

### Assignment 3

**Symbols:**  $p \equiv \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}, q \equiv \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}, r \equiv \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2}, s \equiv \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y}, t \equiv \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2}; u_x \equiv \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}, u_{xx} \equiv \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2},$

$$u_{xy} = u_{yx} \equiv \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y}; f'(v) \equiv \frac{df}{dv}, f''(v) \equiv \frac{d^2 f}{dv^2};$$

$$\text{Operators: } D \equiv \frac{\partial}{\partial x}, D' \equiv \frac{\partial}{\partial y}, DD' \equiv \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y}, D^2 \equiv \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}, D'^2 \equiv \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}$$

Topics: First order PDE  $\rightarrow$  Compatibility of two PDEs. Charpit's Method to find CI of PDE. To find GI (from CI), PI, SI (if exists) of PDE.

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1. Check compatibility of following pairs of 1<sup>st</sup> order PDEs, and if compatible, find common solution  $z(x, y)$ :
  - a)  $xp - yq = 0, \quad z(xp + yq) - 2xy = 0$
  - b)  $xp - yq = x, \quad x^2p + q = xz$
  - c)  $xpq - yq = xy, \quad x^2p + q^2 = z$
2. Solve following 1<sup>st</sup> order PDEs by Charpit's method:
  - a)  $q + \ln p = 2 \ln 2$
  - b)  $pz + q = 1$
3. Find complete integral (CI) of following PDE by Charpit's method:
  - a)  $p^3y(1 + x^2) = qx^3$
  - b)  $z = px + qy + \sin(pq)$
5. Find singular integral, if any, of  $(p^2 + q^2)y - qz = 0$

END