```
In [1]: 1+1 #addition
 Out[1]: 2
 In [2]: 2-1 #subtraction
 Out[2]: 1
 In [3]: 3*4 #multiplication
 Out[3]: 12
 In [4]: 8/4 #division
 Out[4]: 2.0
 In [5]: 8//4
 Out[5]: 2
 In [9]: 2 ** 5
 Out[9]: 32
 In [6]: 8 + 9 - 7 #BODMAS-(Brackets, orders, division, multiplication, addition, subtrac
 Out[6]: 10
 In [7]: (5+5)*5
Out[7]: 50
 In [8]: 2*2*2*2*2
Out[8]: 32
In [10]: 14 % 2
Out[10]: 0
In [13]: a,b,c,d,e = 15,7.8,'Chinnu', 8+9j, True
         print(a)
         print(b)
         print(c)
         print(d)
         print(e)
        15
        7.8
        Chinnu
        (8+9j)
        True
In [14]: print(type(a))
         print(type(b))
         print(type(c))
```

```
print(type(d))
         print(type(e))
        <class 'int'>
        <class 'float'>
        <class 'str'>
        <class 'complex'>
        <class 'bool'>
In [16]: print("Hello World!")
       Hello World!
In [17]: a = 2
         b = 3
         a+b
Out[17]: 5
In [18]: c = a+b
In [19]: c
Out[19]: 5
In [22]: print('Jujoori Greeshma')
        Jujoori Greeshma
In [31]: 'Jujoori ' + 'Greeshma ' + 'Sri'
Out[31]: 'Jujoori Greeshma Sri'
In [33]: 5 * 'Chinnu'
Out[33]: 'ChinnuChinnuChinnuChinnu'
In [34]: 5 * ' Chinnu'
Out[34]: 'Chinnu Chinnu Chinnu Chinnu'
In [37]: print('C:\nit') #\n -> next line/new line
        C:
        it
In [38]: print(r'C:\nit') #r -> raw string
        C:\nit
In [39]: #print result with string
In [41]: num1 = 20
         num2 = 30
         add=num1+num2
         print('The addition of',num1,'and',num2,'is =',add)
        The addition of 20 and 30 is = 50
In [42]: #.format( ) string print method
```

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```
In [43]: num1 = 20
         num2 = 30
         add=num1+num2
         print('The addition of {} and {} is = {}'.format(num1,num2,add))
        The addition of 20 and 30 is = 50
In [44]: #More shorter format method (f string method)
In [45]: num1 = 20
         num2 = 30
         add=num1+num2
         print(f'The addition of {num1} and {num2} is = {add}')
        The addition of 20 and 30 is = 50
In [46]: #ROUND
In [47]:
         num1=100
         num2=25
In [50]:
         num3=333
         avg=round((num1+num2+num3)/3)
         print(f'The avrage of {num1}, {num2} and {num3} is = {avg}')
        The avrage of 100, 25 and 333 is = 153
In [51]: # Let's combine all
         num1=10
         num2=20
         add = num1 + num2
         print('The addition of',num1,'and',num2,'is=',add)
         print('The addition of {} and {} is= {}'.format(num1,num2,add))
         print(f'The addition of {num1} and {num2} is= {add}')
        The addition of 10 and 20 is= 30
        The addition of 10 and 20 is= 30
        The addition of 10 and 20 is= 30
In [52]: #end Statement
In [53]: print('hello')
         print('good moorning')
        hello
        good moorning
In [58]: print('hello', end='_')
         print('world have a good day')
        hello_world have a good day
In [59]: #separator
In [60]: print('hello','hai','how are you',sep='--->')
        hello--->hai--->how are you
In [63]: print('One','Two','Three', sep="♥♥♥")
        One♥♥♥Two♥♥♥Three
```

```
In [64]: #OPERATORS
In [65]: #Arithmetic Operator
In [66]: x1, y1 = 10, 5
         x1 + y1
Out[66]: 15
In [67]: x1 - y1
Out[67]: 5
In [68]: x1 * y1
Out[68]: 50
In [69]: x1 / y1
Out[69]: 2.0
In [70]: x1 // y1
Out[70]: 2
In [72]: x1 % y1
Out[72]: 0
In [73]: x1 ** y1
Out[73]: 100000
In [74]: 2 ** 3
Out[74]: 8
In [ ]: #Assignment operator
In [75]: x = 2
In [76]: x = x + 2
Out[76]: 4
In [77]: x += 2
Out[77]: 6
In [78]: x += 2
Out[78]: 8
```

```
In [79]: x -= 2
Out[79]: 6
In [80]: x *= 2
Out[80]: 12
In [81]: x /= 2
Out[81]: 6.0
In [82]: #Unary operator
In [83]: n = 7 # negation
In [84]: m = -(n)
In [85]: m
Out[85]: -7
In [86]: n
Out[86]: 7
In [87]: -n
Out[87]: -7
In [88]: #Relational operator
In [89]: a = 5
In [90]: a == b
Out[90]: False
In [91]: a < b
Out[91]: True
In [93]: a > b
Out[93]: False
In [94]: #a = b; we cannot use = operator; because that means it is assigning
In [95]: m = 5
```

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```
In [96]: m == n
Out[96]: True
 In [97]: a >= b
Out[97]: False
 In [98]: a<=b
Out[98]: True
In [99]: a != b
Out[99]: True
In [100... #LOGICAL OPERATOR
In [101... a = 5
          b = 4
In [102... a < 8 and b < 5
Out[102... True
In [103... a < 8 or b < 2
Out[103... True
In [104... x = False
Out[104... False
In [105...
          not x
Out[105... True
In [106...
          a < 8 ^ b < 5
Out[106... False
In [107...
          #Number system conversion
In [108...
          #Binary
In [109...
          25
Out[109...
           25
In [117...
          bin(25) #in output b means -> binary
Out[117... '0b11001'
In [118...
          int(0b11001)
```

```
Out[118...
           25
In [119...
           #Octal
In [120...
          oct(15) #in output o means -> octal
Out[120...
           '0o17'
In [122...
           #Hexadecimal
In [124...
           hex(25) #in output x means -> hexadecimal
Out[124...
           '0x19'
In [125...
          hex(10)
          '0xa'
Out[125...
In [126...
          #Swap variable in python
In [145...
          a = 5
           b = 6
           a = b
In [146...
           b = a
           print(a)
           print(b)
         6
         6
In [147...
           a1 = 7
           b1 = 8
In [148...
          temp = a1
           a1 = b1 # swapping values using third variable
           b1 = temp
In [149...
           print(a1)
           print(b1)
         8
         7
In [160...
          a2 = 5
           b2 = 6
          a2 = a2 + b2 # 5 + 6 = 11
In [153...
           b2 = a2 - b2 # 11 - 6 = 5
           a2 = a2 - b2 # 11 - 5 = 6
In [154...
          print(a2)
           print(b2)
          6
         5
```

```
In [155...
           print(0b101)
           print(0b110)
         5
          6
In [156...
           a2 = a2 ^ b2
           b2 = a2 ^ b2
           a2 = a2 ^ b2
In [157...
           print(a2)
           print(b2)
         5
         6
In [163...
          a2,b2=b2,a2 # Swapped the values
In [165...
           print(a2)
           print(b2)
         6
         5
In [167...
          #complement- (~)
          #1's Compliment --> reverse of binary format
In [168...
          #2's complemenet --> 1's complement + 1
In [169...
In [171...
          ~12 # why we get -13; To remember: \sim x = -(x+1)
Out[171...
           -13
In [172...
           ~-2
Out[172...
           1
In [173...
          ~-13
Out[173...
          12
In [174...
           12 & 13
Out[174...
           12
In [175...
           13 | 12
Out[175...
          13
          13 ^ 12
In [176...
Out[176...
         1
In [177...
          #In XOR if the both number are different then we will get 1 or else we'll get 0
In [178...
           12 ^ 13
```

```
Out[178... 1
In [179...
          5^5
Out[179... 0
In [180...
          #LEFT Shift (Gain bits)
In [181...
          10<<3
Out[181...
In [185...
          # 10 -> 1010
           # 10 << 2= 3 --> 1010(000) --> Here 3 bits are gained
          #Right Shift (Lose bits)
In [186...
In [187...
          10>>1
Out[187... 5
In [188...
          # 10 -> 1010
           # 10>>1 -> 101 Here 1 bit is lost
In [189...
          10>>5
Out[189... 0
In [190...
          #help() --> to get help in jupyer notebok
          #type (q) to exit
In [191... x = sqrt(25)
         NameError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         Cell In[191], line 1
         ----> 1 x = sqrt(25)
         NameError: name 'sqrt' is not defined
In [201...
          import math as m # math is module
In [193...
          x = m.sqrt(25)
           Х
Out[193... 5.0
In [194... #floor - minimum or least value
In [195... print(m.floor(25.628292))
         25
In [196... #ceil - maximum or highest value
In [197...
          print(m.ceil(25.6259))
```

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26
In [198... print(m.pow(3,2)) #power, 3^2
         9.0
In [199... print(m.pi)
         3.141592653589793
In [202... print(m.e) # e --> epsilon value
         2.718281828459045
In [203... from math import pow, sqrt
In [204... print(m.sqrt(64))
          print(m.pow(10,2))
         8.0
         100.0
In [205... from math import *
In [206... #input ( ): always consider value as STRING
In [207... x = input()
Out[207... 'jeon chinnu'
In [208... x = input()
          y = input()
          z = x+y
          print(z)
In [209... ch = input('enter a character: ')
In [210... print(ch[:2])
         Je
In [212... print(ch[5])
         C
In [213... ch = input('enter a character: ')[1:4]
          ch
Out[213... 'eon'
In [214... #Eval function : Used to evaluate mathematical expressions
In [215... a = eval(input('Enter expression: '))
Out[215... -15
```