

Utility \rightarrow ① $U = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i^\theta$; $0 < \theta < 1$

cost \rightarrow ② $l_i = \alpha + \beta x_i$; $\alpha, \beta > 0$; $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$

eqn. \rightarrow ③ $x_i = L c_i \quad \forall i = 1, 2, \dots, n$

full emplt \rightarrow ④ $L = \sum_{i=1}^n l_i = \sum_{i=1}^n (\alpha + \beta x_i)$

[A] Utility maximization problem

$$\text{Max. } U = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i^\theta$$

$$\text{ST } I = \sum_{i=1}^n p_i c_i$$

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i^\theta + \lambda \left[I - \sum_{i=1}^n p_i c_i \right]$$

$$\text{FOC: } \frac{\partial L}{\partial c_i} = 0 = n \theta c_i^{\theta-1} - \lambda p_i n$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda p_i = \theta c_i^{\theta-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow p_i = \lambda^{-1} \theta c_i^{\theta-1} = \lambda^{-1} \theta \left(\frac{x_i}{L} \right)^{\theta-1}$$

[B] Calculating ε (elasticity of dd. as faced by each producer)

$$\frac{dp}{dx} = \lambda^{-1} \theta L^{1-\theta} (\theta-1) x_i^{\theta-2}$$

$$\frac{p}{x} = \lambda^{-1} \theta L^{1-\theta} x_i^{\theta-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow - \frac{dx}{dp} \cdot \frac{p}{x} = - \frac{\cancel{\lambda^{-1} \theta} \cancel{L^{1-\theta}} x_i^{\theta-2}}{\cancel{\lambda^{-1} \theta} L^{1-\theta} (\theta-1) x_i^{\theta-2}} = - \frac{1}{\theta-1} = \frac{1}{1-\theta}$$

[C] HR = MC condition

$$p = \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon-1} p_w = \theta^{-1} p_w$$

[D] Profit maximization. (Zero π condn.)

$$\pi_i = p_i x_i - (\alpha + \beta x_i) w \quad \forall i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

$$\text{Zero } \pi \text{ condn.} \Rightarrow p_i x_i = (\alpha + \beta x_i) w$$

$$\text{or, } (p_i - \beta w) x_i = \alpha w$$

$$\text{or, } x_i = \frac{\alpha w}{p_i - \beta w} = \frac{\alpha}{p_i/w - \beta}$$

$$\text{From [C] we have } p = \theta^{-1} \beta w$$

$$\text{or, } p/w = \theta^{-1} \beta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore x_i &= \frac{\alpha}{\theta^{-1} \beta - \beta} = \frac{\alpha}{\frac{\beta}{\theta} - \beta} \\ &= \frac{\alpha \theta}{\beta - \beta \theta} = \frac{\theta}{1 - \theta} \cdot \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \end{aligned}$$

[E] Full employment condn.

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^n (\alpha + \beta x_i) = n(\alpha + \beta x_i)$$

$$\text{or, } n = \frac{L}{\alpha + \beta x_i}$$

$$= \frac{L}{\alpha + \beta \frac{\theta}{1 - \theta} \cdot \frac{\alpha}{\beta}} = \frac{L}{\alpha \left(1 + \frac{\theta}{1 - \theta}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{L(1 - \theta)}{\alpha}$$

[F] Trade

$$n = \frac{L(1 - \theta)}{\alpha} ; n^* = \frac{L^*(1 - \theta)}{\alpha}$$

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^{n+n^*} c_i^\theta$$