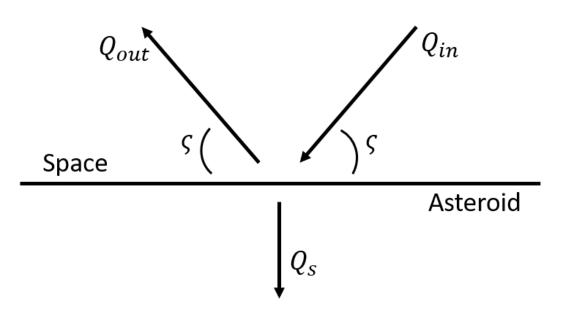
THERMAL MODEL



$$\begin{cases} A = 0.07 \\ \epsilon = 0.9 \\ \rho = 2146 \ kg. m^{-3} \\ c = 600 \ J. K^{-1} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u(x,0) = f(x), & \forall x \in [0, l_s] \\ u_x(0,t) = \frac{Q_{out} - Q_{in}}{k} & \forall t \ge 0 \\ u_x(ls,t) = 0, & \forall t \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

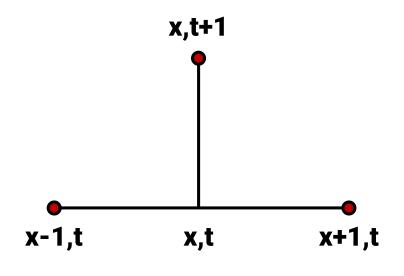
$$l_s = \sqrt{\alpha \pi p} \qquad \Gamma = \sqrt{k \rho c}$$

$$Q_{in} = \frac{S_{\odot}(1 - A) \cos \varsigma}{2}$$

$$Q_{in} = \frac{S_{\odot}(1 - A)\cos\varsigma}{r^2}$$

$$Q_{out} = \epsilon\sigma u^4$$

NUMERICAL METHOD

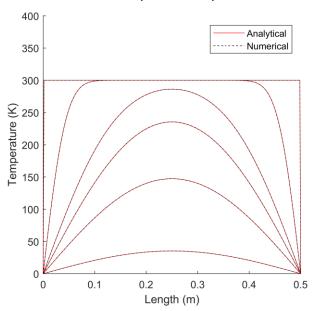


$$u_t = \alpha u_{xx}$$

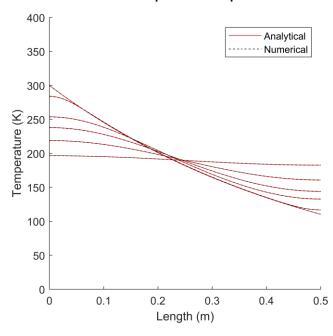
$$u(x, t + \Delta t) = S(u(x - \Delta x, t) + u(x + \Delta x, t))$$
$$+ (1 - 2S)u(x, t)$$

$$S = \alpha \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta x^2} \le 0.25$$

Dirichlet problem comparison



Neumann problem comparison

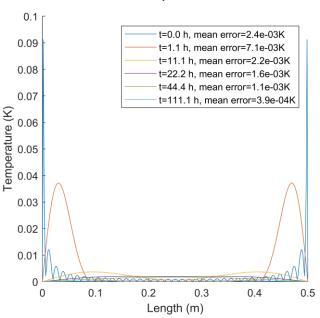


VALIDATIONS

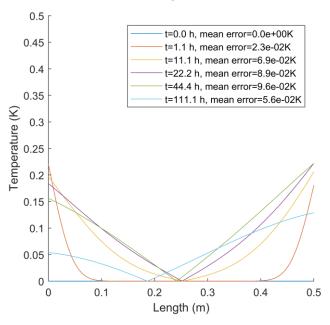
$$\begin{cases} u(x,0) = f(x), & \forall x \in [0,L] \\ u(0,t) = u(L,t) = 0, & \forall t \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u(x,0) = f(x), & \forall x \in [0,L] \\ u_x(0,t) = u_x(L,t) = 0, & \forall t \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

Dirichlet problem error



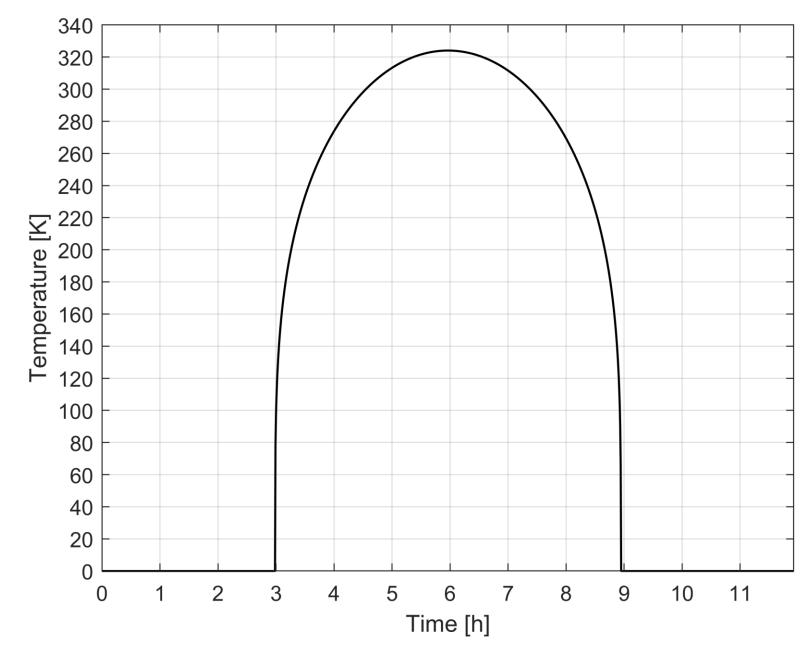
Neumann problem error

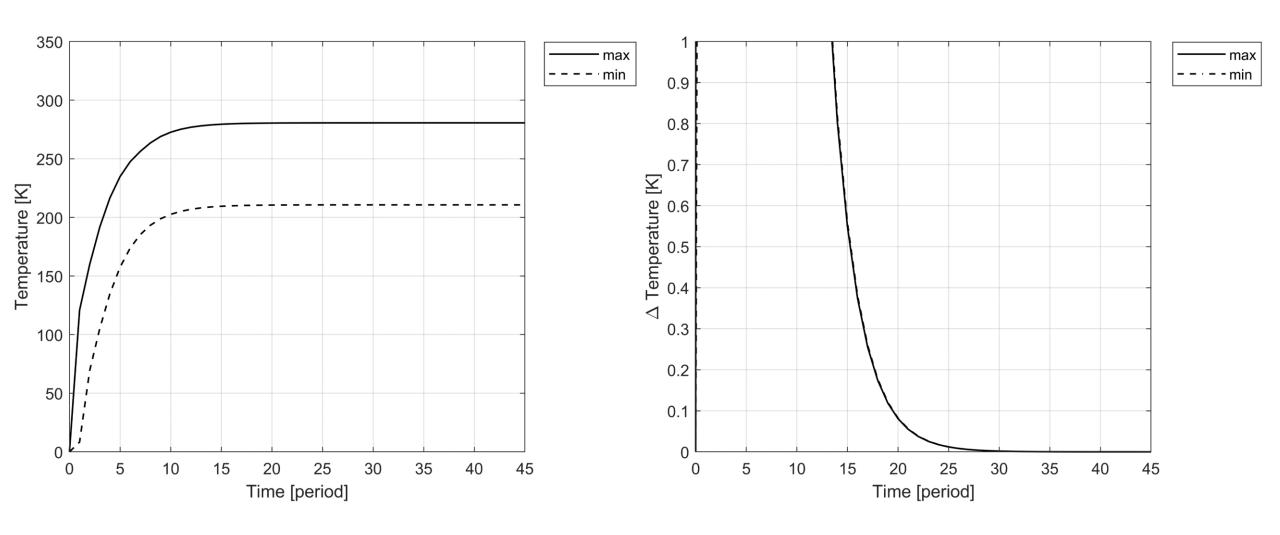


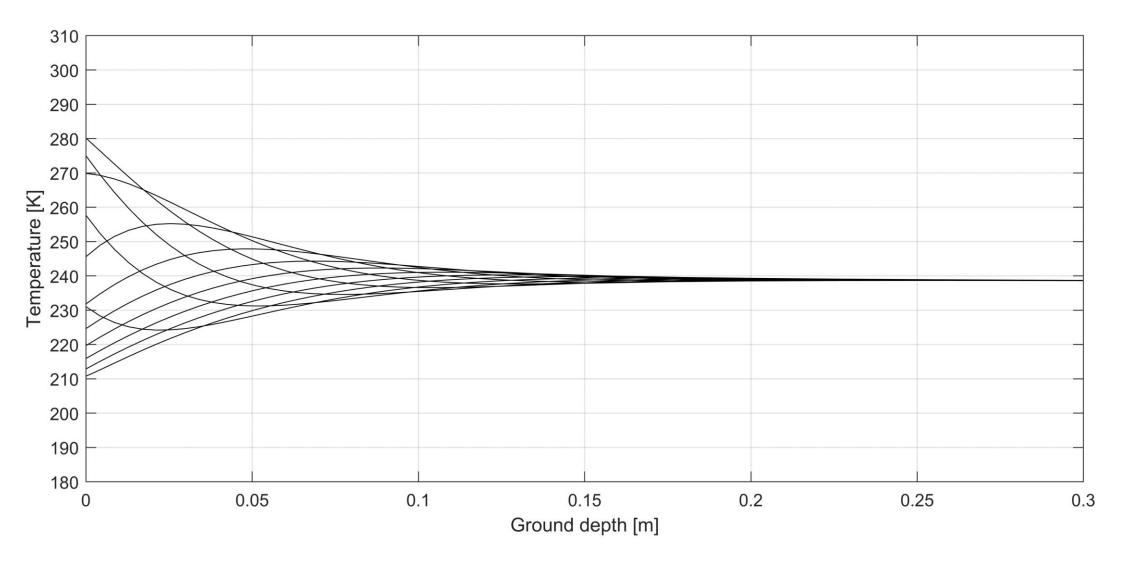
VALIDATIONS

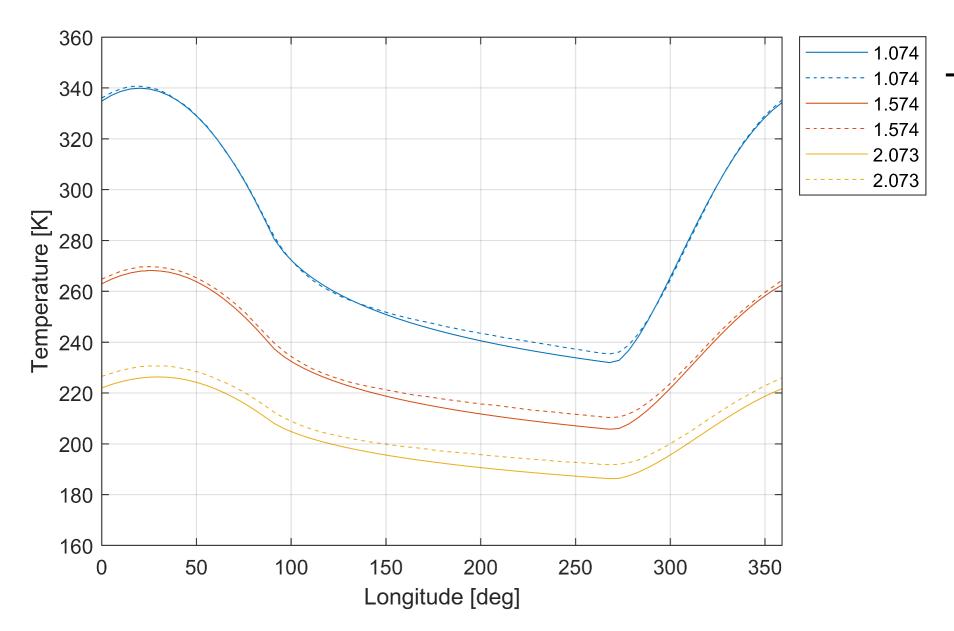
$$\begin{cases} u(x,0) = f(x), & \forall x \in [0,L] \\ u(0,t) = u(L,t) = 0, & \forall t \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

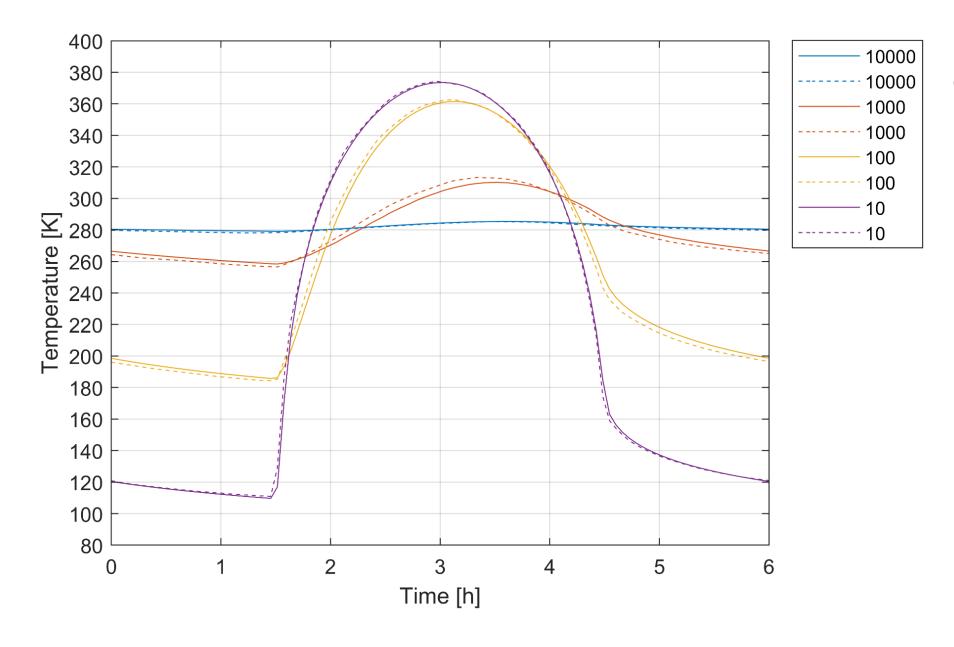
$$\begin{cases} u(x,0) = f(x), & \forall x \in [0,L] \\ u_x(0,t) = u_x(L,t) = 0, & \forall t \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

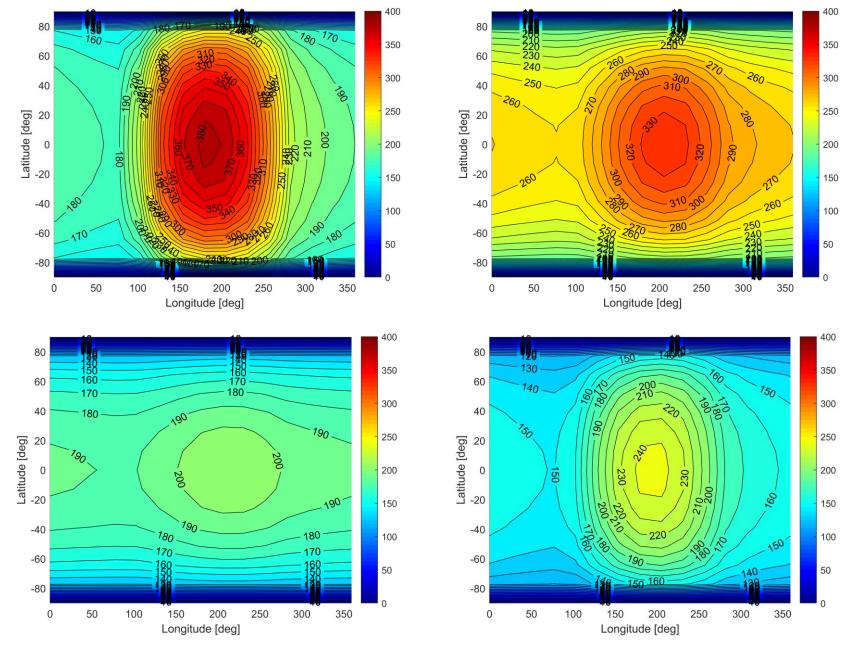


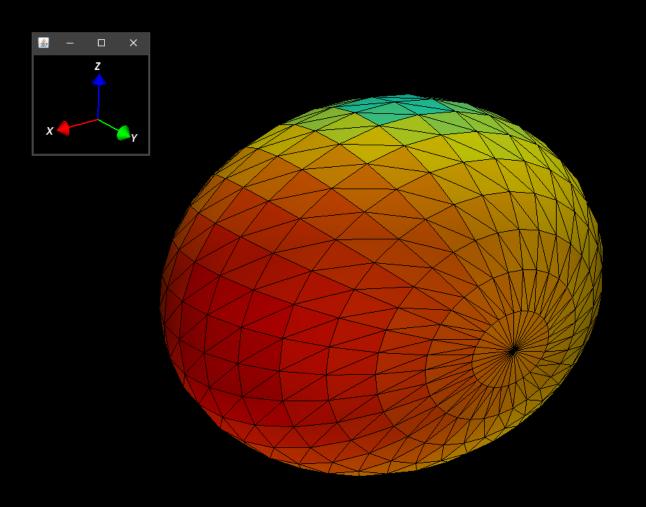


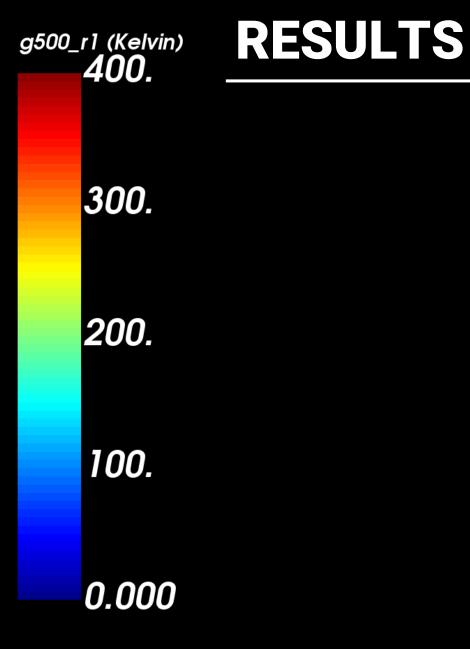










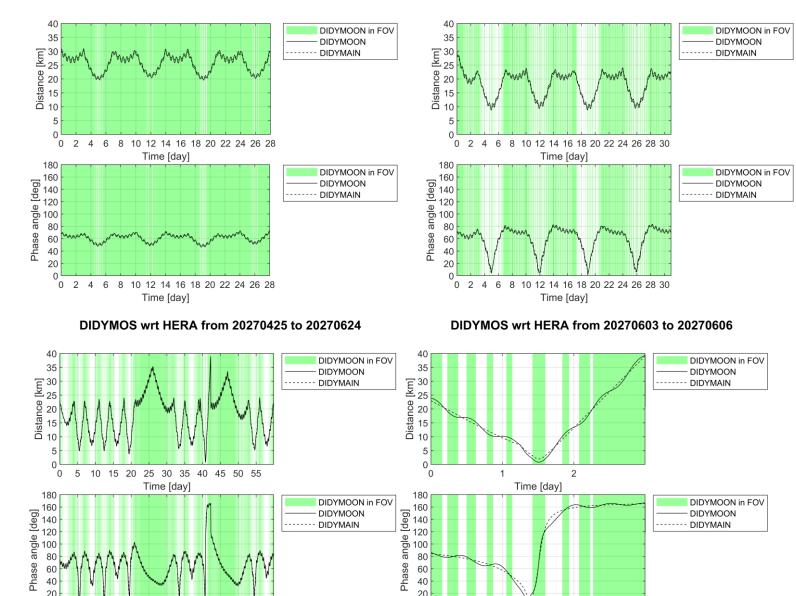




5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55

Time [day]

DIDYMOS wrt HERA from 20270225 to 20270328



RESULTS

Time [day]

2

