## **Assignment 1**

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## Probability practice

Part A. Visitors to your website are asked to answer a single survey question before they get access to the content on the page. Among all of the users, there are two categories: Random Clicker (RC), and Truthful Clicker (TC). There are two possible answers to the survey: yes and no. Random clickers would click either one with equal probability. You are also giving the information that the expected fraction of random clickers is 0.3. After a trial period, you get the following survey results: 65% said Yes and 35% said No. What fraction of people who are truthful clickers answered yes? Hint: use the rule of total probability.

1. a)	
Guven :-	
Random clickers (Rc) fraction = 0.3 Touthful clickers (Tc) fraction = 0.7	
Random dickers answering yes = 0.5 No = 0.5	
Yes NO	1
RC	
(0.3) 0.5	
TC	-
(0.7)	
Perobablity of T.C answering "Yes"	
Tables age of a state of	
using rule of total peobablity	
P(Y) = P(YIRC) · P(RC) + P(YITC) · 1	CTO
0.65 = 0.5 × 0.3 + P(YITe) × 0.7	
0.65 = 0.15 + PCYITC)0.7	
0.65 - 0.15 = PCYITC)	
0.7	
P(YITC) = 0.714	
Respective of Truth Int anguage in Ver	71
Reobablity of Tunth but answering Yes	-

Part B. Imagine a medical test for a disease with the following two attributes:

The sensitivity is about 0.993. That is, if someone has the disease, there is a probability of 0.993 that they will test positive. The specificity is about 0.9999. This means that if someone doesn't have the disease, there is probability of 0.9999 that they will test negative. In the general population, incidence of the disease is reasonably rare: about 0.0025% of all people have it (or 0.000025 as a decimal probability). Suppose someone tests positive. What is the probability that they have the disease?

N977 14	
0	
	1.6)
	Gaven
	Sensitivity (TPR) - 0.993
	Sensitivity (TPR) - 0.993 Specificity (TNR) - 0.9999 Perior probability - 0.00257
	Preise pubbablity - 0.0025 %
	Using Bayes Theorem
	P(Disease 100sitive) = P(Positive   Disease).
	P(Disease) P(Positive)
	P(Positive ) = P(Positive   Disease). P(Disease) + P(Positive   NO Disease). P(No Disease)
	- (0.993 x 0.000025)+(0.0001 x 0.999975)
	= 0.0000 24825 X 0.0000 999975
	= 0.0001248225
	P(Disease / positive) = 0.993 x 0.0000 25 0.000 124 8225
	2.10.24
	= 0.1986
-	Puobablity of someone has disease given positive result is 19.88%.
	positive vicesuit is 1108/
11.30	