

Chapter 7, Sections 1-8

Chapter 8, Section 1

Chapter 9, Sections 1, 2, 3

Trigonometric Identities

• Pythagorean Identities:

$$\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t = 1$$

$$\tan^2 t + 1 = \sec^2 t \quad \text{and} \quad 1 + \cot^2 t = \csc^2 t$$

• Double-Angle Formulas:

$$\sin 2t = 2 \sin t \cos t$$

$$\cos 2t = \cos^2 t - \sin^2 t = 1 - 2 \sin^2 t = 2 \cos^2 t - 1$$

$$\tan 2t = \frac{2 \tan t}{1 - \tan^2 t}$$

• Negative Angle Identities:

$$\sin(-t) = -\sin t, \quad \cos(-t) = \cos t, \quad \tan(-t) = -\tan t$$

• Cofunction Identities:

$$\sin t = \cos\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - t\right) \quad \cos t = \sin\left(t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - t\right)$$

• Sum and Difference Identities:

$$\sin(\theta + \phi) = \sin \theta \cos \phi + \sin \phi \cos \theta \quad \cos(\theta + \phi) = \cos \theta \cos \phi - \sin \theta \sin \phi$$

$$\sin(\theta - \phi) = \sin \theta \cos \phi - \sin \phi \cos \theta \quad \cos(\theta - \phi) = \cos \theta \cos \phi + \sin \theta \sin \phi$$

Instructions: You must solve each question completely, explaining your reasoning. Partial credit will be awarded for answers that are incorrect, but show progress towards a correct solution. You will not receive credit if you do not clearly show how you are obtaining your answers. Grading will be based on the solution and your write-up. Do all the work on the exam.

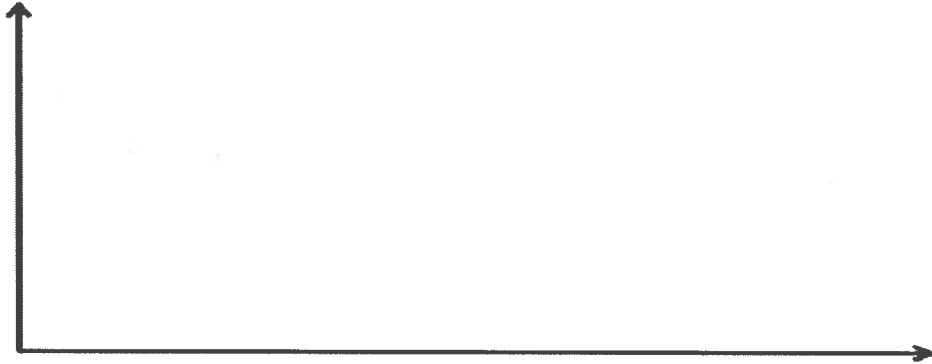
1. (10 points) Consider the function: $y = 2\sin(3t + 12) - 1$

(a) Determine the maximum, minimum, amplitude, period, and horizontal shift.

(b) Describe in words how to obtain the graph $y = 2\sin(3t + 12) - 1$ from the graph $y = \sin(3t)$?

2. (16 points) A caribou population in a national park dropped from a high of 132,000 in 1943 to a low of 63,000 in 1989, and has risen since then. Scientists hypothesize that the population follows a sinusoidal cycle affected by predation and other environmental conditions, and that the caribou will again reach their previous high.

(a) Carefully sketch a graph that represents 2 periods of the change in the caribou population. Be sure to include all necessary information to best describe the situation. Be sure to label the units of your axes.



(b) What are the values for the period, amplitude, midline, maximum and minimum?

(c) Predict the next year when the population will again be 132,000.

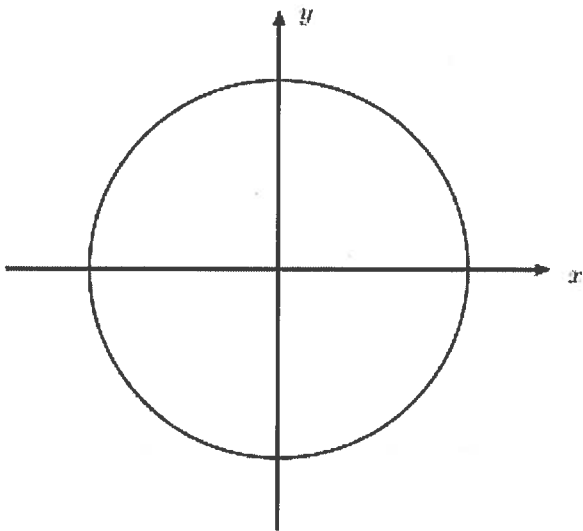
(d) Construct a formula to represent the sinusoidal function.

3. (12 points) Find the exact value of the following without a calculator. If it is undefined, enter "undefined". Make sure you clearly show how you arrived at your solution.

(a) $\cos 900^\circ$

(b) $\sin 765^\circ$

4. (10 points) If $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \pi$ and $\sin \theta = \frac{7}{9}$, find exact values for the other five trigonometric functions.



5. (12 points) Find the exact values of the following quantities without using a calculator. Indicate your reasoning. Use radian measure for any angles.

(a) $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)$

(b) $\cos\left[\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)\right]$

(c) $\cos^{-1}\left(\cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)\right)$

6. (10 points) Prove the following identity algebraically:

$$\tan t = \frac{1 - \cos 2t}{\sin 2t}$$

7. (10 points) Solve for θ , an angle in a right triangle, if $5\cos(2\theta) + 6 = 2\cos(2\theta) + 7$. Find the degree to 3 decimal places.
8. (10 points) A fire department's longest ladder is 111 feet long, and the safety regulation states that they can use it for rescues up to 104 feet off the ground. What is the maximum safe angle of elevation for the rescue ladder? Round to the nearest degree.
9. (10 points) If $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \theta < 2\pi$ and $\sin(\theta) = \frac{-4}{9}$, find $\sin(2\theta)$, $\cos(2\theta)$, and $\tan(2\theta)$ exactly.

Bonus: Psychologists have found that the average walking speed, w , in feet per second, of a person living in a city of population P , in thousands of people, is given by the function

$$w = 0.37 \ln P + 0.05.$$

(a) The population of *San Antonio, Texas* is about 1,236,249. Find the average walking speed of people living in *San Antonio*.

(b) A sociologist measures the average walking speed in a city to be approximately 2.0 feet/second. Use this information to estimate the population of the city.

(c) Let w_1 and w_2 be the average walking speeds in two different cities with populations P_1 and P_2 , respectively. Using logarithm properties, find a simplified formula for the difference $w_1 - w_2$ in terms of P_1 and P_2 .