

## **Enrichments SDK Guide**

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## **Support**

Support Portal	https://support.anomali.com
Email	support@anomali.com
Phone	+1 844-4-THREATS
Twitter	@anomali

## **Documentation Updates**

Date	Release	Description
3/29/2021	3.0	Updated for the 3.0 release.
9/9/2020	2.0	Added "Updating Enrichment Credentials" on page 47.
5/12/2020	2.0	Updated "Creating Enrichment Metadata Files" on page 32.
3/31/2020	2.0	Updated for the 2.0 release.

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## **About This Release**

### What's New in 3.0

This release includes the following enhancement:

**Python 3:** The Anomali Enrichments SDK is now Python 3 compatible. You can use the Enrichments SDK to develop Python 3 based enrichments for ThreatStream Cloud. Note that enrichments built using Enrichments SDK v3.0 are not supported on ThreatStream OnPrem v5.1 and earlier or ThreatStream AirGap v4.1.1 and earlier.

## **Chapter 1: Introduction**

The Anomali Enrichments Software Development Kit (SDK) includes python libraries and sample code that can be used to develop enrichments for ThreatStream Cloud. Once developed and activated, data enrichments from sources outside ThreatStream can be leveraged from observable details pages or the Explore pivoting tool.

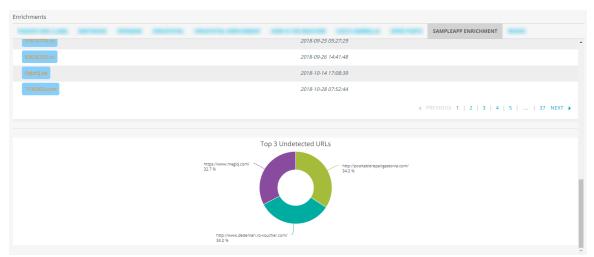
**Note:** The Anomali Enrichments SDK v3.0 uses Python 3. Python 3 enrichments are not supported on ThreatStream OnPrem v5.1 and earlier or ThreatStream AirGap v4.1.1 and earlier.

On ThreatStream Cloud, enrichments can be developed for use by your organization only or the entire Anomali Community.

There are two types of enrichments you can develop using the Anomali Enrichments SDK: context-based enrichments and pivot-based enrichments.

### **Context-Based Enrichments**

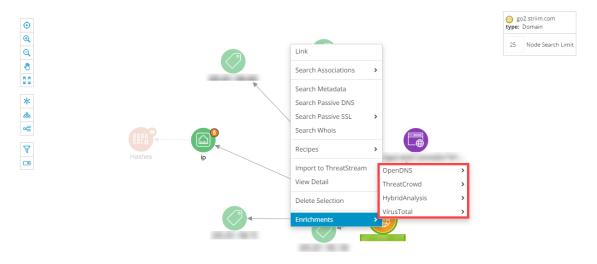
Context-based enrichments enable analysts to step through entire workflows on observable details pages, thus eliminating the need to jump between product screens. Up to 50 observables from the enrichment source can be displayed. The Anomali Enrichments Library enables you to customize how data is displayed on observables details pages. The following is an example of a context-based enrichment:



See "Developing Context-Based Enrichments" on page 9 for more information.

### **Pivot-Based Enrichments**

Pivot-based enrichments expand the breadth of data that analysts can use to build out graphical relationships during threat research on the Explore pivoting tool. Further, organizations that have enabled the latest Investigations user interface can leverage pivot-based enrichments on the pivoting tool within investigations. To enable the development of pivot-based enrichments, the Anomali Enrichments SDK includes the Anomali Transform Library.



See "Developing Pivot-Based Enrichments" on page 23 for more information.

Adding enrichments to ThreatStream using the Enrichments SDK includes developing an enrichment bundle that adheres to the requirements in this guide and submitting it to Anomali for certification.

# **Developing Enrichments for ThreatStream Cloud**

Adding enrichments to ThreatStream Cloud using the Enrichments SDK includes developing an enrichment bundle that adheres to the requirements in this guide and submitting it to Anomali for certification.

To create enrichments for use on ThreatStream Cloud:

- Develop data enrichment scripts that Anomali will use to retrieve and display data from the external source. See "Developing Pivot-Based Enrichments" on page 23 and "Developing Context-Based Enrichments" on page 9.
- 2. Test your python scripts. See "Testing Your Python Script" on page 29.
- 3. Create required enrichment metadata. See "Creating Enrichment Metadata Files" on page 32.
- 4. Bundle your python script and enrichment metadata as a tarball. See "Creating the Enrichment TGZ Bundle" on page 38.
- 5. Test your completed bundle on a ThreatStream staging server. See "Testing ThreatStream Cloud Enrichment Bundles" on page 40.
- Write customer facing documentation for your enrichment. See "Providing Documentation for Your Enrichment" on page 46.
- 7. Submit the enrichment to Anomali. See "Submitting ThreatStream Cloud Enrichments for Certification" on page 43.

## **Prerequisites**

Before continuing, ensure that the following prerequisites are met:

- The python platform is on v3.7.x
- The python requests library is on v2.25.1
- The xmljson python library is on v0.2.1

The Enrichments SDK uses the following non-standard python libraries:

- requests
- dateutil

Therefore, you must run the following commands before locally testing enrichments:

- pip install requests
- pip install python-dateutil

**Note:** No other python packages should be installed on your local or svlpartner instance. All source code must be included in the source directory in a nonnested structure.

# Chapter 2: Developing Context-Based Enrichments

In order to create enrichments that display enrichment data in widgets on observable details pages in ThreatStream, you must create a python script that utilizes the Anomali Enrichment Library. The python script must contain an enrichment object, which retrieves data from the enrichment source, and widget objects, which determine how enrichment data is displayed to users on observable details pages.

# **Understanding the Anomali Enrichment Library**

This section contains information on creating enrichment objects using the Anomali Enrichment Library. The library—anomalienrichment.py—is available for reference and testing purposes in the Enrichments SDK package.

Method	Description	Return
<pre>anomali_ enrichment.parseArguments()</pre>	Parses input arguments for the transform script.	None
<pre>anomali_ enrichment.getTransformName()</pre>	Gets the name of the executed transform.	Transform Name (string)
<pre>anomali_ enrichment.getEntityValue()</pre>	Gets the value of the entity on which the transform was executed.	Entity Value (String)
<pre>anomali_ enrichment.getFieldValue (String fieldName)</pre>	Gets the value of additional field for the entity on which the transform was executed.	Field Value (String)
<pre>anomali_ enrichment.getCredentialValue (String credentialName)</pre>	Gets required credential values for the data enrichment source.	Credential Value (String)

Method	Description	Return
<pre>anomali_enrichment.addEntity (String entityType, String entityValue)</pre>	Adds the entity to the transform object.	Entity Object
<pre>anomali_enrichment.addMessage (String messageType, String messageText)</pre>	Adds a type of message that will be displayed in the JSON output for debugging purposes. Possible values could include: "DEBUG", "INFO", "WARNING", "ERROR", "CRITICAL").  See "Creating Enrichment Bundles" on page 32 for information on viewing these messages.	None
<pre>anomali_ enrichment.addException(String exceptionString)</pre>	Adds the text of the message that will be displayed on the ThreatStream user interface in case of errors.	None
anomali_ enrichment.returnOutput()	Returns the result of the transform in JSON format.	Transform Result (JSON formatted String)

### **Widget Objects**

This section contains information on the widgets provided by the Anomali Enrichment Library. Your enrichment can contain multiple widgets.

#### **TextWidget Objects**

TextWidget objects display data as formatted plain text. The following is an example of a TextWidget Object:

#### **IP Enrichment for 104.27.158.93**

TextWidget objects must be specified in python scripts as follows:

text\_widget = TextWidget(ItemInWidget item, Boolean lineBreakEnding)

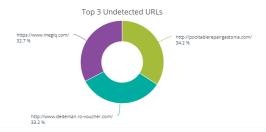
Method	Description	Return
<pre>text_widget.setItem (ItemInWidget item)</pre>	Sets the ItemInWidget object.	None
text_ widget.setLineBreakEnding (Boolean lineBreakEnding)	Sets the boolean flag to indicate whether there is a line break following the text.	None
	<b>Note:</b> If the last widget in your script is a TextWidget, you must set this method to true.	

See 6 under "Creating Your Context-Based Enrichment Script" on page 18 for a TextWidget example.

#### **ChartWidget Objects**

ChartWidget objects enable you to display data in a formatted chart.

The following is an example of a ChartWidget:



JSON strings developed with the Highcharts v6.2 library can be added to the enrichment. The Anomali Enrichments SDK supports any combination of the following Highcharts chart types:

- area
- areaspline
- bar
- boxplot
- column
- columnrange
- errorbar

- gauge
- heatmap
- line
- pie
- spline
- waterfall
- xrange

Only the chart types listed above are supported. To read more about supported Highcharts chart types, see https://www.highcharts.com/docs/chart-and-series-types/chart-types

#### Notes:

- 3D chart options are not supported.
- Callback functions and properties such as allowHTML or useHTML are not supported. In these cases, enrichment responses are not rendered and the following error message is displayed:



Bundles containing such code snippets will be rejected during code review.

ChartWidget objects must be specified in python scripts as follows:

chart\_widget = ChartWidget(String chartName, String highchartsJson)

Method	Description	Return
<pre>chart_widget.setChartName (String chartName)</pre>	Sets the name for the chart.	None
chart_ widget.setHighchartsJson (String highchartsJson)	Sets the JSON string to be rendered by Highcharts in UI.  The string you reference must be included in your python script. See 4 and 10 in "Creating Your Context-Based Enrichment Script" on page 18 for an example.	None

#### **TableWidget Objects**

TableWidget objects enable you to display data in a formatted table. When you add a TableWidget to an enrichment, the ThreatStream user interface automatically enables the sorting of data within columns.

The following is an example of a TableWidget:



#### TableWidget objects must be specified in python scripts as follows:

table\_widget = TableWidget(String tableName, StringList columnHeadings, StringList columnTypes)

Method	Description	Return
<pre>table_widget.setTableName (String tableName)</pre>	Sets the name for the table.	None
<pre>table_ widget.setColumnHeadings (StringList columnHeadings)</pre>	Sets the table column headings as a list of strings.	None
table_ widget.setColumnTypes	(Optional) Sets the table column types as a list of strings(itemTypes).	None
(StringList columnTypes)	<b>Note:</b> If you do not specify a column type, each item in the table must be given an itemType.	

Method	Description	Return
<pre>table_ widget.setColumnWidths (StringList columnWidths)</pre>	Sets table column widths as a list of strings.	None
	For example: columnWidths=['20%', '80%']	
	In the above example, column one is given a width of 20% and column two is given a width of 80%.	
	If no width is specified, columns are rendered with equal width.	
<pre>table_ widget.addRowOfItems (ItemInWidgetList listOfItems)</pre>	Adds a row into the table as a list of ItemInWidget objects.	None

See under "Creating Your Context-Based Enrichment Script" on page 18 for a TableWidget example.

#### HorizontalRuleWidget Objects

HorizontalRuleWidget objects enable you to add lines between widgets in your enrichment. The following is an example of a HorizontalRuleWidget:



HorizontalRuleWidget objects must be specified in python scripts as follows:

horizontalrule widget = HorizontalRuleWidget()

See <sup>8</sup> under "Creating Your Context-Based Enrichment Script" on page 18 for a HorizontalRuleWidget example.

#### **ItemInWidget Objects**

ItemInWidget objects are used to format content within widgets, such as table cells, or text of any kind.

ItemInWidget objects must be specified in python scripts as follows:

item\_in\_widget = ItemInWidget(String itemType, String itemValue, String
itemLabel, String backgroundColor, String textColor, String fontSize,
String fontStyleWeight)

Method	Description	Return
<pre>item_in_widget.setType (String itemType)</pre>	Sets the type for the item. Available types include:	None
	• String = "String"	
	Integer = "Integer"	
	Float = "Float"	
	Date = "Date"	
	DateTime = "DateTime"	
	• Link = "Link"	
	• Domain = "Domain"	
	• IPv4 = "IPv4"	
	• Hash = "Hash"	
	• Email = "Email"	
	• URL = "URL"	
	Phrase = "Phrase"	
	• AS = "AS"	
	NSRecord = "NSRecord"	
	Note: Use the Link type for any URL you want to make clickable. All other types render the item as text.  The following is an example of a valid link:  anomali_enrichment.addWidget (TextWidget(ItemInWidget (ItemTypes.Link, "https://www.example.com" % search_string, "Click here"),	

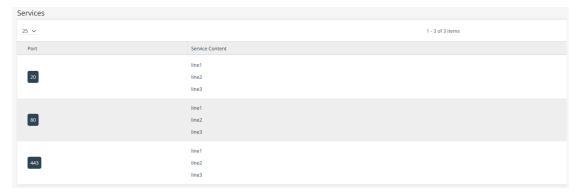
Method	Description	Return
	False))	
<pre>item_in_widget.setValue (String itemValue)</pre>	Sets the value for the item.	None
<pre>item_in_widget.setLabel (String itemLabel)</pre>	Sets the label for the item.	None
<pre>item_in_ widget.setBackgroundColor (String backgroundColor)</pre>	(Optional) Sets the background color for the item.  If you do not specify a value, ThreatStream uses a default color.	None
	Tip: You can use any of the 140 standard color names supported by HTML, such as SteelBlue. You can also specify a hexadecimal value, such as #4682B4.	
<pre>item_in_ widget.setTextColor(String textColor)</pre>	(Optional) Sets the text color for the item.  If you do not specify a value, ThreatStream uses a default color.	None
	Tip: You can use any of the 140 standard color names supported by HTML, such as SteelBlue. You can also specify a hexadecimal value, such as #4682B4.	

Method	Description	Return
<pre>item_in_widget.setFontSize (String fontSize)</pre>	(Optional) Sets the font size for the item.  If you do not specify a value, ThreatStream uses a default font size.	None
	Tip: Valid values include xx- small, x-small, small, medium, large, x-large, and xx-large. You can also specify a pixel size, such as 16px.	
<pre>item_in_ widget.setFontStyleWeight (String fontStyleWeight)</pre>	(Optional) Sets the font style and weight for the item.  If you do not specify a value, ThreatStream uses a default font style.	None
	<b>Tip:</b> Valid values include normal, italic, bold, and italic-bold.	

#### **CompositeItem Objects**

CompositeItem Objects enable you to display multiple Text Widgets in a single line or create multiple lines within a Table Widget cell.

The following is an example of a CompositeItem within a Table Widget:



The following is an example of a CompositeItem within a Text Widget:



#### CompositeItem Objects must be specified in python scripts as follows:

composite item = CompositeItem(Boolean onSeparateLines)

Method	Description	Return
<pre>composite_ item.addItemInWidget (ItemInWidget itemInWidget)</pre>	Adds an ItemInWidget object to the CompositeItem object.	ItemInWidget Object
<pre>composite_ item.setOnSeparateLines (Boolean onSeparateLines)</pre>	Sets the boolean flag to idicate whether objects are displayed on separate lines.	None

See ond under "Creating Your Context-Based Enrichment Script" below for CompositeItem examples.

# **Creating Your Context-Based Enrichment Script**

Depending on the data source and its specific requirements, the content of enrichment python scripts will vary. The example described below is a truncated version of the example context-based enrichment script—vt\_anomali\_enrichment.py—included in the Anomali Enrichments SDK package. The script includes three enrichments and provides a high level illustration of what is required for enrichments to function on observable details pages.

- 1 Imports the system level libraries needed to execute your script.
- Imports the Anomali Enrichment Library.
- 3 Specifies the API of the external data source and any necessary credentials.
- Highcharts JSON template to be referenced by the chart widget.

```
enrichDomainTabOne(anomali_enrichment, search_string):
                                                                                                                                                               5
    response = requests.get(api base + 'domain/report?apikey=' + api key + '&domain=' + search string)
    response_json = response.json()
resp_code = int(response_json['response_code'])
           nomali_enrichment.addWidget(TextWidget(ItemInWidget(ItemTypes.String,
                                                                                                  for %s" % search_string,
for %s" % search_string,
", "large", "bold"), True))
                                                                                                                                                               6
         anomali_enrichment.addWidget(TextWidget(ItemInWidget(ItemTypes.Link,
           normali_enrichment.addWidget(TextWidget(ItemInWidget(ItemTypes.String,
"Comparison"), True))
              resolutions' in response_json:
table_widget = TableWidget("Re
                                                                                                                                                               7
              for resolution in response_json['resolutions']:
    table_widget.addRowOfItems([ItemInWidget(ItemTypes.IPv4,
                                                                    resolution['resolution['
                                                    anomali_enrichment.addWidget(table_widget)
                                                                                                                                                              8
         anomali enrichment.addWidget(HorizontalRuleWidget())
```

- 5 Enrichment 1: Retrieves data from the external source.
- **6 Enrichment 1:** Adds a text widget to the enrichment. See "TextWidget Objects" on page 10 for an example of this widget.
- **Enrichment 1:** Adds a table widget to the enrichment. See "TableWidget Objects" on page 13 for an example of this widget.
- 8 Enrichment 1: Adds a horizontal rule widget to the enrichment. See "HorizontalRuleWidget Objects" on page 14 for an example of this widget.

```
create_chart_widget(template_dict, data):
          graph_dict = copy.deepcopy(template_dict)
          graph_dict['series'][0]['data'] = data
graph_json = json.dumps(graph_dict)
                                        guester Distribution", graph json)
          pie_chart_widget = ChartWidget("Re
return pie_chart_widget
      chart_widget = create_chart_widget(piechart_template_dict, data)
anomali_enrichment.addWidget(chart_widget)
                                                                                                                10
      port_text_widget = TextWidget(text_composite_item, True)
anomali_enrichment.addWidget(port_text_widget)
                                                                                                                 11
      for service_data in services_data:
    port = service_data['port']
          table_composite_item = CompositeItem(onSeparateLines=True)
for line in service_data['lines']:
          textColor=

table_composite_item])

anomali enrichment.addWidget(services table widget)
   ept:
anomali_enrichment.addException('enrichDomain_Unknown
(os.linesep, sys.exc_info()[0], os.linesep, sys.exc_info()[1]))
return anomali_enrichment
```

- **9** Enrichment 1: Adds a chart widget to the enrichment. The code in this section gathers and injects data into the chart template defined in 4. See "ChartWidget Objects" on page 11 for an example of this widget.
- Enrichment 1: Adds a text widget that contains composite item objects. See "CompositeItem Objects" on page 17 for an example of this object.
- Enrichment 1: Adds a table widget that contains composite item objects. See "CompositeItem Objects" on page 17 for an example of this object.
- **Enrichment 1:** Specifies the exception—what should be done in cases where no data is returned.

- Enrichment 2: Omitted for brevity. To view this enrichment code, see the example script in the Anomali Enrichments SDK package.
- Enrichment 3: Omitted for brevity. To view this enrichment code, see the example script in the Anomali Enrichments SDK package.
- 5 Specifies the list of enrichments supported by the script.
- Initializes the Anomali Enrichment SDK object and input parameters.
- Retrieves the credentials for your data enrichment source from STDIN using Anomali Enrichment SDK object.
- 18 Returns data enrichment output to STDOUT in Anomali Enrichment format.

# **Chapter 3: Developing Pivot-Based Enrichments**

In order to create data enrichments that can be leveraged on the standalone Explore pivoting tool and the pivoting tool on the Investigations user interface within ThreatStream, you must create transforms that utilize the Anomali Transform Library. ThreatStream will use these transforms to dynamically enrich threat intelligence with data from the external enrichment source.

**Note:** Anomali Enrichments SDK also supports Maltego transforms for purposes of backwards compatibility. This guide does not include information on creating ThreatStream enrichments that leverage Maltego Transforms.

## **Understanding the Anomali Transform Library**

Transforms must be constructed using the Anomali Transform Library. The library—anomalitransform.py—is available for reference and testing purposes in the Enrichments SDK package.

### **Transform Objects**

This section contains information on creating transform objects using the Anomali Transform Library.

Method	Description	Return
at.parseArguments()	Parses input arguments for the transform script.	None
at.getTransformName()	Gets the name of the executed transform.	Transform Name (string)
at.getEntityValue()	Gets the value of the entity on which the transform was executed.	Entity Value (String)

Method	Description	Return
at.getFieldValue (String fieldName)	Gets the value of additional field for the entity on which the transform was executed.	Field Value (String)
<pre>at.getCredentialValue (String credentialName)</pre>	Gets required credential values for the data enrichment source.	Credential Value (String)
<pre>at.addEntity(String entityType, String entityValue)</pre>	Adds the entity to the transform object.	Entity Object
<pre>at.addMessage(String messageType, String messageText)</pre>	Adds a type of message that will be displayed in the JSON output for debugging purposes. Possible values could include: "DEBUG", "INFO", "WARNING", "ERROR", "CRITICAL").  See "Creating Enrichment Bundles" on page 32 for information on viewing these messages.	None
<pre>at.addException(String exceptionString)</pre>	Adds the text of the message that will be displayed on the ThreatStream user interface in case of errors.	None
at.returnOutput()	Returns the result of the transform in JSON format.	Transform Result (JSON formatted String)

## **Entity Objects**

This section contains information on specifying entity objects using the Anomali Transform Library.

The following methods must be used when specifying entity objects:

Method	Description	Return
<pre>ae.setType(String entityType)</pre>	Sets the type for the entity.  Available types include:	None
	• Domains	
	<pre>Example: EntityTypes.Domain = "anomali.Domain"</pre>	
	IP addreses	
	Example: EntityTypes.IPv4 = "anomali.IPv4Address"	
	• Hashes	
	<pre>Example: EntityTypes.Hash = "anomali.Hash"</pre>	
	Email addresses	
	<pre>Example:     EntityTypes.EmailAddress</pre>	
	• URLs	
	<pre>Example: EntityTypes.URL = "anomali.URL"</pre>	
	• Phrases	
	<pre>Example: EntityTypes.Phrase = "anomali.Phrase"</pre>	
	Autonomous system numbers	
	<pre>Example: EntityTypes.AS = "anomali.AS"</pre>	
	DNS name server records	

Method	Description	Return
	<pre>Example: EntityTypes.NSRecord = "anomali.NSRecord"</pre>	
<pre>ae.setValue(String entityValue)</pre>	Set the value for the entity.	Transform Name (string)
<pre>ae.addAdditionalField(String fieldName, String displayName, String fieldValue)</pre>	Add an additional field to the entity.	Entity Value (String)

## **Creating Your Pivot-Based Enrichment Script**

Depending on the data source and its specific requirements, the content of enrichment python scripts will vary. The example described below is identical to the example pivot-based script—vt\_anomali\_transform.py— provided by the Anomali Enrichments SDK package. The example below provides a high level illustration of what is required for pivoting enrichments to function.

```
from AnomaliTransform import AnomaliTransform
from AnomaliTransform import EntityTypes
                                                                                                                            3
api base = "
api_key = None
def domainToIP(at, search_string):
        response = requests.get(api_base + 'domain/report?apikey=' + api_key + '&domain=' + search_string)
                                                                                                                            4
        response json = response.json()
        resp_code = int(response_json['response_code'])
         if resp_code == 1:
                for resolutions in response json['resolutions']:
                    ae = at.addEntity(EntityTypes.fPv4, '%s' % resolutions['ip_address'])
ae.addAdditionalField('last resolved', 'Last Resolved', '%s' % resolutions['last resolved'])
                                                                                                                           5
                                                                                                                            6
                          (os.linesep, sys.exc_info()[0], os.linesep, sys.exc_info()[1]))
    return at
    at = AnomaliTransform()
                                                                                                                             8
    transform_name = at.getTransformName()
    entity value = at.getEntityValue()
    api_key = at.getCredentialValue('api_key')
    functions[transform name] (at, entity value
    at.returnOutput()
                                                                                                                            10
```

- 1 Imports the system level libraries needed to execute your script.
- Imports the Anomali Transform Library.
- Specifies the API of the external data source and any necessary credentials.
- 4 Section of the transform that retrieves data from the external source.
- 5 Section of the transform that formats the data for consumption by Anomali.
- 6 Specifies the exception—what should be done in cases where no data is returned.
- Specifies the list of transforms supported by the script.
- Initializes the Anomali Transform SDK object and input parameters.
- Retrieves the credentials for your data enrichment source from STDIN using Anomali Transform SDK object.
- Returns data enrichment output to STDOUT in Anomali Transform format.

## **Chapter 4: Testing Your Python Script**

When development on a python script is complete, you can use the instructions in this section to test it on your local machine.

#### To test your script locally:

1. Create a virtual environment:

virtualenv venv

2 Activate the virtual environment:

source venv/bin/activate

3. Install the requests library.

(venv) pip install requests

- 4. Use your preferred method to copy the script you want to test and the anomalienrichment.py (for context-based enrichments) or theanomalitransform.py (for pivot-based enrichments) file to the same directory.
- 5. Execute a transform or enrichment contained in the script:

```
venv) python <script_name>.py <transform_or_enrichment_name> <entity
value>
--credentials "{\"api_key\":\"<api_key_value>\"}"
```

For example, to test a transform in a pivot-based script, you would run:

```
(venv) python vt_anomali_transform.py domainToIP anomali.com --
credentials "{\"api key\":\"REDACTED\"}"
```

To test an enrichment in a context-based script, you would run:

```
(venv) python vt_anomali_enrichment.py enrichDomain anomali.com --
credentials "{\"api_key\":\"REDACTED\"}"
```

#### For context-based enrichments, you will see output similar to the following:

```
"messages": [],
"widgets": [
                 "widgetType": "Text",
                          "backgroundColor": "SteelBlue",
                         "backgroundColor": "SteelBlue",
"fontSize": "large",
"fontSyleWeight": "bold",
"itemLabel": "Domain Enrichment for anomali.com",
"itemType": "String",
"itemValue": "Domain Enrichment for anomali.com",
"textColor": "White"
                  "lineBreakEnding": true
                 "widgetType": "Table",
"tableName": "Resolutions",
                 "columnHeadings": [
                          "TP Address".
                          "Last Resolved"
                  "rows": [
                                           "itemLabel": "216.218.192.90",
                                           "itemType": "IPv4",
"itemValue": "216.218.192.90"
                                           "itemLabel": "2019-02-07 19:05:40",
                                           "itemType": "DateTime",
"itemValue": "2019-02-07 19:05:40"
                          1,
                                           "itemLabel": "64.62.160.174",
                                           "itemType": "IPv4",
"itemValue": "64.62.160.174"
                                           "itemLabel": "2015-12-06 00:00:00",
"itemType": "DateTime",
"itemValue": "2015-12-06 00:00:00"
                 "widgetType": "HorizontalRule"
                  "widgetType": "Chart",
                  "chartName": "Top 3 Undetected Referrer Samples",
                 "highchartsJson":
                "nignonarts/son":
"(\"chart":{\"height\":300,\"margin\":0,\"marginTop\":-20,\"plotBackgroundColor\":null,\"plotBorderWidth\":null,\"
backgroundColor\":\"\fiff\"\,\"credits\":(\"enabled\":false\,\"title\":(\"text\":\"Top 3 Undetected Referrer
Samples\"\,\"tooltip\":(\"headerFormat\":\"cspan style=\\\"font-size:
10px\\\"\font-size:
10px\\\"\font-size\",\"pointFormat\":\"c>\points\p\
(\{point.percentage:.lf\\\\\})
\",\"plotOptions\":(\"pie\":\"allowPointSelect\":true,\"animation\":false,\"cursor\":\"pointer\",\"innerSize\":100,\"dataLabels\":\\"enabled\":true,\"format\":\"\\point.prettyName\c>\point.percentage:.lf\\\\"
                 e:.11;
%\"\,\"style\":(\"width\":\"200px\"}},\"point\":{\"events\":{}},\"size\":\"65%\"}},\"series\":[{\"type\":\"pie\",\"
ame\":\\",\"data\":[{\"y\":71,\"prettyName\":\"807ed3a83aeb8731502639e50726aada10433fef3eb306f92ee54d13c2a5a344\",
\"name\":\"807ed3a83aeb8731502639e50726aada10433fef3eb306f92ee54d13c2a5a344\"},{\"y\":70,\"prettyName\":\"82c989f18
                871d627a9a3bedda0ccf9a113c0c61491ee7a638b50955355382dd7\",\"name\":\"82c989f18871d627a9a3bedda0ccf9a113c0c61491ee7a638b50955355382dd7\"},{\"y\":70,\"prettyName\":\"7fcd2ad32felbe4b7bdd2772faf95ab8e18404f1967ded44a9db730171691ab\"
                 ,\"name\":\"77fcd2ad32fe1be4b7bdd2772faf95ab8e18404f1967ded44a9db730171691ab\"}]}]}"
```

For pivot-based enrichments, you will see output similar to the following:

As these example show, the output must be in valid JSON format. The output must not contain messages that result from print statements. To add messages for debugging purposes, use the at.addMessage method, as described in "Testing Your Python Script" on page 29.

#### Notes:

- Enrichment transforms that take longer than 30 seconds to complete will result in a timeout on the ThreatStream UI.
- Virtual environments created for testing your script must not be included in the final enrichment bundle.

## **Chapter 5: Creating Enrichment Bundles**

Once you have developed and tested your enrichment python scripts, you must create a bundle that contains your python scripts and other supporting files. The bundle must contain the following items:

#### 1. Python enrichment scripts

The enrichments scripts you developed must be included in the bundle within a directory called source.

#### 2. Metadata file in JSON format

Metadata files must be created using the guidelines in "Creating Enrichment Metadata Files" below. The metadata file must be named metadata.json

#### 3. Enrichment Icons

You must provide a full size icon for your enrichment, in addition to an icon thumbnail.

## **Creating Enrichment Metadata Files**

In order to display enrichments on the ThreatStream user interface, you must create a JSON file that includes information such as enrichment names, transform names, icons, required credentials, and so on.

Items that must be specified in the metadata file include:

Metadata Item	Description
title	Name of the data enrichment source.
is_python3	If using the Anomali Enrichments SDK v3.0, you must set is_python3 to true.

Metadata Item	Description
transform_ set_name	Name of the enrichment to be displayed on the ThreatStream user interface.
	For context-based enrichments, this sets the name of the tab in the Enrichments section on observable details pages.
	VIRUSTOTAL  Last Analysis: 2019-03-20 20:44:49 UTC
	Detection Ratio: 17/71
	For pivot-based enrichments, this sets the name of the menu item on the Explore pivoting tool which contains your transforms.
	Search Passive SSL Search Whois  Recipes Import to ThreatStream View Detail Delete Selection University Stream VirusTotal Enrichments Yes Young Total
	Displayed on the Explore user interface during pivoting.
	Note: You can only set one transform_set_name per bundle.
	For ThreatStream OnPrem and AirGap enrichments only: you can use transform_set_name to distinguish enrichments undergoing testing from finalized enrichments.
	For example: sampleapp-anomali-beta
description	Description of the data provided by the source. Displayed on the Enrichments tab within ThreatStream settings.
icon_display	Filename of the icon that will be displayed on the ThreatStream user interface.
icon_ thumbnail	Filename of the icon thumbnail that will be displayed on the ThreatStream user interface.
sdk_type	Type of transform—you must specify anomali.

Metadata Item	Description
app_name	Unique identifier used by ThreatStream to track enrichments.  Must follow the format <domain_suffix>.<company_ name="">.<app-name></app-name></company_></domain_suffix>
	For example: com.anomali.sampleapp
	If updates to your enrichment are ever required, simply ensure an identical app_name is used and re-upload your updated bundle.
	For ThreatStream OnPrem and AirGap enrichments only: you can use the app_name to distinguish enrichments undergoing testing from finalized enrichments.
	For example: com.anomali.sampleapp-beta
version	Version of the enrichment. Must follow the format <major_version>.<minor_version>.<patch></patch></minor_version></major_version>
	For example: 3.0.1
	For ThreatStream OnPrem enrichments only: you can use the version number to distinguish enrichments undergoing testing from finalized enrichments.
	For example: 1.0.0-beta
update_creds	Set this parameter to true if you are adding a new credential field during an update to your enrichment. See "Updating Enrichment Credentials" on page 47 for more information.

Metadata Item	Description
credentials	Specifies credential requirements for users activating the enrichment. Items include:
	<ul> <li>name—name used to identify the credential field in your python script. Not displayed on the ThreatStream user interface.</li> </ul>
	Example: api_key
	<ul> <li>description—description of the credential. This description is for internal purposes and not displayed on the ThreatStream user interface.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>label—name of credential displayed to users on the ThreatStream user interface.</li> </ul>
	Example: API Key
	Note: Unicode characters are not supported.
	<ul> <li>required—whether users are required to enter the credential for enrichment activation. Specify true or false.</li> </ul>
	• sensitive—whether the credential is case-sensitive. Specify true or false.
	<ul> <li>rank—order in which credential fields appear on the user interface.</li> </ul>
	Example: "rank": 1 (appears at the top of the list), "rank": 2 (appears second in the list)
	<b>Note:</b> Each credential field must be given a ranking if specifying rank for your credential fields. Rank will not be honored if you specify rank for only a partial set of credential fields.

Metadata Item	Description
transforms	List of features supported by the data enrichment script. You must specify values for:
	<ul> <li>transform_name—name used to identify the transform in your python script.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>pivoting—whether the transform is leveraged on the Explore pivoting tool.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>enrichment—whether the transform is leveraged on observable details pages.</li> </ul>
	<b>Note:</b> For a given transform, you must set either pivoting <i>OR</i> enrichment to true. You <i>cannot</i> set both pivoting and enrichment to true. A single transform cannot be used on both context-based and pivot-based enrichments.
	Optional transform metadata items include:
	<ul> <li>activation—set to true if you want Anomali to use the transform for validation when evaluating your enrichment. If you set activation to true, you must specify a sample_ entity_value.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>sample_entity_value—example observable value on which the transform will return data. Anomali will execute the transform on this value to validate your enrichment.</li> </ul>
	Multi-Transform Context Based Enrichments
	If your metadata file contains multiple context-based transforms ("enrichment": true) for the same entity_type, each transform is assigned a dedicated tab in your enrichment. A maximum of 10 transforms (and thus 10 tabs) are allowed.
	Only the transform on the first tab is executed when users access your multi-transform context based enrichment, thus reducing the chance of timeouts. Transforms on subsequent tabs are not executed until users open the respective tabs.
	Tabs are ordered based on the rank of the transforms for each

Metadata Item	Description
	entity_type (indicator type) in the metadata file. Values specified for transform_name are used for tab labels.
	The following is an example of a multi-tab enrichment:    Column
	<b>Note:</b> Tabs must load within 30 seconds to prevent timeouts.
	<ul> <li>display_name—name of the transform displayed to users on the ThreatStream user interface.</li> </ul>
	• description—description of the transform.
	author—the name of your organization.
	<ul> <li>parameters— filename of the python script which contains the transform and the name of the transform.</li> </ul>
	Example: sample_enrichment.py ipToDomain
	<ul> <li>entity_type—type of entity on which the transform can be activated in ThreatStream.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>rank—order in which transforms appear on the user interface for the specified entity_type (indicator type).</li> </ul>
	Example: "rank": 1 (appears at the top of the list), "rank": 2 (appears second in the list)
	<b>Note:</b> Each transform must be given a ranking if specifiying rank for your transforms. Rank will not be honored if you specify rank for only a partial set of available transforms.
author	(Optional) Developer of the enrichment.

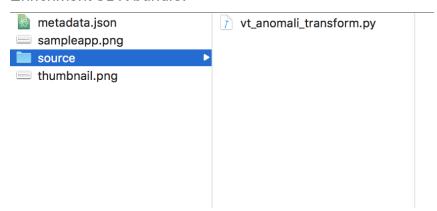
Metadata Item	Description	
long_ description	(Optional) Detailed description of the enrichment. Not currently displayed on the ThreatStream user interface.	
license	(Optional) License for the enrichment scripts.	
source_url	(Optional) URL for where the enrichment scripts are hosted.	

An example metadata file is included in the Enrichments SDK package provided by Anomali.

## **Creating the Enrichment TGZ Bundle**

Once you have assembled the python scripts, metadata file, and icon images, use the instructions in this section to create the final TGZ bundle for the enrichment.

The following is an example of a directory that contains all required files for the Enrichment SDK bundle:



#### To create the enrichment bundle:

1. Create a directory at the same level as your enrichment folder:

mkdir bundle

2. Move to the directory that contains the enrichment bundle components:

cd <dir\_name>

3. Bundle the enrichments components in TGZ format:

tar cvf ../bundle/<file\_name>.tgz .

**Note:** MacOS users must use the COPYFILE\_DISABLE flag for the bundle to be compatible with ThreatStream. As such MacOS users should use the following command:

COPYFILE\_DISABLE=1 tar cvf ../bundle/<file\_name>.tgz .

If you intend to use your enrichment on ThreatStream Cloud, proceed to "Testing ThreatStream Cloud Enrichment Bundles" on page 40.

# **Chapter 6: Testing ThreatStream Cloud Enrichment Bundles**

If you are developing your enrichment for use on ThreatStream Cloud, you must test your enrichment on a staging server before submitting it to Anomali for certification.

To gain access to a staging instance, send an email to enrichments.sdk@anomali.com that includes the following information:

- Organization name
- Email addresses of all users in need of access
- Which users should be given administrative privileges
- IP addresses from which you will access the staging server

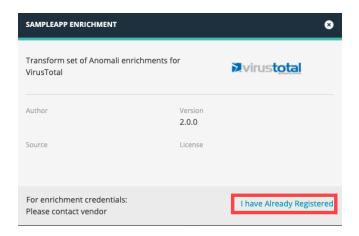
After your request is approved, Anomali will email you with further instructions on accessing the staging instance. Once you have access, you can connect to the staging instance and upload the bundle for testing.

**Note:** Do not add users or change user privileges through the staging server user interface. Send all staging server user administration requests to enrichments.sdk@anomali.com.

### To upload and activate your enrichment:

- 1. Connect to the ThreatStream staging user interface.
- 2. In the top navigation bar, click and then **Integrations**.
- 3. Click **Upload New Enrichment** and browse for the TGZ file on your system.
- 4. Click **Upload & Install**. After installation, the enrichment is displayed on the Integrations screen.
- Locate your enrichment and click Set Up.

6. If credentials are required, click **I have already registered** and enter the credentials for your enrichment.



#### 7. Click Activate.

Your enrichment is now active on ThreatStream staging and ready to test.

**Note:** Only users with Org Admin privileges can upload and install enrichments.

## **Debugging Enrichments**

If you added any debugging messages to your enrichment using the at.addMessage method, they will be displayed in the JSON output of the enrichment.

## To view debugging messages:

- 1. Open the developer console on your web browser.
- To debug a context-based enrichment, navigate to the details page of an observable on which enrichment data is returned and open the tab for the enrichment under Enrichments.

To debug a pivot-based enrichment, navigate to **Research > Explore**, add an observable to the chart, and run the enrichment you want to debug.

3. If using Google Chrome, open the Network tab of the developer console.

If using another browser, locate a comparable resource.

- 4. Use the developer console search to locate a POST request that uses https://svlpartner-optic-api.threatstream.com/api/v1/integration\_package/transform/.
- 5. Debugging messages are displayed in the messages field under transform\_result.



# **Chapter 7: Submitting ThreatStream Cloud Enrichments for Certification**

Once you have tested your enrichment intended for use on ThreatStream Cloud you can submit it to Anomali for certification. To submit your enrichment, include the following in an email to **enrichments.sdk@anomali.com**:

<b>V</b>	Requirement	Description			
	Vendor and Enrichment Information				
<b>✓</b>	Vendor Name	Name of the enrichment developer organization.			
•	Enrichment Name	Name of the enrichment to be displayed on the ThreatStream user interface.  Maximum length: 100 characters  Recommended length: 40 or fewer characters  Provide the same value you specified for title in the metadata file.			
<b>✓</b>	Enrichment Description	Description of the enrichment to be displayed to users on the ThreatStream user interface.  Maximum length: 255 characters including spaces  Provide the same value you specified for description in the metadata file.			
•	Enrichment Version	Version number of the enrichment.  Provide the same value you specified for version in the metadata file.			

<b>✓</b>	Requirement	Description			
<b>✓</b>	Enriched Entities	Types of data on which the enrichment can be executed. Include example values on which Anomali can test the enrichment.  Examples:  Domains - foo.com  IP addresses - 11.11.11.12			
<b>V</b>	Sample Data	Selection of indicator data which can be used for functional testing. The enrichment must return data on these indicators. Indicators of all supported types must be provided.			
<b>V</b>	Enrichment Logo	Logo displayed to ThreatStream users on the enrichment tile. Images can be in JPG, PNG, or SVG format. Transparent backgrounds are strongly recommended.  Maximum file size: 300 KB  Recommended image size: 250px by 80px			
•	Enrichment Visibility	Visibility setting for the enrichment—whether it should be private to your organization or available to the Anomali community.			
•	Enrichment Outline	For Anomali purposes only. To expedite the enrichment review process, provide an overview of what the enrichment does for Anomali engineers.			
<b>'</b>	Vendor Website	URL of your homepage.			
<b>✓</b>	Vendor Product Page	URL of the page dedicated to the product relevant to the enrichment.			
<b>~</b>	Support email address	Email address of your support team.			
<b>✓</b>	Joint Anomali Product Page	If applicable, provide the URL of the joint marketing page for the enrichment.			
	Enrichment Authentication Information				

<b>V</b>	Requirement	Description			
•	Authentication Required?	Please specify <i>yes</i> or <i>no</i> .			
•	Required Credentials	List the credentials that users must have in order to activate the enrichment.  Examples:			
		Certificate			
		• UID or CID			
		• API Key			
		Password			
•	Valid Enrichment Credentials	Credentials which Anomali can use to activate and test the enrichment. These are needed for Anomali to test and certify your enrichment.			
<b>✓</b>	Portal Credentials	Credentials and any other information relevant to accessing the portal from which your data originates. As part of certification, Anomali must check data returned by the enrichment against data from the source.			
		SDK Information			
•	SDK Version	Version number of AnomaliEnrichments SDK you used to develop the enrichment.			
	Enrichment Collateral				
<b>Note:</b> These items must be compressed into a single ZIP file and attached to the email.					
<b>✓</b>	Enrichment Bundle	Final TGZ enrichment bundle.			
		See "Creating Enrichment Bundles" on page 32 for more information.			
•	Enrichment Documentation	Documentation for your enrichment in PDF format.  See "Providing Documentation for Your Enrichment" on the next page for more information.			

Anomali performs code review and sanity checks on the enrichment. You will be notified if further changes are required. If no further changes are required, Anomali certifies your enrichment. After certifying the enrichment, Anomali installs the enrichment on ThreatStream production, making it available to your organization only or the Anomali community.

## **Providing Documentation for Your Enrichment**

As part of the enrichment development process, you must provide documentation that instructs users on activating and using your enrichment. Documentation must include the following:

- Supported observables types
- Screenshots of the enrichment on the Explore pivoting tool and observable details pages
- A full list of transformations
- Activation instructions
- Links to more information on your organization and the enrichment
- (If updating your enrichment) A change-log describing updates to your enrichment in the latest release

See "Sample Documentation" on page 52 for an example.

# **Chapter 8: Updating Enrichment Bundles**

The Anomali Enrichments SDK enables in-place updates of enrichment bundles. You can use the guidelines in this section to make necessary changes to your enrichment and upload it, thus replacing the previous version. When enrichments are updated in adherence with these guidelines, all subscriptions remain active and do not require user intervention.

Updates can involve changes to source python scripts, enrichment icons, or any of the following metadata items:

- title
- transform\_set\_name
- description
- credentials

**Note:** See "Updating Enrichment Credentials" below before modifying your credentials.

- icon display
- icon thumbnail
- version
- transforms
- author
- long description
- license
- source url

### **Updating Enrichment Credentials**

The Enrichments SDK supports adding new credential fields only when you update your enrichments. To ensure continuity of service for existing users or your

enrichment, credential fields added to enrichments must be optional.

To update your enrichment credentials, add the new optional credential field to your metadata file and set the update\_creds parameter to true.

The following example illustrates the successful addition of a new credential field to an enrichment metadata file.

The second credential field—api-url—is new. The required parameter for the credential is set to false. Additionally, the metadata file contains the update\_creds parameter.

## Requirements

In order to update enrichments in-place, you *must* adhere to these requirements:

- app\_name values must be identical to the values of previously installed enrichments
- version must be updated to reflect the latest version

Example: 1.0.0 to 1.1.0 or 1.0.0 to 2.0.0

After making necessary changes to your bundle and ensuring that the above requirements are met, you can test your enrichment in the environment appropriate to your deployment. When testing is complete, ThreatStream Cloud users can submit updated enrichment to Anomali using the guidelines in "Submitting ThreatStream Cloud Enrichments for Certification" on page 43

# **Chapter 9: Troubleshooting Your Enrichment**

If your enrichment does not work as expected, consult the information in this section to troubleshoot the issue before sending an email to Anomali support. This section also provides instructions on gathering relevant information that must be included in support emails.

#### To troubleshoot your enrichment:

#### 1. Ensure your script does not contain exceptions.

Use the instructions in "Testing Your Python Script" on page 29 to execute the script on your local machine. Inspect the output of the script and verify that the "exceptions" field is empty.

The following is an example of valid output that does not contain exceptions:

```
python abc_enrichment.py enrichIP 145.239.87.21 --credentials {\"api_
key\":\"y3******T8r\"}
{"widgets":[{"chartName":"Geo-
map","widgetType":"Chart","highchartsJson":"{\"series\":
[{\"borderColor\": \"#A0A0A0\", \"nullColor\": \"rgba(200, 200, 200,
0.3)\", \"name\": \"Basemap\", \"showInLegend\"*******
"itemType":"String","itemValue":"A honeypot probability score ranging
from 0 (not a honeypot) to 1.0 (is a
honeypot)"},"widgetType":"Text","lineBreakEnding":true}],"exception
s":[],"messages":[]}
Process finished with exit code 0
```

#### 2. Ensure your enrichment is activated.

Verify that the correct credentials were used to activate your enrichment.

#### 3. Ensure all transforms perform as expected.

Verify that the issue is not caused by issues with the python script.

# Sending Enrichment SDK Support Emails to Anomali

If your issue was not solved by following the troubleshooting steps above, send an email to enrichsdksupport@anomali.com that contains the information detailed in this section. The required information differs based on the ThreatStream form factor for which you developed the enrichment.

For ThreatStream Cloud enrichments, support emails must contain the following information:

- ThreatStream User: Email address associated with the account on the ThreatStream staging instance used for testing.
- ThreatStream Organization: Name of the organization registered on the ThreatStream staging instance.

Example: anomali.com

- Enrichment Bundle Name: Name of the enrichment displayed on the Integrations screen within settings.
- Enrichment Version: Version number specified in the metadata file.

Example: 1.0.1

- Enrichment Bundle: Attach your enrichment bundle in .tar format to the email.
- Credentials: Credentials that Anomali can use to activate your enrichment. The
  credentials you include can be temporary. However, you must ensure that the
  credentials you include give Anomali full access to the services offered by the
  enrichment.
- Input entity type and value: Type of observable on which the enrichment runs and an example observable value for which it should exhibit expected behavior.

Example: IP, 136.56.103.201

 Backend Response: Include the full text of the error message in addition to screenshots of the error as displayed on the user interface and the backend. Use the developer tools on your browser and locate the response for the following endpoint: https://svlpartner-optic-api.threatstream.com/api/v1/integration\_ package/transform/

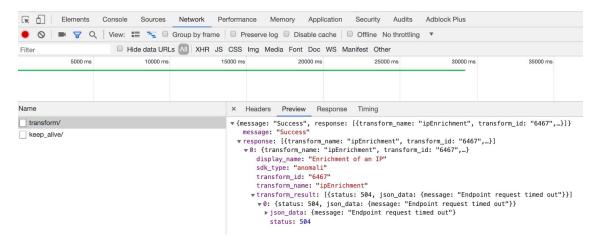
#### Example error text:

{"message": "Success", "response": [{"transform\_name": "ipEnrichment", "transform\_id": "1111", "transform\_result": [{"status": 504, "json\_data": {"message": "Endpoint request timed out"}}], "sdk\_type": "anomali", "display\_name": "Enrichment of an IP"}]}

### Example UI screenshot:



#### Example backend screenshot:



- **Expected Behavior:** Screenshot that depicts a rendering of the expected behavior on your portal.
- Portal Credentials: (Optional) Credentials for accessing the portal that provides enrichment data.
- Client Details: Browser, browser version, OS, and OS version on which the issue was experienced.

If you cannot provide the details requested to adequately describe the issue, email enrichsdksupport@anomali.com for further support.

# **Appendix A: Sample Documentation**

This appendix contains documentation for the Anomali Sample App, which is included in the Anomali Enrichments SDK bundle. You can use it as a template to guide documentation creation for your enrichment.

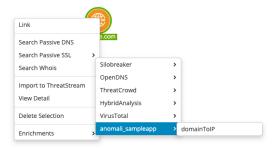
## **Enriching Data with the Anomali Sample App**

#### What's New in Anomali Sample APP v2:

- Added a Domain to Email address transformation.
- General bug fixes.

When activated, the Anomali Sample App enrichment can provide data enrichments from Virus Total for domains, email, addresses, and IP addresses.

You can leverage Anomali Sample App data on the Explore pivoting tool after activation.



The Anomali Sample App also displays enrichment data is available on observable details pages. For example, the following displays the hostnames to which an IP address resolves.



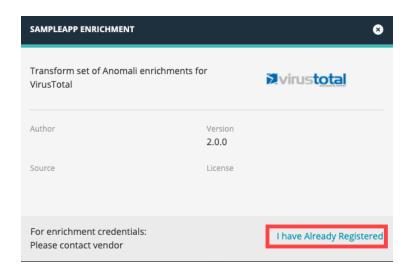
To read more about Anomali, see www.anomali.com

The Anomali Sample App enables the following data transformations:

- domaintolP: returns IP addresses that resolve to the domain.
- IPtodomain: returns domains that resolve to the IP address.
- domaintoEmail: returns email addresses associated with the domain.

#### To activate the Anomali Sample App enrichment:

- 1. Log in to the ThreatStream user interface.
- 2. In the top navigation bar, click the settings icon and then **Integrations**.
- 3. Click **Set Up** in the sampleapp-anomali box.
- 4. Click I have already registered and enter your Virus Total API Key.



**Note:** If you do not have a Virus Total API Key see the following URL for more information: https://support.virustotal.com/hc/en-us/articles/115002088769-Please-give-me-an-API-key

#### 5. Click Activate.

If errors occur, contact support@anomali.com for assistance.

The Anomali Sample App enrichment is now active.