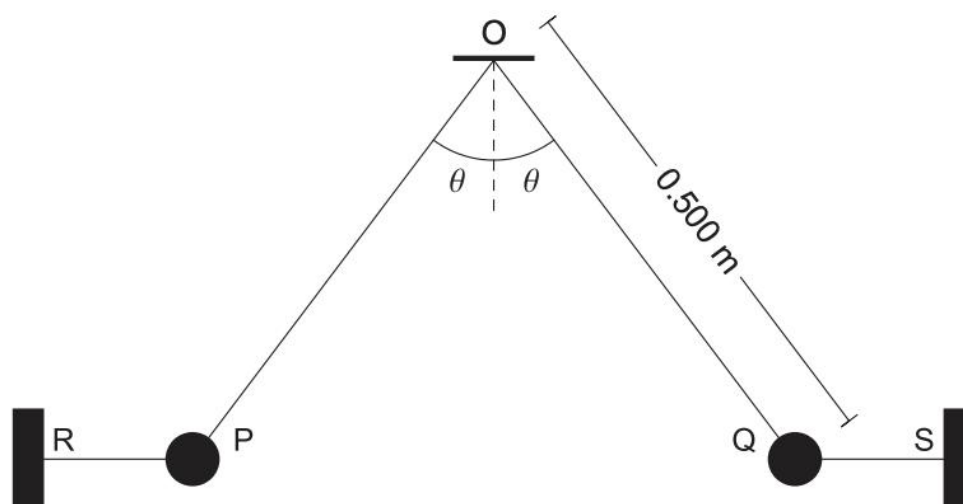


Question 13

(16 marks)



Two 0.650 kg metal spheres, P and Q, are each held in place by two strings, as shown in the diagram above. The strings OP and OQ are 0.500 m long. The strings RP and QS are horizontal. The angle  $\theta$  is equal to  $37.0^\circ$ .

- (a) Calculate the tension in either of the strings OP or OQ. (3 marks)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_ N

The metal balls are now charged. P is given a charge of  $-3.51 \times 10^{-5}$  C and Q a charge of  $+2.03 \times 10^{-5}$  C.

- (b) (i) Explain why the tension in strings OP and OQ does not change despite the tensions in RP and QS changing. RP and QS remain horizontal and  $\theta$  remains constant. (3 marks)

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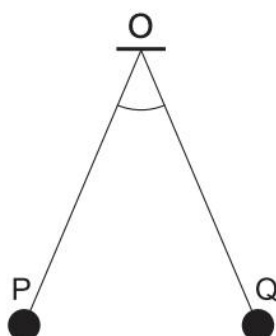


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- (ii) Calculate the tension in either RP or QS after the balls have been charged. The tensions are equal in magnitude. (6 marks)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_ N

- (c) The strings RP and QS are now loosened slowly and the two spheres P and Q are allowed to touch gently. After touching, they are observed to be in the position shown in the diagram below.



- (i) Calculate the charge on each ball after they have touched. (2 marks)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_ C

- (ii) Describe why the balls come to rest in the position shown in the diagram above. (2 marks)

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