MATH 338 EXAM 1 MONDAY, JULY 10, 2017

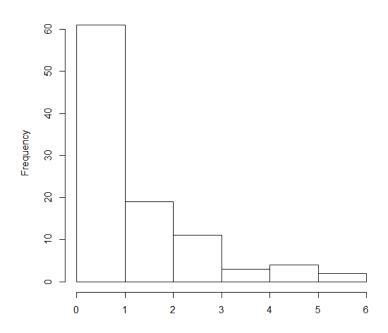
Your name	·		
Your scores (to	be filled in	by Dr. Wynne):	:
Problem 1:	/8		
Problem 2:	/14		
Problem 3:	/6		
Problem 4:	/16		
Total:	/44		

You have 60 minutes to complete this exam. This exam is closed book and closed notes with the exception of your formula sheet.

For full credit, show all work except for final numerical calculations (which can be done using a scientific calculator).

1. A sample of 100 numbers was generated from a mystery distribution with population mean 1. A histogram of the 100 numbers is shown below. Circle the <u>most correct</u> answer to parts A-H (1 pt each):

100 Random Numbers



A) Did these numbers come from a normal distribution? Probably not

B) The mystery distribution is most likely: Skewed left Symmetric Skewed right

C) The median of the sample is: Less than 1 Between 1 and 2 Greater than 2

D) The third quartile of the sample is: Less than 1 Between 1 and 2 Greater than 2

E) If I created 10,000 random numbers instead of 100, their distribution would be closest to:

Normal Mystery distribution Some other distribution

F) If I created 100 numbers 10,000 times, the distribution of the sample means would be closest to:

Normal Mystery distribution Some other distribution

G) If I created 100 numbers 10,000 times, the sample mean of the sample means would be:

Less than 1 Equal to 1 Greater than 1 Can't determine

H) The area under the density curve describing the population distribution would be:

Less than 1 Equal to 1 Greater than 1 Can't determine

2. The table below shows the number of formal votes cast in each of the 11 electoral Divisions in South Australia during the 2016 Australian Federal Election.

Division	Turnout
Adelaide	95,544
Barker	94,445
Boothby	95,288
Grey	89,876
Hindmarsh	98,032
Kingston	93,391

Division	Turnout
Makin	94,070
Mayo	95,116
Port Adelaide	96,009
Sturt	93,032
Wakefield	95,933

A) [1 pt] Compute the mean number of voters in an electoral division.

B) [1 pt] There were a total of 11 electoral Di	ivisions in South Australia in 20	16, so the value you
calculated in part (A) is a (circle one):	statistic	parameter

- C) [1 pt] Which variable is a label variable (circle one)? Division Turnout Neither
- D) [3 pts] Construct a stem-and-leaf plot displaying this data.

D) [8 pts] Compute the five-number summary for this data, and sketch a boxplot (showing outliers, if they exist).

3. Read the following excerpt from a published study's Methods section:

"The experiment manipulated the extent to which people (N = 689,003) were exposed to emotional expressions in their News Feed. This tested whether exposure to emotions led people to change their own posting behaviors... Two parallel experiments were conducted for positive and negative emotion: One in which exposure to friends' positive emotional content in their News Feed was reduced, and one in which exposure to negative emotional content in their News Feed was reduced. In these conditions, when a person loaded their News Feed...each emotional post had between a 10% and 90% chance (based on their User ID) of being omitted from their News Feed for that specific viewing....Posts were determined to be positive or negative if they contained at least one positive or negative word, as defined by Linguistic Inquiry and Word Count software (LIWC2007) word counting system...such that no text was seen by the researchers. As such, it was consistent with Facebook's Data Use Policy, to which all users agree prior to creating an account on Facebook, constituting informed consent for this research. Both experiments had a control condition, in which a similar proportion of posts in their News Feed were omitted entirely at random...Participants were randomly selected based on their User ID, resulting in a total of ~155,000 participants per condition who posted at least one status update during the experimental period."

The subjects were not	aware that News	Feeds had been	manipulated u	ntil this study wa	as published.

A) [1.5 pts] What were the cases in this study, and how many were there?

B) [1.5 pts] From the study methods below, circle all that were used in this study:

Blinding Randomization Matching

C) [1 pt] What was the factor in this experiment?

D) [2 pt] Argue for or against the statement, "The researchers should have told people that they were manipulating their News Feeds before they started collecting data."

4. It is 1936 and someone is flooding the antiquities market with golden idols from Peru. After stealing Forrestal's work, you estimate that the weight of the idols is approximately normally distributed with mean 2.6 pounds and standard deviation 0.13 pounds.
A) [4 pts] The golden idol in the Temple of the Warriors weighs 3 pounds. Assuming that your estimations are correct, what percentage of golden idols weigh more than this one?
B) [3 pts] Rene Belloq steals the idol from you. Since he is French, he uses kilograms instead of pounds (1 kg = 2.2 pounds). Express the distribution of idol weights in a way that Belloq can understand.
C) [2 pts] Will Belloq get a different answer to part (A)? Why or why not?
D) [7 pts] You find a set of 20 idols in another temple. The total weight of the idols is 50.85 pounds. What is the probability that the mean weight of a random sample of 20 idols is smaller than the mean weight of the idols in this temple?

Extra Space. The tables below show a number of critical values z for the standard normal variable $Z \sim N(0,1)$ and the corresponding cumulative proportions, corresponding to $P(Z \le z)$.

z-score	Cumulative Proportion
-3.00	0.0013
-2.50	0.0062
-2.00	0.0228
-1.65	0.0495
-1.28	0.1003
-1.00	0.1587
-0.67	0.2514

z-score	Cumulative Proportion
0.67	0.7486
1.00	0.8413
1.28	0.8997
1.65	0.9505
2.00	0.9772
2.50	0.9938
3.00	0.9987

The rest of this space to be used for extra work: