We have

$$\mathscr{R}_{N}^{(l)}(t) := \frac{\sqrt{\gamma_{N}^{(l)(t)}}}{\left|\mathscr{G}_{N}^{(l)}(t)\right|}, \quad l = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \tag{4.8}$$

Let us analyze the infected compartment only for now:

For $R_N(t)$ to blow up we need the denominator to be zero.

Mo know

$$\mathscr{G}_{N}^{2}(t) = -(\gamma_{IH} + \gamma_{IR} + \gamma_{ID})\boldsymbol{i}_{N}(t) + \beta_{SI}\boldsymbol{s}_{N}(t)\boldsymbol{i}_{N}(t),$$

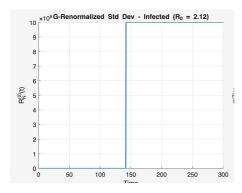
It is easy to see that this becomes 0 when

either i_N(t)=0

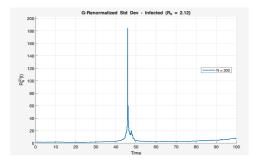
OR

 $s_N(t) = (p_IH+p_IR+p_ID) gamma/beta$

Here is our plot for infected (for N=300) from our old code:



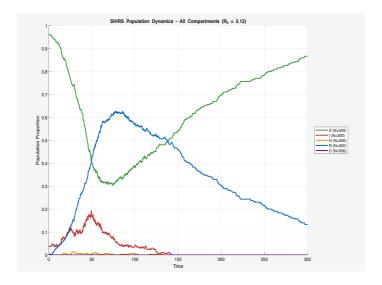
If we only look till T=100



We know for our old code with params as

% Infection rate (β > 0) - matching SIHRS.m % Infection probability (S to I) % probability of I to I (stay infected) % probability of I to H % probability of I to R params.beta = 0.212; params.pSI = 1.0; params.pll = 0.0; params.plH = 0.04; params.plR = 0.959; params.plD = 0.001; % probability of 1 to D
% probability of H to H (stay hospitalized)
% probability of H to H (stay hospitalized)
% probability of H to R
% probability of H to D
% probability of R to R (stay recovered) params.pHH = 0.01; params.pHR = 0.9882; params.pHD = 0.0018; params.pRR = 0.02; % probability of R to S
% Infection transition rate (v > 0)
% Infection transition rate (v > 0)
% Mospitalized transition rate (v > 0)
% Recovered to susceptible rate (\Lambda > 0) immunity period of 4 params.pRS = 0.98; params.gamma = 0.1; params.alpha = 0.1; params.lambda = 0.0083; months nontns
params.T = 1000; % Total simulation time
params.dt = 0.01; % Time step for interpolation
params.N_values = [300, 1600,3000]; % Population sizes - matching SIHRS.m params.in_values = [300]
params.initial_s = 0.96;
params.initial_i = 0.04;
params.initial_h = 0;
params.initial_r = 0;
params.initial_d = 0; % Initial susceptible fraction
% Initial infected fraction
% Initial hospitalized fraction
% Initial recovered fraction
% Initial dead fraction
% Initial recovered fraction % Number of stochastic runs params.n runs = 5: params.colors = {'#0072BD','#77AC30', '#A2142F'}; % Colors matching SIHRS.m

Here is an IPC plot from the same parameters and we can clearly see that there is atleast one time around (t=50) where $s_N(t)$ is $\frac{around}{t}$ (p_IH+p_IR+p_ID) gamma/beta (=0.47169811320)



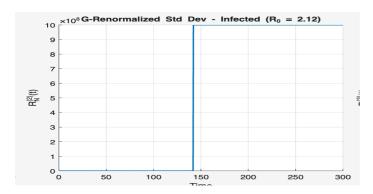
So according to our analysis

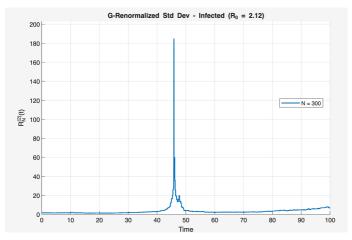
$$\mathscr{G}_N^2(t) = -(\gamma_{IH} + \gamma_{IR} + \gamma_{ID})\mathbf{i}_N(t) + \beta_{SI}\mathbf{s}_N(t)\mathbf{i}_N(t),$$

Should be 0 around t=50 and we should have a blow out around there too.

BUT

When we analyze the plot





We see that we don't see a blow out at around (t=50) instead we only see the blow out time when the disease dies out.

The problem is

For N = 300, s N(t) = 0.471698113: - Requires k = 141.5094 individuals - But k must be integer! - s.N(t) jumps: 142/300 = 0.4733... \rightarrow 141/300 = 0.4700... - s_critical = 0.471698 is "skipped over"

So what we do is

Engineer parameters so that s_critical= k/N for integer k, guaranteeing the stochastic simulation can hit the critical value exactly.

0.100346667

Given: s_critical = $\gamma(p_IH + p_IR + p_ID)/\beta$ Want: s_critical = k/N for some integer kSolution: Adjust $\gamma = \beta \times k/(N \times (p_IH + p_IR + p_ID))$

So we change gamma from 0.1 to 0.100346667

Original Parameters: $-\beta = 0.212, \ \gamma = 0.100000 \\ -s_critical = 0.471698113 \ (impossible to hit exactly)$

- Engineered Parameters: $-\beta = 0.212 \; (\text{unchanged}) \\ -\gamma = 0.109346667 \; (\text{adjusted}) \\ -s_critical = 142/300 = 0.473333333 \; (\text{exactly achievable!})$

- Impact on Model

 R₀ Changes minimally: 2.120 → 2.113

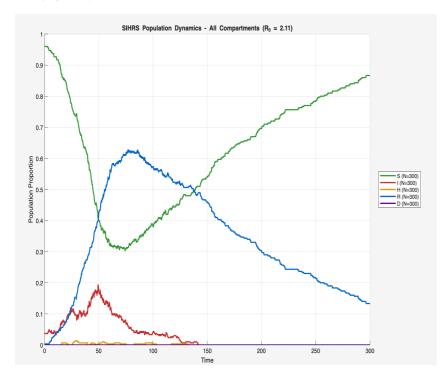
 All other dynamics essentially unchanged

 Now guarantees true mathematical blow-up when S = 142/300

Now let us check the plots:

First let us check the IPC plots to see that we actually are guruanteed to get atleast one time where we get $s_N(t)$ as 0.47333333 and occurs before the die out time.

And analyzing the IPC plot it does seem like it.



Finally here is our plot for the infected compartment

And as expected we got at-least 2 blowouts.

