Master's Thesis

Privacy-preserving Smart Metering Using DC-Nets

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Lorem Ipsum

Selbständigkeitserklärung
Hiermit erkläre ich, dass ich diese Arbeit selbstständig erstellt und keine anderen als die angegebenen Hilfsmittel benutzt habe.
Dresden, den ?today?
Gregor Garten

Abstract

_____write abstract ... write abstract

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1 Introduction

1.1 A Section

Referencing other chapters: 2 3 4 5 6 7

Name	\mathbf{Y}	${f Z}$
Foo	20,614	23%
Bar	9,914	11%
Foo + Bar	$30,\!528$	34%
total	88,215	100 %

Table 1.1: Various very important looking numbers and sums.

More text referencing Table 1.1.

1.2 Another Section

Citing [bellard2005qfa] other documents [bellard2005qfa; boileau06] and Figure 2.1. Something with umlauts and a year/month date: [becher04:'feurig'hacken'mit'firew]. And some online resources: [green04], [patent:4819234]

1.3 Yet Another Section

add content

adopt title

adopt disclaimer

write introduction

page

1.4 Test commands

DROPS L⁴LinuxNOVA QEMU memcpy A sentence about BASIC. And a correctly formatted one about ECC.



Figure 1.1: A long description of this squirrel figure. Image taken from http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Sciurus-vulgaris_hernandeangelis_stockholm_2008-06-04.jpg



Figure 1.2: A mindblowing figure

2 Technical Background

This section introduces an overview of the basic concepts for this work. Therefore, the key components of the smart grid are explained, what structural changes and what challenges the smart grid will bring. In addition, this chapter discusses the current state of research.

2.1 Smart Grid

The original energy network was mainly considered as a transmission system to send electricity from the generators via a elongated network of cables and transformers to the consumers. Instead of a few electricity producers (e.g. nuclear power plants, coal-fired power plants), which were responsible for a large part of the electricity generation, there are now many smaller producers (e.g. wind turbines). However, renewable power generation is often dependent on external environmental factors. In order for the smart grid to be stable despite fluctuations in power generation, smart meters have been introduced. This enables the electricity provider to receive the electricity consumption of a household every 15 minutes. It offers the possibility to get more easily the current electricity demand from the consumers. Previously, the current electricity demand was simulated from load forecasting models. If the demand should increase spontaneously, peaker plants, mainly consisting of coal-fired power plants, would be turned on to quickly meet this demand. This is costly and environmentally unfriendly. Since then, structural changes have been made to optimize the energy grid and make it more intelligent by exchanging information in near-real-time. This allows the demand to be matched to the available supply. The fundamental component of the smart grid are the smart meters, which were already mentioned. They which will be discussed in more detail in the next section.(Quelle:Smart Grid Communications)(Privacy Survey2013)

2.2 Smart Meter

Smart meters are the key component in a smart grid. A smart meter is an electricity meter that has an interface to the Internet. It enables two-way communication between the control center and the meter. This is also called Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI). Two-way communication improves the quality of the power grid and makes it possible to offer services that would not be feasible without a smart meter. For example it's now practicable to detect power outages. As a result, the power grid operator can detect power failures on its own. Previously, the operator was dependent on customer calls to detect power outages. Another new feature is detailed monitoring of power

flows at the smart meter. Before, power flows could only be measured up to substations. This new function enables electricity network operators to quickly detect changes in consumption behavior and react to them without having to use peaker plants, which are costly and environmentally unfriendly. Depending on the setting, smart meters can send electricity consumption to the electricity provider at least every 15 minutes. In combination with the consumption of all users and the current electricity supply, a better price can be achieved. This is also called real-time pricing. So not only can the customer be offered a better electricity contract, in addition the meters no longer have to be read at home by a technician from the electricity provider. This makes billing easier for customers and electricity providers. Furthermore, customers can also check their current electricity consumption via the interfaces provided by the smart meter in order to analyze their own behavior and to reduce their consumption. (Privacy-Aware Smart Metering)

2.2.1 Smart Meter Privacy

The main advantage of the smart grid is the communication between the consumers and the energy suppliers. It is precisely this communication that solves a lot of structural problems in today's energy system. However, sending user information every 15 minutes allows for new methods that can be used to create accurate behavioral analyses in one's own home. Sending private electricity consumption data is therefore very sensitive information and must to be protected. This is not an easy task, because on the one hand the electricity consumption must be protected and anonymized, and on the other hand the billing and costs must be clearly assignable to a person. In the following paragraphs, we will describe how simple behavioral analyses are generated by electricity consumption. Subsequently, solutions to Metering for Billing and Metering for Operations will be presented, which have been discussed in the scientific community so far.

Nonintrusive load monitoring

write state

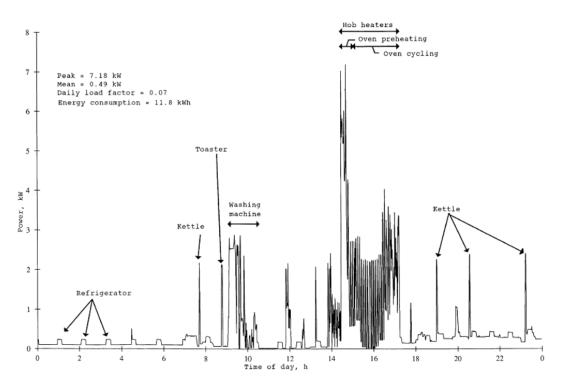


Figure 2.1: A long description of this squirrel figure. Image taken from

3 Design

...design ... write design

4 Implementation

... implementation ... write implementation mentation

5 Evaluation

... evaluation ... write evaluation tion

6 Future Work

... future work ... write future work

7 Conclusion And Outlook

... conclusion ... write conclusion sion