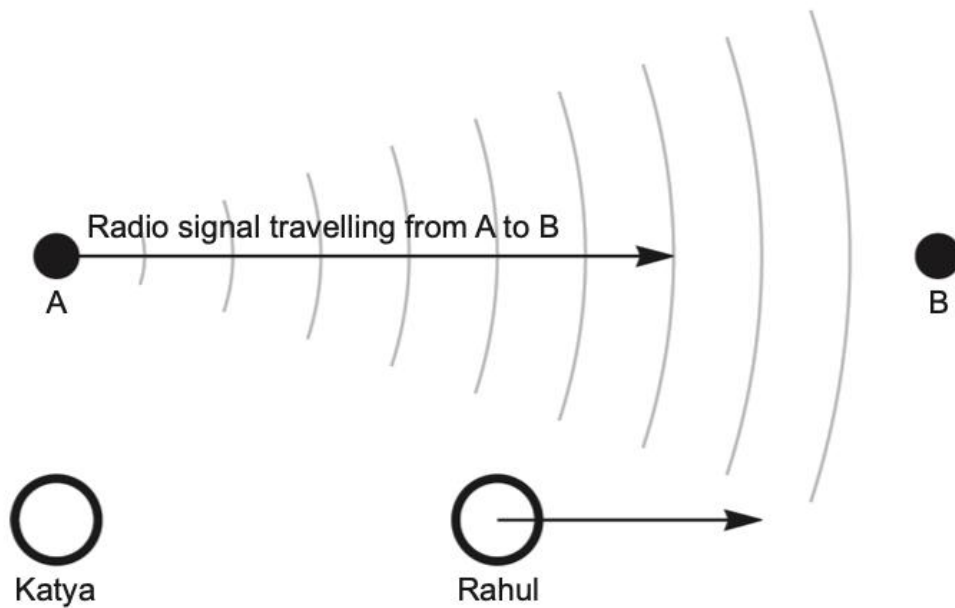


Question 9

(3 marks)



A radio signal is emitted from Spaceship 'A' and arrives at Spaceship 'B'. A and B are stationary with respect to Katya. In her frame of reference, A and B are a distance  $d_1$  apart, and the signal takes time  $t_1$  to travel.

Rahul is moving parallel to the radio waves between A and B with constant velocity near the speed of light with respect to Katya and the two spaceships. In his frame of reference, A and B are a distance  $d_2$  apart, and the signal takes time  $t_2$  to travel.

Derive an expression for  $d_2$  in terms of  $d_1$ ,  $t_1$  and  $t_2$ . Show your reasoning and state any assumptions. (Hint: It is not necessary to use length contraction or time dilation.)

Answer:  $d_2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_