Lab Experiments

Consider the **Insurance** database given below. The primary keys are underlined and the data types are specified:

PERSON (driver-id:string,name:string,address:string)

CAR (Regno:string,model:string,year:int)

ACCIDINT (report-number:int,date:date,location:string)

OWNS (<u>driver-id</u>:string,regno:string)

PARTICIPATED (<u>driver-id</u>:string,<u>regno</u>:string,<u>report-number</u>:int,damage-amount: int)

- 1) create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys
- 2) Enter atleast five tuples for each relation
- 3) Demonstrate how you
 - a) update the damage amount for the car with a specific regno in accident with report number 12 to 25000
 - b) add a new accident to the database
- 4) Find the total number of people who owned cars that were involved in accidents in 2002.
- 5) Find the number of accidents in which cars belonging to a specific model were involved.

Table creation:

SQL> create table Person (
Driverid varchar(15),
Name varchar(15) not null,
Address varchar(20),
primary key (Driverid));

Table created.

SQL> create table Car(
Regno varchar(9),
Model varchar(15) not null,
Year integer not null,
primary key (Regno));

Table created.

SQL> create table Accident(
Reportno integer,
Accdate date not null,
Location varchar(15) not null,
primary key (Reportno));

Table created.

SQL> create table Owns(
 Driverid varchar(15),
 Regno varchar(9),
 primary key (Driverid,Regno),
 foreign key (Driverid) references Person(Driverid),
 foreign key (Regno) references Car(Regno));

Table created.

SQL> create table Participated(
 Driverid varchar(15),
 Regno varchar(9),
 Reportno integer,
 Damageamount integer,
 primary key (Driverid,Regno,Reportno),
 foreign key (Driverid) references Person(Driverid),
 foreign key (Regno) references Car(Regno),
 foreign key (Reportno) references Accident(Reportno));

Table created.

SQL> desc Person;

Name	Null?	Туре
DRIVERID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (15)
NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (15)
ADDRESS		VARCHAR2 (20)
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SQL> insert into Person values ('1111','Ramu','Jayanagar');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Person values ('2222', 'Manu', 'Rajajinagar');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Person values ('3333', 'Pandit', 'Indiranagar');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Person values ('4444','Gopal','BTMLayout');

SQL> insert into Person values ('5555', 'Lalit', 'Whitefield');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from Person;

DRIVERID	NAME	ADDRESS
1111	Ramu	Jayanagar
2222	Manu	Rajajinagar
3333	Pandit	Indiranagar
4444	Gopal	BTM Layout
5555	Lalit	Whitefield

SQL> desc Car;

Name Null?		Type	
REGNO	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (9)	
MODEL	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (15)	
YEAR	NOT NULL	NUMBER (38)	

SQL> insert into Car values ('KA04Q2301', 'Maruthi', 2000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Car values ('KA05P1000', 'Ford', 2002);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Car values ('KA03L1234','Honda', 1999);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Car values ('KA03L9999', 'Tata', 2002);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Car values('KA01P4026','Toyota',2003);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from Car;

REGNO	MODEL	YEAR	
KA04Q2301	Maruthi	2000	
KA05P1000	Ford	2002	
KA03L1234	Honda	1999	
KA03L9999	Tata	2002	
KA01P4026	Toyota	2003	

SQL> desc Owns;

Name	Null?	Туре	
DRIVERID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (15)	
REGNO	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (9)	
REGNO	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2	

SQL> insert into Owns values ('1111','KA04Q2301');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Owns values ('2222', 'KA05P1000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Owns values ('3333','KA03L1234');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Owns values ('4444', 'KA03L9999');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Owns values('5555','KA01P4026');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from Owns;

DRIVERID	REGNO
1111	KA04Q2301
2222	KA05P1000
3333	KA03L1234
4444	KA03L9999
5555	KA01P4026

SQL> desc Accident;

Name Null?	
NOT NULL	NUMBER (38)
NOT NULL	DATE
NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (15)
	NOT NULL NOT NULL

SQL> insert into Accident values(12,'01-Jun-2001','Jayanagar');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Accident values(25,'02-Jul-2002','AvenueRoad');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Accident values (512,'08-Mar-2000','MGRoad');

SQL> insert into Accident values (1024, '25-Oct-2002', 'BrigadeRoad');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Accident values (1000, '23-Dec-2003', 'RichmondCircle');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from Accident;

REPORTNO	ACCDATE	LOCATION
12	01-JUN-01	Jayanagar
25	02-JUL-02	Avenue Road
512	08-MAR-00	MG Road
1024	25-OCT-02	Brigade Road
1000	23-DEC-03	Richmond Circle

SQL> desc participated;

Name	Null?	Туре
DRIVERID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (15)
REGNO	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (9)
REPORTNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER (38)
DAMAGEAM		NUMBER (38)

SQL> insert into Participated values ('1111', 'KA04Q2301', 12, 2000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Participated values ('2222', 'KA05P1000', 25, 15000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Participated values ('3333', 'KA03L1234', 512, 15500);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Participated values ('4444', 'KA03L9999', 1024, 20000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Participated values ('5555', 'KA01P4026', 1000, 5000);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from Participated;

DRIVERID	REGNO	REPORTNO	DAMAGEAMOUNT
1111	KA04Q2301	12	2000
2222	KA05P1000	25	15000
3333	KA03L1234	512	15500
4444	KA03L9999	1024	20000
5555	KA01P4026	1000	5000

***** 1st QUERY *****

BEFORE:

SQL> select * from Participated;

DRIVERID	REGNO	REPORTNO	AMAGEAMOUNT
1111	KA04Q2301	12	2000
2222	KA05P1000	25	15000
3333	KA03L1234	512	15500
4444	KA03L9999	1024	20000
5555	KA01P4026	1000	5000
SQL> update F	Participated		

set Damageamount=25000

where Regno='KA04Q2301' and Reportno=12;

1 row updated.

AFTER:

SQL> select * from Participated;

DRIVERID	REGNO	REPORTNO	DAMAGEAMOUNT
1111	KA04Q2301	12	25000
2222	KA05P1000	25	15000
3333	KA03L1234	512	15500
4444	KA03L9999	1024	20000
5555	KA01P4026	1000	5000
**** 2ND OUERY ****			

SQL> insert into Person values ('6666', 'Bunty', 'Jayanagar');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from person;

DRIVERID	NAME	ADDRESS
1111	Ramu	Jayanagar
2222	Manu	Rajajinagar
3333	Pandit	Indiranagar
4444	Gopal	BTM Layout
5555	Lalit	Whitefield
6666	Bunty	Jayanagar
6 rows selected	i .	

SQL> insert into Car values('KA052005','BMW',2005);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from car;

REGNO	MODEL	YEAR
KA04Q2301	Maruthi	2000
KA05P1000	Ford	2002
KA03L1234	Honda	1999
KA03L9999	Tata	2002
KA01P4026	Toyota	2003
KA052005	BMW	2005

6 rows selected.

SQL> insert into owns values('6666','KA052005');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from owns;

DRIVERID	REGNO
1111	KA04Q2301
2222	KA05P1000
3333	KA03L1234
4444	KA03L9999
5555	KA01P4026
6666	KA052005

6 rows selected.

SQL> insert into accident values (420,'30-Jan-2005','MGroad');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from accident;

REPORTNO	ACCDATE	LOCATION
12	01-JUN-01	Jayanagar
25	02-JUL-02	Avenue Road
512	08-MAR-00	MG Road
1024	25-OCT-02	Brigade Road
1000	23-DEC-03	Richmond Circle
420	30-JAN-05	M G road

6 rows selected.

SQL> insert into participated values ('6666','KA052005', 420, 25000); 1 row created.

SQL> select * from participated;

DRIVER	ID REGNO	REPORTNO	DAMAGEAMOUNT
1111	KA04Q2301	12	25000
2222	KA05P1000	25	15000
3333	KA03L1234	512	15500
4444	KA03L9999	1024	20000
5555	KA01P4026	1000	5000
6666	KA052005	420	25000

6 rows selected.

***** 3RD QUERY *****

SQL> select count(*) from Accident where Accdate like '__-__-02';

COUNT(*)

2

***** 4TH QUERY *****

SQL> select count(*) from Car C,Participated P where C.Regno=P.Regno and C.Model='Ford';

COUNT (*)

1

Order Processing Database

Consider the following relations for an order processing database applications in a Company

CUSTOMER (cust:int,cname:string,city:string)

ORDER (order:int,odate:date,cust:int,ord-amt:int)

ORDER-ITEM (<u>order:int,item:int,qty:int</u>)

ITEM (item:int,unitprice:int)

SHIPMENT (order:int,warehouse:int,ship-date:date)

WAREHOUSE (warehouse:int,city:string)

- 1) create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys
- 2) enter atleast five tuples for each relation
- 3) produce a listing: CUSTNAME,# of orders,AVG_ORDER_AMT,where the middle column is the total no of orders by the customer and the last column is the average order amount for that customer
- 4) list the order # for orders that were shipped from all warehouses that the company has in a specified city
- 5) Demonstrate how you delete item #10 from ITEM table and make the field null in the ORDER ITEM table.

SQL> create table customer(

Custno integer,

Cname varchar(15) not null,

City varchar(15),

primary key (Custno));

Table created.

SQL> create table corder(

Orderno integer,

Odate date not null,

Custno integer,

OrderAmount integer not null,

primary key (Orderno),

foreign key (Custno) references Customer(Custno));

Table created.

```
SQL> create table item(
   itemno integer,
   unitprice integer not null,
   primary key (itemno));
Table created.
SQL> create table order_item(
orderno integer,
itemno integer,
quantity integer,
primary key (orderno, itemno),
foreign key (orderno) references corder(orderno),
foreign key (itemno) references item(itemno));
Table created.
SQL> create table warehouse(
 warehouseno integer,
 city varchar(15) not null,
 primary key (warehouseno));
Table created.
SQL> create table shipment(
  orderno integer,
  warehouseno integer,
  shipdate date,
  primary key (orderno, warehouseno),
  foreign key (orderno) references corder(orderno),
  foreign key (warehouseno) references warehouse(warehouseno));
Table created.
SQL> desc customer;
 SQL> insert into customer values(1111, 'Jack', 'Bangalore');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into customer values(2222, 'Fred', 'New York');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into customer values(3333, 'George', 'Amsterdam');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into customer values(4444, 'Kumar', 'Bangalore');
1 row created.
SQL> insert into customer values(5555, 'Das', 'Bangalore');
1 row created.
```

SQL> select * from customer;

CUSTNO	CNAME	CITY
1111	Jack	Bangalore
2222	Fred	New York
3333	George	Amsterdam
4444	Kumar	Bangalore
5555	Das	Bangalore

SQL> desc corder;

Name	Null?	Туре
ORDERNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
ODATE	NOT NULL	DATE
CUSTNO		NUMBER(38)
ORDERAMOUNT	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)

SQL> insert into corder values(1,'10-Mar-2004',1111,10000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into corder values(2,'15-Apr-2005',2222,25000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into corder values(3,'15-Dec-2004',3333,30000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into corder values(4,'17-Jun-2004',4444,40000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into corder values(5,'11-Jul-2004',2222,50000);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from corder;

ORDE	RNO	ODATE	CUS'	TNO	ORDERAMOU	JNT
1	10-1	MAR-04	1	111	10	000
2	15-	APR-05	22	222	250	000
3	15-	DEC-04	3	3333	30	0000
4	17-	JUN-04	4	1444	40	0000
5	11-	JUL-04	2	222	50	000

SQL> desc item;

Name	Null?	Туре	
ITEMNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)	
UNITPRICE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)	
SQL> insert into item values(11,500);			

1 row created.

SQL> insert into item values(22,250);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into item values(33,100);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into item values(44,50);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into item values(55,2);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into item values(10,150);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from item;

ITEMNO	UNITPRICE
11	500
22	250
33	100
44	50
55	2
10	150

6 rows selected.

SQL> desc order_item;

Name	Null?	Туре
ORDERNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
ITEMNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
QUANTITY		NUMBER(38)
SOL> insert into order iten	n values (1.11.150):	

SQL> insert into order_item values (2,22,200);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into order_item values (3,33,300);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into order_item values (4,44,400);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into order_item values (5,55,500);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into order_item values(2,10,500);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from order_item;

ORDERNO	ITEMNO	QUANTITY
1	11	150
2	22	200
3	33	300
4	44	400
5	55	500
2	10	500

6 rows selected.

SQL> desc warehouse;

Name	Null?	Туре
WAREHOUSENO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
CITY	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)

SQL> insert into warehouse values(17, 'Bangalore');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into warehouse values(27,'Chennai');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into warehouse values(37,'Pune');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into warehouse values(47, 'Coimbatore');

SQL> insert into warehouse values(57,'Cochin');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from warehouse;

WAREHOUSENO	CITY	
17	Bangalore	
27	Chennai	
37	Pune	
47	Coimbatore	
57	Cochin	

SQL> desc shipment;

Name	Null?	Туре
ORDERNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
WAREHOUSENO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
SHIPDATE		DATE

SQL> insert into shipment values(1,17,'02-Jul-2005');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into shipment values(2,17,'15-Apr-2005');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into shipment values(3,27,'6-Jun-2005');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into shipment values(4,37,'10-May-2005');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into shipment values(5,47,'9-Feb-2005');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from shipment;

ORDERNO	WAREHOUSENO	SHIPDATE
1	17	02-JUL-05
2	17	15-APR-05
3	27	06-JUN-05
4	37	10-MAY-05
5	47	09-FEB-05

***** 1ST QUERY *****

SQL> select C.Cname,count(CO.orderno),Avg(CO.Orderamount)

from Customer C,corder CO

where C.custno=CO.custno

group by C.Cname, CO.custno;

CNAME	COUNT(CO.ORDERNO)	AVG(CO.ORDERAMOUNT)
Fred	2	37500
George	1	30000
Jack	1	10000
Kumar	1	40000
***** 2 ND QUERY *****		

SQL> select orderno, warehouseno

from shipment

where warehouseno in

(select warehouseno

from warehouse

where city='Bangalore');

ORDERNO	WAREHOUSENC
1	17
2	17

STUDENT DATABASE

Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course

STUDENT (regno:string,name:string,major:string,bdate:date)

COURSE (course:int,cname:string,dept:string)

ENROLL (regno:string,course:int,marks:int)

BOOK_ADOPTION (course:int,sem:int,book-ISBN:int)

TEXT (book-ISBN: int,book-title:string,publisher:string,author:string)

- 1) create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and foreign keys
- 2) enter five tuples for each relation
- 3) demonstrate how you add a new text book to the database and make this book be adopted by some department
- 4) produce a list of text books in alphabetical order for courses offered by CS department that use more than two books
- 5) list any department that has all its adopted books published by a specific publisher

SQL> create table Student(

Regno varchar(10),

Name varchar(10) not null,

Major varchar(10) not null,

Bdate date,

primary key (Regno));

Table created.

SQL> create table Course(

Courseno integer,

Cname varchar(10) not null,

Dept varchar(10) not null,

primary key (Courseno));

Table created.

```
SQL> create table Enroll(
Regno varchar(10),
Courseno integer,
Sem integer not null,
Marks integer,
primary key (Regno,Courseno),
foreign key (Regno) references Student(Regno),
foreign key (Courseno) references Course(Courseno));

Table created.

SQL> create table Text(
ISBN integer,
```

Table created.

Booktitle varchar(20) not null,

Publisher varchar(20),

Author varchar(15),

primary key (ISBN));

SQL> create table Book_adoption(
 Courseno integer,
 Sem integer,
 ISBN integer,
 primary key (Courseno,Sem),
 foreign key (Courseno) references Course(Courseno),
 foreign key (ISBN) references Text(ISBN));

Table created.

SQL> desc student;

Name	Null?	Туре
REGNO	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
MAJOR	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
BDATE		DATE

SQL> insert into Student values('1BI02CS010','Karan','CSE','02-Jan-1984');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Student values('1BI02EE015','Jack','EEE','15-Apr-1983');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Student values('1BI00CS010','Adi','CSE','02-Jan-1982');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Student values('1BI01EC089', 'Rahul', 'ECE', '01-Dec-1983');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into student values ('1BI01ME075', 'Sachin', 'MECH', '18-Jul-1983');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from student;

REGNO	NAME	MAJOR	BDATE
1BI01ME075	Sachin	MECH	18-JUL-83
1BI02CS010	Karan	CSE	02-JAN-84
1BI02EE015	Jack	EEE	15-APR-83
1BI00CS010	Adi	CSE	02-JAN-82
1BI01EC089	Rahul	ECE	01-DEC-83

SQL> desc course;

Name	Null?	Туре
COURSENO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
CNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
DEPT	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)

SQL> insert into course values(11,'DSC','CSE');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into course values(22,'ADA','CSE');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into course values(33,'CN','EC');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into course values(44, 'TD', 'MECH');

SQL> insert into course values(55,'MP','EC');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from course;

COURSENO	CNAME	DEPT
11	DSC	CSE
22	ADA	CSE
33	CN	EC
44	TD	MECH
55	MP	EC

SQL> desc enroll;

Name	Null?	Туре
REGNO	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
COURSENO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
SEM	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
MARKS		NUMBER(38)

SQL> insert into enroll values('1BI02CS010',22,5,72);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into enroll values('1BI00CS010',11,3,90);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into enroll values('1BI01EC089',33,6,52);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into enroll values('1BI01ME075',44,4,85);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into enroll values('1BI02EE015',22,5,75);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from enroll;

REGNO	COURSENO	SEM	MARKS
1BI02CS010	22	5	72
1BI00CS010	11	3	90
1BI01EC089	33	6	52
1BI01ME075	44	4	85
1BI02EE015	22	5	75

SQL> desc text;

Name	Null?	Туре	
ISBN	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)	
BOOKTITLE	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(20)	
PUBLISHER		VARCHAR2(20)	
AUTHOR		VARCHAR2(15)	

SQL> insert into text values(7722,'VB6','Dreamtech','Holzner');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into text values(1144, 'DS with C', 'Sapna', 'Nandagopalan');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into text values(4400,'C programming', 'TMH', 'Balaguruswamy');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into text values(5566, 'Computer Nw', 'PHI', 'Tennenbaum');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into text values(3388,'MP','PHI','Brey');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from text;

ISBN	BOOKTITLE	PUBLISHER	AUTHOR
7722	VB6	Dreamtech	Holzner
1144	DS with C	Sapna	Nandagopalan
4400 C	Programming	TMH	Balaguruswamy
5566 C	omputer Nw	PHI	Tennenbaum
3388	MP	PHI	Brey

SQL> desc book_adoption;

Name	Null?	Туре
COURSENO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
SEM	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
ISBN		NUMBER(38)

SQL> insert into book_adoption values(11,3,7722);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into book_adoption values(22,4,7722);

SQL> insert into book_adoption values(11,5,4400);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into book_adoption values(11,8,5566);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into book_adoption values(55,4,3388);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into book_adoption values(44,4,5566);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into book_adoption values(44,7,3388);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from book_adoption;

COURSENO	SEM	ISBN
11	3	7722
22	4	7722
11	5	4400
11	8	5566
55	4	3388
44	4	5566
44	7	3388

7 rows selected.

***** 1ST QUERY *****

SQL> insert into text values(1234, 'Elec. Circuits', 'Sapna', 'Giridhar');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into book_adoption values(55,3,1234);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from text;

ISBN	BOOKTITLE	PUBLISHER	AUTHOR
			7722
VB6	Dreamtech	Holzner	
1144	DS with C	Sapna	Nandagopalan
4400	C Programming	TMH	Balaguruswamy
5566	Computer Nw	PHI	Tennenbaum
3388	MP	PHI	Brey
1234	Elec.Circuits	Sapna	Giridhar

6 rows selected.

SQL> select * from book_adoption;

COURSENO	SEM	ISBN
11	3	7722
22	4	7722
11	5	4400
11	8	5566
55	4	3388
44	4	5566
44	7	3388
55	3	1234

8 rows selected.

***** 2ND QUERY *****

SQL> select C.Courseno, T.ISBN, T.Booktitle from Course C, Book_adoption BA, Text T

where C.Courseno=BA.Courseno and BA.ISBN=T.ISBN and C.Dept='CSE' group by C.Courseno, T.ISBN, T.Booktitle;

	***	* 3RD OUERY *****
22	7722	VB6
11	7722	VB6
11	5566	Computer Nw
11	4400	C Programming
COURSENO	ISBN	BOOKTITLE

```
SQL> select distinct C.Dept
 from Course C, Book_adoption A,Text T
 where C.Courseno=A.Courseno and
 A.ISBN=T.ISBN and
 not exists (( select Y.ISBN
 from Course X,Book_Adoption Y
 where X.Courseno=Y.Courseno
 and X.Dept=C.Dept)
 minus
(select ISBN
from Text
where publisher='PHI'));
DEPT
```

MECH

BOOK DEALER DATABASE

The following tables are maintained by a book dealer

AUTHOR(author-id:int,name:string,city:string,country:string)

PUBLISHER(publisher-id:int,name:string,city:string,country:string)

 $\textbf{CATALOG} \underline{(book\text{-}id\text{:}int, title\text{:}string, author\text{-}id\text{:}int, publisher\text{-}id\text{:}int, category-}$

id:int,year:int,price:int)

CATEGORY(category-id:int,description:script)

ORDER-DETAILS(order-no:int,book-id:int,quantity:int)

- 1) create the above details by properly specifying the primary keys and foreign keys
- 2) enter atleast five tuples for each relation
- 3) find the author of the book which has maximium sales
- 4) demonstrate how you increase the price of books published by a specific publisher by 10%
- 5) generation of suitable reports
- 6) create suitable front end for querying and display the results

SQL> create table Author(

Authorid integer,

Aname varchar(15),

Acity varchar(15),

Acountry varchar(15),

primary key (Authorid));

Table created.

SQL> create table Publisher(

Publisherid integer,

Pname varchar(15),

Pcity varchar(15),

Pcountry varchar(15),

primary key (Publisherid));

Table created.

```
SQL> create table Category(
  Categoryid integer,
  Description varchar(20),
  primary key (Categoryid));
Table created.
SQL> create table Catalog(
  Bookid integer,
  Title varchar(20),
  Authorid integer,
  Publisherid integer,
  Categoryid integer,
  Year integer,
  Price integer,
  primary key (Bookid),
  foreign key (Authorid) references Author(Authorid),
 foreign key (Publisherid) references Publisher(Publisherid),
 foreign key (Categoryid) references Category(Categoryid));
Table created.
SQL> create table Order_details(
  Orderno integer,
  Bookid integer,
  Quantity integer,
  primary key (Orderno, Bookid),
  foreign key (Bookid) references Catalog(Bookid));
```

Table created.

SQL> desc author;

Name	Null?	Type
AUTHORID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
ANAME		VARCHAR2(15)
ACITY		VARCHAR2(15)
ACOUNTRY		VARCHAR2(15)

SQL> insert into Author values(1000, 'Nandagopalan', 'Bangalore', 'India');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Author values(2000, 'Tony', 'Haywood', 'USA');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Author values(3000, 'Holzner', 'New York', 'USA');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Author values(4000, 'Tennenbaum', 'London', 'UK');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Author values(5000, 'Balaguruswamy', 'Chennai', 'India');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from Author;

ANAME	ACITY	ACOUNTRY
Nandagopalan	Bangalore	India
Tony	Haywood	USA
Holzner	New York	USA
Tennenbaum	London	UK
Balaguruswamy	Chennai	India
	Nandagopalan Tony Holzner Tennenbaum	Nandagopalan Bangalore Tony Haywood Holzner New York Tennenbaum London

SQL> desc publisher;

Name	Null?	Туре
PUBLISHERID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
PNAME		VARCHAR2(15)
PCITY		VARCHAR2(15)
PCOUNTRY		VARCHAR2(15)

SQL> insert into publisher values(11,'Wiely','NewDelhi','India');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into publisher values(22,'PHI','California','USA');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into publisher values(33, 'Sapna', 'Bangalore', 'India');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into publisher values(44, 'TMH', 'NewYork', 'USA');

SQL> insert into publisher values(55,'Wrox','Texas','USA');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from publisher;

PUBLISHERID	PNAME	PCITY	PCOUNTRY	
11	Wiely	NewDel	lhi	India
22	PHI	Califor	nia	USA
33	Sapna	Bangal	ore	India
44	TMH	NewYork		USA
55	Wrox	Texa	S	USA

SQL> desc category;

Null?	Туре	
NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)	
	VARCHAR2(20)	

SQL> insert into category values(1,'OS');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into category values(2,'Languages');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into category values(3,'Hardware');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into category values(4,'Algorithms');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into category values(5,'Internet');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from category;

CATEGORYID	DESCRIPTION		
1	OS		
2	Languages		
3	Hardware		
4	Algorithms		
5	Internet		

SQL> desc catalog;

Name	Null?	Type
BOOKID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
TITLE	NOT NOLL	VARCHAR2(20)
AUTHORID		NUMBER(38)
PUBLISHERID		NUMBER(38)
CATEGORYID		NUMBER(38)
YEAR		NUMBER(38)
PRICE		NUMBER(38)

SQL> insert into catalog values(123, 'DSC', 1000, 33, 2, 2000, 185);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into catalog values(456, 'Networks', 4000, 44, 4, 2002, 365);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into catalog values(789, 'VB6', 2000, 11, 2, 2000, 300);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into catalog values (213, 'Frontpage 2002', 4000, 44, 5, 2003, 500);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into catalog values(879, 'ADA', 1000, 33, 4, 2001, 195);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from catalog;

BOO	KID TITLE AU	THORID	PUBLISH	ERID CATEGORYID	YEAR	PRICE
123	DSC	1000	33	2	2000	185
456	Networks	4000	44	4	2002	365
789	VB6	2000	11	2	2000	300
213	Frontpage20	02 4000	44	5	2003	500
879	ADA	1000	33	4	2001	195

SQL> desc order_details;

Name	Null?	Туре
ORDERNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
BOOKID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
QUANTITY		NUMBER(38)

SQL> insert into order_details values(112,123,100);

SQL> insert into order_details values(113,123,20);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into order_details values(114,213,50);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into order_details values(115,789,500);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into order_details values(116,879,8);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from order_details;

ORDERNO	BOOKID	QUANTITY
112	123	100
113	123	20
114	213	50
115	789	500
116	879	8
	***** 1 ST OUERY	****

SQL> select C.Authorid, A.Aname

from Catalog C, Author A

where A.Authorid=C.Authorid and C.Year>2000 and C.Price>(Select

Avg(Price) from Catalog)

group by C.Authorid, A.Aname

having count(C.Authorid)>=2;

AUTHORID	ANAME
4000	Tennenbaum
	***** 2 ND OUERY *****

SQL> create view salesdetails as(

Select OD.Bookid as Book#, C.Price as Cost, Sum(OD.quantity) as Qty,

sum(OD.quantity*C.price) as sales

from Order_details OD,Catalog C,Author A

where OD.Bookid=C.Bookid and C.Authorid=A.Authorid

group by OD.Bookid, C.Price);

View created.

SQL> select A.Authorid, A.Aname, S.Book#, S.Sales

from Author A, Catalog C, Salesdetails S

where A.Authorid=C.Authorid and S.Book#=C.Bookid and sales=(select Max(Sales) from Salesdetails);

AUTHORID	ANAME	BOOK#	SALES	
2000	Tony	789	150000	
	**** 3 RD OUERY ****			

BEFORE:

SQL> select * from Catalog;

BOOK	ID TITLE	AUTHO:	RID PUI	BLISHE	RID CATEGO	ORYID YEAR	PRICE
123	DSC	100	00	33	2	2000	185
456	Network	s 400	00 44		4	2002	365
789	VB6	2000	11		2	2000	300
213	Frontpag	e2002	4000	44	5	2003	500
879	ADA	1000	33		4	2001	195
SQL>	update ca	atalog					
set	price=pric	e*1.10					

where publisherid=33;

2 rows updated.

AFTER:

SQL> select * from catalog;

BOOK	ID TITLE A	UTHORIE) PUE	BLISH	ERID	CATEGORY	ID YEAR	PRICE
123	DSC	1000		33		2	2000	204
456	Networks	4000		44		4	2002	365
789	VB6	2000)	11		2	2000	300 213
Front	page2002	4000	44			5	2003	500 879
ADA	1000		33		4	2001	215	

BANKING DATABASE

Consider the following database for a banking enterprise

BRANCH(branch-name:string,branch-city:string,assets:real)

ACCOUNT(accno:int,branch-name:string,balance:real)

DEPOSITOR(customer-name:string,accno:int)

CUSTOMER(customer-name:string,customer-street:string,city:string)

LOAN(loan-number:int,branch-name:string,loan-number-int)

BORROWER(customer-name:string,customer-street:string,city:string)

- 1) create the above tables by properly specifying the primary and foreign keys
- 2) enter 5 tuples for each relation
- 3) find all the customers who have atleast two accounts at the main branch
- 4) find all the customers who have an account at all the branches located in a specified city
- 5) demonstrate how you delete all account tuples at every branch located in a specified city
- 6) genetration of suitable reports
- 7) create suitable front end for querying and display the results

```
SQL> create table branch(
branchname varchar(15),
branchcity varchar(15),
assets real,
primary key (branchname));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> create table accnt(
accountno integer,
branchname varchar(15),
balance real,
primary key (accountno),
foreign key (branchname) references branch(branchname));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> create table depositor(
 customername varchar(15),
 accountno integer,
 primary key (customername, account no),
 foreign key (accountno) references accnt(accountno));
Table created.
SQL> create table custmer(
 customername varchar(15),
 customerstreet varchar(15),
 city varchar(15),
 primary key (customername));
Table created.
SQL> create table loan(
 loanno integer,
 branchname varchar(15),
 amount real,
 primary key (loanno),
 foreign key (branchname) references branch(branchname));
Table created.
SQL> create table borrower(
 customername varchar(15),
 loanno integer,
 primary key (customername,loanno),
 foreign key (customername) references custmer(customername),
```

Table created.

SQL> desc branch;

foreign key (loanno) references loan(loanno));

Name	Null?	Type
BRANCHNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)
BRANCHCITY		VARCHAR2(15)
ASSETS		NUMBER(63)
SQL> insert into branch values('J	ayanagar','Bangalore	e','15000000');
1 row created.		
SQL> insert into branch values('B	asavanagudi','Banga	alore','25000000');
1 row created.		

SQL> insert into branch values('Noida', 'NewDelhi', '50000000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into branch values('Marinedrive', 'Mumbai', '40000000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into branch values('GreenPark', 'Newdelhi', '30000000');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from branch;

BRANCHNAME	BRANCHCITY	ASSETS	
Jayanagar	Bangalore	15000000	
Basavanagudi	Bangalore	25000000	
Noida	NewDelhi	50000000	
Marinedrive	Mumbai	4000000	
GreenPark	Newdelhi	30000000	

SQL> desc accnt;

Name Null?		Туре
ACCOUNTNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)
BRANCHNAME		VARCHAR2(15)
BALANCE		NUMBER(63)

SQL> insert into accnt values('123','Jayanagar','25000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into accnt values('156','Jayanagar','30000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into accnt values('456', 'Basavanagudi', '15000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into accnt values('789','Noida','25000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into accnt values('478','Marinedrive','48000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into accnt values('778','GreenPark','60000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into accnt values('189','Basavanagudi','48888');

SQL> select * from accnt;

ACCOUNTNO	BRANCHNAME	BALANCE
123	Jayanagar	25000
156	Jayanagar	30000
456	Basavanagudi	15000
789	Noida	25000
478	Marinedrive	48000
778	GreenPark	60000
189	Basavanagudi	48888

7 rows selected.

SQL> desc custmer;

Name	Null?	Туре	
CUSTOMERNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)	
CUSTOMERSTREET		VARCHAR2(15)	
CITY		VARCHAR2(15)	

SQL> insert into custmer values('Ramu','Jayanagar','Bangalore');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into custmer values('Kumar', 'Basavanagudi', 'Bangalore');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into custmer values('John','Noida','Newdelhi');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into custmer values('Mike', 'Marinedrive', 'Mumbai');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into custmer values('Sachin', 'GreenPark', 'NewDelhi');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from custmer;

CUSTOMERNAME	CUSTOMERSTREET	CITY
Ramu	Jayanagar	Bangalore
Kumar	Basavanagudi	Bangalore
John	Noida	Newdelhi
Mike	Marinedrive	Mumbai
Sachin	GreenPark	NewDelhi

SQL> desc depositor;

Name	Null?	Туре
CUSTOMERNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)
ACCOUNTNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)

SQL> insert into depositor values('Ramu', 123);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into depositor values('Ramu', 156);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into depositor values('Ramu', 189);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into depositor values('Kumar', 456);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into depositor values('John',789);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into depositor values('Mike',478);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into depositor values('Sachin',778);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from depositor;

CUSTOMERNAME	ACCOUNTNO
Ramu	123
Ramu	156
Ramu	189
Kumar	456
John	789
Mike	478
Sachin	778

7 rows selected.

SQL> desc loan;

Name	Null?	Туре	
LOANNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)	
BRANCHNAME		VARCHAR2(15)	
AMOUNT		NUMBER(63)	

SQL> insert into loan values('1111','Jayanagar','250000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into loan values('2222', 'Basavanagudi', '350000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into loan values('3333','Noida','150000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into loan values('4444','Marinedrive','1500000');

1 row created.

SQL> insert into loan values('5555', 'GreenPark', '7500000');

1 row created.

SQL> select * from loan;

LOANNO	BRANCHNAME	AMOUNT
1111	Jayanagar	250000
2222	Basavanagudi	350000
3333	Noida	150000
4444	Marinedrive	1500000
5555	GreenPark	7500000

SQL> desc borrower;

Name	Null?	
CUSTOMERNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)
LOANNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)

SQL> insert into borrower values('Ramu',1111);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into borrower values('Kumar',2222);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into borrower values('John',3333);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into borrower values('Mike',4444);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into borrower values('Sachin',5555);

SQL> select * from borrower;

SQL> select * from borro CUSTOMERNAME	LOANNO
 Ramu	1111
Kumar	2222
Iohn	3333
Mike	4444
Sachin	5555
	***** 1 ST QUEF
QL> select customername	e
from Depositor D,Accnt	A
where D.accountno=A.acc	countno and
branchname='Jayanagar'	
having count(D.accountn	10)>=2
group by customername;	
USTOMERNAME	
amu	
	***** 2 ND QUEF
QL> select customername	e
from Branch B,Accnt A,D	epositor D
where B.Branchname=A.	Branchname and
A.Accountno=D.Account	no and
B.Branchcity='Bangalore'	ı
having count(distinct B.E	Branchname)=(Se
count(Branchname)	
from Branch	
where Branchcity='Banga	alore')
group by customername;	
CUSTOMERNAME	
Ramu	***** 3 RD QUEF
POI > dalata franz ACCOLINI	•
SQL>delete from ACCOUN	
here BNAME in (select	BNAME

where

from BRANCH

BCITY = '&CITY');