## **SYMBOLS AND FORMULAS**

- A <u>Chemical Symbol</u> is a capital letter, or a capital letter followed by a small letter that represents an element.
- The chemical symbol represents <u>ONE</u> atom of the element Ex. Na = One sodium atom
- A <u>Subscript</u> is a number written at the <u>lower right</u> corner <u>behind the symbol</u> of an element. If there is more than one atom of the element, then a subscript is used to indicate the number of atoms.

Ex.  $H_2$  = Two hydrogen atoms

• A <u>Chemical Formula</u> is made up of symbols placed side by side that represent a molecule. Ex. NaCl = One sodium, and One chlorine atom

## **COUNTINGS ATOMS**

Use the Periodic Table to complete the following charts.

PbO <sub>2</sub>		$Cr_2O_3$	
Type of Atom	# of Atoms	Type of Atom	# of Atoms
Total		Total	
$Al_2O_3$		Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	
` Type of Atom	# of Atoms	Type of Atom	# of Atoms
Total		Total	
CH <sub>4</sub>			
Type of Atom	# of Atoms	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> Type of Atom	# of Atoms
Total		Total	
LiNO <sub>3</sub>		Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	
Type of Atom	# of Atoms	Type of Atom	# of Atoms
Total		Total	
СН <sub>3</sub> ОН		NH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	
Type of Atom	# of Atoms	Type of Atom	# of Atoms
Total		Total	
I Ulai		Total	