



Litle & Co. PayPage Integration Guide

May 2014

XML Release: 8.25

Litle PayPage API V2

Document Version: 3.1

Litle & Co.PayPage Integration Guide Document Version: 3.1

All information whether text or graphics, contained in this manual is confidential and proprietary information of Litle & Co. and is provided to you solely for the purpose of assisting you in using a Litle & Co. product. All such information is protected by copyright laws and international treaties. No part of this manual may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical or otherwise for any purpose without the express written permission of Litle & Co. The possession, viewing, or use of the information contained in this manual does not transfer any intellectual property rights or grant a license to use this information or any software application referred to herein for any purpose other than that for which it was provided. Information in this manual is presented "as is" and neither Litle & Co. or any other party assumes responsibility for typographical errors, technical errors, or other inaccuracies contained in this document. This manual is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment on the part of Litle & Co. or any other party. Litle & Co. does not warrant that the information contained herein is accurate or complete.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners and all parties herein have consented to their trademarks appearing in this manual. Any use by you of the trademarks included herein must have express written permission of the respective owner.

Copyright © 2009-2014, Litle & Co. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

CONTENTS —

About This Guide

Intended Audience	V
Revision History	V
Document Structure	viii
Documentation Set	viii
Typographical Conventions	ix
Contact Information	x
Chapter 1 Introduction	
PayPage Overview	
How PayPage Works	
Getting Started with PayPage	
Migrating From Previous Versions of Litle PayPage API	6
Browser and Mobile Operating System Compatibility	7
jQuery Version	
Litle Certification and Testing Environments	7
Transitioning from Certification to Production	
PayPage-Specific Response Codes	9
Chapter 2 Integration and Testing	
Integrating PayPage Into Your Checkout Page	12
Integration Steps	12
Loading the Litle API and jQuery	13
Specifying the Litle API Request Fields	14
Specifying the Litle API Response Fields	14
Handling the Mouse Click	15
Intercepting the Checkout Form Submission	16
Handling Callbacks for Success, Failure, and Timeout	
Success Callbacks	16
Failure Callbacks	17
Timeout Callbacks	18
Detecting the Availability of the Litle API	18
Integrating PayPage Into Your Mobile Application	20
Creating the POST Request	20
Sample Request	21
Sample Response	21
Collecting Diagnostic Information	
LitleXML Transaction Examples When Using PayPage	23

Transaction Types and Examples	23
Authorization Transactions	24
Authorization Request Structure	24
Authorization Response Structure	25
Sale Transactions	27
Sale Request Structure	27
Sale Response Structure	28
Register Token Transactions	30
Register Token Request	30
Register Token Response	31
Force Capture Transactions	32
Force Capture Request	32
Force Capture Response	33
Capture Given Auth Transactions	34
Capture Given Auth Request	34
Capture Given Auth Response	36
Credit Transactions	37
Credit Request Transaction	37
Credit Response	38
Testing and Certification	40
Testing PayPage Transactions	40
Annondix A Code Samples and Other Information	
Appendix A Code Samples and Other Information	
HTML Checkout Page Examples	
HTML Example for Non-PayPage Checkout Page	
HTML Example for PayPage-Integrated Checkout Page	
Information Sent to Order Processing Systems	
Information Sent Without Integrating Litle PayPage	
Information Sent with Browser-Based PayPage Integration	
Information Sent with Mobile Application-Based Integration	
Sample Litle JavaScript (litle-api2.js)	
LitleXML Elements for PayPage	
cardValidationNum	
expDate	
paypage	0.4
paypageRegistrationId	62
registerTokenRequest	62 63
	62 63

Appendix B Sample PayPage Integration Checklist

Index



ABOUT THIS GUIDE

This guide provides information on integrating the Litle & Co. PayPage feature, which, when used together with the Litle Vault, may eliminate your exposure to sensitive cardholder data and can significantly reduce your risk and PCI scope. It also explains how to perform PayPage transaction testing and certification with Litle & Co.

Intended Audience

This document is intended for technical personnel who will be setting up and maintaining payment processing.

Revision History

This document has been revised as follows:

TABLE 1 Document Revision History

Doc. Version	Description	Location(s)
1.0	Initial Draft	All
1.1	Second Draft	All
2.0	First full version	All
2.1	Added new material (examples, XML reference information) on submitting a PayPage Registration ID with a Token Request. Also added a new Response Reason Code.	Chapters 1 and 2, and Appendix A
2.2	Changed product name from 'Pay Page' to 'PayPage'.	All
2.3	Changed certification environment URL from https://merchant1.securepaypage.litle.com/litle-api.js to https://cert01.securepaypage.litle.com/litle-api.js.	All

 TABLE 1
 Document Revision History

Doc. Version	Description	Location(s)
2.4	Added information for the support of new transaction types (Capture Given Auth, Force Capture, and Credit), including XML Examples, and XML reference information.	Chapter 2 and Appendix A
	Added information and recommendations for timeout periods and failure callbacks, as well as information on PCI Compliance. Updated the Getting Started section.	Chapter 1 and 2
2.5	Added additional information on components of the SendtoLitle call and recommendations on collecting data in the case of a failed transaction.	Chapter 2
	Added a new Appendix contained a sample PayPage Integration Checklist.	Appendix B
2.6	Added and updated information due to XML changes in support of CVV2 updates, including coding changes, new test cases, etc.	All chapters and appendixes.
	Updated the sample Litle JavaScript.	Appendix A
	Changed certification environment URL from: https://cert01.securepaypage.litle.com/litle-api.js. to:	Chapter 1 and 2
	https://cert01.securepaypage.litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api.js	
2.7	Changed the certification and production URLs: New Testing and Certification URL: https://request.cert01-securepaypage-litle.com	All
2.8	New Production URL: (see your Implementation Consultant) Removed reference to companyname in production URL	Chapter 2
2.9	example. Removed references to Production URL.	All
2.10	Added and updated information on the updated Litle API (V2), including requirements on loading a jQuery library.	All
	Added information on migrating from previous versions of the PayPage API.	Chapter 1
	Updated the sample Litle JavaScript.	Appendix A
	Changed certification environment URL from: https://cert01.securepaypage.litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api.js to: https://cert01.securepaypage.litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api2.js	Chapter 1 and 2

TABLE 1 Document Revision History

Doc. Version	Description	Location(s)
2.11	Added text, notes, and callouts to further emphasize the proper use of the certification environment URL versus the production URL.	All
2.12	Changed the certification environment URL from:	All
	https://cert01.securepaypage.litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api2.js	
	to:	
	https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api2.js	
	Added information on the new Certification and Testing environments: Pre-live, Post-live (regression testing), and Sandbox.	Chapter 1
3.0	Removed sections related to alternative processing.	All
3.1	Added information on PayPage capabilities in a native mobile application.	All

Document Structure

This manual contains the following sections:

Chapter 1, "Introduction"

This chapter provides an overview of the Litle & Co. PayPage feature, and the initial steps required to get started with PayPage.

Chapter 2, "Integration and Testing"

This chapter describes the steps required to integrate the Litle PayPage feature as part of your checkout page, LitleXML transaction examples, and information on PayPage Testing and Certification.

Appendix A, "Code Samples and Other Information"

This appendix provides code examples and reference material related to integrating the Litle PayPage feature.

Appendix B, "Sample PayPage Integration Checklist"

This appendix provides a sample of the PayPage Integration Checklist for use during your Implementation process.

Documentation Set

The Litle & Co. documentation set also include the items listed below. Please refer to the appropriate guide for information concerning other Litle product offerings.

- Litle & Co. iQ Reporting and Analytics User Guide
- Litle & Co. XML Reference Guide
- Litle & Co. Chargeback API Reference Guide
- Litle & Co. Chargeback Process Guide
- Litle & Co. PayPal Integration Guide
- Litle & Co. Bill Me Later Integration Guide
- Litle & Co. PayFac API Reference Guide
- Litle & Co. PayFac Portal User Guide
- Litle & Co. XML Differences Guide
- Litle & Co. Scheduled Secure Reports Reference Guide
- Litle & Co. Chargeback XML and Support Documentation API Reference Guide (Legacy)
- Litle & Co. Virtual Terminal User Guide (Legacy)

Typographical Conventions

Table 2 describes the conventions used in this guide.

TABLE 2 Typographical Conventions

Convention	Meaning	
	Vertical ellipsis points in an example mean that information not directly related to the example has been omitted.	
	Horizontal ellipsis points in statements or commands mean that parts of the statement or command not directly related to the example have been omitted.	
<>	Angle brackets are used in the following situations:	
	user-supplied values (variables)XML elements	
[]	Brackets enclose optional clauses from which you can choose one or more option.	
bold text	Bold text indicates emphasis.	
Italicized text	Italic type in text indicates a term defined in the text, the glossary, or in both locations.	
blue text	Blue text indicates a hypertext link.	

Contact Information

This section provides contact information for organizations within Litle & Co.

Implementation - For technical assistance to resolve issues encountered during the onboarding process, including LitleXML certification testing.

Implementation Contact Information

E-mail	implementation@litle.com
Hours Available	Monday – Friday, 8:30 A.M.– 5:30 P.M. EST

Technical Support - For technical issues such as file transmission errors, e-mail Technical Support. A Technical Support Representative will contact you within 15 minutes to resolve the problem.

Technical Support Contact Information

E-mail	support@litle.com
Hours Available	24/7 (seven days a week, 24 hours a day)

Customer Experience Management/Customer Service - For non-technical issues, including questions concerning the user interface, help with passwords, modifying merchant details, and changes to user account permissions, contact the Customer Experience Management/Customer Service Department.

Customer Experience Management/Customer Service Contact Information

Telephone	1-800-548-5326
E-mail	customerservice@litle.com
Hours Available	Monday – Friday, 8:00 A.M.– 6:30 P.M. EST

Chargebacks - For business-related issues and questions regarding financial transactions and documentation associated with chargeback cases, contact the Chargebacks Department.

Chargebacks Department Contact Information

Telephone	978-275-6500 (option 4)
E-mail	chargebacks@litle.com
Hours Available Monday - Friday, 7:30 A.M 5:00 P.M. EST	

Technical Publications - For questions or comments about this document, please address your feedback to the Technical Publications Department. All comments are welcome.

Technical Publications Contact Information

E-mail TechPubs@litle.com	
---------------------------	--

About This Guide Contact Information



1

INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides an introduction and an overview of the Litle & Co. PayPage feature. The topics discussed in this chapter are:

- PayPage Overview
- How PayPage Works
- Getting Started with PayPage
- Migrating From Previous Versions of Litle PayPage API

NOTE: The PayPage feature of the Litle Vault Solution operates on JavaScript-enabled browsers only.

1.1 PayPage Overview

The goal of the Litle Vault solution is to reduce risk and PCI compliance requirements. With the Litle Vault, you no longer store the credit card number in your database. This greatly reduces your risk and PCI compliance scope, however, your order handling system still receives and processes the account number from your checkout page.

Litle PayPage extends the Vault such that your order handling system no longer handles or stores primary account numbers. The Litle PayPage feature controls the fields on your checkout page that hold sensitive card data. When the cardholder submits his/her account information, your checkout page calls the Litle PayPage JavaScript to register the provided credit card for a token. The JavaScript API validates, encrypts, and passes the account number to Litle as the first step in the form submission. When the call to Litle returns, the account number is replaced with a *PayPage Registration ID*. No card data is actually transmitted via your web server.

Mobile PayPage allows you to use a PayPage-like solution to handle payments without interacting with the PayPage JavaScript in a browser. With Mobile PayPage, you POST an account number to Litle and receive a PayPage Registration IDs in response. You can use it in native mobile applications--where the cross-domain limitations of a browser don't apply--in order to achieve a similar PCI scope reduction as PayPage.

Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-2 illustrate the difference between the Litle Vault and the Litle Vault with PayPage. See the section, How PayPage Works on page 4 for a additional details.

NOTE:

In order to optimally use the Litle PayPage feature as a tool for reduction in scope for PCI Requirements (i.e., to no longer handle primary account numbers), this feature must be used at all times, without exception.

FIGURE 1-1 Litle Vault

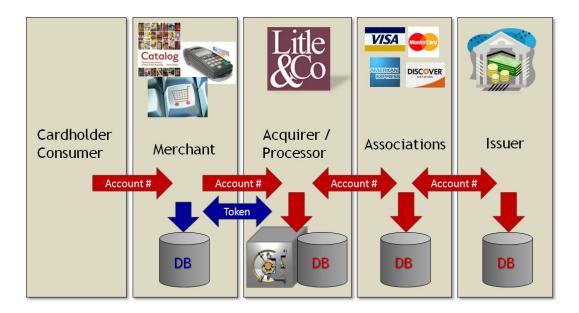
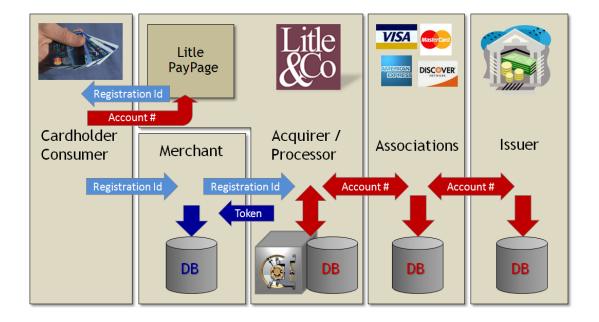
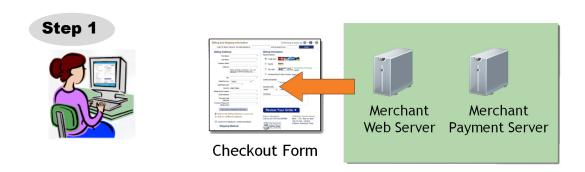


FIGURE 1-2 Litle Vault with PayPage

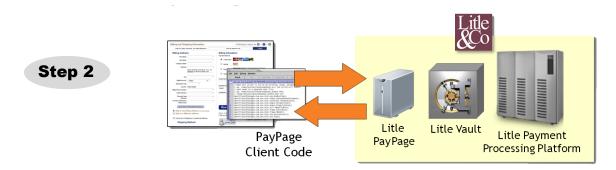


1.2 How PayPage Works

This section illustrates the Litle PayPage process.

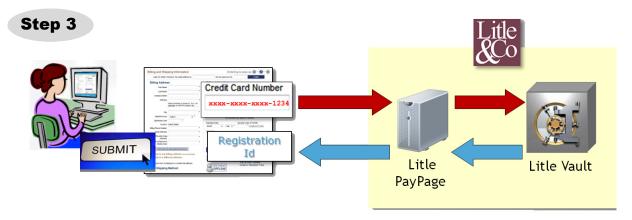


1. When your customer is ready to finalize a purchase from your website or mobile application, your web server delivers your Checkout Form to the customer's web browser or mobile device.

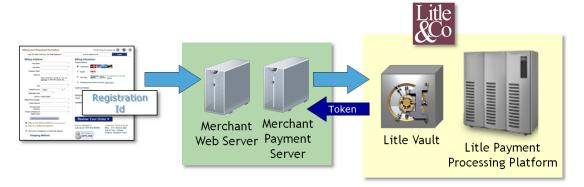


2. The customer's browser loads the PayPage Client code (JavaScript API) from the Litle PayPage server. The API validates credit cards, submits account numbers to the PayPage Service, encrypts account numbers, and adds PayPage registration IDs to the form. It also contains Litle's public key.

(continued on next page)



3. After the customer enters their card number and clicks or taps the submit button, the PayPage API (or POST request) sends the card number data to the Litle PayPage service. The PayPage service submits a LitleXML transaction to the Litle Vault to register a token for the card number provided. The token is securely stored in the Litle Vault for eventual processing (when your payment processing system submits an authorization or sale transaction). A PayPage Registration ID is generated and returned to the customer's browser as a hidden field, or to their mobile device as a POST response.



All of the customer-provided information is then delivered to your web server along with the PayPage Registration ID. Your payment processing system sends the payment to Litle with the Registration ID, and the Litle Vault maps the Registration ID to the token and card number, processing the payment as usual. The LitleXML response message contains the token, which you store as you would a credit card.

1.3 Getting Started with PayPage

Before you start using the PayPage feature of the Litle Vault solution, you must complete the following:

- Ensure that your organization is enabled and certified to process tokens, using the Litle Vault solution.
- Complete the Litle PayPage Integration Checklist provided by your Litle & Co.
 Implementation Consultant, and return to Litle Implementation. See Appendix B, "Sample PayPage Integration Checklist".
- Obtain a *PayPage ID* from Litle Implementation.
- Modify your checkout page or mobile application--and any other page that receives credit
 card data from your customers--to integrate the PayPage feature (execute an API call or
 POST to Litle). See Integrating PayPage Into Your Checkout Page on page 12 for more
 information.
- Modify your system to accept the response codes listed in Table 1-2, PayPage-Specific Response Codes Received in Browser or Mobile Device, and Table 1-3, PayPage Response Codes Received in LitleXML Responses.
- Test and certify your checkout process. See Testing and Certification on page 40 for more information.

1.3.1 Migrating From Previous Versions of Litle PayPage API

Previous versions of the PayPage API included jQuery 1.4.2 (browser-based use only). Depending on the implementation of your checkout page and your use of other versions of jQuery, this may result in unexpected behavior. This document describes version 2 of the Litle PayPage API, which requires you to use your own version of jQuery, as described within.

If you are migrating, you must:

- Include a script tag to download jQuery before loading the Litle PayPage API.
- Construct a new LitleApi module when calling sendToLitle.

1.3.2 Browser and Mobile Operating System Compatibility

The Litle PayPage feature is compatible with the following:

Browsers (when JavaScript is enabled):

- Mozilla Firefox 2.5 and later
- Internet Explorer 6 and later
- Safari 3 and later
- Opera 9 and later
- Chrome 1 and later

Native Applications on Mobile Operating Systems:

- · Google Android
- Apple iOS
- Windows Phone
- Blackberry
- Other mobile OS

1.3.3 jQuery Version

If you are implementing a browser-based solution, you must load a jQuery library *before* loading the Litle API. Litle recommends using jQuery 1.4.2 or higher. Refer to http://jquery.com for more information on jQuery.

1.3.4 Litle Certification and Testing Environments

For certification and testing of Litle feature functionality, including PayPage, Litle uses three certification and testing environments:

- **Pre-Live** this test environment is used for all merchant Certification testing. This environment should be used by both newly on-boarding Litle merchants, and existing Litle merchants seeking to incorporate additional features or functionalities (for example, PayPage) into their current integrations.
- **Post-Live** this test environment is intended for merchants that are already fully certified and submitting transactions to the Litle Production platform, but wish to perform regression or other tests to confirm the operational readiness of modifications to their own systems. Upon completion of the initial certification and on-boarding process, Litle migrates merchants that are Production-enabled to the Post-Live environment for any on-going testing needs.
- Sandbox this environment is a simulator that provides a basic interface for functional level testing of transaction messages. Typically, merchants using one of the available Software

Development Kits (SDKs) would use the Sandbox to test basic functionality, but it could also be used by any merchant using LitleXML. This is a stateless simulator, so it has no historical transactional data, and does not provide full functionality.

Use the URLs listed in Table 1-1 when testing and submitting PayPage transactions.

TABLE 1-1 PayPage Certification, Testing, and Production URLs

Environment	URL Purpose	URL
Testing and Certification	JavaScript Library	https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api2.js
	Request Submission (including POST)	https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com
Post-Live (Regression Testing)	JavaScript Library	https://request-postlive.np-securepaypage-litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api2.js
	Request Submission (including POST)	https://request-postlive.np-securepaypage-litle.com
Live Production	Production	Contact your Litle Implementation Consultant for the PayPage Production URL.

1.3.5 Transitioning from Certification to Production

Before using your checkout form with PayPage in a production environment, replace all instances of the Testing and Certification URLs listed in Table 1-1 with the production URL. Contact Litle Implementation for the appropriate production URL. The URLs in the above table and in the sample scripts throughout this guide should only be used in the certification and testing environment.

1.3.6 PayPage-Specific Response Codes

Table 1-2 and Table 1-3 list response codes specific to the PayPage feature, received in the browser or mobile device, and those received via a LitleXML Response. For information on response codes specific to token transactions, see the *Litle & Co. XML Reference Guide*.

TABLE 1-2 PayPage-Specific Response Codes Received in Browser or Mobile Device

Response Code	Description	Error Type	Error Source
870	Success		
871	Account Number not Mod10	Validation	User
872	Account Number too short	Validation	User
873	Account Number too long	Validation	User
874	Account Number not numeric	Validation	User
875	Unable to encrypt field	System	JavaScript
876	Account number invalid	Validation	User
881	Card Validation number not numeric	Validation	User
882	Card Validation number too short	Validation	User
883	Card Validation number too long	Validation	User
889	Failure	System	Litle

TABLE 1-3 PayPage Response Codes Received in LitleXML Responses

Response Code	Response Message	Response Type	Description
877	Invalid PayPage Registration ID	Hard Decline	A PayPage response indicating that the PayPage Registration ID submitted is invalid.
878	Expired PayPage Registration ID	Hard Decline	A PayPage response indicating that the PayPage Registration ID has expired (PayPage Registration IDs expire 24 hours after being issued).
879	Merchant is not authorized for PayPage	Hard Decline	A response indicating that your organization is not enabled for the Litle PayPage feature.

2

INTEGRATION AND TESTING

This chapter describes the steps required to integrate the Litle PayPage feature as part of your checkout form or native mobile application, along with information on PayPage Certification. The topics included are:

- Integrating PayPage Into Your Checkout Page
- Integrating PayPage Into Your Mobile Application
- Collecting Diagnostic Information
- LitleXML Transaction Examples When Using PayPage
- Testing and Certification

2.1 Integrating PayPage Into Your Checkout Page

This section provides step-by-step instructions for integrating the Litle PayPage feature into your checkout page.

See Integrating PayPage Into Your Mobile Application on page 20 for more information on the mobile solution.

2.1.1 Integration Steps

Integrating PayPage into your checkout page includes these steps, described in detail in the sections to follow:

- 1. Loading the Litle API and jQuery
- 2. Specifying the Litle API Request Fields
- 3. Specifying the Litle API Response Fields
- 4. Handling the Mouse Click
- 5. Intercepting the Checkout Form Submission
- 6. Handling Callbacks for Success, Failure, and Timeout
- 7. Detecting the Availability of the Litle API

The above steps make up the components of the sendToLitle call:

sendToLitle(litleRequest, litleFormFields, successCallback, errorCallback,
timeoutCallback, timeout)

- **litleRequest** captures the form fields that contain the request parameters (paypageId, url, etc.)
- **litleFormFields** captures the form fields Litle should use to set various portions of the PayPage registration response (PayPage Registration Id, response reason code, response reason message, etc.).
- **successCallback** specifies the method Litle should use to handle a successful PayPage registration.
- **errorCallback** specifies the method Litle should use to handle a failure event (if error code is received).
- **timeoutCallback** specifies the method Litle should use to handle a timeout event (if the sendToLitle exceeds the timeout threshold).
- timeout specifies the number of milliseconds before the timeoutCallback is invoked.

JavaScript code examples are included with each step. For a full HTML code example of the Litle PayPage implementation, see the HTML Checkout Page Examples on page 46.

2.1.2 Loading the Litle API and jQuery

To load the PayPage client JavaScript library from the Litle PayPage application server to your customer's browser, insert the following JavaScript into your checkout page. Note that a version of the jQuery JavaScript library must be loaded by your checkout page before loading the PayPage client JavaScript library.

NOTE:

The URL in this example script (in red) should only be used in the certification and testing environment. Before using your checkout page with PayPage in a production environment, replace the certification URL with the production URL (contact your Litle Implementation Consultant for the appropriate production URL).

```
<head>
...
<script
    src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.4.2/jquery.min.js"
type="text/javascript">
    </script>
<script
    src="https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api2.js"
type="text/javascript">
    </script>
    ...
    </head>
Do not use this URL in a
    production environment.
    Contact Litle Implementation for
    the appropriate production URL.
```

NOTE:

This example uses a Google-hosted version of the jQuery JavaScript library. You may choose to host the library locally. Litle recommends using version 1.4.2 or higher.

2.1.3 Specifying the Litle API Request Fields

To specify the Litle API request fields, add four hidden request fields to your checkout form for paypageId (a unique number assigned by Litle Implementation), merchantTxnId, orderId, and reportGroup (LitleXML elements). You have flexibility in the naming of these fields.

NOTE:

The values for either the merchantTxnId or the orderId must be unique so that Litle can use these identifiers for reconciliation or troubleshooting.

The values for paypageId and reportGroup will likely be constant in the HTML. The value for the orderId passed to the PayPage API can be generated dynamically.

2.1.4 Specifying the Litle API Response Fields

To specify the Litle API Response fields, add seven hidden response fields on your checkout form for storing information returned by PayPage: paypageRegistrationId, bin, code, message, responseTime, type, and litleTxnId. You have the flexibility in the naming of these fields.

2.1.5 Handling the Mouse Click

In order to call the Litle JavaScript API on the checkout form when your customer clicks the submit button, you must add a jQuery selector to handle the submission click JavaScript event. The addition of the click event creates a PayPage Request and calls sendToLitle.

The sendToLitle call includes a timeout value in milliseconds. Litle recommends a timeout value of 5000 (5 seconds).

NOTE:

The URL in this example script (in red) should only be used in the certification and testing environment. Before using your checkout page with PayPage in a production environment, replace the certification URL with the production URL (contact your Litle Implementation Consultant for the appropriate production URL).

```
<head>
 <script>
$("#submitId").click(
     function(){
     setLitleResponseFields({"response":"", "message":""});
      var litleRequest = {
      "paypageId" : document.getElementById("request$paypageId").value,
      "reportGroup" : document.getElementById("request\$reportGroup").value,\\
      "orderId" : document.getElementById("request$orderId").value, [
                                                                        Do not use this URL
      "id" : document.getElementById("request$merchantTxnId").value, | in a production
      "url" : "https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com"
                                                                        environment. Contact
                                                                         Litle Implementation
                                                                        for the appropriate
                                                                        production URL.
     new LitlePayPage().sendToLitle(litleRequest, formFields, submitAfterLitle,
onErrorAfterLitle, timeoutOnLitle, 5000);
           return false;
 </script>
</head>
```

2.1.6 Intercepting the Checkout Form Submission

Without the PayPage implementation, order data is sent to your system when the submit button is clicked. With the Litle PayPage feature, a request must be sent to the Litle server to retrieve the PayPage Registration ID for the card number before the order is submitted to your system. To intercept the checkout form, you change the input type from submit to button. (The checkout button is built inside of a <script>/<noscript> pair, but the <noscript> element uses a message to alert the customer instead of providing a default submit.)

2.1.7 Handling Callbacks for Success, Failure, and Timeout

Your checkout page must include instructions on what methods Litle should use to handle callbacks for success, failure, and timeout events. Add the code in the following three sections to achieve this.

2.1.7.1 Success Callbacks

The **success** callback stores the Litle response in the hidden form response fields and submits the form. The card number is scrubbed from the submitted form, and all of the hidden fields are submitted along with the other checkout information.

```
<head>
...
  <script>
...

function setLitleResponseFields(response) {
  document.getElementById('response$code').value = response.response;
  document.getElementById('response$message').value = response.message;
  document.getElementById('response$responseTime').value = response.responseTime;
  document.getElementById('response$litleTxnId').value = response.litleTxnId;
  document.getElementById('response$type').value = response.litleTxnId;
}
```

Integrating PayPage Into Your Checkout Page

```
function submitAfterLitle (response) {
  setLitleResponseFields(response);
  document.forms['fCheckout'].submit();
}
  ...
  </script>
  ...
  </head>
```

2.1.7.2 Failure Callbacks

There are two types of failures that can occur when your customer enters an order: validation (user) errors, and system (non-user) errors (see Table 1-2, "PayPage-Specific Response Codes Received in Browser or Mobile Device" on page 9). The **failure** callback stops the transaction for non-user errors and nothing is posted to your order handling system.

Note:

When there is a timeout or you receive a validation-related error response code, be sure to submit enough information to your order processing system to identify transactions that could not be completed. This will help you monitor problems with the PayPage Integration and also have enough information for debugging.

You have flexibility in the wording of the error text.

```
<head>
  <script>
  . . .
  function onErrorAfterLitle (response) {
    setLitleResponseFields(response);
    if(response.response == '871') {
      alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Not Mod10)");
    else if(response.response == '872') {
      alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Too short)");
    else if(response.response == '873') {
      alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Too long)");
    else if(response.response == '874') {
      alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Not a number)");
    else if(response.response == '875') {
      alert("We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or call
555-555-1212");
    else if(response.response == '876') {
      alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Failure from Server)");
    else if(response.response == '881') {
      alert("Invalid card validation code. Check and retry. (Not a number)");
    else if(response.response == '882') {
```

```
alert("Invalid card validation code. Check and retry. (Too short)");
}
else if(response.response == '883') {
    alert("Invalid card validation code. Check and retry. (Too long)");
}
else if(response.response == '889') {
    alert("We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or call
555-555-1212");
}
return false;
}
...
</script>
...
</head>
```

2.1.7.3 Timeout Callbacks

The **timeout** callback stops the transaction and nothing is posted to your order handling system.

Timeout values are expressed in milliseconds and defined in the sendToLitle call, described in the section, Handling the Mouse Click on page 15. Litle recommends a timeout value of 5000 (5 seconds).

You have flexibility in the wording of the timeout error text.

2.1.8 Detecting the Availability of the Litle API

In the event that the litle-api2.js cannot be loaded, add the following to detect availability. You have flexibility in the wording of the error text.

```
</BODY>
...
<script>
  function callLitle() {
   if(typeof new LitlePayPage() != 'object') {
     alert("We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or call 555-555-1212 (API unavailable)" );
```

```
</script>
...
</HTML>
```

A full HTML code example of a simple checkout page integrated with the Litle PayPage feature is shown in Appendix A, "Code Samples and Other Information".

2.2 Integrating PayPage Into Your Mobile Application

This section provides instructions for integrating the Litle PayPage feature into your native mobile application. Unlike the PayPage browser checkout page solution, Mobile PayPage does not interact with the PayPage JavaScript in a browser. Instead, you use an HTTP POST in a native mobile application to send account numbers to Litle and receive a PayPage Registration ID in the response.

NOTE:

When using the PayPage feature for transactions from your customer's mobile device, your mobile application and your order processing system remains PCI-DSS compliant, regardless of whether the mobile device used is compliant.

2.2.1 Creating the POST Request

You structure your POST request as shown in the Sample Request. Use the components listed in Table 2-1.

TABLE 2-1 POST Headers, Parameters, and URL

Component	Element	Description
Headers	Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded	
(optional)	Host: request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com/LitlePayPage	
	User-Agent: Litle/1.0 CFNetwork/459 Darwin/10.0.0.d3	
Parameters	paypageId	The unique number assigned by Litle Implementation.
(required)	reportGroup	The LitleXML required attribute that defines under which merchant sub-group this transaction will be displayed in Litle iQ.
	orderId	The merchant-assigned unique value representing the order in your system.
	id	The LitleXML required attribute that assigned by the presenter and mirrored back in the response.
	accountNumber	The 13-25-digit card account number.
(optional)	cvv	The card validation number, either the CVV2 (Visa), CVC2 (MasterCard), or CID (American Express and Discover) value.
URL	https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com/LitlePayPage	

NOTE:

The URL in this example script (in red) should only be used in the certification and testing environment. Before using your checkout page with PayPage in a production environment, replace the certification URL with the production URL (contact your Litle Implementation Consultant for the appropriate production URL).

2.2.1.1 Sample Request

The following is an example POST to request a PayPage registration ID:

2.2.1.2 Sample Response

The response received in the body of the POST response is a JSON string similar to the following:

```
{"bin":"410000", "paypageRegistrationId":"amNDNkpWckVGNFJoRmdNeXJUOHl4Skh1TTQ1Z0t6WE9TYmdq djBJT0F5N28zbUpxdlhGazZFdmlCSzdTN3ptKw\u003d\u003d", "type":"VI", "id":"12345", "litleTxnId":"83088059521107596", "message":"Success", "orderId":"PValid", "reportGroup":"*merchant1500", "response":"870", "responseTime":"2014-02-07T17:04:04"}
```

Table 2-2 lists the parameters included in the response.

TABLE 2-2	Parameters Returned in POST Response	

Parameter	Description
paypageRegistrationId	The temporary identifier used to facilitate the mapping of a token to a card number.
reportGroup	(Mirrored back from the request) The LitleXML required attribute that defines under which merchant sub-group this transaction will be displayed in Litle iQ.
orderId	(Mirrored back from the request) The merchant-assigned unique value representing the order in your system.

TABLE 2-2 Parameters Returned in POST Response (Continued)

Parameter	Description
id	(Mirrored back from the request) The LitleXML required attribute that assigned by the presenter and mirrored back in the response.
litleTxnId	The unique transaction identifier assigned by Litle.

2.3 Collecting Diagnostic Information

In order to assist Litle in determining the cause of failed PayPage transactions (and avoid potential lost sales), please collect the following diagnostic information when you encounter a failure, and provide it to your **Litle Implementation Consultant** if you are currently in the testing and certification process, or your **Litle Customer Support** if you are currently in production.

- Error code returned and reason for the failure:
 - JavaScript was disabled on the customer's browser.
 - JavaScript could not be loaded.
 - JavaScript was loaded properly, but the sendToLitle call did not return a response, or timed out.
 - JavaScript was loaded properly, but the sendToLitle call returned a response code indicating an error.
- The orderId and merchantTxnId for the transaction.
- Where in the process the failure occurred.
- Information about the customer's browser, including the version.

For further information on methods for collecting diagnostic information, contact your Litle Implementation Consultant if your are currently in the testing and certification process, or your Litle Customer Experience Manager if you are currently in production.

2.4 LitleXML Transaction Examples When Using PayPage

This section describes how to format LitleXML transactions when using the PayPage feature of the Litle Vault solution. These standard LitleXML transactions are submitted by your payment processing system after your customer clicks the submit button on your checkout page. Your payment processing system sends the transactions to Litle with the paypageRegistrationId> returned by Litle, and the Litle Vault maps the Registration ID to the token and card number, processing the payment as usual.

Note:

The PayPage Registration ID is a temporary identifier used to facilitate the mapping of a token to a card number, and consequently expires within 24 hours of issuance. If you do not submit an Authorization, Sale, or Register Token transaction containing the paypageRegistrationId> within 24 hours, the system returns a response code of 878 - Expired PayPage Registration ID, and no token is issued.

See LitleXML Elements for PayPage on page 58 for definitions of the PayPage-related elements used in these examples.

This section is meant as a supplement to the *Litle & Co. XML Reference Guide*. Refer to the *Litle & Co. XML Reference Guide* for comprehensive information on all elements used in these examples.

2.4.1 Transaction Types and Examples

This section contains examples of the following transaction types:

- Authorization Transactions
- Sale Transactions
- Register Token Transactions
- Force Capture Transactions
- Capture Given Auth Transactions
- Credit Transactions

For each type of transaction, only online examples are shown, however batch transactions for all the above transaction types are also supported when using the Litle PayPage feature. See the *Litle & Co. XML Reference Guide* for information on forming batch transactions.

2.4.2 Authorization Transactions

The Authorization transaction enables you to confirm that a customer has submitted a valid payment method with their order and has sufficient funds to purchase the goods or services they ordered.

This section describes the format you must use for an Authorization request when using the PayPage feature, as well as the format of the Authorization Response you receive from Litle & Co.

2.4.2.1 Authorization Request Structure

You must structure an Authorization request as shown in the following examples when using PayPage.

Example: Online Authorization Request

© 2014 Litle & Co. All Rights Reserved.

```
<name>John Smith</name>
    <addressLine1>100 Main St</addressLine1>
    <city>Boston</city>
    <state>MA</state>
    <zip>12345</zip>
    <email>jsmith@someaddress.com
    <phone>555-123-4567</phone>
   </billToAddress>
   <paypage>
    <paypageRegistrationId>cDZJcmd1VjNlYXNaSlRMTGpocVZQY1NNlYE4ZW5UTko4NU
 9KK3p1L1p1VzE4ZWVPQVlSUHNITG1JN2I0NzlyTg=</pappageRegistrationId>
    <expDate>1012</expDate>
    <cardValidationNum>000</cardValidationNum>
   </paypage>
 </authorization>
<le></litleOnlineRequest>
```

2.4.2.2 Authorization Response Structure

An Authorization response has the following structure:

Example: Online Authorization Response

NOTE:

The online response format contains a <postDate> element, which indicates the date the financial transaction will post (specified in YYYY-MM-DD format).

```
litleOnlineResponse version="8.25" xmlns="http://www.litle.com/schema"
 response="0" message="Valid Format">
 <authorizationResponse id="834262" reportGroup="ABC Division"</pre>
 customerId="038945">
   <litleTxnId>969506</litleTxnId>
   <orderId>65347567</orderId>
   <response>000</response>
   <responseTime>2009-07-25T15:13:43</responseTime>
   <postDate>2009-07-25</postDate>
   <message>Approved</message>
   <authCode>123457</authCode>
   <fraudResult>
    <avsResult>11</avsResult>
    <cardValidationResult>P</cardValidationResult>
   </fraudResult>
   <tokenResponse>
    <litleToken>1111000100090005</litleToken>
    <tokenResponseCode>801</tokenResponseCode>
    <tokenMessage>Account number was successfully registered</tokenMessage>
    <type>VI</type>
    <bin>402410</bin>
   </tokenResponse>
 </authorizationResponse>
<le></litleOnlineResponse>
```

2.4.3 Sale Transactions

The Sale transaction enables you to both authorize fund availability and deposit those funds by means of a single transaction. The Sale transaction is also known as a conditional deposit, because the deposit takes place only if the authorization succeeds. If the authorization is declined, the deposit will not be processed.

This section describes the format you must use for a sale request, as well as the format of the Sale Response you receive from Litle & Co.

2.4.3.1 Sale Request Structure

You must structure a Sale request as shown in the following examples when using PayPage:

Example: Online Sale Request

```
<name>John Smith</name>
    <addressLine1>100 Main St</addressLine1>
    <city>Boston</city>
    <state>MA</state>
    <zip>12345</zip>
    <email>jsmith@someaddress.com
    <phone>555-123-4567</phone>
   </billToAddress>
   <paypage>
    <paypageRegistrationId>cDZJcmd1VjNlYXNaSlRMTGpocVZQY1NNlYE4ZW5UTko4NU
 9KK3p1L1p1VzE4ZWVPQVlSUHNITG1JN2I0NzlyTg=</pappageRegistrationId>
    <expDate>1012</expDate>
    <cardValidationNum>000</cardValidationNum>
   </paypage>
 </sale>
<le></litleOnlineRequest>
```

2.4.3.2 Sale Response Structure

A Sale response has the following structure:

Example: Online Sale Response

NOTE:

The online response format contains a <postDate> element, which indicates the date the financial transaction will post (specified in YYYY-MM-DD format).

```
litleOnlineResponse version="8.25" xmlns="http://www.litle.com/schema"
 response="0" message="Valid Format">
 <saleResponse id="834262" reportGroup="ABC Division" customerId="038945">
   <litleTxnId>969506</litleTxnId>
   <orderId>65347567</orderId>
   <response>000</response>
   <responseTime>2009-07-25T15:13:43</responseTime>
   <postDate>2009-07-25</postDate>
   <message>Approved</message>
   <authCode>123457</authCode>
   <fraudResult>
    <avsResult>11</avsResult>
    <cardValidationResult>P</cardValidationResult>
   </fraudResult>
   <tokenResponse>
    <litleToken>1111000100090005</litleToken>
    <tokenResponseCode>801</tokenResponseCode>
    <tokenMessage>Account number was successfully registered</tokenMessage>
    <type>VI</type>
    <br/><bin>402410</bin>
   </tokenResponse>
 </saleResponse>
<le></litleOnlineResponse>
```

2.4.4 Register Token Transactions

The Register Token transaction enables you to submit a credit card number, eCheck account number, or in this case, a PayPage Registration Id to Litle & Co. and receive a token in return.

2.4.4.1 Register Token Request

You must specify the Register Token request as follows. The structure of the request is identical for either an Online or a Batch submission. The child elements used differ depending upon whether you are registering a credit card account, an eCheck account, or a PayPage Registration Id.

When you submit the CVV2/CVC2/CID in a registerTokenRequest, the Litle platform encrypts and stores the value on a temporary basis for later use in a tokenized Authorization or Sale transaction submitted without the value. This is done to accommodate merchant systems/workflows where the security code is available at the time of token registration, but not at the time of the Auth/Sale. If for some reason you need to change the value of the security code supplied at the time of the token registration, use an updateCardValidationNumOnToken transaction. To use the stored value when submitting an Auth/Sale transaction, set the cardValidationNum value to 000.

NOTE:

The use of the <cardValidationNum> element in the <registertokenRequest> only applies when you submit an <accountNumber> element.

For PayPage Registration IDs:

```
<registerTokenRequest id="Id" reportGroup="UI Report Group">
  <orderId>Order Id</orderId>
  cpaypageRegistrationId>PayPage Registration Id/paypageRegistrationId>
/registerTokenRequest>
```

For Credit Card and eCheck Register Token request structures, see the *Litle & Co. XML Reference Guide*.

Example: Online Register Token Request - PayPage

```
<orderId>F12345</orderId>
  <paypageRegistrationId>cDZJcmd1VjNlYXNaSlRMTGpocVZQY1NNlYE4ZW5UTko4NU
9KK3p1L1p1VzE4ZWVPQVlSUHNITG1JN2I0NzlyTg=</paypageRegistrationId>
  </registerTokenRequest>
</litleoOnlineRequest>
```

2.4.4.2 Register Token Response

There is no structural difference an Online and Batch response; however, some child elements change depending upon whether the token is for a credit card account, eCheck account, or PayPage registration Id. The response for the will have one of the following structures.

Register Token response for PayPage Registration Ids (and Credit Cards):

```
<registerTokenResponse id="99999" reportGroup="RG1">
  litleTxnId>Litle Transaction Number</litleTxnId>
  <orderId>Order Id</orderId>
  litleToken>Litle Token</litleToken>
  <bin>BIN</bin>
  <type>Method of Payment</type>
  <response>Response Code</response>
  <responseTime>Response Time</responseTime>
  <message>Response Message</message>
  </registerTokenResponse>
```

For eCheck Register Token response structures, see the Litle & Co. XML Reference Guide.

Example: Online Register Token Response - PayPage

2.4.5 Force Capture Transactions

A Force Capture transaction is a Capture transaction used when you do not have a valid Authorization for the order, but have fulfilled the order and wish to transfer funds. You can use a paypageRegistrationID> with a Force Capture transaction.

CAUTION: Merchants must be authorized by Litle & Co. before submitting transactions of this type. In some instances, using a Force Capture transaction can lead to chargebacks and fines.

2.4.5.1 Force Capture Request

You must structure a Force Capture request as shown in the following examples when using PayPage. The structure of the request is identical for either an Online or a Batch submission

Example: On-Line Force Capture Request

```
<addressLine1>100 Main St</addressLine1>
    <city>Boston</city>
    <state>MA</state>
    <zip>12345</zip>
    <country>USA</country>
    <email>jsmith@someaddress.com
    <phone>555-123-4567</phone>
   </billToAddress>
   <paypage>
    <paypageRegistrationId>cDZJcmd1VjNlYXNaSlRMTGpocVZQY1NNlYE4ZW5UTko4NU
 9KK3p1L1p1VzE4ZWVPQVlSUHNITG1JN2I0NzlyTg=</pappageRegistrationId>
    <expDate>1012</expDate>
    <cardValidationNum>712</cardValidationNum>
   </paypage>
 </forceCapture>
<le></litleOnlineRequest>
```

2.4.5.2 Force Capture Response

The Force Capture response message is identical for Online and Batch transactions, except Online includes the <postDate> element and may include a duplicate attribute. The Force Capture response has the following structure:

Example: Force Capture Response

```
litleOnlineResponse version="8.25" xmlns="http://www.litle.com/schema"
  response="0" message="Valid Format">
  <forceCaptureResponse id="2" reportGroup="ABC Division"
  customerId="038945">
  litleTxnId>1100030204</litleTxnId>
  <orderId>65347567</orderId>
```

```
<response>000</response>
  <responseTime>2009-07-11T14:48:48</responseTime>
  <postDate>2009-07-11</postDate>
  <message>Approved</message>
    <tokenResponse>
        tltleToken>1111000100090005
        <tokenResponseCode>801</tokenResponseCode>
        <tokenMessage>Account number was successfully registered</tokenMessage>
        <tupe>VI</type>
        <bin>402410</bin>
        </tokenResponse>
        </forceCaptureResponse>
        </littleOnlineResponse>
</orc>
```

2.4.6 Capture Given Auth Transactions

You can use a Capture Given Auth transaction with a <paypageRegistrationID> if the tleTxnId> is unknown and the Authorization was processed using COMAAR data (Card Number, Order Id, Merchant Id, Amount, Approval Code, and (Auth) Response Date).

2.4.6.1 Capture Given Auth Request

Example: Online Capture Given Auth Request

```
litleOnlineRequest version="8.25" xmlns="http://www.litle.com/schema"
 merchantId="100">
 <authentication>
   <user>User Name
   <password>Password</password>
 </authentication>
 <captureGivenAuth id="834262" reportGroup="ABC Division"</pre>
  customerId="038945">
   <orderId>65347567</orderId>
   <authInformation>
    <authDate>2011-06-22</authDate>
    <authCode>111111</authCode>
   </authInformation>
   <amount>40000</amount>
   <orderSource>ecommerce</orderSource>
   <br/>
<billToAddress>
    <name>John Smith</name>
    <addressLine1>100 Main St</addressLine1>
    <city>Boston</city>
    <state>MA</state>
    <zip>12345</zip>
    <country>USA</country>
    <email>jsmith@someaddress.com
    <phone>555-123-4567</phone>
   </billToAddress>
   <paypage>
    <paypageRegistrationId>cDZJcmd1VjNlYXNaSlRMTGpocVZQY1NNlYE4ZW5UTko4NU
 9KK3p1L1p1VzE4ZWVPQVlSUHNITG1JN2I0NzlyTg=</paypageRegistrationId>
    <expDate>1012</expDate>
    <cardValidationNum>000</cardValidationNum>
   </paypage>
 </captureGivenAuth>
<le></litleOnlineRequest>
```

2.4.6.2 Capture Given Auth Response

A Capture Given Auth response has the following structure. The response message is identical for Online and Batch transactions except Online includes the <postDate> element and may include a duplicate attribute.

Example: Online Capture Given Auth Response

```
<litleOnlineResponse version="8.25" xmlns="http://www.litle.com/schema"</pre>
 response="0" message="Valid Format">
 <captureGivenAuthResponse id="2" reportGroup="ABC Division"</pre>
  customerId="038945">
   <litleTxnId>1100030204</litleTxnId>
   <orderId>65347567</orderId>
   <response>000</response>
   <responseTime>2011-07-11T14:48:48</responseTime>
   <postDate>2011-07-11</postDate>
   <message>Approved</message>
   <tokenResponse>
    <litleToken>1111000100090005</litleToken>
    <tokenResponseCode>801</tokenResponseCode>
    <tokenMessage>Account number was successfully registered</tokenMessage>
    <type>VI</type>
    <bin>402410</bin>
   </tokenResponse>
 </captureGivenAuthResponse>
<le></litleOnlineResponse>
```

2.4.7 Credit Transactions

The Credit transaction enables you to refund money to a customer. You can submit refunds against any of the following payment transactions using a qpaypageRegistrationId>:

- Capture Given Auth Transactions
- Force Capture Transactions
- Sale Transactions

2.4.7.1 Credit Request Transaction

You must specify the Credit request for a Litle & Co. processed transaction as follows. The structure of the request is identical for either an Online or a Batch submission.

Example: Online Credit Request Transaction

2.4.7.2 Credit Response

The Credit response message is identical for Online and Batch transactions except Online includes the postDate element and may include a duplicate attribute.

Example: Online Credit Response

2.5 Testing and Certification

Litle & Co. requires successful certification testing for the PayPage transactions before you can use them in production. During certification testing, you will work through each required test scenario with a Litle & Co. Implementation Consultant. This section provides the specific data you must use in your PayPage transactions when performing the required tests. Use of this data allows the validation of your transaction structure/syntax, as well as the return of a response file containing known data.

The testing process for PayPage includes browser and/or mobile application interaction, JavaScript interaction, as well as XML requests and responses. The PayPage Certification tests the following:

For browser-based checkout pages and mobile applications:

- A successful transaction
- LitleXML transaction requests and responses

For browser-based checkout pages only:

- The timeout period
- The error handler and JavaScript error codes

See the section, PayPage-Specific Response Codes on page 9 for definitions of the response codes.

2.5.1 Testing PayPage Transactions

To test PayPage transactions:

- 1. Verify that your checkout page or mobile application is coded correctly. See Integrating PayPage Into Your Checkout Page on page 12 or Integrating PayPage Into Your Mobile Application on page 20 for more information.
- 2. Verify that you are using the appropriate URL for the testing and certification environment:

```
https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com/LitlePayPage/litle-api2.js
```

NOTE:

This URL should only be used in the testing and certification environment. Do not use this URL in a production environment. Contact Litle Implementation for the appropriate production URL.

3. Submit transactions from your checkout page or mobile application using the **Card Numbers** and **Card Validation Numbers** from Table 2-3. When performing these tests, you can use any expiration date and card type.

4. Verify that your results match the **Result** column in Table 2-3.

TABLE 2-3 Expected PayPage Test Results

Test Case	Card Number	Card Vali- dation Number	Response Code	Result
1	5112010000000003	Any 3-digit	870 (Success)	PayPage Registration ID is generated and the card is scrubbed before the form is submitted.
2	44570100000000009	Any 3-digit	871	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example, "Invalid Card Number - Check and retry (not Mod10)."
3	445701000000000000000	Any 3-digit	873	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example, "Invalid Card Number - Check and retry (too long)."
4	601101000003	Any 3-digit	872	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example, "Invalid Card Number - Check and retry (too short)."
5	44570100B00000006	Any 3-digit	874	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example, "Invalid Card Number - Check and retry (not a number)."
6	6011010000000003	Any 3-digit	875	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example, "We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or call 555-555-1212."
7	51234567898010003	Any 3-digit	876	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example, "Invalid Card Number - Check and retry (failure from server)."
8	375001000000005	Any 3-digit	None (Timeout error)	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example, "We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or call 555-555-1212 (timeout)."

TABLE 2-3 Expected PayPage Test Results (Continued)

Test Case	Card Number	Card Vali- dation Number	Response Code	Result
9	4457010200000007	Any 3-digit	889	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example, "We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or call 555-555-1212."
10	5112010000000003	abc	881	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example "Invalid Card Validation Number - Check and retry (not a number)".
11	5112010000000003	12	882	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example "Invalid Card Validation Number - Check and retry (too short)".
12	5112010000000003	12345	883	Checkout form displays error message to card holder, for example "Invalid Card Validation Number - Check and retry (too long)".

To test the submission of PayPage data using LitleXML Authorization transactions:

- 1. Verify that your LitleXML template is coded correctly for this transaction type (see Authorization Transactions on page 24).
- 2. Submit three Authorization transactions using the PayPage data from Table 2-4.
- 3. Verify that your authorizationResponse values match the **Response Code Expected** column.

TABLE 2-4 PayPage Authorization Transaction Request and Response Data

Test Case	PayPage Registration ID	Exp. Date	Card Vali- dation Number	Response Code Expected
13	(Use the PayPage Registration ID value received when executing Test Case #1)	Any 4-digit	Any 3-digit	000 - Approved
14	cDZJcmd1VjNIYXNaSIRMTGpocVZQY1NWVXE4ZW 5UTko4NU9KK3p1L1p1Vzg4YzVPQVISUHNITG1JN 2I0NzlyTg==	1230	987	877 - Invalid PayPage Registration ID

TABLE 2-4 PayPage Authorization Transaction Request and Response Data

Test Case	PayPage Registration ID	Exp. Date	Card Vali- dation Number	Response Code Expected
15	RGFQNCt6U1d1M21SeVByVTM4dHIHb1FsVkUrSm pnWXhNY0o5UkMzRlZFanZiUHVnYjN1enJXbG1WS DF4aXlNcA==	1230	987	877 - Expired PayPage Registration ID





CODE SAMPLES AND OTHER INFORMATION

This appendix provides code examples and reference material related to integrating the Litle PayPage Solution. The following sections are included:

- HTML Checkout Page Examples
- Information Sent to Order Processing Systems
- Sample Litle JavaScript (litle-api2.js)
- LitleXML Elements for PayPage

A.1 HTML Checkout Page Examples

NOTE: This section does not apply to PayPage solutions in a mobile application.

This section provides three HTML checkout page examples:

- HTML Example for Non-PayPage Checkout Page
- HTML Example for PayPage-Integrated Checkout Page

A.1.1 HTML Example for Non-PayPage Checkout Page

For comparison purposes, the following HTML sample is for a simple check-out page that is not integrated with the Litle PayPage feature. The check-out form requests the cardholder's name, CVV code, credit card account number, and expiration date.

```
<HTML>
<head>
 <title>Non-PayPage Merchant Checkout</title>
<BODY>
 <h2>Checkout Form</h2>
 <form method=post id="fCheckout" name="fCheckout"</pre>
  action="/merchant101/Merchant101CheckoutServlet">
   First Name<input type="text" id="fName" name="fName" size="20">
Last Name<id>to><input type="text" id="lName" name="lName" size="20">
Credit Card<input type="text" id="ccNum" name="ccNum"</pre>
size="20"> 
   Exp Date<input type="text" id="expDate" name="expDate"</pre>
size="5">
    
   value="Check out" id="submitId"/>
  </form>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

A.1.2 HTML Example for PayPage-Integrated Checkout Page

The HTML code below is an example of a simple checkout page integrated with the Litle PayPage feature.

Note:

The URL in this example (in red) should only be used in the certification and testing environment. Before using your checkout page with PayPage in a production environment, replace the certification URL with the production URL (contact your Litle Implementation Consultant for the appropriate production URL).

```
<HTML>
<head>
 <title>PayPage Merchant Simple Checkout</title>
 <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.4.2/jquery.min.js"</pre>
type="text/javascript"></script>
 <script src="https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com/LitlePayPage/</pre>
       litle-api2.js" type="text/javascript"></script>
                                                                 Do not use this URL in a
 <script>
                                                                 production environment.
    $(document).ready(
                                                                 Contact Litle Implementation for
     function(){
                                                                 the appropriate production URL.
       function setLitleResponseFields(response) {
         document.getElementById('response$code').value = response.response;
         document.getElementById('response$message').value = response.message;
         document.getElementById('response$responseTime').value = response.responseTime;
         document.getElementById('response$litleTxnId').value = response.litleTxnId;
         document.getElementById('response$type').value = response.type;
       function submitAfterLitle (response) {
         setLitleResponseFields(response);
         document.forms['fCheckout'].submit();
       function timeoutOnLitle () {
        alert("We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or
call 555-555-1212 (timeout)");
       }
           function onErrorAfterLitle (response) {
             setLitleResponseFields(response);
             if(response.response == '871') {
               alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Not Mod10)");
             else if(response.response == '872') {
               alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Too short)");
             else if(response.response == '873') {
               alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Too long)");
             else if(response.response == '874') {
               alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Not a number)");
             else if(response.response == '875') {
               alert("We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later
      or call 555-555-1212");
             else if(response.response == '876') {
               alert("Invalid card number. Check and retry. (Failure from Server)");
```

```
else if(response.response == '881') {
              alert("Invalid card validation code. Check and retry. (Not a number)");
             else if(response.response == '882') {
              alert("Invalid card validation code. Check and retry. (Too short)");
            else if(response.response == '883') {
              alert("Invalid card validation code. Check and retry. (Too long)");
           else if(response.response == '889') {
            alert("We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or
call 555-555-1212");
         return false;
       var formFields = {
         "accountNum" :document.getElementById('ccNum'),
                :document.getElementById('cvv2Num'),
"paypageRegistrationId":document.getElementById('response$paypageRegistrationId'),
         "bin" :document.getElementById('response$bin')
       };
       $("#submitId").click(
         function(){
           // clear test fields
           setLitleResponseFields({"response":"", "message":""});
           var litleRequest = {
             "paypageId" : document.getElementById("request$paypageId").value,
                                                                                  Do not use this URL
             "reportGroup" : document.getElementById("request\$reportGroup").value,\\
                                                                                  in a production
             "orderId" : document.getElementById("request$orderId").value,
                                                                                  environment. Contact
                                                                                  Litle Implementation
             "id" : document.getElementById("request$merchantTxnId").value
                                                                                  for the appropriate
             "url" : "https://request-prelive.np-securepaypage-litle.com"
                                                                                  production URL.
           new LitlePayPage().sendToLitle(litleRequest, formFields, submitAfterLitle,
onErrorAfterLitle, timeoutOnLitle, 5000);
            return false;
       );
     }
   );
  </script>
</head>
<BODY>
 <h2>Checkout Form</h2>
 <form method=post id="fCheckout" name="fCheckout"</pre>
action="/merchant101/Merchant101CheckoutServlet">
    <input type="hidden" id="request$paypageId" name="request$paypageId"</pre>
value="a2y4o6m8k0"/>
   <input type="hidden" id="request$merchantTxnId" name="request$merchantTxnId"</pre>
value="987012"/>
   <input type="hidden" id="request$orderId" name="request$orderId" value="order_123"/>
    <input type="hidden" id="request$reportGroup" name="request$reportGroup"</pre>
value="*merchant1500"/>
   First Name<input type="text" id="fName" name="fName"
size="20">
     Last Name<input type="text" id="lName" name="lName"</pre>
size="20">
     Credit Card<input type="text" id="ccNum" name="ccNum"</pre>
size="20">
```

```
CVV<input type="text" id="cvv2num" name="cvv2num"
size="5">
     Exp Date<input type="text" id="expDate" name="expDate"</pre>
size="5">
      
     ="right">
     <script>
      document.write('<button type="button" id="submitId" onclick="callLitle()">Check
out with PayPage</button>');
     </script>
     <noscript>
      <button type="button" id="submitId">Enable JavaScript or call us at
555-555-1212</button>
     </noscript>
     <input type="hidden" id="response$paypageRegistrationId"</pre>
name="response$paypageRegistrationId" readOnly="true" value=""/>
   <input type="hidden" id="response$bin" name="response$bin" readOnly="true"/>
   <input type="hidden" id="response$code" name="response$code" readOnly="true"/>
   <input type="hidden" id="response$message" name="response$message" readOnly="true"/>
   <input type="hidden" id="response$responseTime" name="response$responseTime"</pre>
readOnlv="true"/>
   <input type="hidden" id="response$type" name="response$type" readOnly="true"/>
 <input type="hidden" id="response$litleTxnId" name="response$litleTxnId"</pre>
readOnly="true"/>
 </form>
</BODY>
<script>
/\star This is an example of how to handle being unable to download the litle-api2 \star/
 function callLitle() {
     if(typeof new LitlePayPage() != 'object') {
     alert("We are experiencing technical difficulties. Please try again later or call
555-555-1212 (API unavailable)");
 }
</script>
</HTML>
```

A.2 Information Sent to Order Processing Systems

This section describes the information sent to your order processing system, with and without integrating the Litle PayPage solution.

A.2.1 Information Sent Without Integrating Litle PayPage

If you have already integrated the Litle Vault solution, an XML authorization is submitted with the sensitive card data after your customer completes the checkout form, and a token is stored in its place. The following is an example of the information sent to your order handling system:

cvv - 123 expDate - 1210 fName - Joe ccNum - 410000000000000001 lName - Buyer

A.2.2 Information Sent with Browser-Based PayPage Integration

When you integrate the PayPage solution, your checkout page stops a transaction when a failure or timeout occurs, thereby not exposing your order processing system to sensitive card data. The success callback stores the Litle response in the hidden form response fields, scrubs the card number, and submits the form. The timeout callback stops the transaction, and the failure callback stops the transaction for non-user errors. In timeout and failure scenarios, nothing is sent to your order handling system.

The following is an example of the information sent to your order handling system on a successful transaction:

cvv - 000 expDate - 1210 fName - Joe ccNum - xxxxxxxxxxxx0001 lName - Buyer request\$paypageId - a2y4o6m8k0 request\$merchantTxnId - 987012 request\$orderId - order 123 request\$reportGroup - *merchant1500 response\paypageRegistrationId - 1111222233330001 response\$bin - 410000 response\$code - 870 response\$message - Success response\$responseTime - 2010-12-21T12:45:15Z response\$type - VI response\$litleTxnId - 21200000051806

A.2.3 Information Sent with Mobile Application-Based Integration

The following is an example of the information sent to your order handling system on a successful transaction from an application on a mobile device.

cvv - 123 accountNum - 4100000000000000001 paypageId - a2y4o6m8k0 id - 12345 orderId - order_123 reportGroup - *merchant1500

A.3 Sample Litle JavaScript (litle-api2.js)

The following is an example of a complete Litle JavaScript with a sample public key (browser-based solutions only).

```
* Litle & Co. Pay Page Java Script API Version: 2.0
  * Copyright ^{\odot} 2003-2013, Litle & Co. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
  * Includes litle-api2.js
  * http://www.litle.com/
var LitlePayPage = function() {
var LitleEncryption = {
"bc637dd74ba76507dad5af1c7ad6f97dbef5298c3b9f74caea7301347db7b4a8c37f26491863100667246fd45071f334
6bf62239f9b117d06fb67861b66ad0d158beeddd2f6f28be93d846f4c8f9ba1bd7e8f186f36cab0e432f22b3d732c221a
9ff00a9bfacb88b24503e2695fd7237835d4936477b21289478906a49b164f52503c20eb29f11fcbda2af94deb9a0bfde
5a4589276897436315c5d664d60bf10650164f509283aed39747ad5d6cb2bbe54e1b42306e5db37dfd42dcbfcc689e0dd
fe3bc9cb22ae7018e5a4a1ff39813584ac7bd6d6d65ca763f0a672da454081ea20e8b1d403316d80b9353ba396bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b18e5a4a1ff39813584ac7bd6d6d65ca763f0a672da454081ea20e8b1d403316d80b9353ba396bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8962ae7b16bea8960ae7b16bea8960ae7b16bea8960ae7b16bea8960ae7b16bea8960ae7b16bea8960ae7b16bea8960ae7b16bea8960ae7b16bea8960a
bla7d2f775c76612d857c1f7594f",
         exponent : "10001",
         keyId : "1"
};
return {
                    sendToLitle : function(litleRequest, litleFormFields, successCallback,
                                        errorCallback, timeoutCallback, timeout) {
                              var start = new Date().getTime();
                              var elapsedTime = 0;
                              var litleApiResponse = null;
                              setTimeout(
                                        function(){
                                                   if (litleApiResponse!=null) {
                                                             if (litleApiResponse.response == '870') {
                                                                       onSuccess (litleApiResponse);
                                                                       return;
                                                             }
                                                             else {
                                                                       onFail(litleApiResponse);
                                                                       return;
                                                             }
                                                   }
                                                   elapsedTime = new Date().getTime() - start;
                                                   if(timeout && elapsedTime > timeout) {
                                                             onTimeout();
                                                   }
                                                   else {
                                                             setTimeout(arguments.callee, 10);
                                         , 10
```

```
);
            litleFormFields.paypageRegistrationId.value = "";
            litleFormFields.bin.value = "";
            var accountNumber = litleFormFields.accountNum.value;
            accountNumber = removeSpacesHyphens(accountNumber);
            var hasCvv2 = (jQuery(litleFormFields.cvv2).length > 0);
            if (hasCvv2) {
                var cvv2 = litleFormFields.cvv2.value;
                cvv2 = removeSpacesHyphens(cvv2);
            }
            var returnCode = isValid(accountNumber);
            if(returnCode != "870") {
                return javascriptError(returnCode);
            if(hasCvv2) {
                returnCode = isValidCvv2(cvv2);
                if(returnCode != "870") {
                   return javascriptError(returnCode);
            }
            var rsa = new RSAKey();
                var validKey = rsa.setPublic(LitleEncryption.modulus, LitleEncryption.exponent);
                var encryptedHex = rsa.encrypt(accountNumber);
                if (hasCvv2)
                    var encryptedCvv2Hex = rsa.encrypt(cvv2);
            } catch(er) {
                return javascriptError("875");
            if(encryptedHex) {
                var b64Account = hex2b64(encryptedHex);
                var encAccount = encodeURIComponent(b64Account);
                if (hasCvv2) {
                   var b64Cvv2 = hex2b64(encryptedCvv2Hex);
                    var encCvv2 = encodeURIComponent(b64Cvv2);
                }
                try {
                    validateParam("paypageId",litleRequest.paypageId, REQUIRED_VALIDATOR,
REASONABLE_PARAM_LENGTH_VALIDATOR, ALPHANUMERIC_VALIDATOR);
                    validateParam("reportGroup", litleRequest.reportGroup, REQUIRED_VALIDATOR,
REASONABLE PARAM LENGTH VALIDATOR);
                    validateParam("id",litleRequest.id,REQUIRED VALIDATOR,
REASONABLE PARAM LENGTH VALIDATOR);
                } catch(er) {
                    return javascriptError("889", er);
                var encPaypageId = encodeURIComponent(litleRequest.paypageId);
                var encReportGroup = encodeURIComponent(litleRequest.reportGroup);
```

```
var encOrderId = encodeURIComponent(litleRequest.orderId);
                var encId = encodeURIComponent(litleRequest.id);
                if (hasCvv2) {
jQuery.getJSON(litleRequest.url+"/LitlePayPage/paypage?paypageId="+encPaypageId+"&reportGroup="+e
ncReportGroup+"&id="+encId+"&orderId="+encOrderId+"&encryptedAccount="+encAccount+"&publicKeyId="
+ \\ \texttt{LitleEncryption.keyId+"\&encryptedCvv="+encCvv2+"\&jsoncallback=?",} \\
                        function (data) {
                            litleApiResponse = data;
                    );
                }
                else {
jQuery.getJSON(litleRequest.url+"/LitlePayPage/paypage?paypageId="+encPaypageId+"&reportGroup="+e
ncReportGroup+"&id="+encId+"&orderId="+encOrderId+"&encryptedAccount="+encAccount+"&publicKeyId="
+LitleEncryption.keyId+"&jsoncallback=?",
                            function (data) {
                                litleApiResponse = data;
                    );
            }
            else {
                return javaScriptError("875");
            function onSuccess(data) {
                litleFormFields.accountNum.value = maskAccountNum(accountNumber);
                if(litleFormFields.extraAccountNums) {
                    for(var key in litleFormFields.extraAccountNums) {
                        var extra = litleFormFields.extraAccountNums[key];
                        extra.value=maskAccountNum(removeSpacesHyphens(extra.value));
                    }
                if (hasCvv2)
                    litleFormFields.cvv2.value="000";
                litleFormFields.paypageRegistrationId.value = data.paypageRegistrationId;
                litleFormFields.bin.value = data.bin;
                successCallback(data);
            function onFail(data) {
                errorCallback(data);
            function onTimeout() {
                timeoutCallback();
            function maskAccountNum(accountNumber) {
                if(!accountNumber) {
                    return accountNumber;
```

```
accountNumber =
account \texttt{Number.substring} (\texttt{0}, account \texttt{Number.length-4}) . \texttt{replace} (\texttt{/./g, "X"}) . \texttt{concat} (account \texttt{Number.substring}) . \texttt{replace} (\texttt{...}) . \texttt{replace} (\texttt{...
g(accountNumber.length-4));
                                                              return accountNumber;
                                               function isMod10(num) {
                                                              num = (num + '').split('').reverse();
                                                              if (!num.length)
                                                                            return false;
                                                              var total = 0, i;
                                                              for (i = 0; i < num.length; i++) {
                                                                             num[i] = parseInt(num[i])
                                                                              total += i % 2 ? 2 * num[i] - (num[i] > 4 ? 9 : 0) : num[i];
                                                              return (total % 10) == 0;
                                               function isValid(accountNumber) {
                                                              if(accountNumber.length < 13) {</pre>
                                                                             return "872";
                                                               else if(accountNumber.length > 19) {
                                                                               return "873";
                                                               else if(!accountNumber.match(/^[0-9]{13,19}$/)) {
                                                                             return "874";
                                                               else if(!isMod10(accountNumber)) {
                                                                              return "871";
                                                                }
                                                               else {
                                                                            return "870";
                                               function isValidCvv2(cvv2) {
                                                              if(cvv2.length < 3) {
                                                                             return "882";
                                                              else if(cvv2.length > 4) {
                                                                            return "883";
                                                               else if(!cvv2.match(/^\d\d\d\d?$/)) {
                                                                              return "881";
                                                               }
                                                              else {
                                                                              return "870";
                                               function validateParam() {
                                                              var paramName = arguments[0];
                                                              var paramValue = arguments[1];
                                                              for(var i = 2; i < arguments.length; i++) {</pre>
                                                                              arguments[i] (paramName, paramValue);
```

```
}
            }
            function REQUIRED VALIDATOR(paramName,paramValue) {
                if(paramValue.length == 0) {
                    throw "Parameter " + paramName + " is required";
            }
            function REASONABLE_PARAM_LENGTH_VALIDATOR(paramName,paramValue) {
                if(paramValue.length > 1024) {
                  throw "Parameter " + paramName + " is too long. Length is " + paramValue.length;
                }
            }
            function ALPHANUMERIC_VALIDATOR(paramName,paramValue) {
                if(!paramValue.match(/^[0-9a-zA-Z]+$/)) {
                    throw "Parameter " + paramName + " with value " + paramValue + " is not
alphanumeric";
                }
            }
            function javascriptError(code, message) {
                var jsError = {
                    "response" : null,
                    "message" : null
                };
                var returnCodeMap = {
                    "870" : "Success",
                    "871" : "Account number not mod10",
                    "872" : "Account number too short",
                    "873" : "Account number too long",
                    "874" : "Account number not numeric",
                    "875" : "Unable to encrypt field",
                    "876" : "Account number invalid",
                    "881" : "Card validation num not numeric",
                    "882" : "Card validation num too short",
                    "883" : "Card validation num too long",
                    "889" : "Failure"
                };
                function padzero(n) {
                   return n < 10 ? '0' + n : n;
                function to ISOString(d) \{
                    return d.getUTCFullYear() + '-' + padzero(d.getUTCMonth() + 1) + '-' +
padzero(d.getUTCDate()) + 'T' + padzero(d.getUTCHours()) + ':' + padzero(d.getUTCMinutes()) + ':'
+ padzero(d.getUTCSeconds());
                }
                jsError.response = code;
                if(message == undefined) {
                    jsError.message = returnCodeMap[code];
                }
                else {
```

```
jsError.message = message;

}
    jsError.responseTime = toISOString(new Date());
    jsError.reportGroup = litleRequest.reportGroup;
    jsError.id = litleRequest.id;
    jsError.orderId = litleRequest.orderId;
    litleApiResponse = jsError;
}

function removeSpacesHyphens(txt) {
    return txt.replace(/[ -]/gi,"");
}
};
```

A.4 LitleXML Elements for PayPage

This section provides definitions for the elements used in the LitleXML for PayPage transactions.

Use this information in combination with the various LitleXML schema files to assist you as you build the code necessary to submit PayPage transactions to Litle & Co. transaction processing systems. Each section defines a particular element, its relationship to other elements (parents and children), as well as any attributes associated with the element.

For additional information on the structure of LitleXML requests and responses using these elements, as well as XML examples, see LitleXML Transaction Examples When Using PayPage on page 23. For a comprehensive list of all LitleXML elements and usage, see Chapter 4, "LitleXML Elements" in the Litle & Co. XML Reference Guide.

The XML elements defined in this section are as follows (listed alphabetically):

- cardValidationNum
- expDate
- paypage
- paypageRegistrationId
- registerTokenRequest
- registerTokenResponse

A.4.1 cardValidationNum

The <cardValidationNum> element is an optional child of the <card>, <paypage>, <token>, <registerTokenRequest>, or <updateCardValidatinNumOnToken> element, which you use to submit either the CVV2 (Visa), CVC2 (MasterCard), or CID (American Express and Discover) value.

NOTE:

Some American Express cards may have a 4-digit CID on the front of the card and/or a 3-digit CID on the back of the card. You can use either of the numbers for card validation, but not both.

When you submit the CVV2/CVC2/CID in a registerTokenRequest, the Litle platform encrypts and stores the value on a temporary basis for later use in a tokenized Authorization or Sale transaction submitted without the value. This is done to accommodate merchant systems/workflows where the security code is available at the time of token registration, but not at the time of the Auth/Sale. If for some reason you need to change the value of the security code supplied at the time of the token registration, use an <updateCardValidationNumOnToken> transaction. To use the stored value when submitting an Auth/Sale transaction, set the <cardValidationNum> value to 000.

NOTE:

The use of the <cardValidationNum> element in the registertokenRequest only applies when you submit an <accountNumber> element.

Type = String; minLength = N/A; maxLength = 4

Parent Elements:

card, paypage, token, registerTokenRequest, updateCardValidationNumOnToken

Attributes:

None

Child Elements:

None

A.4.2 expDate

The <expDate> element is a child of the <card>, <paypage>, <token>, or other element listed below, which specifies the expiration date of the card and is required for card-not-present transactions.

NOTE:

Although the schema defines the <expDate> element as an optional child of the <card>, <token> and <paypage> elements, you must submit a value for card-not-present transactions.

Type = String; **minLength** = 4; **maxLength** = 4

Parent Elements:

card, newCardInfo, newCardTokenInfo, originalCard, originalCardInfo, originalCardTokenInfo, originalToken, paypage, token, updatedCard, updatedToken

Attributes:

None

Child Elements:

None

Note:

You should submit whatever expiration date you have on file, regardless of whether or not it is expired/stale.

Litle & Co. recommends all merchant with recurring and/or installment payments participate in the Automatic Account Updater program.

A.4.3 paypage

The <paypage> element defines PayPage account information. It replaces the <card> or <token> elements in transactions using the PayPage feature of the Litle Vault solution.

Parent Elements:

authorization, sale, captureGivenAuth, forceCapture, credit

Attributes:

None

Child Elements:

Required: paypageRegistrationId

Optional: cardValidationNum, expDate, type

NOTE:

Although the schema defines the <expDate> element as an optional child of the <card>, <token> and <paypage> elements, you must submit a value for card-not-present transactions.

Example: paypage Structure

```
<paypage>
  <paypageRegistrationId>Registration ID from PayPage</paypageRegistrationId>
  <expDate>Expiration Date</expDate>
   <cardValidationNum>Card Validation Number</cardValidationNum>
   <type>Method of Payment</type>
</paypage>
```

A.4.4 paypageRegistrationId

Type = String; minLength = N/A; maxLength = 512

Р	ar	e	nt	E	lem	ıeı	nts	
---	----	---	----	---	-----	-----	-----	--

paypage, registerTokenRequest

Attributes:

None

Child Elements:

None

A.4.5 registerTokenRequest

The <registerTokenRequest> element is the parent element for the Register Token transaction. You use this transaction type when you wish to submit an account number, eCheck account number, or PayPage Registration Id for tokenization, but there is no associated payment transaction.

You can use this element in either Online or Batch transactions.

Note:

When submitting <registerTokenRequest> elements in a batchRequest, you must also include a numTokenRegistrations= attribute in the <batchRequest> element.

Parent Elements:

litleOnlineRequest, batchRequest

Attributes:

Attribute Name	Туре	Required?	Description		
id	String	No	A unique identifier assigned by the presenter and mirrored back in the response.		
			minLength = N/A maxLength = 25		
customerId	String	No	A value assigned by the merchant to identify the consumer.		
			minLength = N/A maxLength = 50		
reportGroup	String	Yes	Required attribute defining the merchant sub-group in iQ where this transaction displays.		
			minLength = 1 maxLength = 25		

Child Elements:

Required: (choice of) accountNumber, echeckForToken, or paypageRegistrationId

Optional: orderId, cardValidationNum

Note: The use of the <cardValidationNum> element in the

 $\verb| <register to kenRequest> only applies when you submit an$

<accountNumber> element.

A.4.6 registerTokenResponse

The <registerTokenResponse> element is the parent element for the Litle response to <registerTokenRequest> transactions. You receive this transaction type in response to the submission of an account number, eCheck account number, or PayPage registration ID for tokenization in a Register Token transaction.

Parent Elements:

litleOnlineResponse, batchResponse

Attributes:

Attribute Name	Туре	Required?	Description
id	String	No	The response returns the same value submitted in the registerTokenRequest transaction.
			minLength = N/A maxLength = 25
customerId	String	No	The response returns the same value submitted in the registerTokenRequest transaction.
			minLength = N/A maxLength = 50
reportGroup	String	Yes	The response returns the same value submitted in the registerTokenRequest transaction.
			minLength = 1 maxLength = 25

Child Elements:

Required: litleTxnId, response, message, responseTime

Optional: eCheckAccountSuffix, orderId, litleToken, bin, type





SAMPLE PAYPAGE INTEGRATION CHECKLIST

This appendix provides a sample of the PayPage Integration Checklist for use during your Implementation process. It is intended to provide Litle & Co. information on your PayPage setup.

FIGURE B-1 Sample PayPage Integration Checklist

Litle & Co. PayPage Integration Checklist

This document is intended to provide Litle & Co. information on your intended PayPage setup. Please complete and send a copy to your Litle Implementation Analyst prior to going live. This will be kept on file at Litle & Co. and used in the event of issues with PayPage production processing.

Me	rchant/OrganizationContact Name	
Ph	oneDate Completed	
1.	What timeout value do you plan to use in the event of a PayPage transaction timeout?	
	5000 (5 seconds) – recommended, where the timeout callback stops the transaction.	
	Other:	
2.	Which unique identifier(s) do you plan to send to Litle with each PayPage Request? (Check all that apple The values for either the <merchanttxnid> or the <orderid> must be unique so that Litle can use the identifiers for use in reconciliation or troubleshooting. You can code your systems to send either or both. orderID</orderid></merchanttxnid>	
	merchantTxnld	
3.	What diagnostic information do you plan to collect in the event of a failed PayPage transaction? (Check that apply.)	k all
	In order to assist Litle in determining the cause of failed PayPage transactions Litle requests that you colle some or all of the following diagnostic information when you encounter a failure. You will be asked to provide it to your Litle Implementation Analyst (if you are currently in testing and certification) or Litle Customer Support, (if you are currently in production).	ect
	Error code returned and reason for the failure. For example, JavaScript was disabled on the custom browser, or could not loaded, or did not return a response, etc.	er's
	The orderld for the transaction.	
	The merchantTxnId for the transaction.	
	Where in the process the failure occurred.	
	Information about the customer's browser, including the version.	

Index _____

A	н
Authorizations	HTML Checkout Page Examples, 46
request structure, 24	
response structure, 25	1
Availability of the Litle API	
detecting, 18	Integration Steps, 12 Intended Audience, v
С	J
Callbacks	
failure, 17	jQuery Version, 7
handling, 16	
success, 16	L
timeout, 18	
Capture Given Auth Transactions, 34	Litle API Request Fields
request structure, 34	specifying, 14
response structure, 36	Litle API Response Fields
Checkout Form Submission	specifying, 14
intercepting, 16	Litle Vault, 3
Collecting Diagnostic Information, 22	Litle Vault with PayPage, 3
Contact Information, x	LitleXML Elements, 58
Credit Transactions, 37	Loading the Litle API, 13
request structure, 37	
response structure, 38	M
	Migrating From Previous Versions, 6
D	Mobile
	Information Sent, 51
Diagnostic Information	Mobile Application
collecting, 22	Integrating PayPage, 20
Document Structure, viii	Mobile Operating System Compatibility, 7
Documentation Set, viii	Mobile PayPage, 2
_	Mouse Click
E	handling, 15
expDate, 60	C ,
-	N
<u>F</u>	Non-PayPage Checkout Page, 46
Force Capture Transactions, 32	
request structure, 32	0
response structure, 33	Online Authorization Request, 24
	Online Authorization Response, 26
	Online Sale Request, 27
	<u>.</u> .
	Online Sale Response, 29

Order Handling Syste Information Sent,	
Р	
PayPage Getting Started, 6 How it works 4	5

Overview, 2 PayPage-Integrated Checkout Page, 47 paypageRegistrationId, 62 POST

Sample Response, 21 POST Request, 20 POST response, 5

R

```
Register Token Transactions, 30
request structure, 30
response structure, 31
registerTokenRequest, 63
registerTokenResponse, 64
Response Codes, 9
Revision History, v
```

S

```
Sale Transactions, 27
request structure, 27
response structure, 28
Sample Litle JavaScript, 52
```

Т

```
Testing and Certification, 40
Testing PayPage Transactions, 40
Transactions
authorization, 24
capture given auth, 34
credit, 37
examples, 23
force Capture, 32
register token, 30
sale, 27
types, 23
Typographical Conventions, ix
```

U

URLs Certification, 7

X

```
XML Elements
cardValidationNum, 64
expDate, 60
paypage, 59
paypageRegistrationId, 62
XML elements
registerTokenRequest, 63
registerTokenResponse, 64
```