

FIT9132 Introduction to databases - S1 2022

<u>Dashboard</u> / My units / FIT9132_S1_2022 / Week 7 / Week 7 Pre-Workshop Quiz - SQL Part I

| Started on | Wednesday, 15 June 2022, 1:34 PM |
|--------------|---|
| State | Finished |
| Completed on | Wednesday, 15 June 2022, 4:00 PM |
| Time taken | 2 hours 25 mins |
| Marks | 13.00/15.00 |
| Grade | 8.67 out of 10.00 (87 %) |
| | |

Print friendly format

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which SQL statement will list the names and phone numbers of vendors who supply any product with price above \$100?

Select one:

a.

SELECT V_NAME, V_PHONE

FROM PRODUCT P JOIN VENDOR V ON P.V_CODE = V.V_CODE

WHERE P.P_PRICE <= 100;

b.

SELECT V_NAME, V_PHONE FROM PRODUCT P JOIN VENDOR V ON P.V_CODE = V.V_CODE OR P.P_PRICE > 100;

C.

SELECT V_NAME, V_PHONE

FROM PRODUCT P JOIN VENDOR V ON P.V_CODE = V.V_CODE

WHERE NOT (P.P PRICE > 100);

d. SELECT V_NAME, V_PHONE

FROM PRODUCT P JOIN VENDOR V ON P.V_CODE = V.V_CODE WHERE P.P PRICE > 100; ✓ Correct

The correct answer is: SELECT V_NAME, V_PHONE
FROM PRODUCT P JOIN VENDOR V ON P.V_CODE = V.V_CODE
WHERE P.P_PRICE > 100;

| Question 2 | | |
|--|---|---------|
| Correct | | |
| Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | | |
| | | |
| A(n) is an alternate name given to a column or table in any SQL statement. | | |
| Select one: | | |
| a. data type | | |
| ○ b. trigger | | |
| C. alias | ~ | Correct |
| ○ d. stored function | | |
| | | |
| The correct answer is: alias | | |
| The correct driswer is, alias | | |
| | | |
| Question 3 Correct | | |
| Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | | |
| Walk 1.00 dut of 1.00 | | |
| Which query will output products sorted in ascending order by price? | | |
| Select one: | | |
| a. SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_PRICE | | |
| FROM PRODUCT | | |
| ORDER BY 1; | | |
| b. SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_PRICE | ~ | Correct |
| FROM PRODUCT | | |
| ORDER BY P_PRICE ASC; | | |
| C. SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_PRICE | | |
| FROM PRODUCT | | |
| ORDER BY P_PRICE DESC; | | |
| ○ d. SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_PRICE | | |
| FROM PRODUCT | | |
| SORT BY P_PRICE; | | |
| | | |
| The correct answer is: SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_PRICE | | |
| FROM PRODUCT | | |
| ORDER BY P_PRICE ASC; | | |
| | | |
| Question 4 | | |
| Correct | | |
| Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | | |

The special operator used to check whether an attribute value is within a range of values is _____.

b. BETWEEN Correct Oc. LIKE Od. IN The correct answer is: BETWEEN Question $\bf 5$ Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Which query will output the table contents when the value of V CODE is NOT equal to 21344? Select one: a. SELECT P_DESCRIPT, P_INDATE, P_PRICE, V_CODE FROM PRODUCT WHERE V_CODE <= 21344; ○ b. SELECT P_DESCRIPT, P_INDATE, P_PRICE, V_CODE FROM PRODUCT WHERE V_CODE => 21344; SELECT P_DESCRIPT, P_INDATE, P_PRICE, V_CODE FROM PRODUCT WHERE V_CODE = 21344; Correct d. SELECT P_DESCRIPT, P_INDATE, P_PRICE, V_CODE FROM PRODUCT WHERE V_CODE <> 21344; The correct answer is: SELECT P_DESCRIPT, P_INDATE, P_PRICE, V_CODE FROM PRODUCT WHERE V_CODE <> 21344; Question 6 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Which query will output the table contents when the value of the string field P_DESCRIPT include the word 'hammer'? Select one: a. select p_code, p_descript, p_qoh, p_min, p_price FROM PRODUCT

WHERE P_DESCRIPT include 'hammer';

WHERE P DESCRIPT = "whammer".

FROM PRODUCT

SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_MIN, P_PRICE

Select one:

a. NULL

| c. SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_MIN, P_PRICE FROM PRODUCT WHERE P_DESCRIPT = 'hammer'; | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| d. SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_MIN, P_PRICE FROM PRODUCT WHERE P_DESCRIPT like '%hammer%'; | ✓ Correct |
| The correct answer is: SELECT P_CODE, P_DESCRIPT, P_QOH, P_MIN, P_PRICE FROM PRODUCT WHERE P_DESCRIPT like '%hammer%'; | |
| Question 7 Correct | |
| Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | |
| ANSI-standard SQL allows the use of special operators in conjunction with the WHERE clause. A special operator attribute value is null is | ator used to check whether an |
| Select one: | ✓ Correct |
| a. IS NULL | ✓ Correct |
| O b. LIKE | |
| ○ c. IN | |
| ○ d. BETWEEN | |
| The correct answer is: IS NULL | |
| Question 8 | |
| Correct | |
| Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | |
| All SQL commands must be issued on a single line. | |
| Select one: | |
| ○ True | |
| False ✓ | |
| The correct answer is 'False'. | |
| Question 9 | |
| Correct | |
| Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | |
| | |

The _____ function returns the current system date in Oracle.

```
Select one:
  a. TO_DATE()
  Ob. DATE()

    c. SYSDATE()
                                                                                                                  Correct
  d. TODAY()
 The correct answer is: SYSDATE()
Question 10
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 1.00
 Which query is used to list a unique value for V_CODE, where the list will produce only a list of those values that are different from one another?
 Select one:
  a. SELECT UNIQUE V_CODE
                                                                                                                 Incorrect
              FROM PRODUCT;
  b. SELECT DIFFERENT V CODE
              FROM PRODUCT;
  ○ c. SELECT ONLY V_CODE
              FROM PRODUCT;
  ○ d. SELECT DISTINCT V_CODE
              FROM PRODUCT;
 The correct answer is: SELECT DISTINCT V_CODE
      FROM PRODUCT;
Question 11
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
 Which query will output the rows where the value of P_PRICE is between 50 and 100 (inclusive)?
 Select one:
  a. SELECT *
             FROM PRODUCT
                WHERE P_PRICE >= 50 OR P_PRICE <=100;
  b. SELECT *
                                                                                                                  Correct
            FROM PRODUCT
               WHERE P_PRICE >= 50 AND P_PRICE <=100;
  C.
        SELECT *
            FROM PRODUCT
                WHERE P_PRICE <= 50 AND P_PRICE <=100;
  O d. SELECT *
```

The correct answer is: **SELECT*** FROM PRODUCT WHERE P_PRICE >= 50 AND P_PRICE <=100; Question 12 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Which query produces the discount price and display the discount price in a column labelled DiscountPrice? Discount price is calculated as unit price (P_PRICE) minus the product of discount rate (P_DISCOUNT) and unit price (P_PRICE). Select one: a. SELECT P DESCRIPT, P MIN, P PRICE, (P PRICE - P DISCOUNT) / P PRICE AS DISCOUNTPRICE FROM PRODUCT; b. Correct SELECT P_DESCRIPT, P_MIN, P_PRICE, P_PRICE - (P_DISCOUNT * P_PRICE) AS DISCOUNTPRICE FROM PRODUCT; C. SELECT P_DESCRIPT, P_MIN, P_PRICE, P_PRICE / P_DISCOUNT - P_PRICE AS DISCOUNTPRICE FROM PRODUCT; d. SELECT P DESCRIPT, P MIN, P PRICE, (P PRICE - P DISCOUNT) * P PRICE AS DISCOUNTPRICE FROM PRODUCT; The correct answer is: SELECT P DESCRIPT, P MIN, P PRICE, P PRICE - (P DISCOUNT * P PRICE) AS DISCOUNTPRICE FROM PRODUCT;

Question 13
Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

FROM PRODUCT

WHERE P_PRICE <= 50 AND P_PRICE >=100;

Which SQL statement will list the employee details inside the EMPLOYEE table order by last names in ascending order, if two employees have same last name order them by the employee first name in ascending order?

Select one:

a.

SELECT EMP_LNAME, EMP_FNAME, EMP_INITIAL, EMP_AREACODE, EMP_PHONE FROM EMPLOYEE

LIST BY EMP FNAME, EMP LNAME;

| • b. | × | Incorrect |
|---|---------|-----------|
| SELECT EMP_LNAME, EMP_FNAME, EMP_INITIAL, EMP_AREACODE, EMP_PHONE | | |
| FROM EMPLOYEE ORDER BY EMP_FNAME, EMP_LNAME; | | |
| | | |
| ○ c. | | |
| SELECT EMP_LNAME, EMP_FNAME, EMP_INITIAL, EMP_AREACODE, EMP_PHONE | | |
| FROM EMPLOYEE ORDER BY EMP_LNAME, EMP_FNAME; | | |
| | | |
| \bigcirc d. | | |
| SELECT EMP_LNAME, EMP_FNAME, EMP_INITIAL, EMP_AREACODE, EMP_PHONE | | |
| FROM EMPLOYEE | | |
| ORDER BY EMP_LNAME ASC, EMP_FNAME DESC; | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| The correct answer is: SELECT EMP LNAME, EMP FNAME, EMP INITIAL, EMP AREACODE, EMP PHONE | | |
| FROM EMPLOYEE | | |
| ORDER BY EMP_LNAME, EMP_FNAME; | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Question 14 | | |
| Correct | | |
| Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | | |
| | | |
| The special operator used to check whether an attribute value matches a given string pattern is | | |
| Select one: | | |
| a. BETWEEN | | |
| | <i></i> | Corroct |
| • b. LIKE | • | Correct |
| O c. IS NULL | | |
| ○ d. IN | | |
| | | |
| The correct answer is: LIKE | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Question 15 | | |
| Correct April 100 and 41100 | | |
| Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | | |
| | | |
| A(n) query specifies which data should be retrieved and how it should be filtered, aggregated, and displayed. | | |
| Select one: | | |
| a. UPDATE | | |
| ○ b. INSERT | | |
| | | |
| © c. SELECT | • | Correct |

od. COMMIT

The correct answer is: SELECT

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