.ext.refcounting extension – it is very specific to CPython and has no place in the main distribution

Bugs fixed

- Restore versionmodified CSS class for versionadded/changed and deprecated directives.
- PR#181: Fix html_theme_path = ['.'] is a trigger of rebuild all documents always (This change keeps the current «theme changes cause a rebuild» feature).
- #1296: Fix invalid charset in HTML help generated HTML files for default locale.
- PR#190: Fix gettext does not extract figure caption and rubric title inside other blocks. Thanks to Michael Schlenker.
- PR#176: Make sure setup_command test can always import Sphinx. Thanks to Dmitry Shachnev.
- #1311: Fix test_linkcode.test_html fails with C locale and Python 3.
- #1269: Fix ResourceWarnings with Python 3.2 or later.
- #1138: Fix: When autodoc_docstring_signature = True and autoclass_content = 'init' or 'both', __init__ line should be removed from class documentation.

10.93 Release 1.2 beta3 (released Oct 3, 2013)

Features added

• The Sphinx error log files will now include a list of the loaded extensions for help in debugging.

Incompatible changes

• PR#154: Remove «sphinx» prefix from LaTeX class name except "sphinxmanual" and "sphinxhowto". Now you can use your custom document class without "sphinx" prefix. Thanks to Erik B.

Bugs fixed

- #1265: Fix i18n: crash when translating a section name that is pointed to from a named target.
- A wrong condition broke the search feature on first page that is usually index.rst. This issue was introduced in 1.2b1.
- #703: When Sphinx can't decode filenames with non-ASCII characters, Sphinx now catches UnicodeError and will continue if possible instead of raising the exception.

10.94 Release 1.2 beta2 (released Sep 17, 2013)

Features added

- apidoc now ignores «_private» modules by default, and has an option -P to include them.
- apidoc now has an option to not generate headings for packages and modules, for the case that the module docstring already includes a reST heading.
- PR#161: apidoc can now write each module to a standalone page instead of combining all modules in a package on one page.
- Builders: rebuild i18n target document when catalog updated.
- Support docutils.conf "writers" and "html4css1 writer" section in the HTML writer. The latex, manpage and texinfo writers also support their respective "writers" sections.
- The new <a href="https://
- Autodoc directives for module data and attributes now support an annotation option, so that the default display of the data/attribute value can be overridden.
- PR#136: Autodoc directives now support an imported-members option to include members imported from different modules.
- New locales: Macedonian, Sinhala, Indonesian.
- Theme package collection by using setuptools plugin mechanism.

Incompatible changes

• PR#144, #1182: Force timezone offset to LocalTimeZone on POT-Creation-Date that was generated by gettext builder. Thanks to masklinn and Jakub Wilk.

- PR#132: Updated jQuery version to 1.8.3.
- PR#141, #982: Avoid crash when writing PNG file using Python 3. Thanks to Marcin Wojdyr.
- PR#145: In parallel builds, sphinx drops second document file to write. Thanks to tychoish.
- PR#151: Some styling updates to tables in LaTeX.
- PR#153: The «extensions» config value can now be overridden.
- PR#155: Added support for some C++11 function qualifiers.
- Fix: "make gettext" caused UnicodeDecodeError when templates contain utf-8 encoded strings.

- #828: use inspect.getfullargspec() to be able to document functions with keyword-only arguments on Python 3.
- #1090: Fix i18n: multiple cross references (term, ref, doc) in the same line return the same link.
- #1157: Combination of "globaltoc.html" and hidden toctree caused exception.
- #1159: fix wrong generation of objects inventory for Python modules, and add a workaround in intersphinx to fix handling of affected inventories.
- #1160: Citation target missing caused an AssertionError.
- #1162, PR#139: singlehtml builder didn't copy images to _images/.
- #1173: Adjust setup.py dependencies because Jinja2 2.7 discontinued compatibility with Python < 3.3 and Python < 2.6. Thanks to Alexander Dupuy.
- #1185: Don't crash when a Python module has a wrong or no encoding declared, and non-ASCII characters are included.
- #1188: sphinx-quickstart raises UnicodeEncodeError if «Project version» includes non-ASCII characters.
- #1189: «Title underline is too short» WARNING is given when using fullwidth characters to «Project name» on quickstart.
- #1190: Output TeX/texinfo/man filename has no basename (only extension) when using non-ASCII characters in the «Project name» on quickstart.
- #1192: Fix escaping problem for hyperlinks in the manpage writer.
- #1193: Fix i18n: multiple link references in the same line return the same link.
- #1176: Fix i18n: footnote reference number missing for auto numbered named footnote and auto symbol footnote.
- PR#146,#1172: Fix ZeroDivisionError in parallel builds. Thanks to tychoish.
- #1204: Fix wrong generation of links to local intersphinx targets.
- #1206: Fix i18n: gettext did not translate admonition directive's title.
- #1232: Sphinx generated broken ePub files on Windows.
- #1259: Guard the debug output call when emitting events; to prevent the repr() implementation of arbitrary objects causing build failures.
- #1142: Fix NFC/NFD normalizing problem of rst filename on Mac OS X.
- #1234: Ignoring the string consists only of white-space characters.

10.95 Release 1.2 beta1 (released Mar 31, 2013)

Incompatible changes

- Removed sphinx.util.compat.directive_dwim() and sphinx.roles.xfileref_role() which were
 deprecated since version 1.0.
- PR#122: the files given in latex_additional_files now override TeX files included by Sphinx, such as sphinx.sty.
- PR#124: the node generated by *versionadded*, *versionchanged* and *deprecated* directives now includes all added markup (such as «New in version X») as child nodes, and no additional text must be generated by writers.
- PR#99: the seealso directive now generates admonition nodes instead of the custom seealso node.

Features added

Markup

- The toctree directive and the toctree() template function now have an includehidden option that includes hidden toctree entries (bugs #790 and #1047). A bug in the maxdepth option for the toctree() template function has been fixed (bug #1046).
- PR#99: Strip down seealso directives to normal admonitions. This removes their unusual CSS classes (admonition-see-also), inconsistent LaTeX admonition title («See Also» instead of «See also»), and spurious indentation in the text builder.

· HTML builder

- #783: Create a link to full size image if it is scaled with width or height.
- #1067: Improve the ordering of the JavaScript search results: matches in titles come before matches in full text, and object results are better categorized. Also implement a pluggable search scorer.
- #1053: The «rightsidebar» and «collapsiblesidebar» HTML theme options now work together.
- Update to jQuery 1.7.1 and Underscore.js 1.3.1.

· Texinfo builder

- An «Index» node is no longer added when there are no entries.
- «deffn» categories are no longer capitalized if they contain capital letters.
- desc_annotation nodes are now rendered.
- strong and emphasis nodes are now formatted like literals. The reason for this is because the standard
 Texinfo markup (*strong* and _emphasis_) resulted in confusing output due to the common usage of using these constructs for documenting parameter names.
- Field lists formatting has been tweaked to better display «Info field lists».
- system_message and problematic nodes are now formatted in a similar fashion as done by the text builder.
- «en-dash» and «em-dash» conversion of hyphens is no longer performed in option directive signatures.
- Qref is now used instead of Qpxref for cross-references which prevents the word «see» from being added before the link (does not affect the Info output).
- The @finalout command has been added for better TeX output.
- transition nodes are now formatted using underscores («__») instead of asterisks («*»).
- The default value for the paragraphindent has been changed from 2 to 0 meaning that paragraphs are no longer indented by default.
- #1110: A new configuration value texinfo_no_detailmenu has been added for controlling whether a
 @detailmenu is added in the «Top» node's menu.
- Detailed menus are no longer created except for the «Top» node.
- Fixed an issue where duplicate domain indices would result in invalid output.

· LaTeX builder:

- PR#115: Add 'transition' item in latex_elements for customizing how transitions are displayed.
 Thanks to Jeff Klukas.
- PR#114: The LaTeX writer now includes the «cmap» package by default. The 'cmappkg' item in latex_elements can be used to control this. Thanks to Dmitry Shachnev.
- The 'fontpkg' item in latex_elements now defaults to '' when the language uses the Cyrillic script.
 Suggested by Dmitry Shachnev.

The latex_documents, texinfo_documents, and man_pages configuration values will be set to default values based on the master_doc if not explicitly set in conf.py. Previously, if these values were not set, no output would be generated by their respective builders.

• Internationalization:

- Add i18n capabilities for custom templates. For example: The Sphinx reference documentation in doc directory provides a sphinx.pot file with message strings from doc/_templates/*.html when using make gettext.
- PR#61,#703: Add support for non-ASCII filename handling.

· Other builders:

- Added the Docutils-native XML and pseudo-XML builders. See XMLBuilder and PseudoXMLBuilder.
- PR#45: The linkcheck builder now checks #anchors for existence.
- PR#123, #1106: Add epub_use_index configuration value. If provided, it will be used instead of html_use_index for epub builder.
- PR#126: Add *epub_tocscope* configuration value. The setting controls the generation of the epub toc. The user can now also include hidden toc entries.
- PR#112: Add epub_show_urls configuration value.

• Extensions:

- PR#52: special_members flag to autodoc now behaves like members.
- PR#47: Added *sphinx.ext.linkcode* extension.
- PR#25: In inheritance diagrams, the first line of the class docstring is now the tooltip for the class.

• Command-line interfaces:

- PR#75: Added --follow-links option to sphinx-apidoc.
- #869: sphinx-build now has the option -T for printing the full traceback after an unhandled exception.
- sphinx-build now supports the standard --help and --version options.
- sphinx-build now provides more specific error messages when called with invalid options or arguments.
- sphinx-build now has a verbose option -v which can be repeated for greater effect. A single occurrence
 provides a slightly more verbose output than normal. Two or more occurrences of this option provides more
 detailed output which may be useful for debugging.

• Locales:

- PR#74: Fix some Russian translation.
- PR#54: Added Norwegian bokmaal translation.
- PR#35: Added Slovak translation.
- PR#28: Added Hungarian translation.
- #1113: Add Hebrew locale.
- #1097: Add Basque locale.
- #1037: Fix typos in Polish translation. Thanks to Jakub Wilk.
- #1012: Update Estonian translation.

• Optimizations:

- Speed up building the search index by caching the results of the word stemming routines. Saves about 20 seconds when building the Python documentation.
- PR#108: Add experimental support for parallel building with a new *sphinx-build j* option.

Documentation

- PR#88: Added the «Sphinx Developer's Guide» (doc/devguide.rst) which outlines the basic development process of the Sphinx project.
- Added a detailed «Installing Sphinx» document (doc/install.rst).

- PR#124: Fix paragraphs in versionmodified are ignored when it has no dangling paragraphs. Fix wrong html output (nested tag). Fix versionmodified is not translatable. Thanks to Nozomu Kaneko.
- PR#111: Respect add_autodoc_attrgetter() even when inherited-members is set. Thanks to A. Jesse Jiryu Davis.
- PR#97: Fix footnote handling in translated documents.
- Fix text writer not handling visit_legend for figure directive contents.
- Fix text builder not respecting wide/fullwidth characters: title underline width, table layout width and text wrap width.
- Fix leading space in LaTeX table header cells.
- #1132: Fix LaTeX table output for multi-row cells in the first column.
- #1128: Fix Unicode errors when trying to format time strings with a non-standard locale.
- #1127: Fix traceback when autodoc tries to tokenize a non-Python file.
- #1126: Fix double-hyphen to en-dash conversion in wrong places such as command-line option names in LaTeX.
- #1123: Allow whitespaces in filenames given to literalinclude.
- #1120: Added improvements about i18n for themes «basic», «haiku» and «scrolls» that Sphinx built-in. Thanks to Leonardo J. Caballero G.
- #1118: Updated Spanish translation. Thanks to Leonardo J. Caballero G.
- #1117: Handle .pyx files in sphinx-apidoc.
- #1112: Avoid duplicate download files when referenced from documents in different ways (absolute/relative).
- #1111: Fix failure to find uppercase words in search when <a href="https://h
- #1108: The text writer now correctly numbers enumerated lists with non-default start values (based on patch by Ewan Edwards).
- #1102: Support multi-context «with» statements in autodoc.
- #1090: Fix gettext not extracting glossary terms.
- #1074: Add environment version info to the generated search index to avoid compatibility issues with old builds.
- #1070: Avoid un-pickling issues when running Python 3 and the saved environment was created under Python
 2.
- #1069: Fixed error caused when autodoc would try to format signatures of «partial» functions without keyword arguments (patch by Artur Gaspar).
- #1062: sphinx.ext.autodoc use __init__ method signature for class signature.
- #1055: Fix web support with relative path to source directory.
- #1043: Fix sphinx-quickstart asking again for yes/no questions because input() returns values with an extra "r" on Python 3.2.0 + Windows. Thanks to Régis Décamps.
- #1041: Fix failure of the cpp domain parser to parse a const type with a modifier.

- #1038: Fix failure of the cpp domain parser to parse C+11 «static constexpr» declarations. Thanks to Jakub Wilk.
- #1029: Fix intersphinx_mapping values not being stable if the mapping has plural key/value set with Python 3.3.
- #1028: Fix line block output in the text builder.
- #1024: Improve Makefile/make.bat error message if Sphinx is not found. Thanks to Anatoly Techtonik.
- #1018: Fix «container» directive handling in the text builder.
- #1015: Stop overriding jQuery contains() in the JavaScript.
- #1010: Make prigmath images transparent by default; IE7+ should handle it.
- #1008: Fix test failures with Python 3.3.
- #995: Fix table-of-contents and page numbering for the LaTeX «howto» class.
- #976: Fix gettext does not extract index entries.
- PR#72: #975: Fix gettext not extracting definition terms before docutils 0.10.
- #961: Fix LaTeX output for triple quotes in code snippets.
- #958: Do not preserve environment.pickle after a failed build.
- #955: Fix i18n transformation.
- #940: Fix gettext does not extract figure caption.
- #920: Fix PIL packaging issue that allowed to import Image without PIL namespace. Thanks to Marc Schlaich.
- #723: Fix the search function on local files in WebKit based browsers.
- #440: Fix coarse timestamp resolution in some filesystem generating a wrong list of outdated files.

10.96 Release 1.1.3 (Mar 10, 2012)

- PR#40: Fix safe_repr function to decode bytestrings with non-ASCII characters correctly.
- PR#37: Allow configuring sphinx-apidoc via SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS.
- PR#34: Restore Python 2.4 compatibility.
- PR#36: Make the «bibliography to TOC» fix in LaTeX output specific to the document class.
- #695: When the highlight language «python» is specified explicitly, do not try to parse the code to recognize non-Python snippets.
- #859: Fix exception under certain circumstances when not finding appropriate objects to link to.
- #860: Do not crash when encountering invalid doctest examples, just emit a warning.
- #864: Fix crash with some settings of modindex_common_prefix.
- #862: Fix handling of -D and -A options on Python 3.
- #851: Recognize and warn about circular toctrees, instead of running into recursion errors.
- #853: Restore compatibility with docutils trunk.
- #852: Fix HtmlHelp index entry links again.
- #854: Fix inheritance_diagram raising attribute errors on builtins.
- #832: Fix crashes when putting comments or lone terms in a glossary.
- #834, #818: Fix HTML help language/encoding mapping for all Sphinx supported languages.
- #844: Fix crashes when dealing with Unicode output in doctest extension.

- #831: Provide --project flag in setup_command as advertised.
- #875: Fix reading config files under Python 3.
- #876: Fix quickstart test under Python 3.
- #870: Fix spurious KeyErrors when removing documents.
- #892: Fix single-HTML builder misbehaving with the master document in a subdirectory.
- #873: Fix assertion errors with empty only directives.
- #816: Fix encoding issues in the Qt help builder.

10.97 Release 1.1.2 (Nov 1, 2011) – 1.1.1 is a silly version number anyway!

• #809: Include custom fixers in the source distribution.

10.98 Release 1.1.1 (Nov 1, 2011)

- #791: Fix QtHelp, DevHelp and HtmlHelp index entry links.
- #792: Include «sphinx-apidoc» in the source distribution.
- #797: Don't crash on a misformatted glossary.
- #801: Make intersphinx work properly without SSL support.
- #805: Make the Sphinx.add_index_to_domain method work correctly.
- #780: Fix Python 2.5 compatibility.

10.99 Release 1.1 (Oct 9, 2011)

Incompatible changes

- The *py:module* directive doesn't output its platform option value anymore. (It was the only thing that the directive did output, and therefore quite inconsistent.)
- Removed support for old dependency versions; requirements are now:
 - Pygments >= 1.2
 - Docutils >= 0.7
 - Jinja2 >= 2.3

Features added

- Added Python 3.x support.
- New builders and subsystems:
 - Added a Texinfo builder.
 - Added i18n support for content, a gettext builder and related utilities.
 - Added the websupport library and builder.
 - #98: Added a sphinx-apidoc script that autogenerates a hierarchy of source files containing autodoc directives to document modules and packages.
 - #273: Add an API for adding full-text search support for languages other than English. Add support for Japanese.

• Markup:

- #138: Added an *index* role, to make inline index entries.
- #454: Added more index markup capabilities: marking see/seealso entries, and main entries for a given key.
- #460: Allowed limiting the depth of section numbers for HTML using the *toctree*'s numbered option.
- #586: Implemented improved *glossary* markup which allows multiple terms per definition.
- #478: Added *py:decorator* directive to describe decorators.
- C++ domain now supports array definitions.
- C++ domain now supports doc fields (:param x: inside directives).
- Section headings in *only* directives are now correctly handled.
- Added emphasize-lines option to source code directives.
- #678: C++ domain now supports superclasses.

• HTML builder:

- Added pyramid theme.
- #559: html_add_permalinks is now a string giving the text to display in permalinks.
- #259: HTML table rows now have even/odd CSS classes to enable «Zebra styling».
- #554: Add theme option sidebarwidth to the basic theme.

· Other builders:

- #516: Added new value of the latex_show_urls option to show the URLs in footnotes.
- #209: Added text_newlines and text_sectionchars config values.
- Added man_show_urls config value.
- #472: linkcheck builder: Check links in parallel, use HTTP HEAD requests and allow configuring the timeout. New config values: linkcheck_timeout and linkcheck_workers.
- #521: Added *linkcheck_ignore* config value.
- #28: Support row/colspans in tables in the LaTeX builder.
- Configuration and extensibility:
 - #537: Added nitpick_ignore.
 - #306: Added env-get-outdated event.
 - Application.add_stylesheet() now accepts full URIs.

• Autodoc:

- #564: Add autodoc_docstring_signature. When enabled (the default), autodoc retrieves the signature from the first line of the docstring, if it is found there.
- #176: Provide private-members option for autodoc directives.
- #520: Provide special-members option for autodoc directives.
- #431: Doc comments for attributes can now be given on the same line as the assignment.
- #437: autodoc now shows values of class data attributes.
- autodoc now supports documenting the signatures of functools.partial objects.

• Other extensions:

- Added the *sphinx.ext.mathjax* extension.
- #443: Allow referencing external graphviz files.
- Added inline option to graphviz directives, and fixed the default (block-style) in LaTeX output.
- #590: Added caption option to graphviz directives.
- #553: Added testcleanup blocks in the doctest extension.
- #594: trim_doctest_flags now also removes <BLANKLINE> indicators.
- #367: Added automatic exclusion of hidden members in inheritance diagrams, and an option to selectively enable it.
- Added pngmath_add_tooltips.
- The math extension displaymath directives now support name in addition to label for giving the equation label, for compatibility with Docutils.

· New locales:

- #221: Added Swedish locale.
- #526: Added Iranian locale.
- #694: Added Latvian locale.
- Added Nepali locale.
- #714: Added Korean locale.
- #766: Added Estonian locale.

• Bugs fixed:

- #778: Fix «hide search matches» link on pages linked by search.
- Fix the source positions referenced by the «viewcode» extension.

10.100 Release 1.0.8 (Sep 23, 2011)

- #627: Fix tracebacks for AttributeErrors in autosummary generation.
- Fix the abbr role when the abbreviation has newlines in it.
- #727: Fix the links to search results with custom object types.
- #648: Fix line numbers reported in warnings about undefined references.
- #696, #666: Fix C++ array definitions and template arguments that are not type names.
- #633: Allow footnotes in section headers in LaTeX output.

- #616: Allow keywords to be linked via intersphinx.
- #613: Allow Unicode characters in production list token names.
- #720: Add dummy visitors for graphviz nodes for text and man.
- #704: Fix image file duplication bug.
- #677: Fix parsing of multiple signatures in C++ domain.
- #637: Ignore Emacs lock files when looking for source files.
- #544: Allow .pyw extension for importable modules in autodoc.
- #700: Use \$(MAKE) in quickstart-generated Makefiles.
- #734: Make sidebar search box width consistent in browsers.
- #644: Fix spacing of centered figures in HTML output.
- #767: Safely encode SphinxError messages when printing them to sys.stderr.
- #611: Fix LaTeX output error with a document with no sections but a link target.
- Correctly treat built-in method descriptors as methods in autodoc.
- #706: Stop monkeypatching the Python textwrap module.
- #657: viewcode now works correctly with source files that have non-ASCII encoding.
- #669: Respect the noindex flag option in py:module directives.
- #675: Fix IndexErrors when including nonexisting lines with literalinclude.
- #676: Respect custom function/method parameter separator strings.
- #682: Fix JS incompatibility with jQuery >= 1.5.
- #693: Fix double encoding done when writing HTMLHelp .hhk files.
- #647: Do not apply SmartyPants in parsed-literal blocks.
- C++ domain now supports array definitions.

10.101 Release 1.0.7 (Jan 15, 2011)

- #347: Fix wrong generation of directives of static methods in autosummary.
- #599: Import PIL as from PIL import Image.
- #558: Fix longtables with captions in LaTeX output.
- Make token references work as hyperlinks again in LaTeX output.
- #572: Show warnings by default when reference labels cannot be found.
- #536: Include line number when complaining about missing reference targets in nitpicky mode.
- #590: Fix inline display of graphviz diagrams in LaTeX output.
- #589: Build using app.build() in setup command.
- Fix a bug in the inheritance diagram exception that caused base classes to be skipped if one of them is a builtin.
- Fix general index links for C++ domain objects.
- #332: Make admonition boundaries in LaTeX output visible.
- #573: Fix KeyErrors occurring on rebuild after removing a file.
- Fix a traceback when removing files with globbed toctrees.

- If an autodoc object cannot be imported, always re-read the document containing the directive on next build.
- If an autodoc object cannot be imported, show the full traceback of the import error.
- Fix a bug where the removal of download files and images wasn't noticed.
- #571: Implement ~ cross-reference prefix for the C domain.
- Fix regression of LaTeX output with the fix of #556.
- #568: Fix lookup of class attribute documentation on descriptors so that comment documentation now works.
- Fix traceback with only directives preceded by targets.
- Fix tracebacks occurring for duplicate C++ domain objects.
- Fix JavaScript domain links to objects with \$ in their name.

10.102 Release 1.0.6 (Jan 04, 2011)

- #581: Fix traceback in Python domain for empty cross-reference targets.
- #283: Fix literal block display issues on Chrome browsers.
- #383, #148: Support sorting a limited range of accented characters in the general index and the glossary.
- #570: Try decoding -D and -A command-line arguments with the locale's preferred encoding.
- #528: Observe locale_dirs when looking for the JS translations file.
- #574: Add special code for better support of Japanese documents in the LaTeX builder.
- Regression of #77: If there is only one parameter given with :param: markup, the bullet list is now suppressed again.
- #556: Fix missing paragraph breaks in LaTeX output in certain situations.
- #567: Emit the autodoc-process-docstring event even for objects without a docstring so that it can add content.
- #565: In the LaTeX builder, not only literal blocks require different table handling, but also quite a few other list-like block elements.
- #515: Fix tracebacks in the viewcode extension for Python objects that do not have a valid signature.
- Fix strange reports of line numbers for warnings generated from autodoc-included docstrings, due to different behavior depending on docutils version.
- Several fixes to the C++ domain.

10.103 Release 1.0.5 (Nov 12, 2010)

- #557: Add CSS styles required by docutils 0.7 for aligned images and figures.
- In the Makefile generated by LaTeX output, do not delete pdf files on clean; they might be required images.
- #535: Fix LaTeX output generated for line blocks.
- #544: Allow .pyw as a source file extension.

10.104 Release 1.0.4 (Sep 17, 2010)

- #524: Open intersphinx inventories in binary mode on Windows, since version 2 contains zlib-compressed data.
- #513: Allow giving non-local URIs for JavaScript files, e.g. in the JSMath extension.
- #512: Fix traceback when intersphinx_mapping is empty.

10.105 Release 1.0.3 (Aug 23, 2010)

- #495: Fix internal vs. external link distinction for links coming from a docutils table-of-contents.
- #494: Fix the maxdepth option for the toctree() template callable when used with collapse=True.
- #507: Fix crash parsing Python argument lists containing brackets in string literals.
- #501: Fix regression when building LaTeX docs with figures that don't have captions.
- #510: Fix inheritance diagrams for classes that are not picklable.
- #497: Introduce separate background color for the sidebar collapse button, making it easier to see.
- #502, #503, #496: Fix small layout bugs in several builtin themes.

10.106 Release 1.0.2 (Aug 14, 2010)

- #490: Fix cross-references to objects of types added by the add_object_type() API function.
- Fix handling of doc field types for different directive types.
- Allow breaking long signatures, continuing with backlash-escaped newlines.
- Fix unwanted styling of C domain references (because of a namespace clash with Pygments styles).
- Allow references to PEPs and RFCs with explicit anchors.
- #471: Fix LaTeX references to figures.
- #482: When doing a non-exact search, match only the given type of object.
- #481: Apply non-exact search for Python reference targets with .name for modules too.
- #484: Fix crash when duplicating a parameter in an info field list.
- #487: Fix setting the default role to one provided by the oldcmarkup extension.
- #488: Fix crash when json-py is installed, which provides a json module but is incompatible to simplejson.
- #480: Fix handling of target naming in intersphinx.
- #486: Fix removal of! for all cross-reference roles.

10.107 Release 1.0.1 (Jul 27, 2010)

- #470: Fix generated target names for reST domain objects; they are not in the same namespace.
- #266: Add Bengali language.
- #473: Fix a bug in parsing JavaScript object names.
- #474: Fix building with SingleHTMLBuilder when there is no toctree.
- Fix display names for objects linked to by intersphinx with explicit targets.
- Fix building with the JSON builder.
- Fix hyperrefs in object descriptions for LaTeX.

10.108 Release 1.0 (Jul 23, 2010)

Incompatible changes

- Support for domains has been added. A domain is a collection of directives and roles that all describe objects belonging together, e.g. elements of a programming language. A few builtin domains are provided:
 - Python
 - C
 - C++
 - JavaScript
 - reStructuredText
- The old markup for defining and linking to C directives is now deprecated. It will not work anymore in future versions without activating the oldcmarkup extension; in Sphinx 1.0, it is activated by default.
- Removed support for old dependency versions; requirements are now:
 - docutils >= 0.5
 - Jinja2 >= 2.2
- Removed deprecated elements:
 - exclude_dirs config value
 - sphinx.builder module

Features added

- General:
 - Added a «nitpicky» mode that emits warnings for all missing references. It is activated by the sphinx-build -n command-line switch or the nitpicky config value.
 - Added latexpdf target in quickstart Makefile.
- Markup:
 - The menuselection and guilabel roles now support ampersand accelerators.
 - New more compact doc field syntax is now recognized: :param type name: description.
 - Added tab-width option to *literalinclude* directive.
 - Added titlesonly option to *toctree* directive.

- Added the prepend and append options to the *literalinclude* directive.
- #284: All docinfo metadata is now put into the document metadata, not just the author.
- The *ref* role can now also reference tables by caption.
- The include⁶⁵⁵ directive now supports absolute paths, which are interpreted as relative to the source directory.
- In the Python domain, references like: func:`.name` now look for matching names with any prefix if no direct match is found.

• Configuration:

- Added rst_prolog config value.
- Added html_secnumber_suffix config value to control section numbering format.
- Added html_compact_lists config value to control docutils" compact lists feature.
- The html_sidebars config value can now contain patterns as keys, and the values can be lists that explicitly select which sidebar templates should be rendered. That means that the builtin sidebar contents can be included only selectively.
- html_static_path can now contain single file entries.
- The new universal config value exclude_patterns makes the old unused_docs, exclude_trees and exclude_dirnames obsolete.
- Added html_output_encoding config value.
- Added the latex_docclass config value and made the «twoside» documentclass option overridable by «oneside».
- Added the trim_doctest_flags config value, which is true by default.
- Added html_show_copyright config value.
- Added latex_show_pagerefs and latex_show_urls config values.
- The behavior of <a href="https://htt

· New builders:

- Added a builder for the Epub format.
- Added a builder for manual pages.
- Added a single-file HTML builder.

• HTML output:

- Inline roles now get a CSS class with their name, allowing styles to customize their appearance. Domain-specific roles get two classes, domain and domain-rolename.
- References now get the class internal if they are internal to the whole project, as opposed to internal to the current page.
- External references can be styled differently with the new externalrefs theme option for the default theme.
- In the default theme, the sidebar can experimentally now be made collapsible using the new collapsiblesidebar theme option.
- #129: Toctrees are now wrapped in a div tag with class toctree-wrapper in HTML output.
- The toctree callable in templates now has a maxdepth keyword argument to control the depth of the generated tree.

 $^{^{655}\} http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html\#include$

- The toctree callable in templates now accepts a titles_only keyword argument.
- Added htmltitle block in layout template.
- In the JavaScript search, allow searching for object names including the module name, like sys.argv.
- Added new theme haiku, inspired by the Haiku OS user guide.
- Added new theme nature.
- Added new theme agogo, created by Andi Albrecht.
- Added new theme scrolls, created by Armin Ronacher.
- #193: Added a visitedlinkcolor theme option to the default theme.
- #322: Improved responsiveness of the search page by loading the search index asynchronously.

• Extension API:

- Added html-collect-pages.
- Added needs_sphinx config value and require_sphinx() application API method.
- #200: Added add_stylesheet() application API method.

• Extensions:

- Added the *viewcode* extension.
- Added the extlinks extension.
- Added support for source ordering of members in autodoc, with autodoc_member_order = 'bysource'.
- Added autodoc_default_flags config value, which can be used to select default flags for all autodoc directives.
- Added a way for intersphinx to refer to named labels in other projects, and to specify the project you want to link to.
- #280: Autodoc can now document instance attributes assigned in __init__ methods.
- Many improvements and fixes to the autosummary extension, thanks to Pauli Virtanen.
- #309: The graphviz extension can now output SVG instead of PNG images, controlled by the graphviz_output_format config value.
- Added alt option to *graphviz* extension directives.
- Added exclude argument to autodoc.between().

• Translations:

- Added Croatian translation, thanks to Bojan Mihelač.
- Added Turkish translation, thanks to Firat Ozgul.
- Added Catalan translation, thanks to Pau Fernández.
- Added simplified Chinese translation.
- Added Danish translation, thanks to Hjorth Larsen.
- Added Lithuanian translation, thanks to Dalius Dobravolskas.

· Bugs fixed:

- #445: Fix links to result pages when using the search function of HTML built with the dirhtml builder.
- #444: In templates, properly re-escape values treated with the «striptags» Jinja filter.

10.109 Previous versions

The changelog for versions before 1.0 can be found in the file CHANGES old in the source distribution or at $GitHub^{656}$.

⁶⁵⁶ https://github.com/sphinx-doc/sphinx/raw/master/CHANGES.old

CAPITOLO 11

Projects using Sphinx

This is an (incomplete) alphabetic list of projects that use Sphinx or are experimenting with using it for their documentation. If you like to be included, please mail to the Google group 657.

I've grouped the list into sections to make it easier to find interesting examples.

11.1 Documentation using the alabaster theme

- AIOHTTP⁶⁵⁸
- Alabaster⁶⁵⁹
- Blinker⁶⁶⁰
- Calibre⁶⁶¹
- Click⁶⁶² (customized)
- coala⁶⁶³ (customized)
- CodePy⁶⁶⁴
- Eve⁶⁶⁵ (Python REST API framework)
- Fabric⁶⁶⁶
- Fityk⁶⁶⁷

⁶⁵⁷ https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/sphinx-users

⁶⁵⁸ https://docs.aiohttp.org/

⁶⁵⁹ https://alabaster.readthedocs.io/

⁶⁶⁰ https://pythonhosted.org/blinker/

⁶⁶¹ https://manual.calibre-ebook.com/

⁶⁶² https://click.palletsprojects.com/

⁶⁶³ https://docs.coala.io/

⁶⁶⁴ https://documen.tician.de/codepy/

⁶⁶⁵ https://docs.python-eve.org/

⁶⁶⁶ https://docs.fabfile.org/

⁶⁶⁷ https://fityk.nieto.pl/

- Flask⁶⁶⁸
- Flask-OpenID⁶⁶⁹
- Invoke⁶⁷⁰
- Jinja⁶⁷¹
- Lino⁶⁷² (customized)
- marbl⁶⁷³
- MDAnalysis⁶⁷⁴ (customized)
- MeshPy⁶⁷⁵
- Molecule⁶⁷⁶
- PyCUDA⁶⁷⁷
- PyOpenCL⁶⁷⁸
- PyLangAcq⁶⁷⁹
- pytest⁶⁸⁰ (customized)
- python-apt⁶⁸¹
- PvVisfile⁶⁸²
- Requests⁶⁸³
- searx⁶⁸⁴
- Spyder⁶⁸⁵ (customized)
- Tablib⁶⁸⁶
- urllib3⁶⁸⁷ (customized)
- Werkzeug⁶⁸⁸
- Write the Docs⁶⁸⁹

```
668 https://flask.palletsprojects.com/
```

⁶⁶⁹ https://pythonhosted.org/Flask-OpenID/

⁶⁷⁰ https://docs.pyinvoke.org/

⁶⁷¹ https://jinja.palletsprojects.com/

⁶⁷² http://www.lino-framework.org/

⁶⁷³ https://getmarbl.readthedocs.io/

⁶⁷⁴ https://www.mdanalysis.org/docs/

⁶⁷⁵ https://documen.tician.de/meshpy/

⁶⁷⁶ https://molecule.readthedocs.io/

⁶⁷⁷ https://documen.tician.de/pycuda/

⁶⁷⁸ https://documen.tician.de/pyopencl/

⁶⁷⁹ http://pylangacq.org/

⁶⁸⁰ https://docs.pytest.org/

⁶⁸¹ https://apt.alioth.debian.org/python-apt-doc/

⁶⁸² https://documen.tician.de/pyvisfile/

⁶⁸³ http://www.python-requests.org/

⁶⁸⁴ https://asciimoo.github.io/searx/

⁶⁸⁵ https://docs.spyder-ide.org/

⁶⁸⁶ http://docs.python-tablib.org/

⁶⁸⁷ https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/

⁶⁸⁸ https://werkzeug.palletsprojects.com/

⁶⁸⁹ https://writethedocs-www.readthedocs.io/

11.2 Documentation using the classic theme

- Advanced Generic Widgets⁶⁹⁰ (customized)
- Apache CouchDB⁶⁹¹ (customized)
- APSW⁶⁹²
- Arb⁶⁹³
- Bazaar⁶⁹⁴ (customized)
- Beautiful Soup⁶⁹⁵
- Blender API⁶⁹⁶
- Bugzilla⁶⁹⁷
- Buildbot⁶⁹⁸
- CMake⁶⁹⁹ (customized)
- Chaco⁷⁰⁰ (customized)
- CORE⁷⁰¹
- CORE Python modules⁷⁰²
- Cormoran⁷⁰³
- DEAP⁷⁰⁴ (customized)
- Director⁷⁰⁵
- EZ-Draw⁷⁰⁶ (customized)
- F2py⁷⁰⁷
- Generic Mapping Tools (GMT)⁷⁰⁸ (customized)
- Genomedata⁷⁰⁹
- GetFEM++⁷¹⁰ (customized)
- Glasgow Haskell Compiler⁷¹¹ (customized)
- Grok⁷¹² (customized)

```
690 http://xoomer.virgilio.it/infinity77/AGW_Docs/
```

⁶⁹¹ http://docs.couchdb.org/

⁶⁹² https://rogerbinns.github.io/apsw/

⁶⁹³ http://arblib.org/

⁶⁹⁴ http://doc.bazaar.canonical.com/

⁶⁹⁵ https://www.crummy.com/software/BeautifulSoup/bs4/doc/

⁶⁹⁶ https://docs.blender.org/api/current/

⁶⁹⁷ https://bugzilla.readthedocs.io/

⁶⁹⁸ https://docs.buildbot.net/latest/

⁶⁹⁹ https://cmake.org/documentation/

⁷⁰⁰ https://docs.enthought.com/chaco/

⁷⁰¹ https://downloads.pf.itd.nrl.navy.mil/docs/core/core-html/

⁷⁰² https://downloads.pf.itd.nrl.navy.mil/docs/core/core-python-html/

⁷⁰³ http://cormoran.nhopkg.org/docs/

⁷⁰⁴ https://deap.readthedocs.io/

⁷⁰⁵ https://pythonhosted.org/director/

⁷⁰⁶ https://pageperso.lif.univ-mrs.fr/~edouard.thiel/ez-draw/doc/en/html/ez-manual.html

⁷⁰⁷ http://f2py.sourceforge.net/docs/

⁷⁰⁸ https://gmt.soest.hawaii.edu/doc/latest/

⁷⁰⁹ https://noble.gs.washington.edu/proj/genomedata/doc/1.3.3/

⁷¹⁰ http://getfem.org/

⁷¹¹ https://downloads.haskell.org/~ghc/latest/docs/html/users_guide/

⁷¹² http://grok.zope.org/doc/current/

- GROMACS⁷¹³
- GSL Shell⁷¹⁴
- Hands-on Python Tutorial⁷¹⁵
- Kaa⁷¹⁶ (customized)
- Leo⁷¹⁷
- LEPL⁷¹⁸ (customized)
- Mayavi⁷¹⁹ (customized)
- MediaGoblin⁷²⁰ (customized)
- mpmath⁷²¹
- OpenCV⁷²² (customized)
- OpenEXR⁷²³
- OpenGDA⁷²⁴
- Peach^{^3725} (customized)
- Plone⁷²⁶ (customized)
- PvEMD⁷²⁷
- Pvevolve⁷²⁸
- Pygame⁷²⁹ (customized)
- PvMOI⁷³⁰
- PyQt4⁷³¹ (customized)
- PyQt5⁷³² (customized)
- Python 2⁷³³
- Python 3⁷³⁴ (customized)
- Python Packaging Authority⁷³⁵ (customized)
- Ring programming language⁷³⁶ (customized)

⁷¹³ http://manual.gromacs.org/documentation/

⁷¹⁴ https://www.nongnu.org/gsl-shell/

⁷¹⁵ https://anh.cs.luc.edu/python/hands-on/3.1/handsonHtml/

⁷¹⁶ https://api.freevo.org/kaa-base/

⁷¹⁷ https://leoeditor.com/

⁷¹⁸ http://www.acooke.org/lepl/

⁷¹⁹ https://docs.enthought.com/mayavi/mayavi/

⁷²⁰ https://mediagoblin.readthedocs.io/

⁷²¹ http://mpmath.org/doc/current/

⁷²² https://docs.opencv.org/

⁷²³ http://excamera.com/articles/26/doc/index.html

⁷²⁴ http://www.opengda.org/gdadoc/html/

⁷²⁵ https://peach3.nl/doc/latest/userdoc/

⁷²⁶ https://docs.plone.org/

⁷²⁷ https://pyemd.readthedocs.io/

⁷²⁸ http://pyevolve.sourceforge.net/

⁷²⁹ https://www.pygame.org/docs/

⁷³⁰ https://pythonhosted.org/pymqi/

⁷³¹ http://pyqt.sourceforge.net/Docs/PyQt4/

⁷³² http://pyqt.sourceforge.net/Docs/PyQt5/

⁷³³ https://docs.python.org/2/

⁷³⁴ https://docs.python.org/3/

⁷³⁵ https://www.pypa.io/

⁷³⁶ http://ring-lang.sourceforge.net/doc/

- SageMath⁷³⁷ (customized)
- Segway⁷³⁸
- simuPOP⁷³⁹ (customized)
- Sprox⁷⁴⁰ (customized)
- SymPy⁷⁴¹
- TurboGears⁷⁴² (customized)
- tvtk⁷⁴³
- Varnish⁷⁴⁴ (customized, alabaster for index)
- Waf⁷⁴⁵
- wxPython Phoenix⁷⁴⁶ (customized)
- Yum⁷⁴⁷
- z3c⁷⁴⁸
- zc.async⁷⁴⁹ (customized)
- Zope⁷⁵⁰ (customized)

11.3 Documentation using the sphinxdoc theme

- ABRT⁷⁵¹
- cartopy⁷⁵²
- Jython⁷⁵³
- LLVM⁷⁵⁴
- Matplotlib⁷⁵⁵
- MDAnalysis Tutorial⁷⁵⁶
- NetworkX⁷⁵⁷
- PyCantonese⁷⁵⁸

⁷³⁷ https://doc.sagemath.org/

⁷³⁸ https://noble.gs.washington.edu/proj/segway/doc/1.1.0/segway.html

⁷³⁹ http://simupop.sourceforge.net/manual_release/build/userGuide.html

⁷⁴⁰ http://sprox.org/

⁷⁴¹ https://docs.sympy.org/

⁷⁴² https://turbogears.readthedocs.io/

⁷⁴³ https://docs.enthought.com/mayavi/tvtk/

⁷⁴⁴ https://www.varnish-cache.org/docs/

⁷⁴⁵ https://waf.io/apidocs/

⁷⁴⁶ https://wxpython.org/Phoenix/docs/html/main.html

⁷⁴⁷ http://yum.baseurl.org/api/yum/

⁷⁴⁸ https://www.ibiblio.org/paulcarduner/z3ctutorial/

⁷⁴⁹ https://pythonhosted.org/zc.async/

⁷⁵⁰ https://docs.zope.org/zope2/

⁷⁵¹ https://abrt.readthedocs.io/

⁷⁵² https://scitools.org.uk/cartopy/docs/latest/

⁷⁵³ http://www.jython.org/docs/

⁷⁵⁴ https://llvm.org/docs/

⁷⁵⁵ https://matplotlib.org/

⁷⁵⁶ https://www.mdanalysis.org/MDAnalysisTutorial/

⁷⁵⁷ https://networkx.github.io/

⁷⁵⁸ http://pycantonese.org/

- Pyre⁷⁵⁹
- pySPACE⁷⁶⁰
- Pysparse⁷⁶¹
- PyTango⁷⁶²
- Python Wild Magic⁷⁶³ (customized)
- RDKit⁷⁶⁴
- Reteisi⁷⁶⁵ (customized)
- Sqlkit⁷⁶⁶ (customized)
- Turbulenz⁷⁶⁷

11.4 Documentation using the nature theme

- Alembic⁷⁶⁸
- Cython⁷⁶⁹
- easybuild⁷⁷⁰
- isFiddle⁷⁷¹
- libLAS⁷⁷² (customized)
- Lmod⁷⁷³
- MapServer⁷⁷⁴ (customized)
- Pandas⁷⁷⁵
- pyglet⁷⁷⁶ (customized)
- PyWavelets⁷⁷⁷
- Setuptools⁷⁷⁸
- Spring Python⁷⁷⁹
- StatsModels⁷⁸⁰ (customized)

```
759 http://docs.danse.us/pyre/sphinx/
```

⁷⁶⁰ https://pyspace.github.io/pyspace/

⁷⁶¹ http://pysparse.sourceforge.net/

⁷⁶² https://www.esrf.eu/computing/cs/tango/tango_doc/kernel_doc/pytango/latest/

⁷⁶³ https://vmlaker.github.io/pythonwildmagic/

⁷⁶⁴ https://www.rdkit.org/docs/

⁷⁶⁵ http://www.reteisi.org/contents.html

⁷⁶⁶ http://sqlkit.argolinux.org/

⁷⁶⁷ http://docs.turbulenz.com/

⁷⁶⁸ https://alembic.sqlalchemy.org/

⁷⁶⁹ http://docs.cython.org/

⁷⁷⁰ https://easybuild.readthedocs.io/

⁷⁷¹ http://doc.jsfiddle.net/

⁷⁷² https://www.liblas.org/

https://lmod.readthedocs.io/

⁷⁷⁴ https://mapserver.org/

⁷⁷⁵ https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/

⁷⁷⁶ https://pyglet.readthedocs.io/

https://pywavelets.readthedocs.io/

⁷⁷⁸ https://setuptools.readthedocs.io/

https://docs.spring.io/spring-python/1.2.x/sphinx/html/

⁷⁸⁰ https://www.statsmodels.org/

• Sylli⁷⁸¹

11.5 Documentation using another builtin theme

- Breathe⁷⁸² (haiku)
- MPipe⁷⁸³ (sphinx13)
- NLTK⁷⁸⁴ (agogo)
- Programmieren mit PyGTK und Glade (German)⁷⁸⁵ (agogo, customized)
- PyPubSub⁷⁸⁶ (bizstyle)
- Pylons⁷⁸⁷ (pyramid)
- Pyramid web framework⁷⁸⁸ (pyramid)
- RxDock⁷⁸⁹
- Sphinx⁷⁹⁰ (sphinx13) :-)
- Valence⁷⁹¹ (haiku, customized)

11.6 Documentation using sphinx_rtd_theme

- Annotator⁷⁹²
- Ansible⁷⁹³ (customized)
- Arcade⁷⁹⁴
- aria2⁷⁹⁵
- ASE⁷⁹⁶
- Autofac⁷⁹⁷
- BigchainDB⁷⁹⁸
- Blender Reference Manual⁷⁹⁹
- Blocks⁸⁰⁰

```
781 http://sylli.sourceforge.net/
```

⁷⁸² https://breathe.readthedocs.io/

⁷⁸³ https://vmlaker.github.io/mpipe/

⁷⁸⁴ https://www.nltk.org/

⁷⁸⁵ https://www.florian-diesch.de/doc/python-und-glade/online/

⁷⁸⁶ https://pypubsub.readthedocs.io/

⁷⁸⁷ https://docs.pylonsproject.org/projects/pylons-webframework/

⁷⁸⁸ https://docs.pylonsproject.org/projects/pyramid/

⁷⁸⁹ https://www.rxdock.org/documentation/html/devel/

⁷⁹⁰ http://www.sphinx-doc.org/

⁷⁹¹ https://docs.valence.desire2learn.com/

⁷⁹² http://docs.annotatorjs.org/

⁷⁹³ https://docs.ansible.com/

⁷⁹⁴ http://arcade.academy/

⁷⁹⁵ https://aria2.github.io/manual/en/html/

⁷⁹⁶ https://wiki.fysik.dtu.dk/ase/

⁷⁹⁷ http://docs.autofac.org/

⁷⁹⁸ https://docs.bigchaindb.com/

⁷⁹⁹ https://docs.blender.org/manual/

⁸⁰⁰ https://blocks.readthedocs.io/

- bootstrap-datepicker⁸⁰¹
- Certbot⁸⁰²
- Chainer⁸⁰³ (customized)
- CherryPy⁸⁰⁴
- cloud-init⁸⁰⁵
- CodeIgniter⁸⁰⁶
- Conda⁸⁰⁷
- Corda⁸⁰⁸
- Dask⁸⁰⁹
- Databricks⁸¹⁰ (customized)
- Dataiku DSS⁸¹¹
- DNF⁸¹²
- Django-cas-ng⁸¹³
- edX⁸¹⁴
- Electrum⁸¹⁵
- Elemental⁸¹⁶
- ESWP3817
- Ethereum Homestead⁸¹⁸
- Exhale⁸¹⁹
- Faker⁸²⁰
- Fidimag⁸²¹
- Flake8⁸²²
- Flatpak⁸²³
- FluidDyn⁸²⁴
- 801 https://bootstrap-datepicker.readthedocs.io/
- 802 https://letsencrypt.readthedocs.io/
- 803 https://docs.chainer.org/
- 804 https://docs.cherrypy.org/
- 805 https://cloudinit.readthedocs.io/
- 806 https://www.codeigniter.com/user_guide/
- 807 https://conda.io/docs/
- 808 https://docs.corda.net/
- 809 https://dask.pydata.org/
- 810 https://docs.databricks.com/
- 811 https://doc.dataiku.com/
- 812 https://dnf.readthedocs.io/
- 813 https://djangocas.dev/docs/
- 814 https://docs.edx.org/
- 815 http://docs.electrum.org/
- 816 http://libelemental.org/documentation/dev/
- 817 https://eswp3.readthedocs.io/
- 818 http://www.ethdocs.org/
- 819 https://exhale.readthedocs.io/
- 820 https://faker.readthedocs.io/
- 821 https://fidimag.readthedocs.io/
- 822 http://flake8.pycqa.org/
- 823 http://docs.flatpak.org/
- 824 https://fluiddyn.readthedocs.io/

- Fluidsim⁸²⁵
- Gallium⁸²⁶
- GeoNode⁸²⁷
- Glances⁸²⁸
- Godot⁸²⁹
- Graylog⁸³⁰
- GPAW⁸³¹ (customized)
- HDF5 for Python (h5py)⁸³²
- Hyperledger Fabric⁸³³
- Hyperledger Sawtooth⁸³⁴
- IdentityServer⁸³⁵
- Idris⁸³⁶
- javasphinx⁸³⁷
- Julia⁸³⁸
- Jupyter Notebook⁸³⁹
- Lasagne⁸⁴⁰
- latexindent.pl⁸⁴¹
- Learning Apache Spark with Python⁸⁴²
- LibCEED⁸⁴³
- Linguistica⁸⁴⁴
- Linux kernel⁸⁴⁵
- Mailman⁸⁴⁶
- MathJax⁸⁴⁷
- MDTraj⁸⁴⁸ (customized)
- 825 https://fluidsim.readthedocs.io/
- 826 https://gallium.readthedocs.io/
- 827 http://docs.geonode.org/
- 828 https://glances.readthedocs.io/
- 829 https://godot.readthedocs.io/
- 830 http://docs.graylog.org/
- 831 https://wiki.fysik.dtu.dk/gpaw/
- 832 http://docs.h5py.org/
- 833 https://hyperledger-fabric.readthedocs.io/
- 834 https://intelledger.github.io/
- 835 http://docs.identityserver.io/
- 836 http://docs.idris-lang.org/
- 837 https://bronto-javasphinx.readthedocs.io/
- 838 https://julia.readthedocs.io/
- 839 https://jupyter-notebook.readthedocs.io/
- 840 https://lasagne.readthedocs.io/
- 841 https://latexindentpl.readthedocs.io/
- https://runawayhorse001.github.io/LearningApacheSpark
- 843 https://libceed.readthedocs.io/
- 844 https://linguistica-uchicago.github.io/lxa5/
- 845 https://www.kernel.org/doc/html/latest/index.html
- 846 http://docs.list.org/
- 847 https://docs.mathjax.org/
- 848 http://mdtraj.org/latest/

- Mesa 3D⁸⁴⁹
- micca MICrobial Community Analysis⁸⁵⁰
- MicroPython⁸⁵¹
- Minds⁸⁵² (customized)
- Mink⁸⁵³
- Mockery⁸⁵⁴
- mod_wsgi⁸⁵⁵
- MoinMoin⁸⁵⁶
- Mopidy⁸⁵⁷
- mpi4py⁸⁵⁸
- MyHDL⁸⁵⁹
- Nextflow⁸⁶⁰
- NICOS⁸⁶¹ (customized)
- OpenFAST⁸⁶²
- Pelican⁸⁶³
- picamera⁸⁶⁴
- Pillow⁸⁶⁵
- pip⁸⁶⁶
- Paver⁸⁶⁷
- peewee⁸⁶⁸
- Phinx⁸⁶⁹
- phpMyAdmin⁸⁷⁰
- PROS⁸⁷¹ (customized)
- Pushkin⁸⁷²

```
849 https://docs.mesa3d.org/
```

⁸⁵⁰ https://micca.readthedocs.io/

⁸⁵¹ https://docs.micropython.org/

⁸⁵² https://www.minds.org/docs/

⁸⁵³ http://mink.behat.org/

⁸⁵⁴ http://docs.mockery.io/

⁸⁵⁵ https://modwsgi.readthedocs.io/

⁸⁵⁶ https://moin-20.readthedocs.io/

⁸⁵⁷ https://docs.mopidy.com/

⁸⁵⁸ https://mpi4py.readthedocs.io/

⁸⁵⁹ http://docs.myhdl.org/

⁸⁶⁰ https://www.nextflow.io/docs/latest/index.html

⁸⁶¹ https://forge.frm2.tum.de/nicos/doc/nicos-master/

⁸⁶² https://openfast.readthedocs.io/

⁸⁶³ http://docs.getpelican.com/

⁸⁶⁴ https://picamera.readthedocs.io/

⁸⁶⁵ https://pillow.readthedocs.io/

⁸⁶⁶ https://pip.pypa.io/

⁸⁶⁷ https://paver.readthedocs.io/

⁸⁶⁸ http://docs.peewee-orm.com/

⁸⁶⁹ http://docs.phinx.org/

⁸⁷⁰ https://docs.phpmyadmin.net/

⁸⁷¹ https://pros.cs.purdue.edu/v5/

⁸⁷² http://docs.pushkin.io/

- Pweave⁸⁷³
- PyPy⁸⁷⁴
- python-sqlparse⁸⁷⁵
- PvVISA⁸⁷⁶
- pyvista⁸⁷⁷
- Read The Docs⁸⁷⁸
- ROCm Platform⁸⁷⁹
- Free your information from their silos (French)⁸⁸⁰ (customized)
- Releases Sphinx extension⁸⁸¹
- Qtile⁸⁸²
- Quex⁸⁸³
- QuTiP⁸⁸⁴
- Satchmo⁸⁸⁵
- Scapy⁸⁸⁶
- SimGrid⁸⁸⁷
- SimPy⁸⁸⁸
- six⁸⁸⁹
- SlamData⁸⁹⁰
- Solidity⁸⁹¹
- Sonos Controller (SoCo)⁸⁹²
- Sphinx AutoAPI⁸⁹³
- sphinx-argparse⁸⁹⁴
- Sphinx-Gallery⁸⁹⁵ (customized)
- Sphinx with Github Webpages⁸⁹⁶
- 873 http://mpastell.com/pweave/
- 874 http://doc.pypy.org/
- 875 https://sqlparse.readthedocs.io/
- 876 https://pyvisa.readthedocs.io/
- 877 https://docs.pyvista.org/
- 878 https://docs.readthedocs.io/
- 879 https://rocm-documentation.readthedocs.io/
- 880 http://redaction-technique.org/
- 881 https://releases.readthedocs.io/
- 882 http://docs.qtile.org/
- 883 http://quex.sourceforge.net/doc/html/main.html
- 884 http://qutip.org/docs/latest/
- 885 http://docs.satchmoproject.com/
- 886 https://scapy.readthedocs.io/
- 887 https://simgrid.org/doc/latest/
- 888 https://simpy.readthedocs.io/
- 889 https://six.readthedocs.io/
- 890 https://newdocs.slamdata.com
- 891 https://solidity.readthedocs.io/
- 892 http://docs.python-soco.com/
- 893 https://sphinx-autoapi.readthedocs.io/
- 894 https://sphinx-argparse.readthedocs.io/
- 895 https://sphinx-gallery.readthedocs.io/
- 896 https://runawayhorse001.github.io/SphinxGithub

- SpotBugs⁸⁹⁷
- StarUML⁸⁹⁸
- Sublime Text Unofficial Documentation⁸⁹⁹
- SunPy⁹⁰⁰
- Sylius⁹⁰¹
- Syncthing⁹⁰²
- Tango Controls⁹⁰³ (customized)
- Topshelf⁹⁰⁴
- Theano⁹⁰⁵
- ThreatConnect⁹⁰⁶
- Tuleap⁹⁰⁷
- TYPO3⁹⁰⁸ (customized)
- Veyon⁹⁰⁹
- uWSGI⁹¹⁰
- virtualenv⁹¹¹
- Wagtail⁹¹²
- Web Application Attack and Audit Framework (w3af)⁹¹³
- Weblate⁹¹⁴
- x265⁹¹⁵
- Zulip⁹¹⁶

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897 https://spotbugs.readthedocs.io/
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⁸⁹⁸ https://docs.staruml.io/

⁸⁹⁹ http://docs.sublimetext.info/

⁹⁰⁰ https://docs.sunpy.org/

⁹⁰¹ http://docs.sylius.org/

⁹⁰² https://docs.syncthing.net/

⁹⁰³ https://tango-controls.readthedocs.io/

⁹⁰⁴ http://docs.topshelf-project.com/

⁹⁰⁵ http://www.deeplearning.net/software/theano/

⁹⁰⁶ https://docs.threatconnect.com/

⁹⁰⁷ https://tuleap.net/doc/en/

⁹⁰⁸ https://docs.typo3.org/

⁹⁰⁹ https://docs.veyon.io/

⁹¹⁰ https://uwsgi-docs.readthedocs.io/

⁹¹¹ https://virtualenv.readthedocs.io/

⁹¹² https://docs.wagtail.io/

⁹¹³ http://docs.w3af.org/

⁹¹⁴ https://docs.weblate.org/

⁹¹⁵ https://x265.readthedocs.io/

⁹¹⁶ https://zulip.readthedocs.io/

11.7 Documentation using sphinx_bootstrap_theme

- Bootstrap Theme⁹¹⁷
- C/C++ Software Development with Eclipse⁹¹⁸
- Dataverse⁹¹⁹
- e-cidadania⁹²⁰
- Hangfire⁹²¹
- Hedge⁹²²
- ObsPv⁹²³
- Open Dylan⁹²⁴
- OPNFV⁹²⁵
- Pootle⁹²⁶
- PyUblas⁹²⁷
- seaborn⁹²⁸

11.8 Documentation using a custom theme or integrated in a website

- Apache Cassandra⁹²⁹
- Astropy⁹³⁰
- Bokeh⁹³¹
- Boto 3⁹³²
- CakePHP⁹³³
- CasperJS⁹³⁴
- Ceph⁹³⁵
- Chef⁹³⁶
- CKAN⁹³⁷

 $^{^{917}\} https://ryan-roemer.github.io/sphinx-bootstrap-theme/$

⁹¹⁸ https://eclipsebook.in/

⁹¹⁹ http://guides.dataverse.org/

⁹²⁰ https://e-cidadania.readthedocs.io/

⁹²¹ http://docs.hangfire.io/

⁹²² https://documen.tician.de/hedge/

⁹²³ https://docs.obspy.org/

⁹²⁴ https://opendylan.org/documentation/

⁹²⁵ https://docs.opnfv.org/

⁹²⁶ http://docs.translatehouse.org/projects/pootle/

⁹²⁷ https://documen.tician.de/pyublas/

⁹²⁸ https://seaborn.pydata.org/

⁹²⁹ https://cassandra.apache.org/doc/

⁹³⁰ http://docs.astropy.org/

⁹³¹ https://bokeh.pydata.org/

⁹³² https://boto3.readthedocs.io/

⁹³³ https://book.cakephp.org/

⁹³⁴ http://docs.casperjs.org/

⁹³⁵ http://docs.ceph.com/docs/master/

⁹³⁶ https://docs.chef.io/

⁹³⁷ https://docs.ckan.org/

- Confluent Platform⁹³⁸
- Django⁹³⁹
- Doctrine⁹⁴⁰
- Enterprise Toolkit for Acrobat products⁹⁴¹
- FreeFEM⁹⁴²
- fmt⁹⁴³
- Gameduino⁹⁴⁴
- gensim⁹⁴⁵
- GeoServer⁹⁴⁶
- gevent⁹⁴⁷
- GHC Glasgow Haskell Compiler 948
- Guzzle⁹⁴⁹
- H2O.ai⁹⁵⁰
- Heka⁹⁵¹
- Istihza (Turkish Python documentation project)⁹⁵²
- JupyterHub⁹⁵³
- Kombu⁹⁵⁴
- Lasso⁹⁵⁵
- Mako⁹⁵⁶
- MirrorBrain⁹⁵⁷
- Mitiq⁹⁵⁸
- MongoDB⁹⁵⁹
- Music21960
- MyHDL⁹⁶¹

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938 https://docs.confluent.io/
```

⁹³⁹ https://docs.djangoproject.com/

⁹⁴⁰ https://www.doctrine-project.org/

⁹⁴¹ https://www.adobe.com/devnet-docs/acrobatetk/

⁹⁴² https://doc.freefem.org/introduction/

⁹⁴³ https://fmt.dev/

⁹⁴⁴ http://excamera.com/sphinx/gameduino/

⁹⁴⁵ https://radimrehurek.com/gensim/

⁹⁴⁶ http://docs.geoserver.org/

⁹⁴⁷ http://www.gevent.org/

⁹⁴⁸ https://downloads.haskell.org/~ghc/master/users-guide/

⁹⁴⁹ http://docs.guzzlephp.org/

⁹⁵⁰ http://docs.h2o.ai/

⁹⁵¹ https://hekad.readthedocs.io/

⁹⁵² https://belgeler.yazbel.com/python-istihza/

⁹⁵³ https://jupyterhub.readthedocs.io/

⁹⁵⁴ http://docs.kombu.me/

⁹⁵⁵ http://lassoguide.com/

⁹⁵⁶ http://docs.makotemplates.org/

⁹⁵⁷ http://mirrorbrain.org/docs/

⁹⁵⁸ https://mitiq.readthedocs.io/

⁹⁵⁹ https://docs.mongodb.com/

⁹⁶⁰ https://web.mit.edu/music21/doc/

⁹⁶¹ http://docs.myhdl.org/

- ndnSIM⁹⁶²
- nose⁹⁶³
- ns-3⁹⁶⁴
- NumPy⁹⁶⁵
- ObjectListView⁹⁶⁶
- OpenERP⁹⁶⁷
- OpenCV⁹⁶⁸
- OpenLayers⁹⁶⁹
- OpenTURNS⁹⁷⁰
- Open vSwitch⁹⁷¹
- PlatformIO⁹⁷²
- PyEphem⁹⁷³
- Pygments⁹⁷⁴
- Plone User Manual (German)⁹⁷⁵
- PSI4⁹⁷⁶
- PyMOTW⁹⁷⁷
- python-aspectlib⁹⁷⁸ (sphinx_py3doc_enhanced_theme⁹⁷⁹)
- QGIS⁹⁸⁰
- qooxdoo⁹⁸¹
- Roundup⁹⁸²
- SaltStack⁹⁸³
- scikit-learn⁹⁸⁴
- SciPy⁹⁸⁵

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962 https://ndnsim.net/current/
```

⁹⁶³ https://nose.readthedocs.io/

⁹⁶⁴ https://www.nsnam.org/documentation/

⁹⁶⁵ https://docs.scipy.org/doc/numpy/reference/

⁹⁶⁶ http://objectlistview.sourceforge.net/python/

⁹⁶⁷ https://doc.odoo.com/

⁹⁶⁸ https://docs.opencv.org/

⁹⁶⁹ http://docs.openlayers.org/

⁹⁷⁰ https://openturns.github.io/openturns/master/

⁹⁷¹ http://docs.openvswitch.org/

⁹⁷² https://docs.platformio.org/

⁹⁷³ http://rhodesmill.org/pyephem/

⁹⁷⁴ http://pygments.org/docs/

⁹⁷⁵ https://www.hasecke.com/plone-benutzerhandbuch/4.0/

⁹⁷⁶ http://www.psicode.org/psi4manual/master/index.html

⁹⁷⁷ https://pymotw.com/2/

⁹⁷⁸ https://python-aspectlib.readthedocs.io/

⁹⁷⁹ https://pypi.org/project/sphinx_py3doc_enhanced_theme/

⁹⁸⁰ https://qgis.org/en/docs/index.html

⁹⁸¹ https://www.qooxdoo.org/current/

⁹⁸² http://www.roundup-tracker.org/

⁹⁸³ https://docs.saltstack.com/

⁹⁸⁴ http://scikit-learn.org/stable/

⁹⁸⁵ https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy/reference/

- Scrapy⁹⁸⁶
- Seaborn⁹⁸⁷
- Selenium⁹⁸⁸
- Self⁹⁸⁹
- Substance D⁹⁹⁰
- Sulu⁹⁹¹
- SQLAlchemy⁹⁹²
- tinyTiM⁹⁹³
- Twisted⁹⁹⁴
- Ubuntu Packaging Guide⁹⁹⁵
- WebFaction⁹⁹⁶
- WTForms⁹⁹⁷

11.9 Homepages and other non-documentation sites

- Arizona State University PHY494/PHY598/CHM598 Simulation approaches to Bio-and Nanophysics⁹⁹⁸ (classic)
- Benoit Boissinot⁹⁹⁹ (classic, customized)
- Computer Networks, Parallelization, and Simulation Laboratory (CNPSLab)¹⁰⁰⁰ (sphinx_rtd_theme)
- Deep Learning Tutorials 1001 (sphinxdoc)
- Eric Holscher¹⁰⁰² (alabaster)
- Lei Ma's Statistical Mechanics lecture notes 1003 (sphinx_bootstrap_theme)
- Loyola University Chicago COMP 339-439 Distributed Systems course 1004 (sphinx_bootstrap_theme)
- Pylearn2¹⁰⁰⁵ (sphinxdoc, customized)
- PyXLL¹⁰⁰⁶ (sphinx_bootstrap_theme, customized)
- SciPy Cookbook¹⁰⁰⁷ (sphinx rtd theme)

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986 https://doc.scrapy.org/
987 https://seaborn.pydata.org/
988 https://docs.seleniumhq.org/docs/
989 http://www.selflanguage.org/
990 https://docs.pylonsproject.org/projects/substanced/
991 http://docs.sulu.io/
992 https://docs.sqlalchemy.org/
993 http://tinytim.sourceforge.net/docs/2.0/
994 https://twistedmatrix.com/documents/current/
995 http://packaging.ubuntu.com/html/
996 https://docs.webfaction.com/
997 https://wtforms.readthedocs.io/
998 https://becksteinlab.physics.asu.edu/pages/courses/2013/SimBioNano/
999 https://bboissin.appspot.com/
1000 https://lab.miletic.net/
1001 http://www.deeplearning.net/tutorial/
1002 http://ericholscher.com/
1003 http://statisticalphysics.openmetric.org/
1004 https://books.cs.luc.edu/distributedsystems/
1005 http://www.deeplearning.net/software/pylearn2/
1006 https://www.pyxll.com/
```

1007 https://scipy-cookbook.readthedocs.io/

- Tech writer at work blog 1008 (custom theme)
- The Wine Cellar Book (sphinxdoc)
- Thomas Cokelaer's Python, Sphinx and reStructuredText tutorials 1010 (standard)
- UC Berkeley ME233 Advanced Control Systems II course¹⁰¹¹ (sphinxdoc)
- Željko Svedružić's Biomolecular Structure and Function Laboratory (BioSFLab)¹⁰¹² (sphinx_bootstrap_theme)

11.10 Books produced using Sphinx

- «The Art of Community» (Japanese translation)¹⁰¹³
- «Die Wahrheit des Sehens. Der DEKALOG von Krzysztof Kieślowski»¹⁰¹⁴
- «Expert Python Programming» 1015
- «Expert Python Programming» (Japanese translation)¹⁰¹⁶
- «Expert Python Programming 2nd Edition» (Japanese translation)¹⁰¹⁷
- «The Hitchhiker's Guide to Python» 1018
- «LassoGuide» 1019
- «Learning Sphinx» (in Japanese)¹⁰²⁰
- «Learning System Programming with Go (Japanese)» 1021
- «Mercurial: the definitive guide (Second edition)» 1022
- «Mithril The fastest clientside MVC (Japanese)» 1023
- «Pioneers and Prominent Men of Utah» 1024
- «Pomodoro Technique Illustrated» (Japanese translation) 1025
- «Professional Software Development» 1026
- «Python Professional Programming» (in Japanese) 1027
- «Python Professional Programming 2nd Edition» (in Japanese)¹⁰²⁸
- «Python Professional Programming 3rd Edition» (in Japanese) 1029

```
1008 https://blog.documatt.com/
```

¹⁰⁰⁹ https://www.thewinecellarbook.com/doc/en/

¹⁰¹⁰ https://thomas-cokelaer.info/tutorials/

¹⁰¹¹ https://berkeley-me233.github.io/

¹⁰¹² https://www.svedruziclab.com/

¹⁰¹³ https://www.oreilly.co.jp/books/9784873114958/

https://literatur.hasecke.com/post/die-wahrheit-des-sehens-dekalog-kieslowski/

¹⁰¹⁵ https://www.packtpub.com/application-development/expert-python-programming

¹⁰¹⁶ https://www.amazon.co.jp/dp/4048686291/

¹⁰¹⁷ https://www.amazon.co.jp/dp/4048930613/

¹⁰¹⁸ https://docs.python-guide.org/

¹⁰¹⁹ http://www.lassosoft.com/Lasso-Documentation

¹⁰²⁰ https://www.oreilly.co.jp/books/9784873116488/

¹⁰²¹ https://www.lambdanote.com/products/go

¹⁰²² https://book.mercurial-scm.org/

¹⁰²³ https://www.oreilly.co.jp/books/9784873117447/

¹⁰²⁴ http://pioneers.rstebbing.com/

¹⁰²⁵ https://www.amazon.co.jp/dp/4048689525/

¹⁰²⁶ https://mixmastamyk.bitbucket.io/pro_soft_dev/

¹⁰²⁷ http://www.amazon.co.jp/dp/4798032948/

¹⁰²⁸ https://www.amazon.co.jp/dp/479804315X/

¹⁰²⁹ https://www.amazon.co.jp/dp/4798053821/

- Python Course by Yuri Petrov (Russian)¹⁰³⁰
- «Real World HTTP Learning The Internet and Web Technology via its history and code (Japanese)» 1031
- «Redmine Primer 5th Edition (in Japanese)» 1032
- «The repoze.bfg Web Application Framework» 1033
- «The Self-Taught Programmer» (Japanese translation)¹⁰³⁴
- «Simple and Steady Way of Learning for Software Engineering» (in Japanese)¹⁰³⁵
- «Software-Dokumentation mit Sphinx» 1036
- «Theoretical Physics Reference» 1037
- «The Varnish Book» 1038

11.11 Theses produced using Sphinx

- «A Web-Based System for Comparative Analysis of OpenStreetMap Data by the Use of CouchDB» 1039
- «Content Conditioning and Distribution for Dynamic Virtual Worlds»¹⁰⁴⁰
- «The Sphinx Thesis Resource» 1041

11.12 Projects integrating Sphinx functionality

- Read the Docs¹⁰⁴², a software-as-a-service documentation hosting platform, uses Sphinx to automatically build documentation updates that are pushed to GitHub.
- Spyder¹⁰⁴³, the Scientific Python Development Environment, uses Sphinx in its help pane to render rich documentation for functions, classes and methods automatically or on-demand.

¹⁰³⁰ https://www.yuripetrov.ru/edu/python

¹⁰³¹ https://www.oreilly.co.jp/books/9784873118048/

https://www.shuwasystem.co.jp/products/7980html/4825.html

¹⁰³³ https://www.amazon.com/repoze-bfg-Web-Application-Framework-Version/dp/0615345379

¹⁰³⁴ https://www.amazon.co.jp/dp/4822292274/

¹⁰³⁵ https://www.amazon.co.jp/dp/477414259X/

¹⁰³⁶ https://www.amazon.de/dp/1497448689/

¹⁰³⁷ https://www.theoretical-physics.net/

¹⁰³⁸ https://info.varnish-software.com/the-varnish-book

¹⁰³⁹ https://www.yumpu.com/et/document/view/11722645/masterthesis-markusmayr-0542042

¹⁰⁴⁰ https://www.cs.princeton.edu/research/techreps/TR-941-12

¹⁰⁴¹ https://jterrace.github.io/sphinxtr/

¹⁰⁴² https://readthedocs.org/

¹⁰⁴³ https://docs.spyder-ide.org/help.html

Indice del modulo Python

```
а
                                                sphinx.ext.githubpages, 145
                                                sphinx.ext.graphviz, 145
sphinx.addnodes, 291
                                                sphinx.ext.ifconfig, 148
sphinx.application, 261
                                                sphinx.ext.imgconverter, 148
                                                sphinx.ext.imgmath, 155
b
                                                sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram, 149
sphinx.builders, 114
                                                sphinx.ext.intersphinx, 152
sphinx.builders.changes, 120
                                                sphinx.ext.jsmath, 158
sphinx.builders.dirhtml, 114
                                                sphinx.ext.linkcode, 154
sphinx.builders.dummy, 120
                                                sphinx.ext.mathbase, 155
sphinx.builders.epub3, 116
                                                sphinx.ext.mathjax, 156
sphinx.builders.gettext, 119
                                                sphinx.ext.napoleon, 158
sphinx.builders.html, 114
                                                sphinx.ext.todo, 167
sphinx.builders.latex, 116
                                                sphinx.ext.viewcode, 168
sphinx.builders.linkcheck, 120
sphinx.builders.manpage, 117
sphinx.builders.singlehtml, 114
                                                latex, 245
sphinx.builders.texinfo, 118
sphinx.builders.text, 117
sphinx.builders.xml, 120
                                                sphinx.parsers, 290
conf, 73
                                                sphinxcontrib.applehelp, 115
d
                                                sphinxcontrib.devhelp, 115
                                                sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp, 114
docutils.parsers.rst, 283
                                                sphinxcontrib.qthelp, 115
sphinx.domains, 286
sphinx.domains.python, 290
sphinx.environment, 280
sphinx.environment.collectors, 283
sphinx.errors, 279
sphinx.ext.autodoc, 122
sphinx.ext.autosectionlabel, 133
sphinx.ext.autosummary, 134
sphinx.ext.coverage, 138
sphinx.ext.doctest, 139
sphinx.ext.duration, 144
sphinx.ext.extlinks, 144
```

Sphinx Documentation, Release 4.0.0+/06c59d27

Simboli digraph (direttiva), 147 graph (direttiva), 146 :abstractmethod: (directive option) graphviz (direttiva), 146 py:method(direttiva), 49 :lineno-start: (directive option) py:property (direttiva), 49 code-block (direttiva), 33 :align: (directive option) :linenos: (directive option) digraph (direttiva), 147 code-block (direttiva), 33 graph (direttiva), 146 :linenothreshold: (directive option) graphviz (direttiva), 146 highlight (direttiva), 33 :alt: (directive option) :maxdepth: (directive option) digraph (direttiva), 147 c:alias (direttiva), 55 graph (direttiva), 146 cpp:alias (direttiva), 62 graphviz (direttiva), 146 :members: (directive option) :async: (directive option) automodule (direttiva), 124 py:function (direttiva), 47 :name: (directive option) py:method (direttiva), 49 code-block (direttiva), 34 :canonical: (directive option) digraph (direttiva), 147 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 graph (direttiva), 147 py:class (direttiva), 48 graphviz (direttiva), 146 py:data (direttiva), 47 index (direttiva), 39 py:function (direttiva), 47 :noroot: (directive option) py:method (direttiva), 49 c:alias (direttiva), 55 :caption: (directive option) cpp:alias (direttiva), 62 code-block (direttiva), 34 :platform: (directive option) digraph (direttiva), 147 py:module (direttiva), 46 graph (direttiva), 146 :private-members: (directive option) graphviz (direttiva), 146 automodule (direttiva), 124 toctree (direttiva), 71 :property: (directive option) :class: (directive option) py:method (direttiva), 49 digraph (direttiva), 147 :special-members: (directive option) graph (direttiva), 147 automodule (direttiva), 124 graphviz (direttiva), 146 :staticmethod: (directive option) :classmethod: (directive option) py:method (direttiva), 49 py:method(direttiva), 49 :synopsis: (directive option) :dedent: (directive option) py:module (direttiva), 46 code-block (direttiva), 34 :type: (directive option) :deprecated: (directive option) py:attribute (direttiva), 48 py:module (direttiva), 46 py:data (direttiva), 47 :emphasize-lines: (directive option) py:property (direttiva), 49 code-block (direttiva), 33 rst:directive:option (direttiva), 71 :final: (directive option) :undoc-members: (directive option) py:class (direttiva), 48 automodule (direttiva), 124 py:exception (direttiva), 48 :value: (directive option) py:method (direttiva), 49 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :force: (directive option) py:data (direttiva), 47 code-block (direttiva), 34 \$.getJSON() (\$ metodo), 70 highlight (direttiva), 33 _() (nel modulo sphinx.locale), 296 :glob: (directive option) __() (nel modulo sphinx.locale), 296 toctree (direttiva), 71 -A <author> :layout: (directive option) sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235

-A name=value	sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234
sphinx-build command line option, 231 -C	help sphinx-build command line option, 232
sphinx-build command line option, 231	sphinx-purity command line option, 232 sphinx-quickstart command line option, 227
-D setting=value	implicit-namespaces
sphinx-build command line option, 231	sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235
-E	imported-members
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235 sphinx-build command line option, 231	sphinx-autogen command line option, 236keep-going
-F	sphinx-build command line option, 232
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	language=LANGUAGE
-H <project></project>	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235	makefile
-M	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235 -M buildername	master=MASTER sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228
sphinx-build command line option, 230	module-first
-N	sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235
sphinx-build command line option, 232	no-batchfile
-P	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235 sphinx-build command line option, 232	no-headings sphinx-apidoc command line option,235
-Q	no-makefile
sphinx-build command line option, 232	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229
-R <release></release>	no-sep
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228
-T sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	no-toc sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234
sphinx-build command line option, 232	no-use-make-mode (-M)
-V <version></version>	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235	private
-W	sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235
sphinx-build command line option, 232author=AUTHOR	project=PROJECT sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	quiet
batchfile	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 227
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229	release=RELEASE
dot=DOT	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228dry-run	sep sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	separate
ext-autodoc	sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	suffix <suffix></suffix>
ext-coverage	sphinx-autogen command line option, 236
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228ext-doctest	suffix=SUFFIX sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	templatedir=TEMPLATEDIR
ext-githubpages	sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229
ext-ifconfig	templates <templates></templates>
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228ext-imgmath	sphinx-autogen command line option, 236tocfile
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234
ext-intersphinx	use-make-mode(-m)
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229
ext-mathjax sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	version
ext-todo	sphinx-build command line option, 232 sphinx-quickstart command line option, 227
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	-a
ext-viewcode	sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	sphinx-build command line option, 231
extensions=EXTENSIONS	-a AUTHOR
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229follow-links	sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228 -b buildername
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	sphinx-build command line option, 230
force	-c path
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	sphinx-build command line option, 231
TILL	- O NAME-VALUE

sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229 -d <maxdepth></maxdepth>	<pre>add_comment() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend</pre>
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	add_comment() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.WebSupport metodo), 190
-d path	add_config_value() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 262
sphinx-build command line option, 231	add_crossref_type() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 268
-e sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	<pre>add_css_file() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 270 add_directive() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 265</pre>
-f	add_directive_to_domain() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo),
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	266
-h	add_document() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.search.BaseSearch
sphinx-build command line option, 232 sphinx-quickstart command line option, 227	metodo), 192 add_domain() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 266
-i	add_enumerable_node() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 264
sphinx-autogen command line option, 236	add_env_collector() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 272
-j N	add_event() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 263
sphinx-build command line option, 231 -1	<pre>add_function_parentheses configuration value, 81</pre>
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	add_generic_role() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 266
-1 LANGUAGE	add_html_math_renderer() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo),
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	273
-n	add_html_theme() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 272
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234 sphinx-build command line option, 232	<pre>add_index_to_domain() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 267 add_js_file() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 269</pre>
-o <output_path></output_path>	add_latex_package() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 271
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	add_lexer() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 271
-o <outputdir></outputdir>	add_message_catalog() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 273
sphinx-autogen command line option, 236 -p PROJECT	<pre>add_module_names configuration value, 81</pre>
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	add_node() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 263
-q	add_node() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	metodo), 193
sphinx-build command line option, 232 sphinx-quickstart command line option, 227	add_object_type() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 267 add_object_type() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 286
-r RELEASE	add_post_transform() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 269
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	add_role() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 265
-s <suffix></suffix>	<pre>add_role_to_domain() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 266</pre>
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 234	add_search_language() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 272
sphinx-autogen command line option, 236 -t	<pre>add_source_parser() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 272 add_source_suffix() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 272</pre>
sphinx-apidoc command line option, 235	add_transform() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 269
sphinx-quickstart command line option, 229	advance (C++ function), 63
-t <templates></templates>	all-files
sphinx-autogen command line option, 236 -t tag	setuptools configuration value, 182 any (ruolo), 21
sphinx-build command line option, 231	app (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280
-v	app (sphinx.transforms.SphinxTransform property), 297
sphinx-build command line option, 232	applehelp_bundle_id
-v VERSION sphinx-quickstart command line option, 228	configuration value, 93
-w file	applehelp_bundle_name configuration value,93
sphinx-build command line option, 232	applehelp_bundle_version
[anonymous].data(C var), 55	configuration value, 93
[anonymous]. $f(C function)$, 55	applehelp_codesign_flags
۸	<pre>configuration value, 94 applehelp_codesign_identity</pre>
A	configuration value, 94
a (C var), 56	applehelp_codesign_path
a (C++ member), 64 abbr (ruolo), 24	configuration value, 95
accept_comment()	<pre>applehelp_dev_region configuration value, 93</pre>
(sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend	applehelp_disable_external_tools
metodo), 194	configuration value, 95
add() (sphinx.events.EventManager metodo), 300 add_autodoc_attrgetter() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo),	applehelp_icon
add_autodoc_attrgetter() (spninx.applicanion.spninx metodo), 272	configuration value, 93
add_autodocumenter() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 271	applehelp_index_anchors configuration value,94
add_builder() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 262	applehelp_indexer_path
	configuration value, 95

	Ci
applehelp_kb_product	configuration value, 133
configuration value, 93	autosectionlabel_prefix_document
applehelp_kb_url	configuration value, 133
configuration value,94	autosummary (direttiva), 134
applehelp_locale	autosummary_context
configuration value, 94	configuration value, 136
applehelp_min_term_length	autosummary_filename_map
configuration value, 94	configuration value, 136
applehelp_remote_url	autosummary_generate
configuration value,94	configuration value, 136
applehelp_stopwords	autosummary_generate_overwrite
configuration value, 94	configuration value, 136
applehelp_title	autosummary_imported_members
configuration value, 94	configuration value, 136
AppleHelpBuilder (classe in sphinxcontrib.applehelp), 115	autosummary_mock_imports
apply() (sphinx.transforms.post_transforms.SphinxPostTransform	configuration value, 136
metodo), 298	available (sphi-
arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284	nx.transforms.post_transforms.images.ImageConverter
attributes (variabile built-in), 137	attributo), 300
author	
configuration value, 74	В
autoattribute (direttiva), 127	ט
autoclass (direttiva), 123	bar (direttiva), 71
autoclass_content	BaseSearch (classe in sphinxcontrib.websupport.search), 191
	between() (nel modulo sphinx.ext.autodoc), 132
configuration value, 128	block_text (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284
autodata (direttiva), 127	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
autodecorator (direttiva), 127	body (variabile built-in), 244
autodoc_default_flags	build() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 281
configuration value, 129	build() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.WebSupport metodo), 189
autodoc_default_options	build_all() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 281
configuration value, 129	<pre>build_specific() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 281</pre>
autodoc_docstring_signature	<pre>build_update() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 281</pre>
	build-dir
configuration value, 129	setuptools configuration value, 182
autodoc_inherit_docstrings	
configuration value, 131	build-finished
autodoc_member_order	event, 277
configuration value, 128	BuildEnvironment (classe in sphinx.environment), 280
autodoc_mock_imports	builder, 333
configuration value, 129	setuptools configuration value, 183
autodoc_preserve_defaults	Builder (classe in sphinx.builders), 281
	builder (variabile built-in), 242
configuration value, 130	builder-inited
autodoc_type_aliases	
configuration value, 130	event, 275
autodoc_typehints	
configuration value, 130	C
autodoc_warningiserror	
configuration value, 130	c:alias (direttiva), 55
·	:maxdepth: (directive option), 55
autodoc-before-process-signature	:noroot: (directive option), 55
event, 131	c:data (ruolo), 54
autodoc-process-docstring	c:enum (direttiva), 54
event, 131	c:enum (<i>ruolo</i>), 54
autodoc-process-signature	c:enumerator (direttiva), 54
event, 131	
autodoc-skip-member	c:enumerator (ruolo), 54
event, 132	c:expr(ruolo), 56
	c: func (ruolo), 54
autoexception (direttiva), 123	c:function (direttiva), 53
autofunction (direttiva), 127	c:macro (direttiva), 53
automatic	c:macro (ruolo), 54
documentation, 122	c:member (direttiva), 53
linking, 152	c:member (unemva), 53
testing, 139	
automethod (<i>direttiva</i>), 127	c:namespace (direttiva), 56
automodule (<i>direttiva</i>), 123	c:namespace-pop(direttiva), 57
	c:namespace-push (direttiva), 56
:members: (directive option), 124	c:struct (direttiva), 53
:private-members: (directive option), 124	c:struct (ruolo), 54
:special-members: (directive option), 124	c:texpr (ruolo), 56
:undoc-members: (directive option), 124	c:type (direttiva), 54
autosectionlabel_maxdepth	** *
•	c:type (ruolo), 54

c:union (direttiva), 54	applehelp_kb_product, 93
c:union (ruolo), 54	applehelp_kb_url, 94
c:var (direttiva), 53	applehelp_locale, 94
c:var (ruolo), 54	applehelp_min_term_length,94
c_allow_pre_v3	applehelp_remote_url,94
configuration value, 106	applehelp_stopwords, 94
c_id_attributes	applehelp_title, 94
configuration value, 106	author, 74
c_paren_attributes	autoclass_content, 128
configuration value, 106	autodoc_default_flags, 129
c_warn_on_allowed_pre_v3	autodoc_default_options, 129
configuration value, 106	autodoc_docstring_signature, 129
category (sphinx.errors.SphinxError attributo), 279	autodoc_inherit_docstrings, 131
centered (direttiva), 31	autodoc_member_order, 128
changes	autodoc_mock_imports, 129
=	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
in version, 30	autodoc_preserve_defaults, 130
ChangesBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.changes), 120	autodoc_type_aliases, 130
check_consistency() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 286	autodoc_typehints, 130
CheckExternalLinksBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.linkcheck),	autodoc_warningiserror, 130
120	autosectionlabel_maxdepth, 133
class (variabile built-in), 137	<pre>autosectionlabel_prefix_document, 133</pre>
classes (variabile built-in), 137	autosummary_context, 136
clear_doc() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 286	autosummary_filename_map, 136
clear_doc() (sphinx.environment.collectors.EnvironmentCollector	autosummary_generate, 136
metodo), 283	autosummary_generate_overwrite, 136
code	autosummary_imported_members, 136
examples, 32	autosummary_mock_imports, 136
•	
code-block (direttiva), 33	c_allow_pre_v3, 106
:caption: (directive option), 34	c_id_attributes, 106
:dedent: (directive option), 34	c_paren_attributes, 106
:emphasize-lines: (directive option), 33	c_warn_on_allowed_pre_v3, 106
: force: (directive option), 34	copyright, 74
:lineno-start: (directive option), 33	coverage_c_path, 138
:linenos: (directive option), 33	coverage_c_regexes, 138
:name: (directive option), 34	coverage_ignore_c_items, 138
codeauthor (direttiva), 38	coverage_ignore_classes, 138
command (ruolo), 24	coverage_ignore_functions, 138
compact_paragraph (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292	coverage_ignore_modules, 138
compile()	coverage_ignore_pyobjects, 138
funzione built-in,50	coverage_show_missing_items, 138
conf	coverage_skip_undoc_in_source, 138
modulo, 73	
	coverage_write_headline, 138
confdir (sphinx.application.Sphinx attributo), 274	cpp_id_attributes, 106
Config (classe in sphinx.config), 278	cpp_index_common_prefix, 106
config (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280	cpp_paren_attributes, 106
config (sphinx.transforms.SphinxTransform property), 297	default_role, 77
config (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxDirective property), 298	doctest_default_flags, 143
config (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole property), 298	doctest_global_cleanup, 143
config-dir	doctest_global_setup, 143
setuptools configuration value, 182	doctest_path, 143
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	doctest_test_doctest_blocks, 143
config-inited	
event, 275	epub_author, 95
ConfigError, 279	epub_basename, 95
configuration directory, 333	epub_contributor, 95
configuration value	epub_copyright, 96
add_function_parentheses, 81	epub_cover, 96
add_module_names, 81	epub_css_files, 96
applehelp_bundle_id, 93	epub_description, 95
applehelp_bundle_name, 93	epub_exclude_files, 97
applehelp_bundle_version, 93	epub_fix_images, 97
applehelp_codesign_flags, 94	epub_guide, 96
applehelp_codesign_identity,94	epub_identifier,96
applehelp_codesign_path, 95	epub_language, 95
applehelp_dev_region, 93	epub_max_image_width, 97
applehelp_disable_external_tools, 95	epub_post_files,97
applehelp_icon, 93	epub_pre_files, 96
applehelp_index_anchors, 94	epub_publisher, 96
applehelp_indexer_path, 95	epub_scheme, 96
	-r

epub_show_urls,97	htmlhelp_file_suffix, 93
epub_theme, 95	htmlhelp_link_suffix,93
epub_theme_options, 95	image_converter, 149
epub_title, 95	image_converter_args, 149
epub_tocdepth, 97	<pre>imgmath_add_tooltips, 155</pre>
epub_tocdup, 97	imgmath_dvipng, 156
epub_tocscope, 97	imgmath_dvipng_args, 156
epub_uid, 96	imgmath_dvisvgm, 156
epub_use_index, 97	imgmath_dvisvgm_args, 156
epub_writing_mode, 98	imgmath_font_size, 155
exclude_patterns, 76	imgmath_image_format, 155
extensions, 74	imgmath_latex, 155
extlinks, 144	imgmath_latex_args, 156
figure_language_filename, 85	imgmath_latex_preamble, 156
<pre>gettext_additional_targets, 84</pre>	imgmath_use_preview, 155
gettext_auto_build, 84	inheritance_alias, 152
gettext_compact, 84	inheritance_edge_attrs, 151
gettext_location, 84	inheritance_graph_attrs, 151
gettext_uuid, 84	inheritance_node_attrs, 151
graphviz_dot, 147	intersphinx_cache_limit, 153
graphviz_dot_args, 147	intersphinx_mapping, 152
graphviz_output_format, 147	intersphinx_timeout, 153
highlight_language, 80	jsmath_path, 158
highlight_options, 81	keep_warnings, 77
html4_writer,92	language, 82
html_add_permalinks, 88	latex_additional_files, 100
html_additional_pages, 89	latex_appendices, 99
html_baseurl, 86	latex_docclass, 100
html_codeblock_linenos_style, 86	latex_documents, 98
html_compact_lists, 90	latex_domain_indices, 99
html_context, 86	latex_elements, 100
html_copy_source, 89	latex_engine, 98
html_css_files, 87	latex_logo, 99
html_domain_indices, 89	latex_show_pagerefs,99
html_experimental_html5_writer, 92	latex_show_urls,99
	Tatex_SHOW_ull15, 99
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
html_extra_path, 87	latex_theme, 100
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87	<pre>latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99</pre>
<pre>html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88</pre>	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_loptions, 91 html_search_scorer, 92	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_resolve, 154
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_resolve, 154 locale_dirs, 83
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_resolve, 154
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcde_resolve, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcde_resolve, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_search_language, 90 html_search_loptions, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcde_resolve, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_sork
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_loptions, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_auth, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_solve, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102 man_show_urls, 102 manpages_url, 78 master_doc, 75
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_search_scorer, 92 html_show_title, 86 html_show_title, 86 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcode_resolve, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102 man_show_urls, 102 manpages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_oo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_show_urls, 102 mangages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86 html_theme, 85	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102 man_show_urls, 102 man_pages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85 math_numfig, 85 mathjax_config, 157
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks, 1con, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_loptions, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86 html_theme, 85 html_theme_options, 85	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 154 locale_dirs, 83 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_show_urls, 102 manpages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85 math_numfig, 85 mathjax_config, 157 mathjax_options, 157
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_search_language, 90 html_search_language, 90 html_search_scorer, 92 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86 html_theme_options, 85 html_theme_options, 85 html_theme_path, 85	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_aidn, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_morkers, 104 linkcheck_morkers, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 105 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85 math_jax_config, 157 mathjax_options, 157 mathjax_path, 157
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_loptions, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86 html_theme_options, 85 html_theme_path, 85 html_theme_path, 85 html_title, 86	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_morkers, 104 linkcheck_morkers, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85 math_jax_config, 157 mathjax_options, 157 mathjax_path, 157 modindex_common_prefix, 81
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_search_language, 90 html_search_language, 90 html_search_scorer, 92 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86 html_theme_options, 85 html_theme_options, 85 html_theme_path, 85	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_aidn, 105 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_morkers, 104 linkcheck_morkers, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 105 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85 math_jax_config, 157 mathjax_options, 157 mathjax_path, 157
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_loptions, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86 html_theme_options, 85 html_theme_path, 85 html_theme_path, 85 html_title, 86	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_morkers, 104 linkcheck_morkers, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85 math_jax_config, 157 mathjax_options, 157 mathjax_path, 157 modindex_common_prefix, 81
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_show_sphinx, 90 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86 html_theme, 85 html_theme_options, 85 html_theme_path, 85 html_title, 86 html_use_index, 89	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_aignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_workers, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 102 man_pages, 102 man_make_section_directory, 102 man_pages, 102 man_show_urls, 102 manpages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85 math_jax_config, 157 mathjax_options, 157 mathjax_options, 157 modindex_common_prefix, 81 napoleon_attr_annotations, 167
html_extra_path, 87 html_favicon, 86 html_file_suffix, 90 html_js_files, 87 html_last_updated_fmt, 88 html_link_suffix, 90 html_logo, 86 html_math_renderer, 92 html_output_encoding, 90 html_permalinks, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_permalinks_icon, 88 html_scaled_image_link, 92 html_search_language, 90 html_search_options, 91 html_search_scorer, 92 html_secnumber_suffix, 90 html_short_title, 86 html_show_copyright, 90 html_show_sourcelink, 89 html_sidebars, 88 html_sourcelink_suffix, 89 html_split_index, 89 html_static_path, 87 html_style, 86 html_theme, 85 html_theme_options, 85 html_theme_path, 85 html_ttle, 86 html_use_index, 89 html_use_index, 89 html_use_opensearch, 90	latex_theme, 100 latex_theme_options, 101 latex_theme_path, 101 latex_toplevel_sectioning, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_latex_multicolumn, 99 latex_use_xindy, 100 linkcheck_anchors, 104 linkcheck_anchors_ignore, 104 linkcheck_aignore, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 104 linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout, 105 linkcheck_request_headers, 104 linkcheck_retries, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_timeout, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_sorkers, 104 linkcheck_ignore, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages, 102 man_pages_url, 78 master_doc, 75 math_eqref_format, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_number_all, 85 math_numfig, 85 math_jax_config, 157 mathjax_options, 157 mathjax_path, 157 modindex_common_prefix, 81 napoleon_attr_annotations, 167 napoleon_custom_sections, 167

```
napoleon_include_private_with_doc, 163
                                                                connect() (sphinx.events.EventManager metodo), 300
     napoleon_include_special_with_doc, 164
                                                                content (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284
     napoleon_numpy_docstring, 163
                                                                content (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 298
     napoleon_type_aliases, 166
                                                                content_offset (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284
     napoleon_use_admonition_for_examples, 164
                                                                contents
     napoleon_use_admonition_for_notes, 164
                                                                     table of, 26
     napoleon_use_admonition_for_references, 165
                                                                conversion_rules (sphi-
     napoleon_use_ivar, 165
                                                                           nx.transforms.post\_transforms.images.ImageConverter
     napoleon_use_keyword, 166
                                                                           attributo), 300
     napoleon_use_param, 165
                                                                convert() (sphi-
     napoleon_use_rtype, 166
                                                                           nx.transforms.post_transforms.images.ImageConverter
     needs_extensions, 78
                                                                           metodo), 299
                                                                copyright
     needs_sphinx, 78
     nitpick_ignore, 78
                                                                     configuration value, 74
     nitpicky, 78
                                                                     setuptools configuration value, 183
     numfig, 78
                                                                copyright (variabile built-in), 242
     numfig_format, 79
                                                                coverage_c_path
     numfig_secnum_depth, 79
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     primary_domain, 76
                                                                coverage_c_regexes
     project, 74
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     project_copyright, 74
                                                                coverage_ignore_c_items
     pygments_style, 81
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     python_use_unqualified_type_names, 107
                                                                coverage_ignore_classes
     qthelp_basename, 103
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     qthelp_namespace, 103
                                                                coverage_ignore_functions
     qthelp_theme, 103
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     qthelp_theme_options, 104
                                                                coverage_ignore_modules
     release, 74
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     root_doc, 76
                                                                coverage_ignore_pyobjects
     rst_epilog, 76
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     rst_prolog, 76
                                                                coverage_show_missing_items
     show_authors, 81
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     singlehtml_sidebars, 93
                                                                coverage_skip_undoc_in_source
     smartquotes, 79
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     smartquotes_action, 79
                                                                coverage_write_headline
                                                                     configuration value, 138
     smartquotes_excludes, 79
     source_encoding, 75
                                                                CoverageBuilder (classe in sphinx.ext.coverage), 138
     source_parsers, 75
                                                                cpp:alias (direttiva), 62
     source_suffix, 75
                                                                      :maxdepth: (directive option), 62
     strip_signature_backslash, 82
                                                                      :noroot: (directive option), 62
     suppress_warnings, 77
                                                                cpp:any (ruolo), 66
     template_bridge, 76
                                                                cpp:class (direttiva), 57
     templates_path, 76
                                                                cpp:class (ruolo), 66
     texinfo appendices, 103
                                                                cpp:concept (direttiva), 60
     texinfo_documents, 102
                                                                cpp:concept (ruolo), 66
     texinfo_domain_indices, 103
                                                                cpp:enum (direttiva), 59
                                                                cpp:enum (ruolo), 66
     texinfo_elements, 103
     texinfo_no_detailmenu, 103
                                                                cpp:enum-class (direttiva), 59
     texinfo_show_urls, 103
                                                                cpp:enum-struct (direttiva), 59
     text_add_secnumbers, 101
                                                                cpp:enumerator (direttiva), 60
     text_newlines, 101
                                                                cpp:enumerator(ruolo), 66
     text_secnumber_suffix, 101
                                                                cpp:expr(ruolo), 64
     {\tt text\_sectionchars}, 101
                                                                cpp:func (ruolo), 66
     tls_cacerts, 80
                                                                cpp:function (direttiva), 58
     tls_verify, 80
                                                                cpp:member (direttiva), 58
                                                                cpp:member (ruolo), 66
     today, 80
     today_fmt, 80
                                                                cpp:namespace (direttiva), 64
     todo_emit_warnings, 168
                                                                cpp:namespace-pop (direttiva), 65
     todo_include_todos, 168
                                                                cpp:namespace-push (direttiva), 65
     todo_link_only, 168
                                                                cpp:struct (direttiva), 57
     trim_doctest_flags, 81
                                                                cpp:struct (ruolo), 66
     trim_footnote_reference_space, 81
                                                                cpp:texpr(ruolo), 64
     user_agent, 80
                                                                cpp:type (direttiva), 59
     version, 74
                                                                cpp:type (ruolo), 66
     viewcode_enable_epub, 169
                                                                cpp:union (direttiva), 60
     viewcode_follow_imported_members, 169
                                                                cpp:var (direttiva), 58
     xml_pretty, 106
                                                                cpp:var (ruolo), 66
connect() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 262
                                                                cpp_id_attributes
```

configuration value, 106	docname (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280
cpp_index_common_prefix	docnames (sphinx.project.Project attributo), 279
configuration value, 106	docstitle (variabile built-in), 242
pp_paren_attributes	docstring, 122
configuration value, 106	doctest, 139
critical() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294	doctest (direttiva), 139
cut_lines() (nel modulo sphinx.ext.autodoc), 132	doctest_default_flags
_	configuration value, 143
	doctest_global_cleanup
langling_warnings (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287	configuration value, 143
Data (C struct), 55	doctest_global_setup
Oata (C++ class), 61	configuration value, 143
data (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287	doctest_path
Oata. [anonymous] (C union), 55	configuration value, 143 doctest_test_doctest_blocks
Data.[anonymous].a(Cvar),55	configuration value, 143
Data.[anonymous].b(Cvar),55	doctree-read
Data::[anonymous] (C++ union), 61	event, 276
Pata::[anonymous]::a(C++ member), 61	doctree-resolved
Data::[anonymous]::b $(C++ member)$, 61	event, 276
lata_version (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287	doctreedir (sphinx.application.Sphinx attributo), 274
debug() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294	doctreedir (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280
default	document name, 333
domain, 77	documentation
role,77	automatic, 122
default_role	docutils.parsers.rst
configuration value,77	modulo, 283
default_translator_class (sphinx.builders.Builder attributo), 281	domain, 333
default-domain (<i>direttiva</i>), 46	Domain (classe in sphinx.domains), 286
delete_comment()	download (ruolo), 23
(sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend	download_reference (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293
metodo), 194	DummyBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.dummy), 120
deprecated (direttiva), 30	_
desc (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	E
desc_addname (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291 desc_annotation (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	embedded (variabile built-in), 242
desc_content (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	emit() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 273
desc_name (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	emit() (sphinx.events.EventManager metodo), 300
desc_optional (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	emit_firstresult() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 273
desc_parameter (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	emit_firstresult() (sphinx.events.EventManager metodo), 300
desc_parameterlist(classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	enumerable_nodes (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287
desc_returns (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	enumerate()
lesc_signature (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	funzione built-in,4
desc_signature_line (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	env (sphinx.transforms.SphinxTransform property), 297
lesc_type (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 291	env (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxDirective property), 298
describe (direttiva), 69	env (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole property), 298
DevhelpBuilder (classe in sphinxcontrib.devhelp), 115	env-before-read-docs
lfn (ruolo), 24	event, 276
ligraph (direttiva), 147	env-check-consistency
:align: (directive option), 147	event, 277
:alt: (directive option), 147	env-get-outdated
:caption: (directive option), 147	event, 275
:class: (directive option), 147	env-merge-info
:layout: (directive option), 147	event, 276
:name: (directive option), 147	env-purge-doc
lirective, 333	event, 275
Directive (classe in docutils.parsers.rst), 283	env-updated
directive() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 286	event, 277
directives (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287	environment, 334 Environment Collector (classe in subject any incomment collectors)
PirectoryHTMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.dirhtml), 114 Hisabled (sphinx.util.docutils.ReferenceRole attributo), 299	EnvironmentCollector (classe in sphinx.environment.collectors), 283
disconnect() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 262	envvar (<i>direttiva</i>), 68
disconnect() (sphinx.application.sphinx metodo), 202	envvar (ruolo), 23
liscover() (sphinx.evenis.Evenimanager metodo), 500	epilog (sphinx.builders.Builder attributo), 281
lisplay_toc (variabile built-in), 244	Epub3Builder (classe in sphinx.builders.epub3), 116
doc (ruolo), 22	epub_author
doc2path() (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment metodo), 280	configuration value, 95
doc2path() (sphinx.project.Project metodo), 279	epub_basename

configuration value, 95	env-merge-info, 276
epub_contributor	env-purge-doc, 275
configuration value, 95	env-updated, 277
epub_copyright	html-collect-pages, 277
configuration value, 96	html-page-context, 277
epub_cover	missing-reference, 276
configuration value, 96	object-description-transform, 276
epub_css_files	source-read, 276
configuration value, 96	todo-defined, 168
epub_description	viewcode-find-source, 169
configuration value, 95	viewcode-follow-imported, 169
epub_exclude_files	warn-missing-reference, 276
configuration value, 97	EventManager (classe in sphinx.events), 300
epub_fix_images	events (sphinx.builders.Builder attributo), 282
configuration value, 97	events (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280
epub_guide	examples
configuration value, 96	code, 32
epub_identifier	exceptions (variabile built-in), 137
configuration value, 96	exclude_patterns
epub_language	configuration value, 76
configuration value, 95	extension, 334
epub_max_image_width	ExtensionError, 273, 279
configuration value, 97	extensions
epub_post_files	configuration value, 74
configuration value, 97	extlinks
epub_pre_files	configuration value, 144
configuration value, 96	<pre>extract_context() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.search.BaseSearch</pre>
epub_publisher	metodo), 193
configuration value, 96	
epub_scheme	F
configuration value, 96	
epub_show_urls	f (C function), 56
configuration value, 97	f(C++function), 64
epub_theme	favicon (variabile built-in), 242
configuration value, 95	favicon_url (variabile built-in), 242
epub_theme_options	feed() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.search.BaseSearch metodo), 192
configuration value, 95	figure_language_filename
epub_title	configuration value, 85
configuration value, 95	file (ruolo), 24
epub_tocdepth	file_suffix (variabile built-in), 242
configuration value, 97	final_argument_whitespace (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive
epub_tocdup	attributo), 284
configuration value, 97	finish() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 282
epub_tocscope	finish_indexing() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.search.BaseSearch
configuration value, 97	metodo), 192
epub_uid	foo (direttiva), 71
configuration value, 96	foo (ruolo), 72
epub_use_index	format (sphinx.builders.Builder attributo), 281
configuration value, 97	format (sphinx.builders.changes.ChangesBuilder attributo), 120
epub_writing_mode	format (sphinx.builders.dirhtml.DirectoryHTMLBuilder attributo),
configuration value, 98	114
eq (ruolo), 24	format (sphinx.builders.epub3.Epub3Builder attributo), 116
error() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294	format (sphinx.builders.gettext.MessageCatalogBuilder attributo), 119
escape()	format (sphinx.builders.html.StandaloneHTMLBuilder attributo), 114
funzione built-in, 137	format (sphinx.builders.latex.LaTeXBuilder attributo), 117
event	${\tt format} \ (\textit{sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder}$
autodoc-before-process-signature, 131	attributo), 120
autodoc-process-docstring, 131	format (sphinx.builders.manpage.ManualPageBuilder attributo), 118
autodoc-process-signature, 131	${\tt format} \ (sphinx. builders. singlehtml. Single File HTML Builder \ attributo), in the control of the cont$
autodoc-skip-member, 132	114
build-finished, 277	format (sphinx.builders.texinfo.TexinfoBuilder attributo), 118
builder-inited, 275	format (sphinx.builders.text.TextBuilder attributo), 117
config-inited, 275	format (sphinx.builders.xml.PseudoXMLBuilder attributo), 121
doctree-read, 276	format (sphinx.builders.xml.XMLBuilder attributo), 120
doctree-resolved, 276	${\tt format} \ (sphinx contrib. apple help. Apple Help Builder \ attributo), 115$
env-before-read-docs, 276	format (sphinxcontrib.devhelp.DevhelpBuilder attributo), 116
env-check-consistency, 277	${\tt format} \ (sphinx contrib. html help. HTML Help Builder \ attributo), \ 115$
env-get-outdated, 275	format (sphinxcontrib.qthelp.QtHelpBuilder attributo), 115

format (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.JSONHTMLBuilder attributo),	:caption: (directive option), 146
119	:class: (directive option), 147
format (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.PickleHTMLBuilder attributo), 119	:layout: (directive option), 146 :name: (directive option), 147
found_docs (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280	graphviz (direttiva), 145
fresh-env	:align: (directive option), 146
setuptools configuration value, 182	:alt: (directive option), 146
fullname (variabile built-in), 137	:caption: (directive option), 146
functions (variabile built-in), 137	:class: (directive option), 146
funzione built-in	:layout: (directive option), 146
compile(),50	:name: (directive option), 146
enumerate(),4	graphviz_dot
escape(), 137	configuration value, 147
hasdoc(), 242	graphviz_dot_args
pathto(), 242	configuration value, 147
relbar(), 242	graphviz_output_format
sidebar(), 242	configuration value, 147
warning(), 242	guilabel (ruolo), 24
G	Н
generate() (sphinx.domains.Index metodo), 289	handle_query() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.search.BaseSearch
<pre>get_data() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend</pre>	metodo), 192
metodo), 194	has_content (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284
<pre>get_data() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.WebSupport metodo), 189</pre>	has_explicit_title (sphinx.util.docutils.ReferenceRole attributo).
<pre>get_document() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.WebSupport metodo),</pre>	299
189	has_source (variabile built-in), 242
<pre>get_enumerable_node_type() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo),</pre>	hasdoc()
286	funzione built-in, 242
<pre>get_full_qualified_name() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo),</pre>	highlight (<i>direttiva</i>), 32
286	:force: (directive option), 33
get_objects() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 286	:linenothreshold: (directive option), 33
get_outdated_docs() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 282	highlight_language
get_outdated_docs()	configuration value, 80
(sphinx.environment.collectors.EnvironmentCollector	highlight_options
metodo), 283	configuration value, 81
get_relative_uri() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 281	highlightlang (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293
get_search_results() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.WebSupport	hlist (direttiva), 31
metodo), 191	html4_writer
get_source_info() (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxDirective metodo), 298	configuration value, 92 html_add_permalinks
get_target_uri() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 282	configuration value, 88
get_translation() (nel modulo sphinx.locale), 295	html_additional_pages
get_type_name() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 286	configuration value, 89
get_updated_docs()	html_baseurl
(sphinx.environment.collectors.EnvironmentCollector	configuration value, 86
metodo), 283	html_codeblock_linenos_style
getLogger() (nel modulo sphinx.util.logging), 294	configuration value, 86
gettext_additional_targets	html_compact_lists
configuration value, 84	configuration value, 90
gettext_auto_build	html_context
configuration value, 84	configuration value, 86
gettext_compact	html_copy_source
configuration value, 84	configuration value, 89
gettext_location	html_css_files
configuration value, 84	configuration value, 87
gettext_uuid	html_domain_indices
configuration value, 84	configuration value, 89
global	html_experimental_html5_writer
substitutions, 18, 76	configuration value, 92
globalcontext_filename	html_extra_path
(sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	configuration value, 87
attributo), 118	html_favicon
glossary (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293	configuration value, 86
glossary (direttiva), 37	html_file_suffix
graph (direttiva), 146 :align: (directive option), 146	<pre>configuration value, 90 html_js_files</pre>
:alt: (directive option), 146 :alt: (directive option), 146	configuration value, 87
·arc. (uncenve opnon), 170	Contrigutation value, o/

html_last_updated_fmt	
configuration value, 88	ifconfig (direttiva), 148
html_link_suffix	image_converter
configuration value, 90	configuration value, 149
html_logo	image_converter_args
configuration value, 86	configuration value, 149
html_math_renderer	ImageConverter (classe in
configuration value, 92	sphinx.transforms.post_transforms.images), 299
html_output_encoding	imgmath_add_tooltips
configuration value, 90	configuration value, 155
html_permalinks	imgmath_dvipng
configuration value, 88	configuration value, 156
html_permalinks_icon	imgmath_dvipng_args
configuration value, 88	configuration value, 156
html_scaled_image_link	imgmath_dvisvgm
configuration value, 92	configuration value, 156
html_search_language	imgmath_dvisvgm_args
configuration value, 90	configuration value, 156
html_search_options	imgmath_font_size
configuration value, 91	configuration value, 155
html_search_scorer	imgmath_image_format
configuration value, 92	configuration value, 155
html_secnumber_suffix	imgmath_latex
configuration value, 90	configuration value, 155
html_short_title	imgmath_latex_args
configuration value, 86	configuration value, 156
html_show_copyright	imgmath_latex_preamble
configuration value, 90	
html_show_sourcelink	configuration value, 156
configuration value, 89	imgmath_use_preview
html_show_sphinx	configuration value, 155
configuration value, 90	implementation
html_sidebars	(sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilden
configuration value, 88	attributo), 118
html_sourcelink_suffix	in version
configuration value, 89	changes, 30
html_split_index	index (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292
configuration value, 89	Index (classe in sphinx.domains), 289
html_static_path	index (direttiva), 38
configuration value, 87	:name: (directive option), 39
html_style	index (ruolo), 39
configuration value, 86	indices (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287
html_theme	info() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294
configuration value, 85	inheritance_alias
html_theme_options	configuration value, 152
configuration value, 85	inheritance_edge_attrs
html_theme_path	configuration value, 151
configuration value, 85	inheritance_graph_attrs
html_title	configuration value, 151
configuration value, 86	inheritance_node_attrs
	configuration value, 151
html_use_index	inheritance-diagram (<i>direttiva</i>), 149
configuration value, 89	<pre>inherited_members (variabile built-in), 137</pre>
html_use_opensearch	<pre>init() (nel modulo sphinx.locale), 295</pre>
configuration value, 90	<pre>init() (sphinx.application.TemplateBridge metodo), 278</pre>
html_use_smartypants	<pre>init() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 282</pre>
configuration value, 88	<pre>init_console() (nel modulo sphinx.locale), 295</pre>
html-collect-pages	$\verb"init_indexing"() (sphinx contrib. we b support. search. Base Search$
event, 277	metodo), 192
html-page-context	initial_data (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287
event, 277	inliner (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 298
htmlhelp_basename	intersphinx_cache_limit
configuration value, 93	configuration value, 153
htmlhelp_file_suffix	intersphinx_mapping
configuration value, 93	configuration value, 152
htmlhelp_link_suffix	intersphinx_timeout
configuration value, 93	configuration value, 153
HTMLHelpBuilder (classe in sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp), 114	

is_available() (sphi-	configuration value, 99
nx.transforms.post_transforms.images.ImageConverter	latex_use_latex_multicolumn
metodo), 300	configuration value, 99
is_parallel_allowed() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 273	latex_use_xindy
is_supported()	configuration value, 100
(sphinx.transforms.post_transforms.SphinxPostTransform	LaTeXBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.latex), 116
metodo), 298	lineno (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284
metodo), 276	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	lineno (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299
J	link-index
js:attr(ruolo),70	setuptools configuration value, 183
	linkcheck_anchors
js:attribute (direttiva), 70	configuration value, 104
js:class (direttiva), 70	linkcheck_anchors_ignore
js:class(ruolo),70	configuration value, 104
js:data (<i>direttiva</i>), 70	linkcheck_auth
js:data (<i>ruolo</i>), 70	configuration value, 105
js:func (ruolo), 70	linkcheck_ignore
js:function (direttiva), 69	configuration value, 104
js:meth(ruolo),70	linkcheck_rate_limit_timeout
js:method (direttiva), 70	configuration value, 105
js:mod (<i>ruolo</i>), 70	linkcheck_request_headers
js:module (direttiva), 69	
jsmath_path	configuration value, 104
configuration value, 158	linkcheck_retries
JSONHTMLBuilder (classe in sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml), 119	configuration value, 104
JSOMITHEBUTTUET (Classe in sphinxcontrib.serianzingnimi), 119	linkcheck_timeout
17	configuration value, 104
K	linkcheck_workers
kbd (ruolo), 24	configuration value, 104
	linkcode_resolve
keep_warnings	configuration value, 154
configuration value, 77	linking
keyword (ruolo), 23	automatic, 152
_	literal_emphasis (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293
	literalinclude (direttiva), 34
_	locale_dirs
label (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287	_
language	configuration value, 83
configuration value, 82	log() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294
language (variabile built-in), 243	logo (variabile built-in), 243
last_updated (variabile built-in), 243	logo_url (variabile built-in), 243
latex	
modulo, 245	M
latex_additional_files	
configuration value, 100	mailheader (ruolo), 25
latex_appendices	makevar (ruolo), 25
configuration value, 99	man_make_section_directory
latex_docclass	
ratex_doccrass	configuration value, 102
configuration value 100	
configuration value, 100	configuration value, 102
latex_documents	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102
latex_documents configuration value,98	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls
latex_documents configuration value,98 latex_domain_indices	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102
latex_documents configuration value,98	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25
latex_documents configuration value,98 latex_domain_indices	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url
latex_documents configuration value,98 latex_domain_indices configuration value,99	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78
latex_documents configuration value,98 latex_domain_indices configuration value,99 latex_elements	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo	configuration value, 102 man_pages
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs	configuration value, 102 man_pages
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc configuration value, 75 master_doc (variabile built-in), 243
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99 latex_show_urls	configuration value, 102 man_pages
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99 latex_show_urls configuration value, 99	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc configuration value, 75 master_doc (variabile built-in), 243 math (direttiva), 42 math (ruolo), 24 math:numref (ruolo), 72
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99 latex_show_urls configuration value, 99 latex_theme	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc configuration value, 75 master_doc (variabile built-in), 243 math (direttiva), 42 math (ruolo), 24 math:numref (ruolo), 72 math_eqref_format
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99 latex_show_urls configuration value, 99 latex_theme configuration value, 100	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc configuration value, 75 master_doc (variabile built-in), 243 math (direttiva), 42 math (ruolo), 24 math:numref (ruolo), 72 math_eqref_format configuration value, 85
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99 latex_show_urls configuration value, 99 latex_theme configuration value, 100 latex_theme_options	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc configuration value, 75 master_doc (variabile built-in), 243 math (direttiva), 42 math (ruolo), 24 math:numref (ruolo), 72 math_eqref_format configuration value, 85 math_number_all
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99 latex_show_urls configuration value, 99 latex_theme configuration value, 100	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc configuration value, 75 master_doc (variabile built-in), 243 math (direttiva), 42 math (ruolo), 24 math:numref (ruolo), 72 math_eqref_format configuration value, 85 math_number_all configuration value, 85
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99 latex_show_urls configuration value, 99 latex_theme configuration value, 100 latex_theme_options	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc configuration value, 75 master_doc (variabile built-in), 243 math (direttiva), 42 math (ruolo), 24 math:numref (ruolo), 72 math_eqref_format configuration value, 85 math_number_all configuration value, 85 math_numfig
latex_documents configuration value, 98 latex_domain_indices configuration value, 99 latex_elements configuration value, 100 latex_engine configuration value, 98 latex_logo configuration value, 99 latex_show_pagerefs configuration value, 99 latex_show_urls configuration value, 99 latex_theme configuration value, 100 latex_theme_options configuration value, 101	configuration value, 102 man_pages configuration value, 102 man_show_urls configuration value, 102 manpage (ruolo), 25 manpages_url configuration value, 78 ManualPageBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.manpage), 117 master document, 334 master_doc configuration value, 75 master_doc (variabile built-in), 243 math (direttiva), 42 math (ruolo), 24 math:numref (ruolo), 72 math_eqref_format configuration value, 85 math_number_all configuration value, 85

```
configuration value, 157
                                                                       sphinx.ext.todo, 167
mathjax_options
                                                                       sphinx.ext.viewcode, 168
     configuration value, 157
                                                                       sphinx.parsers, 290
mathjax_path
                                                                       sphinxcontrib.applehelp, 115
                                                                       sphinxcontrib.devhelp, 115
     configuration value, 157
members (variabile built-in), 137
                                                                       sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp, 114
menuselection (ruolo), 25
                                                                       sphinxcontrib.qthelp, 115
merge_domaindata() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 286
                                                                  MyAnimal() (classe), 70
                                                                  MyContainer (C++type), 59
merge\_other() (sphinx.environment.collectors.EnvironmentCollector
                                                                  MyContainer::const_iterator(C++ type), 59
           metodo), 283
MessageCatalogBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.gettext), 119
                                                                  MyList (C++type), 59
                                                                  MySortedContainer (C++ class), 63
meta (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293
meta (variabile built-in), 244
                                                                  MyType (C++type), 59
metadata (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280
metatags (variabile built-in), 244
                                                                  Ν
methods (variabile built-in), 137
                                                                  name (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284
mimetype (ruolo), 25
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.Builder attributo), 281
missing-reference
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.changes.ChangesBuilder attributo), 120
     event, 276
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.dirhtml.DirectoryHTMLBuilder attributo), 114
modindex_common_prefix
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.dummy.DummyBuilder attributo), 120
     configuration value, 81
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.epub3.Epub3Builder attributo), 116
module (variabile built-in), 137
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.gettext.MessageCatalogBuilder attributo), 119
modules (sphinx.domains.python.PythonDomain attributo), 290
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.html.StandaloneHTMLBuilder attributo), 114
modules (variabile built-in), 137
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.latex.LaTeXBuilder attributo), 117
modulo
                                                                  {\tt name}\ (sphinx. builders. link check. Check External Links Builder\ attributo),
     conf, 73
                                                                             120
     docutils.parsers.rst, 283
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.manpage.ManualPageBuilder attributo), 117
     latex, 245
                                                                  {\tt name}\ (sphinx. builders. single html. Single File HTML Builder\ attributo),
     sphinx.addnodes, 291
     sphinx.application, 261
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.texinfo.TexinfoBuilder attributo), 118
     sphinx.builders, 114
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.text.TextBuilder attributo), 117
     sphinx.builders.changes, 120
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.xml.PseudoXMLBuilder attributo), 121
     sphinx.builders.dirhtml, 114
                                                                  name (sphinx.builders.xml.XMLBuilder attributo), 120
     sphinx.builders.dummy, 120
                                                                  name (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 287
     sphinx.builders.epub3, 116
                                                                  name (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299
     sphinx.builders.gettext, 119
                                                                  name (sphinxcontrib.applehelp.AppleHelpBuilder attributo), 115
     sphinx.builders.html, 114
                                                                  name (sphinxcontrib.devhelp.DevhelpBuilder attributo), 115
     sphinx.builders.latex, 116
                                                                  name (sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp.HTMLHelpBuilder attributo), 115
     sphinx.builders.linkcheck, 120
                                                                  name (sphinxcontrib.qthelp.QtHelpBuilder attributo), 115
     sphinx.builders.manpage, 117
                                                                  {\tt name}~(sphinx contrib. serializing html. JSON HTML Builder~attributo),~119
     sphinx.builders.singlehtml, 114
                                                                  name (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.PickleHTMLBuilder attributo),
     sphinx.builders.texinfo, 118
                                                                             119
     sphinx.builders.text, 117
                                                                  name (variabile built-in), 137
     sphinx.builders.xml, 120
                                                                  napoleon_attr_annotations
     sphinx.domains, 286
                                                                       configuration value, 167
     sphinx.domains.python, 290
                                                                  napoleon_custom_sections
     sphinx.environment, 280
                                                                       configuration value, 167
     sphinx.environment.collectors, 283
                                                                  napoleon_google_docstring
     sphinx.errors, 279
                                                                       configuration value, 163
     sphinx.ext.autodoc, 122
                                                                  napoleon_include_init_with_doc
     sphinx.ext.autosectionlabel, 133
                                                                       configuration value, 163
     sphinx.ext.autosummary, 134
                                                                  napoleon_include_private_with_doc
     sphinx.ext.coverage, 138
                                                                       configuration value, 163
     sphinx.ext.doctest, 139
                                                                  napoleon_include_special_with_doc
     sphinx.ext.duration, 144
                                                                       configuration value, 164
     sphinx.ext.extlinks, 144
                                                                  napoleon_numpy_docstring
     sphinx.ext.githubpages, 145
                                                                       configuration value, 163
     sphinx.ext.graphviz, 145
                                                                  napoleon_type_aliases
     sphinx.ext.ifconfig, 148
                                                                       configuration value, 166
     sphinx.ext.imgconverter, 148
                                                                  napoleon_use_admonition_for_examples
     sphinx.ext.imgmath, 155
                                                                       configuration value, 164
     sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram, 149
                                                                  napoleon_use_admonition_for_notes
     sphinx.ext.intersphinx, 152
                                                                       configuration value, 164
     sphinx.ext.jsmath, 158
                                                                  napoleon_use_admonition_for_references
     sphinx.ext.linkcode, 154
                                                                       configuration value, 165
     sphinx.ext.mathbase, 155
                                                                  napoleon_use_ivar
     sphinx.ext.mathjax, 156
                                                                       configuration value, 165
     sphinx.ext.napoleon, 158
```

napoleon_use_keyword	pagename (variabile built-in), 243
configuration value, 166	parents (variabile built-in), 244
napoleon_use_param	Parser (classe in sphinx.parsers), 290
configuration value, 165	path2doc() (sphinx.project.Project metodo), 279
napoleon_use_rtype	pathto()
configuration value, 166	funzione built-in, 242
needs_extensions	pdb
configuration value, 78	setuptools configuration value, 183
needs_sphinx	pending_logging() (nel modulo sphinx.util.logging), 294
configuration value, 78	pending_warnings() (nel modulo sphinx.util.logging), 295
new_serialno() (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment metodo),	pending_xref (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292
280	pending_xref_condition (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292
newest_template_mtime() (sphinx.application.TemplateBridge	pep (ruolo), 25
metodo), 278	PickleHTMLBuilder (classe in sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml), 119
newsgroup (ruolo), 25	<pre>post_build() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend</pre>
next (variabile built-in), 244	metodo), 193
nitpick_ignore	<pre>pre_build() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend</pre>
configuration value,78	metodo), 193
nitpicky	<pre>prefixed_warnings() (nel modulo sphinx.util.logging), 295</pre>
configuration value,78	<pre>prepare_writing() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 282</pre>
setuptools configuration value, 183	prev (variabile built-in), 244
note, 30	primary
note (direttiva), 30	domain, 77
<pre>note_dependency() (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment metodo),</pre>	primary_domain
280	configuration value, 76
note_module() (sphinx.domains.python.PythonDomain metodo), 290	process_doc() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 287
note_object() (sphinx.domains.python.PythonDomain metodo), 290	process_doc() (sphinx.environment.collectors.EnvironmentCollector
note_reread() (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment metodo), 280	metodo), 283
numfig	process_field_xref() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 287
configuration value, 78	process_vote() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend
numfig_format	
•	metodo), 194
configuration value, 79	process_vote() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.WebSupport metodo),
numfig_secnum_depth	191
configuration value, 79	production (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293
numref(ruolo), 23	productionlist (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293
	productionlist (direttiva), 43
0	program (direttiva), 68
	program (ruolo), 25
object, 334	project
object (direttiva), 69	configuration value,74
object_types (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 288	setuptools configuration value, 183
object-description-transform	Project (classe in sphinx.project), 279
event, 276	project (sphinx.application.Sphinx attributo), 274
objects (sphinx.domains.python.PythonDomain attributo), 290	project (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280
objname (<i>variabile built-in</i>), 137	project (variabile built-in), 243
ObjType (classe in sphinx.domains), 288	project_copyright
only (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293	configuration value, 74
only (direttiva), 39	
option (direttiva), 68	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121
	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr(ruolo), 52
option (ruolo), 23	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr(ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr(ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :type: (directive option), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :type: (directive option), 48 :value: (directive option), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :type: (directive option), 48 :value: (directive option), 48 py:class (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :type: (directive option), 48 :value: (directive option), 48 py:class (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder attributo), 118	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :type: (directive option), 48 :value: (directive option), 48 py:class (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :final: (directive option), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :type: (directive option), 48 :value: (directive option), 48 py:class (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :final: (directive option), 48 py:class (ruolo), 52
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :type: (directive option), 48 :value: (directive option), 48 py:class (direttiva), 48 :canonical: (directive option), 48 :final: (directive option), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (directiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (directiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48
option (ruolo), 23 option_spec (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 optional_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283 options (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284 options (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 out_suffix (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder	PseudoXMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 121 py:attr (ruolo), 52 py:attribute (direttiva), 48

```
py:exception (direttiva), 47
                                                                    resolve_xref() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 287
     :final: (directive option), 48
                                                                    restore() (sphinx.project.Project metodo), 279
py: func (ruolo), 52
                                                                    reStructuredText, 334
py: function (direttiva), 47
                                                                    rfc (ruolo), 26
     :async: (directive option), 47
                                                                    role, 334
     :canonical: (directive option), 47
                                                                    role() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 287
py:meth (ruolo), 52
                                                                    roles (sphinx.domains.Domain attributo), 288
py:method (direttiva), 49
                                                                    root_doc
     :abstractmethod: (directive option), 49
                                                                         configuration value, 76
     :async: (directive option), 49
                                                                    root_doc (variabile built-in), 243
     :canonical: (directive option), 49
                                                                    rst:dir (ruolo), 72
                                                                    rst:directive (direttiva), 71
     :classmethod: (directive option), 49
     :final: (directive option), 49
                                                                    rst:directive:option (direttiva), 71
     :property: (directive option), 49
                                                                          :type: (directive option), 71
     :staticmethod: (directive option), 49
                                                                    rst:role (direttiva), 71
py:mod (ruolo), 52
                                                                    rst:role (ruolo), 72
py:module (direttiva), 46
                                                                    rst_epilog
     :deprecated: (directive option), 46
                                                                         configuration value, 76
     :platform: (directive option), 46
                                                                    rst_prolog
     :synopsis: (directive option), 46
                                                                         configuration value, 76
py:obj (ruolo), 53
                                                                    rubric (direttiva), 31
py:property (direttiva), 48
                                                                    run() (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive metodo), 284
     :abstractmethod: (directive option), 49
                                                                    run() (sphinx.transforms.post_transforms.SphinxPostTransform
     :type: (directive option), 49
                                                                               metodo), 298
py:staticmethod (direttiva), 49
pygments_style
                                                                    S
     configuration value, 81
                                                                    samp (ruolo), 25
Python Enhancement Proposals
                                                                    script_files (variabile built-in), 241
     PEP 420, 235
                                                                    searchindex_filename
python: PYTHONWARNINGS, 321
                                                                               (sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml.SerializingHTMLBuilder
python_use_unqualified_type_names
                                                                               attributo), 118
     configuration value, 107
                                                                    sectionauthor (direttiva), 38
PythonDomain (classe in sphinx.domains.python), 290
                                                                    seealso (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292
                                                                    seealso (direttiva), 30
Q
                                                                    SerializingHTMLBuilder (classe in sphinxcontrib.serializinghtml),
qthelp_basename
     configuration value, 103
                                                                    set_source_info() (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxDirective metodo),
qthelp_namespace
     configuration value, 103
                                                                    set_translator() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 263
qthelp_theme
                                                                    setup() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 287
     configuration value, 103
                                                                    setup_extension() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 262
qthelp_theme_options
                                                                    setuptools configuration value
     configuration value, 104
                                                                         all-files, 182
QtHelpBuilder (classe in sphinxcontrib.qthelp), 115
                                                                         build-dir, 182
query() (sphinxcontrib.websupport.search.BaseSearch metodo), 192
                                                                         builder, 183
                                                                         config-dir, 182
                                                                         copyright, 183
                                                                         fresh-env, 182
rawtext (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299
                                                                         link-index, 183
ref (ruolo), 21
                                                                         nitpicky, 183
ReferenceRole (classe in sphinx.util.docutils), 299
                                                                         pdb, 183
regexp (ruolo), 25
                                                                         project, 183
relbar()
                                                                         release, 183
     funzione built-in, 242
                                                                         source-dir, 182
reldelim1 (variabile built-in), 241
                                                                         today, 183
reldelim2 (variabile built-in), 241
                                                                         version, 183
release
                                                                         warning-is-error, 183
     configuration value, 74
                                                                    shorttitle (variabile built-in), 243
     setuptools configuration value, 183
                                                                    show_authors
release (variabile built-in), 243
                                                                         configuration value, 81
relfn2path() (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment metodo), 280
                                                                    show_source (variabile built-in), 243
rellinks (variabile built-in), 243
                                                                    sidebar()
RemoveInSphinxXXXWarning, 334
                                                                          funzione built-in, 242
{\tt render()}\ (sphinx.application.TemplateBridge\ metodo),\ 278
                                                                    SingleFileHTMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.singlehtml), 114
render_string() (sphinx.application.TemplateBridge metodo), 278
                                                                    singlehtml_sidebars
require_sphinx() (sphinx.application.Sphinx metodo), 262
                                                                         configuration value, 93
required_arguments (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 283
                                                                    smartquotes
resolve_any_xref() (sphinx.domains.Domain metodo), 287
```

configuration value, 79	sphinx.ext.autosummary
smartquotes_action	modulo, 134
configuration value,79	sphinx.ext.coverage
smartquotes_excludes	modulo, 138
configuration value, 79	sphinx.ext.doctest
snippets	modulo, 139
testing, 139	sphinx.ext.duration
source directory, 334	modulo, 144
source_encoding	sphinx.ext.extlinks
configuration value,75	modulo, 144
source_parsers	sphinx.ext.githubpages
configuration value, 75	modulo, 145
source_suffix	sphinx.ext.graphviz
configuration value, 75	modulo, 145
source_suffix (sphinx.project.Project attributo), 279	sphinx.ext.ifconfig
source-dir	modulo, 148
setuptools configuration value, 182	sphinx.ext.imgconverter
source-read	modulo, 148
event, 276	sphinx.ext.imgmath
sourcecode, 32	modulo, 155
sourcename (variabile built-in), 244	sphinx.ext.inheritance_diagram
Sphinx (classe in sphinx.application), 261	modulo, 149
sphinx.addnodes	sphinx.ext.intersphinx
modulo, 291	modulo, 152
sphinx.application	sphinx.ext.jsmath
modulo, 261	modulo, 158
sphinx.builders	sphinx.ext.linkcode
modulo, 114	modulo, 154
sphinx.builders.changes	sphinx.ext.mathbase
modulo, 120	modulo, 155
sphinx.builders.dirhtml	sphinx.ext.mathjax
modulo, 114	modulo, 156
sphinx.builders.dummy	sphinx.ext.napoleon
modulo, 120	modulo, 158
sphinx.builders.epub3	sphinx.ext.todo
modulo, 116	modulo, 167
sphinx.builders.gettext	sphinx.ext.viewcode
modulo, 119 sphinx.builders.html	modulo, 168 sphinx.parsers
modulo, 114	modulo, 290
sphinx.builders.latex	sphinx_version (variabile built-in), 243
modulo, 116	sphinx_veision(<i>variable bulli-m</i>), 243 sphinx-apidoc command line option
sphinx.builders.linkcheck	-A <author>, 235</author>
modulo, 120	-E, 235
sphinx.builders.manpage	-E, 233 -F, 234
modulo, 117	-F, 234 -H <project>, 235</project>
sphinx.builders.singlehtml	-M, 235
	-H, 233 -P, 235
modulo, 114 sphinx.builders.texinfo	-R <release>, 235</release>
modulo, 118	-T, 234
sphinx.builders.text	-V <version>, 235</version>
modulo, 117	dry-run, 234
sphinx.builders.xml	follow-links, 234
modulo, 120	force, 234
sphinx.domains	full, 234
modulo, 286	implicit-namespaces, 235
sphinx.domains.python	module-first, 235
modulo, 290	no-headings, 235
sphinx.environment	no-toc, 234
modulo, 280	private, 235
sphinx.environment.collectors	private, 233 separate, 234
modulo, 283	templatedir=TEMPLATEDIR, 235
sphinx.errors	tocfile, 234
modulo, 279	-a, 235
sphinx.ext.autodoc	-d, 255 -d <maxdepth>, 234</maxdepth>
modulo, 122	-e, 234
sphinx.ext.autosectionlabel	- f , 234
philm: cat: uncosectioniunei	
modulo, 133	-1, 234

-n, 234	version, 227
-o <output_path>, 234</output_path>	-a AUTHOR, 228
-q, 234	-d NAME=VALUE, 229
-s <suffix>, 234</suffix>	-h, 227
-t, 235	-1 LANGUAGE, 228
sphinx-autogen command line option	-p PROJECT, 228
imported-members, 236	-q, 227
suffix <suffix>, 236</suffix>	-r RELEASE, 228
templates <templates>, 236</templates>	-t, 229
-i, 236	-v VERSION, 228
-o <outputdir>, 236</outputdir>	sphinxcontrib.applehelp
-s <suffix>, 236 -t <templates>, 236</templates></suffix>	modulo, 115 sphinxcontrib.devhelp
sphinx-build command line option	modulo, 115
-A name=value, 231	sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp
-C, 231	modulo, 114
-D setting=value, 231	sphinxcontrib.qthelp
-E, 231	modulo, 115
-M buildername, 230	SphinxDirective (classe in sphinx.util.docutils), 298
-N, 232	SphinxError, 279
-P, 232	SphinxLoggerAdapter (classe in sphinx.util.logging), 294
-Q, 232	SphinxPostTransform (classe in sphinx.transforms.post_transforms)
-T, 232	297
-₩, 232	SphinxRole (classe in sphinx.util.docutils), 298
help, 232	SphinxTransform (classe in sphinx.transforms), 297
keep-going, 232	srcdir (sphinx.application.Sphinx attributo), 274
version, 232	srcdir (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280
-a, 231	srcdir (sphinx.project.Project attributo), 279
-b buildername, 230 -c path, 231	StandaloneHTMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.html), 114 start_of_file (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293
-d path, 231	state (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284
-h, 232	state_machine (docutils.parsers.rst.Directive attributo), 284
-j N, 231	std::Iterator (C++ concept), 60
-n, 232	StorageBackend (classe in sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage), 193
-q, 232	strip_signature_backslash
-t tag, 231	configuration value, 82
-v, 232	style (variabile built-in), 243
-w file, 232	substitutions
sphinx-quickstart command line option	global, 18 , 76
author=AUTHOR, 228	<pre>supported_data_uri_images (sphinx.builders.Builder attributo),</pre>
batchfile, 229	281
dot=DOT, 228	supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.Builder attributo), 281
ext-autodoc, 228	supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.changes.ChangesBuilder
ext-coverage, 228 ext-doctest, 228	attributo), 120
ext-doctest, 228 ext-githubpages, 229	supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.dirhtml.DirectoryHTMLBuilder
ext-ifconfig, 228	attributo), 114
ext-imgmath, 228	supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.dummy.DummyBuilder
ext-intersphinx, 228	attributo), 120
ext-mathjax, 228	supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.epub3.Epub3Builder
ext-todo, 228	attributo), 116
ext-viewcode, 228	supported_image_types
extensions=EXTENSIONS, 229	(sphinx.builders.gettext.MessageCatalogBuilder attributo).
help, 227	119
language=LANGUAGE, 228	supported_image_types
makefile, 229	$(sphinx. builders. html. Standal one HTML Builder\ attributo),$
master=MASTER, 228	114
no-batchfile, 229	supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.latex.LaTeXBuilder
no-makefile, 229	attributo), 117
no-sep, 228	supported_image_types (subject by builders linksheek Check External Links Puilders
no-use-make-mode (-M), 229	(sphinx.builders.linkcheck.CheckExternalLinksBuilder
project=PROJECT, 228 quiet, 227	<pre>attributo), 120 supported_image_types</pre>
quiet, 227 release=RELEASE, 228	(sphinx.builders.manpage.ManualPageBuilder attributo),
sep, 228	(spninx.vunaers.manpage.manuarrageвинает антюшо), 118
suffix=SUFFIX, 228	supported_image_types
templatedir=TEMPLATEDIR, 229	(sphinx.builders.singlehtml.SingleFileHTMLBuilder
use-make-mode (-m), 229	attributo). 114

supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.texinfo.TexinfoBuilder	ThemeError, 279
attributo), 118	title (sphinx.util.docutils.ReferenceRole attributo), 299
<pre>supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.text.TextBuilder attributo),</pre>	title (variabile built-in), 243
117	titles (sphinx.environment.BuildEnvironment attributo), 280
supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.xml.PseudoXMLBuilder attributo), 121	tls_cacerts configuration value, 80
supported_image_types (sphinx.builders.xml.XMLBuilder	tls_verify
attributo), 120	configuration value, 80
supported_image_types	toc (variabile built-in), 244
(sphinxcontrib.applehelp.AppleHelpBuilder attributo), 115	toctree (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 293
supported_image_types (sphinxcontrib.devhelp.DevhelpBuilder	toctree (direttiva), 26
attributo), 116	:caption: (directive option), 71
<pre>supported_image_types (sphinxcontrib.htmlhelp.HTMLHelpBuilder</pre>	:glob: (directive option), 71
attributo), 115	toctree (variabile built-in), 244
supported_image_types (sphinxcontrib.qthelp.QtHelpBuilder	today
attributo), 115	configuration value, 80
supported_image_types	setuptools configuration value, 183
$(sphinx contrib. serializing {\it html.} JSONHTMLB uilder$	today_fmt
attributo), 119	configuration value, 80
supported_image_types	todo (direttiva), 167
$(sphinx contrib. serializing {\it html. Pickle HTMLB} uilder$	todo_emit_warnings
attributo), 119	configuration value, 168
supported_remote_images (sphinx.builders.Builder attributo), 281	todo_include_todos
suppress_warnings	configuration value, 168
configuration value,77	todo_link_only
<u>_</u>	configuration value, 168
Γ	todo-defined
cable of	event, 168
	todolist (<i>direttiva</i>), 167
contents, 26 cabularcolumns (direttiva), 40	token (ruolo), 23
carget (sphinx.util.docutils.ReferenceRole attributo), 299	trim_doctest_flags
template_bridge	configuration value, 81
configuration value, 76	trim_footnote_reference_space
CemplateBridge (classe in sphinx.application), 278	configuration value, 81
templates_path	1.1
configuration value, 76	U
term (ruolo), 24	underline (variabile built-in), 137
testcleanup (direttiva), 139	update_username()
testcode (direttiva), 140	(sphinxcontrib.websupport.storage.StorageBackend
cesting	metodo), 194
automatic, 139	use_opensearch (variabile built-in), 243
snippets, 139	
snippets, 139 sestoutput (<i>direttiva</i>), 140	user_agent
snippets, 139 testoutput (<i>direttiva</i>), 140 testsetup (<i>direttiva</i>), 139	
restoutput (direttiva), 140	user_agent configuration value, 80
estoutput (<i>direttiva</i>), 140 estsetup (<i>direttiva</i>), 139	user_agent configuration value, 80
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices	<pre>user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321</pre>
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103	<pre>user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236</pre>
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices	<pre>user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74</pre>
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103	<pre>user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183</pre>
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionchanged (direttiva), 30
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionchanged (direttiva), 30 versionmodified (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionchanged (direttiva), 30 versionmodified (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292 VersionRequirementError, 279
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 text_add_secnumbers	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionchanged (direttiva), 30 versionchanged (direttiva), 30 versionRequirementError, 279 viewcode_enable_epub
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 text_add_secnumbers configuration value, 101	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionchanged (direttiva), 30 versionRequirementError, 279 viewcode_enable_epub configuration value, 169
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 text_add_secnumbers configuration value, 101 text_newlines	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionchanged (direttiva), 30 versionRequirementError, 279 viewcode_enable_epub configuration value, 169 viewcode_follow_imported_members
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 text_add_secnumbers configuration value, 101 text_newlines configuration value, 101	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionnanged (direttiva), 30 versionmodified (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292 VersionRequirementError, 279 viewcode_enable_epub configuration value, 169 viewcode_follow_imported_members configuration value, 169
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 text_add_secnumbers configuration value, 101 text_newlines configuration value, 101 text_secnumber_suffix	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionnedified (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292 VersionRequirementError, 279 viewcode_enable_epub configuration value, 169 viewcode_follow_imported_members configuration value, 169 viewcode-find-source
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 text_add_secnumbers configuration value, 101 text_newlines configuration value, 101 text_secnumber_suffix configuration value, 101	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionnedgided (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292 VersionRequirementError, 279 viewcode_enable_epub configuration value, 169 viewcode_follow_imported_members configuration value, 169 viewcode-find-source event, 169
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 text_add_secnumbers configuration value, 101 text_newlines configuration value, 101 text_secnumber_suffix configuration value, 101 text_sectionchars	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionnedified (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292 VersionRequirementError, 279 viewcode_enable_epub configuration value, 169 viewcode_follow_imported_members configuration value, 169 viewcode-find-source event, 169 viewcode-follow-imported
testoutput (direttiva), 140 testsetup (direttiva), 139 texinfo_appendices configuration value, 103 texinfo_documents configuration value, 102 texinfo_domain_indices configuration value, 103 texinfo_elements configuration value, 103 texinfo_no_detailmenu configuration value, 103 texinfo_show_urls configuration value, 103 texinfoBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.texinfo), 118 text (sphinx.util.docutils.SphinxRole attributo), 299 text_add_secnumbers configuration value, 101 text_newlines configuration value, 101 text_secnumber_suffix configuration value, 101	user_agent configuration value, 80 V variabile d'ambiente, python:PYTHONWARNINGS, 321 variabile d'ambiente, SPHINX_APIDOC_OPTIONS, 236 verbose() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294 version configuration value, 74 setuptools configuration value, 183 version (variabile built-in), 243 version_info (nel modulo sphinx), 278 versionadded (direttiva), 30 versionnedgided (classe in sphinx.addnodes), 292 VersionRequirementError, 279 viewcode_enable_epub configuration value, 169 viewcode_follow_imported_members configuration value, 169 viewcode-find-source event, 169

W

```
warn-missing-reference
     event, 276
warning, 30
warning (direttiva), 30
warning()
     funzione built-in, 242
warning() (sphinx.util.logging.SphinxLoggerAdapter metodo), 294
warning-is-error
     setuptools configuration value, 183
WebSupport (classe in sphinxcontrib.websupport), 188
Wrapper (C++ class), 67
Wrapper::Outer(C++ class), 67
Wrapper::Outer::Inner(C++ class), 67
write_doc() (sphinx.builders.Builder metodo), 282
X
xml_pretty
     configuration value, 106
XMLBuilder (classe in sphinx.builders.xml), 120
```